As Introduced

131st General Assembly Regular Session 2015-2016

H. B. No. 409

Representative Green

Cosponsors: Representatives Amstutz, Brenner, Grossman, Becker, Boccieri, Hall, O'Brien, M., Smith, R., Stinziano, Leland

A BILL

To amend section 5709.12 of the Revised Code to	1
exempt from property taxation any retail store	2
operated by a nonprofit housing organization	3
that sells donated items suitable for	4
residential housing purposes.	5

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 5709.12 of the Revised Code be	6
amended to read as follows:	7
Sec. 5709.12. (A) As used in this section, "independent	8
living facilities" means any residential housing facilities and	9
related property that are not a nursing home, residential care	10
facility, or residential facility as defined in division (A) of	11
section 5701.13 of the Revised Code.	12
(B) Lands, houses, and other buildings belonging to a	13
county, township, or municipal corporation and used exclusively	14
for the accommodation or support of the poor, or leased to the	15
state or any political subdivision for public purposes shall be	16
exempt from taxation. Real and tangible personal property	17

belonging to institutions that is used exclusively for 18 charitable purposes shall be exempt from taxation, including 19 real property belonging to an institution that is a nonprofit 20 corporation that receives a grant under the Thomas Alva Edison 21 grant program authorized by division (C) of section 122.33 of 22 the Revised Code at any time during the tax year and being held 23 for leasing or resale to others. If, at any time during a tax 24 year for which such property is exempted from taxation, the 25 corporation ceases to qualify for such a grant, the director of 26 development shall notify the tax commissioner, and the tax 27 commissioner shall cause the property to be restored to the tax 28 list beginning with the following tax year. All property owned 29 and used by a nonprofit organization exclusively for a home for 30 the aged, as defined in section 5701.13 of the Revised Code, 31 also shall be exempt from taxation. 32

(C) (1) If a home for the aged described in division (B) (1) 33 of section 5701.13 of the Revised Code is operated in 34 conjunction with or at the same site as independent living 35 facilities, the exemption granted in division (B) of this 36 section shall include kitchen, dining room, clinic, entry ways, 37 maintenance and storage areas, and land necessary for access 38 commonly used by both residents of the home for the aged and 39 residents of the independent living facilities. Other facilities 40 commonly used by both residents of the home for the aged and 41 residents of independent living units shall be exempt from 42 taxation only if the other facilities are used primarily by the 43 residents of the home for the aged. Vacant land currently unused 44 by the home, and independent living facilities and the lands 45 connected with them are not exempt from taxation. Except as 46 provided in division (A)(1) of section 5709.121 of the Revised 47 Code, property of a home leased for nonresidential purposes is 48

not exempt from taxation.

(2) Independent living facilities are exempt from taxation 50 if they are operated in conjunction with or at the same site as 51 a home for the aged described in division (B)(2) of section 52 5701.13 of the Revised Code; operated by a corporation, 53 association, or trust described in division (B)(1)(b) of that 54 section; operated exclusively for the benefit of members of the 55 corporation, association, or trust who are retired, aged, or 56 infirm; and provided to those members without charge in 57 consideration of their service, without compensation, to a 58 charitable, religious, fraternal, or educational institution. 59 For the purposes of division (C)(2) of this section, 60 "compensation" does not include furnishing room and board, 61 clothing, health care, or other necessities, or stipends or 62 other de minimis payments to defray the cost thereof. 63

(D) (1) A private corporation established under federal 64 law, as defined in 36 U.S.C. 1101, Pub. L. No. 102-199, 105 65 Stat. 1629, as amended, the objects of which include encouraging 66 the advancement of science generally, or of a particular branch 67 of science, the promotion of scientific research, the 68 improvement of the qualifications and usefulness of scientists, 69 or the increase and diffusion of scientific knowledge is 70 71 conclusively presumed to be a charitable or educational 72 institution. A private corporation established as a nonprofit corporation under the laws of a state that is exempt from 73 federal income taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal 74 Revenue Code of 1986, 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended, 75 and that has as its principal purpose one or more of the 76 foregoing objects also is conclusively presumed to be a 77 charitable or educational institution. 78

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79 The fact that an organization described in this division operates in a manner that results in an excess of revenues over 80 expenses shall not be used to deny the exemption granted by this 81 section, provided such excess is used, or is held for use, for 82 exempt purposes or to establish a reserve against future 83 contingencies; and, provided further, that such excess may not 84 be distributed to individual persons or to entities that would 85 not be entitled to the tax exemptions provided by this chapter. 86 Nor shall the fact that any scientific information diffused by 87 the organization is of particular interest or benefit to any of 88 its individual members be used to deny the exemption granted by 89 this section, provided that such scientific information is 90 available to the public for purchase or otherwise. 91

(2) Division (D)(2) of this section does not apply to real property exempted from taxation under this section and division (A)(3) of section 5709.121 of the Revised Code and belonging to a nonprofit corporation described in division (D)(1) of this section that has received a grant under the Thomas Alva Edison grant program authorized by division (C) of section 122.33 of the Revised Code during any of the tax years the property was exempted from taxation.

100 When a private corporation described in division (D)(1) of this section sells all or any portion of a tract, lot, or parcel 101 of real estate that has been exempt from taxation under this 102 section and section 5709.121 of the Revised Code, the portion 103 sold shall be restored to the tax list for the year following 104 the year of the sale and, except in connection with a sale and 105 transfer of such a tract, lot, or parcel to a county land 106 reutilization corporation organized under Chapter 1724. of the 107 Revised Code, a charge shall be levied against the sold property 108 in an amount equal to the tax savings on such property during 109

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the four tax years preceding the year the property is placed on110the tax list. The tax savings equals the amount of the111additional taxes that would have been levied if such property112had not been exempt from taxation.113

The charge constitutes a lien of the state upon such 114 property as of the first day of January of the tax year in which 115 the charge is levied and continues until discharged as provided 116 by law. The charge may also be remitted for all or any portion 117 of such property that the tax commissioner determines is 118 entitled to exemption from real property taxation for the year 119 such property is restored to the tax list under any provision of 120 the Revised Code, other than sections 725.02, 1728.10, 3735.67, 121 5709.40, 5709.41, 5709.62, 5709.63, 5709.71, 5709.73, 5709.78, 122 and 5709.84, upon an application for exemption covering the year 123 such property is restored to the tax list filed under section 124 5715.27 of the Revised Code. 125

(E) (1) Real property held by an organization organized and 126 operated exclusively for charitable purposes as described under 127 section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and exempt from 128 federal taxation under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 129 Code, 26 U.S.C.A. 501(a) and (c)(3), as amended, for the purpose 130 of constructing or rehabilitating residences for eventual 131 transfer to qualified low-income families through sale, lease, 132 or land installment contract, shall be exempt from taxation. 133

The exemption shall commence on the day title to the 134 property is transferred to the organization and shall continue 135 to the end of the tax year in which the organization transfers 136 title to the property to a qualified low-income family. In no 137 case shall the exemption extend beyond the second succeeding tax 138 year following the year in which the title was transferred to 139

the organization. If the title is transferred to the 140 organization and from the organization to a gualified low-income 141 family in the same tax year, the exemption shall continue to the 142 end of that tax year. The proportionate amount of taxes that are 143 a lien but not yet determined, assessed, and levied for the tax 144 year in which title is transferred to the organization shall be 145 remitted by the county auditor for each day of the year that 146 title is held by the organization. 147

148 Upon transferring the title to another person, the 149 organization shall file with the county auditor an affidavit affirming that the title was transferred to a qualified low-150 income family or that the title was not transferred to a 151 qualified low-income family, as the case may be; if the title 152 was transferred to a qualified low-income family, the affidavit 153 shall identify the transferee by name. If the organization 154 transfers title to the property to anyone other than a qualified 155 low-income family, the exemption, if it has not previously 156 expired, shall terminate, and the property shall be restored to 157 the tax list for the year following the year of the transfer and 158 a charge shall be levied against the property in an amount equal 159 to the amount of additional taxes that would have been levied if 160 such property had not been exempt from taxation. The charge 161 constitutes a lien of the state upon such property as of the 162 first day of January of the tax year in which the charge is 163 levied and continues until discharged as provided by law. 164

The application for exemption shall be filed as otherwise 165 required under section 5715.27 of the Revised Code, except that 166 the organization holding the property shall file with its 167 application documentation substantiating its status as an 168 organization organized and operated exclusively for charitable 169 purposes under section 501(c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code 170

and its qualification for exemption from federal taxation under171section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and affirming its172intention to construct or rehabilitate the property for the173eventual transfer to qualified low-income families.174

As used in this division, "qualified low-income family" 175 means a family whose income does not exceed two hundred per cent 176 of the official federal poverty guidelines as revised annually 177 in accordance with section 673(2) of the "Omnibus Budget 178 Reconciliation Act of 1981," 95 Stat. 511, 42 U.S.C.A. 9902, as 179 amended, for a family size equal to the size of the family whose 180 income is being determined. 181

(2) Real property constituting a retail store, including the land on which the retail store is located, that is owned and operated by an organization described in division (E)(1) of this section shall be exempt from taxation if the retail store sells only donated items suitable for residential housing purposes and if the proceeds of such sales are used solely for the purposes of the organization.

(F) (1) (a) Real property held by a county land
reutilization corporation organized under Chapter 1724. of the
Revised Code shall be exempt from taxation. Notwithstanding
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section 5715.27 of the Revised Code, a county land reutilization
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corporation is not required to apply to any county or state
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agency in order to qualify for the exemption.

(b) Real property acquired or held by an electing
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subdivision other than a county land reutilization corporation
on or after April 9, 2009, for the purpose of implementing an
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effective land reutilization program or for a related public
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purpose shall be exempt from taxation until sold or transferred
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by the electing subdivision. Notwithstanding section 5715.27 of

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the Revised Code, an electing subdivision is not required to201apply to any county or state agency in order to qualify for an202exemption with respect to property acquired or held for such203purposes on or after such date, regardless of how the electing204subdivision acquires the property.205

As used in this section, "electing subdivision" and "land 206 reutilization program" have the same meanings as in section 207 5722.01 of the Revised Code, and "county land reutilization 208 corporation" means a county land reutilization corporation 209 210 organized under Chapter 1724. of the Revised Code and any subsidiary wholly owned by such a county land reutilization 211 corporation that is identified as "a wholly owned subsidiary of 212 a county land reutilization corporation" in the deed of 213 conveyance transferring title to the subsidiary. 214

(2) An exemption authorized under division (F)(1) of this 215 section shall commence on the day title to the property is 216 transferred to the corporation or electing subdivision and shall 217 continue to the end of the tax year in which the instrument 218 transferring title from the corporation or subdivision to 219 220 another owner is recorded, if the use to which the other owner puts the property does not qualify for an exemption under this 221 222 section or any other section of the Revised Code. If the title to the property is transferred to the corporation and from the 223 corporation, or to the subdivision and from the subdivision, in 224 the same tax year, the exemption shall continue to the end of 225 that tax year. The proportionate amount of taxes that are a lien 226 but not yet determined, assessed, and levied for the tax year in 227 which title is transferred to the corporation or subdivision 228 shall be remitted by the county auditor for each day of the year 229 that title is held by the corporation or subdivision. 230

Upon transferring the title to another person, the 231 corporation or electing subdivision shall file with the county 232 auditor an affidavit or conveyance form affirming that the title 233 was transferred to such other person and shall identify the 234 transferee by name. If the corporation or subdivision transfers 235 title to the property to anyone that does not qualify or the use 236 to which the property is put does not qualify the property for 237 an exemption under this section or any other section of the 238 Revised Code, the exemption, if it has not previously expired, 239 shall terminate, and the property shall be restored to the tax 240 list for the year following the year of the transfer. A charge 241 shall be levied against the property in an amount equal to the 242 amount of additional taxes that would have been levied if such 243 property had not been exempt from taxation. The charge 244 constitutes a lien of the state upon such property as of the 245 first day of January of the tax year in which the charge is 246 levied and continues until discharged as provided by law. 247

In lieu of the application for exemption otherwise 248 required to be filed as required under section 5715.27 of the 249 Revised Code, a county land reutilization corporation holding 250 the property shall, upon the request of any county or state 251 agency, submit its articles of incorporation substantiating its 252 status as a county land reutilization corporation. 253

(G) Real property that is owned by an organization 254 described under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code 255 and exempt from federal income taxation under section 501(a) of 256 the Internal Revenue Code and that is used by that organization 257 exclusively for receiving, processing, or distributing human 258 blood, tissues, eyes, or organs or for research and development 259 thereof shall be exempt from taxation. 260

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Section 2. That existing section 5709.12 of the Revised 261 Code is hereby repealed. 262 Section 3. The amendment by this act of section 5709.12 of 263 the Revised Code applies to tax year 2015 and thereafter. 264 Section 4. Section 5709.12 of the Revised Code is 265 presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended 266 by both Am. Sub. H.B. 483 and Sub. S.B. 172 of the 130th General 267 Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in 268 division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments 269 are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous 270 operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of 271 the section in effect prior to the effective date of the section 272 as presented in this act. 273