As Introduced

131st General Assembly

Regular Session 2015-2016

H. B. No. 413

Representative Brinkman

Cosponsors: Representatives Hambley, Becker, Ruhl, Blessing, Hill, Boose, Hayes, Burkley, Thompson, Vitale, Sweeney, Zeltwanger, Terhar, Hackett, Hood, Buchy, Green, Retherford

A BILL

То	amend sections 121.22, 504.01, 505.27, 505.29,	1
	505.31, 505.37, 505.39, 505.40, 505.602,	2
	5705.19, and 5709.40 and to repeal section	3
	5571.11 of the Revised Code to add to the	4
	purposes for which a board of township trustees	5
	may go into executive session, to permit a	6
	township to charge for recycling services, to	7
	reduce the population threshold for a township	8
	to adopt a limited home rule form of government,	9
	to authorize a township to purchase, lease, or	10
	provide underwater rescue and recovery equipment	11
	for fire and rescue purposes, to authorize	12
	boards of township trustees to pay for group	13
	life insurance for any employee, to make other	14
	changes to the township laws, to allow taxing	15
	units to use the proceeds of a fire, police, or	16
	emergency services tax levy to pay costs related	17
	to the service for which the tax is levied, and	18
	to expand the public infrastructure improvements	19
	townships, municipal corporations, and counties	20
	may pay for using money from their public	21
	improvement tax increment equivalent funds.	22

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 121.22, 504.01, 505.27, 505.29,	23
505.31, 505.37, 505.39, 505.40, 505.602, 5705.19, and 5709.40 of	24
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	25
Sec. 121.22. (A) This section shall be liberally construed	26
to require public officials to take official action and to	27
conduct all deliberations upon official business only in open	28
meetings unless the subject matter is specifically excepted by	29
law.	30
(B) As used in this section:	31
(1) "Public body" means any of the following:	32
(a) Any board, commission, committee, council, or similar	33
decision-making body of a state agency, institution, or	34
authority, and any legislative authority or board, commission,	35
committee, council, agency, authority, or similar decision-	36
making body of any county, township, municipal corporation,	37
school district, or other political subdivision or local public	38
institution;	39
(b) Any committee or subcommittee of a body described in	40
division (B)(1)(a) of this section;	41
(c) A court of jurisdiction of a sanitary district	42
organized wholly for the purpose of providing a water supply for	43
domestic, municipal, and public use when meeting for the purpose	44
of the appointment, removal, or reappointment of a member of the	45
board of directors of such a district pursuant to section	46
6115.10 of the Revised Code, if applicable, or for any other	47
matter related to such a district other than litigation	48

involving the district. As used in division (B)(1)(c) of this section, "court of jurisdiction" has the same meaning as "court" in section 6115.01 of the Revised Code.

(2) "Meeting" means any prearranged discussion of the52public business of the public body by a majority of its members.53

(3) "Regulated individual" means either of the following:

(a) A student in a state or local public educational institution;

(b) A person who is, voluntarily or involuntarily, an
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inmate, patient, or resident of a state or local institution
because of criminal behavior, mental illness or retardation,
disease, disability, age, or other condition requiring custodial
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care.

(4) "Public office" has the same meaning as in section149.011 of the Revised Code.

(C) All meetings of any public body are declared to be 64 public meetings open to the public at all times. A member of a 65 public body shall be present in person at a meeting open to the 66 public to be considered present or to vote at the meeting and 67 for purposes of determining whether a quorum is present at the 68 meeting. 69

The minutes of a regular or special meeting of any public 70 body shall be promptly prepared, filed, and maintained and shall 71 be open to public inspection. The minutes need only reflect the 72 general subject matter of discussions in executive sessions 73 authorized under division (G) or (J) of this section. 74

(D) This section does not apply to any of the following:

(1) A grand jury;

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(2) An audit conference conducted by the auditor of state
or independent certified public accountants with officials of
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the public office that is the subject of the audit;
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(3) The adult parole authority when its hearings are
conducted at a correctional institution for the sole purpose of
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interviewing inmates to determine parole or pardon;
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(4) The organized crime investigations commission83established under section 177.01 of the Revised Code;84

(5) Meetings of a child fatality review board established 85 under section 307.621 of the Revised Code, meetings related to a 86 review conducted pursuant to guidelines established by the 87 director of health under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code, 88 and meetings conducted pursuant to sections 5153.171 to 5153.173 89 of the Revised Code; 90

(6) The state medical board when determining whether to
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suspend a certificate without a prior hearing pursuant to
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division (G) of either section 4730.25 or 4731.22 of the Revised
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Code;
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(7) The board of nursing when determining whether to
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suspend a license or certificate without a prior hearing
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pursuant to division (B) of section 4723.281 of the Revised
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Code;
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(8) The state board of pharmacy when determining whether
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to suspend a license without a prior hearing pursuant to
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division (D) of section 4729.16 of the Revised Code;
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(9) The state chiropractic board when determining whether
to suspend a license without a hearing pursuant to section
4734.37 of the Revised Code;

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(10) The executive committee of the emergency response 105 commission when determining whether to issue an enforcement 106 order or request that a civil action, civil penalty action, or 107 criminal action be brought to enforce Chapter 3750. of the 108 Revised Code; 109

(11) The board of directors of the nonprofit corporation
formed under section 187.01 of the Revised Code or any committee
thereof, and the board of directors of any subsidiary of that
corporation or a committee thereof;

(12) An audit conference conducted by the audit staff of 114 the department of job and family services with officials of the 115 public office that is the subject of that audit under section 116 5101.37 of the Revised Code; 117

(13) The occupational therapy section of the occupational 118 therapy, physical therapy, and athletic trainers board when 119 determining whether to suspend a license or limited permit 120 without a hearing pursuant to division (D) of section 4755.11 of 121 the Revised Code; 122

(14) The physical therapy section of the occupational
therapy, physical therapy, and athletic trainers board when
determining whether to suspend a license without a hearing
pursuant to division (E) of section 4755.47 of the Revised Code;
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(15) The athletic trainers section of the occupational
therapy, physical therapy, and athletic trainers board when
determining whether to suspend a license without a hearing
pursuant to division (D) of section 4755.64 of the Revised Code.
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(E) The controlling board, the tax credit authority, or
the minority development financing advisory board, when meeting
to consider granting assistance pursuant to Chapter 122. or 166.

of the Revised Code, in order to protect the interest of the134applicant or the possible investment of public funds, by135unanimous vote of all board or authority members present, may136close the meeting during consideration of the following137information confidentially received by the authority or board138from the applicant:139

(1) Marketing plans;

(2) Specific business strategy;

- (3) Production techniques and trade secrets;
- (4) Financial projections;

(5) Personal financial statements of the applicant or members of the applicant's immediate family, including, but not limited to, tax records or other similar information not open to public inspection.

The vote by the authority or board to accept or reject the application, as well as all proceedings of the authority or board not subject to this division, shall be open to the public and governed by this section.

(F) Every public body, by rule, shall establish a 152 reasonable method whereby any person may determine the time and 153 place of all regularly scheduled meetings and the time, place, 154 and purpose of all special meetings. A public body shall not 155 hold a special meeting unless it gives at least twenty-four 156 hours' advance notice to the news media that have requested 157 notification, except in the event of an emergency requiring 158 immediate official action. In the event of an emergency, the 159 member or members calling the meeting shall notify the news 160 media that have requested notification immediately of the time, 161 162 place, and purpose of the meeting.

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The rule shall provide that any person, upon request and 163 payment of a reasonable fee, may obtain reasonable advance 164 notification of all meetings at which any specific type of 165 public business is to be discussed. Provisions for advance 166 notification may include, but are not limited to, mailing the 167 agenda of meetings to all subscribers on a mailing list or 168 mailing notices in self-addressed, stamped envelopes provided by 169 the person. 170

(G) Except as provided in divisions (G) (8) and (J) of this
section, the members of a public body may hold an executive
session only after a majority of a quorum of the public body
determines, by a roll call vote, to hold an executive session
and only at a regular or special meeting for the sole purpose of
the consideration of any of the following matters:

(1) To consider the appointment, employment, dismissal, 177 discipline, promotion, demotion, or compensation of a public 178 employee or official, or the investigation of charges or 179 complaints against a public employee, official, licensee, or 180 regulated individual, unless the public employee, official, 181 licensee, or regulated individual requests a public hearing. 182 Except as otherwise provided by law, no public body shall hold 183 an executive session for the discipline of an elected official 184 for conduct related to the performance of the elected official's 185 official duties or for the elected official's removal from 186 office. If a public body holds an executive session pursuant to 187 division (G)(1) of this section, the motion and vote to hold 188 that executive session shall state which one or more of the 189 approved purposes listed in division (G)(1) of this section are 190 the purposes for which the executive session is to be held, but 191 need not include the name of any person to be considered at the 192 meeting. 193

(2) To consider the purchase of property for public 194 purposes, or for the sale of property at competitive bidding, or 195 the sale or other disposition of unneeded, obsolete, or unfit-196 for-use property in accordance with section 505.10 of the 197 <u>Revised Code</u>, if premature disclosure of information would give 198 an unfair competitive or bargaining advantage to a person whose 199 personal, private interest is adverse to the general public 200 interest. No member of a public body shall use division (G)(2) 201 of this section as a subterfuge for providing covert information 202 to prospective buyers or sellers. A purchase or sale of public 203 property is void if the seller or buyer of the public property 204 has received covert information from a member of a public body 205 that has not been disclosed to the general public in sufficient 206 time for other prospective buyers and sellers to prepare and 207 submit offers. 208

If the minutes of the public body show that all meetings 209 and deliberations of the public body have been conducted in 210 compliance with this section, any instrument executed by the 211 public body purporting to convey, lease, or otherwise dispose of 212 any right, title, or interest in any public property shall be 213 conclusively presumed to have been executed in compliance with 214 this section insofar as title or other interest of any bona fide 215 purchasers, lessees, or transferees of the property is 216 concerned. 217

(3) Conferences with an attorney for the public body
concerning disputes involving the public body that are the
subject of pending or imminent court action;
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(4) Preparing for, conducting, or reviewing negotiations
 or bargaining sessions with public employees concerning their
 compensation or other terms and conditions of their employment;
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(5) Matters required to be kept confidential by federal 224 225 law or regulations or state statutes; (6) Details relative to the security arrangements and 226 emergency response protocols for a public body or a public 227 office, if disclosure of the matters discussed could reasonably 228 be expected to jeopardize the security of the public body or 229 public office; 230 (7) In the case of a county hospital operated pursuant to 231 Chapter 339. of the Revised Code, a joint township hospital 232 operated pursuant to Chapter 513. of the Revised Code, or a 233 municipal hospital operated pursuant to Chapter 749. of the 234 Revised Code, to consider trade secrets, as defined in section 235 1333.61 of the Revised Code; 236 (8) To consider confidential information related to the 237 marketing plans, specific business strategy, production 238 techniques, trade secrets, or personal financial statements of 239 an applicant for economic development assistance, or to 240 negotiations with other political subdivisions respecting 241 requests for economic development assistance, provided that both 242 243 of the following conditions apply: 244 (a) The information is directly related to a request for economic development assistance that is to be provided or 245 administered under any provision of Chapter 715., 725., 1724., 246 or 1728. or sections 701.07, 3735.67 to 3735.70, 5709.40 to 247 5709.43, 5709.61 to 5709.69, 5709.73 to 5709.75, or 5709.77 to 248 5709.81 of the Revised Code, or that involves public 249

infrastructure improvements or the extension of utility services 250 that are directly related to an economic development project. 251 252

(b) A unanimous quorum of the public body determines, by a

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roll call vote, that the executive session is necessary to253protect the interests of the applicant or the possible254investment or expenditure of public funds to be made in255connection with the economic development project.256

If a public body holds an executive session to consider257any of the matters listed in divisions (G)(2) to (8) of this258section, the motion and vote to hold that executive session259shall state which one or more of the approved matters listed in260those divisions are to be considered at the executive session.261

A public body specified in division (B)(1)(c) of this section shall not hold an executive session when meeting for the purposes specified in that division.

(H) A resolution, rule, or formal action of any kind is 265 invalid unless adopted in an open meeting of the public body. A 266 resolution, rule, or formal action adopted in an open meeting 267 268 that results from deliberations in a meeting not open to the public is invalid unless the deliberations were for a purpose 269 specifically authorized in division (G) or (J) of this section 270 and conducted at an executive session held in compliance with 271 this section. A resolution, rule, or formal action adopted in an 272 open meeting is invalid if the public body that adopted the 273 resolution, rule, or formal action violated division (F) of this 274 section. 275

(I) (1) Any person may bring an action to enforce this 276 section. An action under division (I) (1) of this section shall 277 be brought within two years after the date of the alleged 278 violation or threatened violation. Upon proof of a violation or 279 threatened violation of this section in an action brought by any 280 person, the court of common pleas shall issue an injunction to 281 compel the members of the public body to comply with its 282

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provisions.

(2) (a) If the court of common pleas issues an injunction 284 pursuant to division (I)(1) of this section, the court shall 285 order the public body that it enjoins to pay a civil forfeiture 286 of five hundred dollars to the party that sought the injunction 287 and shall award to that party all court costs and, subject to 288 reduction as described in division (I)(2) of this section, 289 reasonable attorney's fees. The court, in its discretion, may 290 reduce an award of attorney's fees to the party that sought the 291 292 injunction or not award attorney's fees to that party if the court determines both of the following: 293

(i) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory law and case law as it existed at the time of violation or threatened violation that was the basis of the injunction, a well-informed public body reasonably would believe that the public body was not violating or threatening to violate this section;

(ii) That a well-informed public body reasonably would
believe that the conduct or threatened conduct that was the
basis of the injunction would serve the public policy that
underlies the authority that is asserted as permitting that
conduct or threatened conduct.

(b) If the court of common pleas does not issue an
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injunction pursuant to division (I) (1) of this section and the
court determines at that time that the bringing of the action
was frivolous conduct, as defined in division (A) of section
2323.51 of the Revised Code, the court shall award to the public
body all court costs and reasonable attorney's fees, as
determined by the court.

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for financial assistance.

(3) Irreparable harm and prejudice to the party that 312 sought the injunction shall be conclusively and irrebuttably 313 presumed upon proof of a violation or threatened violation of 314 this section. 315 (4) A member of a public body who knowingly violates an 316 injunction issued pursuant to division (I)(1) of this section 317 may be removed from office by an action brought in the court of 318 common pleas for that purpose by the prosecuting attorney or the 319 attorney general. 320 (J) (1) Pursuant to division (C) of section 5901.09 of the 321 Revised Code, a veterans service commission shall hold an 322 executive session for one or more of the following purposes 323 unless an applicant requests a public hearing: 324 (a) Interviewing an applicant for financial assistance 325 under sections 5901.01 to 5901.15 of the Revised Code; 326 (b) Discussing applications, statements, and other 327 documents described in division (B) of section 5901.09 of the 328 Revised Code: 329 (c) Reviewing matters relating to an applicant's request 330 for financial assistance under sections 5901.01 to 5901.15 of 331 the Revised Code. 332 (2) A veterans service commission shall not exclude an 333 applicant for, recipient of, or former recipient of financial 334 assistance under sections 5901.01 to 5901.15 of the Revised 335 Code, and shall not exclude representatives selected by the 336 applicant, recipient, or former recipient, from a meeting that 337 the commission conducts as an executive session that pertains to 338 the applicant's, recipient's, or former recipient's application 339

(3) A veterans service commission shall vote on the grant 341 or denial of financial assistance under sections 5901.01 to 342 5901.15 of the Revised Code only in an open meeting of the 343 commission. The minutes of the meeting shall indicate the name, 344 address, and occupation of the applicant, whether the assistance 345 was granted or denied, the amount of the assistance if 346 347 assistance is granted, and the votes for and against the granting of assistance. 348

Sec. 504.01. A township that meets the qualifications of this section may adopt a limited home rule government in the manner provided in this section.

(A) (1) If a township has a population of at least threetwo thousand five hundred but less than five thousand in the unincorporated territory of the township, a limited home rule government under which the township exercises limited powers of local self-government and limited police powers may be adopted if all the following apply:

(a) The electors of the unincorporated territory of the township petition the board of township trustees to adopt limited home rule government;

(b) The petition has been signed by ten per cent of the
electors of the unincorporated territory of the township, as
determined by the total number of votes cast in that territory
for the office of governor at the most recent general election
for that office;

(c) The board of township trustees appoints a township
administrator under division (A)(2) of section 505.031 of the
Revised Code; and
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(d) The total amount certified in the official certificate 369

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of estimated resources or in an amended official certificate of370estimated resources for the township under section 5705.36 of371the Revised Code is at least three million five hundred thousand372dollars for the most recently concluded fiscal year.373

If the conditions enumerated in this division have been 374 met, the board shall adopt and certify to the board of elections 375 a resolution directing the board of elections to submit to the 376 electors of the unincorporated territory the question whether 377 the township should adopt a limited home rule government. The 378 379 question shall be voted upon at the next general election occurring at least ninety days after certification of the 380 resolution to the board of elections. 381

(2) If a township has a population of at least five 382 thousand but less than fifteen thousand in the unincorporated 383 territory of the township, the board of township trustees, by a 384 majority vote, may adopt a resolution causing the board of 385 elections to submit to the electors of the unincorporated area 386 of the township the question of whether the township should 387 adopt a limited home rule government under which it exercises 388 limited powers of local self-government and limited police 389 390 powers, as authorized by this chapter. The question shall be voted upon at the next general election occurring at least 391 ninety days after certification of the resolution to the board 392 of elections. 393

(3) If a township has a population of fifteen thousand or more in the unincorporated territory of the township, the board of township trustees, after at least one public hearing, may do either of the following:

(a) By a unanimous vote, adopt a resolution establishing a 398limited home rule government under which the township exercises 399

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limited powers of local self-government and limited police 400 powers as authorized by this chapter. The resolution shall 401 become effective thirty days after the date of its adoption 402 unless within that thirty-day period there is presented to the 403 board of township trustees a petition, signed by a number of 404 registered electors residing in the unincorporated area of the 405 township equal to at least ten per cent of the total vote cast 406 for all candidates for governor in that area at the most recent 407 general election at which a governor was elected, requesting the 408 board of township trustees to submit the question of 409 establishing a limited home rule government to the electors of 410 that area for approval or rejection at a special election to be 411 held on the day of the next primary or general election 412 occurring at least ninety days after the petition is presented. 413 Each part of the petition shall meet the requirements specified 414 in section 3501.38 of the Revised Code. Upon timely receipt of 415 the petition, the board of township trustees shall adopt a 416 resolution causing the board of elections to submit to the 417 electors of the unincorporated area of the township the question 418 of whether the township should adopt a limited home rule 419 government. 420 (b) By a majority vote, adopt a resolution causing the 421

board of elections to submit to the electors of the 422 unincorporated area of the township the question of whether the 423 township should adopt a limited home rule government under which 424 it exercises limited powers of local self-government and limited 425 police powers, as authorized by this chapter. The question shall 426 be voted upon at the next general election occurring at least 427 ninety days after certification of the resolution to the board 428 of elections. 429

(4) If a township meets the population requirements of

division (A)(2) or (3) of this section, the electors of the 431 unincorporated area of the township may petition the board of 432 township trustees to adopt a resolution causing the board of 433 elections to submit to the electors the question of whether the 434 township should adopt a limited home rule government. Upon 435 receipt of a petition signed by ten per cent of the electors of 436 the unincorporated area of the township, as determined by the 437 total number of votes cast in that area for the office of 438 governor at the most recent general election for that office, 439 the board of township trustees shall adopt the resolution. The 440 question shall be voted upon at the next general election 441 occurring at least ninety days after the certification of the 442 resolution to the board of elections. 443

(B) If the population of the unincorporated territory of
any township that adopts a limited home rule government under
division (A) (3) or (4) of this section is fifteen thousand or
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more, the township shall be called an "urban township."

(C) Except as otherwise provided in division (A) (1) of
this section, townships with a population of less than five
thousand in the unincorporated territory of the township are not
permitted to adopt a limited home rule government.

Sec. 505.27. (A) (1) Boards of township trustees, either 452 severally or jointly, may provide, maintain, and operate 453 facilities for the collection, transfer, recycling, and disposal 454 of solid wastes or may enter into written contracts with the 455 proper municipal or county authorities or with independent 456 contractors for such services for the township or for a waste 457 disposal district as provided in section 505.28 of the Revised 458 Code. 459

(2)(a) If a board of township trustees enters into a

contract with an independent contractor under division (A) (1) of461this section, the contract may provide that the independent462contractor is the exclusive provider of any or all of the463services described in that division for the township or the464waste disposal district. If the contract so provides, both of465the following apply:466

(i) The contract shall be entered into only by competitive bidding.

(ii) No other independent contractor or other person or
entity shall provide, in the township or waste disposal
district, the services agreed to in the contract during the
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contract period.

(b) Whoever violates division (A)(2)(a)(ii) of this 473 section shall be fined one hundred fifty dollars for the first 474 offense and five hundred dollars for each subsequent offense. 475 476 Each collection, transfer, or disposal made service provided in violation of that division constitutes a separate offense. Fines 477 collected under that division shall be paid into the waste 478 collection fund established under division (A) of section 505.31 479 of the Revised Code. 480

(B) When so required by rules adopted under division (G) 481 (2) of section 343.01 of the Revised Code, a board of township 482 trustees, before constructing, enlarging, or modifying a solid 483 waste facility as defined in section 3734.01 of the Revised 484 Code, shall obtain approval for the facility from the board of 485 county commissioners of the county or board of directors of the 486 joint solid waste management district, or board of trustees of a 487 regional solid waste management authority if such has been 488 formed under section 343.011 of the Revised Code, having 489 jurisdiction for compliance with the initial or amended solid 490

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waste management plan of the district approved under section4913734.521, 3734.55, or 3734.56 of the Revised Code.492

Sec. 505.29. The board of township trustees may levy, in 493 any year, a sufficient tax within the ten-mill limitation upon 494 all taxable property in a waste disposal district to provide and 495 maintain waste <u>collection, transfer, recycling, and</u> disposal 496 <u>service services</u> and to provide for the collection and disposal 497 of tree leaves. 498

In the alternative, the board of township trustees of any 499 township that has provided or contracted for the collection, 500 transfer, recycling, or disposal of garbage or refuse on behalf 501 of the township or any district may establish, by resolution, 502 equitable charges of rents to be paid to the township for the 503 use and benefit of that service by every person, firm, or 504 corporation whose premises are so served. The charges shall 505 constitute a lien upon the property served and, if not paid when 506 due, shall be collected in the same manner as other township 507 taxes. 508

Sec. 505.31. (A) Except as otherwise provided in division 509 (B) of this section, the township fiscal officer shall collect 510 the service charges for waste collection, transfer, recycling, 511 and disposal service services and administer them under rules 512 established by the board of township trustees. All of those 513 service charges shall be kept in a separate fund designated as 514 the waste collection fund and shall be appropriated and 515 administered by the board. The fund shall be used for payment of 516 the costs of the management, maintenance, and operation of the 517 garbage and refuse collection, transfer, recycling, and disposal 518 system in the township or several waste disposal districts. The 519 board also may use the fund for payment of the costs incurred by 520

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the township in relation to the collection and disposal of tree leaves.

Service charges for waste disposal service collected from523one district cannot be used for any other district. If a524district is abandoned or discontinued, any balance remaining in525the fund for that district shall be paid into the general fund526of the township.527

(B) When a board of township trustees contracts with an independent contractor for the collection, transfer, <u>recycling</u>, and disposal of solid wastes under section 505.27 of the Revised Code, the contract may provide for the independent contractor to collect and keep the service charges for the <u>waste disposal</u> services the contractor provides.

Sec. 505.37. (A) The board of township trustees may 534 establish all necessary rules to guard against the occurrence of 535 fires and to protect the property and lives of the citizens 536 against damage and accidents, and may, with the approval of the 537 specifications by the prosecuting attorney or, if the township 538 has adopted limited home rule government under Chapter 504. of 539 the Revised Code, with the approval of the specifications by the 540 township's law director, purchase, lease, lease with an option 541 to purchase, or otherwise provide any fire apparatus, mechanical 542 resuscitators, underwater rescue and recovery equipment, or 543 other fire equipment, appliances, materials, fire hydrants, and 544 water supply for fire-fighting and fire and rescue purposes that 545 seems advisable to the board. The board shall provide for the 546 care and maintenance of <u>such</u> fire equipment, and, for these 547 purposes, may purchase, lease, lease with an option to purchase, 548 or construct and maintain necessary buildings, and it may 549 establish and maintain lines of fire-alarm communications within 550

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the limits of the township. The board may employ one or more551persons to maintain and operate fire-fighting_such fire552equipment, or it may enter into an agreement with a volunteer553fire company for the use and operation of fire-fighting_the554equipment. The board may compensate the members of a volunteer555fire company on any basis and in any amount that it considers556equitable.557

558 When the estimated cost to purchase fire apparatus, mechanical resuscitators, <u>underwater rescue and recovery</u> 559 560 equipment, or other fire equipment, appliances, materials, fire hydrants, buildings, or fire-alarm communications equipment or 561 services exceeds fifty thousand dollars, the contract shall be 562 let by competitive bidding. When competitive bidding is 563 required, the board shall advertise once a week for not less 564 than two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation 565 within the township. The board may also cause notice to be 566 inserted in trade papers or other publications designated by it 567 or to be distributed by electronic means, including posting the 568 notice on the board's internet web site. If the board posts the 569 notice on its web site, it may eliminate the second notice 570 otherwise required to be published in a newspaper of general 571 circulation within the township, provided that the first notice 572 published in such newspaper meets all of the following 573 requirements: 574

(1) It is published at least two weeks before the opening 575 of bids.
 (2) It includes a statement that the notice is posted on 577 the board's internet web site. 578

(3) It includes the internet address of the board's 579internet web site. 580

(4) It includes instructions describing how the notice maybe accessed on the board's internet web site.

The advertisement shall include the time, date, and place 583 where the clerk of the township, or the clerk's designee, will 584 read bids publicly. The time, date, and place of bid openings 585 may be extended to a later date by the board of township 586 trustees, provided that written or oral notice of the change 587 shall be given to all persons who have received or requested 588 specifications not later than ninety-six hours prior to the 589 original time and date fixed for the opening. The board may 590 reject all the bids or accept the lowest and best bid, provided 591 that the successful bidder meets the requirements of section 592 153.54 of the Revised Code when the contract is for the 593 construction, demolition, alteration, repair, or reconstruction 594 of an improvement. 595

(B) The boards of township trustees of any two or more townships, or the legislative authorities of any two or more political subdivisions, or any combination of these, may, through joint action, unite in the joint purchase, lease, lease with an option to purchase, maintenance, use, and operation of fire-fighting_fire_equipment_described in division (A) of this section, or for any other purpose designated in sections 505.37 to 505.42 of the Revised Code, and may prorate the expense of the joint action on any terms that are mutually agreed upon.

(C) The board of township trustees of any township may, by
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resolution, whenever it is expedient and necessary to guard
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against the occurrence of fires or to protect the property and
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lives of the citizens against damages resulting from their
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occurrence, create a fire district of any portions of the
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township that it considers necessary. The board may purchase,
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lease, lease with an option to purchase, or otherwise provide 611 any fire apparatus, <u>mechanical resuscitators</u>, <u>underwater rescue</u> 612 and recovery equipment, or other fire equipment, appliances, 613 materials, fire hydrants, and water supply for fire-fighting and 614 fire and rescue purposes, or may contract for the fire 615 protection for the fire district as provided in section 9.60 of 616 the Revised Code. The fire district so created shall be given a 617 separate name by which it shall be known. 618

Additional unincorporated territory of the township may be 619 620 added to a fire district upon the board's adoption of a 621 resolution authorizing the addition. A municipal corporation that is within or adjoining the township may be added to a fire 622 district upon the board's adoption of a resolution authorizing 623 the addition and the municipal legislative authority's adoption 624 of a resolution or ordinance requesting the addition of the 625 municipal corporation to the fire district. 62.6

If the township fire district imposes a tax, additional unincorporated territory of the township or a municipal corporation that is within or adjoining the township shall become part of the fire district only after all of the following have occurred:

(1) Adoption by the board of township trustees of a
resolution approving the expansion of the territorial limits of
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the district and, if the resolution proposes to add a municipal
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corporation, adoption by the municipal legislative authority of
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a resolution or ordinance requesting the addition of the
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municipal corporation to the district;
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(2) Adoption by the board of township trustees of a
resolution recommending the extension of the tax to the
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additional territory;
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(3) Approval of the tax by the electors of the territory 641 proposed for addition to the district. 642 Each resolution of the board adopted under division (C)(2)643 of this section shall state the name of the fire district, a 644 description of the territory to be added, and the rate and 645 termination date of the tax, which shall be the rate and 646 termination date of the tax currently in effect in the fire 647 district. 648 The board of trustees shall certify each resolution 649 adopted under division (C)(2) of this section to the board of 650 elections in accordance with section 5705.19 of the Revised 651 Code. The election required under division (C)(3) of this 652 section shall be held, canvassed, and certified in the manner 653 provided for the submission of tax levies under section 5705.25 654 of the Revised Code, except that the question appearing on the 655 ballot shall read: 656 "Shall the territory within 657 (description of the proposed territory to be added) be added 658 to (name) fire district, and a property 659 tax at a rate of taxation not exceeding (here insert tax 660 rate) be in effect for (here insert the number of 661 years the tax is to be in effect or "a continuing period of 662 time," as applicable)?" 663 If the question is approved by at least a majority of the 664 electors voting on it, the joinder shall be effective as of the 665 first day of July of the year following approval, and on that 666

date, the township fire district tax shall be extended to the 667 taxable property within the territory that has been added. If 668 the territory that has been added is a municipal corporation and 669 if it had adopted a tax levy for fire purposes, the levy is 670

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terminated on the effective date of the joinder.

Any municipal corporation may withdraw from a township 672 fire district created under division (C) of this section by the 673 adoption by the municipal legislative authority of a resolution 674 or ordinance ordering withdrawal. On the first day of July of 675 the year following the adoption of the resolution or ordinance 676 of withdrawal, the municipal corporation withdrawing ceases to 677 be a part of the district, and the power of the fire district to 678 levy a tax upon taxable property in the withdrawing municipal 679 corporation terminates, except that the fire district shall 680 continue to levy and collect taxes for the payment of 681 indebtedness within the territory of the fire district as it was 682 composed at the time the indebtedness was incurred. 683

Upon the withdrawal of any municipal corporation from a 684 township fire district created under division (C) of this 685 section, the county auditor shall ascertain, apportion, and 686 order a division of the funds on hand, moneys and taxes in the 687 process of collection except for taxes levied for the payment of 688 indebtedness, credits, and real and personal property, either in 689 money or in kind, on the basis of the valuation of the 690 respective tax duplicates of the withdrawing municipal 691 corporation and the remaining territory of the fire district. 692

A board of township trustees may remove unincorporated 693 territory of the township from the fire district upon the 694 adoption of a resolution authorizing the removal. On the first 695 day of July of the year following the adoption of the 696 resolution, the unincorporated township territory described in 697 the resolution ceases to be a part of the district, and the 698 power of the fire district to levy a tax upon taxable property 699 in that territory terminates, except that the fire district 700

shall continue to levy and collect taxes for the payment of701indebtedness within the territory of the fire district as it was702composed at the time the indebtedness was incurred.703

(D) The board of township trustees of any township, the 704 board of fire district trustees of a fire district created under 705 section 505.371 of the Revised Code, or the legislative 706 authority of any municipal corporation may purchase, lease, or 707 lease with an option to purchase the necessary fire fighting 708 fire equipment described in division (A) of this section, 709 710 buildings, and sites for the township, fire district, or municipal corporation and issue securities for that purpose with 711 maximum maturities as provided in section 133.20 of the Revised 712 Code. The board of township trustees, board of fire district 713 trustees, or legislative authority may also construct any 714 buildings necessary to house fire fighting fire equipment and 715 issue securities for that purpose with maximum maturities as 716 provided in section 133.20 of the Revised Code. 717

The board of township trustees, board of fire district 718 trustees, or legislative authority may issue the securities of 719 the township, fire district, or municipal corporation, signed by 720 the board or designated officer of the municipal corporation and 721 722 attested by the signature of the township fiscal officer, fire district clerk, or municipal clerk, covering any deferred 723 payments and payable at the times provided, which securities 724 shall bear interest not to exceed the rate determined as 725 provided in section 9.95 of the Revised Code, and shall not be 726 subject to Chapter 133. of the Revised Code. The legislation 727 authorizing the issuance of the securities shall provide for 728 levying and collecting annually by taxation, amounts sufficient 729 to pay the interest on and principal of the securities. The 730 securities shall be offered for sale on the open market or given 731

to the vendor or contractor if no sale is made.

Section 505.40 of the Revised Code does not apply to any733securities issued, or any lease with an option to purchase734entered into, in accordance with this division.735

(E) A board of township trustees of any township or a 736 board of fire district trustees of a fire district created under 737 section 505.371 of the Revised Code may purchase a policy or 738 policies of liability insurance for the officers, employees, and 739 appointees of the fire department, fire district, or joint fire 740 district governed by the board that includes personal injury 741 liability coverage as to the civil liability of those officers, 742 employees, and appointees for false arrest, detention, or 743 imprisonment, malicious prosecution, libel, slander, defamation 744 or other violation of the right of privacy, wrongful entry or 745 eviction, or other invasion of the right of private occupancy, 746 arising out of the performance of their duties. 747

When a board of township trustees cannot, by deed of gift 748 or by purchase and upon terms it considers reasonable, procure 749 land for a township fire station that is needed in order to 750 respond in reasonable time to a fire or medical emergency, the 751 board may appropriate land for that purpose under sections 752 163.01 to 163.22 of the Revised Code. If it is necessary to 753 acquire additional adjacent land for enlarging or improving the 754 fire station, the board may purchase, appropriate, or accept a 755 deed of gift for the land for these purposes. 756

(F) As used in this division, "emergency medical service 757organization" has the same meaning as in section 4766.01 of the 758Revised Code. 759

A board of township trustees, by adoption of an

Page 26

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appropriate resolution, may choose to have the state board of 761 emergency medical, fire, and transportation services license any 762 emergency medical service organization it operates. If the board 763 adopts such a resolution, Chapter 4766. of the Revised Code, 764 except for sections 4766.06 and 4766.99 of the Revised Code, 765 applies to the organization. All rules adopted under the 766 applicable sections of that chapter also apply to the 767 organization. A board of township trustees, by adoption of an 768 appropriate resolution, may remove its emergency medical service 769 organization from the jurisdiction of the state board of 770 emergency medical, fire, and transportation services. 771

Sec. 505.39. The board of township trustees may, in any 772 year, levy a sufficient tax upon all taxable property in the 773 township or in a fire district, to provide protection against 774 fire, to provide fire and rescue services, to provide and 775 maintain fire apparatus, mechanical resuscitators, underwater 776 rescue and recovery equipment, and other fire equipment and 777 appliances, buildings and sites for apparatus and appliances 778 therefor, sources of water supply, and materials for such water 779 supply therefor, to establish and maintain lines of fire-alarm 780 telegraph communications, and to pay permanent, part-time, or 781 volunteer fire-fighting companies to operate such equipment. 782

Sec. 505.40. No bonds shall be issued by the board of 783 township trustees for the purpose of providing and maintaining 784 fire apparatus, mechanical resuscitators, underwater rescue and 785 recovery equipment, and other fire equipment and appliances, 786 buildings or and sites therefor, sources of water supply and 787 materials therefor, or for the establishment and maintenance of 788 lines of fire-alarm-telegraph_communications, or for the payment 789 of permanent, part-time, or volunteer fire-fighting companies to 790 operate such equipment, unless approved by vote of the people in 791

a township or fire district in the manner provided by section792133.18 of the Revised Code, and in no event in an amount793exceeding the greater of one hundred fifty thousand dollars or794two per cent of the total value of all property in the township795as listed and assessed for taxation.796

Sec. 505.602. A board of township trustees may procure and 797 pay all or any part of the cost of group life insurance to 798 insure the lives of officers and full-time employees of the 799 township. The amount of group life insurance coverage provided 800 by the board to insure the lives of officers of the township 801 shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars per officer. 802

Sec. 5705.19. This section does not apply to school districts, county school financing districts, or lake facilities authorities.

The taxing authority of any subdivision at any time and in 806 any year, by vote of two-thirds of all the members of the taxing 807 authority, may declare by resolution and certify the resolution 808 to the board of elections not less than ninety days before the 809 election upon which it will be voted that the amount of taxes 810 that may be raised within the ten-mill limitation will be 811 insufficient to provide for the necessary requirements of the 812 subdivision and that it is necessary to levy a tax in excess of 813 that limitation for any of the following purposes: 814

(A) For current expenses of the subdivision, except that
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the total levy for current expenses of a detention facility
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district or district organized under section 2151.65 of the
Revised Code shall not exceed two mills and that the total levy
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for current expenses of a combined district organized under
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sections 2151.65 and 2152.41 of the Revised Code shall not
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exceed four mills;

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(B) For the payment of debt charges on certain described 822 bonds, notes, or certificates of indebtedness of the subdivision 823 issued subsequent to January 1, 1925; 824 (C) For the debt charges on all bonds, notes, and 825 certificates of indebtedness issued and authorized to be issued 826 prior to January 1, 1925; 827 (D) For a public library of, or supported by, the 828 subdivision under whatever law organized or authorized to be 829 830 supported; (E) For a municipal university, not to exceed two mills 831 over the limitation of one mill prescribed in section 3349.13 of 832 the Revised Code; 833 (F) For the construction or acquisition of any specific 834 permanent improvement or class of improvements that the taxing 835 authority of the subdivision may include in a single bond issue; 836 (G) For the general construction, reconstruction, 837 resurfacing, and repair of streets, roads, and bridges in 8.38 municipal corporations, counties, or townships; 839 (H) For parks and recreational purposes; 840 (I) For the purpose of providing and maintaining fire 841 apparatus, mechanical resuscitators, underwater rescue and 842 recovery equipment, or other fire equipment and appliances, 843 buildings, or and sites therefor, or sources of water supply and 844 materials therefor, or for the establishment and maintenance of 845 lines of <u>fire alarm telegraph</u> fire-alarm communications, or for 846 the payment of firefighting companies or permanent, part-time, 847 or volunteer firefighting, emergency medical service, 848 administrative, or communications personnel to operate the same, 849 including the payment of any employer contributions required for 850

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such personnel under section 145.48 or 742.34 of the Revised851Code, or for the purchase of ambulance equipment, or for the852provision of ambulance, paramedic, or other emergency medical853services operated by a fire department or firefighting company,854or for the payment of other related costs;855

(J) For the purpose of providing and maintaining motor 856 vehicles, communications, other equipment, buildings, and sites 857 for such buildings used directly in the operation of a police 858 department, or for the payment of salaries of permanent or part-859 860 time police, communications, or administrative personnel to 861 operate the same, including the payment of any employer contributions required for such personnel under section 145.48 862 or 742.33 of the Revised Code, or for the payment of the costs 863 incurred by townships as a result of contracts made with other 864 political subdivisions in order to obtain police protection, or-865 for the provision of ambulance or emergency medical services 866 operated by a police department, or for the payment of other 867 related costs; 868

(K) For the maintenance and operation of a county home or detention facility;

(L) For community mental retardation and developmental
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 disabilities programs and services pursuant to Chapter 5126. of
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 the Revised Code, except that the procedure for such levies
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 shall be as provided in section 5705.222 of the Revised Code;
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(M) For regional planning;

(N) For a county's share of the cost of maintaining and
operating schools, district detention facilities, forestry
camps, or other facilities, or any combination thereof,
established under section 2151.65 or 2152.41 of the Revised Code
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or both of those sections; 880 (O) For providing for flood defense, providing and 881 maintaining a flood wall or pumps, and other purposes to prevent 882 floods: 883 (P) For maintaining and operating sewage disposal plants 884 and facilities; 885 (Q) For the purpose of purchasing, acquiring, 886 constructing, enlarging, improving, equipping, repairing, 887 maintaining, or operating, or any combination of the foregoing, 888 a county transit system pursuant to sections 306.01 to 306.13 of 889 the Revised Code, or of making any payment to a board of county 890 commissioners operating a transit system or a county transit 891 board pursuant to section 306.06 of the Revised Code; 892 (R) For the subdivision's share of the cost of acquiring 893 or constructing any schools, forestry camps, detention 894 facilities, or other facilities, or any combination thereof, 895 under section 2151.65 or 2152.41 of the Revised Code or both of 896 those sections; 897 (S) For the prevention, control, and abatement of air 898 pollution; 899 900 (T) For maintaining and operating cemeteries; (U) For providing ambulance service, emergency medical 901 service, or both; 902 (V) For providing for the collection and disposal of 903 garbage or refuse, including yard waste; 904 (W) For the payment of the police officer employers' 905 contribution or the firefighter employers' contribution required 906 under sections 742.33 and 742.34 of the Revised Code; 907

(X) For the construction and maintenance of a drainage	908	
improvement pursuant to section 6131.52 of the Revised Code;		
(Y) For providing or maintaining senior citizens services	910	
or facilities as authorized by section 307.694, 307.85, 505.70,	911	
or 505.706 or division (EE) of section 717.01 of the Revised	912	
Code;	913	
(Z) For the provision and maintenance of zoological park	914	
services and facilities as authorized under section 307.76 of	915	
the Revised Code;	916	
(AA) For the maintenance and operation of a free public	917	
museum of art, science, or history;	918	
(BB) For the establishment and operation of a 9-1-1	919	
system, as defined in section 128.01 of the Revised Code;	920	
(CC) For the purpose of acquiring, rehabilitating, or	921	
developing rail property or rail service. As used in this	922	
division, "rail property" and "rail service" have the same	923	
meanings as in section 4981.01 of the Revised Code. This	924	
division applies only to a county, township, or municipal	925	
corporation.	926	
(DD) For the purpose of acquiring property for,	927	
constructing, operating, and maintaining community centers as	928	
provided for in section 755.16 of the Revised Code;	929	
(EE) For the creation and operation of an office or joint	930	
office of economic development, for any economic development	931	
purpose of the office, and to otherwise provide for the	932	
establishment and operation of a program of economic development	933	
pursuant to sections 307.07 and 307.64 of the Revised Code, or	934	
to the extent that the expenses of a county land reutilization	935	
corporation organized under Chapter 1724. of the Revised Code	936	

are found by the board of county commissioners to constitute the937promotion of economic development, for the payment of such938operations and expenses;939

(FF) For the purpose of acquiring, establishing,
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constructing, improving, equipping, maintaining, or operating,
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or any combination of the foregoing, a township airport, landing
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field, or other air navigation facility pursuant to section
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505.15 of the Revised Code;
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(GG) For the payment of costs incurred by a township as a 945 result of a contract made with a county pursuant to section 946 505.263 of the Revised Code in order to pay all or any part of 947 the cost of constructing, maintaining, repairing, or operating a 948 water supply improvement; 949

(HH) For a board of township trustees to acquire, other 950 than by appropriation, an ownership interest in land, water, or 951 wetlands, or to restore or maintain land, water, or wetlands in 952 which the board has an ownership interest, not for purposes of 953 recreation, but for the purposes of protecting and preserving 954 the natural, scenic, open, or wooded condition of the land, 955 956 water, or wetlands against modification or encroachment resulting from occupation, development, or other use, which may 957 be styled as protecting or preserving "greenspace" in the 958 resolution, notice of election, or ballot form. Except as 959 otherwise provided in this division, land is not acquired for 960 purposes of recreation, even if the land is used for 961 recreational purposes, so long as no building, structure, or 962 fixture used for recreational purposes is permanently attached 963 or affixed to the land. Except as otherwise provided in this 964 division, land that previously has been acquired in a township 965 for these greenspace purposes may subsequently be used for 966

recreational purposes if the board of township trustees adopts a 967 resolution approving that use and no building, structure, or 968 fixture used for recreational purposes is permanently attached 969 or affixed to the land. The authorization to use greenspace land 970 for recreational use does not apply to land located in a 971 township that had a population, at the time it passed its first 972 greenspace levy, of more than thirty-eight thousand within a 973 county that had a population, at that time, of at least eight 974 hundred sixty thousand. 975 (II) For the support by a county of a crime victim 976 assistance program that is provided and maintained by a county 977 agency or a private, nonprofit corporation or association under 978 section 307.62 of the Revised Code; 979 (JJ) For any or all of the purposes set forth in divisions 980

(I) and (J) of this section. This division applies only to a township.

(KK) For a countywide public safety communications system 983 under section 307.63 of the Revised Code. This division applies 984 only to counties. 985

(LL) For the support by a county of criminal justice986services under section 307.45 of the Revised Code;987

(MM) For the purpose of maintaining and operating a jail or other detention facility as defined in section 2921.01 of the Revised Code;

(NN) For purchasing, maintaining, or improving, or any 991 combination of the foregoing, real estate on which to hold, and 992 the operating expenses of, agricultural fairs operated by a 993 county agricultural society or independent agricultural society 994 under Chapter 1711. of the Revised Code. This division applies 995

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only to a county.		
(00) For constructing, rehabilitating, repairing, or	997	
maintaining sidewalks, walkways, trails, bicycle pathways, or		
similar improvements, or acquiring ownership interests in land		
necessary for the foregoing improvements;	1000	
(PP) For both of the purposes set forth in divisions (G)	1001	
and (OO) of this section.	1002	
(QQ) For both of the purposes set forth in divisions (H)	1003	
and (HH) of this section. This division applies only to a	1004	
township.	1005	
(RR) For the legislative authority of a municipal	1006	
corporation, board of county commissioners of a county, or board	1007	
of township trustees of a township to acquire agricultural	1008	
easements, as defined in section 5301.67 of the Revised Code,	1009	
and to supervise and enforce the easements.	1010	
(SS) For both of the purposes set forth in divisions (BB)	1011	
and (KK) of this section. This division applies only to a	1012	
county.	1013	
(TT) For the maintenance and operation of a facility that	1014	
is organized in whole or in part to promote the sciences and	1015	
natural history under section 307.761 of the Revised Code.	1016	
(UU) For the creation and operation of a county land	1017	
reutilization corporation and for any programs or activities of	1018	
the corporation found by the board of directors of the	1019	
corporation to be consistent with the purposes for which the		
corporation is organized;	1021	
(VV) For construction and maintenance of improvements and	1022	

expenses of soil and water conservation district programs under 1023

Chapter 1515. 940. of the Revised Code;

(WW) For the OSU extension fund created under section

3335.35 of the Revised Code for the purposes prescribed under 1026 section 3335.36 of the Revised Code for the benefit of the 1027 citizens of a county. This division applies only to a county. 1028 (XX) For a municipal corporation that withdraws or 1029 proposes by resolution to withdraw from a regional transit 1030 authority under section 306.55 of the Revised Code to provide 1031 transportation services for the movement of persons within, 1032 1033 from, or to the municipal corporation; 1034 (YY) For any combination of the purposes specified in divisions (NN), (VV), and (WW) of this section. This division 1035 applies only to a county.

The resolution shall be confined to the purpose or 1037 purposes described in one division of this section, to which the 1038 revenue derived therefrom shall be applied. The existence in any 1039 other division of this section of authority to levy a tax for 1040 any part or all of the same purpose or purposes does not 1041 preclude the use of such revenues for any part of the purpose or 1042 purposes of the division under which the resolution is adopted. 1043

The resolution shall specify the amount of the increase in 1044 rate that it is necessary to levy, the purpose of that increase 1045 in rate, and the number of years during which the increase in 1046 rate shall be in effect, which may or may not include a levy 1047 upon the duplicate of the current year. The number of years may 1048 be any number not exceeding five, except as follows: 1049

(1) When the additional rate is for the payment of debt 1050 charges, the increased rate shall be for the life of the 1051 indebtedness. 1052

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(2) When the additional rate is for any of the following, 1053 the increased rate shall be for a continuing period of time: 1054 (a) For the current expenses for a detention facility 1055 district, a district organized under section 2151.65 of the 1056 Revised Code, or a combined district organized under sections 1057 2151.65 and 2152.41 of the Revised Code: 1058 (b) For providing a county's share of the cost of 1059 1060 maintaining and operating schools, district detention facilities, forestry camps, or other facilities, or any 1061 combination thereof, established under section 2151.65 or 1062 2152.41 of the Revised Code or under both of those sections. 1063 (3) When the additional rate is for either of the 1064 following, the increased rate may be for a continuing period of 1065 time: 1066 (a) For the purposes set forth in division (I), (J), (U), 1067 or (KK) of this section; 1068 (b) For the maintenance and operation of a joint 1069 recreation district. 1070 (4) When the increase is for the purpose or purposes set 1071 forth in division (D), (G), (H), (T), (Z), (CC), or (PP) of this 1072 section, the tax levy may be for any specified number of years 1073 or for a continuing period of time, as set forth in the 1074 resolution. 1075 A levy for one of the purposes set forth in division (G), 1076 (I), (J), or (U) of this section may be reduced pursuant to 1077 section 5705.261 or 5705.31 of the Revised Code. A levy for one 1078 1079

of the purposes set forth in division (G), (I), (J), or (U) of1079this section may also be terminated or permanently reduced by1080the taxing authority if it adopts a resolution stating that the1081

continuance of the levy is unnecessary and the levy shall be1082terminated or that the millage is excessive and the levy shall1083be decreased by a designated amount.1084

A resolution of a detention facility district, a district 1085 organized under section 2151.65 of the Revised Code, or a 1086 combined district organized under both sections 2151.65 and 1087 2152.41 of the Revised Code may include both current expenses 1088 and other purposes, provided that the resolution shall apportion 1089 the annual rate of levy between the current expenses and the 1090 1091 other purpose or purposes. The apportionment need not be the same for each year of the levy, but the respective portions of 1092 the rate actually levied each year for the current expenses and 1093 the other purpose or purposes shall be limited by the 1094 apportionment. 1095

Whenever a board of county commissioners, acting either as 1096 the taxing authority of its county or as the taxing authority of 1097 a sewer district or subdistrict created under Chapter 6117. of 1098 the Revised Code, by resolution declares it necessary to levy a 1099 tax in excess of the ten-mill limitation for the purpose of 1100 constructing, improving, or extending sewage disposal plants or 1101 sewage systems, the tax may be in effect for any number of years 1102 1103 not exceeding twenty, and the proceeds of the tax, notwithstanding the general provisions of this section, may be 1104 used to pay debt charges on any obligations issued and 1105 outstanding on behalf of the subdivision for the purposes 1106 enumerated in this paragraph, provided that any such obligations 1107 have been specifically described in the resolution. 1108

A resolution adopted by the legislative authority of a 1109 municipal corporation that is for the purpose in division (XX) 1110 of this section may be combined with the purpose provided in 1111

section 306.55 of the Revised Code, by vote of two-thirds of all 1112 members of the legislative authority. The legislative authority 1113 may certify the resolution to the board of elections as a 1114 combined question. The question appearing on the ballot shall be 1115 as provided in section 5705.252 of the Revised Code. 1116

The resolution shall go into immediate effect upon its1117passage, and no publication of the resolution is necessary other1118than that provided for in the notice of election1119

When the electors of a subdivision or, in the case of a 1120 qualifying library levy for the support of a library association 1121 or private corporation, the electors of the association library 1122 district, have approved a tax levy under this section, the 1123 taxing authority of the subdivision may anticipate a fraction of 1124 the proceeds of the levy and issue anticipation notes in 1125 accordance with section 5705.191 or 5705.193 of the Revised 1126 Code. 1127

Sec. 5709.40. (A) As used in this section:

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(1) "Blighted area" and "impacted city" have the samemeanings as in section 1728.01 of the Revised Code.1130
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(2) "Business day" means a day of the week excluding
Saturday, Sunday, and a legal holiday as defined under section
1.14 of the Revised Code.

(3) "Housing renovation" means a project carried out for 1134residential purposes. 1135

(4) "Improvement" means the increase in the assessed value
of any real property that would first appear on the tax list and
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duplicate of real and public utility property after the
effective date of an ordinance adopted under this section were
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it not for the exemption granted by that ordinance.

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(5) "Incentive district" means an area not more than three
hundred acres in size enclosed by a continuous boundary in which
a project is being, or will be, undertaken and having one or
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more of the following distress characteristics:

(a) At least fifty-one per cent of the residents of the
district have incomes of less than eighty per cent of the median
income of residents of the political subdivision in which the
district is located, as determined in the same manner specified
under section 119(b) of the "Housing and Community Development
Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 633, 42 U.S.C. 5318, as amended;

(b) The average rate of unemployment in the district
during the most recent twelve-month period for which data are
available is equal to at least one hundred fifty per cent of the
average rate of unemployment for this state for the same period.

(c) At least twenty per cent of the people residing in the
district live at or below the poverty level as defined in the
federal Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C.
5301, as amended, and regulations adopted pursuant to that act.

(d) The district is a blighted area. 1159

(e) The district is in a situational distress area as
designated by the director of development services under
division (F) of section 122.23 of the Revised Code.

(f) As certified by the engineer for the political 1163 subdivision, the public infrastructure serving the district is 1164 inadequate to meet the development needs of the district as 1165 evidenced by a written economic development plan or urban 1166 renewal plan for the district that has been adopted by the 1167 legislative authority of the subdivision. 1168

(g) The district is comprised entirely of unimproved land 1169

that is located in a distressed area as defined in section 1170 122.23 of the Revised Code. 1171

(6) "Project" means development activities undertaken on
one or more parcels, including, but not limited to,
construction, expansion, and alteration of buildings or
structures, demolition, remediation, and site development, and
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any building or structure that results from those activities.

(7) "Public infrastructure improvement" includes, but is 1177 not limited to, public roads and highways; water and sewer 1178 lines; the continued maintenance of those public roads and 1179 highways and water and sewer lines; environmental remediation; 1180 land acquisition, including acquisition in aid of industry, 1181 commerce, distribution, or research; demolition, including 1182 demolition on private property when determined to be necessary 1183 for economic development purposes; stormwater and flood 1184 remediation projects, including such projects on private 1185 property when determined to be necessary for public health, 1186 safety, and welfare; the provision of gas, electric, and 1187 communications service facilities, including the provision of 1188 gas or electric service facilities owned by nongovernmental 1189 entities when such improvements are determined to be necessary 1190 for economic development purposes; and the enhancement of public 1191 waterways through improvements that allow for greater public 1192 1193 access.

(B) The legislative authority of a municipal corporation,
by ordinance, may declare improvements to certain parcels of
real property located in the municipal corporation to be a
public purpose. Improvements with respect to a parcel that is
used or to be used for residential purposes may be declared a
public purpose under this division only if the parcel is located

in a blighted area of an impacted city. For this purpose, 1200 "parcel that is used or to be used for residential purposes" 1201 means a parcel that, as improved, is used or to be used for 1202 purposes that would cause the tax commissioner to classify the 1203 parcel as residential property in accordance with rules adopted 1204 by the commissioner under section 5713.041 of the Revised Code. 1205 Except with the approval under division (D) of this section of 1206 the board of education of each city, local, or exempted village 1207 school district within which the improvements are located, not 1208 more than seventy-five per cent of an improvement thus declared 1209 to be a public purpose may be exempted from real property 1210 taxation for a period of not more than ten years. The ordinance 1211 shall specify the percentage of the improvement to be exempted 1212 from taxation and the life of the exemption. 1213

An ordinance adopted or amended under this division shall 1214 designate the specific public infrastructure improvements made, 1215 to be made, or in the process of being made by the municipal 1216 corporation that directly benefit, or that once made will 1217 directly benefit, the parcels for which improvements are 1218 declared to be a public purpose. The service payments provided 1219 for in section 5709.42 of the Revised Code shall be used to 1220 finance the public infrastructure improvements designated in the 1221 ordinance, for the purpose described in division (D)(1) of this 1222 section or as provided in section 5709.43 of the Revised Code. 1223

(C) (1) The legislative authority of a municipal 1224
corporation may adopt an ordinance creating an incentive 1225
district and declaring improvements to parcels within the 1226
district to be a public purpose and, except as provided in 1227
division (F) of this section, exempt from taxation as provided 1228
in this section, but no legislative authority of a municipal 1229
corporation that has a population that exceeds twenty-five 1230

thousand, as shown by the most recent federal decennial census, 1231 shall adopt an ordinance that creates an incentive district if 1232 the sum of the taxable value of real property in the proposed 1233 district for the preceding tax year and the taxable value of all 1234 real property in the municipal corporation that would have been 1235 taxable in the preceding year were it not for the fact that the 1236 property was in an existing incentive district and therefore 1237 exempt from taxation exceeds twenty-five per cent of the taxable 1238 value of real property in the municipal corporation for the 1239 preceding tax year. The ordinance shall delineate the boundary 1240 of the district and specifically identify each parcel within the 1241 district. A district may not include any parcel that is or has 1242 been exempted from taxation under division (B) of this section 1243 or that is or has been within another district created under 1244 this division. An ordinance may create more than one such 1245 district, and more than one ordinance may be adopted under 1246 division (C)(1) of this section. 1247

(2) Not later than thirty days prior to adopting an 1248 ordinance under division (C)(1) of this section, if the 1249 municipal corporation intends to apply for exemptions from 1250 taxation under section 5709.911 of the Revised Code on behalf of 1251 owners of real property located within the proposed incentive 1252 district, the legislative authority of a municipal corporation 1253 shall conduct a public hearing on the proposed ordinance. Not 1254 later than thirty days prior to the public hearing, the 1255 legislative authority shall give notice of the public hearing 1256 and the proposed ordinance by first class mail to every real 1257 property owner whose property is located within the boundaries 1258 of the proposed incentive district that is the subject of the 1259 proposed ordinance. 1260

(3) (a) An ordinance adopted under division (C) (1) of this 1261

section shall specify the life of the incentive district and the 1262 percentage of the improvements to be exempted, shall designate 1263 the public infrastructure improvements made, to be made, or in 1264 the process of being made, that benefit or serve, or, once made, 1265 will benefit or serve parcels in the district. The ordinance 1266 also shall identify one or more specific projects being, or to 1267 1268 be, undertaken in the district that place additional demand on the public infrastructure improvements designated in the 1269 ordinance. The project identified may, but need not be, the 1270 project under division (C)(3)(b) of this section that places 1271 real property in use for commercial or industrial purposes. 1272 Except as otherwise permitted under that division, the service 1273 payments provided for in section 5709.42 of the Revised Code 1274 shall be used to finance the designated public infrastructure 1275 improvements, for the purpose described in division (D)(1) or 1276 (E) of this section, or as provided in section 5709.43 of the 1277 Revised Code. 1278

An ordinance adopted under division (C)(1) of this section 1279 on or after March 30, 2006, shall not designate police or fire 1280 equipment as public infrastructure improvements, and no service 1281 payment provided for in section 5709.42 of the Revised Code and 1282 received by the municipal corporation under the ordinance shall 1283 be used for police or fire equipment. 1284

(b) An ordinance adopted under division (C)(1) of this 1285 section may authorize the use of service payments provided for 1286 in section 5709.42 of the Revised Code for the purpose of 1287 housing renovations within the incentive district, provided that 1288 the ordinance also designates public infrastructure improvements 1289 that benefit or serve the district, and that a project within 1290 the district places real property in use for commercial or 1291 industrial purposes. Service payments may be used to finance or 1292

support loans, deferred loans, and grants to persons for the 1293 purpose of housing renovations within the district. The 1294 ordinance shall designate the parcels within the district that 1295 are eligible for housing renovation. The ordinance shall state 1296 separately the amounts or the percentages of the expected 1297 aggregate service payments that are designated for each public 1298 infrastructure improvement and for the general purpose of 1299 housing renovations. 1300

(4) Except with the approval of the board of education of 1301 1302 each city, local, or exempted village school district within the territory of which the incentive district is or will be located, 1303 and subject to division (E) of this section, the life of an 1304 incentive district shall not exceed ten years, and the 1305 percentage of improvements to be exempted shall not exceed 1306 seventy-five per cent. With approval of the board of education, 1307 the life of a district may be not more than thirty years, and 1308 the percentage of improvements to be exempted may be not more 1309 than one hundred per cent. The approval of a board of education 1310 shall be obtained in the manner provided in division (D) of this 1311 section. 1312

(D) (1) If the ordinance declaring improvements to a parcel 1313 to be a public purpose or creating an incentive district 1314 specifies that payments in lieu of taxes provided for in section 1315 5709.42 of the Revised Code shall be paid to the city, local, or 1316 exempted village, and joint vocational school district in which 1317 the parcel or incentive district is located in the amount of the 1318 taxes that would have been payable to the school district if the 1319 improvements had not been exempted from taxation, the percentage 1320 of the improvement that may be exempted from taxation may exceed 1321 seventy-five per cent, and the exemption may be granted for up 1322 to thirty years, without the approval of the board of education 1323

as otherwise required under division (D)(2) of this section.	1324
(2) Improvements with respect to a parcel may be exempted	1325
from taxation under division (B) of this section, and	1326
improvements to parcels within an incentive district may be	1327
exempted from taxation under division (C) of this section, for	1328
up to ten years or, with the approval under this paragraph of	1329
the board of education of the city, local, or exempted village	1330
school district within which the parcel or district is located,	1331
for up to thirty years. The percentage of the improvement	1332
exempted from taxation may, with such approval, exceed seventy-	1333
five per cent, but shall not exceed one hundred per cent. Not	1334
later than forty-five business days prior to adopting an	1335
ordinance under this section declaring improvements to be a	1336
public purpose that is subject to approval by a board of	1337
education under this division, the legislative authority shall	1338
deliver to the board of education a notice stating its intent to	1339
adopt an ordinance making that declaration. The notice regarding	1340
improvements with respect to a parcel under division (B) of this	1341
section shall identify the parcels for which improvements are to	1342
be exempted from taxation, provide an estimate of the true value	1343
in money of the improvements, specify the period for which the	1344
improvements would be exempted from taxation and the percentage	1345
of the improvement that would be exempted, and indicate the date	1346
on which the legislative authority intends to adopt the	1347
ordinance. The notice regarding improvements to parcels within	1348
an incentive district under division (C) of this section shall	1349
delineate the boundaries of the district, specifically identify	1350
each parcel within the district, identify each anticipated	1351
improvement in the district, provide an estimate of the true	1352
value in money of each such improvement, specify the life of the	1353
district and the percentage of improvements that would be	1354

exempted, and indicate the date on which the legislative 1355 authority intends to adopt the ordinance. The board of 1356 education, by resolution adopted by a majority of the board, may 1357 approve the exemption for the period or for the exemption 1358 percentage specified in the notice; may disapprove the exemption 1359 for the number of years in excess of ten, may disapprove the 1360 exemption for the percentage of the improvement to be exempted 1361 in excess of seventy-five per cent, or both; or may approve the 1362 exemption on the condition that the legislative authority and 1363 the board negotiate an agreement providing for compensation to 1364 the school district equal in value to a percentage of the amount 1365 of taxes exempted in the eleventh and subsequent years of the 1366 exemption period or, in the case of exemption percentages in 1367 excess of seventy-five per cent, compensation equal in value to 1368 a percentage of the taxes that would be payable on the portion 1369 of the improvement in excess of seventy-five per cent were that 1370 portion to be subject to taxation, or other mutually agreeable 1371 compensation. If an agreement is negotiated between the 1372 legislative authority and the board to compensate the school 1373 district for all or part of the taxes exempted, including 1374 agreements for payments in lieu of taxes under section 5709.42 1375 of the Revised Code, the legislative authority shall compensate 1376 the joint vocational school district within which the parcel or 1377 district is located at the same rate and under the same terms 1378 received by the city, local, or exempted village school 1379 district. 1380

(3) The board of education shall certify its resolution to
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the legislative authority not later than fourteen days prior to
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the date the legislative authority intends to adopt the
ordinance as indicated in the notice. If the board of education
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and the legislative authority negotiate a mutually acceptable
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compensation agreement, the ordinance may declare the 1386 improvements a public purpose for the number of years specified 1387 in the ordinance or, in the case of exemption percentages in 1388 excess of seventy-five per cent, for the exemption percentage 1389 specified in the ordinance. In either case, if the board and the 1390 legislative authority fail to negotiate a mutually acceptable 1391 compensation agreement, the ordinance may declare the 1392 improvements a public purpose for not more than ten years, and 1393 shall not exempt more than seventy-five per cent of the 1394 improvements from taxation. If the board fails to certify a 1395 resolution to the legislative authority within the time 1396 prescribed by this division, the legislative authority thereupon 1397 may adopt the ordinance and may declare the improvements a 1398 public purpose for up to thirty years, or, in the case of 1399 exemption percentages proposed in excess of seventy-five per 1400 cent, for the exemption percentage specified in the ordinance. 1401 The legislative authority may adopt the ordinance at any time 1402 after the board of education certifies its resolution approving 1403 the exemption to the legislative authority, or, if the board 1404 approves the exemption on the condition that a mutually 1405 acceptable compensation agreement be negotiated, at any time 1406 after the compensation agreement is agreed to by the board and 1407 the legislative authority. 1408

(4) If a board of education has adopted a resolution 1409 waiving its right to approve exemptions from taxation under this 1410 section and the resolution remains in effect, approval of 1411 exemptions by the board is not required under division (D) of 1412 this section. If a board of education has adopted a resolution 1413 allowing a legislative authority to deliver the notice required 1414 under division (D) of this section fewer than forty-five 1415 business days prior to the legislative authority's adoption of 1416

the ordinance, the legislative authority shall deliver the 1417 notice to the board not later than the number of days prior to 1418 such adoption as prescribed by the board in its resolution. If a 1419 board of education adopts a resolution waiving its right to 1420 approve agreements or shortening the notification period, the 1421 board shall certify a copy of the resolution to the legislative 1422 authority. If the board of education rescinds such a resolution, 1423 it shall certify notice of the rescission to the legislative 1424 authority. 1425

(5) If the legislative authority is not required by 1426 division (D) of this section to notify the board of education of 1427 the legislative authority's intent to declare improvements to be 1428 a public purpose, the legislative authority shall comply with 1429 the notice requirements imposed under section 5709.83 of the 1430 Revised Code, unless the board has adopted a resolution under 1431 that section waiving its right to receive such a notice. 1432

(E) (1) If a proposed ordinance under division (C) (1) of 1433 this section exempts improvements with respect to a parcel 1434 within an incentive district for more than ten years, or the 1435 percentage of the improvement exempted from taxation exceeds 1436 seventy-five per cent, not later than forty-five business days 1437 prior to adopting the ordinance the legislative authority of the 1438 municipal corporation shall deliver to the board of county 1439 commissioners of the county within which the incentive district 1440 will be located a notice that states its intent to adopt an 1441 ordinance creating an incentive district. The notice shall 1442 include a copy of the proposed ordinance, identify the parcels 1443 for which improvements are to be exempted from taxation, provide 1444 an estimate of the true value in money of the improvements, 1445 specify the period of time for which the improvements would be 1446 exempted from taxation, specify the percentage of the 1447

improvements that would be exempted from taxation, and indicate 1448
the date on which the legislative authority intends to adopt the 1449
ordinance. 1450

(2) The board of county commissioners, by resolution 1451 adopted by a majority of the board, may object to the exemption 1452 for the number of years in excess of ten, may object to the 1453 exemption for the percentage of the improvement to be exempted 1454 in excess of seventy-five per cent, or both. If the board of 1455 county commissioners objects, the board may negotiate a mutually 1456 1457 acceptable compensation agreement with the legislative authority. In no case shall the compensation provided to the 1458 board exceed the property taxes forgone due to the exemption. If 1459 the board of county commissioners objects, and the board and 1460 legislative authority fail to negotiate a mutually acceptable 1461 compensation agreement, the ordinance adopted under division (C) 1462 (1) of this section shall provide to the board compensation in 1463 the eleventh and subsequent years of the exemption period equal 1464 in value to not more than fifty per cent of the taxes that would 1465 be payable to the county or, if the board's objection includes 1466 an objection to an exemption percentage in excess of seventy-1467 five per cent, compensation equal in value to not more than 1468 fifty per cent of the taxes that would be payable to the county, 1469 on the portion of the improvement in excess of seventy-five per 1470 cent, were that portion to be subject to taxation. The board of 1471 county commissioners shall certify its resolution to the 1472 legislative authority not later than thirty days after receipt 1473 of the notice. 1474

(3) If the board of county commissioners does not object
or fails to certify its resolution objecting to an exemption
within thirty days after receipt of the notice, the legislative
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authority may adopt the ordinance, and no compensation shall be
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provided to the board of county commissioners. If the board 1479 timely certifies its resolution objecting to the ordinance, the 1480 legislative authority may adopt the ordinance at any time after 1481 a mutually acceptable compensation agreement is agreed to by the 1482 board and the legislative authority, or, if no compensation 1483 agreement is negotiated, at any time after the legislative 1484 authority agrees in the proposed ordinance to provide 1485 compensation to the board of fifty per cent of the taxes that 1486 would be payable to the county in the eleventh and subsequent 1487 years of the exemption period or on the portion of the 1488 improvement in excess of seventy-five per cent, were that 1489 portion to be subject to taxation. 1490

1491 (F) Service payments in lieu of taxes that are attributable to any amount by which the effective tax rate of 1492 either a renewal levy with an increase or a replacement levy 1493 exceeds the effective tax rate of the levy renewed or replaced, 1494 or that are attributable to an additional levy, for a levy 1495 authorized by the voters for any of the following purposes on or 1496 after January 1, 2006, and which are provided pursuant to an 1497 ordinance creating an incentive district under division (C)(1) 1498 of this section that is adopted on or after January 1, 2006, 1499 shall be distributed to the appropriate taxing authority as 1500 required under division (C) of section 5709.42 of the Revised 1501 Code in an amount equal to the amount of taxes from that 1502 additional levy or from the increase in the effective tax rate 1503 of such renewal or replacement levy that would have been payable 1504 to that taxing authority from the following levies were it not 1505 for the exemption authorized under division (C) of this section: 1506

(1) A tax levied under division (L) of section 5705.19 or
section 5705.191 of the Revised Code for community mental
retardation and developmental disabilities programs and services
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pursuant to Chapter 5126. of the Revised Code; 1510 (2) A tax levied under division (Y) of section 5705.19 of 1511 the Revised Code for providing or maintaining senior citizens 1512 services or facilities; 1513 (3) A tax levied under section 5705.22 of the Revised Code 1514 for county hospitals; 1515 (4) A tax levied by a joint-county district or by a county 1516 under section 5705.19, 5705.191, or 5705.221 of the Revised Code 1517 for alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services or 1518 facilities; 1519 (5) A tax levied under section 5705.23 of the Revised Code 1520 for library purposes; 1521 (6) A tax levied under section 5705.24 of the Revised Code 1522 for the support of children services and the placement and care 1523 of children; 1524 (7) A tax levied under division (Z) of section 5705.19 of 1525 the Revised Code for the provision and maintenance of zoological 1526 park services and facilities under section 307.76 of the Revised 1527 Code; 1528 (8) A tax levied under section 511.27 or division (H) of 1529 section 5705.19 of the Revised Code for the support of township 1530 park districts; 1531 1532 (9) A tax levied under division (A), (F), or (H) of section 5705.19 of the Revised Code for parks and recreational 1533 purposes of a joint recreation district organized pursuant to 1534 division (B) of section 755.14 of the Revised Code; 1535 (10) A tax levied under section 1545.20 or 1545.21 of the 1536 Revised Code for park district purposes; 1537

(11) A tax levied under section 5705.191 of the Revised 1538 Code for the purpose of making appropriations for public 1539 assistance; human or social services; public relief; public 1540 welfare; public health and hospitalization; and support of 1541 1542 general hospitals;

(12) A tax levied under section 3709.29 of the Revised 1543 Code for a general health district program.

(G) An exemption from taxation granted under this section 1545 commences with the tax year specified in the ordinance so long 1546 as the year specified in the ordinance commences after the 1547 effective date of the ordinance. If the ordinance specifies a 1548 year commencing before the effective date of the resolution or 1549 specifies no year whatsoever, the exemption commences with the 1550 tax year in which an exempted improvement first appears on the 1551 tax list and duplicate of real and public utility property and 1552 that commences after the effective date of the ordinance. In 1553 lieu of stating a specific year, the ordinance may provide that 1554 the exemption commences in the tax year in which the value of an 1555 improvement exceeds a specified amount or in which the 1556 construction of one or more improvements is completed, provided 1557 that such tax year commences after the effective date of the 1558 ordinance. With respect to the exemption of improvements to 1559 parcels under division (B) of this section, the ordinance may 1560 allow for the exemption to commence in different tax years on a 1561 parcel-by-parcel basis, with a separate exemption term specified 1562 for each parcel. 1563

Except as otherwise provided in this division, the 1564 exemption ends on the date specified in the ordinance as the 1565 date the improvement ceases to be a public purpose or the 1566 incentive district expires, or ends on the date on which the 1567

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public infrastructure improvements and housing renovations are 1568 paid in full from the municipal public improvement tax increment 1569 equivalent fund established under division (A) of section 1570 5709.43 of the Revised Code, whichever occurs first. The 1571 exemption of an improvement with respect to a parcel or within 1572 an incentive district may end on a later date, as specified in 1573 the ordinance, if the legislative authority and the board of 1574 education of the city, local, or exempted village school 1575 district within which the parcel or district is located have 1576 entered into a compensation agreement under section 5709.82 of 1577 the Revised Code with respect to the improvement, and the board 1578 of education has approved the term of the exemption under 1579 division (D)(2) of this section, but in no case shall the 1580 improvement be exempted from taxation for more than thirty 1581 years. Exemptions shall be claimed and allowed in the same 1582 manner as in the case of other real property exemptions. If an 1583 exemption status changes during a year, the procedure for the 1584 apportionment of the taxes for that year is the same as in the 1585 case of other changes in tax exemption status during the year. 1586

(H) Additional municipal financing of public 1587 infrastructure improvements and housing renovations may be 1588 provided by any methods that the municipal corporation may 1589 otherwise use for financing such improvements or renovations. If 1590 the municipal corporation issues bonds or notes to finance the 1591 public infrastructure improvements and housing renovations and 1592 pledges money from the municipal public improvement tax 1593 increment equivalent fund to pay the interest on and principal 1594 of the bonds or notes, the bonds or notes are not subject to 1595 Chapter 133. of the Revised Code. 1596

(I) The municipal corporation, not later than fifteen daysafter the adoption of an ordinance under this section, shall1598

submit to the director of development services a copy of the 1599 ordinance. On or before the thirty-first day of March of each 1600 year, the municipal corporation shall submit a status report to 1601 the director of development services. The report shall indicate, 1602 in the manner prescribed by the director, the progress of the 1603 project during each year that an exemption remains in effect, 1604 including a summary of the receipts from service payments in 1605 lieu of taxes; expenditures of money from the funds created 1606 under section 5709.43 of the Revised Code; a description of the 1607 public infrastructure improvements and housing renovations 1608 financed with such expenditures; and a quantitative summary of 1609 changes in employment and private investment resulting from each 1610 project. 1611

(J) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit
a legislative authority from declaring to be a public purpose
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improvements with respect to more than one parcel.
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(K) If a parcel is located in a new community district in
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which the new community authority imposes a community
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development charge on the basis of rentals received from leases
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of real property as described in division (L) (2) of section
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349.01 of the Revised Code, the parcel may not be exempted from
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taxation under this section.

Section 2. That existing sections 121.22, 504.01, 505.27,1621505.29, 505.31, 505.37, 505.39, 505.40, 505.602, 5705.19, and16225709.40 and section 5571.11 of the Revised Code are hereby1623repealed.1624

Section 3. The amendment by this act of section 5705.19 of1625the Revised Code applies to tax levies approved by the voters at1626an election held before, on, or after the effective date of this1627section.1628