As Introduced

131st General Assembly

Regular Session 2015-2016

H. B. No. 452

Representative Vitale

Cosponsors: Representatives Becker, Brinkman, Buchy, Hood, Young, Zeltwanger

A BILL

То	amend sections 2923.122 and 2923.126 of the	1
	Revised Code to generally permit a concealed	2
	handgun licensee to carry a concealed handgun in	3
	a place of worship.	4

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2923.122 and 2923.126 of the	5
Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	6
Sec. 2923.122. (A) No person shall knowingly convey, or	7
attempt to convey, a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance into a	8
school safety zone.	9
(B) No person shall knowingly possess a deadly weapon or	10
dangerous ordnance in a school safety zone.	11
(C) No person shall knowingly possess an object in a	12
school safety zone if both of the following apply:	13
(1) The object is indistinguishable from a firearm,	14
whether or not the object is capable of being fired.	15
(2) The person indicates that the person possesses the	16
object and that it is a firearm, or the person knowingly	17

displays or brandishes the object and indicates that it is a	18
firearm.	19
(D)(1) This section does not apply to any of the	20
following:	21
TOTTOWING.	21
(a) An officer, agent, or employee of this or any other	22
state or the United States, or a law enforcement officer, who is	23
authorized to carry deadly weapons or dangerous ordnance and is	24
acting within the scope of the officer's, agent's, or employee's	25
duties, a security officer employed by a board of education or	26
governing body of a school during the time that the security	27
officer is on duty pursuant to that contract of employment, or	28
any other person who has written authorization from the board of	29
education or governing body of a school to convey deadly weapons	30
or dangerous ordnance into a school safety zone or to possess a	31
deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance in a school safety zone and	32
who conveys or possesses the deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance	33
in accordance with that authorization;	34
(b) Any person who is employed in this state, who is	35
authorized to carry deadly weapons or dangerous ordnance, and	36
who is subject to and in compliance with the requirements of	37
section 109.801 of the Revised Code, unless the appointing	38
authority of the person has expressly specified that the	39
exemption provided in division (D)(1)(b) of this section does	40
not apply to the person.	41
(2) Division (C) of this section does not apply to	42
premises upon which home schooling is conducted. Division (C) of	43
this section also does not apply to a school administrator,	44
teacher, or employee who possesses an object that is	45
indistinguishable from a firearm for legitimate school purposes	46
during the course of employment, a student who uses an object	47

H. B. No. 452
As Introduced

that is indistinguishable from a firearm under the direction of	48
a school administrator, teacher, or employee, or any other	4.9
person who with the express prior approval of a school	50
administrator possesses an object that is indistinguishable from	51
a firearm for a legitimate purpose, including the use of the	52
object in a ceremonial activity, a play, reenactment, or other	53
dramatic presentation, or a ROTC activity or another similar use	54
of the object.	55
(3) This section does not apply to a person who conveys or	56
attempts to convey a handgun into, or possesses a handgun in, a	57
school safety zone if, at the time of that conveyance, attempted	58
conveyance, or possession of the handgun, all of the following	5.9
apply:	60
(a) The person does not enter into a school building or	61
onto school premises and is not at a school activity.	62
(b) The person is carrying a valid concealed handgun	63
license.	64
(c) The person is in the school safety zone in accordance	65
with 18 U.S.C. 922(q)(2)(B).	66
(d) The person is not knowingly in a place described in	67
division (B)(1) or (B)(3) to $\frac{(10)-(9)}{(9)}$ of section 2923.126 of the	68
Revised Code.	69
(4) This section does not apply to a person who conveys or	70
attempts to convey a handgun into, or possesses a handgun in, a	71
school safety zone if at the time of that conveyance, attempted	72
conveyance, or possession of the handgun all of the following	73
apply:	74
(a) The person is carrying a valid concealed handgun	75

license.

(b) The person is the driver or passenger in a motor	77
vehicle and is in the school safety zone while immediately in	78
the process of picking up or dropping off a child.	79
(c) The person is not in violation of section 2923.16 of	80
the Revised Code.	81
(E)(1) Whoever violates division (A) or (B) of this	82
section is guilty of illegal conveyance or possession of a	83
deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance in a school safety zone.	84
Except as otherwise provided in this division, illegal	85
conveyance or possession of a deadly weapon or dangerous	86
ordnance in a school safety zone is a felony of the fifth	87
degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of a	88
violation of this section, illegal conveyance or possession of a	89
deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance in a school safety zone is a	90
felony of the fourth degree.	91
(2) Whoever violates division (C) of this section is	92
guilty of illegal possession of an object indistinguishable from	93
a firearm in a school safety zone. Except as otherwise provided	94
in this division, illegal possession of an object	95
indistinguishable from a firearm in a school safety zone is a	96
misdemeanor of the first degree. If the offender previously has	97
been convicted of a violation of this section, illegal	98
possession of an object indistinguishable from a firearm in a	99
school safety zone is a felony of the fifth degree.	100
(F)(1) In addition to any other penalty imposed upon a	101
person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of	102
this section and subject to division (F)(2) of this section, if	103
the offender has not attained nineteen years of age, regardless	104

of whether the offender is attending or is enrolled in a school

operated by a board of education or for which the state board of

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education prescribes minimum standards under section 3301.07 of	107
the Revised Code, the court shall impose upon the offender a	108
class four suspension of the offender's probationary driver's	109
license, restricted license, driver's license, commercial	110
driver's license, temporary instruction permit, or probationary	111
commercial driver's license that then is in effect from the	112
range specified in division (A)(4) of section 4510.02 of the	113
Revised Code and shall deny the offender the issuance of any	114
permit or license of that type during the period of the	115
suspension.	116
If the offender is not a resident of this state, the court	117
shall impose a class four suspension of the nonresident	118
operating privilege of the offender from the range specified in	119
division (A)(4) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code.	120
(2) If the offender shows good cause why the court should	121
not suspend one of the types of licenses, permits, or privileges	122
specified in division (F)(1) of this section or deny the	123
issuance of one of the temporary instruction permits specified	124
in that division, the court in its discretion may choose not to	125
impose the suspension, revocation, or denial required in that	126
division, but the court, in its discretion, instead may require	127
the offender to perform community service for a number of hours	128
determined by the court.	129
(G) As used in this section, "object that is	130
indistinguishable from a firearm" means an object made,	131
constructed, or altered so that, to a reasonable person without	132
specialized training in firearms, the object appears to be a	133
firearm.	134
Sec. 2923.126. (A) A concealed handgun license that is	135

issued under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code shall expire

five years after the date of issuance. A licensee who has been	137
issued a license under that section shall be granted a grace	138
period of thirty days after the licensee's license expires	139
during which the licensee's license remains valid. Except as	140
provided in divisions (B) and (C) of this section, a licensee	141
who has been issued a concealed handgun license under section	142
2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code may carry a concealed	143
handgun anywhere in this state if the licensee also carries a	144
valid license and valid identification when the licensee is in	145
actual possession of a concealed handgun. The licensee shall	146
give notice of any change in the licensee's residence address to	147
the sheriff who issued the license within forty-five days after	148
that change.	149

If a licensee is the driver or an occupant of a motor 150 vehicle that is stopped as the result of a traffic stop or a 151 stop for another law enforcement purpose and if the licensee is 152 transporting or has a loaded handgun in the motor vehicle at 153 that time, the licensee shall promptly inform any law 154 enforcement officer who approaches the vehicle while stopped 155 that the licensee has been issued a concealed handgun license 156 and that the licensee currently possesses or has a loaded 157 handgun; the licensee shall not knowingly disregard or fail to 158 comply with lawful orders of a law enforcement officer given 159 while the motor vehicle is stopped, knowingly fail to remain in 160 the motor vehicle while stopped, or knowingly fail to keep the 161 licensee's hands in plain sight after any law enforcement 162 officer begins approaching the licensee while stopped and before 163 the officer leaves, unless directed otherwise by a law 164 enforcement officer; and the licensee shall not knowingly have 165 contact with the loaded handgun by touching it with the 166 licensee's hands or fingers, in any manner in violation of 167 division (E) of section 2923.16 of the Revised Code, after any 168 law enforcement officer begins approaching the licensee while 169 stopped and before the officer leaves. Additionally, if a 170 licensee is the driver or an occupant of a commercial motor 171 vehicle that is stopped by an employee of the motor carrier 172 enforcement unit for the purposes defined in section 5503.04 of 173 the Revised Code and if the licensee is transporting or has a 174 loaded handgun in the commercial motor vehicle at that time, the 175 licensee shall promptly inform the employee of the unit who 176 approaches the vehicle while stopped that the licensee has been 177 issued a concealed handgun license and that the licensee 178 currently possesses or has a loaded handgun. 179

If a licensee is stopped for a law enforcement purpose and 180 if the licensee is carrying a concealed handgun at the time the 181 officer approaches, the licensee shall promptly inform any law 182 enforcement officer who approaches the licensee while stopped 183 that the licensee has been issued a concealed handqun license 184 and that the licensee currently is carrying a concealed handgun; 185 the licensee shall not knowingly disregard or fail to comply 186 with lawful orders of a law enforcement officer given while the 187 licensee is stopped or knowingly fail to keep the licensee's 188 hands in plain sight after any law enforcement officer begins 189 approaching the licensee while stopped and before the officer 190 leaves, unless directed otherwise by a law enforcement officer; 191 and the licensee shall not knowingly remove, attempt to remove, 192 grasp, or hold the loaded handgun or knowingly have contact with 193 the loaded handgun by touching it with the licensee's hands or 194 fingers, in any manner in violation of division (B) of section 195 2923.12 of the Revised Code, after any law enforcement officer 196 begins approaching the licensee while stopped and before the 197 officer leaves. 198 H. B. No. 452
As Introduced

(B) A valid concealed handgun license does not authorize	199
the licensee to carry a concealed handgun in any manner	200
prohibited under division (B) of section 2923.12 of the Revised	201
Code or in any manner prohibited under section 2923.16 of the	202
Revised Code. A valid license does not authorize the licensee to	203
carry a concealed handgun into any of the following places:	204
(1) A police station, sheriff's office, or state highway	205
patrol station, premises controlled by the bureau of criminal	206
identification and investigation, a state correctional	207
institution, jail, workhouse, or other detention facility, an	208
airport passenger terminal, or an institution that is	209
maintained, operated, managed, and governed pursuant to division	210
(A) of section 5119.14 of the Revised Code or division (A)(1) of	211
section 5123.03 of the Revised Code;	212
(2) A school safety zone if the licensee's carrying the	213
concealed handgun is in violation of section 2923.122 of the	214
Revised Code;	215
(3) A courthouse or another building or structure in which	216
a courtroom is located, in violation of section 2923.123 of the	217
Revised Code;	218
(4) Any premises or open air arena for which a D permit	219
has been issued under Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code if the	220
licensee's carrying the concealed handgun is in violation of	221
section 2923.121 of the Revised Code;	222
(5) Any premises owned or leased by any public or private	223
college, university, or other institution of higher education,	224
unless the handgun is in a locked motor vehicle or the licensee	225
is in the immediate process of placing the handgun in a locked	226
motor vehicle;	227

(6) Any church, synagogue, mosque, or other place of	228
worship, unless the church, synagogue, mosque, or other place of	229
worship posts or permits otherwise;	230
(7)—A child day-care center, a type A family day-care	231
home, or a type B family day-care home, except that this	232
division does not prohibit a licensee who resides in a type A	233
family day-care home or a type B family day-care home from	234
carrying a concealed handgun at any time in any part of the home	235
that is not dedicated or used for day-care purposes, or from	236
carrying a concealed handgun in a part of the home that is	237
dedicated or used for day-care purposes at any time during which	238
no children, other than children of that licensee, are in the	239
home;	240
$\frac{(8)}{(7)}$ An aircraft that is in, or intended for operation	241
in, foreign air transportation, interstate air transportation,	242
intrastate air transportation, or the transportation of mail by	243
aircraft;	244
$\frac{(9)}{(8)}$ Any building that is a government facility of this	245
state or a political subdivision of this state and that is not a	246
building that is used primarily as a shelter, restroom, parking	247
facility for motor vehicles, or rest facility and is not a	248
courthouse or other building or structure in which a courtroom	249
is located that is subject to division (B)(3) of this section;	250
$\frac{(10)}{(9)}$ A place in which federal law prohibits the	251
carrying of handguns.	252
(C)(1) Nothing in this section shall negate or restrict a	253
rule, policy, or practice of a private employer that is not a	254
private college, university, or other institution of higher	255
education concerning or prohibiting the presence of firearms on	256

the private employer's premises or property, including motor	257
vehicles owned by the private employer. Nothing in this section	258
shall require a private employer of that nature to adopt a rule,	259
policy, or practice concerning or prohibiting the presence of	260
firearms on the private employer's premises or property,	261
including motor vehicles owned by the private employer.	262
(2)(a) A private employer shall be immune from liability	263
in a civil action for any injury, death, or loss to person or	264
property that allegedly was caused by or related to a licensee	265
bringing a handgun onto the premises or property of the private	266
employer, including motor vehicles owned by the private	267
employer, unless the private employer acted with malicious	268
purpose. A private employer is immune from liability in a civil	269
action for any injury, death, or loss to person or property that	270
allegedly was caused by or related to the private employer's	271
decision to permit a licensee to bring, or prohibit a licensee	272
from bringing, a handgun onto the premises or property of the	273
private employer. As used in this division, "private employer"	274
includes a private college, university, or other institution of	275
higher education.	276
(b) A political subdivision shall be immune from liability	277
in a civil action, to the extent and in the manner provided in	278
Chapter 2744. of the Revised Code, for any injury, death, or	279
loss to person or property that allegedly was caused by or	280
related to a licensee bringing a handgun onto any premises or	281
property owned, leased, or otherwise under the control of the	282
political subdivision. As used in this division, "political	283
subdivision" has the same meaning as in section 2744.01 of the	284

(3)(a) Except as provided in division (C)(3)(b) of this

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Revised Code.

section, the owner or person in control of private land or	287
premises, and a private person or entity leasing land or	288
premises owned by the state, the United States, or a political	289
subdivision of the state or the United States, may post a sign	290
in a conspicuous location on that land or on those premises	291
prohibiting persons from carrying firearms or concealed firearms	292
on or onto that land or those premises. Except as otherwise	293
provided in this division, a person who knowingly violates a	294
posted prohibition of that nature is guilty of criminal trespass	295
in violation of division (A)(4) of section 2911.21 of the	296
Revised Code and is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth	297
degree. If a person knowingly violates a posted prohibition of	298
that nature and the posted land or premises primarily was a	299
parking lot or other parking facility, the person is not guilty	300
of criminal trespass under section 2911.21 of the Revised Code	301
or under any other criminal law of this state or criminal law,	302
ordinance, or resolution of a political subdivision of this	303
state, and instead is subject only to a civil cause of action	304
for trespass based on the violation.	305

(b) A landlord may not prohibit or restrict a tenant who is a licensee and who on or after September 9, 2008, enters into a rental agreement with the landlord for the use of residential premises, and the tenant's guest while the tenant is present, from lawfully carrying or possessing a handgun on those residential premises.

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- (c) As used in division (C)(3) of this section:
- (i) "Residential premises" has the same meaning as in
 section 5321.01 of the Revised Code, except "residential 314
 premises" does not include a dwelling unit that is owned or 315
 operated by a college or university. 316

(ii) "Landlord," "tenant," and "rental agreement" have the 317 same meanings as in section 5321.01 of the Revised Code. 318

- (D) A person who holds a valid concealed handgun license 319 issued by another state that is recognized by the attorney 320 general pursuant to a reciprocity agreement entered into 321 pursuant to section 109.69 of the Revised Code or a person who 322 holds a valid concealed handgun license under the circumstances 323 described in division (B) of section 109.69 of the Revised Code 324 has the same right to carry a concealed handqun in this state as 325 326 a person who was issued a concealed handgun license under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code and is subject to the same 327 restrictions that apply to a person who carries a license issued 328 under that section. 329
- (E) A peace officer has the same right to carry a 330 concealed handgun in this state as a person who was issued a 331 concealed handgun license under section 2923.125 of the Revised 332 Code. For purposes of reciprocity with other states, a peace 333 officer shall be considered to be a licensee in this state. 334
- (F)(1) A qualified retired peace officer who possesses a 335 retired peace officer identification card issued pursuant to 336 division (F)(2) of this section and a valid firearms 337 requalification certification issued pursuant to division (F)(3) 338 of this section has the same right to carry a concealed handqun 339 in this state as a person who was issued a concealed handgun 340 license under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code and is 341 subject to the same restrictions that apply to a person who 342 carries a license issued under that section. For purposes of 343 reciprocity with other states, a qualified retired peace officer 344 who possesses a retired peace officer identification card issued 345 pursuant to division (F)(2) of this section and a valid firearms 346

H. B. No. 452
As Introduced

requalification certification issued pursuant to division (F)(3)	347
of this section shall be considered to be a licensee in this	348
state.	349
(2)(a) Each public agency of this state or of a political	350
subdivision of this state that is served by one or more peace	351
officers shall issue a retired peace officer identification card	352
to any person who retired from service as a peace officer with	353
that agency, if the issuance is in accordance with the agency's	354
policies and procedures and if the person, with respect to the	355
person's service with that agency, satisfies all of the	356
following:	357
(i) The person retired in good standing from service as a	358
peace officer with the public agency, and the retirement was not	359
for reasons of mental instability.	360
(ii) Before retiring from service as a peace officer with	361
that agency, the person was authorized to engage in or supervise	362
the prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or	363
the incarceration of any person for, any violation of law and	364
the person had statutory powers of arrest.	365
(iii) At the time of the person's retirement as a peace	366
officer with that agency, the person was trained and qualified	367
to carry firearms in the performance of the peace officer's	368
duties.	369
(iv) Before retiring from service as a peace officer with	370
that agency, the person was regularly employed as a peace	371
officer for an aggregate of fifteen years or more, or, in the	372
alternative, the person retired from service as a peace officer	373
with that agency, after completing any applicable probationary	374
period of that service, due to a service-connected disability,	375

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as determined by the agency.

(b) A retired peace officer identification card issued to 377 a person under division (F)(2)(a) of this section shall identify 378 the person by name, contain a photograph of the person, identify 379 the public agency of this state or of the political subdivision 380 of this state from which the person retired as a peace officer 381 and that is issuing the identification card, and specify that 382 the person retired in good standing from service as a peace 383 officer with the issuing public agency and satisfies the 384 385 criteria set forth in divisions (F)(2)(a)(i) to (iv) of this section. In addition to the required content specified in this 386 division, a retired peace officer identification card issued to 387 a person under division (F)(2)(a) of this section may include 388 the firearms requalification certification described in division 389 (F)(3) of this section, and if the identification card includes 390 that certification, the identification card shall serve as the 391 firearms requalification certification for the retired peace 392 officer. If the issuing public agency issues credentials to 393 active law enforcement officers who serve the agency, the agency 394 may comply with division (F)(2)(a) of this section by issuing 395 the same credentials to persons who retired from service as a 396 peace officer with the agency and who satisfy the criteria set 397 forth in divisions (F)(2)(a)(i) to (iv) of this section, 398 provided that the credentials so issued to retired peace 399 officers are stamped with the word "RETIRED." 400

(c) A public agency of this state or of a political subdivision of this state may charge persons who retired from service as a peace officer with the agency a reasonable fee for issuing to the person a retired peace officer identification card pursuant to division (F)(2)(a) of this section.

(3) If a person retired from service as a peace officer	406
with a public agency of this state or of a political subdivision	407
of this state and the person satisfies the criteria set forth in	408
divisions (F)(2)(a)(i) to (iv) of this section, the public	409
agency may provide the retired peace officer with the	410
opportunity to attend a firearms requalification program that is	411
approved for purposes of firearms requalification required under	412
section 109.801 of the Revised Code. The retired peace officer	413
may be required to pay the cost of the course.	414

If a retired peace officer who satisfies the criteria set 415 forth in divisions (F)(2)(a)(i) to (iv) of this section attends 416 a firearms requalification program that is approved for purposes 417 of firearms requalification required under section 109.801 of 418 the Revised Code, the retired peace officer's successful 419 completion of the firearms requalification program requalifies 420 the retired peace officer for purposes of division (F) of this 421 section for five years from the date on which the program was 422 successfully completed, and the requalification is valid during 423 that five-year period. If a retired peace officer who satisfies 424 the criteria set forth in divisions (F)(2)(a)(i) to (iv) of this 425 section satisfactorily completes such a firearms requalification 426 program, the retired peace officer shall be issued a firearms 427 requalification certification that identifies the retired peace 428 officer by name, identifies the entity that taught the program, 429 specifies that the retired peace officer successfully completed 430 the program, specifies the date on which the course was 431 successfully completed, and specifies that the requalification 432 is valid for five years from that date of successful completion. 433 The firearms requalification certification for a retired peace 434 officer may be included in the retired peace officer 435 identification card issued to the retired peace officer under 436

division (F)(2) of this section.	437
A retired peace officer who attends a firearms	438
requalification program that is approved for purposes of	439
firearms requalification required under section 109.801 of the	440
Revised Code may be required to pay the cost of the program.	441
(G) As used in this section:	442
(1) "Qualified retired peace officer" means a person who	443
satisfies all of the following:	444
(a) The person satisfies the criteria set forth in	445
divisions (F)(2)(a)(i) to (v) of this section.	446
(b) The person is not under the influence of alcohol or	447
another intoxicating or hallucinatory drug or substance.	448
(c) The person is not prohibited by federal law from	449
receiving firearms.	450
(2) "Retired peace officer identification card" means an	451
identification card that is issued pursuant to division (F)(2)	452
of this section to a person who is a retired peace officer.	453
(3) "Government facility of this state or a political	454
subdivision of this state" means any of the following:	455
(a) A building or part of a building that is owned or	456
leased by the government of this state or a political	457
subdivision of this state and where employees of the government	458
of this state or the political subdivision regularly are present	459
for the purpose of performing their official duties as employees	460
of the state or political subdivision;	461
(b) The office of a deputy registrar serving pursuant to	462
Chapter 4503. of the Revised Code that is used to perform deputy	463

H. B. No. 452 As Introduced	Page 17
registrar functions.	464
Section 2. That existing sections 2923.122 and 2923.126 of	465
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	466
Section 3. Section 2923.122 of the Revised Code is	467
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	468
by both Am. Sub. H.B. 495 and Am. Sub. S.B. 337 of the 129th	469
General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle	470
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	471
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	472
simultaneous operation, finds that the composite is the	473
resulting version of the section in effect prior to the	474
effective date of the section as presented in this act.	475