As Introduced

131st General Assembly Regular Session 2015-2016

H. B. No. 447

Representatives Schuring, Slesnick

A BILL

To amend section 2921.321 of the Revised Code to	1
prohibit a person from intentionally killing a	2
police dog in the line of duty.	3

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 2921.321 of the Revised Code be	4
amended to read as follows:	5
Sec. 2921.321. (A) No person shall knowingly cause, or	6
attempt to cause, physical harm to a police dog or horse in	7
either of the following circumstances:	8
(1) The police dog or horse is assisting a law enforcement	9
officer in the performance of the officer's official duties at	10
the time the physical harm is caused or attempted.	11
(2) The police dog or horse is not assisting a law	12
enforcement officer in the performance of the officer's official	13
duties at the time the physical harm is caused or attempted, but	14
the offender has actual knowledge that the dog or horse is a	15
police dog or horse.	16
(B) No person shall purposely cause the death of a police	17
dog by use of force when the police dog is assisting a law	18

enforcement officer in the performance of the officer's official	19
<u>duties.</u>	20
(C) No person shall recklessly do any of the following:	21
(1) Taunt, torment, or strike a police dog or horse;	22
(2) Throw an object or substance at a police dog or horse;	23
(3) Interfere with or obstruct a police dog or horse, or	24
interfere with or obstruct a law enforcement officer who is	25
being assisted by a police dog or horse, in a manner that does	26
any of the following:	27
(a) Inhibits or restricts the law enforcement officer's	28
control of the police dog or horse;	29
(b) Deprives the law enforcement officer of control of the	30
police dog or horse;	31
(c) Releases the police dog or horse from its area of	32
control;	33
(d) Enters the area of control of the police dog or horse	34
without the consent of the law enforcement officer, including	35
placing food or any other object or substance into that area;	36
(e) Inhibits or restricts the ability of the police dog or	37
horse to assist a law enforcement officer.	38
(4) Engage in any conduct that is likely to cause serious	39
physical injury or death to a police dog or horse;	40
(5) If the person is the owner, keeper, or harborer of a	41
dog, fail to reasonably restrain the dog from taunting,	42
tormenting, chasing, approaching in a menacing fashion or	43
apparent attitude of attack, or attempting to bite or otherwise	44
endanger a police dog or horse that at the time of the conduct	45

is assisting a law enforcement officer in the performance of the 46 officer's duties or that the person knows is a police dog or 47 horse. 48 (C) (D) No person shall knowingly cause, or attempt to 49 cause, physical harm to an assistance dog in either of the 50 following circumstances: 51 (1) The dog is assisting or serving a blind, deaf or 52 hearing impaired, or mobility impaired person at the time the 53 physical harm is caused or attempted. 54 (2) The dog is not assisting or serving a blind, deaf or 55 hearing impaired, or mobility impaired person at the time the 56 physical harm is caused or attempted, but the offender has 57 actual knowledge that the dog is an assistance dog. 58 (D) (E) No person shall recklessly do any of the 59 following: 60 (1) Taunt, torment, or strike an assistance dog; 61 (2) Throw an object or substance at an assistance dog; 62 (3) Interfere with or obstruct an assistance dog, or 63 interfere with or obstruct a blind, deaf or hearing impaired, or 64 mobility impaired person who is being assisted or served by an 65 assistance dog, in a manner that does any of the following: 66 (a) Inhibits or restricts the assisted or served person's 67 control of the dog; 68 (b) Deprives the assisted or served person of control of 69 the dog; 70 (c) Releases the dog from its area of control; 71 (d) Enters the area of control of the dog without the 72

consent of the assisted or served person, including placing food 73 74 or any other object or substance into that area; (e) Inhibits or restricts the ability of the dog to assist 75 the assisted or served person. 76 (4) Engage in any conduct that is likely to cause serious 77 physical injury or death to an assistance dog; 78 (5) If the person is the owner, keeper, or harborer of a 79 dog, fail to reasonably restrain the dog from taunting, 80 tormenting, chasing, approaching in a menacing fashion or 81 apparent attitude of attack, or attempting to bite or otherwise 82 endanger an assistance dog that at the time of the conduct is 83 assisting or serving a blind, deaf or hearing impaired, or 84 mobility impaired person or that the person knows is an 85 assistance dog. 86 (E) (F) (1) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is 87 guilty of assaulting a police dog or horse. Except as otherwise 88 provided in this division, assaulting a police dog or horse is a 89 misdemeanor of the second degree. If the violation results in 90 the death of the police dog or horse, assaulting a police dog or 91 horse is a felony of the third degree. If the violation results 92 in serious physical harm to the police dog or horse other than 93 its death, assaulting a police dog or horse is a felony of the 94 fourth degree. If the violation results in physical harm to the 95 police dog or horse other than death or serious physical harm, 96 assaulting a police dog or horse is a misdemeanor of the first 97 degree. 98 (2) Whoever violates division (B) of this section is 99

guilty of intentionally killing a police dog in the line of100duty, a felony of the first degree.101

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(3) Whoever violates division (C) of this section is	102
guilty of harassing a police dog or horse. Except as otherwise	103
provided in this division, harassing a police dog or horse is a	104
misdemeanor of the second degree. If the violation results in	105
the death of the police dog or horse, harassing a police dog or	106
horse is a felony of the third degree. If the violation results	107
in serious physical harm to the police dog or horse, but does	108
not result in its death, harassing a police dog or horse, is a	109
felony of the fourth degree. If the violation results in	110
physical harm to the police dog or horse, but does not result in	111
its death or in serious physical harm to it, harassing a police	112
dog or horse is a misdemeanor of the first degree.	113
(3) (4) Whoever violates division (C) (D) of this section	114
is guilty of assaulting an assistance dog. Except as otherwise	115
provided in this division, assaulting an assistance dog is a	116
misdemeanor of the second degree. If the violation results in	117
the death of the assistance dog, assaulting an assistance dog is	118
a felony of the third degree. If the violation results in	119
serious physical harm to the assistance dog other than its	120
death, assaulting an assistance dog is a felony of the fourth	121

degree. If the violation results in physical harm to the122assistance dog other than death or serious physical harm,123assaulting an assistance dog is a misdemeanor of the first124degree.125

(4) (5) Whoever violates division (D) (E) of this section126is guilty of harassing an assistance dog. Except as otherwise127provided in this division, harassing an assistance dog is a128misdemeanor of the second degree. If the violation results in129the death of the assistance dog, harassing an assistance dog is130a felony of the third degree. If the violation results in131serious physical harm to the assistance dog, but does not result132

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in its death, harassing an assistance dog is a felony of the 133
fourth degree. If the violation results in physical harm to the 134
assistance dog, but does not result in its death or in serious 135
physical harm to it, harassing an assistance dog is a 136
misdemeanor of the first degree. 137

(5) (6)In addition to any other sanction or penalty138imposed for the offense under this section, Chapter 2929., or139any other provision of the Revised Code, whoever violates140division (A), (B), (C), or (D), or (E) of this section is141responsible for the payment of all of the following:142

(a) Any veterinary bill or bill for medication incurred as 143 a result of the violation by the police department regarding a 144 violation of division (A) $- \text{or}_{,}$ (B), or (C) of this section or by 145 the blind, deaf or hearing impaired, or mobility impaired person 146 assisted or served by the assistance dog regarding a violation 147 of division $\frac{(C)-(D)}{(D)}$ or $\frac{(D)-(E)}{(D)}$ of this section; 148

(b) The cost of any damaged equipment that results from 149the violation; 150

(c) If the violation did not result in the death of the 151 police dog or horse or the assistance dog that was the subject 152 of the violation and if, as a result of that dog or horse being 153 the subject of the violation, the dog or horse needs further 154 training or retraining to be able to continue in the capacity of 155 a police dog or horse or an assistance dog, the cost of any 156 further training or retraining of that dog or horse by a law 157 enforcement officer or by the blind, deaf or hearing impaired, 158 or mobility impaired person assisted or served by the assistance 159 dog; 160

(d) If the violation resulted in the death of the police

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dog or horse or the assistance dog that was the subject of the	162
violation or resulted in serious physical harm to that dog or	163
horse to the extent that the dog or horse needs to be replaced	164
on either a temporary or a permanent basis, the cost of	165
replacing that dog or horse and of any further training of a new	166
police dog or horse or a new assistance dog by a law enforcement	167
officer or by the blind, deaf or hearing impaired, or mobility	168
impaired person assisted or served by the assistance dog, which	169
replacement or training is required because of the death of or	170
the serious physical harm to the dog or horse that was the	171
subject of the violation.	172
(F) (G) This section does not apply to a licensed	173
veterinarian whose conduct is in accordance with Chapter 4741.	174
of the Revised Code.	175
(G) <u>(H)</u> This section only applies to an offender who knows	176
or should know at the time of the violation that the police dog	177
or horse or assistance dog that is the subject of a violation	178
under this section is a police dog or horse or an assistance	179
dog.	180
(H) As used in this section:	181
(1) "Physical harm" means any injury, illness, or other	182
physiological impairment, regardless of its gravity or duration.	183
(2) "Police dog <u>"</u> or <u>"police horse</u> " means a dog or horse	184
that has been trained, and may be used, to assist law	185
enforcement officers in the performance of their official	186
duties.	187
(3) "Serious physical harm" means any of the following:	188
(a) Any physical harm that carries a substantial risk of	189
death;	190

(b) Any physical harm that causes permanent maiming or	191
that involves some temporary, substantial maiming;	192
(c) Any physical harm that causes acute pain of a duration	193
that results in substantial suffering.	194
(4) "Assistance dog," "blind," and "mobility impaired	195
person" have the same meanings as in section 955.011 of the	196
Revised Code.	197
Section 2. That existing section 2921.321 of the Revised	198
Code is hereby repealed.	199