#### As Introduced

# 131st General Assembly

# Regular Session 2015-2016

H. B. No. 378

# Representatives Hambley, Rezabek

Cosponsors: Representatives Arndt, Boose, Brown, Conditt, LaTourette, Manning, McColley, O'Brien, M., Schuring, Slaby

## A BILL

То	amend sections 2935.03, 4513.35, and 4513.39 of	1
	the Revised Code to authorize law enforcement	2
	officers of township police districts and joint	3
	police districts, and township constables,	4
	serving specified small populations to make	5
	arrests for motor vehicle-related violations	6
	committed on an interstate highway in the same	7
	manner as township law enforcement officers	8
	serving larger populations.	9

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

<b>Section 1.</b> That sections 2935.03, 4513.35, and 4513.39 of	10
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	11
Sec. 2935.03. (A)(1) A sheriff, deputy sheriff, marshal,	12
deputy marshal, municipal police officer, township constable,	13
police officer of a township or joint police district, member of	14
a police force employed by a metropolitan housing authority	15
under division (D) of section 3735.31 of the Revised Code,	16
member of a police force employed by a regional transit	17
authority under division (Y) of section 306 35 of the Revised	1.8

H. B. No. 378

Page 2
As Introduced

Code, state university law enforcement officer appointed under	19
section 3345.04 of the Revised Code, veterans' home police	20
officer appointed under section 5907.02 of the Revised Code,	21
special police officer employed by a port authority under	22
section 4582.04 or 4582.28 of the Revised Code, or a special	23
police officer employed by a municipal corporation at a	24
municipal airport, or other municipal air navigation facility,	25
that has scheduled operations, as defined in section 119.3 of	26
Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations, 14 C.F.R. 119.3, as	27
amended, and that is required to be under a security program and	28
is governed by aviation security rules of the transportation	29
security administration of the United States department of	30
transportation as provided in Parts 1542. and 1544. of Title 49	31
of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended, shall arrest and	32
detain, until a warrant can be obtained, a person found	33
violating, within the limits of the political subdivision,	34
metropolitan housing authority housing project, regional transit	35
authority facilities or areas of a municipal corporation that	36
have been agreed to by a regional transit authority and a	37
municipal corporation located within its territorial	38
jurisdiction, college, university, veterans' home operated under	39
Chapter 5907. of the Revised Code, port authority, or municipal	40
airport or other municipal air navigation facility, in which the	41
peace officer is appointed, employed, or elected, a law of this	42
state, an ordinance of a municipal corporation, or a resolution	43
of a township.	44
(0)	4.5

(2) A peace officer of the department of natural 45 resources, a state fire marshal law enforcement officer 46 described in division (A)(23) of section 109.71 of the Revised 47 Code, or an individual designated to perform law enforcement 48 duties under section 511.232, 1545.13, or 6101.75 of the Revised 49

H. B. No. 378

Page 3

As Introduced

Code shall arrest and detain, until a warrant can be obtained, a 50 person found violating, within the limits of the peace 51 officer's, state fire marshal law enforcement officer's, or 52 individual's territorial jurisdiction, a law of this state. 53

(3) The house sergeant at arms, if the house sergeant at 54 arms has arrest authority pursuant to division (E)(1) of section 55 101.311 of the Revised Code, and an assistant house sergeant at 56 arms shall arrest and detain, until a warrant can be obtained, a 57 person found violating, within the limits of the sergeant at 58 arms's or assistant sergeant at arms's territorial jurisdiction 59 specified in division (D)(1)(a) of section 101.311 of the 60 Revised Code or while providing security pursuant to division 61 (D)(1)(f) of section 101.311 of the Revised Code, a law of this 62 state, an ordinance of a municipal corporation, or a resolution 63 of a township. 64

65

66

67

68

69

70

- (4) The senate sergeant at arms and an assistant senate sergeant at arms shall arrest and detain, until a warrant can be obtained, a person found violating, within the limits of the sergeant at arms's or assistant sergeant at arms's territorial jurisdiction specified in division (B) of section 101.312 of the Revised Code, a law of this state, an ordinance of a municipal corporation, or a resolution of a township.
- (B) (1) When there is reasonable ground to believe that an 72 offense of violence, the offense of criminal child enticement as 73 defined in section 2905.05 of the Revised Code, the offense of 74 public indecency as defined in section 2907.09 of the Revised 75 Code, the offense of domestic violence as defined in section 76 2919.25 of the Revised Code, the offense of violating a 77 protection order as defined in section 2919.27 of the Revised 78 Code, the offense of menacing by stalking as defined in section 79

2903.211 of the Revised Code, the offense of aggravated trespass	80
as defined in section 2911.211 of the Revised Code, a theft	81
offense as defined in section 2913.01 of the Revised Code, or a	82
felony drug abuse offense as defined in section 2925.01 of the	83
Revised Code, has been committed within the limits of the	84
political subdivision, metropolitan housing authority housing	85
project, regional transit authority facilities or those areas of	86
a municipal corporation that have been agreed to by a regional	87
transit authority and a municipal corporation located within its	88
territorial jurisdiction, college, university, veterans' home	89
operated under Chapter 5907. of the Revised Code, port	90
authority, or municipal airport or other municipal air	91
navigation facility, in which the peace officer is appointed,	92
employed, or elected or within the limits of the territorial	93
jurisdiction of the peace officer, a peace officer described in	94
division (A) of this section may arrest and detain until a	95
warrant can be obtained any person who the peace officer has	96
reasonable cause to believe is guilty of the violation.	97

- (2) For purposes of division (B)(1) of this section, the 98 execution of any of the following constitutes reasonable ground 99 to believe that the offense alleged in the statement was 100 committed and reasonable cause to believe that the person 101 alleged in the statement to have committed the offense is guilty 102 of the violation:
- (a) A written statement by a person alleging that an 104 alleged offender has committed the offense of menacing by 105 stalking or aggravated trespass; 106
- (b) A written statement by the administrator of the 107interstate compact on mental health appointed under section 1085119.71 of the Revised Code alleging that a person who had been 109

hospitalized, institutionalized, or confined in any facility	110
under an order made pursuant to or under authority of section	111
2945.37, 2945.371, 2945.38, 2945.39, 2945.40, 2945.401, or	112
2945.402 of the Revised Code has escaped from the facility, from	113
confinement in a vehicle for transportation to or from the	114
facility, or from supervision by an employee of the facility	115
that is incidental to hospitalization, institutionalization, or	116
confinement in the facility and that occurs outside of the	117
facility, in violation of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code;	118
(c) A written statement by the administrator of any	119
facility in which a person has been hospitalized,	120
institutionalized, or confined under an order made pursuant to	121
or under authority of section 2945.37, 2945.371, 2945.38,	122
2945.39, 2945.40, 2945.401, or 2945.402 of the Revised Code	123
alleging that the person has escaped from the facility, from	124
confinement in a vehicle for transportation to or from the	125
facility, or from supervision by an employee of the facility	126
that is incidental to hospitalization, institutionalization, or	127
confinement in the facility and that occurs outside of the	128
facility, in violation of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code.	129
(3)(a) For purposes of division (B)(1) of this section, a	130
peace officer described in division (A) of this section has	131
reasonable grounds to believe that the offense of domestic	132
violence or the offense of violating a protection order has been	133
committed and reasonable cause to believe that a particular	134
person is guilty of committing the offense if any of the	135
following occurs:	136
(i) A person executes a written statement alleging that	137
the person in question has committed the offense of domestic	138

violence or the offense of violating a protection order against

the person who executes the statement or against a child of the	140
person who executes the statement.	141
(ii) No written statement of the type described in	142
division (B)(3)(a)(i) of this section is executed, but the peace	143
officer, based upon the peace officer's own knowledge and	144
observation of the facts and circumstances of the alleged	145
incident of the offense of domestic violence or the alleged	146
incident of the offense of violating a protection order or based	147
upon any other information, including, but not limited to, any	148
reasonably trustworthy information given to the peace officer by	149
the alleged victim of the alleged incident of the offense or any	150
witness of the alleged incident of the offense, concludes that	151
there are reasonable grounds to believe that the offense of	152
domestic violence or the offense of violating a protection order	153
has been committed and reasonable cause to believe that the	154
person in question is guilty of committing the offense.	155
(iii) No written statement of the type described in	156
division (B)(3)(a)(i) of this section is executed, but the peace	157
officer witnessed the person in question commit the offense of	158
domestic violence or the offense of violating a protection	159
order.	160
(b) If pursuant to division (B)(3)(a) of this section a	161
peace officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the offense	162
of domestic violence or the offense of violating a protection	163
order has been committed and reasonable cause to believe that a	164
particular person is guilty of committing the offense, it is the	165
preferred course of action in this state that the officer arrest	166
and detain that person pursuant to division (B)(1) of this	167
section until a warrant can be obtained.	168

If pursuant to division (B)(3)(a) of this section a peace

officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the offense of	170
domestic violence or the offense of violating a protection order	171
has been committed and reasonable cause to believe that family	172
or household members have committed the offense against each	173
other, it is the preferred course of action in this state that	174
the officer, pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section, arrest	175
and detain until a warrant can be obtained the family or	176
household member who committed the offense and whom the officer	177
has reasonable cause to believe is the primary physical	178
aggressor. There is no preferred course of action in this state	179
regarding any other family or household member who committed the	180
offense and whom the officer does not have reasonable cause to	181
believe is the primary physical aggressor, but, pursuant to	182
division (B)(1) of this section, the peace officer may arrest	183
and detain until a warrant can be obtained any other family or	184
household member who committed the offense and whom the officer	185
does not have reasonable cause to believe is the primary	186
physical aggressor.	187

- (c) If a peace officer described in division (A) of this 188 section does not arrest and detain a person whom the officer has 189 reasonable cause to believe committed the offense of domestic 190 violence or the offense of violating a protection order when it 191 is the preferred course of action in this state pursuant to 192 division (B)(3)(b) of this section that the officer arrest that 193 person, the officer shall articulate in the written report of 194 the incident required by section 2935.032 of the Revised Code a 195 clear statement of the officer's reasons for not arresting and 196 detaining that person until a warrant can be obtained. 197
- (d) In determining for purposes of division (B)(3)(b) of
  this section which family or household member is the primary
  physical aggressor in a situation in which family or household
  200

members have committed the offense of domestic violence or the	201
offense of violating a protection order against each other, a	202
peace officer described in division (A) of this section, in	203
addition to any other relevant circumstances, should consider	204
all of the following:	205
(i) Any history of domestic violence or of any other	206
violent acts by either person involved in the alleged offense	207
that the officer reasonably can ascertain;	208
(ii) If violence is alleged, whether the alleged violence	209
was caused by a person acting in self-defense;	210
(iii) Each person's fear of physical harm, if any,	211
resulting from the other person's threatened use of force	212
against any person or resulting from the other person's use or	213
history of the use of force against any person, and the	214
reasonableness of that fear;	215
(iv) The comparative severity of any injuries suffered by	216
the persons involved in the alleged offense.	217
(e)(i) A peace officer described in division (A) of this	218
section shall not require, as a prerequisite to arresting or	219
charging a person who has committed the offense of domestic	220
violence or the offense of violating a protection order, that	221
the victim of the offense specifically consent to the filing of	222
charges against the person who has committed the offense or sign	223
a complaint against the person who has committed the offense.	224
(ii) If a person is arrested for or charged with	225
committing the offense of domestic violence or the offense of	226
violating a protection order and if the victim of the offense	227
does not cooperate with the involved law enforcement or	228
prosecuting authorities in the prosecution of the offense or.	229

subsequent to the arrest or the filing of the charges, informs	230
the involved law enforcement or prosecuting authorities that the	231
victim does not wish the prosecution of the offense to continue	232
or wishes to drop charges against the alleged offender relative	233
to the offense, the involved prosecuting authorities, in	234
determining whether to continue with the prosecution of the	235
offense or whether to dismiss charges against the alleged	236
offender relative to the offense and notwithstanding the	237
victim's failure to cooperate or the victim's wishes, shall	238
consider all facts and circumstances that are relevant to the	239
offense, including, but not limited to, the statements and	240
observations of the peace officers who responded to the incident	241
that resulted in the arrest or filing of the charges and of all	242
witnesses to that incident.	243

- (f) In determining pursuant to divisions (B)(3)(a) to (g) 244 of this section whether to arrest a person pursuant to division 245 (B)(1) of this section, a peace officer described in division 246 (A) of this section shall not consider as a factor any possible 247 shortage of cell space at the detention facility to which the 248 person will be taken subsequent to the person's arrest or any 249 possibility that the person's arrest might cause, contribute to, 250 or exacerbate overcrowding at that detention facility or at any 251 other detention facility. 252
- (g) If a peace officer described in division (A) of this

  section intends pursuant to divisions (B)(3)(a) to (g) of this

  section to arrest a person pursuant to division (B)(1) of this

  255

  section and if the officer is unable to do so because the person

  is not present, the officer promptly shall seek a warrant for

  257

  the arrest of the person.
  - (h) If a peace officer described in division (A) of this

section responds to a report of an alleged incident of the	260
offense of domestic violence or an alleged incident of the	261
offense of violating a protection order and if the circumstances	262
of the incident involved the use or threatened use of a deadly	263
weapon or any person involved in the incident brandished a	264
deadly weapon during or in relation to the incident, the deadly	265
weapon that was used, threatened to be used, or brandished	266
constitutes contraband, and, to the extent possible, the officer	267
shall seize the deadly weapon as contraband pursuant to Chapter	268
2981. of the Revised Code. Upon the seizure of a deadly weapon	269
pursuant to division (B)(3)(h) of this section, section 2981.12	270
of the Revised Code shall apply regarding the treatment and	271
disposition of the deadly weapon. For purposes of that section,	272
the "underlying criminal offense" that was the basis of the	273
seizure of a deadly weapon under division (B)(3)(h) of this	274
section and to which the deadly weapon had a relationship is any	275
of the following that is applicable:	276

(i) The alleged incident of the offense of domestic 277 violence or the alleged incident of the offense of violating a 278 protection order to which the officer who seized the deadly 279 weapon responded; 280

281

282

283

284

- (ii) Any offense that arose out of the same facts and circumstances as the report of the alleged incident of the offense of domestic violence or the alleged incident of the offense of violating a protection order to which the officer who seized the deadly weapon responded.
- (4) If, in the circumstances described in divisions (B)(3)

  (a) to (g) of this section, a peace officer described in

  287

  division (A) of this section arrests and detains a person

  288

  pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section, or if, pursuant to

division (B)(3)(h) of this section, a peace officer described in 290 division (A) of this section seizes a deadly weapon, the 291 officer, to the extent described in and in accordance with 292 section 9.86 or 2744.03 of the Revised Code, is immune in any 293 civil action for damages for injury, death, or loss to person or 294 property that arises from or is related to the arrest and 295 detention or the seizure.

- (C) When there is reasonable ground to believe that a 297 violation of division (A) (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of section 298 4506.15 or a violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code 299 has been committed by a person operating a motor vehicle subject 300 to regulation by the public utilities commission of Ohio under 301 Title XLIX of the Revised Code, a peace officer with authority 302 to enforce that provision of law may stop or detain the person 303 whom the officer has reasonable cause to believe was operating 304 the motor vehicle in violation of the division or section and, 305 after investigating the circumstances surrounding the operation 306 of the vehicle, may arrest and detain the person. 307
- (D) If a sheriff, deputy sheriff, marshal, deputy marshal, 308 municipal police officer, member of a police force employed by a 309 metropolitan housing authority under division (D) of section 310 3735.31 of the Revised Code, member of a police force employed 311 by a regional transit authority under division (Y) of section 312 306.35 of the Revised Code, special police officer employed by a 313 port authority under section 4582.04 or 4582.28 of the Revised 314 Code, special police officer employed by a municipal corporation 315 at a municipal airport or other municipal air navigation 316 facility described in division (A) of this section, township 317 constable, police officer of a township or joint police 318 district, state university law enforcement officer appointed 319 under section 3345.04 of the Revised Code, peace officer of the 320

H. B. No. 378
Page 12
As Introduced

department of natural resources, individual designated to	321
perform law enforcement duties under section 511.232, 1545.13,	322
or 6101.75 of the Revised Code, the house sergeant at arms if	323
the house sergeant at arms has arrest authority pursuant to	324
division (E)(1) of section 101.311 of the Revised Code, or an	325
assistant house sergeant at arms is authorized by division (A)	326
or (B) of this section to arrest and detain, within the limits	327
of the political subdivision, metropolitan housing authority	328
housing project, regional transit authority facilities or those	329
areas of a municipal corporation that have been agreed to by a	330
regional transit authority and a municipal corporation located	331
within its territorial jurisdiction, port authority, municipal	332
airport or other municipal air navigation facility, college, or	333
university in which the officer is appointed, employed, or	334
elected or within the limits of the territorial jurisdiction of	335
the peace officer, a person until a warrant can be obtained, the	336
peace officer, outside the limits of that territory, may pursue,	337
arrest, and detain that person until a warrant can be obtained	338
if all of the following apply:	339

(1) The pursuit takes place without unreasonable delay after the offense is committed;

340

341

(2) The pursuit is initiated within the limits of the 342 political subdivision, metropolitan housing authority housing 343 project, regional transit authority facilities or those areas of 344 a municipal corporation that have been agreed to by a regional 345 transit authority and a municipal corporation located within its 346 territorial jurisdiction, port authority, municipal airport or 347 other municipal air navigation facility, college, or university 348 in which the peace officer is appointed, employed, or elected or 349 within the limits of the territorial jurisdiction of the peace 350 officer; 351

(3) The offense involved is a felony, a misdemeanor of the	352
first degree or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance,	353
a misdemeanor of the second degree or a substantially equivalent	354
municipal ordinance, or any offense for which points are	355
chargeable pursuant to section 4510.036 of the Revised Code.	356
(E) In addition to the authority granted under division	357
(A) or (B) of this section:	358
(1) A sheriff or deputy sheriff may arrest and detain,	359
until a warrant can be obtained, any person found violating	360
section 4503.11, 4503.21, or 4549.01, sections 4549.08 to	361
4549.12, section 4549.62, or Chapter 4511. or 4513. of the	362
Revised Code on the portion of any street or highway that is	363
located immediately adjacent to the boundaries of the county in	364
which the sheriff or deputy sheriff is elected or appointed.	365
(2) A member of the police force of a township police	366
district created under section 505.48 of the Revised Code, a	367
member of the police force of a joint police district created	368
under section 505.482 of the Revised Code, or a township	369
constable appointed in accordance with section 509.01 of the	370
Revised Code, who has received a certificate from the Ohio peace	371
officer training commission under section 109.75 of the Revised	372
Code, may arrest and detain, until a warrant can be obtained,	373
any person found violating any section or chapter of the Revised	374
Code listed in division (E)(1) of this section, other than	375
sections 4513.33 and 4513.34 of the Revised Code, on the portion	376
of any street or highway that is located immediately adjacent to	377
the boundaries of the township police district or joint police	378
district, in the case of a member of a township police district	379

or joint police district police force, or the unincorporated

territory of the township, in the case of a township constable.

380

However, if the population of the township that created the	382
township police district served by the member's police force, or	383
the townships and municipal corporations that created the joint-	384
police district served by the member's police force, or the	385
township that is served by the township constable, is sixty-	386
thousand or less, the member of the township police district or	387
joint police district police force or the township constable may	388
not make an arrest under division (E)(2) of this section on a	389
state highway that is included as part of the interstate system.	390

392

393

394

395

396

397

- (3) A police officer or village marshal appointed, elected, or employed by a municipal corporation may arrest and detain, until a warrant can be obtained, any person found violating any section or chapter of the Revised Code listed in division (E)(1) of this section on the portion of any street or highway that is located immediately adjacent to the boundaries of the municipal corporation in which the police officer or village marshal is appointed, elected, or employed.
- (4) A peace officer of the department of natural 399 resources, a state fire marshal law enforcement officer 400 described in division (A)(23) of section 109.71 of the Revised 401 Code, or an individual designated to perform law enforcement 402 duties under section 511.232, 1545.13, or 6101.75 of the Revised 403 Code may arrest and detain, until a warrant can be obtained, any 404 person found violating any section or chapter of the Revised 405 Code listed in division (E)(1) of this section, other than 406 sections 4513.33 and 4513.34 of the Revised Code, on the portion 407 of any street or highway that is located immediately adjacent to 408 the boundaries of the lands and waters that constitute the 409 territorial jurisdiction of the peace officer or state fire 410 marshal law enforcement officer. 411

(F)(1) A department of mental health and addiction	412
services special police officer or a department of developmental	413
disabilities special police officer may arrest without a warrant	414
and detain until a warrant can be obtained any person found	415
committing on the premises of any institution under the	416
jurisdiction of the particular department a misdemeanor under a	417
law of the state.	418

A department of mental health and addiction services 419 special police officer or a department of developmental 420 disabilities special police officer may arrest without a warrant 421 422 and detain until a warrant can be obtained any person who has been hospitalized, institutionalized, or confined in an 423 institution under the jurisdiction of the particular department 424 pursuant to or under authority of section 2945.37, 2945.371, 425 2945.38, 2945.39, 2945.40, 2945.401, or 2945.402 of the Revised 426 Code and who is found committing on the premises of any 427 institution under the jurisdiction of the particular department 428 a violation of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code that involves 429 an escape from the premises of the institution. 430

(2) (a) If a department of mental health and addiction 431 services special police officer or a department of developmental 432 disabilities special police officer finds any person who has 433 been hospitalized, institutionalized, or confined in an 434 institution under the jurisdiction of the particular department 435 pursuant to or under authority of section 2945.37, 2945.371, 436 2945.38, 2945.39, 2945.40, 2945.401, or 2945.402 of the Revised 437 Code committing a violation of section 2921.34 of the Revised 438 Code that involves an escape from the premises of the 439 institution, or if there is reasonable ground to believe that a 440 violation of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code has been 441 committed that involves an escape from the premises of an 442

H. B. No. 378
Page 16
As Introduced

institution under the jurisdiction of the department of mental	443
health and addiction services or the department of developmental	444
disabilities and if a department of mental health and addiction	445
services special police officer or a department of developmental	446
disabilities special police officer has reasonable cause to	447
believe that a particular person who has been hospitalized,	448
institutionalized, or confined in the institution pursuant to or	449
under authority of section 2945.37, 2945.371, 2945.38, 2945.39,	450
2945.40, 2945.401, or 2945.402 of the Revised Code is guilty of	451
the violation, the special police officer, outside of the	452
premises of the institution, may pursue, arrest, and detain that	453
person for that violation of section 2921.34 of the Revised	454
Code, until a warrant can be obtained, if both of the following	455
apply:	456
(i) The pursuit takes place without unreasonable delay	457
after the offense is committed;	458
arear one orrange is commission,	100
(ii) The pursuit is initiated within the premises of the	459
institution from which the violation of section 2921.34 of the	460

- Revised Code occurred.

  (b) For purposes of division (F)(2)(a) of this section,

  462
- the execution of a written statement by the administrator of the 463 institution in which a person had been hospitalized, 464 institutionalized, or confined pursuant to or under authority of 465 section 2945.37, 2945.371, 2945.38, 2945.39, 2945.40, 2945.401, 466 or 2945.402 of the Revised Code alleging that the person has 467 escaped from the premises of the institution in violation of 468 section 2921.34 of the Revised Code constitutes reasonable 469 ground to believe that the violation was committed and 470 reasonable cause to believe that the person alleged in the 471 statement to have committed the offense is guilty of the 472

violation.	473
(G) As used in this section:	474
(1) A "department of mental health and addiction services	475
special police officer" means a special police officer of the	476
department of mental health and addiction services designated	477
under section 5119.08 of the Revised Code who is certified by	478
the Ohio peace officer training commission under section 109.77	479
of the Revised Code as having successfully completed an approved	480
peace officer basic training program.	481
(2) A "department of developmental disabilities special	482
police officer" means a special police officer of the department	483
of developmental disabilities designated under section 5123.13	484
of the Revised Code who is certified by the Ohio peace officer	485
training council under section 109.77 of the Revised Code as	486
having successfully completed an approved peace officer basic	487
training program.	488
(3) "Deadly weapon" has the same meaning as in section	489
2923.11 of the Revised Code.	490
(4) "Family or household member" has the same meaning as	491
in section 2919.25 of the Revised Code.	492
(5) "Street" or "highway" has the same meaning as in	493
section 4511.01 of the Revised Code.	494
(6) "Interstate system" has the same meaning as in section	495
5516.01 of the Revised Code.	496
(7) "Peace officer of the department of natural resources"	497
means an employee of the department of natural resources who is	498
a natural resources law enforcement staff officer designated	499
pursuant to section 1501.013 of the Revised Code, a forest	500

officer designated pursuant to section 1503.29 of the Revised	501
Code, a preserve officer designated pursuant to section 1517.10	502
of the Revised Code, a wildlife officer designated pursuant to	503
section 1531.13 of the Revised Code, a park officer designated	504
pursuant to section 1541.10 of the Revised Code, or a state	505
watercraft officer designated pursuant to section 1547.521 of	506
the Revised Code.	507
(8) "Portion of any street or highway" means all lanes of	508
the street or highway irrespective of direction of travel,	509
including designated turn lanes, and any berm, median, or	510
shoulder.	511
Sec. 4513.35. (A) All fines collected under sections	512
4511.01 to 4511.78, 4511.99, and 4513.01 to 4513.37 of the	513
Revised Code shall be paid into the county treasury and, with	514
the exception of that portion distributed under section 307.515	515
of the Revised Code, shall be placed to the credit of the fund	516
for the maintenance and repair of the highways within that	517
county, except that:	518
(1) All fines for violations of division (B) of section	519
4513.263 shall be delivered to the treasurer of state as	520
provided in division (E) of section 4513.263 of the Revised	521
Code.	522
(2) All fines collected from, or moneys arising from bonds	523
forfeited by, persons apprehended or arrested by state highway	524
patrolmenpatrol troopers shall be distributed as provided in	525
section 5503.04 of the Revised Code.	526
(3)(a) Subject to division (E) of section 4513.263 of the	527
Revised Code and except as otherwise provided in division (A)(3)	528
(b) of this section, one-half of all fines collected from, and	529

one-half of all moneys arising from bonds forfeited by, persons	530
apprehended or arrested by a township constable or other	531
township police officer shall be paid to the township treasury	532
to be placed to the credit of the general fund.	533
(b) All fines collected from, and all moneys arising from	534
bonds forfeited by, persons apprehended or arrested by a	535
township constable or other township police officer pursuant to	536
division (B) $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ of section 4513.39 of the Revised Code for a	537
violation of section 4511.21 of the Revised Code or any other	538
law, ordinance, or regulation pertaining to speed that occurred	539
on a highway included as part of the interstate system, as	540
defined in section 5516.01 of the Revised Code, shall be paid	541
into the county treasury and be credited as provided in the	542
first paragraph of this section.	543
(B) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or	544
of any other section of the Revised Code:	545
(1) All fines collected from, and all moneys arising from	546
bonds forfeited by, persons arrested under division (E)(1) or	547
(2) of section 2935.03 of the Revised Code are deemed to be	548
collected, and to arise, from arrests made within the	549
jurisdiction in which the arresting officer is appointed,	550
elected, or employed, for violations of one of the sections or	551
chapters of the Revised Code listed in division (E)(1) of that	552
section and shall be distributed accordingly.	553
(2) All fines collected from, and all moneys arising from	554
bonds forfeited by, persons arrested under division (E)(3) of	555
section 2935.03 of the Revised Code are deemed to be collected,	556
and to arise, from arrests made within the jurisdiction in which	557
the arresting officer is appointed, elected, or employed, for	558

violations of municipal ordinances that are substantially

H. B. No. 378

Page 20
As Introduced

equivalent to one of the sections or one of the provisions of	560
one of the chapters of the Revised Code listed in division (E)	561
(1) of that section and for violations of one of the sections or	562
one of the provisions of one of the chapters of the Revised Code	563
listed in division (E)(1) of that section, and shall be	564
distributed accordingly.	565
Sec. 4513.39. (A) The state highway patrol and sheriffs or	566
their deputies shall exercise, to the exclusion of all other	567
peace officers except within municipal corporations and except	568
as specified in division (B) of this section and division (E) of	569
section 2935.03 of the Revised Code, the power to make arrests	570
for violations on all state highways, of sections 4503.11,	571
4503.21, 4511.14 to 4511.16, 4511.20 to 4511.23, 4511.26 to	572
4511.40, 4511.42 to 4511.48, 4511.58, 4511.59, 4511.62 to	573
4511.71, 4513.03 to 4513.13, 4513.15 to 4513.22, 4513.24 to	574
4513.34, 4549.01, 4549.08 to 4549.12, and 4549.62 of the Revised	575
Code.	576
(B) A member of the police force of a township police	577
district created under section 505.48 of the Revised Code or of	578
a joint police district created under section 505.482 of the	579
Revised Code, and a township constable appointed pursuant to	580
section 509.01 of the Revised Code, who has received a	581
certificate from the Ohio peace officer training commission	582
under section 109.75 of the Revised Code, shall exercise the	583
power to make arrests for violations of those sections listed in	584
division (A) of this section, other than sections 4513.33 and	585
4513.34 of the Revised Code, <del>as follows:</del>	586
(1) If the population of the township that created the	587
township or joint police district served by the member's police	588
force or the township that is served by the township constable-	589

is fifty thousand or less, the member or constable shall	590
exercise that power on those portions of all state highways,	591
except those highways included as part of the interstate system,	592
as defined in section 5516.01 of the Revised Code, that are	593
located within the township or joint police district, in the	594
case of a member of a township or joint police district police	595
force, or within the unincorporated territory of the township,	596
in the case of a township constable;	597
(2) If the population of the township that created the	598
township or joint police district served by the member's police	599
force or the township that is served by the township constable-	600
is greater than fifty thousand, the member or constable shall-	601
exercise that power on those portions of all state highways and	602
highways included as part of the interstate highway system, as	603
defined in section 5516.01 of the Revised Code, that are located	604
within the township or joint police district, in the case of a	605
member of a township or joint police district police force, or	606
within the unincorporated territory of the township, in the case	607
of a township constable.	808
Section 2. That existing sections 2935.03, 4513.35, and	609

4513.39 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.