### As Introduced

## 131st General Assembly

# Regular Session 2015-2016

H. B. No. 255

Representatives Brinkman, Hagan Cosponsors: Representatives Hood, Vitale, Zeltwanger, Becker, McColley, Blessing, Romanchuk, Kraus, Koehler, Hill, Antani, Roegner, Ruhl, Retherford, Pelanda, LaTourette

## A BILL

Го	amend sections 109.572, 2919.123, 2953.25,	1
	4729.291, 4731.22, and 4731.223; to amend, for	2
	the purpose of adopting a new section number as	3
	indicated in parentheses, section 2919.123	4
	(2919.201); and to enact sections 2919.20,	5
	2919.202, 2919.203, 2919.204, 2919.205,	6
	2919.206, 2919.207, and 2919.208 of the Revised	7
	Code to expand the regulation of inducing an	8
	abortion with certain drugs.	9

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 109.572, 2919.123, 2953.25,	10
4729.291, 4731.22, and 4731.223 be amended; section 2919.123	11
(2919.201) be amended for the purpose of adopting a new section	12
number as shown in parentheses; and sections 2919.20, 2919.202,	13
2919.203, 2919.204, 2919.205, 2919.206, 2919.207, and 2919.208	14
of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	15
Sec. 109.572. (A) (1) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to	16
section 121.08, 3301.32, 3301.541, or 3319.39 of the Revised	17

Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of	18
this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions obtained in	19
the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section, the	20
superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and	21
investigation shall conduct a criminal records check in the	22
manner described in division (B) of this section to determine	23
whether any information exists that indicates that the person	24
who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted	25
of or pleaded guilty to any of the following:	26
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	27
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,	28
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05,	29
2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23,	30
2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323,	31
2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24,	32
2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04,	33
2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, felonious	34
sexual penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the	35
Revised Code, a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code	36
as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, a violation of section	37
2919.23 of the Revised Code that would have been a violation of	38
section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July	39
1, 1996, had the violation been committed prior to that date, or	40
a violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that is not a	41
minor drug possession offense;	42
(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this	43
state, any other state, or the United States that is	44
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in	45
division (A)(1)(a) of this section;	46

(c) If the request is made pursuant to section 3319.39 of

the Revised Code for an applicant who is a teacher, any offense	48
specified in section 3319.31 of the Revised Code.	49
(2) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 3712.09 or	50
3721.121 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed	51
pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of	52
fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in	53
division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the	54
bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall	55
conduct a criminal records check with respect to any person who	56
has applied for employment in a position for which a criminal	57
records check is required by those sections. The superintendent	58
shall conduct the criminal records check in the manner described	59
in division (B) of this section to determine whether any	60
information exists that indicates that the person who is the	61
subject of the request previously has been convicted of or	62
pleaded guilty to any of the following:	63
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	64
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,	65
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05,	66
2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.25, 2907.31,	67
2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02,	68
2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11,	69
2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.40, 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, 2919.25,	70
2921.36, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.11,	71
2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code;	72
(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other	73
state, or the United States that is substantially equivalent to	74
any of the offenses listed in division (A)(2)(a) of this	75
section.	76

(3) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 173.27,

173.38, 173.381, 3701.881, 5164.34, 5164.341, 5164.342,	78
5123.081, or 5123.169 of the Revised Code, a completed form	79
prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a	80
set of fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described	81
in division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the	82
bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall	83
conduct a criminal records check of the person for whom the	84
request is made. The superintendent shall conduct the criminal	85
records check in the manner described in division (B) of this	86
section to determine whether any information exists that	87
indicates that the person who is the subject of the request	88
previously has been convicted of, has pleaded guilty to, or	89
(except in the case of a request pursuant to section 5164.34,	90
5164.341, or 5164.342 of the Revised Code) has been found	91
eligible for intervention in lieu of conviction for any of the	92
following, regardless of the date of the conviction, the date of	93
entry of the guilty plea, or (except in the case of a request	94
pursuant to section 5164.34, 5164.341, or 5164.342 of the	95
Revised Code) the date the person was found eligible for	96
intervention in lieu of conviction:	97
(a) A violation of section 959.13, 959.131, 2903.01,	98
2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.041, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13,	99
2903.15, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.211, 2903.22, 2903.34, 2903.341,	100
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2905.32, 2905.33,	101
2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08,	102
2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.25, 2907.31,	103
2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2907.33, 2909.02,	104
2909.03, 2909.04, 2909.22, 2909.23, 2909.24, 2911.01, 2911.02,	105
2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.05,	106
2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.32, 2913.40, 2913.41, 2913.42,	107
2913.43, 2913.44, 2913.441, 2913.45, 2913.46, 2913.47, 2913.48,	108

2913.49, 2913.51, 2917.01, 2917.02, 2917.03, 2917.31, 2919.12,	109
2919.121, <del>2919.123</del> 2919.201, 2919.202, 2919.203, 2919.204,	110
2919.22, 2919.23, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2921.03, 2921.11, 2921.12,	111
2921.13, 2921.21, 2921.24, 2921.32, 2921.321, 2921.34, 2921.35,	112
2921.36, 2921.51, 2923.12, 2923.122, 2923.123, 2923.13,	113
2923.161, 2923.162, 2923.21, 2923.32, 2923.42, 2925.02, 2925.03,	114
2925.04, 2925.041, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.09, 2925.11, 2925.13,	115
2925.14, 2925.141, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.24, 2925.36, 2925.55,	116
2925.56, 2927.12, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code;	117
(b) Felonious sexual penetration in violation of former	118
section 2907.12 of the Revised Code;	119
(c) A violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as	120
it existed prior to July 1, 1996;	121
(d) A violation of section 2923.01, 2923.02, or 2923.03 of	122
the Revised Code when the underlying offense that is the object	123
of the conspiracy, attempt, or complicity is one of the offenses	124
listed in divisions (A)(3)(a) to (c) of this section;	125
(e) A violation of an existing or former municipal	126
ordinance or law of this state, any other state, or the United	127
States that is substantially equivalent to any of the offenses	128
listed in divisions (A)(3)(a) to (d) of this section.	129
(4) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 2151.86 of	130
the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to	131
division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint	132
impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C) $(2)$	133
of this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	134
identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal	135
records check in the manner described in division (B) of this	136
section to determine whether any information exists that	137

indicates that the person who is the subject of the request	138
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the	139
following:	140
(a) A violation of section 959.13, 2903.01, 2903.02,	141
2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.15, 2903.16,	142
2903.21, 2903.211, 2903.22, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05,	143
2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08,	
	144
2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32,	145
2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2909.02, 2909.03, 2909.22,	146
2909.23, 2909.24, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2913.49,	147
2917.01, 2917.02, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12,	148
2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06,	149
2927.12, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, a violation of section	150
2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996,	151
a violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised Code that would	152
have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as	153
it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the violation been	154
committed prior to that date, a violation of section 2925.11 of	155
the Revised Code that is not a minor drug possession offense,	156
two or more OVI or OVUAC violations committed within the three	157
years immediately preceding the submission of the application or	158
petition that is the basis of the request, or felonious sexual	159
penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the	160
Revised Code;	161
(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this	162
state, any other state, or the United States that is	163
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in	164
division (A)(4)(a) of this section.	165
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(5) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to section 5104.012	166
or 5104.013 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed	167

pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of	168
fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in	169
division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the	170
bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall	171
conduct a criminal records check in the manner described in	172
division (B) of this section to determine whether any	173
information exists that indicates that the person who is the	174
subject of the request has been convicted of or pleaded guilty	175
to any of the following:	176
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	177
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.22,	178
2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04,	179
2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22,	180
2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322,	181
2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2913.02, 2913.03,	182
2913.04, 2913.041, 2913.05, 2913.06, 2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31,	183
2913.32, 2913.33, 2913.34, 2913.40, 2913.41, 2913.42, 2913.43,	184
2913.44, 2913.441, 2913.45, 2913.46, 2913.47, 2913.48, 2913.49,	185
2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2921.11, 2921.13, 2923.01,	186
2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05,	187
2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, felonious sexual	188
penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the	189
Revised Code, a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code	190
as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, a violation of section	191
2919.23 of the Revised Code that would have been a violation of	192
section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July	193
1, 1996, had the violation been committed prior to that date, a	194
violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that is not a	195
minor drug possession offense, a violation of section 2923.02 or	196
2923.03 of the Revised Code that relates to a crime specified in	197
this division, or a second violation of section 4511.19 of the	198

Revised Code within five years of the date of application for 199 licensure or certification. 200 (b) A violation of an existing or former law of this 201 state, any other state, or the United States that is 202 substantially equivalent to any of the offenses or violations 203 described in division (A)(5)(a) of this section. 204 (6) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to section 5153.111 205 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to 206 division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint 207 impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) 208 of this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 209 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 210 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 211 section to determine whether any information exists that 212 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request 213 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the 214 following: 215 (a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 216 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 217 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 218 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 219 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 220 2909.02, 2909.03, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 221 2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 222 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised 223 224 Code, felonious sexual penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the Revised Code, a violation of section 225 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, 226 a violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised Code that would 227

have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as

it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the violation been	229
committed prior to that date, or a violation of section 2925.11	230
of the Revised Code that is not a minor drug possession offense;	231
(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this	232
state, any other state, or the United States that is	233
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in	234
division (A)(6)(a) of this section.	235
(7) On receipt of a request for a criminal records check	236
from an individual pursuant to section 4749.03 or 4749.06 of the	237
Revised Code, accompanied by a completed copy of the form	238
prescribed in division (C)(1) of this section and a set of	239
fingerprint impressions obtained in a manner described in	240
division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the	241
bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall	242
conduct a criminal records check in the manner described in	243
division (B) of this section to determine whether any	244
information exists indicating that the person who is the subject	245
of the request has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	246
felony in this state or in any other state. If the individual	247
indicates that a firearm will be carried in the course of	248
business, the superintendent shall require information from the	249
federal bureau of investigation as described in division (B)(2)	250
of this section. Subject to division (F) of this section, the	251
superintendent shall report the findings of the criminal records	252
check and any information the federal bureau of investigation	253
provides to the director of public safety.	254
(8) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 1321.37,	255
1321.53, 1321.531, 1322.03, 1322.031, or 4763.05 of the Revised	256
Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of	257

this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions obtained in

the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section, the	259
superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and	260
investigation shall conduct a criminal records check with	261
respect to any person who has applied for a license, permit, or	262
certification from the department of commerce or a division in	263
the department. The superintendent shall conduct the criminal	264
records check in the manner described in division (B) of this	265
section to determine whether any information exists that	266
indicates that the person who is the subject of the request	267
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the	268
following: a violation of section 2913.02, 2913.11, 2913.31,	269
2913.51, or 2925.03 of the Revised Code; any other criminal	270
offense involving theft, receiving stolen property,	271
embezzlement, forgery, fraud, passing bad checks, money	272
laundering, or drug trafficking, or any criminal offense	273
involving money or securities, as set forth in Chapters 2909.,	274
2911., 2913., 2915., 2921., 2923., and 2925. of the Revised	275
Code; or any existing or former law of this state, any other	276
state, or the United States that is substantially equivalent to	277
those offenses.	278
(9) On receipt of a request for a criminal records check	279
from the treasurer of state under section 113.041 of the Revised	280
Code or from an individual under section 4701.08, 4715.101,	281
4717.061, 4725.121, 4725.501, 4729.071, 4730.101, 4730.14,	282
4730.28, 4731.081, 4731.15, 4731.171, 4731.222, 4731.281,	283
4731.296, 4731.531, 4732.091, 4734.202, 4740.061, 4741.10,	284
4755.70, 4757.101, 4759.061, 4760.032, 4760.06, 4761.051,	285
4762.031, 4762.06, 4776.021, 4779.091, or 4783.04 of the Revised	286
Code, accompanied by a completed form prescribed under division	287
(C) (1) of this section and a set of fingerprint impressions	288

obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) of this

section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	290
identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal	291
records check in the manner described in division (B) of this	292
section to determine whether any information exists that	293
indicates that the person who is the subject of the request has	294
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any criminal offense in	295
this state or any other state. Subject to division (F) of this	296
section, the superintendent shall send the results of a check	297
requested under section 113.041 of the Revised Code to the	298
treasurer of state and shall send the results of a check	299
requested under any of the other listed sections to the	300
licensing board specified by the individual in the request.	301
(10) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 1121.23,	302
1155.03, 1163.05, 1315.141, 1733.47, or 1761.26 of the Revised	303
Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of	304
this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions obtained in	305
the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section, the	306
superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and	307
investigation shall conduct a criminal records check in the	308
manner described in division (B) of this section to determine	309
whether any information exists that indicates that the person	310
who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted	311
of or pleaded guilty to any criminal offense under any existing	312
or former law of this state, any other state, or the United	313
States.	314
(11) On receipt of a request for a criminal records check	315
from an appointing or licensing authority under section 3772.07	316
of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed under division	317
(C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions	318
obtained in the manner prescribed in division (C)(2) of this	319

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section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal

identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal	321
records check in the manner described in division (B) of this	322
section to determine whether any information exists that	323
indicates that the person who is the subject of the request	324
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or no contest	325
to any offense under any existing or former law of this state,	326
any other state, or the United States that is a disqualifying	327
offense as defined in section 3772.07 of the Revised Code or	328
substantially equivalent to such an offense.	329
(12) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 2151.33	330
or 2151.412 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed	331
pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of	332
fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in	333
division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the	334
bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall	335
conduct a criminal records check with respect to any person for	336
whom a criminal records check is required by that section. The	337
superintendent shall conduct the criminal records check in the	338
manner described in division (B) of this section to determine	339
whether any information exists that indicates that the person	340
who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted	341
of or pleaded guilty to any of the following:	342
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	343
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,	344
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05,	345
2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.25, 2907.31,	346
2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02,	347
2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11,	348
2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.40, 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, 2919.25,	349
2921.36, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.11,	350

2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code;

(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other	352
state, or the United States that is substantially equivalent to	353
any of the offenses listed in division (A)(12)(a) of this	354
section.	355
(B) Subject to division (F) of this section, the	356
superintendent shall conduct any criminal records check to be	357
conducted under this section as follows:	358
(1) The superintendent shall review or cause to be	359
reviewed any relevant information gathered and compiled by the	360
bureau under division (A) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code	361
that relates to the person who is the subject of the criminal	362
records check, including, if the criminal records check was	363
requested under section 113.041, 121.08, 173.27, 173.38,	364
173.381, 1121.23, 1155.03, 1163.05, 1315.141, 1321.37, 1321.53,	365
1321.531, 1322.03, 1322.031, 1733.47, 1761.26, 2151.86, 3301.32,	366
3301.541, 3319.39, 3701.881, 3712.09, 3721.121, 3772.07,	367
4749.03, 4749.06, 4763.05, 5104.012, 5104.013, 5164.34,	368
5164.341, 5164.342, 5123.081, 5123.169, or 5153.111 of the	369
Revised Code, any relevant information contained in records that	370
have been sealed under section 2953.32 of the Revised Code;	371
(2) If the request received by the superintendent asks for	372
information from the federal bureau of investigation, the	373
superintendent shall request from the federal bureau of	374
investigation any information it has with respect to the person	375
who is the subject of the criminal records check, including	376
fingerprint-based checks of national crime information databases	377
as described in 42 U.S.C. 671 if the request is made pursuant to	378
section 2151.86, 5104.012, or 5104.013 of the Revised Code or if	379
any other Revised Code section requires fingerprint-based checks	380

of that nature, and shall review or cause to be reviewed any

information the superintendent receives from that bureau. If a	382
request under section 3319.39 of the Revised Code asks only for	383
information from the federal bureau of investigation, the	384
superintendent shall not conduct the review prescribed by	385
division (B)(1) of this section.	386
(3) The superintendent or the superintendent's designee	387
may request criminal history records from other states or the	388
federal government pursuant to the national crime prevention and	389
privacy compact set forth in section 109.571 of the Revised	390
Code.	391
(4) The superintendent shall include in the results of the	392
criminal records check a list or description of the offenses	393
listed or described in division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6),	394
(7), (8), (9), (10), (11), or (12) of this section, whichever	395
division requires the superintendent to conduct the criminal	396
records check. The superintendent shall exclude from the results	397
any information the dissemination of which is prohibited by	398
federal law.	399
(5) The superintendent shall send the results of the	400
criminal records check to the person to whom it is to be sent	401
not later than the following number of days after the date the	402
superintendent receives the request for the criminal records	403
check, the completed form prescribed under division (C)(1) of	404
this section, and the set of fingerprint impressions obtained in	405
the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section:	406
(a) If the superintendent is required by division (A) of	407
this section (other than division (A)(3) of this section) to	408
conduct the criminal records check, thirty;	409

(b) If the superintendent is required by division (A)(3)

of this section to conduct the criminal records check, sixty.	411
(C)(1) The superintendent shall prescribe a form to obtain	412
the information necessary to conduct a criminal records check	413
from any person for whom a criminal records check is to be	414
conducted under this section. The form that the superintendent	415
prescribes pursuant to this division may be in a tangible	416
format, in an electronic format, or in both tangible and	417
electronic formats.	418
(2) The superintendent shall prescribe standard impression	419
sheets to obtain the fingerprint impressions of any person for	420
whom a criminal records check is to be conducted under this	421
section. Any person for whom a records check is to be conducted	422
under this section shall obtain the fingerprint impressions at a	423
county sheriff's office, municipal police department, or any	424
other entity with the ability to make fingerprint impressions on	425
the standard impression sheets prescribed by the superintendent.	426
The office, department, or entity may charge the person a	427
reasonable fee for making the impressions. The standard	428
impression sheets the superintendent prescribes pursuant to this	429
division may be in a tangible format, in an electronic format,	430
or in both tangible and electronic formats.	431
(3) Subject to division (D) of this section, the	432
superintendent shall prescribe and charge a reasonable fee for	433
providing a criminal records check under this section. The	434
person requesting the criminal records check shall pay the fee	435
prescribed pursuant to this division. In the case of a request	436
under section 1121.23, 1155.03, 1163.05, 1315.141, 1733.47,	437
1761.26, 2151.33, 2151.412, or 5164.34 of the Revised Code, the	438
fee shall be paid in the manner specified in that section.	439

(4) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal

identification and investigation may prescribe methods of	441
forwarding fingerprint impressions and information necessary to	442
conduct a criminal records check, which methods shall include,	443
but not be limited to, an electronic method.	444
(D) The results of a criminal records check conducted	445
under this section, other than a criminal records check	446
specified in division (A)(7) of this section, are valid for the	447
person who is the subject of the criminal records check for a	448
period of one year from the date upon which the superintendent	449
completes the criminal records check. If during that period the	450
superintendent receives another request for a criminal records	451
check to be conducted under this section for that person, the	452
superintendent shall provide the results from the previous	453
criminal records check of the person at a lower fee than the fee	454
prescribed for the initial criminal records check.	455
(E) When the superintendent receives a request for	456
information from a registered private provider, the	457
superintendent shall proceed as if the request was received from	458
a school district board of education under section 3319.39 of	459
the Revised Code. The superintendent shall apply division (A)(1)	460
(c) of this section to any such request for an applicant who is	461
a teacher.	462
(F)(1) All information regarding the results of a criminal	463
records check conducted under this section that the	464
superintendent reports or sends under division (A)(7) or (9) of	465
this section to the director of public safety, the treasurer of	466
state, or the person, board, or entity that made the request for	467
the criminal records check shall relate to the conviction of the	468
subject person, or the subject person's plea of guilty to, a	469

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criminal offense.

(2) Division (F)(1) of this section does not limit,	471
restrict, or preclude the superintendent's release of	472
information that relates to the arrest of a person who is	473
eighteen years of age or older, to an adjudication of a child as	474
a delinquent child, or to a criminal conviction of a person	475
under eighteen years of age in circumstances in which a release	476
of that nature is authorized under division $(E)(2)$ , $(3)$ , or $(4)$	477
of section 109.57 of the Revised Code pursuant to a rule adopted	478
under division (E)(1) of that section.	479
(G) As used in this section:	480
(1) "Criminal records check" means any criminal records	481
check conducted by the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	482
identification and investigation in accordance with division (B)	483
of this section.	484
(2) "Minor drug possession offense" has the same meaning	485
as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	486
(3) "OVI or OVUAC violation" means a violation of section	487
4511.19 of the Revised Code or a violation of an existing or	488
former law of this state, any other state, or the United States	489
that is substantially equivalent to section 4511.19 of the	490
Revised Code.	491
(4) "Registered private provider" means a nonpublic school	492
or entity registered with the superintendent of public	493
instruction under section 3310.41 of the Revised Code to	494
participate in the autism scholarship program or section 3310.58	495
of the Revised Code to participate in the Jon Peterson special	496
needs scholarship program.	497
Sec. 2919.20. As used in sections 2919.20 to 2919.207 of	498
the Revised Code:	499

(A) "Abortion-inducing drug" means a drug or regimen of	500
drugs that causes the termination of a clinically diagnosable	501
pregnancy, including RU-486 (mifepristone) and the mifeprex	502
regimen.	503
(B) "Federal law" means any law, rule, or regulation of	504
the United States or any drug approval letter of the F.D.A. that	505
governs or regulates the use of an abortion-inducing drug for	506
the purpose of inducing abortions.	507
For the purposes of RU-486 (mifepristone) or the mifeprex	508
regimen, federal law includes the mifepristone treatment	509
protocols articulated by the Ohio Supreme Court in Cordray v.	510
Planned Parenthood Cincinnati Region, 122 Ohio St.3d 361 (2009).	511
(C) "F.D.A." means the United States food and drug	512
administration.	513
(D) "Final printed labeling" means the F.D.Aapproved	514
informational document for an abortion-inducing drug which	515
outlines the protocol authorized by the F.D.A. and is agreed	516
upon by the drug company applying for F.D.A. authorization of	517
that drug.	518
(E) "Mifeprex regimen" means the abortion-inducing drug	519
regimen approved by the F.D.A. that consists of administering	520
<pre>mifepristone and misoprostol.</pre>	521
(F) "Personal identifying information" has the same	522
meaning as in section 2913.49 of the Revised Code.	523
(G) "Physician" has the same meaning as in section	524
2305.113 of the Revised Code.	525
(H) "Professionally licensed person" has the same meaning	526
as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	527

Sec. 2919.123 2919.201. (A) No person shall knowingly	528
give, sell, dispense, administer, otherwise provide, or	529
prescribe <del>RU-486 (mifepristone)</del> an abortion-inducing drug to	530
another for the purpose of inducing an abortion in any person or	531
enabling the other person to induce an abortion in any person,	532
unless the person who gives, sells, dispenses, administers, or	533
otherwise provides or prescribes the <del>RU-486 (mifepristone)</del>	534
abortion-inducing drug is a physician, the physician satisfies	535
the requirements of this section and all the criteria	536
established by federal law that a physician must satisfy in	537
order to provide <del>RU-486 (mifepristone) the abortion-inducing</del>	538
drug for inducing abortions, and the physician provides the <del>RU-</del>	539
486 (mifepristone) abortion-inducing drug to the other person	540
for the purpose of inducing an abortion in accordance with all	541
provisions of federal law that govern the use of <del>RU 486</del>	542
(mifepristone) abortion-inducing drugs for inducing abortions.	543
A person who gives, sells, dispenses, administers,	544
otherwise provides, or prescribes <del>RU-486 (mifepristone) <u>an</u></del>	545
abortion-inducing drug to another as described in division	546
divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall not be prosecuted	547
based on a violation of the criteria contained in this division	548
those divisions unless the person knows that the person is not a	549
physician, knows that the person did not satisfy all the	550
requirements of this section or the specified criteria	551
established by federal law, or knows that the person did not	552
provide the <del>RU-486 (mifepristone)</del> abortion-inducing drug in	553
accordance with the specified provisions of federal law,	554
whichever is applicable.	555
(B) (1) A physician who intends to use an abortion-inducing	556
drug to induce an abortion on a pregnant woman shall do all of	557

558

the following prior to providing the drug:

(a)(i) Personally examine the pregnant woman to determine	559
whether the fetus is attached to the placenta within the woman's	560
<pre>uterus;</pre>	561
(ii) Record the estimated gestational age of the fetus in	562
<pre>the woman's medical file;</pre>	563
(iii) Provide the pregnant woman with a copy of the	564
abortion-inducing drug's label;	565
(iv) Provide the pregnant woman with a copy of the name	566
and telephone number for the physician who has agreed to provide	567
emergency care under section 2919.202 of the Revised Code.	568
(b) Have the pregnant woman sign a form, certifying that	569
the physician has met all of the requirements under division (B)	570
(1) (a) (i), (iii), and (iv) of this section.	571
The physician shall maintain a copy of the form described	572
in this division in the physician's own records for at least	573
seven years after placing a copy of this form in the pregnant	574
woman's medical records.	575
(2) A physician may provide an abortion-inducing drug to a	576
pregnant woman only in accordance with the protocol authorized	577
by the F.D.A.	578
(C) No physician who provides RU-486 (mifepristone) an	579
abortion-inducing drug to another for the purpose of inducing an	580
abortion as authorized under division divisions (A) and (B) of	581
this section shall knowingly fail to comply with the applicable	582
requirements of any federal law that pertain to follow-up	583
examinations or care for persons to whom or for whom $\frac{RU-486}{}$	584
(mifepristone) the abortion-inducing drug is provided for the	585
purpose of inducing an abortion.	586

(C)(1) If a physician provides RU 486 (mifepristone) to	587
another for the purpose of inducing an abortion as authorized	588
under division (A) of this section and if the physician knows-	589
that the person who uses the RU-486 (mifepristone) for the	590
purpose of inducing an abortion experiences during or after the	591
use an incomplete abortion, severe bleeding, or an adverse	592
reaction to the RU-486 (mifepristone) or is hospitalized,	593
receives a transfusion, or experiences any other serious event,	594
	595
the physician promptly must provide a written report of the	
incomplete abortion, severe bleeding, adverse reaction,	596
hospitalization, transfusion, or serious event to the state	597
medical board. The board shall compile and retain all reports it	598
receives under this division. Except as otherwise provided in	599
this division, all reports the board receives under this	600
division are public records open to inspection under section	601
149.43 of the Revised Code. In no case shall the board release	602
to any person the name or any other personal identifying	603
information regarding a person who uses RU-486 (mifepristone)	604
for the purpose of inducing an abortion and who is the subject-	605
of a report the board receives under this division.	606
(2) No physician who provides RU-486 (mifepristone) to	607
another for the purpose of inducing an abortion as authorized	608
under division (A) of this section shall knowingly fail to file	609
a report required under division (C)(1) of this section.	610
(D) Division (A) of this section does not apply to any of	611
the following:	612
(1) A pregnant woman who obtains or possesses RU-486	613
(mifepristone) for the purpose of inducing an abortion to	614
terminate her own pregnancy;	615
(2) The legal transport of RU-486 (mifepristone) by any	616

person or entity and the legal delivery of the RU-486	617
(mifepristone) by any person to the recipient, provided that	618
this division does not apply regarding any conduct related to-	619
the RU-486 (mifepristone) other than its transport and delivery-	620
to the recipient;	621
(3) The distribution, provision, or sale of RU-486	622
(mifepristone) by any legal manufacturer or distributor of RU-	623
486 (mifepristone), provided the manufacturer or distributor	624
made a good faith effort to comply with any applicable	625
requirements of federal law regarding the distribution,	626
<del>provision, or sale.</del>	627
(E) Whoever violates this section is guilty of unlawful-	628
distribution of an abortion-inducing drug, a felony of the-	629
fourth degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of	630
or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or of section-	631
2919.12, 2919.121, 2919.13, 2919.14, 2919.151, 2919.17, or	632
2919.18 of the Revised Code, unlawful distribution of an-	633
abortion-inducing drug is a felony of the third degree.	634
If the offender is a professionally licensed person, in	635
addition to any other sanction imposed by law for the offense,	636
the offender is subject to sanctioning as provided by law by the	637
regulatory or licensing board or agency that has the-	638
administrative authority to suspend or revoke the offender's	639
professional license, including the sanctioning provided in	640
section 4731.22 of the Revised Code for offenders who have a	641
certificate to practice or certificate of registration issued	642
under that chapter.	643
(F) As used in this section:	644
(1) "Federal law" means any law, rule, or regulation of	645

the United States or any drug approval letter of the food and	646
drug administration of the United States that governs or	647
regulates the use of RU-486 (mifepristone) for the purpose of	648
inducing abortions.	649
(2) "Personal identifying information" has the same	650
meaning as in section 2913.49 of the Revised Code.	651
(3) "Physician" has the same meaning as in section	652
2305.113 of the Revised Code.	653
(4) "Professionally licensed person" has the same meaning	654
as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	655
Sec. 2919.202. (A) As used in this section, "qualified	656
hospital" means a hospital that may lawfully enter into a	657
written transfer agreement under section 3702.303 of the Revised	658
Code.	659
(B) A physician who uses an abortion-inducing drug to	660
induce an abortion shall do either of the following:	661
(1) Maintain admitting privileges and gynecological and	662
surgical privileges at a local qualified hospital equipped to	663
care for emergency complications associated with abortion-	664
<pre>inducing drugs;</pre>	665
(2) Have a signed contract with a physician who agrees to	666
provide care during emergency complications. The physician who	667
provides emergency care must have active admitting privileges	668
and gynecological and surgical privileges at a local qualified	669
hospital equipped to care for emergencies associated with an	670
abortion-inducing drug.	671
Upon request, the physician who induces such abortions	672
shall provide proof of admitting privileges or a copy of the	673

contract to a patient or the state medical board.	674
(C) No physician who provides an abortion-inducing drug to	675
another for the purpose of inducing an abortion shall knowingly	676
fail to comply with division (B) of this section.	677
Sec. 2919.203. (A) If a physician provides an abortion-	678
inducing drug to another for the purpose of inducing an abortion	679
as authorized in section 2919.201 of the Revised Code and knows	680
that the person who uses the drug for the purpose of inducing an	681
abortion experiences during or after the use an incomplete	682
abortion, severe bleeding, or an adverse reaction to the drug or	683
is hospitalized, receives a transfusion, or experiences any	684
other serious event, the physician promptly must provide a	685
written report of the incomplete abortion, severe bleeding,	686
adverse reaction, hospitalization, transfusion, or serious event	687
to the state medical board and the F.D.A. under 21 C.F.R. Part	688
<u>803.</u>	689
The board shall compile and retain all reports it receives	690
under this division. Except as otherwise provided in this	691
division, all reports the board receives under this section are	692
public records open to inspection under section 149.43 of the	693
Revised Code. In no case shall the board release to any person	694
the name or any other personal identifying information regarding	695
a person who uses an abortion-inducing drug for the purpose of	696
inducing an abortion and who is the subject of a report the	697
board receives under this division.	698
(B) No physician who provides an abortion-inducing drug to	699
another for the purpose of inducing an abortion shall knowingly	700
fail to file a report required under division (A) of this	701
section.	702

Sec. 2919.204. Whoever violates sections 2919.201 to	703
2919.203 of the Revised Code is quilty of unlawful distribution	704
of an abortion-inducing drug, a felony of the fourth degree. If	705
the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty	706
to a violation of section 2919.12, 2919.121, 2919.13, 2919.14,	707
2919.151, 2919.17, 2919.18, or 2919.201 to 2919.203 of the	708
Revised Code, unlawful distribution of an abortion-inducing drug	709
is a felony of the third degree.	710
If the offender is a professionally licensed person, in	711
addition to any other sanction imposed by law for the offense,	712
the offender is subject to sanctioning as provided by law by the	713
regulatory or licensing board or agency that has the	714
administrative authority to suspend or revoke the offender's	715
professional license, including the sanctioning provided in	716
section 4731.22 of the Revised Code for offenders who have a	717
certificate to practice or certificate of registration issued	718
under that chapter.	719
Sec. 2919.205. (A) In addition to other remedies that may	720
be available, performing an abortion upon a woman in violation	721
of sections 2919.201 to 2919.204 of the Revised Code shall	722
provide a basis for both of the following:	723
(1) A civil action for actual and punitive or exemplary	724
<pre>damages;</pre>	725
(2) An action for wrongful death if the woman dies.	726
(B) When requested in an action commenced under division	727
(A) of this section, a court shall do both of the following:	728
(1) Permit a plaintiff to proceed using solely the woman's	729
<u>initials or a pseudonym;</u>	730
(2) Close any proceedings in the case and enter other	731

protective orders to preserve the privacy of the woman upon whom	732
the abortion was performed.	733
(C) The court shall award court costs and reasonable	734
attorney's fees to a person who prevails in an action filed	735
under division (A) of this section.	736
(D) The court shall award reasonable attorney's fees to a	737
defendant who prevails in an action filed under division (A) of	738
this section if the commencement of the action constitutes	739
frivolous conduct, as defined in section 2323.51 of the Revised	740
Code.	741
Sec. 2919.206. Sections 2919.201 to 2919.205 of the	742
Revised Code do not apply to any of the following:	743
(A) A pregnant woman who obtains or possesses an abortion-	744
inducing drug for the purpose of inducing an abortion to	745
terminate her own pregnancy;	746
(B) The legal transport of an abortion-inducing drug by	747
any person or entity and the legal delivery of the abortion-	748
inducing drug by any person to the recipient, provided that this	749
division does not apply regarding any conduct related to the	750
abortion-inducing drug other than its transport and delivery to	751
the recipient;	752
(C) The distribution, provision, or sale of an abortion-	753
inducing drug by any legal manufacturer or distributor of an	754
abortion-inducing drug, provided the manufacturer or distributor	755
made a good faith effort to comply with any applicable	756
requirements of federal law regarding the distribution,	757
provision, or sale.	758
Sec. 2919.207. Except as provided in division (D) of	759
section 2919 205 of the Revised Code, a woman upon whom an	760

abortion is performed with an abortion-inducing drug is not	761
subject to criminal, civil, or professional liability under	762
sections 2919.201 to 2919.205 of the Revised Code.	763
Sec. 2919.208. Nothing in sections 2919.20 to 2918.208 of	764
the Revised Code shall be construed as creating or recognizing a	765
right to abortion or the lawfulness of an abortion that would	766
otherwise be unlawful.	767
Sec. 2953.25. (A) As used in this section:	768
(1) "Collateral sanction" means a penalty, disability, or	769
disadvantage that is related to employment or occupational	770
licensing, however denominated, as a result of the individual's	771
conviction of or plea of guilty to an offense and that applies	772
by operation of law in this state whether or not the penalty,	773
disability, or disadvantage is included in the sentence or	774
judgment imposed.	775
"Collateral sanction" does not include imprisonment,	776
probation, parole, supervised release, forfeiture, restitution,	777
fine, assessment, or costs of prosecution.	778
(2) "Decision-maker" includes, but is not limited to, the	779
state acting through a department, agency, board, commission, or	780
instrumentality established by the law of this state for the	781
exercise of any function of government, a political subdivision,	782
an educational institution, or a government contractor or	783
subcontractor made subject to this section by contract, law, or	784
ordinance.	785
(3) "Department-funded program" means a residential or	786
nonresidential program that is not a term in a state	787
correctional institution, that is funded in whole or part by the	788
department of rehabilitation and correction, and that is imposed	789

as a sanction for an offense, as part of a sanction that is	790
imposed for an offense, or as a term or condition of any	791
sanction that is imposed for an offense.	792
(4) "Designee" means the person designated by the deputy	793
director of the division of parole and community services to	794
perform the duties designated in division (B) of this section.	795
(5) "Division of parole and community services" means the	796
division of parole and community services of the department of	797
rehabilitation and correction.	798
(6) "Offense" means any felony or misdemeanor under the	799
laws of this state.	800
(7) "Political subdivision" has the same meaning as in	801
section 2969.21 of the Revised Code.	802
(B)(1) After the provisions of this division become	803
operative as described in division (J) of this section, an	804
individual who is subject to one or more collateral sanctions as	805
a result of being convicted of or pleading guilty to an offense	806
and who either has served a term in a state correctional	807
institution for any offense or has spent time in a department-	808
funded program for any offense may file a petition with the	809
designee of the deputy director of the division of parole and	810
community services for a certificate of qualification for	811
employment.	812
(2) After the provisions of this division become operative	813
as described in division (J) of this section, an individual who	814
is subject to one or more collateral sanctions as a result of	815
being convicted of or pleading guilty to an offense and who is	816
not in a category described in division (B)(1) of this section	817
may file a petition with the court of common pleas of the county	818

in which the person resides or with the designee of the deputy

director of the division of parole and community services for a

certificate of qualification for employment.

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- (3) A petition under division (B)(1) or (2) of this 822 section shall be made on a copy of the form prescribed by the 823 division of parole and community services under division (J) of 824 this section and shall contain all of the information described 825 in division (F) of this section. 826
- (4) An individual may file a petition under division (B)(1) or (2) of this section at any time after the expiration ofwhichever of the following is applicable:
- (a) If the offense that resulted in the collateral 830 sanction from which the individual seeks relief is a felony, at 831 any time after the expiration of one year from the date of 832 release of the individual from any period of incarceration in a 833 state or local correctional facility that was imposed for that 834 offense and all periods of supervision imposed after release 835 from the period of incarceration or, if the individual was not 836 incarcerated for that offense, at any time after the expiration 837 of one year from the date of the individual's final release from 838 all other sanctions imposed for that offense. 839
- (b) If the offense that resulted in the collateral 840 sanction from which the individual seeks relief is a 841 misdemeanor, at any time after the expiration of six months from 842 the date of release of the individual from any period of 843 incarceration in a local correctional facility that was imposed 844 for that offense and all periods of supervision imposed after 845 release from the period of incarceration or, if the individual 846 was not incarcerated for that offense, at any time after the 847 expiration of six months from the date of the final release of 848

the individual from all sanctions imposed for that offense 849 including any period of supervision. 850 (5) (a) A designee that receives a petition for a 851 certification of qualification for employment from an individual 852 under division (B)(1) or (2) of this section shall review the 853 petition to determine whether it is complete. If the petition is 854 complete, the designee shall forward the petition, and any other 855 information the designee possesses that relates to the petition, 856 to the court of common pleas of the county in which the 857 individual resides. 858 (b) A court of common pleas that receives a petition for a 859 certificate of qualification for employment from an individual 860 under division (B)(2) of this section, or that is forwarded a 861 petition for such a certificate under division (B)(5)(a) of this 862 section, shall attempt to determine all other courts in this 863 state in which the individual was convicted of or pleaded quilty 864 to an offense other than the offense from which the individual 865 is seeking relief. The court that receives or is forwarded the 866 petition shall notify all other courts in this state that it 867 determines under this division were courts in which the 868 individual was convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense 869 other than the offense from which the individual is seeking 870 relief that the individual has filed the petition and that the 871 court may send comments regarding the possible issuance of the 872 certificate. 873

A court of common pleas that receives a petition for a

(2) of this section shall notify the prosecuting attorney of the

certificate of qualification for employment under division (B)

county in which the individual resides that the individual has

filed the petition.

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A court of common pleas that receives a petition for a 879 certificate of qualification for employment under division (B) 880 (2) of this section, or that is forwarded a petition for 881 qualification under division (B)(5)(a) of this section may 882 direct the clerk of court to process and record all notices 883 required in or under this section.

- (C) (1) Upon receiving a petition for a certificate of 885 qualification for employment filed by an individual under 886 division (B)(2) of this section or being forwarded a petition 887 for such a certificate under division (B)(5)(a) of this section, 888 889 the court shall review the individual's petition, the individual's criminal history, all filings submitted by the 890 prosecutor or by the victim in accordance with rules adopted by 891 the division of parole and community services, and all other 892 relevant evidence. The court may order any report, 893 investigation, or disclosure by the individual that the court 894 believes is necessary for the court to reach a decision on 895 whether to approve the individual's petition for a certificate 896 of qualification for employment. 897
- (2) Upon receiving a petition for a certificate of 898 qualification for employment filed by an individual under 899 900 division (B)(2) of this section or being forwarded a petition for such a certificate under division (B)(5)(a) of this section, 901 except as otherwise provided in this division, the court shall 902 decide whether to issue the certificate within sixty days after 903 the court receives or is forwarded the completed petition and 904 all information requested for the court to make that decision. 905 Upon request of the individual who filed the petition, the court 906 may extend the sixty-day period specified in this division. 907
  - (3) Subject to division (C)(5) of this section, a court

that receives an individual's petition for a certificate of	909
qualification for employment under division (B)(2) of this	910
section or that is forwarded a petition for such a certificate	911
under division (B)(5)(a) of this section may issue a certificate	912
of qualification for employment, at the court's discretion, if	913
the court finds that the individual has established all of the	914
following by a preponderance of the evidence:	915
(a) Granting the petition will materially assist the	916
individual in obtaining employment or occupational licensing.	917
(b) The individual has a substantial need for the relief	918
requested in order to live a law-abiding life.	919
(c) Granting the petition would not pose an unreasonable	920
risk to the safety of the public or any individual.	921
(4) The submission of an incomplete petition by an	922
individual shall not be grounds for the designee or court to	923
deny the petition.	924
(5) A court that receives an individual's petition for a	925
certificate of qualification for employment under division (B)	926
(2) of this section or that is forwarded a petition for such a	927
certificate under division (B)(5)(a) of this section shall not	928
issue a certificate of qualification for employment that grants	929
the individual relief from any of the following collateral	930
sanctions:	931
(a) Requirements imposed by Chapter 2950. of the Revised	932
Code and rules adopted under sections 2950.13 and 2950.132 of	933
the Revised Code;	934
(b) A driver's license, commercial driver's license, or	935
probationary license suspension, cancellation, or revocation	936

pursuant to section 4510.037, 4510.07, 4511.19, or 4511.191 of

the Revised Code if the relief sought is available pursuant to	938
section 4510.021 or division (B) of section 4510.13 of the	939
Revised Code;	940
(c) Restrictions on employment as a prosecutor or law	941
enforcement officer;	942
(d) The denial, ineligibility, or automatic suspension of	943
a license that is imposed upon an individual applying for or	944
holding a license as a health care professional under Title	945
XLVII of the Revised Code if the individual is convicted of,	946
pleads guilty to, is subject to a judicial finding of	947
eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction in this state	948
under section 2951.041 of the Revised Code, or is subject to	949
treatment or intervention in lieu of conviction for a violation	950
of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.11, 2905.01, 2907.02,	951
2907.03, 2907.05, 2909.02, 2911.01, 2911.11, or <del>2919.123</del>	952
<u>2919.201 to 2919.204</u> of the Revised Code;	953
(e) The immediate suspension of a license, certificate, or	954
evidence of registration that is imposed upon an individual	955
holding a license as a health care professional under Title	956
XLVII of the Revised Code pursuant to division (C) of section	957
3719.121 of the Revised Code;	958
(f) The denial or ineligibility for employment in a pain	959
clinic under division (B)(4) of section 4729.552 of the Revised	960
Code;	961
(g) The mandatory suspension of a license that is imposed	962
on an individual applying for or holding a license as a health	963
care professional under Title XLVII of the Revised Code pursuant	964
to section 3123.43 of the Revised Code.	965
(6) If a court that receives an individual's petition for	966

a certificate of qualification for employment under division (B)	967
(2) of this section or that is forwarded a petition for such a	968
certificate under division (B)(5)(a) of this section denies the	969
petition, the court shall provide written notice to the	970
individual of the court's denial. The court may place conditions	971
on the individual regarding the individual's filing of any	972
subsequent petition for a certificate of qualification for	973
employment. The written notice must notify the individual of any	974
conditions placed on the individual's filing of a subsequent	975
petition for a certificate of qualification for employment.	976
If a court of common pleas that receives an individual's	977
petition for a certificate of qualification for employment under	978
division (B)(2) of this section or that is forwarded a petition	979
for such a certificate under division (B)(5)(a) of this section	980
denies the petition, the individual may appeal the decision to	981
the court of appeals only if the individual alleges that the	982

(D) A certificate of qualification for employment issued to an individual lifts the automatic bar of a collateral sanction, and a decision-maker shall consider on a case-by-case basis whether to grant or deny the issuance or restoration of an occupational license or an employment opportunity, notwithstanding the individual's possession of the certificate, without, however, reconsidering or rejecting any finding made by a designee or court under division (C)(3) of this section.

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denial was an abuse of discretion on the part of the court of

common pleas.

(E) A certificate of qualification for employment does not 993 grant the individual to whom the certificate was issued relief 994 from the mandatory civil impacts identified in division (A)(1) 995 of section 2961.01 or division (B) of section 2961.02 of the 996

Revised Code.	997
(F) A petition for a certificate of qualification for	998
employment filed by an individual under division (B) $(1)$ or $(2)$	999
of this section shall include all of the following:	1000
(1) The individual's name, date of birth, and social	1001
security number;	1002
(2) All aliases of the individual and all social security	1003
numbers associated with those aliases;	1004
(3) The individual's residence address, including the	1005
city, county, and state of residence and zip code;	1006
(4) The length of time that the individual has been a	1007
resident of this state, expressed in years and months of	1008
residence;	1009
(5) The name or type of each collateral sanction from	1010
which the individual is requesting a certificate of	1011
qualification for employment;	1012
(6) A summary of the individual's criminal history with	1013
respect to each offense that is a disqualification from	1014
employment or licensing in an occupation or profession,	1015
including the years of each conviction or plea of guilty for	1016
each of those offenses;	1017
(7) A summary of the individual's employment history,	1018
specifying the name of, and dates of employment with, each	1019
employer;	1020
(8) Verifiable references and endorsements;	1021
(9) The name of one or more immediate family members of	1022
the individual, or other persons with whom the individual has a	1023

close relationship, who support the individual's reentry plan;	1024
(10) A summary of the reason the individual believes the	1025
certificate of qualification for employment should be granted;	1026
(11) Any other information required by rule by the	1027
department of rehabilitation and correction.	1028
(G)(1) In a judicial or administrative proceeding alleging	1029
negligence or other fault, a certificate of qualification for	1030
employment issued to an individual under this section may be	1031
introduced as evidence of a person's due care in hiring,	1032
retaining, licensing, leasing to, admitting to a school or	1033
program, or otherwise transacting business or engaging in	1034
activity with the individual to whom the certificate of	1035
qualification for employment was issued if the person knew of	1036
the certificate at the time of the alleged negligence or other	1037
fault.	1038
(2) In any proceeding on a claim against an employer for	1039
negligent hiring, a certificate of qualification for employment	1040
issued to an individual under this section shall provide	1041
immunity for the employer as to the claim if the employer knew	1042
of the certificate at the time of the alleged negligence.	1043
(3) If an employer hires an individual who has been issued	1044
a certificate of qualification for employment under this	1045
section, if the individual, after being hired, subsequently	1046
demonstrates dangerousness or is convicted of or pleads guilty	1047
to a felony, and if the employer retains the individual as an	1048
employee after the demonstration of dangerousness or the	1049
conviction or guilty plea, the employer may be held liable in a	1050
civil action that is based on or relates to the retention of the	1051
individual as an employee only if it is proved by a	1052

preponderance of the evidence that the person having hiring and

firing responsibility for the employer had actual knowledge that

the employee was dangerous or had been convicted of or pleaded

guilty to the felony and was willful in retaining the individual

as an employee after the demonstration of dangerousness or the

conviction or guilty plea of which the person has actual

knowledge.

- (H) A certificate of qualification for employment issued

  under this section shall be presumptively revoked if the

  individual to whom the certificate of qualification for

  employment was issued is convicted of or pleads guilty to a

  felony offense committed subsequent to the issuance of the

  certificate of qualification for employment.

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- (I) A designee's forwarding, or failure to forward, a 1066 petition for a certificate of qualification for employment to a 1067 court or a court's issuance, or failure to issue, a petition for 1068 a certificate of qualification for employment to an individual 1069 under division (B) of this section does not give rise to a claim 1070 for damages against the department of rehabilitation and 1071 correction or court.
- (J) Not later than ninety days after September 28, 2012, 1073 the division of parole and community services shall adopt rules 1074 in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code for the 1075 implementation and administration of this section and shall 1076 prescribe the form for the petition to be used under division 1077 (B)(1) or (2) of this section. The form for the petition shall 1078 include places for all of the information specified in division 1079 (F) of this section. Upon the adoption of the rules, the 1080 provisions of divisions (A) to (I) of this section become 1081 1082 operative.

(K) The department of rehabilitation and correction shall	1083
conduct a study to determine the manner for transferring the	1084
mechanism for the issuance of a certificate of qualification for	1085
employment created by this section to an electronic database	1086
established and maintained by the department. The database to	1087
which the mechanism is to be transferred shall include granted	1088
certificates and revoked certificates and shall be designed to	1089
track the number of certificates granted and revoked, the	1090
industries, occupations, and professions with respect to which	1091
the certificates have been most applicable, the types of	1092
employers that have accepted the certificates, and the	1093
recidivism rates of individuals who have been issued the	1094
certificates. Not later than the date that is one year after	1095
September 28, 2012, the department of rehabilitation and	1096
correction shall submit to the general assembly and the governor	1097
a report that contains the results of the study and	1098
recommendations for transferring the mechanism for the issuance	1099
of certificate of qualification for employment created by this	1100
section to an electronic database established and maintained by	1101
the department.	1102

- (L) The department of rehabilitation and correction, in 1103 conjunction with the Ohio judicial conference, shall conduct a 1104 study to determine whether the application process for 1105 certificates of qualification for employment created by this 1106 section is feasible based upon the caseload capacity of the 1107 department and the courts of common pleas. Not later than the 1108 date that is one year after September 28, 2012, the department 1109 shall submit to the general assembly a report that contains the 1110 results of the study and any recommendations for improvement of 1111 the application process. 1112
  - Sec. 4729.291. (A) When a licensed health professional

authorized to prescribe drugs personally furnishes drugs to a	1114
patient pursuant to division (B) of section 4729.29 of the	1115
Revised Code, the prescriber shall ensure that the drugs are	1116
labeled and packaged in accordance with state and federal drug	1117
laws and any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to those	1118
laws. Records of purchase and disposition of all drugs	1119
personally furnished to patients shall be maintained by the	1120
prescriber in accordance with state and federal drug statutes	1121
and any rules adopted pursuant to those statutes.	1122
(B) When personally furnishing to a patient RU-486	1123
(mifepristone) an abortion-inducing drug as defined in section	1124
2919.20 of the Revised Code, a prescriber is subject to section	1125
<del>2919.123</del> <u>sections 2919.201 to 2919.204</u> of the Revised Code. A	1126
prescription for <del>RU-486 (mifepristone)</del> an abortion-inducing drug	1127
shall be in writing and in accordance with—section 2919.123—	1128
sections 2919.201 to 2919.204 of the Revised Code.	1129
(C)(1) Except as provided in division (D) of this section,	1130
no prescriber shall do either of the following:	1131
(a) In any thirty-day period, personally furnish to or for	1132
patients, taken as a whole, controlled substances in an amount	1133
that exceeds a total of two thousand five hundred dosage units;	1134
(b) In any seventy-two-hour period, personally furnish to	1135
or for a patient an amount of a controlled substance that	1136
exceeds the amount necessary for the patient's use in a seventy-	1137
two-hour period.	1138
(2) The state board of pharmacy may impose a fine of not	1139
more than five thousand dollars on a prescriber who fails to	1140
comply with the limits established under division (C)(1) of this	1141
section. A separate fine may be imposed for each instance of	1142

failing to comply with the limits. In imposing the fine, the	1143
board's actions shall be taken in accordance with Chapter 119.	1144
of the Revised Code.	1145
(D)(1) None of the following shall be counted in	1146
determining whether the amounts specified in division (C)(1) of	1147
this section have been exceeded:	1148
(a) Methadone provided to patients for the purpose of	1149
treating drug dependence or addiction, if the prescriber meets	1150
the conditions specified in 21 C.F.R. 1306.07;	1151
(b) Buprenorphine provided to patients for the purpose of	1152
treating drug dependence or addiction as part of an opioid	1153
treatment program that is the subject of a current, valid	1154
certification from the substance abuse and mental health	1155
services administration of the United States department of	1156
health and human services pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 8.11 and	1157
distributes both buprenorphine and methadone;	1158
(c) Controlled substances provided to research subjects by	1159
a facility conducting clinical research in studies approved by a	1160
hospital-based institutional review board or an institutional	1161
review board accredited by the association for the accreditation	1162
of human research protection programs.	1163
(2) Division (C)(1) of this section does not apply to a	1164
prescriber who is a veterinarian.	1165
Sec. 4731.22. (A) The state medical board, by an	1166
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, may	1167
limit, revoke, or suspend an individual's certificate to	1168
practice, refuse to grant a certificate to an individual, refuse	1169
to register an individual, refuse to reinstate a certificate, or	1170
reprimand or place on probation the holder of a certificate if	1171

the individual or certificate holder is found by the board to	1172
have committed fraud during the administration of the	1173
examination for a certificate to practice or to have committed	1174
fraud, misrepresentation, or deception in applying for or	1175
securing any certificate to practice or certificate of	1176
registration issued by the board.	1177
(B) The board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than	1178
six members, shall, to the extent permitted by law, limit,	1179
revoke, or suspend an individual's certificate to practice,	1180
refuse to register an individual, refuse to reinstate a	1181
certificate, or reprimand or place on probation the holder of a	1182
certificate for one or more of the following reasons:	1183
(1) Permitting one's name or one's certificate to practice	1184
or certificate of registration to be used by a person, group, or	1185
corporation when the individual concerned is not actually	1186
directing the treatment given;	1187
(2) Failure to maintain minimal standards applicable to	1188
the selection or administration of drugs, or failure to employ	1189
acceptable scientific methods in the selection of drugs or other	1190
modalities for treatment of disease;	1191
(3) Selling, giving away, personally furnishing,	1192
prescribing, or administering drugs for other than legal and	1193
legitimate therapeutic purposes or a plea of guilty to, a	1194
judicial finding of guilt of, or a judicial finding of	1195
eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction of, a	1196
violation of any federal or state law regulating the possession,	1197
distribution, or use of any drug;	1198
(4) Willfully betraying a professional confidence.	1199
For purposes of this division, "willfully betraying a	1200

professional confidence" does not include providing any	1201
information, documents, or reports to a child fatality review	1202
ooard under sections 307.621 to 307.629 of the Revised Code and	1203
does not include the making of a report of an employee's use of	1204
a drug of abuse, or a report of a condition of an employee other	1205
than one involving the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer	1206
of the employee as described in division (B) of section 2305.33	1207
of the Revised Code. Nothing in this division affects the	1208
immunity from civil liability conferred by that section upon a	1209
physician who makes either type of report in accordance with	1210
division (B) of that section. As used in this division,	1211
"employee," "employer," and "physician" have the same meanings	1212
as in section 2305.33 of the Revised Code.	1213

(5) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading

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statement in the solicitation of or advertising for patients; in

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relation to the practice of medicine and surgery, osteopathic

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medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, or a

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limited branch of medicine; or in securing or attempting to

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secure any certificate to practice or certificate of

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registration issued by the board.

As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive, 1221 or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a 1222 misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive 1223 because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or 1224 is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of 1225 favorable results, or includes representations or implications 1226 that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent 1227 person to misunderstand or be deceived. 1228

(6) A departure from, or the failure to conform to, 1229 minimal standards of care of similar practitioners under the 1230

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same or similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a	1231
patient is established;	1232
(7) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining	1233
compensation or other advantage as personal gain or for any	1234
other person, that an incurable disease or injury, or other	1235
incurable condition, can be permanently cured;	1236
(8) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or	1237
anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course	1238
of practice;	1239
(9) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	1240
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	1241
conviction for, a felony;	1242
(10) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in	1243
this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	1244
committed;	1245
(11) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	1246
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	1247
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	1248
practice;	1249
(12) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	1250
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	1251
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	1252
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	1253
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	1254
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	1255
(14) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	1256
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	1257
jurisdiction in which the act was committed:	1258

(15) Violation of the conditions of limitation placed by	1259
the board upon a certificate to practice;	1260
(16) Failure to pay license renewal fees specified in this	1261
chapter;	1262
(17) Except as authorized in section 4731.31 of the	1263
Revised Code, engaging in the division of fees for referral of	1264
patients, or the receiving of a thing of value in return for a	1265
specific referral of a patient to utilize a particular service	1266
or business;	1267
(18) Subject to section 4731.226 of the Revised Code,	1268
violation of any provision of a code of ethics of the American	1269
medical association, the American osteopathic association, the	1270
American podiatric medical association, or any other national	1271
professional organizations that the board specifies by rule. The	1272
state medical board shall obtain and keep on file current copies	1273
of the codes of ethics of the various national professional	1274
organizations. The individual whose certificate is being	1275
suspended or revoked shall not be found to have violated any	1276
provision of a code of ethics of an organization not appropriate	1277
to the individual's profession.	1278
For purposes of this division, a "provision of a code of	1279
ethics of a national professional organization" does not include	1280
any provision that would preclude the making of a report by a	1281
physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a	1282
condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a	1283
drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in	1284
division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in	1285
this division affects the immunity from civil liability	1286
conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type	1287
of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As	1288

used in this division,	"employee," "employer," and "physician"	1289
have the same meanings	as in section 2305.33 of the Revised	1290
Code.		1291

(19) Inability to practice according to acceptable and
prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or
physical illness, including, but not limited to, physical
deterioration that adversely affects cognitive, motor, or
perceptive skills.
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In enforcing this division, the board, upon a showing of a 1297 possible violation, may compel any individual authorized to 1298 practice by this chapter or who has submitted an application 1299 pursuant to this chapter to submit to a mental examination, 1300 physical examination, including an HIV test, or both a mental 1301 and a physical examination. The expense of the examination is 1302 the responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. 1303 Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent 1304 to an HIV test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of 1305 the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due 1306 to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default 1307 and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony 1308 or presentation of evidence. If the board finds an individual 1309 unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this 1310 division, the board shall require the individual to submit to 1311 care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or 1312 designated by the board, as a condition for initial, continued, 1313 reinstated, or renewed authority to practice. An individual 1314 affected under this division shall be afforded an opportunity to 1315 demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practice in 1316 compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the 1317 provisions of the individual's certificate. For the purpose of 1318 this division, any individual who applies for or receives a 1319

certificate to practice under this chapter accepts the privilege	1320
of practicing in this state and, by so doing, shall be deemed to	1321
have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination	1322
when directed to do so in writing by the board, and to have	1323
waived all objections to the admissibility of testimony or	1324
examination reports that constitute a privileged communication.	1325
(20) Except when civil penalties are imposed under section	1326
4731.225 or 4731.281 of the Revised Code, and subject to section	1327
4731.226 of the Revised Code, violating or attempting to	1328
violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the	1329
violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provisions of this	1330
chapter or any rule promulgated by the board.	1331
This division does not apply to a violation or attempted	1332
violation of, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or a	1333
conspiracy to violate, any provision of this chapter or any rule	1334
adopted by the board that would preclude the making of a report	1335
by a physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a	1336
condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a	1337
drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in	1338
division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in	1339
this division affects the immunity from civil liability	1340
conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type	1341
of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As	1342
used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician"	1343
have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised	1344
Code.	1345
(21) The violation of section 3701.79 of the Revised Code	1346
or of any abortion rule adopted by the public health council	1347
pursuant to section 3701.341 of the Revised Code;	1348

(22) Any of the following actions taken by an agency

responsible for authorizing, certifying, or regulating an	1350
individual to practice a health care occupation or provide	1351
health care services in this state or another jurisdiction, for	1352
any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation,	1353
revocation, or suspension of an individual's license to	1354
practice; acceptance of an individual's license surrender;	1355
denial of a license; refusal to renew or reinstate a license;	1356
imposition of probation; or issuance of an order of censure or	1357
other reprimand;	1358
(23) The violation of section 2919.12 of the Revised Code	1359
or the performance or inducement of an abortion upon a pregnant	1360
woman with actual knowledge that the conditions specified in	1361
division (B) of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code have not	1362
been satisfied or with a heedless indifference as to whether	1363
those conditions have been satisfied, unless an affirmative	1364
defense as specified in division (H)(2) of that section would	1365
apply in a civil action authorized by division (H)(1) of that	1366
section;	1367
(24) The revocation, suspension, restriction, reduction,	1368
or termination of clinical privileges by the United States	1369
department of defense or department of veterans affairs or the	1370
termination or suspension of a certificate of registration to	1371
prescribe drugs by the drug enforcement administration of the	1372
United States department of justice;	1373
(25) Termination or suspension from participation in the	1374
medicare or medicaid programs by the department of health and	1375
human services or other responsible agency for any act or acts	1376
that also would constitute a violation of division (B) $(2)$ , $(3)$ ,	1377
(6), (8), or (19) of this section;	1378
(26) Impairment of ability to practice according to	1379

acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of habitual	1380
or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or other substances	1381
that impair ability to practice.	1382

For the purposes of this division, any individual 1383 authorized to practice by this chapter accepts the privilege of 1384 practicing in this state subject to supervision by the board. By 1385 filing an application for or holding a certificate to practice 1386 under this chapter, an individual shall be deemed to have given 1387 consent to submit to a mental or physical examination when 1388 ordered to do so by the board in writing, and to have waived all 1389 objections to the admissibility of testimony or examination 1390 reports that constitute privileged communications. 1391

If it has reason to believe that any individual authorized 1392 to practice by this chapter or any applicant for certification 1393 to practice suffers such impairment, the board may compel the 1394 individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, or 1395 both. The expense of the examination is the responsibility of 1396 the individual compelled to be examined. Any mental or physical 1397 examination required under this division shall be undertaken by 1398 a treatment provider or physician who is qualified to conduct 1399 the examination and who is chosen by the board. 1400

Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination 1401 ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations 1402 against the individual unless the failure is due to 1403 circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and 1404 final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or 1405 presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the 1406 individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall 1407 suspend the individual's certificate or deny the individual's 1408 application and shall require the individual, as a condition for 1409

initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed certification to	1410
practice, to submit to treatment.	1411
Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a	1412
certificate suspended under this division, the impaired	1413
practitioner shall demonstrate to the board the ability to	1414
resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing	1415
standards of care under the provisions of the practitioner's	1416
certificate. The demonstration shall include, but shall not be	1417
limited to, the following:	1418
(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under	1419
section 4731.25 of the Revised Code that the individual has	1420
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;	1421
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	1422
aftercare contract or consent agreement;	1423
(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	1424
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual	1425
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	1426
prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by	1427
individuals or providers approved by the board for making the	1428
assessments and shall describe the basis for their	1429
determination.	1430
The board may reinstate a certificate suspended under this	1431
division after that demonstration and after the individual has	1432
entered into a written consent agreement.	1433
When the impaired practitioner resumes practice, the board	1434
shall require continued monitoring of the individual. The	1435
monitoring shall include, but not be limited to, compliance with	1436
the written consent agreement entered into before reinstatement	1437
or with conditions imposed by board order after a hearing, and,	1438

upon termination of the consent agreement, submission to the	1439
board for at least two years of annual written progress reports	1440
made under penalty of perjury stating whether the individual has	1441
maintained sobriety.	1442
(27) A second or subsequent violation of section 4731.66	1443
or 4731.69 of the Revised Code;	1444
(28) Except as provided in division (N) of this section:	1445
(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible	1446
or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or	1447
health care policy, contract, or plan that covers the	1448
individual's services, otherwise would be required to pay if the	1449
waiver is used as an enticement to a patient or group of	1450
patients to receive health care services from that individual;	1451
(b) Advertising that the individual will waive the payment	1452
of all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a patient,	1453
pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy, contract,	1454
or plan that covers the individual's services, otherwise would	1455
be required to pay.	1456
(29) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid	1457
precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051	1458
of the Revised Code;	1459
(30) Failure to provide notice to, and receive	1460
acknowledgment of the notice from, a patient when required by	1461
section 4731.143 of the Revised Code prior to providing	1462
nonemergency professional services, or failure to maintain that	1463
notice in the patient's file;	1464
(31) Failure of a physician supervising a physician	1465
assistant to maintain supervision in accordance with the	1466
requirements of Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code and the rules	1467

adopted under that chapter;	1468
(32) Failure of a physician or podiatrist to enter into a	1469
standard care arrangement with a clinical nurse specialist,	1470
certified nurse-midwife, or certified nurse practitioner with	1471
whom the physician or podiatrist is in collaboration pursuant to	1472
section 4731.27 of the Revised Code or failure to fulfill the	1473
responsibilities of collaboration after entering into a standard	1474
<pre>care arrangement;</pre>	1475
(33) Failure to comply with the terms of a consult	1476
agreement entered into with a pharmacist pursuant to section	1477
4729.39 of the Revised Code;	1478
(34) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by	1479
the board under division (F) of this section, including failure	1480
to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the board or	1481
failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the board	1482
in an investigative interview, an investigative office	1483
conference, at a deposition, or in written interrogatories,	1484
except that failure to cooperate with an investigation shall not	1485
constitute grounds for discipline under this section if a court	1486
of competent jurisdiction has issued an order that either	1487
quashes a subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the	1488
testimony or evidence in issue;	1489
(35) Failure to supervise an oriental medicine	1490
practitioner or acupuncturist in accordance with Chapter 4762.	1491
of the Revised Code and the board's rules for providing that	1492
supervision;	1493
(36) Failure to supervise an anesthesiologist assistant in	1494
accordance with Chapter 4760. of the Revised Code and the	1495
board's rules for supervision of an anesthesiologist assistant;	1496

(37) Assisting suicide as defined in section 3795.01 of	1497
the Revised Code;	1498
(38) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	1499
2317.561 of the Revised Code;	1500
(39) Failure to supervise a radiologist assistant in	1501
accordance with Chapter 4774. of the Revised Code and the	1502
board's rules for supervision of radiologist assistants;	1503
(40) Performing or inducing an abortion at an office or	1504
facility with knowledge that the office or facility fails to	1505
post the notice required under section 3701.791 of the Revised	1506
Code;	1507
(41) Failure to comply with the standards and procedures	1508
established in rules under section 4731.054 of the Revised Code	1509
for the operation of or the provision of care at a pain	1510
management clinic;	1511
(42) Failure to comply with the standards and procedures	1512
established in rules under section 4731.054 of the Revised Code	1513
for providing supervision, direction, and control of individuals	1514
at a pain management clinic;	1515
(43) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	1516
4729.79 of the Revised Code, unless the state board of pharmacy	1517
no longer maintains a drug database pursuant to section 4729.75	1518
of the Revised Code;	1519
(44) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	1520
2919.171 of the Revised Code or failure to submit to the	1521
department of health in accordance with a court order a complete	1522
report as described in section 2919.171 of the Revised Code;	1523
(45) Practicing at a facility that is subject to licensure	1524

as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a	1525
pain management clinic classification unless the person	1526
operating the facility has obtained and maintains the license	1527
with the classification;	1528
(46) Owning a facility that is subject to licensure as a	1529
category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain	1530
management clinic classification unless the facility is licensed	1531
with the classification;	1532
(47) Failure to comply with the requirement regarding	1533
maintaining notes described in division (B) of section 2919.191	1534
of the Revised Code or failure to satisfy the requirements of	1535
section 2919.191 of the Revised Code prior to performing or	1536
inducing an abortion upon a pregnant woman;	1537
(48) Failure to comply with the requirements in section	1538
3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing for a minor a	1539
prescription for an opioid analgesic, as defined in section	1540
3719.01 of the Revised Code.	1541
(C) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under	1542
divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to	1543
an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except	1544
that in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a	1545
consent agreement with an individual to resolve an allegation of	1546
a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under it. A	1547
consent agreement, when ratified by an affirmative vote of not	1548
fewer than six members of the board, shall constitute the	1549
findings and order of the board with respect to the matter	1550
addressed in the agreement. If the board refuses to ratify a	1551
consent agreement, the admissions and findings contained in the	1552
consent agreement shall be of no force or effect	1553

A telephone conference call may be utilized for 1554 ratification of a consent agreement that revokes or suspends an 1555 individual's certificate to practice. The telephone conference 1556 call shall be considered a special meeting under division (F) of 1557 section 121.22 of the Revised Code. 1558

If the board takes disciplinary action against an 1559 individual under division (B) of this section for a second or 1560 subsequent plea of quilty to, or judicial finding of quilt of, a 1561 violation of section 2919.123 sections 2919.201 to 2919.204 of 1562 1563 the Revised Code, the disciplinary action shall consist of a suspension of the individual's certificate to practice for a 1564 period of at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the 1565 board, a more serious sanction involving the individual's 1566 certificate to practice. Any consent agreement entered into 1567 under this division with an individual that pertains to a second 1568 or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of guilt 1569 of, a violation of that section shall provide for a suspension 1570 of the individual's certificate to practice for a period of at 1571 least one year or, if determined appropriate by the board, a 1572 more serious sanction involving the individual's certificate to 1573 practice. 1574

(D) For purposes of divisions (B) (10), (12), and (14) of 1575 this section, the commission of the act may be established by a 1576 finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 1577 119. of the Revised Code, that the individual committed the act. 1578 The board does not have jurisdiction under those divisions if 1579 the trial court renders a final judgment in the individual's 1580 favor and that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the 1581 merits. The board has jurisdiction under those divisions if the 1582 trial court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or 1583 procedural grounds. 1584

(E) The sealing of conviction records by any court shall	1585
have no effect upon a prior board order entered under this	1586
section or upon the board's jurisdiction to take action under	1587
this section if, based upon a plea of guilty, a judicial finding	1588
of guilt, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention	1589
in lieu of conviction, the board issued a notice of opportunity	1590
for a hearing prior to the court's order to seal the records.	1591
The board shall not be required to seal, destroy, redact, or	1592
otherwise modify its records to reflect the court's sealing of	1593
conviction records.	1594

- (F)(1) The board shall investigate evidence that appears 1595 to show that a person has violated any provision of this chapter 1596 or any rule adopted under it. Any person may report to the board 1597 in a signed writing any information that the person may have 1598 that appears to show a violation of any provision of this 1599 chapter or any rule adopted under it. In the absence of bad 1600 faith, any person who reports information of that nature or who 1601 testifies before the board in any adjudication conducted under 1602 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code shall not be liable in damages 1603 in a civil action as a result of the report or testimony. Each 1604 complaint or allegation of a violation received by the board 1605 shall be assigned a case number and shall be recorded by the 1606 board. 1607
- (2) Investigations of alleged violations of this chapter 1608 or any rule adopted under it shall be supervised by the 1609 supervising member elected by the board in accordance with 1610 section 4731.02 of the Revised Code and by the secretary as 1611 provided in section 4731.39 of the Revised Code. The president 1612 may designate another member of the board to supervise the 1613 investigation in place of the supervising member. No member of 1614 the board who supervises the investigation of a case shall 1615

participate in further adjudication of the case. 1616 (3) In investigating a possible violation of this chapter 1617 or any rule adopted under this chapter, or in conducting an 1618 inspection under division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised 1619 Code, the board may question witnesses, conduct interviews, 1620 administer oaths, order the taking of depositions, inspect and 1621 copy any books, accounts, papers, records, or documents, issue 1622 subpoenas, and compel the attendance of witnesses and production 1623 of books, accounts, papers, records, documents, and testimony, 1624 except that a subpoena for patient record information shall not 1625 1626 be issued without consultation with the attorney general's office and approval of the secretary and supervising member of 1627 the board. 1628 (a) Before issuance of a subpoena for patient record 1629 information, the secretary and supervising member shall 1630 determine whether there is probable cause to believe that the 1631 complaint filed alleges a violation of this chapter or any rule 1632 adopted under it and that the records sought are relevant to the 1633 alleged violation and material to the investigation. The 1634 1635 subpoena may apply only to records that cover a reasonable period of time surrounding the alleged violation. 1636 (b) On failure to comply with any subpoena issued by the 1637 board and after reasonable notice to the person being 1638 subpoenaed, the board may move for an order compelling the 1639 production of persons or records pursuant to the Rules of Civil 1640 Procedure. 1641 (c) A subpoena issued by the board may be served by a 1642 sheriff, the sheriff's deputy, or a board employee designated by 1643 the board. Service of a subpoena issued by the board may be made 1644 by delivering a copy of the subpoena to the person named 1645

therein, reading it to the person, or leaving it at the person's	1646
usual place of residence, usual place of business, or address on	1647
file with the board. When serving a subpoena to an applicant for	1648
or the holder of a certificate issued under this chapter,	1649
service of the subpoena may be made by certified mail, return	1650
receipt requested, and the subpoena shall be deemed served on	1651
the date delivery is made or the date the person refuses to	1652
accept delivery. If the person being served refuses to accept	1653
the subpoena or is not located, service may be made to an	1654
attorney who notifies the board that the attorney is	1655
representing the person.	1656

- (d) A sheriff's deputy who serves a subpoena shall receive the same fees as a sheriff. Each witness who appears before the board in obedience to a subpoena shall receive the fees and mileage provided for under section 119.094 of the Revised Code.
- (4) All hearings, investigations, and inspections of the
  board shall be considered civil actions for the purposes of
  section 2305.252 of the Revised Code.
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(5) A report required to be submitted to the board under
this chapter, a complaint, or information received by the board
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pursuant to an investigation or pursuant to an inspection under
division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised Code is
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confidential and not subject to discovery in any civil action.
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The board shall conduct all investigations or inspections

and proceedings in a manner that protects the confidentiality of

patients and persons who file complaints with the board. The

board shall not make public the names or any other identifying

information about patients or complainants unless proper consent

is given or, in the case of a patient, a waiver of the patient

privilege exists under division (B) of section 2317.02 of the

Revised Code, except that consent or a waiver of that nature is	1676
not required if the board possesses reliable and substantial	1677
evidence that no bona fide physician-patient relationship	1678
exists.	1679

The board may share any information it receives pursuant 1680 to an investigation or inspection, including patient records and 1681 patient record information, with law enforcement agencies, other 1682 licensing boards, and other governmental agencies that are 1683 prosecuting, adjudicating, or investigating alleged violations 1684 of statutes or administrative rules. An agency or board that 1685 receives the information shall comply with the same requirements 1686 regarding confidentiality as those with which the state medical 1687 board must comply, notwithstanding any conflicting provision of 1688 the Revised Code or procedure of the agency or board that 1689 applies when it is dealing with other information in its 1690 possession. In a judicial proceeding, the information may be 1691 admitted into evidence only in accordance with the Rules of 1692 Evidence, but the court shall require that appropriate measures 1693 are taken to ensure that confidentiality is maintained with 1694 respect to any part of the information that contains names or 1695 other identifying information about patients or complainants 1696 whose confidentiality was protected by the state medical board 1697 when the information was in the board's possession. Measures to 1698 ensure confidentiality that may be taken by the court include 1699 sealing its records or deleting specific information from its 1700 records. 1701

(6) On a quarterly basis, the board shall prepare a report 1702 that documents the disposition of all cases during the preceding 1703 three months. The report shall contain the following information 1704 for each case with which the board has completed its activities: 1705

(a) The case number assigned to the complaint or alleged	1706
violation;	1707
(b) The type of certificate to practice, if any, held by	1708
the individual against whom the complaint is directed;	1709
(c) A description of the allegations contained in the	1710
complaint;	1711
(d) The disposition of the case.	1712
The report shall state how many cases are still pending	1713
and shall be prepared in a manner that protects the identity of	1714
each person involved in each case. The report shall be a public	1715
record under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	1716
(G) If the secretary and supervising member determine both	1717
of the following, they may recommend that the board suspend an	1718
individual's certificate to practice without a prior hearing:	1719
(1) That there is clear and convincing evidence that an	1720
individual has violated division (B) of this section;	1721
(2) That the individual's continued practice presents a	1722
danger of immediate and serious harm to the public.	1723
Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by	1724
the board. The board, upon review of those allegations and by an	1725
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding	1726
the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a certificate	1727
without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call may be	1728
utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the vote on	1729
the summary suspension.	1730
The board shall issue a written order of suspension by	1731
certified mail or in person in accordance with section 119.07 of	1732
the Revised Code. The order shall not be subject to suspension	1733

by the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section	1734
119.12 of the Revised Code. If the individual subject to the	1735
summary suspension requests an adjudicatory hearing by the	1736
board, the date set for the hearing shall be within fifteen	1737
days, but not earlier than seven days, after the individual	1738
requests the hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by both the	1739
board and the individual.	1740

Any summary suspension imposed under this division shall 1741 remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final 1742 adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section 1743 and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The 1744 board shall issue its final adjudicative order within seventy-1745 five days after completion of its hearing. A failure to issue 1746 the order within seventy-five days shall result in dissolution 1747 of the summary suspension order but shall not invalidate any 1748 subsequent, final adjudicative order. 1749

(H) If the board takes action under division (B) (9), (11), 1750 or (13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt, 1751 quilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 1752 in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion 1753 of the criminal appeal, a petition for reconsideration of the 1754 order may be filed with the board along with appropriate court 1755 documents. Upon receipt of a petition of that nature and 1756 supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the 1757 individual's certificate to practice. The board may then hold an 1758 adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to determine 1759 whether the individual committed the act in question. Notice of 1760 an opportunity for a hearing shall be given in accordance with 1761 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the board finds, pursuant 1762 to an adjudication held under this division, that the individual 1763 committed the act or if no hearing is requested, the board may 1764

order any of the sanctions identified under division (B) of this	1765
section.	1766
(I) The certificate to practice issued to an individual	1767
under this chapter and the individual's practice in this state	1768
are automatically suspended as of the date of the individual's	1769
second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of	1770
guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 sections 2919.201 to	1771
2919.204 of the Revised Code, or the date the individual pleads	1772
guilty to, is found by a judge or jury to be guilty of, or is	1773
subject to a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in	1774
lieu of conviction in this state or treatment or intervention in	1775
lieu of conviction in another jurisdiction for any of the	1776
following criminal offenses in this state or a substantially	1777
equivalent criminal offense in another jurisdiction: aggravated	1778
murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, felonious assault,	1779
kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross sexual imposition,	1780
aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or aggravated burglary.	1781
Continued practice after suspension shall be considered	1782
practicing without a certificate.	1783
The board shall notify the individual subject to the	1784
suspension by certified mail or in person in accordance with	1785
section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an individual whose	1786
certificate is automatically suspended under this division fails	1787
to make a timely request for an adjudication under Chapter 119.	1788
of the Revised Code, the board shall do whichever of the	1789
following is applicable:	1790

(1) If the automatic suspension under this division is for

a second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of

guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 sections 2919.201 to

2919.204 of the Revised Code, the board shall enter an order

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suspending the individual's certificate to practice for a period 1795 of at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the board, 1796 imposing a more serious sanction involving the individual's 1797 certificate to practice. 1798

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- (2) In all circumstances in which division (I)(1) of this section does not apply, enter a final order permanently revoking the individual's certificate to practice.
- (J) If the board is required by Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and if the individual subject to the notice does not timely request a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code, the board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, a final order that contains the board's findings. In that final order, the board may order any of the sanctions identified under division (A) or (B) of this section.
- (K) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of 1811 this section resulting in a suspension from practice shall be 1812 accompanied by a written statement of the conditions under which 1813 the individual's certificate to practice may be reinstated. The 1814 board shall adopt rules governing conditions to be imposed for 1815 reinstatement. Reinstatement of a certificate suspended pursuant 1816 to division (B) of this section requires an affirmative vote of 1817 not fewer than six members of the board. 1818
- (L) When the board refuses to grant a certificate to an 1819 applicant, revokes an individual's certificate to practice, 1820 refuses to register an applicant, or refuses to reinstate an 1821 individual's certificate to practice, the board may specify that 1822 its action is permanent. An individual subject to a permanent 1823 action taken by the board is forever thereafter ineligible to 1824

hold a certificate to practice and the board shall not accept an	1825
application for reinstatement of the certificate or for issuance	1826
of a new certificate.	1827
(M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised	1828
Code, all of the following apply:	1829
(1) The surrender of a certificate issued under this	1830
chapter shall not be effective unless or until accepted by the	1831
board. A telephone conference call may be utilized for	1832
acceptance of the surrender of an individual's certificate to	1833
practice. The telephone conference call shall be considered a	1834
special meeting under division (F) of section 121.22 of the	1835
Revised Code. Reinstatement of a certificate surrendered to the	1836
board requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members	1837
of the board.	1838
(2) An application for a certificate made under the	1839
provisions of this chapter may not be withdrawn without approval	1840
of the board.	1841
(3) Failure by an individual to renew a certificate of	1842
registration in accordance with this chapter shall not remove or	1843
limit the board's jurisdiction to take any disciplinary action	1844
under this section against the individual.	1845
(4) At the request of the board, a certificate holder	1846
shall immediately surrender to the board a certificate that the	1847
board has suspended, revoked, or permanently revoked.	1848
(N) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (B) (28)	1849
of this section against any person who waives deductibles and	1850
copayments as follows:	1851
(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that	1852
expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or	1853

copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and	1854
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party	1855
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made	1856
available to the board upon request.	1857
(2) For professional services rendered to any other person	1858
authorized to practice pursuant to this chapter, to the extent	1859
allowed by this chapter and rules adopted by the board.	1860
(O) Under the board's investigative duties described in	1861
this section and subject to division (F) of this section, the	1862
board shall develop and implement a quality intervention program	1863
designed to improve through remedial education the clinical and	1864
communication skills of individuals authorized under this	1865
chapter to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine	1866
and surgery, and podiatric medicine and surgery. In developing	1867
and implementing the quality intervention program, the board may	1868
do all of the following:	1869
(1) Offer in appropriate cases as determined by the board	1870
an educational and assessment program pursuant to an	1871
investigation the board conducts under this section;	1872
(2) Select providers of educational and assessment	1873
services, including a quality intervention program panel of case	1874
reviewers;	1875
(3) Make referrals to educational and assessment service	1876
providers and approve individual educational programs	1877
recommended by those providers. The board shall monitor the	1878
progress of each individual undertaking a recommended individual	1879
educational program.	1880
(4) Determine what constitutes successful completion of an	1881
individual educational program and require further monitoring of	1882

the individual who completed the program or other action that	1883
the board determines to be appropriate;	1884
(5) Adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	1885
Revised Code to further implement the quality intervention	1886
program.	1887
An individual who participates in an individual	1888
educational program pursuant to this division shall pay the	1889
financial obligations arising from that educational program.	1890
Sec. 4731.223. (A) As used in this section, "prosecutor"	1891
has the same meaning as in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.	1892
(B) Whenever any person holding a valid certificate issued	1893
pursuant to this chapter pleads guilty to, is subject to a	1894
judicial finding of guilt of, or is subject to a judicial	1895
finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction	1896
for a violation of Chapter 2907., 2925., or 3719. of the Revised	1897
Code or of any substantively comparable ordinance of a municipal	1898
corporation in connection with the person's practice, or for a	1899
second or subsequent time pleads guilty to, or is subject to a	1900
judicial finding of guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123	1901
sections 2919.201 to 2919.204 of the Revised Code, the	1902
prosecutor in the case, on forms prescribed and provided by the	1903
state medical board, shall promptly notify the board of the	1904
conviction or guilty plea. Within thirty days of receipt of that	1905
information, the board shall initiate action in accordance with	1906
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to determine whether to suspend	1907
or revoke the certificate under section 4731.22 of the Revised	1908
Code.	1909
(C) The proceduter in any case against any names helding	1010
(C) The prosecutor in any case against any person holding	1910

a valid certificate issued pursuant to this chapter, on forms

prescribed and provided by the state medical board, shall notify	1912
the board of any of the following:	1913
(1) A plea of guilty to, a finding of guilt by a jury or	1914
court of, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in	1915
lieu of conviction for a felony, or a case in which the trial	1916
court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or procedural	1917
grounds of a felony charge;	1918
(2) A plea of guilty to, a finding of guilt by a jury or	1919
court of, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in	1920
lieu of conviction for a misdemeanor committed in the course of	1921
practice, or a case in which the trial court issues an order of	1922
dismissal upon technical or procedural grounds of a charge of a	1923
misdemeanor, if the alleged act was committed in the course of	1924
practice;	1925
(3) A plea of guilty to, a finding of guilt by a jury or	1926
court of, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in	1927
lieu of conviction for a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude,	1928
or a case in which the trial court issues an order of dismissal	1929
upon technical or procedural grounds of a charge of a	1930
misdemeanor involving moral turpitude.	1931
The report shall include the name and address of the	1932
certificate holder, the nature of the offense for which the	1933
action was taken, and the certified court documents recording	1934
the action.	1935
Section 2. That existing sections 109.572, 2919.123,	1936
2953.25, 4729.291, 4731.22, and 4731.223 of the Revised Code are	1937
hereby repealed.	1938
Section 3. Section 109.572 of the Revised Code is	1939
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	1940

by both Am. Sub. H.B. 483 and Am. Sub. S.B. 143 of the 130th	1941
General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle	1942
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	1943
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	1944
simultaneous operation, finds that the composite is the	1945
resulting version of the section in effect prior to the	1946
effective date of the section as presented in this act.	1947