As Introduced

131st General Assembly

Regular Session 2015-2016

H. B. No. 250

Representatives Sprague, Driehaus Cosponsors: Representatives Antonio, Bishoff, Green, Johnson, T., Lepore-Hagan, Reineke, Rezabek, Smith, K.

A BILL

То	amend sections 5164.01, 5167.12, and 5167.13 and	1
	to enact sections 5164.7511, 5167.121, and	2
	5167.15 of the Revised Code regarding Medicaid	3
	pharmacy utilization management programs and	4
	prior authorization requirements for certain	5
	opioids.	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 5164.01, 5167.12, and 5167.13 be	7
amended and sections 5164.7511, 5167.121, and 5167.15 of the	8
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	9
Sec. 5164.01. As used in this chapter:	10
(A) "Business day" means any day of the week that is not	11
Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, as defined in section 1.14	12
of the Revised Code.	13
(B) "Chronic pain" means pain that has persisted after	14
reasonable medical efforts have been made to relieve the pain or	15
cure its cause and has continued, either continuously or	16
episodically, for longer than three continuous months. "Chronic	17

pain" does not include pain associated with cancer, a terminal	18
condition, or with a progressive disease that, in the normal	19
course of progression, may reasonably be expected to result in a	20
terminal condition.	21
(C) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in	22
section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	23
(D) "Early and periodic screening, diagnostic, and	24
treatment services" has the same meaning as in the "Social	25
Security Act," section 1905(r), 42 U.S.C. 1396d(r).	26
(B) (E) "Federal financial participation" has the same	27
meaning as in section 5160.01 of the Revised Code.	28
$\frac{(C)-(F)}{(F)}$ "Healthcheck" means the component of the medicaid	29
program that provides early and periodic screening, diagnostic,	30
and treatment services.	31
(D) (G) "Home and community-based services medicaid waiver	32
component" has the same meaning as in section 5166.01 of the	33
Revised Code.	34
(E) (H) "Hospital" has the same meaning as in section	35
3727.01 of the Revised Code.	36
(F) (I) "ICDS participant" means a dual eligible	37
individual who participates in the integrated care delivery	38
system.	39
$\frac{(G)}{(J)}$ "ICF/IID" has the same meaning as in section	40
5124.01 of the Revised Code.	41
(H)—(K) "Integrated care delivery system" and "ICDS" mean	42
the demonstration project authorized by section 5164.91 of the	43
Revised Code	44

(I) (L) "Mandatory services" means the health care	45
services and items that must be covered by the medicaid state	46
plan as a condition of the state receiving federal financial	47
participation for the medicaid program.	48
$\frac{(J)-(M)}{M}$ "Medicaid managed care organization" has the same	49
meaning as in section 5167.01 of the Revised Code.	50
(K) (N) "Medicaid provider" means a person or government	51
entity with a valid provider agreement to provide medicaid	52
services to medicaid recipients. To the extent appropriate in	53
the context, "medicaid provider" includes a person or government	54
entity applying for a provider agreement, a former medicaid	55
provider, or both.	56
(L) (O) "Medicaid services" means either or both of the	57
following:	58
(1) Mandatory services;	59
(2) Optional services that the medicaid program covers.	60
(M) (P) "Morphine equivalent dose" means the conversion of	61
a dose of a controlled substance containing an opioid to the	62
substance's equivalent dose of morphine using conversion tables	63
developed by the state board of pharmacy.	64
(Q) "Nursing facility" has the same meaning as in section	65
5165.01 of the Revised Code.	66
$\frac{(N)-(R)}{(R)}$ "Optional services" means the health care services	67
and items that may be covered by the medicaid state plan or a	68
federal medicaid waiver and for which the medicaid program	69
receives federal financial participation.	70
$\frac{(0)}{(S)}$ "Prescribed drug" has the same meaning as in 42	71
C.F.R. 440.120.	72

$\frac{(P)-(T)}{(T)}$ "Provider agreement" means an agreement to which	73
all of the following apply:	74
(1) It is between a medicaid provider and the department	75
of medicaid;	75 76
or medicard,	70
(2) It provides for the medicaid provider to provide	77
medicaid services to medicaid recipients;	78
(3) It complies with 42 C.F.R. 431.107(b).	79
$\frac{(Q)-(U)}{(U)}$ "Terminal distributor of dangerous drugs" has the	80
same meaning as in section 4729.01 of the Revised Code.	81
Sec. 5164.7511. (A) The medicaid program shall not cover a	82
prescribed drug described in this division that is a controlled	83
substance containing an opioid unless the medicaid provider who	84
prescribes the drug first obtains prior authorization in	85
accordance with a procedure adopted under division (C) of this	86
section:	87
(1) The prescribed drug is not for treatment of chronic	88
pain, a terminal condition, or a progressive disease that, in	89
the normal course of progression, may reasonably be expected to	90
result in a terminal condition and the amount to be dispensed	91
exceeds the amount necessary for the recipient's use in a single	92
ten-day period.	93
(2) The prescribed drug is for a medicaid recipient who	94
has been diagnosed with chronic pain and both of the following	95
are the case:	96
(a) The dose or doses to be taken by the recipient exceed	97
a morphine equivalent dose of eighty milligrams a day.	98
(b) The recipient has received one or more other	99
prescriptions for a controlled substance containing an opioid in	100

the past three consecutive months and the sum of the doses to be	101
taken by the recipient under those prescriptions exceeds a	102
morphine equivalent dose of eighty milligrams a day.	103
(3) The prescribed drug is for a medicaid recipient in	104
conjunction with the recipient's treatment in an emergency	105
department and all of the following are the case:	106
(a) The amount to be dispensed under the prescription	107
exceeds the amount necessary for the recipient's use in a single	108
seventy-two-hour period.	109
(b) The drug is not intended to treat pain associated with	110
cancer, a terminal condition, or a progressive disease that, in	111
the normal course of progression, may reasonably be expected to	112
result in a terminal condition.	113
(c) The drug is not a drug described in division (B) of	114
section 5167.12 of the Revised Code.	115
(B) The department of medicaid may contract with a person	116
to perform the prior authorization determinations described in	117
this section on the department's behalf. References in this	118
section to performance of prior authorizaton by the department	119
also apply to a person with which the department has contracted	120
under this section.	121
(C) The department shall adopt one or more procedures that	122
medicaid providers must use to obtain prior authorization for	123
prescribed drugs described in division (A) of this section. If	124
the state board of pharmacy establishes and maintains a database	125
pursuant to section 4729.75 of the Revised Code, a procedure	126
shall require the department, before approving or disapproving a	127
prior authorization request, to consider whether the provider	128
reviewed any information related to the recipient in the	120

database in accordance with standards and procedures established	130
in rules adopted by the state board that regulates the	131
<pre>provider's profession.</pre>	132
(D) The department shall disapprove a prior authorization	133
request for a prescribed drug described in division (A) of this	134
section if the department is aware that any of the following is	135
<pre>true:</pre>	136
(1) The recipient has previously altered or forged a	137
prescription or has engaged in other fraudulent activity for the	138
purpose of obtaining controlled substances containing opioids.	139
(2) The recipient has misused prescription drugs in the	140
past or has had an accidental overdose.	141
(3) The recipient has physically abused or verbally	142
threatened the medicaid provider or the provider's or other	143
<pre>medical staff.</pre>	144
(4) The recipient has had a urine or blood screening test	145
that indicates that the recipient has used illicit substances or	146
misused prescription drugs.	147
(E) All of the following apply to a prescribed drug	148
described in division (A) (1) of this section:	149
(1) The department shall disapprove the prior	150
authorization request if the drug is a long-acting or extended	151
release form.	152
(2) The department shall approve or disapprove the prior	153
authorization request not later than two business days after it	154
is made and notify the provider of its determination in writing.	155
If the request is disapproved, the department shall indicate, in	156
detail, the reasons for disapproval.	157

(3) The department shall notify the provider that the	158
provider should examine the recipient not more than four days	159
before but not later than four days after the drug is	160
prescribed.	161
(F) All of the following apply to a prescribed drug	162
described in division (A) (2) of this section:	163
(1) The requirements of this section are in addition to	164
requirements established under section 4731.052 of the Revised_	165
Code concerning physician treatment of chronic pain.	166
(2) The department shall strongly consider disapproving a	167
prior authorization request if either of the following is true:	168
(a) The drug is to be administered intravenously or by	169
subcutaneous injection, particularly if the drug is meperidine.	170
(b) The medicaid recipient has received a prescription for	171
a sedative in the past twelve months, unless the recipient has	172
taken other drugs or tried other therapies for the underlying	173
condition and those have failed.	174
(c) The department shall approve or disapprove the prior	175
authorization request as soon as practicable and notify the	176
provider of its determination in writing. If the request is	177
disapproved, the department shall indicate, in detail, the	178
reasons for the disapproval.	179
(G) All of the following apply to a prescribed drug	180
described in division (A) (3) of this section:	181
(1) The department shall disapprove the prior	182
authorization request if the patient has told the medicaid	183
provider that the patient is seeking the drug to replace a lost,	184
destroyed, or stolen prescription or prescribed drug.	185

H. B. No. 250
As Introduced

(2) When determining whether to approve or disapprove the	186
prior authorization request, the department shall consider	187
whether the recipient has been prescribed controlled substances	188
for chronic pain, whether the patient has been previously	189
treated in the emergency department for the same condition, and	190
whether the patient has received a prescription for a controlled	191
substance from another provider within the last thirty days.	192
(3) The department shall approve or disapprove the prior	193
authorization request as soon as practicable after it is made	194
and notify the provider of its determination in writing. If the	195
request is disapproved, the department shall indicate, in	196
detail, the reasons for disapproval.	197
Sec. 5167.12. (A) When contracting under section 5167.10	198
of the Revised Code with a managed care organization that is a	199
health insuring corporation, the department of medicaid shall	200
require the health insuring corporation to provide coverage of	201
prescribed drugs for medicaid recipients enrolled in the health	202
insuring corporation. In providing the required coverage, the	203
health insuring corporation may, subject to the department's	204
approval and the limitations specified in division (B) of this	205
section, use strategies for the management of drug utilization.	206
(B) The Except as provided in section 5167.121 of the	207
Revised Code, the department shall not permit a health insuring	208
corporation to impose a prior authorization requirement in the	209
case of a drug to which all of the following apply:	210
(1) The drug is an antidepressant or antipsychotic.	211
(2) The drug is administered or dispensed in a standard	212
tablet or capsule form, except that in the case of an	213
antipsychotic, the drug also may be administered or dispensed in	214

H. B. No. 250
As Introduced

a long-acting injectable form.	215
(3) The drug is prescribed by either of the following:	216
(a) A physician whom the health insuring corporation,	217
pursuant to division (C) of section 5167.10 of the Revised Code,	218
has credentialed to provide care as a psychiatrist;	219
(b) A psychiatrist practicing at a community mental health	220
services provider certified by the department of mental health	221
and addiction services under section 5119.36 of the Revised	222
Code.	223
(4) The drug is prescribed for a use that is indicated on	224
the drug's labeling, as approved by the federal food and drug	225
administration.	226
(C) The department shall permit authorize a health	227
insuring corporation to develop and implement a pharmacy	228
utilization management program under which prior authorization	229
through the program is established as a condition of obtaining a	230
controlled substance pursuant to a prescription. The	231
department's authorization under this section does not affect a	232
health insuring corporation's obligation to comply with section	233
5167.121 of the Revised Code.	234
Sec. 5167.121. (A) As used in this section, "morphine	235
equivalent dose" means the conversion of a dose of a controlled	236
substance containing an opioid to the substance's equivalent	237
dose of morphine using conversion tables developed by the state	238
board of pharmacy.	239
(B) Each contract the department of medicaid enters into	240
with a managed care organization under section 5167.10 of the	241
Revised Code shall require the managed care organization to	242
implement and administer a pharmacy utilization management	243

program to medicaid recipients who have high risk medication	244
regimens. A recipient's medication regimen shall be considered	245
high risk if the recipient has been prescribed at least one	246
controlled substance containing an opioid and at least one	247
benzodiazepine within a single twelve-month period.	248
In administering the program, the managed care	249
organization shall employ or contract with appropriate	250
professionals, including pharmacists, to review high risk	251
medication regimens for clinical appropriateness. Any concerns	252
about the clinical appropriateness of a recipient's medication	253
regimen, which may include concerns about the volume of certain	254
drugs prescribed or the morphine equivalent dose of controlled	255
substances containing opioids prescribed, shall be discussed	256
with the recipient's prescribers. When appropriate, staff shall	257
suggest to the prescribers alternative medication regimens or	258
therapies for the recipient.	259
Sec. 5167.13. Each contract the department of medicaid	260
enters into with a managed care organization under section	261
5167.10 of the Revised Code shall require the managed care	262
organization to implement a coordinated services program for	263
medicaid recipients enrolled in the organization who are found	264
to have obtained prescribed drugs under the medicaid program at	265
a frequency or in an amount that is not medically necessary. The	266
program shall be implemented in a manner that is consistent with	267
the "Social Security Act," section 1915(a)(2), 42 U.S.C.	268
1396n(a)(2), and 42 C.F.R. 431.54(e). <u>A coordinated services</u>	269
program described in this section may be a part of or separate	270
from a pharmacy utilization management program implemented and	271
administered under section 5167.121 of the Revised Code.	272
Sec. 5167.15. Each contract the department of medicaid	273

H. B. No. 250 As Introduced	Page 11
enters into with a managed care organization under section	274
5167.10 of the Revised Code shall require the managed care	275
organization to comply with section 5164.7511 of the Revised	276
Code as if the managed care organization was the department.	277
Section 2. That existing sections 5164.01, 5167.12, and	278
5167.13 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	279