# As Passed by the House

# **131st General Assembly**

Regular Session 2015-2016

Sub. H. B. No. 342

# **Representative Young**

Cosponsors: Representatives Becker, Grossman, Hackett, Schaffer, Vitale, Brown, Blessing, Anielski, Antonio, Arndt, Baker, Boose, Brenner, Buchy, Celebrezze, Cera, Clyde, Dovilla, Fedor, Hambley, Hill, Lepore-Hagan, Manning, O'Brien, S., Patterson, Phillips, Ramos, Retherford, Rogers, Romanchuk, Sears, Sheehy, Sprague, Strahorn, Thompson

### A BILL

ГО	amend sections 4301.12, 4301.13, 4301.24,	1
	4301.30, 4301.355, 4301.43, 4301.432, 4301.47,	2
	4301.62, 4301.82, 4301.83, 4303.021, 4303.03,	3
	4303.07, 4303.10, 4303.182, 4303.204, 4303.33,	4
	4303.333, and 5709.55 and to enact section	5
	4303.031 of the Revised Code to create the Ohio	6
	Farm Winery Permit.	7

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4301.12, 4301.13, 4301.24,	8
4301.30, 4301.355, 4301.43, 4301.432, 4301.47, 4301.62, 4301.82,	9
4301.83, 4303.021, 4303.03, 4303.07, 4303.10, 4303.182,	10
4303.204, 4303.33, 4303.333, and 5709.55 be amended and section	11
4303.031 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	12
Sec. 4301.12. The division of liquor control shall provide	13
for the custody, safekeeping, and deposit of all moneys, checks,	14
and drafts received by it or any of its employees or agents	15

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prior to paying them to the treasurer of state as provided by section 113.08 of the Revised Code.

A sum equal to three dollars and thirty-eight cents for each gallon of spirituous liquor sold by the division, JobsOhio, or a designee of JobsOhio during the period covered by the payment shall be paid into the state treasury to the credit of the general revenue fund. All moneys received from permit fees, except B-2a and S permit fees from B-2a and S permit holders who do not also hold A-2 or A-2f permits, shall be paid to the credit of the undivided liquor permit fund established by section 4301.30 of the Revised Code.

Except as otherwise provided by law, the division shall deposit all moneys collected under Chapters 4301. and 4303. of the Revised Code into the state treasury to the credit of the state liquor regulatory fund created in section 4301.30 of the Revised Code. In addition, revenue resulting from any contracts with the department of commerce pertaining to the responsibilities and operations described in this chapter may be credited to the fund.

Whenever, in the judgment of the director of budget and management, the amount in the liquor control fund is in excess of that needed to meet the maturing obligations of the division, as working capital for its further operations, to pay the operating expenses of the commission, and for the alcohol testing program under section 3701.143 of the Revised Code, the director shall transfer the excess to the credit of the general revenue fund. If the director determines that the amount in the liquor control fund is insufficient, the director may transfer money from the general revenue fund to the liquor control fund.

Sec. 4301.13. The liquor control commission may adopt,

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promulgate, repeal, rescind, and amend rules to regulate the 46 manner of dealing in and distributing and selling bottled wine 47 within the state. The commission may require out-of-state 48 producers, shippers, bottlers, and holders of federal importers' 49 permits shipping bottled wine into Ohio and holders of A-2,  $\underline{A}$ -50  $2f_{\star}$ B-5, B-3, and B-2 permits issued by the division of liquor 51 control, engaged in distributing and selling bottled wine in 52 Ohio, to file with the division a schedule of prices in which 53 minimum prices are set forth for the sale of bottled wine at 54 wholesale or retail, or both, in Ohio. Any amendments, 55 additions, alterations, or revisions to the schedule of prices 56 as originally filed with the division shall be filed in the same 57 manner as the original schedule of prices required to be filed 58 with the division. 59

The commission may determine and fix the minimum mark-ups at wholesale or retail, or both, for bottled wine, and fix the minimum prices at which the various classes of bottled wine shall be distributed and sold in Ohio either at wholesale or retail, or both.

Sec. 4301.24. (A) Except as provided in section 4301.242 of the Revised Code, no manufacturer shall aid or assist the holder of any permit for sale at wholesale, and no manufacturer or wholesale distributor shall aid or assist the holder of any permit for sale at retail, by gift or loan of any money or property of any description or other valuable thing, or by giving premiums or rebates. Except as provided in section 4301.242 of the Revised Code, no holder of any such permit shall accept the same, provided that the manufacturer or wholesale distributor may furnish to a retail permittee the inside signs or advertising and the tap signs or devices authorized by divisions (E) and (F) of section 4301.22 of the Revised Code.

- (B) No manufacturer shall have any financial interest, 77 directly or indirectly, by stock ownership, or through 78 interlocking directors in a corporation, or otherwise, in the 79 establishment, maintenance, or promotion in the business of any 80 wholesale distributor. No retail permit holder shall have any 81 interest, directly or indirectly, in the operation of, or any 82 ownership in, the business of any wholesale distributor or 83 manufacturer. 84
- (C) (1) No manufacturer shall, except as authorized by 85 section 4303.021 of the Revised Code, have any financial 86 interest, directly or indirectly, by stock ownership, or through 87 interlocking directors in a corporation, or otherwise, in the 88 establishment, maintenance, or promotion of the business of any 89 retail dealer. No wholesale distributor or employee of a 90 wholesale distributor shall have any financial interest, 91 directly or indirectly, by stock ownership, interlocking 92 directors in a corporation, or otherwise, in the establishment, 93 maintenance, or promotion of the business of any retail dealer. 94 No manufacturer or wholesale distributor or any stockholder of a 95 manufacturer or wholesale distributor shall acquire, by 96 ownership in fee, leasehold, mortgage, or otherwise, directly or 97 indirectly, any interest in the premises on which the business 98 of any other person engaged in the business of trafficking in 99 beer or intoxicating liquor is conducted. 100
- (2) All contracts, covenants, conditions, and limitations

  whereby any person engaged or proposing to engage in the sale of

  beer or intoxicating liquors promises to confine the person's

  sales of a particular kind or quality of beer or intoxicating

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  liquor to one or more products, or the products of a specified

  manufacturer or wholesale distributor, or to give preference to

  those products, shall to the extent of that promise be void. The

making	of	a	promise	in	any	such	form	shall	be	caus	e fo	or	the	108
revocat	ion	0	r susper	nsio	n of	any	permi	t issu	ıed	to a	ny p	oar	cty.	109

(D) No manufacturer shall sell or offer to sell to any 110 wholesale distributor or retail permit holder, no wholesale 111 distributor shall sell or offer to sell to any retail permit 112 holder, and no wholesale distributor or retail permit holder 113 shall purchase or receive from any manufacturer or wholesale 114 distributor, any beer, brewed beverages, or wine manufactured in 115 the United States except for cash. No right of action shall 116 exist to collect any claims for credit extended contrary to this 117 section. 118

This section does not prohibit a licensee from crediting 119 to a purchaser the actual prices charged for packages or 120 containers returned by the original purchaser as a credit on any 121 sale or from refunding to any purchaser the amount paid by that 122 purchaser for containers or as a deposit on containers when 123 title is retained by the vendor, if those containers or packages 124 have been returned to the manufacturer or distributor. This 125 section does not prohibit a manufacturer from extending usual 126 and customary credit for beer, brewed beverages, or wine 127 manufactured in the United States and sold to customers who live 128 or maintain places of business outside this state when the 129 beverages so sold are actually transported and delivered to 130 points outside this state. 131

No wholesale or retail permit shall be issued to an 132 applicant unless the applicant has paid in full all accounts for 133 beer or wine, manufactured in the United States, outstanding as 134 of September 6, 1939. No beer or wine manufactured in the United 135 States shall be imported into the state unless the beer or wine 136 has been paid for in cash, and no supplier registration for any 137

such beer or wine manufactured in the United States shall be	138
issued by the division of liquor control until the A-2, $\underline{\text{A-2f}_{L}}$ B-	139
1, or B-5 permit holder establishes to the satisfaction of the	140
division that the beer or wine has been paid for in cash.	141
(E) This section does not prevent a manufacturer from	142
securing and holding any financial interest, directly or	143
indirectly, by stock ownership or through interlocking directors	144
in a corporation, or otherwise, in the establishment,	145
maintenance, or promotion of the business or premises of any C	146
or D permit holder, provided that the following conditions are	147
met:	148
(1) Either the manufacturer or one of its parent companies	149
is listed on a national securities exchange.	150
(2) All purchases of alcoholic beverages by the C or D	151
permit holder are made from wholesale distributors in this state	152
or agency stores licensed by the division of liquor control.	153
(3) If the C or D permit holder sells brands of alcoholic	154
beverages that are produced or distributed by the manufacturer	155
that holds the financial interest, the C or D permit holder also	156
sells other competing brands of alcoholic beverages produced by	157
other manufacturers, no preference is given to the products of	158
the manufacturer, and there is no exclusion, in whole or in	159
part, of products sold or offered for sale by other	160
manufacturers, suppliers, or importers of alcoholic beverages	161
that constitutes a substantial impairment of commerce.	162
(4) The primary purpose of the C or D permit premises is a	163
purpose other than to sell alcoholic beverages, and the sale of	164
other goods and services exceeds fifty per cent of the total	165

gross receipts of the C or D permit holder at its premises.

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(F)(1) This section does not prevent a manufacturer from	167
giving financial assistance to the holder of a B permit for the	168
purpose of the holder purchasing an ownership interest in the	169
business, existing inventory and equipment, or property of	170
another B permit holder, including, but not limited to,	171
participation in a limited liability partnership, limited	172
liability company, or any other legal entity authorized to do	173
business in this state.	174
(2) This section does not permit a manufacturer to give	175
financial assistance to the holder of a B permit to purchase	176
inventory or equipment used in the daily operation of a B permit	177
holder.	178

- (G) This section does not prohibit a manufacturer or subsidiary of a manufacturer from continuing to operate a wholesale distribution franchise or distribute beer or wine within a designated territory if prior to the effective date of this amendment the manufacturer either acquired the distribution franchise or territory, or awarded the franchise or territory to itself or a subsidiary.
- (H) This section shall not prevent a manufacturer from 186 securing and holding an A-1c or B-2a permit or permits and 187 operating as a wholesale distributor pursuant to such permits. 188
- Sec. 4301.30. (A) All fees collected by the division of 189 liquor control shall be deposited in the state treasury to the 190 credit of the undivided liquor permit fund, which is hereby 191 created, at the time prescribed under section 4301.12 of the 192 Revised Code. Each payment shall be accompanied by a statement 193 showing separately the amount collected for each class of 194 permits in each municipal corporation and in each township 195 outside the limits of any municipal corporation in such 196

township.	197
(B)(1) An amount equal to forty-five per cent of the fund	198
shall be paid from the fund into the state liquor regulatory	199
fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury. The state	200
liquor regulatory fund shall be used to pay the operating	201
expenses of the division of liquor control in administering and	202
enforcing Title XLIII of the Revised Code and the operating	203
expenses of the liquor control commission. Investment earnings	204
of the fund shall be credited to the fund.	205
(2) Whenever, in the judgment of the director of budget	206
and management, the amount of money that is in the state liquor	207
regulatory fund is in excess of the amount that is needed to pay	208
the operating expenses of the division in administering and	209
enforcing Title XLIII of the Revised Code and the operating	210
expenses of the commission, the director shall credit the excess	211
amount to the general revenue fund.	212
(C) Twenty per cent of the undivided liquor permit fund	213
shall be paid into the statewide treatment and prevention fund,	214
which is hereby created in the state treasury. This amount shall	215
be appropriated by the general assembly, together with an amount	216
equal to one and one-half per cent of the gross profit of the	217
division of liquor control derived under division (B)(4) of	218
section 4301.10 of the Revised Code, to the department of mental	219
health and addiction services. In planning for the allocation of	220
and in allocating these amounts for the purposes of Chapter	221
5119. of the Revised Code, the department shall comply with the	222
nondiscrimination provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act	223
of 1964, and any rules adopted under that act.	224
(D) Thirty-five per cent of the undivided liquor permit	225

fund shall be distributed by the superintendent of liquor

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control at quarterly calendar periods as follows:	227
(1) To each municipal corporation, the aggregate amount	228
shown by the statements to have been collected from permits in	229
the municipal corporation, for the use of the general fund of	230
the municipal corporation;	231
(2) To each township, the aggregate amount shown by the	232
statements to have been collected from permits in its territory,	233
outside the limits of any municipal corporation located in the	234
township, for the use of the general fund of the township, or	235
for fire protection purposes, including buildings and equipment	236
in the township or in an established fire district within the	237
township, to the extent that the funds are derived from liquor	238
permits within the territory comprising such fire district.	239
(E) For the purpose of the distribution required by this	240
section, E, H, and D permits covering boats or vessels are	241
deemed to have been issued in the municipal corporation or	242
township wherein the owner or operator of the vehicle, boat,	243
vessel, or dining car equipment to which the permit relates has	244
the owner's or operator's principal office or place of business	245
within the state.	246
(F) If the liquor control commission determines that the	247
police or other officers of any municipal corporation or	248
township entitled to share in distributions under this section	249
are refusing or culpably neglecting to enforce this chapter and	250
Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code, or the penal laws of this	251

state relating to the manufacture, importation, transportation,

distribution, and sale of beer and intoxicating liquors, or if

commission authorized by division (A)(4) of section 4301.10 of

the prosecuting officer of a municipal corporation or a

municipal court fails to comply with the request of the

the Revised Code, the commission, by certified mail, may notify	257
the chief executive officer of the municipal corporation or the	258
board of township trustees of the township of the failure and	259
require the immediate cooperation of the responsible officers of	260
the municipal corporation or township with the division of	261
liquor control in the enforcement of those chapters and penal	262
laws. Within thirty days after the notice is served, the	263
commission shall determine whether the requirement has been	264
complied with. If the commission determines that the requirement	265
has not been complied with, it may issue an order to the	266
superintendent to withhold the distributive share of the	267
municipal corporation or township until further order of the	268
commission. This action of the commission is reviewable within	269
thirty days thereafter in the court of common pleas of Franklin	270
county.	271

(G) All fees collected by the division of liquor control 272 from the issuance or renewal of B-2a and S permits, and paid by 273 B-2a and S permit holders who do not also hold A-2 or A-2f 274 permits, shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit 275 of the state liquor regulatory fund. Once during each fiscal 276 year, an amount equal to fifty per cent of the fees collected 277 shall be paid from the state liquor regulatory fund into the 278 general revenue fund. 279

Sec. 4301.355. (A) If a petition is filed under section 280 4301.333 of the Revised Code for the submission of the question 281 or questions set forth in this section, it shall be held in the 282 precinct as ordered by the board of elections under that 283 section. The expense of holding the election shall be charged to 284 the municipal corporation or township of which the precinct is a 285 part. 286

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(B) At the election, one or more of the following	287
questions, as designated in a valid petition, shall be submitted	288
to the electors of the precinct:	289
(1) "Shall the sale of (insert beer, wine and	290
mixed beverages, or spirituous liquor) be permitted	291
by (insert name of applicant, liquor permit holder,	292
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or liquor agency store, including trade or fictitious name under	
which applicant for, or holder of, liquor permit or liquor	294
agency store either intends to do, or does, business at the	295
particular location), an (insert "applicant for" or	296
"holder of" or "operator of") a (insert class name of	297
liquor permit or permits followed by the words "liquor	298
permit(s)" or, if appropriate, the words "liquor agency store	299
for the State of Ohio"), who is engaged in the business	300
of (insert general nature of the business in which	301
applicant or liquor permit holder is engaged or will be engaged	302
in at the particular location, as described in the petition)	303
at (insert address of the particular location within	304
the precinct as set forth in the petition) in this precinct?"	305
(2) "Shall the sale of (insert beer, wine and	306
mixed beverages, or spirituous liquor) be permitted for sale on	307
Sunday between the hours of (insert "ten a.m. and	308
midnight" or "eleven a.m. and midnight") by (insert	309
name of applicant, liquor permit holder, or liquor agency store,	310
including trade or fictitious name under which applicant for, or	311
holder of, liquor permit or liquor agency store either intends	312
to do, or does, business at the particular location), an	313
(insert "applicant for a D-6 liquor permit," "holder of a D-6	314
liquor permit," "applicant for or holder of an A-1-A, A-2, A-2f,	315
A-3a, C-1, C-2x, D-1, D-2x, D-3, D-3x, D-4, D-5, D-5b, D-5c, D-	316
5e, D-5f, D-5q, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, D-5l, D-5m, D-5n, D-5o,	317

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gallon for wine containing more than fourteen per cent but not	347
more than twenty-one per cent of alcohol by volume, one dollar	348
and eight cents per wine gallon for vermouth, and one dollar and	349
forty-eight cents per wine gallon for sparkling and carbonated	350
wine and champagne, the tax to be paid by the holders of $A-2$ , $A-$	351
2f, and B-5 permits or by any other person selling or	352
distributing wine upon which no tax has been paid. From the tax	353
paid under this section on wine, vermouth, and sparkling and	354
carbonated wine and champagne, the treasurer of state shall	355
credit to the Ohio grape industries fund created under section	356
924.54 of the Revised Code a sum equal to one cent per gallon	357
for each gallon upon which the tax is paid.	358

- (C) For the purpose of providing revenues for the support 359 of the state, there is hereby levied a tax on prepared and 360 bottled highballs, cocktails, cordials, and other mixed 361 beverages at the rate of one dollar and twenty cents per wine 362 gallon to be paid by holders of A-4 permits or by any other 363 person selling or distributing those products upon which no tax 364 has been paid. Only one sale of the same article shall be used 365 in computing the amount of tax due. The tax on mixed beverages 366 to be paid by holders of A-4 permits under this section shall 367 not attach until the ownership of the mixed beverage is 368 transferred for valuable consideration to a wholesaler or 369 retailer, and no payment of the tax shall be required prior to 370 that time. 371
- (D) During the period of July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017, from the tax paid under this section on wine, vermouth, and sparkling and carbonated wine and champagne, the treasurer of state shall credit to the Ohio grape industries fund created under section 924.54 of the Revised Code a sum equal to two cents per gallon upon which the tax is paid. The amount credited

under	this	division i	s in	addition	n to th	he amo	unt	credited	to	the	378
Ohio	grape	industries	func	l under o	divisio	on (B)	of	this sect	cior	n.	379

(E) For the purpose of providing revenues for the support

of the state, there is hereby levied a tax on cider at the rate

of twenty-four cents per wine gallon to be paid by the holders

of A-2, A-2f, and B-5 permits or by any other person selling or

distributing cider upon which no tax has been paid. Only one

sale of the same article shall be used in computing the amount

of the tax due.

Sec. 4301.432. For the purpose of encouraging the grape 387 industries of the state, a tax is hereby levied on the sale or 388 distribution of vermouth, sparkling and carbonated wine and 389 champagne, and other wine, except for known sacramental 390 purposes, at the rate of two cents per wine gallon, the tax to 391 be paid by the holders of A-2, A-2f, B-2a, B-5, and S permits or 392 by any other person selling or distributing wine upon which no 393 such tax has been paid. The treasurer of state shall credit to 394 the Ohio grape industries fund created under section 924.54 of 395 the Revised Code the moneys the treasurer of state receives from 396 this tax. 397

Sec. 4301.47. Every class A-1, A-1c, A-2, A-2f, and A-4 398 permit holder and each class B or S permit holder shall maintain 399 and keep for a period of three years a record of the beer, wine, 400 and mixed beverages purchased, distributed, or sold within this 401 state by the permit holder, together with invoices, records, 402 receipts, bills of lading, and other pertinent papers required 403 by the tax commissioner and, upon demand by the tax 404 commissioner, shall produce these records for a three-year 405 period prior to the demand unless upon satisfactory proof it is 406 shown that the nonproduction is due to causes beyond the permit 407

holder's control.	408
Sec. 4301.62. (A) As used in this section:	409
(1) "Chauffeured limousine" means a vehicle registered	410
under section 4503.24 of the Revised Code.	411
(2) "Street," "highway," and "motor vehicle" have the same	412
meanings as in section 4511.01 of the Revised Code.	413
(B) No person shall have in the person's possession an	414
opened container of beer or intoxicating liquor in any of the	415
following circumstances:	416
(1) Except as provided in division (C)(1)(e) of this	417
section, in an agency store;	418
(2) Except as provided in division (C) of this section, on	419
the premises of the holder of any permit issued by the division	420
of liquor control;	421
(3) In any other public place;	422
(4) Except as provided in division (D) or (E) of this	423
section, while operating or being a passenger in or on a motor	424
vehicle on any street, highway, or other public or private	425
property open to the public for purposes of vehicular travel or	426
parking;	427
(5) Except as provided in division (D) or (E) of this	428
section, while being in or on a stationary motor vehicle on any	429
street, highway, or other public or private property open to the	430
public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking.	431
(C)(1) A person may have in the person's possession an	432
opened container of any of the following:	433
(a) Beer or intoxicating liquor that has been lawfully	434

purchased for consumption on the premises where bought from the	435
holder of an A-1-A, A-2, $\underline{\text{A-2f,}}$ A-3a, D-1, D-2, D-3, D-3a, D-4,	436
D-4a, D-5, D-5a, D-5b, D-5c, D-5d, D-5e, D-5f, D-5g, D-5h, D-5i,	437
D-5j, D-5k, D-51, D-5m, D-5n, D-5o, D-7, D-8, E, F, F-2, F-5, F-	438
7, or F-8 permit;	439
(b) Beer, wine, or mixed beverages served for consumption	440
on the premises by the holder of an F-3 permit or wine served	441
for consumption on the premises by the holder of an F-4 or F-6 $$	442
permit;	443
(c) Beer or intoxicating liquor consumed on the premises	444
of a convention facility as provided in section 4303.201 of the	445
Revised Code;	446
(d) Beer or intoxicating liquor to be consumed during	447
tastings and samplings approved by rule of the liquor control	448
commission;	449
(e) Spirituous liquor to be consumed for purposes of a	450
tasting sample, as defined in section 4301.171 of the Revised	451
Code.	452
(2) A person may have in the person's possession on an F	453
liquor permit premises an opened container of beer or	454
intoxicating liquor that was not purchased from the holder of	455
the F permit if the premises for which the F permit is issued is	456
a music festival and the holder of the F permit grants	457
permission for that possession on the premises during the period	458
for which the F permit is issued. As used in this division,	459
"music festival" means a series of outdoor live musical	460
performances, extending for a period of at least three	461
consecutive days and located on an area of land of at least	462
forty acres.	463

(3)(a) A person may have in the person's possession on a	464
D-2 liquor permit premises an opened or unopened container of	465
wine that was not purchased from the holder of the D-2 permit if	466
the premises for which the D-2 permit is issued is an outdoor	467
performing arts center, the person is attending an orchestral	468
performance, and the holder of the D-2 permit grants permission	469
for the possession and consumption of wine in certain	470
predesignated areas of the premises during the period for which	471
the D-2 permit is issued.	472
(b) As used in division (C)(3)(a) of this section:	473
(i) "Orchestral performance" means a concert comprised of	474
a group of not fewer than forty musicians playing various	475
musical instruments.	476
(ii) "Outdoor performing arts center" means an outdoor	477
performing arts center that is located on not less than one	478
hundred fifty acres of land and that is open for performances	479
from the first day of April to the last day of October of each	480
year.	481
(4) A person may have in the person's possession an opened	482
or unopened container of beer or intoxicating liquor at an	483
outdoor location at which the person is attending an orchestral	484
performance as defined in division (C)(3)(b)(i) of this section	485
if the person with supervision and control over the performance	486
grants permission for the possession and consumption of beer or	487
intoxicating liquor in certain predesignated areas of that	488
outdoor location.	489
(5) A person may have in the person's possession on an F-9	490
liquor permit premises an opened or unopened container of beer	491

or intoxicating liquor that was not purchased from the holder of

the F-9 permit if the person is attending an orchestral	493
performance and the holder of the F-9 permit grants permission	494
for the possession and consumption of beer or intoxicating	495
liquor in certain predesignated areas of the premises during the	496
period for which the F-9 permit is issued.	497
As used in division (C)(5) of this section, "orchestral	498
performance" has the same meaning as in division (C)(3)(b) of	499
this section.	500
(6)(a) A person may have in the person's possession on the	501
property of an outdoor motorsports facility an opened or	502
unopened container of beer or intoxicating liquor that was not	503
purchased from the owner of the facility if both of the	504
following apply:	505
(i) The person is attending a racing event at the	506
facility; and	507
(ii) The owner of the facility grants permission for the	508
possession and consumption of beer or intoxicating liquor on the	509
property of the facility.	510
(b) As used in division (C)(6)(a) of this section:	511
(i) "Racing event" means a motor vehicle racing event	512
sanctioned by one or more motor racing sanctioning	513
organizations.	514
(ii) "Outdoor motorsports facility" means an outdoor	515
racetrack to which all of the following apply:	516
(I) It is two and four-tenths miles or more in length.	517
(II) It is located on two hundred acres or more of land.	518
(III) The primary business of the owner of the facility is	519

the hosting and promoting of racing events.	520
(IV) The holder of a D-1, D-2, or D-3 permit is located on	521
the property of the facility.	522
(7)(a) A person may have in the person's possession an	523
opened container of beer or intoxicating liquor at an outdoor	524
location within an outdoor refreshment area created under	525
section 4301.82 of the Revised Code if the opened container of	526
beer or intoxicating liquor was purchased from a qualified	527
permit holder to which both of the following apply:	528
(i) The permit holder's premises is located within the	529
outdoor refreshment area.	530
(ii) The permit held by the permit holder has an outdoor	531
refreshment area designation.	532
(b) Division (C)(7) of this section does not authorize a	533
person to do either of the following:	534
(i) Enter the premises of an establishment within an	535
outdoor refreshment area while possessing an opened container of	536
beer or intoxicating liquor acquired elsewhere;	537
(ii) Possess an opened container of beer or intoxicating	538
liquor while being in or on a motor vehicle within an outdoor	539
refreshment area, unless the motor vehicle is stationary and is	540
not being operated in a lane of vehicular travel or unless the	541
possession is otherwise authorized under division (D) or (E) of	542
this section.	543
(D) This section does not apply to a person who pays all	544
or a portion of the fee imposed for the use of a chauffeured	545
limousine pursuant to a prearranged contract, or the guest of	546
the person, when all of the following apply:	547

(1) The person or guest is a passenger in the limousine.	548
(2) The person or guest is located in the limousine, but	549
is not occupying a seat in the front compartment of the	550
limousine where the operator of the limousine is located.	551
(3) The limousine is located on any street, highway, or	552
other public or private property open to the public for purposes	553
of vehicular travel or parking.	554
(E) An opened bottle of wine that was purchased from the	555
holder of a permit that authorizes the sale of wine for	556
consumption on the premises where sold is not an opened	557
container for the purposes of this section if both of the	558
following apply:	559
(1) The opened bottle of wine is securely resealed by the	560
permit holder or an employee of the permit holder before the	561
bottle is removed from the premises. The bottle shall be secured	562
in such a manner that it is visibly apparent if the bottle has	563
been subsequently opened or tampered with.	564
(2) The opened bottle of wine that is resealed in	565
accordance with division (E)(1) of this section is stored in the	566
trunk of a motor vehicle or, if the motor vehicle does not have	567
a trunk, behind the last upright seat or in an area not normally	568
occupied by the driver or passengers and not easily accessible	569
by the driver.	570
(F)(1) Except if an ordinance or resolution is enacted or	571
adopted under division (F)(2) of this section, this section does	572
not apply to a person who, pursuant to a prearranged contract,	573
is a passenger riding on a commercial quadricycle when all of	574
the following apply:	575
(a) The person is not occupying a seat in the front of the	576

commercial quadricycle where the operator is steering or	577
braking.	578
(b) The commercial quadricycle is being operated on a	579
street, highway, or other public or private property open to the	580
public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking.	581
(c) The person has in their possession on the commercial	582
quadricycle an opened container of beer or wine.	583
(d) The person has in their possession on the commercial	584
quadricycle not more than either thirty-six ounces of beer or	585
eighteen ounces of wine.	586
(2) The legislative authority of a municipal corporation	587
or township may enact an ordinance or adopt a resolution, as	588
applicable, that prohibits a passenger riding on a commercial	589
quadricycle from possessing an opened container of beer or wine.	590
(3) As used in this section, "commercial quadricycle"	591
means a vehicle that has fully-operative pedals for propulsion	592
entirely by human power and that meets all of the following	593
requirements:	594
(a) It has four wheels and is operated in a manner similar	595
to a bicycle.	596
(b) It has at least five seats for passengers.	597
(c) It is designed to be powered by the pedaling of the	598
operator and the passengers.	599
(d) It is used for commercial purposes.	600
(e) It is operated by the vehicle owner or an employee of	601
the owner.	602
Sec. 4301.82. (A) As used in this section, "qualified	603

permit holder" means the holder of an A-1, A-1-A, A-1c, A-2, A-	604
2f, or D permit issued under Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code.	605
(B) The executive officer of a municipal corporation or	606
the fiscal officer of a township may file an application with	607
the legislative authority of the municipal corporation or	608
township to have property within the municipal corporation or	609
township designated as an outdoor refreshment area or to expand	610
an existing outdoor refreshment area to include additional	611
property within the municipal corporation or township. The	612
executive officer or fiscal officer shall ensure that the	613
application contains all of the following:	614
(1) A map or survey of the proposed outdoor refreshment	615
area in sufficient detail to identify the boundaries of the	616
area, which shall not exceed either of the following, as	617
applicable:	618
(a) Three hundred twenty contiguous acres or one-half	619
square mile if the municipal corporation or township has a	620
population of more than thirty-five thousand as specified in	621
division (D) of this section;	622
(b) One hundred fifty contiguous acres if the municipal	623
corporation or township has a population of thirty-five thousand	624
or less as specified in division (D) of this section.	625
(2) A general statement of the nature and types of	626
establishments that will be located within the proposed outdoor	627
refreshment area;	628
(3) A statement that the proposed outdoor refreshment area	629
will encompass not fewer than four qualified permit holders;	630
(4) Evidence that the uses of land within the proposed	631
outdoor refreshment area are in accord with the master zoning	632

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plan or map of the municipal corporation or township;	633
(5) Proposed requirements for the purpose of ensuring	634
public health and safety within the proposed outdoor refreshment	635
area.	636
(C) Within forty-five days after the date the application	637
is filed with the legislative authority of a municipal	638
corporation or township, the legislative authority shall publish	639
public notice of the application once a week for two consecutive	640
weeks in one newspaper of general circulation in the municipal	641
corporation or township or as provided in section 7.16 of the	642
Revised Code. The legislative authority shall ensure that the	643
notice states that the application is on file in the office of	644
the clerk of the municipal corporation or township and is	645
available for inspection by the public during regular business	646
hours. The legislative authority also shall indicate in the	647
notice the date and time of any public hearing to be held	648
regarding the application by the legislative authority.	649
Not earlier than thirty but not later than sixty days	650
after the initial publication of notice, the legislative	651
authority shall approve or disapprove the application by either	652
ordinance or resolution, as applicable. Approval of an	653
application requires an affirmative vote of a majority of the	654
legislative authority. Upon approval of the application by the	655
legislative authority, the territory described in the	656
application constitutes an outdoor refreshment area. The	657
legislative authority shall provide to the division of liquor	658
control and the investigative unit of the department of public	659

safety notice of the approval of the application and a

description of the area specified in the application. If the

legislative authority disapproves the application, the executive

officer of a municipal corporation or fiscal officer of a	663
township may make changes in the application to secure its	664
approval by the legislative authority.	665
(D) The creation of outdoor refreshment areas is limited	666
as follows:	667
(1) A municipal corporation or township with a population	668
of more than fifty thousand shall not create more than two	669
outdoor refreshment areas.	670
(2) A municipal corporation or township with a population	671
of more than thirty-five thousand but less than or equal to	672
fifty thousand shall not create more than one outdoor	673
refreshment area.	674
(3)(a) Except as provided in division (D)(3)(b) of this	675
section, a municipal corporation or township with a population	676
of thirty-five thousand or less shall not create an outdoor	677
refreshment area.	678
(b) A municipal corporation or township with a population	679
of thirty-five thousand or less may create one outdoor	680
refreshment area if the proposed area will include at least four	681
qualified permit holders and be composed of one hundred fifty or	682
fewer contiguous acres.	683
For purposes of this section, the population of a	684
municipal corporation or township is deemed to be the population	685
shown by the most recent regular federal decennial census.	686
(E) As soon as possible after receiving notice that an	687
outdoor refreshment area has been approved, the division of	688
liquor control, for purposes of section 4301.62 of the Revised	689
Code, shall issue an outdoor refreshment area designation to	690
each qualified permit holder located within the refreshment area	691

that is in compliance with all applicable requirements under	692
Chapters 4301. and 4303. of the Revised Code. The division shall	693
not charge any fee for the issuance of the designation. Any	694
permit holder that receives such a designation shall comply with	695
all laws, rules, and regulations that govern its license type,	696
and the applicable public health and safety requirements	697
established for the area under division (F) of this section.	698
(F)(1) At the time of the creation of an outdoor	699
refreshment area, the legislative authority of a municipal	700
corporation or township in which such an area is located shall	701
adopt an ordinance or resolution, as applicable, that	702
establishes requirements the legislative authority determines	703
necessary to ensure public health and safety within the area.	704
The legislative authority shall include in the ordinance or	705
resolution all of the following:	706
(a) The specific boundaries of the area, including street	707
addresses;	708
(b) The number, spacing, and type of signage designating	709
the area;	710
ene area,	710
(c) The hours of operation for the area;	711
(d) The number of personnel needed to ensure public safety	712
in the area;	713
(e) A sanitation plan that will help maintain the	714
appearance and public health of the area;	715
appearance and public hearth of the area,	715
(f) The number of personnel needed to execute the	716
sanitation plan;	717
(g) A requirement that beer and intoxicating liquor be	718
served solely in plastic bottles or other plastic containers in	719

the area.	720
The legislative authority may, but is not required to,	721
include in the ordinance or resolution any public health and	722
safety requirements proposed in an application under division	723
(B) of this section to designate or expand the outdoor	724
refreshment area. The legislative authority may subsequently	725
modify the public health and safety requirements as determined	726
necessary by the legislative authority.	727
(2) Prior to adopting an ordinance or resolution under	728
this division, the legislative authority shall give notice of	729
its proposed action by publication once a week for two	730
consecutive weeks in one newspaper of general circulation in the	731
municipal corporation or township or as provided in section 7.16	732
of the Revised Code.	733
(3) The legislative authority shall provide to the	734
division of liquor control and the investigative unit of the	735
department of public safety notice of the public health and	736
safety requirements established or modified under this division.	737
(G) Section 4399.18 of the Revised Code applies to a	738
liquor permit holder located within an outdoor refreshment area	739
in the same manner as if the liquor permit holder were not	740
located in an outdoor refreshment area.	741
(H)(1) Five years after the date of creation of an outdoor	742
refreshment area, the legislative authority of the municipal	743
corporation or township that created the area under this section	744
shall review the operation of the area and shall, by ordinance	745
or resolution, either approve the continued operation of the	746

resolution, the legislative authority shall give notice of its

proposed action by publication once a week for two consecutive
weeks in one newspaper of general circulation in the municipal
corporation or township or as provided in section 7.16 of the
Revised Code.

If the legislative authority dissolves the outdoor 753 refreshment area, the outdoor refreshment area ceases to exist. 754 The legislative authority then shall provide notice of its 755 action to the division of liquor control and the investigative 756 unit of the department of public safety. Upon receipt of the 757 notice, the division shall revoke all outdoor refreshment area 758 759 designations issued to qualified permit holders within the dissolved area. If the legislative authority approves the 760 continued operation of the outdoor refreshment area, the area 761 762 continues in operation.

- (2) Five years after the approval of the continued

  operation of an outdoor refreshment area under division (H)(1)

  of this section, the legislative authority shall conduct a

  review in the same manner as provided in division (H)(1) of this

  section. The legislative authority also shall conduct such a

  review five years after any subsequent approval of continued

  operation under division (H)(2) of this section.
- (I) At any time, the legislative authority of a municipal 770 corporation or township in which an outdoor refreshment area is 771 located may, by ordinance or resolution, dissolve all or a part 772 of the outdoor refreshment area. Prior to adopting the 773 774 resolution or ordinance, the legislative authority shall give notice of its proposed action by publication once a week for two 775 consecutive weeks in one newspaper of general circulation in the 776 municipal corporation or township or as provided in section 7.16 777 of the Revised Code. If the legislative authority dissolves all 778

or part of an outdoor refreshment area, the area designated in	779
the ordinance or resolution no longer constitutes an outdoor	780
refreshment area. The legislative authority shall provide notice	781
of its actions to the division of liquor control and the	782
investigative unit of the department of public safety. Upon	783
receipt of the notice, the division shall revoke all outdoor	784
refreshment area designations issued to qualified permit holders	785
within the dissolved area or portion of the area.	786
Sec. 4301.83. (A) As used in this section:	787
(1) "Qualified permit holder" means a person to which both	788
of the following apply:	789
(a) The person is the holder of an A-1, A-1-A, A-1c, A-2,	790
<u>A-2f</u> , or D permit issued under Chapter 4303. of the Revised	791
Code.	792
(b) The location of the premises for which the person has	793
been issued a permit specified in division (A)(1)(a) of this	794
section is in a county in which a major event will occur or in a	795
county contiguous to the county in which a major event will	796
occur.	797
(2) "Major event" means an event that meets all of the	798
following conditions:	799
(a) It is scheduled to occur in a municipal corporation	800
with a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more on or	801
after the effective date of this section September 29, 2015.	802
(b) It is expected to attract not less than three thousand	803
visitors.	804

(c) It is scheduled to have a duration of not less than

one day and not more than ten days.

(B) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary	807
and upon issuance of a waiver by the division of liquor control	808
under this section, a qualified permit holder may serve beer,	809
intoxicating liquor, or both between five thirty a.m. and four	810
a.m. the following day during a major event.	811
(C) Not later than one hundred twenty days prior to the	812
commencement of a major event, a qualified permit holder may	813
file an application for a waiver with the chief executive	814
officer of the municipal corporation in which the permit	815
holder's premises is located or the fiscal officer of the	816
township in which the permit holder's premises is located. The	817
qualified permit holder shall include in the application both of	818
the following:	819
(1) The name and address of the qualified permit holder;	820
(2) The name and address of the premises that is the	821
subject of the application.	822
(D)(1) Not later than ninety days prior to the	823
commencement of the major event, the chief executive officer of	824
the municipal corporation or the fiscal officer of the township	825
that receives an application under division (C) of this section	826
shall review all applications received under division (C) of	827
this section and compile a list of the applicants.	828
(2) In compiling the list under division (D)(1) of this	829
section, the chief executive officer or fiscal officer shall	830
consult with the chief law enforcement officer of the municipal	831
corporation or township, as applicable, to determine whether to	832
retain each applicant on the list.	833
(E)(1) Not later than sixty days prior to the commencement	834

of the major event, the chief executive officer of the municipal

corporation or the fiscal officer of the township that compiles	836
a list of qualified permit holders under division (D) of this	837
section shall submit the list to the division.	838
(2) The division shall review the list and determine	839
whether to retain each qualified permit holder on the list. The	840
division may remove the name of a permit holder from the list	841
for good cause. After review, the division shall certify the	842
list.	843
(F) Not later than thirty days prior to the commencement	844
of the major event, the division shall do both of the following:	845
(1) Return the list certified under division (E) of this	846
section to the chief executive officer of the municipal	847
corporation or the fiscal officer of the township that submitted	848
the original list under division (E) of this section;	849
(2) Issue a waiver to each permit holder on the list that	850
allows the permit holder to serve beer, intoxicating liquor, or	851
both between five thirty a.m. and four a.m. the following day	852
during the major event.	853
(G) The division shall establish the form of the	854
application to be used under this section and shall make it	855
available for use by qualified permit holders.	856
Sec. 4303.021. (A) Permit A-1-A may be issued to the	857
holder of an A-1, A-1c, $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{A}}$ A-2 $\frac{\text{f}}{\text{f}}$ permit to sell beer and	858
any intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink	859
in glass or from a container, provided that one of the following	860
applies to the A-1-A permit premises:	861
(1) It is situated on the same parcel or tract of land as	862
the related A-1, A-1c, $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{A}-2}$ A-2, or A-2f manufacturing permit	863
premises.	864

(2) It is separated from the parcel or tract of land on	865
which is located the A-1, A-1c, or A-2, or A-2f manufacturing	866
permit premises only by public streets or highways or by other	867
lands owned by the holder of the A-1, A-1c, or A-2, or A-2f	868
permit and used by the holder in connection with or in promotion	869
of the holder's A-1, A-1c, or A-2 permit business.	870
(3) It is situated on a parcel or tract of land that is	871
not more than one-half mile from the A-1, A-1c, or A-2f	872
manufacturing permit premises.	873
(B) The fee for this permit is three thousand nine hundred	874
six dollars.	875
(C)(1) The holder of an A-1-A permit may sell beer and any	876
intoxicating liquor during the same hours as the holders of D-5	877
permits under this chapter or Chapter 4301. of the Revised Code	878
or the rules of the liquor control commission and shall obtain a	879
license as a retail food establishment or a food service	880
operation pursuant to Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code and	881
operate as a restaurant for purposes of this chapter.	882
(2) If a permit A-1-A is issued to the holder of an A-1 or	883
A-1c permit, the A-1-A permit holder may sell beer at the A-1-A	884
permit premises dispensed in glass containers with a capacity	885
that does not exceed one gallon and not for consumption on the	886
premises where sold if all of the following apply:	887
(a) The A-1-A permit premises is situated in the same	888
municipal corporation or township as the related A-1 or A-1c	889
manufacturing permit premises.	890
(b) The containers are sealed, marked, and transported in	891
accordance with division (E) of section 4301.62 of the Revised	892
Code.	893

(c) The containers have been cleaned immediately before being filled in accordance with rule 4301:1-1-28 of the	894
	895
Administrative Code.	896

(D) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 897 division of liquor control shall not issue a new A-1-A permit to 898 the holder of an A-1, A-1c, or A-2f permit unless the 899 sale of beer and intoxicating liquor under class D permits is 900 permitted in the precinct in which the A-1, A-1c, or A-901 2f permit is located and, in the case of an A-2 or A-2f permit, 902 903 unless the holder of the A-2 or A-2f permit manufactures or has a storage capacity of at least twenty-five thousand gallons of 904 wine per year. The immediately preceding sentence does not 905 prohibit the issuance of an A-1-A permit to an applicant for 906 such a permit who is the holder of an A-1 permit and whose 907 application was filed with the division of liquor control before 908 June 1, 1994. The liquor control commission shall not restrict 909 the number of A-1-A permits which may be located within a 910 precinct. 911

Sec. 4303.03. (A) Subject to division (B) of this section, 912 permit A-2 may be issued to a manufacturer to manufacture wine 913 from grapes or other, fruits, or other agricultural products; 914 to import and purchase wine in bond for blending purposes, the 915 total amount of wine so imported during the year covered by the 916 permit not to exceed forty per cent of all the wine manufactured 917 and imported; to manufacture, purchase, and import brandy for 918 fortifying purposes; and to sell those products either in glass 919 or container for consumption on the premises where manufactured, 920 in sealed containers for consumption off the premises where 921 manufactured, and to wholesale permit holders under the rules 922 adopted by the division of liquor control. 923

(B)(1) The holder of an $A-2$ permit shall not sell directly	924
to a retailer. In order to make sales to a retailer, the	925
manufacturer shall obtain a B-2a permit or make the sale	926
directly to a B-2 or B-5 permit holder for subsequent resale to	927
a retailer.	928
(2) The holder of an A-2 permit shall not sell directly to	929
a consumer unless the product is sold on the premises in	930
accordance with division (A) of this section. In order to make	931
sales to a consumer off the premises where the wine is	932
manufactured, the manufacturer shall obtain an S permit.	933
(3) Nothing in this chapter prohibits an A-2 permit holder	934
also holding a B-2a or S permit.	935
(C) The fee for this permit is seventy-six dollars for	936
each plant to which this permit is issued.	937
Sec. 4303.031. (A) Subject to divisions (B) and (C) of	938
this section, permit A-2f may be issued to a manufacturer to do	939
all of the following:	940
(1) Manufacture wine from grapes, fruits, or other	941
agricultural products;	942
(2) Import and purchase wine in bond for blending	943
purposes. The total amount of wine imported for blending	944
purposes during any year covered by the permit shall not exceed	945
forty per cent of all the wine manufactured and imported.	946
(3) Manufacture, purchase, and import brandy for	947
<pre>fortifying purposes;</pre>	948
(4) Sell products produced under divisions (A)(1) to (3)	949
of this section either in glass or container for consumption on	950
the premises where manufactured, in sealed containers for	951

consumption off the premises where manufactured, and to	952
wholesale permit holders under the rules adopted by the division	953
of liquor control.	954
(B) The division may issue permit A-2f to a manufacturer	955
only if both of the following apply:	956
(1) The manufacturer grows grapes, fruits, or other	957
agricultural products on property owned by the manufacturer that	958
is classified as land devoted exclusively to agricultural use in	959
accordance with section 5713.31 of the Revised Code.	960
(2) The manufacturer processes the grapes, fruits, or	961
other agricultural products specified in division (B)(1) of this	962
section into wine and sells the wine as authorized in this	963
section.	964
(C)(1) The holder of an A-2f permit shall not sell	965
directly to a retailer. In order to make sales to a retailer,	966
the manufacturer shall obtain a B-2a permit or make the sale	967
directly to a B-2 or B-5 permit holder for subsequent resale to	968
a retailer.	969
(2) The holder of an A-2f permit shall not sell directly	970
to a consumer unless the product is sold on the premises in	971
accordance with division (A) of this section. In order to make	972
sales to a consumer off the premises where the wine is	973
manufactured, the manufacturer shall obtain an S permit.	974
(3) Nothing in this chapter prohibits an A-2f permit	975
holder from also holding a B-2a or S permit.	976
(D) The fee for this permit is seventy-six dollars for	977
each plant to which this permit is issued.	978
(F) The A-2f permit shall be known as the "Ohio Farm	970

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#### Winery Permit." 980 Sec. 4303.07. Permit B-2 may be issued to a wholesale 981 distributor of wine to purchase from holders of A-2, A-2f, and 982 B-5 permits and distribute or sell that product, in the original 983 container in which it was placed by the B-5 permit holder or 984 manufacturer at the place where manufactured, to retail permit 985 holders and for home use. The fee for this permit is five 986 987 hundred dollars for each distributing plant or warehouse. Sec. 4303.10. Permit B-5 may be issued to a wholesale 988 distributor of wine to purchase wine from the holders of A-2 and 989 A-2f permits, to purchase and import wine in bond or otherwise, 990 in bulk or in containers of any size, and to bottle wine for 991 distribution and sale to holders of wholesale or retail permits 992 and for home use in sealed containers. No wine shall be bottled 993 994 by a B-5 permit holder in containers supplied by any person who intends the wine for home use. The fee for this permit is one 995 thousand five hundred sixty-three dollars. 996 997 Sec. 4303.182. (A) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (B) to (K) of this section, permit D`-6 shall be 998 issued to the holder of an A-1-A, A-2, $\underline{A-2f}$ , A-3a, C-2, D-2, D-999 3, D-3a, D-4, D-4a, D-5, D-5a, D-5b, D-5c, D-5d, D-5e, D-5f, D-1000 5q, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, D-5l, D-5m, D-5n, D-5o, or D-7 1001 permit to allow sale under that permit as follows: 1002 (1) Between the hours of ten a.m. and midnight on Sunday 1003 if sale during those hours has been approved under question (C) 1004

(1), (2), or (3) of section 4301.351 or 4301.354 of the Revised

Code, under question (B)(2) of section 4301.355 of the Revised

4301.366 of the Revised Code, under the restrictions of that

authorized under section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or

Code, or under section 4301.356 of the Revised Code and has been

authorization;

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(2) Between the hours of eleven a.m. and midnight on	1011
Sunday, if sale during those hours has been approved on or after	1012
October 16, 2009, under question (B)(1), (2), or (3) of section	1013
4301.351 or 4301.354 of the Revised Code, under question (B)(2)	1014
of section 4301.355 of the Revised Code, or under section	1015
4301.356 of the Revised Code and has been authorized under	1016
section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or 4301.366 of the Revised	1017
Code, under the restrictions of that authorization;	1018
(3) Between the hours of eleven a.m. and midnight on	1019
Sunday if sale between the hours of one p.m. and midnight was	1020
approved before October 16, 2009, under question (B)(1), (2), or	1021
(3) of section 4301.351 or 4301.354 of the Revised Code, under	1022
question (B)(2) of section 4301.355 of the Revised Code, or	1023
under section 4301.356 of the Revised Code and has been	1024
authorized under section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or	1025
4301.366 of the Revised Code, under the other restrictions of	1026
that authorization.	1027
(B) Permit D-6 shall be issued to the holder of any	1028
permit, including a D-4a and D-5d permit, authorizing the sale	1029
of intoxicating liquor issued for a premises located at any	1030
publicly owned airport, as defined in section 4563.01 of the	1031
Revised Code, at which commercial airline companies operate	1032
regularly scheduled flights on which space is available to the	1033
public, to allow sale under such permit between the hours of ten	1034
a.m. and midnight on Sunday, whether or not that sale has been	1035
authorized under section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or	1036
4301.366 of the Revised Code.	1037
(C) Permit D-6 shall be issued to the holder of a D-5a	1038
permit, and to the holder of a D-3 or D-3a permit who is the	1039

owner or operator of a hotel or motel that is required to be	1040
licensed under section 3731.03 of the Revised Code, that	1041
contains at least fifty rooms for registered transient guests,	1042
and that has on its premises a retail food establishment or a	1043
food service operation licensed pursuant to Chapter 3717. of the	1044
Revised Code that operates as a restaurant for purposes of this	1045
chapter and is affiliated with the hotel or motel and within or	1046
contiguous to the hotel or motel and serving food within the	1047
hotel or motel, to allow sale under such permit between the	1048
hours of ten a.m. and midnight on Sunday, whether or not that	1049
sale has been authorized under section 4301.361, 4301.364,	1050
4301.365, or 4301.366 of the Revised Code.	1051

- (D) The holder of a D-6 permit that is issued to a sports 1052 facility may make sales under the permit between the hours of 1053 eleven a.m. and midnight on any Sunday on which a professional 1054 baseball, basketball, football, hockey, or soccer game is being 1055 played at the sports facility. As used in this division, "sports 1056 facility" means a stadium or arena that has a seating capacity 1057 of at least four thousand and that is owned or leased by a 1058 professional baseball, basketball, football, hockey, or soccer 1059 franchise or any combination of those franchises. 1060
- (E) Permit D-6 shall be issued to the holder of any permit 1061 that authorizes the sale of beer or intoxicating liquor and that 1062 is issued to a premises located in or at the Ohio history 1063 connection area or the state fairgrounds, as defined in division 1064 (B) of section 4301.40 of the Revised Code, to allow sale under 1065 that permit between the hours of ten a.m. and midnight on 1066 Sunday, whether or not that sale has been authorized under 1067 section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or 4301.366 of the Revised 1068 1069 Code.

(F) Permit D-6 shall be issued to the holder of any permit	1070
that authorizes the sale of intoxicating liquor and that is	1071
issued to an outdoor performing arts center to allow sale under	1072
that permit between the hours of one p.m. and midnight on	1073
Sunday, whether or not that sale has been authorized under	1074
section 4301.361 of the Revised Code. A D-6 permit issued under	1075
this division is subject to the results of an election, held	1076
after the D-6 permit is issued, on question (B)(4) as set forth	1077
in section 4301.351 of the Revised Code. Following the end of	1078
the period during which an election may be held on question (B)	1079
(4) as set forth in that section, sales of intoxicating liquor	1080
may continue at an outdoor performing arts center under a $D-6$	1081
permit issued under this division, unless an election on that	1082
question is held during the permitted period and a majority of	1083
the voters voting in the precinct on that question vote "no."	1084

As used in this division, "outdoor performing arts center"

means an outdoor performing arts center that is located on not

less than eight hundred acres of land and that is open for

performances from the first day of April to the last day of

October of each year.

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- (G) Permit D-6 shall be issued to the holder of any permit 1090 that authorizes the sale of beer or intoxicating liquor and that 1091 is issued to a golf course owned by the state, a conservancy 1092 district, a park district created under Chapter 1545. of the 1093 Revised Code, or another political subdivision to allow sale 1094 under that permit between the hours of ten a.m. and midnight on 1095 Sunday, whether or not that sale has been authorized under 1096 section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or 4301.366 of the Revised 1097 Code. 1098
  - (H) Permit D-6 shall be issued to the holder of a D-5g

permit to allow sale under that permit between the hours of ten	1100
a.m. and midnight on Sunday, whether or not that sale has been	1101
authorized under section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or	1102
4301.366 of the Revised Code.	1103

(I) Permit D-6 shall be issued to the holder of any D

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permit for a premises that is licensed under Chapter 3717. of

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the Revised Code and that is located at a ski area to allow sale

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under the D-6 permit between the hours of ten a.m. and midnight

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on Sunday, whether or not that sale has been authorized under

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section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or 4301.366 of the Revised

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Code.

As used in this division, "ski area" means a ski area as

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defined in section 4169.01 of the Revised Code, provided that

the passenger tramway operator at that area is registered under

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section 4169.03 of the Revised Code.

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- (J) Permit D-6 shall be issued to the holder of any 1115 permit that is described in division (A) of this section for a 1116 permit premises that is located in a community entertainment 1117 district, as defined in section 4301.80 of the Revised Code, 1118 that was approved by the legislative authority of a municipal 1119 corporation under that section between October 1 and October 15, 1120 2005, to allow sale under the permit between the hours of ten 1121 a.m. and midnight on Sunday, whether or not that sale has been 1122 authorized under section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or 1123 4301.366 of the Revised Code. 1124
- (K) A D-6 permit shall be issued to the holder of any D

  permit for a premises that is licensed under Chapter 3717. of

  the Revised Code and that is located in a state park to allow

  sales under the D-6 permit between the hours of ten a.m. and

  midnight on Sunday, whether or not those sales have been

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authorized under section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.363, or	1130
4301.366 of the Revised Code.	1131
As used in this division, "state park" means a state park	1132
that is established or dedicated under Chapter 1541. of the	1133
Revised Code and that has a working farm on its property.	1134
(L) If the restriction to licensed premises where the sale	1135
of food and other goods and services exceeds fifty per cent of	1136
the total gross receipts of the permit holder at the premises is	1137
applicable, the division of liquor control may accept an	1138
affidavit from the permit holder to show the proportion of the	1139
permit holder's gross receipts derived from the sale of food and	1140
other goods and services. If the liquor control commission	1141
determines that affidavit to have been false, it shall revoke	1142
the permits of the permit holder at the premises concerned.	1143
(M) The fee for the D-6 permit is five hundred dollars	1144
when it is issued to the holder of an A-1-A, A-2, $\underline{\text{A-2f,}}$ A-3a, D-	1145
2, D-3, D-3a, D-4, D-4a, D-5, D-5a, D-5b, D-5c, D-5d, D-5e, D-	1146
5f, D-5g, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, D-5l, D-5m, D-5n, D-5o, or D-7	1147
permit. The fee for the D-6 permit is four hundred dollars when	1148
it is issued to the holder of a C-2 permit.	1149
Sec. 4303.204. (A) The division of liquor control may	1150
issue an F-4 permit to an organization or corporation organized	1151
not-for-profit in this state to conduct an event that includes	1152
the introduction, showcasing, or promotion of Ohio wines, if the	1153
event has all of the following characteristics:	1154
(1) It is coordinated by that organization or corporation,	1155
and the organization or corporation is responsible for the	1156
activities at it.	1157
(2) It has as one of its purposes the intent to introduce,	1158

showcase, or promote Ohio wines to persons who attend it.	1159
(3) It includes the sale of food for consumption on the	1160
premises where sold.	1161
(4) It features any combination of at least three A-2 or	1162
<u>A-2f</u> permit holders who sell Ohio wine at it.	1163
(B) The holder of an F-4 permit may furnish, with or	1164
without charge, wine that it has obtained from the A-2 $\underline{\text{or A-2f}}$	1165
permit holders that are participating in the event for which the	1166
F-4 permit is issued, in two-ounce samples for consumption on	1167
the premises where furnished and may sell such wine by the glass	1168
for consumption on the premises where sold. The holder of an A-2	1169
or A-2f permit that is participating in the event for which the	1170
F-4 permit is issued may sell wine that it has manufactured, in	1171
sealed containers for consumption off the premises where sold.	1172
Wine may be furnished or sold on the premises of the event for	1173
which the F-4 permit is issued only where and when the sale of	1174
wine is otherwise permitted by law.	1175
(C) The premises of the event for which the F-4 permit is	1176
issued shall be clearly defined and sufficiently restricted to	1177
allow proper enforcement of the permit by state and local law	1178
enforcement officers. If an F-4 permit is issued for all or a	1179
portion of the same premises for which another class of permit	1180
is issued, that permit holder's privileges will be suspended in	1181
that portion of the premises in which the $F-4$ permit is in	1182
effect.	1183
(D) No F-4 permit shall be effective for more than	1184
seventy-two consecutive hours. No sales or furnishing of wine	1185
shall take place under an F-4 permit after one a.m.	1186
(E) The division shall not issue more than six F-4 permits	1187

to the same not-for-profit organization or corporation in any	1188
one calendar year.	1189
(F) An applicant for an F-4 permit shall apply for the	1190
permit not later than thirty days prior to the first day of the	1191
event for which the permit is sought. The application for the	1192
permit shall list all of the A-2 $\underline{\text{and A-2f}}$ permit holders that	1193
will participate in the event for which the $F-4$ permit is	1194
sought. The fee for the $F-4$ permit is sixty dollars per day.	1195
The division shall prepare and make available an F-4	1196
permit application form and may require applicants for and	1197
holders of the F-4 permit to provide information that is in	1198
addition to that required by this section and that is necessary	1199
for the administration of this section.	1200
(G)(1) The holder of an $F-4$ permit is responsible for, and	1201
is subject to penalties for, any violations of this chapter or	1202
Chapter 4301. of the Revised Code or the rules adopted under	1203
this and that chapter.	1204
(2) An F-4 permit holder shall not allow an A-2 or A-2f	1205
permit holder to participate in the event for which the $F-4$	1206
permit is issued if the A-2 $\underline{\text{or A-2f}}$ or $\underline{\text{the}}$ A-1-A permit of that	1207
A-2 <u>or A-2f</u> permit holder is under suspension.	1208
(3) The division may refuse to issue an F-4 permit to an	1209
applicant who has violated any provision of this chapter or	1210
Chapter 4301. of the Revised Code during the applicant's	1211
previous operation under an F-4 permit, for a period of up to	1212
two years after the date of the violation.	1213
(H)(1) Notwithstanding division (D) of section 4301.22 of	1214
the Revised Code, an A-2 $\underline{\text{or A-2f}}$ permit holder that participates	1215
in an event for which an F-4 permit is issued may donate wine	1216

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that it has manufactured to the holder of that F-4 permit. The	1217
holder of an F-4 permit may return unused and sealed containers	1218
of wine to the A-2 $\underline{\text{or A-2f}}$ permit holder that donated the wine	1219
at the conclusion of the event for which the F-4 permit was	1220
issued.	1221

(2) The participation by an A-2 <u>or A-2f</u> permit holder or its employees in an event for which an F-4 permit is issued does not violate section 4301.24 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4303.33. (A) Every A-1 or A-1c permit holder in this 1225 state, every bottler, importer, wholesale dealer, broker, 1226 producer, or manufacturer of beer outside this state and within 1227 the United States, and every B-1 permit holder and importer 1228 importing beer from any manufacturer, bottler, person, or group 1229 of persons however organized outside the United States for sale 1230 or distribution for sale in this state, on or before the 1231 eighteenth day of each month, shall make and file with the tax 1232 commissioner upon a form prescribed by the tax commissioner an 1233 advance tax payment in an amount estimated to equal the 1234 taxpayer's tax liability for the month in which the advance tax 1235 payment is made. If the advance tax payment credits claimed on 1236 the report are for advance tax payments received by the tax 1237 1238 commissioner on or before the eighteenth day of the month covered by the report, the taxpayer is entitled to an additional 1239 credit of three per cent of the advance tax payment and a 1240 discount of three per cent shall be allowed the taxpayer at the 1241 time of filing the report if filed as provided in division (B) 1242 of this section on any amount by which the tax liability 1243 reflected in the report exceeds the advance tax payment estimate 1244 by not more than ten per cent. The additional three per cent 1245 credit and three per cent discount shall be in consideration for 1246 advancing the payment of the tax and other services performed by 1247

the permit holder and other taxpayers in the collection of the	1248
tax.	1249
"Advance tax payment credit" means credit for payments	1250
made by an A-1, A-1c, or B-1 permit holder and any other persons	1251
during the period covered by a report which was made in	1252
anticipation of the tax liability required to be reported on	1253
that report.	1254
"Tax liability" as used in division (A) of this section	1255
means the total gross tax liability of an A-1, A-1c, or B-1	1256
permit holder and any other persons for the period covered by a	1257
report before any allowance for credits and discount.	1258
(B) Every A-1 or A-1c permit holder in this state, every	1259
bottler, importer, wholesale dealer, broker, producer, or	1260
manufacturer of beer outside this state and within the United	1261
States, every B-1 permit holder importing beer from any	1262
manufacturer, bottler, person, or group of persons however	1263
organized outside the United States, and every S permit holder,	1264
on or before the tenth day of each month, shall make and file a	1265
report for the preceding month upon a form prescribed by the tax	1266
commissioner which report shall show the amount of beer	1267
produced, sold, and distributed for sale in this state by the A-	1268
1 or A-1c permit holder, sold and distributed for sale in this	1269
state by each manufacturer, bottler, importer, wholesale dealer,	1270
or broker outside this state and within the United States, the	1271
amount of beer imported into this state from outside the United	1272
States and sold and distributed for sale in this state by the B-	1273
1 permit holder or importer, and the amount of beer sold in this	1274
state by the S permit holder.	1275
The report shall be filed by mailing it to the tax	1276

commissioner, together with payment of the tax levied by

sections 4301.42 and 4305.01 of the Revised Code shown to be due	1278
on the report after deduction of advance payment credits and any	1279
additional credits or discounts provided for under this section.	1280

- (C) (1) Every A-2, A-2f, A-4, B-2, B-2a, B-3, B-4, B-5, and 1281 S permit holder in this state, on or before the eighteenth day 1282 of each month, shall make and file a report with the tax 1283 commissioner upon a form prescribed by the tax commissioner 1284 which report shall show, on the report of each A-2, A-2f, A-4, 1285 B-2a, and S permit holder the amount of wine, cider, and mixed 1286 beverages produced and sold, or sold in this state by each such 1287 A-2, A-2f, A-4, B-2a, and S permit holder for the next preceding 1288 calendar month and such other information as the tax 1289 commissioner requires, and on the report of each such B-2, B-3, 1290 B-4, and B-5 permit holder the amount of wine, cider, and mixed 1291 beverages purchased from an importer, broker, wholesale dealer, 1292 producer, or manufacturer located outside this state and sold 1293 and distributed in this state by such B-2, B-3, B-4, and B-5 1294 permit holder, for the next preceding calendar month and such 1295 other information as the tax commissioner requires. 1296
- (2) Every such A-2, A-2f, A-4, B-2, B-2a, B-3, B-4, B-5, 1297 and S permit holder in this state shall remit with the report 1298 the tax levied by sections 4301.43 and, if applicable, 4301.432 1299 of the Revised Code less a discount thereon of three per cent of 1300 the total tax so levied and paid, provided the return is filed 1301 together with remittance of the amount of tax shown to be due 1302 thereon, within the time prescribed. Any permit holder or other 1303 persons who fail to file a report under this section, for each 1304 day the person so fails, may be required to forfeit and pay into 1305 the state treasury the sum of one dollar as revenue arising from 1306 the tax imposed by sections 4301.42, 4301.43, 4301.432, and 1307 4305.01 of the Revised Code, and that sum may be collected by 1308

assessment in the manner provided in section 4305.13 of the Revised Code.	1309 1310
(3) If the tax commissioner determines that the quantity	1311
reported by a person does not warrant monthly reporting, the	1312
commissioner may authorize the filing of returns and the payment	1313
of the tax required by this section for periods longer than one	1314
month.	1315
(D) Every B-1 permit holder and importer in this state	1316
importing beer from any manufacturer, bottler, person, or group	1317
of persons however organized, outside the United States, if	1318
required by the tax commissioner shall post a bond payable to	1319
the state in such form and amount as the commissioner prescribes	1320
with surety to the satisfaction of the tax commissioner,	1321
conditioned upon the payment to the tax commissioner of taxes	1322
levied by sections 4301.42 and 4305.01 of the Revised Code.	1323
(E) No such wine, beer, cider, or mixed beverages sold or	1324
distributed in this state shall be taxed more than once under	1325
sections 4301.42, 4301.43, and 4305.01 of the Revised Code.	1326
(F) As used in this section:	1327
(1) "Cider" has the same meaning as in section 4301.01 of	1328
the Revised Code.	1329
(2) "Wine" has the same meaning as in section 4301.01 of	1330
the Revised Code, except that "wine" does not include cider.	1331
(G) All money collected by the tax commissioner under this	1332
section shall be paid to the treasurer of state as revenue	1333
arising from the taxes levied by sections 4301.42, 4301.43,	1334
4301.432, and 4305.01 of the Revised Code.	1335
Sec. 4303.333. (A) An A-2 or A-2f permit holder in this	1336

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state whose total production of wine, wherever produced, which	1337
but for this exemption is taxable under section 4301.43 of the	1338
Revised Code does not exceed five hundred thousand gallons in a	1339
calendar year, shall be allowed an exemption from the taxes	1340
levied under section 4301.43 of the Revised Code on wine	1341
produced and sold or distributed in this state. The exemption	1342
may be claimed monthly against current taxes levied under such	1343
section as the reports required by section 4303.33 of the	1344
Revised Code are due. At the time the report for December is due	1345
for a calendar year during which a permit holder claimed an	1346
exemption under this section, if the permit holder has paid the	1347
tax levied under section 4301.43 of the Revised Code, the permit	1348
holder may claim a refund of such tax paid during the calendar	1349
year or shall remit any additional tax due because it did not	1350
qualify for the exemption on the December report. For the	1351
purpose of providing this refund, taxes previously paid under	1352
section 4303.33 of the Revised Code during the calendar year	1353
shall not be considered final until the December report is	1354
filed.	1355

- (B) The tax commissioner shall prescribe forms for and allow the exemptions and refunds authorized by this section.
- Sec. 5709.55. Personal property used exclusively to

  transport, store, crush, press, process, ferment, or age grape

  agricultural products in the production of grape juice or grape

  wine, and grape juice or grape wine held in the course of

  business, but not held in labeled containers in which it will be

  sold, are exempt from personal property taxation if either of

  the following apply:

  1358
- (A) The property is used or held by the holder of a liquor 1365 permit issued under section 4303.03 or 4303.031 of the Revised 1366

Code whose primary business is the production of wine+.	1367
(B) The production is used or held by a person or	1368
enterprise engaged in agriculture that sells the grape	1369
agricultural products or juice or wine to a holder of a liquor	1370
permit issued under section 4303.03 or 4303.031 of the Revised	1371
Code if the primary business of the permittee is the production	1372
of wine.	1373
Section 2. That existing sections 4301.12, 4301.13,	1374
4301.24, 4301.30, 4301.355, 4301.43, 4301.432, 4301.47, 4301.62,	1375
4301.82, 4301.83, 4303.021, 4303.03, 4303.07, 4303.10, 4303.182,	1376
4303.204, 4303.33, 4303.333, and 5709.55 of the Revised Code are	1377
hereby repealed.	1378
Section 3. Section 4303.07 of the Revised Code is	1379
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	1380
by both Am. Sub. H.B. 306 and Am. Sub. S.B. 164 of the 125th	1381
General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle	1382
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	1383
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	1384
simultaneous operation, finds that the composite is the	1385
resulting version of the section in effect prior to the	1386
effective date of the section as presented in this act.	1387
Section 4303.182 of the Revised Code is presented in this	1388
act as a composite of the section as amended by both Am. Sub.	1389
H.B. 64 and Am. H.B. 141 of the 131st General Assembly. The	1390
General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B)	1391
of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	1392
harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation,	1393
finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section	1394
in effect prior to the effective date of the section as	1395
presented in this act.	1396