As Introduced

131st General Assembly Regular Session 2015-2016

S. B. No. 1

Senators Gardner, Peterson Cosponsors: Senators Hite, LaRose, Eklund

A BILL

То	amend sections 901.22, 903.082, 903.25, 941.14,	1
	953.22, 1511.01, 1511.02, 1511.021, 1511.022,	2
	1511.023, 1511.05, 1511.07, 1511.99, 1515.01,	3
	1515.08, 3734.02, 3734.029, 3745.70, 6109.10,	4
	6111.03, 6111.04, 6111.44, 6112.01, and 6112.03;	5
	to amend, for the purpose of adopting a new	6
	section number as indicated in parentheses,	7
	section 1511.022 (939.04); to enact sections	8
	905.326, 905.327, 939.01, 939.02, 939.03,	9
	939.05, 939.06, 939.07, 939.08, 939.09, 939.10,	10
	939.11, 939.12, 939.13, 1511.024, 1511.09,	11
	3745.50, 6111.32, and 6112.06; and to repeal	12
	section 1511.071 of the Revised Code and to	13
	amend Section 333.30 of Am. Sub. H.B. 59 of the	14
	130th General Assembly to transfer the	15
	administration and enforcement of the	16
	Agricultural Pollution Abatement Program from	17
	the Department of Natural Resources to the	18
	Department of Agriculture, to require	19
	applicators of fertilizer or manure to comply	20
	with specified requirements, to create the	21
	Office of Harmful Algae Management and Response	22
	in the Environmental Protection Agency, to	23
	establish requirements governing dredged	24

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material, nutrient loading, phosphorous testing	25
by publicly owned treatment works, and household	26
sewage treatment systems, and to declare an	27
emergency.	28

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 901.22, 903.082, 903.25, 941.14,	29
953.22, 1511.01, 1511.02, 1511.021, 1511.023, 1511.05, 1511.07,	30
1511.99, 1515.01, 1515.08, 3734.02, 3734.029, 3745.70, 6109.10,	31
6111.03, 6111.04, 6111.44, 6112.01, and 6112.03 be amended;	32
section 1511.022 (939.04) be amended for the purpose of adopting	33
a new section number as shown in parentheses; and sections	34
905.326, 905.327, 939.01, 939.02, 939.03, 939.05, 939.06,	35
939.07, 939.08, 939.09, 939.10, 939.11, 939.12, 939.13,	36
1511.024, 1511.09, 3745.50, 6111.32, and 6112.06 of the Revised	37
Code be enacted to read as follows:	38
Sec. 901.22. (A) The director of agriculture, in	39
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, shall adopt	40
rules that do all of the following:	41
(1) Establish procedures and eligibility criteria for	42
making matching grants to municipal corporations, counties,	43
townships, soil and water conservation districts established	44
under Chapter 1515. of the Revised Code, and charitable	45
organizations described in division (B) of section 5301.69 of	46
the Revised Code for the purchase of agricultural easements.	47
With respect to agricultural easements that are purchased or	48
proposed to be purchased with such matching grants that consist	49
in whole or in part of moneys from the clean Ohio agricultural	50

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easement fund created in section 901.21 of the Revised Code, the	51
rules shall establish all of the following:	52
(a) Procedures for all of the following:	53
(i) Soliciting and accepting applications for matching	54
grants;	55
(ii) Participation by local governments and by the public	56
in the process of making matching grants to charitable	57
organizations;	58
(iii) Notifying local governments, charitable	59
organizations, and organizations that represent the interests of	60
farmers of the ranking system established in rules adopted under	61
division (A)(1)(b) of this section.	62
(b) A ranking system for applications for the matching	63
grants that is based on the soil type, proximity of the land or	64
other land that is conducive to agriculture as defined by rules	65
adopted under this section and that is the subject of an	66
application to other agricultural land or other land that is	67
conducive to agriculture as defined by rules adopted under this	68
section and that is already or is in the process of becoming	69
permanently protected from development, farm stewardship,	70
development pressure, and, if applicable, a local comprehensive	71
land use plan involved with a proposed agricultural easement.	72
The rules shall require that preference be given to proposed	73
agricultural easements that involve the greatest proportion of	74
all of the following:	75
(i) Prime soils, unique or locally important soils,	76
microclimates, or similar features;	77
(ii) Land that is adjacent to or that is in close	78
proximity to other agricultural land or other land that is	79

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conducive to agriculture as defined by rules adopted under this	80
section and that is already or is in the process of becoming	81
permanently protected from development, by agricultural easement	82
or otherwise, so that a buffer would exist between the land	83
involving the proposed agricultural easement and areas that have	84
been developed or likely will be developed for purposes other	85
than agriculture;	86
(iii) The use of best management practices, including	87
federally or state approved conservation plans, and a history of	88
substantial compliance with applicable federal and state laws;	89
(iv) Development pressure that is imminent, but not a	90
result of current location in the direct path of urban	91
development;	92
(v) Areas identified for agricultural protection in local	93
comprehensive land use plans.	94
(c) Any other criteria that the director determines are	95
necessary for selecting applications for matching grants;	96
(d) Requirements regarding the information that must be	97
included in the annual monitoring report that must be prepared	98
for an agricultural easement under division (E)(2) of section	99
5301.691 of the Revised Code, procedures for submitting a copy	100
of the report to the office of farmland preservation in the	101
department of agriculture, and requirements and procedures	102
governing corrective actions that may be necessary to enforce	103
the terms of the agricultural easement.	104
(2) Establish provisions that shall be included in the	105
instrument conveying to a municipal corporation, county,	106
township, soil and water conservation district, or charitable	107
organization any agricultural easement purchased with matching	108

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grant funds provided by the director under this section,	109
including, without limitation, all of the following provisions:	110
(a) A provision stating that an easement so purchased may	111
be extinguished only if an unexpected change in the conditions	112
of or surrounding the land that is subject to the easement makes	113
impossible or impractical the continued use of the land for the	114
purposes described in the easement, or if the requirements of	115
the easement are extinguished by judicial proceedings;	116
(b) A provision requiring that, upon the sale, exchange,	117
or involuntary conversion of the land subject to the easement,	118
the holder of the easement shall be paid an amount of money that	119
is at least equal to the proportionate value of the easement	120
compared to the total value of the land at the time the easement	121
was acquired;	122
(c) A provision requiring that, upon receipt of the	123
portion of the proceeds of a sale, exchange, or involuntary	124
conversion described in division (A)(2)(b) of this section, the	125
municipal corporation, county, township, soil and water	126
conservation district, or charitable organization remit to the	127
director an amount of money equal to the percentage of the cost	128
of purchasing the easement it received as a matching grant under	129
this section.	130
Moneys received by the director pursuant to rules adopted	131
under division (A)(2)(c) of this section shall be credited to	132
the agricultural easement purchase fund created in section	133
901.21 of the Revised Code.	134
(3) Establish a provision that provides a charitable	135
organization, municipal corporation, township, county, or soil	136
and water conservation district with the option of purchasing	137

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agricultural assembnts either in installments or with a lump sum	138
agricultural easements either in installments or with a lump sum	
payment. The rules shall include a requirement that a charitable	139
organization, municipal corporation, township, county, or soil	140
and water conservation district negotiate with the seller of the	141
agricultural easement concerning any installment payment terms,	142
including the dates and amounts of payments and the interest	143
rate on the outstanding balance. The rules also shall require	144
the director to approve any method of payment that is undertaken	145
in accordance with the rules adopted under division (A)(3) of	146
this section.	147
(4) Establish any other requirements that the director	148
considers to be necessary or appropriate to implement or	149
administer a program to make matching grants under this section	150
and monitor those grants.	151
(B) The director may develop guidelines regarding the	152
acquisition of agricultural easements by the department of	153
agriculture and the provisions of instruments conveying those	154
easements. The director may make the guidelines available to	155
public and private entities authorized to acquire and hold	156
agricultural easements.	157
(C) The director may provide technical assistance in	158
developing a program for the acquisition and monitoring of	159
agricultural easements to public and private entities authorized	160
to hold agricultural easements. The technical assistance may	161
include, without limitation, reviewing and providing advisory	162
recommendations regarding draft instruments conveying	163
agricultural easements.	164
(D)(1) The director may make matching grants from the	165
agricultural easement purchase fund and the clean Ohio	166

agricultural easement fund to municipal corporations, counties,

townships, soil and water conservation districts, and charitable	168
organizations to assist those political subdivisions and	169
charitable organizations in purchasing agricultural easements.	170
Application for a matching grant shall be made on forms	171
prescribed and provided by the director. The matching grants	172
shall be made in compliance with the criteria and procedures	173
established in rules adopted under this section. Instruments	174
conveying agricultural easements purchased with matching grant	175
funds provided under this section, at a minimum, shall include	176
the mandatory provisions set forth in those rules.	177

Matching grants made under this division using moneys from 178 the clean Ohio agricultural easement fund created in section 179 901.21 of the Revised Code may provide up to seventy-five per 180 cent of the value of an agricultural easement as determined by a 181 general real estate appraiser who is certified under Chapter 182 4763. of the Revised Code or as determined through a points-183 based appraisal system established under division (D)(2) of this 184 section. Not less than twenty-five per cent of the value of the 185 agricultural easement shall be provided by the recipient of the 186 matching grant or donated by the person who is transferring the 187 easement to the grant recipient. The amount of such a matching 188 grant used for the purchase of a single agricultural easement 189 shall not exceed one million dollars. 190

- (2) The director shall establish a points-based appraisal system for the purposes of division (D)(1) of this section. The director may include any or all of the following factors in the system:
- (a) Whether the applicable county auditor has determined 195 that the land is land that is devoted exclusively to agriculture 196 for the purposes of sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised 197

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Code;	198
(b) Changes in land values following the completion of the	199
applicable county auditor's reappraisal or triennial update;	200
(c) Soil types and productivity;	201
(d) Proximity of the land to land that is already subject	202
to an agricultural easement, conservation easement created under	203
sections 5301.67 to 5301.70 of the Revised Code, or similar	204
<pre>land-use limitation;</pre>	205
(e) Proximity of the land to water and sewer lines, road	206
interchanges, and nonagricultural development;	207
(f) Parcel size and roadway frontage of the land;	208
(g) Existence of an agreement entered into under division	209
(D) of section 1515.08 of the Revised Code or of an operation	210
and management plan developed under division (A) of section	211
1511.021 of the Revised Code, as applicable;	212
(h) Existence of a nutrient utilization plan developed	213
under division (A) of section 939.03 of the Revised Code, as	214
<pre>applicable;</pre>	215
(i) Existence of a comprehensive plan that is adopted	216
under section 303.02 or 519.02 of the Revised Code or that is	217
adopted by the planning commission of a municipal corporation	218
under section 713.06 of the Revised Code;	219
(i)(j) Any other factors that the director determines are	220
necessary for inclusion in the system.	221
(E) An agricultural easement acquired as a result of a	222
matching grant awarded under division (D) of this section may	223
include a provision to preserve a unique natural or physical	224

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feature on the land so long as the use of the land remains	225
predominantly agricultural.	226
(F) For any agricultural easement purchased with a	227
matching grant that consists in whole or in part of moneys from	228
the clean Ohio agricultural easement fund, the director shall be	229
named as a grantee on the instrument conveying the easement, as	230
shall the municipal corporation, county, township, soil and	231
water conservation district, or charitable organization that	232
receives the grant.	233
(G)(1) The director shall monitor and evaluate the	234
effectiveness and efficiency of the agricultural easement	235
program as a farmland preservation tool. On or before July 1,	236
1999, and the first day of July of each year thereafter, the	237
director shall prepare and submit a report to the chairpersons	238
of the standing committees of the senate and the house of	239
representatives that consider legislation regarding agriculture.	240
The report shall consider and address the following criteria to	241
determine the program's effectiveness:	242
(a) The number of agricultural easements purchased during	243
the preceding year;	244
(b) The location of those easements;	245
(c) The number of acres of land preserved for agricultural	246
use;	247
(d) The amount of money used by a municipal corporation,	248
township, county, or soil and water conservation district from	249
any fund to purchase the agricultural easements;	250
any rana to parenase the agricultural easements,	250
(e) The number of state matching grants given to purchase	251
the agricultural easements;	252

(f) The amount of state matching grant moneys used to	253
purchase the agricultural easements.	254
(2) The report also shall consider and include, at a	255
minimum, the following information for each county to determine	256
the program's efficiency:	257
(a) The total number of acres in the county;	258
(b) The total number of acres in current agricultural use;	259
(c) The total number of acres preserved for agricultural	260
use in the preceding year;	261
(d) The average cost, per acre, of land preserved for	262
agricultural use in the preceding year.	263
Sec. 903.082. (A) The director of agriculture may	264
determine that an animal feeding facility that is not a	265
concentrated animal feeding facility nevertheless shall be	266
required to apply for and receive a permit to operate when all	267
of the following apply:	268
(1) The director has received from the chief of the	269
division of soil and water resources in the department of	270
natural resources a copy of an order issued specified a	271
corrective action to be taken under section 1511.02939.09 of the	272
Revised Code-that specifies that the animal feeding facility has-	273
caused agricultural pollution by failure to comply with	274
standards established under that section and that the animal	275
feeding facility therefore should be required to be permitted as	276
a concentrated animal feeding facility.	277
(2) The director or the director's authorized	278
representative has inspected the animal feeding facility.	279
(3) The director or the director's authorized	280

representative finds that the facility is not being operated in	281
a manner that protects the waters of the state.	282
(B) In a situation in which best management practices	283
cannot be implemented without modifying the existing animal	284
feeding facility, the owner or operator of the facility shall	285
apply for a permit to install for the facility.	286
(C) In the case of an animal feeding facility for which a	287
permit to operate is required under this section, a permit to	288
operate shall not be required after the end of the five-year	289
term of the permit if the problems that caused the facility to	290
be required to obtain the permit have been corrected to the	291
director's satisfaction.	292
Sec. 903.25. An owner or operator of an animal feeding	293
facility who holds a permit to install, a permit to operate, a	294
review compliance certificate, or a NPDES permit or who is	295
operating under an operation and management a nutrient	296
utilization plan, as defined in section 1511.01939.01 of the	297
Revised Code, developed or approved by the chief of the division	298
of soil and water resources in the department of natural	299
resources director of agriculture or the director's designee	300
under section 1511.02 - <u>939.02</u> of the Revised Code or by the	301
supervisors of the appropriate soil and water conservation	302
district under section 1515.08 of the Revised Code shall not be	303
required by any political subdivision of the state or any	304
officer, employee, agency, board, commission, department, or	305
other instrumentality of a political subdivision to obtain a	306
license, permit, or other approval pertaining to manure, insects	307
or rodents, odor, or siting requirements for installation of an	308
animal feeding facility.	309
Sec. 905.326. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of	310

this section, no person in the western basin shall surface apply	311
fertilizer under any of the following circumstances:	312
(1) On snow-covered or frozen soil;	313
(2) When the top two inches of soil are saturated from	314
<pre>precipitation;</pre>	315
(3) When the local weather forecast for the application	316
area contains greater than a fifty per cent chance of	317
precipitation exceeding one-half inch in a twenty-four-hour	318
period.	319
(B) Division (A) of this section does not apply if a	320
person in the western basin applies fertilizer under any of the	321
<pre>following circumstances:</pre>	322
(1) The fertilizer application is injected into the	323
ground.	324
(2) The fertilizer application is incorporated within	325
twenty-four hours of surface application.	326
(3) The fertilizer application is applied onto a growing	327
crop.	328
(4) The fertilizer application consists of potash or	329
gypsum.	330
(5) In the event of an emergency, the director of	331
agriculture or the director's designee provides written consent	332
and the fertilizer application is made in accordance with	333
procedures established in the United States department of	334
agriculture natural resources conservation service practice	335
standard code 590 prepared for this state.	336
(C)(1) Upon receiving a complaint by any person or upon	337

receiving information that would indicate a violation of this	338
section, the director or the director's designee may investigate	339
or make inquiries into any alleged failure to comply with this	340
section.	341
(2) After receiving a complaint by any person or upon	342
receiving information that would indicate a violation of this	343
section, the director or the director's designee may enter at	344
reasonable times on any private or public property to inspect	345
and investigate conditions relating to any such alleged failure	346
to comply with this section.	347
(3) If an individual denies access to the director or the	348
director's designee, the director may apply to a court of	349
competent jurisdiction in the county in which the premises is	350
located for a search warrant authorizing access to the premises	351
for the purposes of this section.	352
(4) The court shall issue the search warrant for the	353
purposes requested if there is probable cause to believe that	354
the person is not in compliance with this section. The finding	355
of probable cause may be based on hearsay, provided that there	356
is a reasonable basis for believing that the source of the	357
hearsay is credible.	358
(D) This section does not affect any restrictions	359
established in Chapter 903. of the Revised Code or otherwise	360
apply to those entities or facilities that are permitted as	361
concentrated animal feeding facilities under that chapter.	362
(E) As used in this section and section 905.327 of the	363
Revised Code, "western basin" means land in the state that is	364
located in the following watersheds identified by the specified_	365
United States geological survey hydrologic unit code:	366

(1) St. Marys watershed, hydrologic unit code 04100004;	367
(2) Auglaize watershed, hydrologic unit code 04100007;	368
(3) Blanchard watershed, hydrologic unit code 04100008;	369
(4) Sandusky watershed, hydrologic unit code 04100011;	370
(5) Cedar-Portage watershed, hydrologic unit code	371
<u>04100010;</u>	372
(6) Lower Maumee watershed, hydrologic unit code 04100009;	373
(7) Upper Maumee watershed, hydrologic unit code 04100005;	374
(8) Tiffin watershed, hydrologic unit code 04100006;	375
(9) St. Joseph watershed, hydrologic unit code 04100003;	376
(10) Ottawa watershed, hydrologic unit code 04100001;	377
(11) River Raisin watershed, hydrologic unit code	378
<u>04100002.</u>	379
Sec. 905.327. (A) The director of agriculture may assess a	380
civil penalty against a person that violates section 905.326 of	381
the Revised Code. The director may impose a civil penalty only	382
if the director affords the person an opportunity for an	383
adjudication hearing under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to	384
challenge the director's determination that the person violated	385
section 905.326 of the Revised Code. The person may waive the	386
right to an adjudication hearing.	387
(B) If the opportunity for an adjudication hearing is	388
waived or if, after an adjudication hearing, the director	389
determines that a violation has occurred or is occurring, the	390
director may issue an order requiring compliance with section	391
905.326 of the Revised Code and assess the civil penalty. The	392
order and the assessment of the civil penalty may be appealed in	393

accordance with section 119.12 of the Revised Code.	394
(C) A person that has violated section 905.326 of the	395
Revised Code shall pay a civil penalty in an amount established	396
in rules. Each thirty-day period during which a violation	397
continues constitutes a separate violation.	398
(D) The director shall adopt rules in accordance with	399
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code that establish the amount of	400
the civil penalty assessed under this section. The civil penalty	401
shall not be more than ten thousand dollars for each violation.	402
(E) For purposes of this section, "rule" means a rule	403
adopted under division (D) of this section.	404
Sec. 939.01. As used in this chapter:	405
(A) "Conservation" means the wise use and management of	406
natural resources.	407
(B) "Pollution abatement practice" means any residual farm	408
products or manure pollution abatement facility, structure, or	409
procedure and the operation and management associated with it as	410
contained in nutrient utilization plans.	411
(C) "Agricultural pollution" means failure to use	412
management or conservation practices in farming operations to	413
abate the degradation of the waters of the state by residual	414
farm products or manure, including attached substances.	415
(D) "Waters of the state" means all streams, lakes, ponds,	416
wetlands, watercourses, waterways, wells, springs, irrigation	417
systems, drainage systems, and all other bodies or accumulations	418
of water, surface and underground, natural or artificial,	419
regardless of the depth of the strata in which underground water	420
is located, that are situated wholly or partly within, or border	421

on, this state or are within its jurisdiction, except those	422
private waters that do not combine or effect a junction with	423
natural surface or underground waters.	424
(E) "Nutrient utilization plan" means a written record,	425
developed or approved by the director of agriculture, the	426
director's designee, or the board of supervisors of a soil and	427
water conservation district, for the owner or operator of	428
agricultural land or an animal feeding operation that contains	429
both of the following:	430
(1) Implementation schedules and operational procedures	431
for a level of management and pollution abatement practices that	432
will abate the degradation of the waters of the state by	433
residual farm products and manure, including attached	434
pollutants;	435
(2) Best management practices that are to be used by the	436
<pre>owner or operator.</pre>	437
(F) "Residual farm products" means bedding, wash waters,	438
waste feed, and silage drainage. "Residual farm products" also	439
includes the compost products resulting from the composting of	440
dead animals in operations subject to section 939.04 of the	441
Revised Code when either of the following applies:	442
(1) The composting is conducted by the person who raises	443
the animals and the compost product is used in agricultural	444
operations owned or operated by that person regardless of	445
whether the person owns the animals.	446
(2) The composting is conducted by the person who owns the	447
animals, but does not raise them and the compost product is used	448
in agricultural operations either by a person who raises the	449
animals or by a person who raises grain that is used to feed	450

them and that is supplied by the owner of the animals.	451
(G) "Composting" means the controlled decomposition of	452
organic solid material consisting of dead animals that	453
stabilizes the organic fraction of the material.	454
(H) "Manure" means animal excreta.	455
(I) "Animal feeding operation" means the production area,	456
as defined in section 903.01 of the Revised Code, of an	457
agricultural operation where agricultural animals are kept and	458
raised in confined areas. "Animal feeding operation" does not	459
include a facility that possesses a permit issued under Chapter	460
903. or division (J) of section 6111.03 of the Revised Code.	461
(J) "Soil and water conservation district" has the same_	462
meaning as in section 1515.01 of the Revised Code.	463
(K) "Ohio soil and water conservation commission" means	464
the Ohio soil and water conservation commission established in	465
section 1515.02 of the Revised Code.	466
(L) "Best management practices" means practices or a	467
combination of practices that are determined to be the most	468
effective and practicable means of preventing or reducing	469
agricultural pollution sources to a level compatible with the	470
attainment of applicable water quality standards. "Best	471
management practices" includes structural and nonstructural	472
practices, conservation practices, and operation and maintenance	473
procedures.	474
Sec. 939.02. The director of agriculture shall do all of	475
<pre>the following:</pre>	476
(A) Administer this chapter and those provisions of	477
Chapter 1515. of the Revised Code pertaining to state	478

responsibilities and provide staff assistance to the Ohio soil	479
and water conservation commission in exercising its statutory	480
responsibilities pertaining to agricultural pollution;	481
(B) Coordinate the development and implementation of	482
cooperative programs and working agreements between soil and	483
water conservation districts and the department of agriculture	484
or other agencies of local, state, and federal government;	485
(C) Adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	486
Revised Code that do or comply with all of the following:	487
(1) Establish technically feasible and economically	488
reasonable standards to achieve a level of management and	489
conservation practices in farming operations that will abate the	490
degradation of the waters of the state by residual farm products	491
or manure, including attached substances, and establish criteria	492
for determination of the acceptability of such management and	493
<pre>conservation practices;</pre>	494
(2) Establish procedures for the administration of rules	495
regarding agricultural pollution abatement and for enforcement	496
of those rules;	497
(3) Specify the agricultural pollution abatement practices	498
eligible for state cost sharing and determine the conditions for	499
eligibility, the construction standards and specifications, the	500
useful life, the maintenance requirements, and the limits of	501
cost sharing for those practices. Eligible practices shall be	502
limited to practices that address agricultural operations and	503
that require expenditures that are likely to exceed the economic	504
returns to the owner or operator and that abate degradation of	505
the waters of the state by residual farm products or manure,	506
including attached pollutants.	507

(4) Establish procedures for administering grants to	508
owners or operators of agricultural land or animal feeding	509
operations for the implementation of nutrient utilization plans;	510
(5) Do both of the following with regard to composting	511
<pre>conducted in conjunction with agricultural operations:</pre>	512
(a) Establish methods, techniques, or practices for	513
composting dead animals, or particular types of dead animals,	514
that are to be used at such operations, as the director	515
considers to be necessary or appropriate;	516
(b) Establish requirements and procedures governing the	517
review and approval or disapproval of composting plans by the	518
supervisors of soil and water conservation districts under	519
division (T) of section 1515.08 of the Revised Code.	520
(6) Establish best management practices for inclusion in	521
<pre>nutrient utilization plans;</pre>	522
(7) Establish the amount of civil penalties assessed by	523
the director under division (B) of section 939.09 of the Revised	524
Code for violation of rules adopted under division (C) of this	525
<pre>section;</pre>	526
(8) Be adopted after the director does all of the	527
<pre>following:</pre>	528
(a) Mails notice to each statewide organization that the	529
director determines represents persons or local governmental	530
agencies that would be affected by a proposed rule at least	531
thirty-five days before any public hearing on the proposed rule;	532
(b) Mails a copy of each proposed rule to any person who	533
requests a copy within five days after receipt of the request;	534
(c) Consults with appropriate state and local governmental	535

agencies or their representatives, including statewide	536
organizations of local governmental officials, industrial	537
representatives, and other interested persons;	538
(d) If the rule is adopted under division (C)(1) of this	539
section, develops an economic impact statement concerning the	540
effect of the proposed rule.	541
(9) Not conflict with air or water quality standards	542
adopted pursuant to section 3704.03 or 6111.041 of the Revised	543
Code. Compliance with rules adopted under this section does not	544
affect liability for noncompliance with air or water quality	545
standards adopted pursuant to section 3704.03 or 6111.041 of the	546
Revised Code.	547
(D) Cost share with landowners on practices established in	548
rules adopted under division (C)(3) of this section as moneys	549
are appropriated and available for that purpose. A practice for	550
which cost share is provided shall be maintained for its useful	551
life. Failure to maintain a cost share practice for its useful	552
life subjects the landowner to full repayment to the department.	553
(E) Employ field assistants and other employees that are	554
necessary for the performance of the work prescribed by Chapter	555
1515. of the Revised Code pertaining to agricultural pollution,	556
for performance of the work of the department under this	557
chapter, and as agreed to in working agreements or contractual	558
arrangements with soil and water conservation districts,	559
prescribe their duties, and fix their compensation in accordance	560
with schedules that are provided by law for the compensation of	561
state employees. All such employees of the department, unless	562
specifically exempted by law, shall be employed subject to the	563
classified civil service laws in force at the time of	564
<pre>employment.</pre>	565

(F) When necessary for the purposes of this chapter or the	566
provisions of Chapter 1515. of the Revised Code pertaining to	567
agricultural pollution, develop or approve nutrient utilization	568
plans. The director may designate an employee of the department	569
to develop or approve nutrient utilization plans in lieu of the	570
director.	571
This section does not restrict the manure of domestic or	572
farm animals defecated on land outside an animal feeding	573
operation or runoff from that land into the waters of the state.	574
Sec. 939.03. (A) A person who owns or operates	575
agricultural land or an animal feeding operation may develop and	576
operate under a nutrient utilization plan approved by the	577
director of agriculture or the director's designee under section	578
939.02 of the Revised Code or by the supervisors of the	579
applicable soil and water conservation district under section	580
1515.08 of the Revised Code. A nutrient management plan that is	581
approved by the chief of the division of soil and water	582
resources in the department of natural resources under rules	583
adopted under section 1511.024 of the Revised Code constitutes	584
an approved nutrient utilization plan for purposes of this	585
<pre>chapter.</pre>	586
(B) A person who wishes to make a complaint regarding	587
nuisances involving agricultural pollution may do so orally or	588
by submitting a written, signed, and dated complaint to the	589
director or to the director's designee. After receiving an oral	590
complaint, the director or the director's designee may cause an	591
investigation to be conducted to determine whether agricultural	592
pollution has occurred or is imminent. After receiving a	593
written, signed, and dated complaint, the director or the	594
director's designee shall cause such an investigation to be	595

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conducted.	596
(C) In a private civil action for nuisances involving	597
agricultural pollution, it is an affirmative defense if the	598
person owning, operating, or otherwise responsible for	599
agricultural land or an animal feeding operation is operating	600
under and in substantial compliance with an approved nutrient	601
utilization plan developed under division (A) of this section,	602
with a nutrient utilization plan developed by the director or	603
the director's designee under section 939.02 of the Revised Code	604
or by the supervisors of the applicable soil and water	605
conservation district under section 1515.08 of the Revised Code,	606
or with a nutrient utilization plan required under division (A)	607
(2) of section 939.09 of the Revised Code. Nothing in this	608
section is in derogation of the authority granted to the	609
director in division (C) of section 939.02 and in section 939.09	610
of the Revised Code.	611
Sec. 1511.022 939.04. (A) Any person who owns or operates	612
an agricultural operation, or owns the animals raised by the	613
owner or operator of an agricultural operation, and who wishes	614
to conduct composting of dead animals resulting from the	615
agricultural operation shall do both of the following:	616
(1) Participate in an educational course concerning	617
composting conducted by OSU extension and obtain a certificate	618
of completion for the course;	619
(2) Use the appropriate method, technique, or practice of	620
composting established in rules adopted under division $\frac{\text{(E) (8)}}{\text{(E)}}$	621
(C) (5) of section $1511.02939.02$ of the Revised Code.	622
(B) Any person who fails to comply with division (A) of	623
this section shall prepare and operate under a composting plan	624

in accordance with an order issued required by the chief of the	625
division of soil and water resources director of agriculture	626
under division $\frac{\text{(G)}(\text{A})(\text{2})}{\text{(A)}(\text{2})}$ of section $\frac{1511.02939.09}{\text{0}}$ of the Revised	627
Code. If the person's proposed composting plan is disapproved by	628
the board of supervisors of the appropriate soil and water	629
conservation district under division $\frac{(Q)(3)(T)(3)}{(T)(3)}$ of section	630
1515.08 of the Revised Code, the person may appeal the plan	631
disapproval to the chiefdirector, who shall afford the person a	632
hearing. Following the hearing, the chief director shall uphold	633
the plan disapproval or reverse it. If the chief director	634
reverses the disapproval, the plan shall be deemed approved.	635
Sec. 939.05. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of	636
this section, the director of agriculture, an employee of the	637
department of agriculture, the supervisors of a soil and water	638
conservation district, an employee of a district, and a	639
contractor of the department or a district shall not disclose	640
either of the following:	641
(1) Information, including data from geographic	642
information systems and global positioning systems, provided by	643
a person who owns or operates agricultural land or an animal	644
feeding operation and operates under a nutrient utilization	645
plan;	646
(2) Information gathered as a result of an inspection of	647
agricultural land or an animal feeding operation to determine	648
whether the person who owns or operates the land or operation is	649
in compliance with a nutrient utilization plan.	650
(B) The director or the supervisors of a district may	651
release or disclose information specified in division (A)(1) or	652
(2) of this section to a person or a federal, state, or local	653
agency working in cooperation with the director or the	654

supervisors in the development of a nutrient utilization plan or	655
an inspection to determine compliance with such a plan if the	656
director or supervisors determine that the person or federal,	657
state, or local agency will not subsequently disclose the	658
information to another person.	659
Sec. 939.06. The director of agriculture may enter into	660
contracts or agreements with an agency of the United States	661
government, or any other public or private agency or	662
organization, for the performance of the duties of the	663
department of agriculture under this chapter or for	664
accomplishing cooperative projects within the scope of those	665
duties.	666
Sec. 939.07. The director of agriculture may accept	667
donations, grants, and contributions in money, service, or	668
equipment to enhance or expedite the work of the department of	669
agriculture under this chapter.	670
Sec. 939.08. The director of agriculture, subject to	671
approval of the terms of the agreement by the Ohio soil and	672
water conservation commission, shall enter into cooperative	673
agreements with the board of supervisors of a soil and water	674
conservation district desiring to enter into those agreements	675
pursuant to section 1515.08 of the Revised Code. The agreements	676
shall be entered into to obtain compliance with rules of the	677
director pertaining to agricultural pollution abatement.	678
The director or a person designated by the director may	679
enter at reasonable times on private property, with the consent	680
of the property owner, or public property to inspect and	681
investigate conditions relating to agricultural pollution of the	682
waters of the state. If consent has been granted and	683
subsequently revoked, if applicable, upon refusal of entry, the	684

director or the director's designee may apply for and a judge of	685
the court of common pleas of the county where the land is	686
located may issue an appropriate inspection warrant as necessary	687
to achieve the purposes of this chapter.	688
Sec. 939.09. (A) (1) The director of agriculture may	689
propose to require corrective actions and assess a civil penalty	690
against an owner or operator of agricultural land or an animal	691
feeding operation if the director or the director's designee	692
determines that the owner or operator is doing one of the	693
<pre>following:</pre>	694
(a) Not complying with a standard established in rules	695
adopted under division (C)(1) of section 939.02 of the Revised	696
Code;	697
(b) Not operating in accordance with an approved nutrient	698
utilization plan that is developed under division (A) of section	699
939.03 of the Revised Code, with a nutrient utilization plan	700
developed by the director or the director's designee under	701
section 939.02 of the Revised Code or by the supervisors of the	702
applicable soil and water conservation district under section	703
1515.08 of the Revised Code, or with a nutrient utilization plan	704
required by the director under division (A)(2) of this section;	705
(c) Not complying with a standard established in rules	706
adopted under division (C)(5)(a) of section 939.02 of the	707
Revised Code;	708
(d) Not operating in accordance with a composting plan	709
that is approved in accordance with rules adopted under division	710
(C)(5)(b) of section 939.02 of the Revised Code or required by	711
the director under division (A)(2) of this section.	712
(2) The director may include in the corrective actions a	713

requirement that an owner or operator do one of the following:	714
(a) Operate under a nutrient utilization plan approved by	715
the director or the director's designee under section 939.02 of	716
the Revised Code;	717
(b) If the owner or operator has failed to operate in	718
accordance with an existing nutrient utilization plan, operate	719
in accordance with that plan;	720
(c) Prepare a composting plan in accordance with rules	721
adopted under division (C)(5)(b) of section 939.02 of the	722
Revised Code and operate in accordance with that plan;	723
(d) If the owner or operator has failed to operate in	724
accordance with an existing composting plan, operate in	725
accordance with that plan.	726
(3) The director may impose a civil penalty only if all of	727
the following occur:	728
(a) The owner or operator is notified in writing of the	729
deficiencies resulting in noncompliance, the actions that the	730
owner or operator must take to correct the deficiencies, and the	731
time period within which the owner or operator must correct the	732
deficiencies and attain compliance.	733
(b) After the time period specified in the notice has	734
elapsed, the director or the director's designee has inspected	735
the agricultural land or animal feeding operation, determined	736
that the owner or operator is still not in compliance, and	737
issued a notice of an adjudication hearing.	738
(c) The director affords the owner or operator an	739
opportunity for an adjudication hearing under Chapter 119. of	740
the Revised Code to challenge the director's determination that	741

the owner or operator is not in compliance or the imposition of	742
the civil penalty, or both. However, the owner or operator may	743
waive the right to an adjudication hearing.	744
(4) If the opportunity for an adjudication hearing is	745
waived or if, after an adjudication hearing, the director	746
determines that noncompliance has occurred or is occurring, the	747
director may issue an order requiring compliance and assess the	748
civil penalty. The order and the assessment of the civil penalty	749
may be appealed in accordance with section 119.12 of the Revised	750
Code.	751
(5) A person who has violated rules adopted under division	752
(C) of section 939.02 of the Revised Code shall pay a civil	753
penalty in an amount established in rules adopted under that	754
section.	755
(B) The attorney general, upon the written request of the	756
director, shall bring an action for an injunction in any court	757
of competent jurisdiction against any person violating or	758
threatening to violate rules adopted under division (C) of	759
section 939.02 of the Revised Code or an order issued under	760
division (A)(4) of this section.	761
(C)(1) In lieu of seeking civil penalties under division	762
(A) of this section, the director may request the attorney	763
general, in writing, to bring an action for a civil penalty in a	764
court of competent jurisdiction against any person that has	765
violated or is violating a rule adopted under division (C) of	766
section 939.02 of the Revised Code.	767
(2) A person who has committed a violation for which the	768
attorney general may bring an action for a civil penalty under	769
division (C)(1) of this section shall pay a civil penalty of not	770

more than ten thousand dollars per violation. Each day that a	771
violation continues constitutes a separate violation.	772
(D) In addition to any other penalties imposed under this	773
section, the director may impose an administrative penalty	774
against an owner or operator of agricultural land or an animal	775
feeding operation if the director or the director's designee	776
determines that the owner or operator is not in compliance with	777
best management practices that are established in rules adopted	778
under division (C) of section 939.02 of the Revised Code. The	779
administrative penalty shall not exceed five thousand dollars.	780
The director shall afford the owner or operator an	781
opportunity for an adjudication hearing under Chapter 119. of	782
the Revised Code to challenge the director's determination under	783
this division, the director's imposition of an administrative	784
penalty under this division, or both. The director's	785
determination and the imposition of the administrative penalty	786
may be appealed in accordance with section 119.12 of the Revised	787
Code.	788
(E) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section,	789
if the director determines that an emergency exists requiring	790
immediate action to protect the public health or safety or the	791
environment, the director may issue an order, without notice or	792
adjudication hearing, stating the existence of the emergency and	793
requiring that action be taken that is necessary to meet the	794
emergency. The order shall take effect immediately. A person to	795
whom the order is directed shall comply immediately, but on	796
application to the director shall be afforded an adjudication	797
hearing in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code as	798
soon as possible and not later than thirty days after	799
application. On the basis of the hearing, the director shall	800

continue the order in effect, revoke it, or modify it. The	801
director's order is appealable in accordance with section 119.12	802
of the Revised Code. No emergency order shall remain in effect	803
for more than one hundred twenty days after its issuance.	804
(F) A person that is responsible for causing or allowing	805
the unauthorized spill, release, or discharge of manure or	806
residual farm products that requires emergency action to protect	807
public health or safety or the environment is liable to the	808
director for the costs incurred in investigating, mitigating,	809
minimizing, removing, or abating the spill, release, or	810
discharge. Upon request of the director, the attorney general	811
shall bring a civil action against the responsible person or	812
persons to recover those costs.	813
(G) Money recovered under division (F) of this section and	814
money collected from civil penalties under this section shall be	815
paid into the state treasury to the credit of the agricultural	816
pollution abatement fund created in section 939.11 of the	817
Revised Code.	818
(H) As used in this section, "noncompliance" means doing	819
one of the actions specified in division (A)(1) of this section.	820
Sec. 939.10. A person claiming to be deprived of a right	821
or protection afforded the person by law by an action of the	822
director of agriculture under this chapter, except the adoption	823
of a rule, may appeal to the court of common pleas of Franklin	824
county or the court of common pleas of the county in which the	825
alleged violation exists.	826
If the court finds that the action of the director	827
appealed from was lawful and reasonable, it shall affirm the	828
action. If the court finds that the action was unreasonable or	829

unlawful, it shall vacate the action and order the action to be	830
taken that it finds the director should have taken. The judgment	831
of the court is final unless reversed, vacated, or modified on	832
appeal.	833
Sec. 939.11. There is hereby created in the state treasury	834
the agricultural pollution abatement fund, which shall be	835
administered by the director of agriculture. The fund may be	836
used to pay costs incurred by the department of agriculture	837
under division (F) of section 939.09 of the Revised Code in	838
investigating, mitigating, minimizing, removing, or abating any	839
pollution of the waters of the state caused by agricultural	840
pollution or an unauthorized release, spill, or discharge of	841
manure or residual farm products into or on the environment that	842
requires emergency action to protect the public health.	843
Sec. 939.12. (A) Beginning on the effective date of this	844
section through December 31, 2016, the chief of the division of	845
soil and water resources in the department of natural resources	846
shall administer and enforce this section and section 939.13 of	847
the Revised Code. On and after January 1, 2017, the director of	848
agriculture shall administer and enforce those sections.	849
(B) Except as provided in division (C) of this section, no	850
person in the western basin shall surface apply manure under any	851
of the following circumstances:	852
(1) On snow-covered or frozen soil;	853
(2) When the top two inches of soil are saturated from	854
<pre>precipitation;</pre>	855
(3) When the local weather forecast for the application	856
area contains greater than a fifty per cent chance of	857
precipitation exceeding one-half inch in a twenty-four-hour	858

period.	859
(C) Division (B) of this section does not apply if a	860
person in the western basin applies manure under any of the	861
<pre>following circumstances:</pre>	862
(1) The manure application is injected into the ground.	863
(2) The manure application is incorporated within twenty-	864
four hours of surface application.	865
(3) The manure application is applied onto a growing crop.	866
(4) In the event of an emergency, the chief or the	867
director, as applicable, provides written consent and the manure	868
application is made in accordance with procedures established in	869
the United States department of agriculture natural resources	870
conservation service practice standard code 590 prepared for	871
this state.	872
(D)(1) Upon receiving a complaint by any person or upon	873
receiving information that would indicate a violation of this	874
section, the chief, the chief's designee, the director, or the	875
director's designee, as applicable, may investigate or make	876
inquiries into any alleged failure to comply with this section.	877
(2) After receiving a complaint by any person or upon	878
receiving information that would indicate a violation of this	879
section, the chief, the chief's designee, the director, or the	880
director's designee, as applicable, may enter at reasonable	881
times on any private or public property to inspect and	882
investigate conditions relating to any such alleged failure to	883
comply with this section.	884
(3) If an individual denies access to the individual's	885
property, the chief, the chief's designee, the director, or the	886

director's designee, as applicable, may apply to a court of	887
competent jurisdiction in the county in which the premises is	888
located for a search warrant authorizing access to the premises	889
for the purposes of this section.	890
(4) The court shall issue the search warrant for the	891
purposes requested if there is probable cause to believe that	892
the person is not in compliance with this section. The finding	893
of probable cause may be based on hearsay, provided that there	894
is a reasonable basis for believing that the source of the	895
hearsay is credible.	896
(E) This section does not affect any restrictions	897
established in Chapter 903. of the Revised Code or otherwise	898
apply to those entities or facilities that are permitted as	899
concentrated animal feeding facilities under that chapter.	900
(F) As used in this section, "western basin" has the same	901
meaning as in section 905.326 of the Revised Code.	902
Sec. 939.13. (A) The chief of the division of soil and	903
water resources in the department of natural resources or the	904
director of agriculture, as applicable, may assess a civil	905
penalty against a person that violates section 939.12 of the	906
Revised Code. The chief or the director, as applicable, may	907
impose a civil penalty only if the chief or the director affords	908
the person an opportunity for an adjudication hearing under	909
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to challenge the chief's or the	910
director's determination that the person violated section 939.12	911
of the Revised Code. The person may waive the right to an	912
adjudication hearing.	913
(B) If the opportunity for an adjudication hearing is	914
waived or if, after an adjudication hearing, the chief or the	915

director, as applicable, determines that a violation has	916
occurred or is occurring, the chief or the director may issue an	917
order requiring compliance with section 939.12 of the Revised	918
Code and assess the civil penalty. The order and the assessment	919
of the civil penalty may be appealed in accordance with section	920
119.12 of the Revised Code.	921
(C) A person that has violated section 939.12 of the	922
Revised Code shall pay a civil penalty in an amount established	923
in rules. Each thirty-day period during which a violation	924
continues constitutes a separate violation.	925
(D) The chief or the director, as applicable, shall adopt	926
rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code that	927
establish the amount of the civil penalty assessed under this	928
section. The civil penalty shall be not more than ten thousand	929
dollars for each violation.	930
Sec. 941.14. (A) The owner shall burn the body of an	931
animal that has died of, or been destroyed because of, a	932
dangerously infectious or contagious disease, bury it not less	933
than four feet under the surface of the ground, dissolve it by	934
alkaline hydrolysis, remove it in a watertight tank to a	935
rendering establishment, or otherwise dispose of it in	936
accordance with section 939.04 or 953.26 or 1511.022 of the	937
Revised Code within twenty-four hours after knowledge thereof or	938
after notice in writing from the department of agriculture.	939
(B) The owner of premises that contain a dead animal shall	940
burn the body of the animal, bury it not less than four feet	941
beneath the surface of the ground, dissolve it by alkaline	942
hydrolysis, remove it in a watertight tank to a rendering	943
establishment, or otherwise dispose of it in accordance with	944
section <u>939.04 or 953.26 or 1511.022</u> of the Revised Code within	945

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a reasonable time after knowledge thereof or after notice in	946
writing from the department or from the township trustees of the	947
township in which the owner's premises are located.	948
(C) Notwithstanding division (A) or (B) of this section,	949
the director of agriculture, in written notice sent to the owner	950
of a dead animal, may require the owner to employ a specific	951
method of disposition of the body, including burning, burying,	952
rendering, composting, or alkaline hydrolysis, when that method	953
does not conflict with any law or rule governing the disposal of	954
infectious wastes and, in the director's judgment, is necessary	955
for purposes of animal disease control. No person shall fail to	956
employ the method of disposition required under this division.	957
(D) The director, in written notice sent to the owner of a	958
dead animal, may prohibit the owner from transporting the body	959
of the dead animal on any street or highway if that prohibition	960
does not conflict with any law or rule governing the	961
transportation of infectious wastes and, in the director's	962
judgment, is necessary for purposes of animal disease control.	963
No person shall fail to comply with a prohibition issued under	964
this division.	965
(E) As used in this section, "infectious wastes" has the	966
same meaning as in section 3734.01 of the Revised Code, and	967
"street" or "highway" has the same meaning as in section 4511.01	968
of the Revised Code.	969
Sec. 953.22. (A) No person shall engage in the business of	970
disposing of, picking up, rendering, or collecting raw rendering	971
material or transporting the material to a composting facility	972

without a license to do so from the department of agriculture.

(B) This chapter does not apply to any of the following:

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(1) A farmer who slaughters the farmer's own animals,	975
raised by the farmer on the farmer's own farm, processes the	976
farmer's own meat therefrom, and disposes of the farmer's raw	977
rendering material only by delivery to a person licensed under	978
section 953.23 of the Revised Code;	979
(2) A person whose only connection with raw rendering	980
material is curing hides and skins;	981
(3) A person whose only connection with raw rendering	982
material is operating a pet cemetery;	983
(4) A person who is conducting composting, as defined in	984
section $\frac{1511.01}{939.01}$ of the Revised Code, in accordance with	985
section 1511.022939.04 of the Revised Code;	986
(5) A person whose only connection with raw rendering	987
material is trapping wild animals in accordance with a nuisance	988
wild animal permit issued by the chief of the division of	989
wildlife in the department of natural resources under rules	990
adopted pursuant to section 1531.08 of the Revised Code;	991
(6) A county dog warden or animal control officer who	992
transports raw rendering material only for disposal purposes.	993
Sec. 1511.01. As used in this chapter:	994
(A) "Conservation" means the wise use and management of	995
natural resources.	996
(B) "Critical natural resource area" means an area	997
identified by the director of natural resources in which occurs	998
a natural resource that requires special management because of	999
its importance to the well-being of the surrounding communities,	1000
the region, or the state.	1001
(C) "Pollution Erosion and sediment abatement practice"	1002

means any erosion control, residual farm products, or manure	1003
pollution abatement facility, and sediment reduction structure,	1004
practice, or procedure and the design, operation, and management	1005
associated with it as contained in operation and management	1006
plans developed or approved by the chief of the division of soil	1007
and water resources or by boards of supervisors of soil and	1008
water conservation districts.	1009

- (D) "Agricultural Sediment pollution" means failure to use 1010 management or conservation practices in farming or silvicultural 1011 operations to abate wind or water erosion of the soil or to 1012 abate that may result in the degradation of the waters of the 1013 state by residual farm products, manure, or soil sediment, 1014 including attached substances—attached thereto. 1015
- (E) "Waters of the state" means all streams, lakes, ponds, 1016 wetlands, watercourses, waterways, wells, springs, irrigation 1017 systems, drainage systems, and all other bodies or accumulations 1018 of water, surface and underground, natural or artificial, 1019 regardless of the depth of the strata in which underground water 1020 is located, that are situated wholly or partly within, or border 1021 upon, this state or are within its jurisdiction, except those 1022 private waters that do not combine or effect a junction with 1023 natural surface or underground waters. 1024
- (F) "Operation and management plan" means a written 1025 record, developed or approved by the board of supervisors of a 1026 soil and water conservation district or the chief, for the owner 1027 or operator of agricultural land or an animal feeding operation-1028 that contains implementation schedules and operational 1029 procedures for a level of management and pollution erosion and 1030 <u>sediment</u> abatement practices that will abate the degradation of 1031 the waters of the state by residual farm products, manure, and 1032

soil sediment, including attached pollutants.	1033
(G) "Residual farm products" means bedding, wash waters,	1034
waste feed, and silage drainage. "Residual farm products" also-	1035
includes the compost products resulting from the composting of	1036
dead animals in operations subject to section 1511.022 of the	1037
Revised Code when either of the following applies:	1038
(1) The composting is conducted by the person who raises	1039
the animals and the compost product is used in agricultural	1040
operations owned or operated by that person, regardless of	1041
whether the person owns the animals.	1042
(2) The composting is conducted by the person who owns the	1043
animals, but does not raise them and the compost product is used	1044
in agricultural operations either by a person who raises the	1045
animals or by a person who raises grain that is used to feed	1046
them and that is supplied by the owner of the animals.	1047
(H) "Composting" means the controlled decomposition of	1048
organic solid material consisting of dead animals that	1049
stabilizes the organic fraction of the material.	1050
(I) "Manure" means animal excreta.	1051
(J) "Animal feeding operation" means the production area,	1052
as defined in section 903.01 of the Revised Code, of an	1053
agricultural operation where agricultural animals are kept and	1054
raised in confined areas. "Animal feeding operation" does not	1055
include a facility that possesses a permit issued under Chapter-	1056
903. or division (J) of section 6111.03 of the Revised Code.	1057
(K)—"Soil and water conservation district" has the same	1058
meaning as in section 1515.01 of the Revised Code.	1059
(H) "Soil erosion management plan" means a written record,	1060

developed or approved by the board of supervisors of a soil and	1061
water conservation district or the chief, that may contain	1062
implementation schedules and operational procedures for a level	1063
of land and water management that will abate wind or water	1064
erosion of the soil or abate the degradation of the waters of	1065
the state by sediment from agricultural operations.	1066
(I) "Timber harvest plan" means a written record,	1067
developed or approved by the board of supervisors of a soil and	1068
water conservation district or the chief, that may contain	1069
implementation schedules and operational procedures for a level	1070
of land and water management that will abate wind or water	1071
erosion of the soil or abate the degradation of the waters of	1072
the state by sediment from timber operations.	1073
Sec. 1511.02. The chief of the division of soil and water	1074
resources, subject to the approval of the director of natural	1075
resources, shall do all of the following:	1076
(A) Provide administrative leadership to soil and water	1077
conservation districts in planning, budgeting, staffing, and	1078
administering district programs and the training of district	1079
supervisors and personnel in their duties, responsibilities, and	1080
authorities as prescribed in this chapter and Chapter 1515. of	1081
the Revised Code;	1082
(B) Administer this chapter and Chapter 1515. of the	1083
Revised Code pertaining to state responsibilities and provide	1084
staff assistance to the Ohio soil and water conservation	1085
commission in exercising its statutory responsibilities;	1086
(C) Assist in expediting state responsibilities for	1087
watershed development and other natural resource conservation	1088
works of improvement;	1089

(D) Coordinate the development and implementation of	1090
cooperative programs and working agreements between soil and	1091
water conservation districts and divisions or sections of the	1092
department of natural resources, or other agencies of local,	1093
state, and federal government;	1094
(E) Subject to the approval of the Ohio soil and water	1095
conservation commission, adopt, amend, or rescind rules pursuant	1096
to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. Rules adopted pursuant to	1097
this section:	1098
(1) Shall establish technically feasible and economically	1099
reasonable standards to achieve a level of management and	1100
conservation practices in farming or silvicultural operations	1101
that will abate wind or water erosion of the soil or abate the	1102
degradation of the waters of the state by residual farm	1103
products, manure, or soil sediment, including attached	1104
substances-attached thereto, and establish criteria for	1105
determination of the acceptability of such management and	1106
conservation practices;	1107
(2) Shall establish technically feasible and economically	1108
reasonable standards to achieve a level of management and	1109
conservation practices that will abate wind or water erosion of	1110
the soil or abate the degradation of the waters of the state by	1111
soil sediment in conjunction with land grading, excavating,	1112
filling, or other soil-disturbing activities on land used or	1113
being developed for nonfarm commercial, industrial, residential,	1114
or other nonfarm purposes, and establish criteria for	1115
determination of the acceptability of such management and	1116
conservation practices. The standards shall be designed to	1117
implement applicable areawide waste treatment management plans	1118
prepared under section 208 of the "Federal Water Pollution	1119

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Control Act," 86 Stat. 816 (1972), 33 U.S.C.A. 1288, as amended.	1120
The standards and criteria shall not apply in any municipal	1121
corporation or county that adopts ordinances or rules pertaining	1122
to sediment control, nor to lands being used in a strip mine	1123
operation as defined in section 1513.01 of the Revised Code, nor	1124
to lands being used in a surface mining operation as defined in	1125
section 1514.01 of the Revised Code.	1126
(3) May recommend criteria and procedures for the approval	1127
of urban sediment pollution abatement plans and issuance of	1128
permits prior to any grading, excavating, filling, or other	1129
whole or partial disturbance of five or more contiguous acres of	1130
land owned by one person or operated as one development unit and	1131
require implementation of such a plan. Areas of less than five	1132
contiguous acres are not exempt from compliance with other	1133
provisions of this chapter and rules adopted under them.	1134
(4) Shall establish procedures for administration of rules	1135
for agricultural sediment pollution abatement and urban sediment	1136
pollution abatement and for enforcement of rules for	1137
agricultural pollution abatement;	1138
(5) Shall specify the pollution erosion and sediment	1139
abatement practices eligible for state cost sharing and	1140
determine the conditions for eligibility, the construction	1141
standards and specifications, the useful life, the maintenance	1142
requirements, and the limits of cost sharing for those	1143
practices. Eligible practices shall be limited to practices that	1144
address agricultural or silvicultural operations and that	1145
require expenditures that are likely to exceed the economic	1146
returns to the owner or operator and that abate soil erosion or	1147
degradation of the waters of the state by residual farm	1148
products, manure, or soil sediment, including attached	1149

pollutants -attached thereto .	1150
(6) Shall establish procedures for administering grants to	1151
owners or operators of agricultural land or animal feeding	1152
operations for the implementation of operation and management	1153
plans;	1154
(7) Shall establish procedures for administering grants to	1155
soil and water conservation districts for urban sediment	1156
pollution abatement programs, specify the types of projects	1157
eligible for grants, establish limits on the availability of	1158
grants, and establish requirements governing the execution of	1159
projects to encourage the reduction of erosion and sedimentation	1160
associated with soil-disturbing activities;	1161
(8) Shall do all of the following with regard to	1162
composting conducted in conjunction with agricultural	1163
operations:	1164
(a) Provide for the distribution of educational material	1165
concerning composting to the offices of OSU extension for the	1166
purposes of section 1511.022 of the Revised Code;	1167
(b) Establish methods, techniques, or practices for	1168
composting dead animals, or particular types of dead animals,	1169
that are to be used at such operations, as the chief considers-	1170
to be necessary or appropriate;	1171
(c) Establish requirements and procedures governing the	1172
review and approval or disapproval of composting plans by the	1173
supervisors of soil and water conservation districts under-	1174
division (Q) of section 1515.08 of the Revised Code.	1175
(9)—Shall be adopted, amended, or rescinded after the	1176

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(a) Mails notice to each statewide organization that the	1178
chief determines represents persons or local governmental	1179
agencies who would be affected by the proposed rule, amendment	1180
thereto, or rescission thereof at least thirty-five days before	1181
any public hearing thereon;	1182
(b) Mails a copy of each proposed rule, amendment thereto,	1183
or rescission thereof to any person who requests a copy, within	1184
five days after receipt of the request;	1185
(c) Consults with appropriate state and local governmental	1186
agencies or their representatives, including statewide	1187
organizations of local governmental officials, industrial	1188
representatives, and other interested persons;	1189
(d) If the rule relates to agricultural pollution-	1190
abatement, develops an economic impact statement concerning the-	1191
effect of the proposed rule or amendment.	1192
$\frac{(10)}{(9)}$ Shall not conflict with air or water quality	1193
standards adopted pursuant to section 3704.03 or 6111.041 of the	1194
Revised Code. Compliance with rules adopted pursuant to this	1195
section does not affect liability for noncompliance with air or	1196
water quality standards adopted pursuant to section 3704.03 or	1197
6111.041 of the Revised Code. The application of a level of	1198
management and conservation practices recommended under this	1199
section to control windblown soil from farming operations	1200
creates a presumption of compliance with section 3704.03 of the	1201
Revised Code as that section applies to windblown soil.	1202
(11)(10) Insofar as the rules relate to urban sediment	1203
pollution, shall not be applicable in a municipal corporation or	1204
county that adopts ordinances or rules for urban sediment	1205
control, except that a municipal corporation or county that	1206

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adopts such ordinances or rules may receive moneys for urban	1207
sediment control that are disbursed by the board of supervisors	1208
of the applicable soil and water conservation district under	1209
division $\frac{\text{(N)}(\text{O})}{\text{(O)}}$ of section 1515.08 of the Revised Code. The	1210
rules shall not exempt any person from compliance with municipal	1211
ordinances enacted pursuant to Section 3 of Article XVIII, Ohio	1212
Constitution.	1213
(F) Cost share with landowners on practices established	1214
pursuant to division (E)(5) of this section as moneys are	1215
appropriated and available for that purpose. Any practice for	1216
which cost share is provided shall be maintained for its useful	1217
life. Failure to maintain a cost share practice for its useful	1218
life shall subject the landowner to full repayment to the	1219
division.	1220
(G) Issue orders requiring compliance with any rule	1221
adopted under division (E)(1) of this section or with section	1222
1511.022 of the Revised Code. Before the chief issues an order,	1223
the chief shall afford each person allegedly liable an	1224
adjudication hearing under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. The	1225
chief may require in an order that a person who has caused	1226
agricultural sediment pollution by failure to comply with the	1227
standards established under division (E)(1) of this section	1228
operate under an operation and management plan approved by the	1229
chief under this section. The chief shall require in an order	1230
that a person who has failed to comply with division (A) of-	1231
section 1511.022 of the Revised Code prepare a composting plan-	1232
in accordance with rules adopted under division (E)(8)(c) of	1233
this section and operate in accordance with that plan or that a	1234
person who has failed to operate in accordance with such a plan-	1235
begin to operate in accordance with it. Each order shall be	1236

issued in writing and contain a finding by the chief of the

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facts upon which the order is based and the standard that is not	1238
being met.	1239
(H) Employ field assistants and such other employees as	1240
are necessary for the performance of the work prescribed by	1241
Chapter 1515. of the Revised Code, for performance of work of	1242
the division, and as agreed to under working agreements or	1243
contractual arrangements with soil and water conservation	1244
districts, prescribe their duties, and fix their compensation in	1245
accordance with such schedules as are provided by law for the	1246
compensation of state employees.	1247
All employees of the division, unless specifically	1248
exempted by law, shall be employed subject to the classified	1249
civil service laws in force at the time of employment.	1250
(I) In connection with new or relocated projects involving	1251
highways, underground cables, pipelines, railroads, and other	1252
improvements affecting soil and water resources, including	1253
surface and subsurface drainage:	1254
(1) Provide engineering service as is mutually agreeable	1255
to the Ohio soil and water conservation commission and the	1256
director to aid in the design and installation of soil and water	1257
conservation practices as a necessary component of such	1258
projects;	1259
(2) Maintain close liaison between the owners of lands on	1260
which the projects are executed, soil and water conservation	1261
districts, and authorities responsible for such projects;	1262
(3) Review plans for such projects to ensure their	1263
compliance with standards developed under division (E) of this	1264
section in cooperation with the department of transportation or	1265
with any other interested agency that is engaged in soil or	1266

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water conservation projects in the state in order to minimize	1267
adverse impacts on soil and water resources adjacent to or	1268
otherwise affected by these projects;	1269
(4) Recommend measures to retard erosion and protect soil	1270
and water resources through the installation of water	1271
impoundment or other soil and water conservation practices;	1272
(5) Cooperate with other agencies and subdivisions of the	1273
state to protect the agricultural status of rural lands adjacent	1274
to such projects and control adverse impacts on soil and water	1275
resources.	1276
(J) Collect, analyze, inventory, and interpret all	1277
available information pertaining to the origin, distribution,	1278
extent, use, and conservation of the soil resources of the	1279
state;	1280
(K) Prepare and maintain up-to-date reports, maps, and	1281
other materials pertaining to the soil resources of the state	1282
and their use and make that information available to	1283
governmental agencies, public officials, conservation entities,	1284
and the public;	1285
(L) Provide soil and water conservation districts with	1286
technical assistance including on-site soil investigations and	1287
soil interpretation reports on the suitability or limitations of	1288
soil to support a particular use or to plan soil conservation	1289
measures. The assistance shall be upon such terms as are	1290
mutually agreeable to the districts and the department of	1291
natural resources.	1292
(M) Assist local government officials in utilizing land	1293
use planning and zoning, current agricultural use value	1294
assessment, development reviews, and land management activities;	1295

(N) When necessary for the purposes of this chapter or	1296
Chapter 1515. of the Revised Code, develop or approve operation	1297
and management plans.	1298
This section does not restrict the manure of domestic or	1299
farm animals defecated on land outside an animal feeding	1300
operation or runoff therefrom into the waters of the state.	1301
Sec. 1511.021. (A) $\underline{(1)}$ Any person who owns or operates	1302
agricultural land or an animal feeding operation may develop and	1302
operate under an operation and management plan approved by the	1304
chief of the division of soil and water resources under section	1305
1511.02 of the Revised Code or by the supervisors of the	1306
applicable soil and water conservation district under section	1307
1515.08 of the Revised Code.	1308
(2) An operation and management plan developed under	1309
division (A)(1) of this section, developed by the chief under	1310
section 1511.02 of the Revised Code or by the supervisors of a	1311
soil and water conservation district under section 1515.08 of	1312
the Revised Code, or required by an order issued by the chief	1313
under division (G) of section 1511.02 of the Revised Code may	1314
include a soil erosion management plan, a timber harvest plan,	1315
or both.	1316
(B) Any person who wishes to make a complaint regarding	1317
nuisances involving agricultural sediment pollution may do so	1318
orally or by submitting a written, signed, and dated complaint	1319
to the chief or to the chief's designee. After receiving an oral	1320
complaint, the chief or the chief's designee may cause an	1321
investigation to be conducted to determine whether agricultural	1322
sediment pollution has occurred or is imminent. After receiving	1323
a written, signed, and dated complaint, the chief or the chief's	1324
designee shall cause such an investigation to be conducted.	1325

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(C) In a private civil action for nuisances involving	1326
agricultural sediment pollution, it is an affirmative defense if	1327
the person owning, operating, or otherwise responsible for	1328
agricultural land or an animal feeding operation is operating	1329
under and in substantial compliance with an approved operation	1330
and management plan developed under division (A) of this	1331
section, with an operation and management plan developed by the	1332
chief under section 1511.02 of the Revised Code or by the	1333
supervisors of the applicable soil and water conservation	1334
district under section 1515.08 of the Revised Code, or with an	1335
operation and management plan required by an order issued by the	1336
chief under division (G) of section 1511.02 of the Revised Code.	1337
Nothing in this section is in derogation of the authority	1338
granted to the chief in division (E) of section 1511.02 and in	1339
section 1511.07 of the Revised Code.	1340
Sec. 1511.023. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of	1341
this section, the director of natural resources, an employee of	1342
the department of natural resources, the supervisors of a soil	1343
and water conservation district, an employee of a district, and	1344
a contractor of the department or a district shall not disclose	1345
a contractor of the department or a district shall not disclose either of the following:	1345 1346
-	
either of the following:	1346
either of the following: (1) Information, including data from geographic	1346 1347
either of the following: (1) Information, including data from geographic information systems and global positioning systems, provided by	1346 1347 1348
either of the following: (1) Information, including data from geographic information systems and global positioning systems, provided by a person who owns or operates agricultural land or an animal	1346 1347 1348 1349
either of the following: (1) Information, including data from geographic information systems and global positioning systems, provided by a person who owns or operates agricultural land or an animal feeding operation—and operates under an operation and management	1346 1347 1348 1349 1350
either of the following: (1) Information, including data from geographic information systems and global positioning systems, provided by a person who owns or operates agricultural land or an animal feeding operation and operates under an operation and management plan;	1346 1347 1348 1349 1350 1351
either of the following: (1) Information, including data from geographic information systems and global positioning systems, provided by a person who owns or operates agricultural land or an animal feeding operation—and operates under an operation and management plan; (2) Information gathered as a result of an inspection of	1346 1347 1348 1349 1350 1351

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(B) The director or the supervisors of a district may	1356
release or disclose information specified in division (A)(1) or	1357
(2) of this section to a person or a federal, state, or local	1358
agency working in cooperation with the chief of the division of	1359
soil and water resources or the supervisors in the development	1360
of an operation and management plan or an inspection to	1361
determine compliance with such a plan if the director or	1362
supervisors determine that the person or federal, state, or	1363
local agency will not subsequently disclose the information to	1364
another person.	1365
Sec. 1511.024. Notwithstanding any provision of the	1366
Revised Code to the contrary, the chief of the division of soil	1367
and water resources shall adopt rules in accordance with Chapter	1368
119. of the Revised Code governing watersheds in distress. The	1369
rules shall do all of the following:	1370
(A) Define "watersheds in distress" and "nutrient	1371
<pre>management plan";</pre>	1372
(B) Establish technically feasible and economically	1373
reasonable standards to achieve a level of management and	1374
conservation practices in farming or silvicultural operations	1375
that will abate the degradation of the waters of the state by	1376
animal waste within watersheds in distress;	1377
(C) Establish criteria for the development of nutrient	1378
management plans that address the methods, amount, form,	1379
placement, cropping system, and timing of all animal waste	1380
applications within watersheds in distress;	1381
(D) Establish requirements and procedures governing the	1382
development and the approval or disapproval of such animal waste	1383
management plans.	1384

Sec. 1511.05. The chief of the division of soil and water	1385
resources, subject to approval of the terms of the agreement by	1386
the Ohio soil and water conservation commission, shall enter	1387
into cooperative agreements with the board of supervisors of any	1388
soil and water conservation district desiring to enter into such	1389
agreements pursuant to section 1515.08 of the Revised Code. Such	1390
agreements shall be entered into to obtain compliance with rules	1391
and orders of the chief pertaining to agricultural sediment	1392
pollution abatement and urban sediment pollution abatement.	1393
The chief or any person designated by the chief may upon	1394
obtaining agreement with the owner, tenant, or manager of any	1395
land, public or private, enter thereon to make inspections to	1396
determine whether or not there is compliance with the rules	1397
adopted under division (E)(1) of section 1511.02 of the Revised	1398
Code. Upon reason to believe there is a violation, the chief or	1399
the chief's designee may apply for and a judge of the court of	1400
common pleas for the county where the land is located may issue	1401
an appropriate inspection warrant as necessary to achieve the	1402
purposes of this chapter.	1403
Sec. 1511.07. (A)(1) No person shall fail to comply with	1404
an order of the chief of the division of soil and water	1405
resources issued pursuant to division (G) of section 1511.02 of	1406
the Revised Code.	1407
(2) In addition to the remedies provided and irrespective	1408
of whether an adequate remedy at law exists, the chief may apply	1409
to the court of common pleas in the county where a violation of	1410
a standard established under division (E)(1) or (8)(b) of	1411
section 1511.02 of the Revised Code causes pollution of the	1412

waters of the state for an order to compel the violator to cease

the violation and to remove the agricultural pollutant or to

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1414

comply with the rules adopted standards established under that	1415
division—(E)(8)(b) of that section, as appropriate.	1416

(3) In addition to the remedies provided and irrespective 1417 of whether an adequate remedy at law exists, whenever the chief 1418 officially determines that an emergency exists because of 1419 agricultural sediment pollution or an unauthorized release, 1420 spill, or discharge of manure, or a violation of a rule adopted 1421 under division (E) (8) (b) of section 1511.02 of the Revised Code, 1422 that causes pollution of the waters of the state, the chief may, 1423 without notice or hearing, issue an order reciting the existence 1424 of the emergency and requiring that necessary action be taken to 1425 meet the emergency. The order shall be effective immediately. 1426 Any person to whom the order is directed shall comply with the 1427 order immediately, but on application to the chief shall be 1428 afforded a hearing as soon as possible, but not later than 1429 twenty days after making the application. On the basis of the 1430 hearing, the chief shall continue the order in effect, revoke 1431 it, or modify it. No emergency order shall remain in effect for 1432 more than sixty days after its issuance. If a person to whom an 1433 order is issued does not comply with the order within a 1434 reasonable period, as determined by the chief, the chief or the 1435 chief's designee may enter upon private or public lands and take 1436 action to mitigate, minimize, remove, or abate the agricultural-1437 sediment pollution, release, spill, discharge, or conditions 1438 caused by the violation of the rule. 1439

(B) The attorney general, upon the written request of the 1440 chief, shall bring appropriate legal action in Franklin county 1441 against any person who fails to comply with an order of the 1442 chief issued pursuant to division (G) of section 1511.02 of the 1443 Revised Code.

Sec. 1511.09. The soil and water resources administration	1445
fund is hereby created in the state treasury. The fund shall	1446
consist of money credited to it from all fines, penalties,	1447
costs, and damages, except court costs, that are collected	1448
either by the chief of the division of soil and water resources	1449
or the attorney general in consequence of any violation of this	1450
chapter or rules adopted or orders issued under it. The chief	1451
shall use money in the fund to administer and enforce this	1452
<pre>chapter and rules adopted under it.</pre>	1453
Sec. 1511.99. Whoever violates division (A) of section	1454
1511.07 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	1455
first degree. Each day of violation is a separate offense. In	1456
addition to the penalty provided in this division, the	1457
sentencing court may assess damages in an amount equal to the	1458
costs of reclaiming, restoring, or otherwise repairing any	1459
damage to public or private property caused by any violation of	1460
division (A) of section 1511.07 of the Revised Code. All fines	1461
and moneys assessed as damages under this section shall be paid	1462
into the agricultural pollution abatement soil and water	1463
resources administration fund created in section 1511.071	1464
1511.09 of the Revised Code.	1465
Sec. 1515.01. As used in this chapter:	1466
(A) "Soil and water conservation district" means a	1467
district organized in accordance with this chapter.	1468
(B) "Supervisor" means one of the members of the governing	1469
body of a district.	1470
(C) "Landowner," "owner," or "owner of land" means an	1471
owner of record as shown by the records in the office of the	1472
county recorder. With respect to an improvement or a proposed	1473

improvement, "landowner," "owner," or "owner of land" also	1474
includes any public corporation and the director of any	1475
department, office, or institution of the state that is affected	1476
by the improvement or that would be affected by the proposed	1477
improvement, but that does not own any right, title, estate, or	1478
interest in or to any real property.	1479
(D) "Land occupier" or "occupier of land" means any	1480
person, firm, or corporation that controls the use of land	1481
whether as landowner, lessee, renter, or tenant.	1482
(E) "Due notice" means notice published at least twice,	1483
stating time and place, with an interval of at least thirteen	1484
days between the two publication dates, in a newspaper of	1485
general circulation within a soil and water conservation	1486
district.	1487
(F) "Agricultural pollution" means failure to use	1488
management or conservation practices in farming or silvicultural	1489
operations to abate wind or water erosion of the soil or to	1490
abate the degradation of the waters of the state by residual	1491
farm products, manure, or soil sediment, including substances	1492
attached thereto.	1493
(G)—"Urban sediment pollution" means failure to use	1494
management or conservation practices to abate wind or water	1495
erosion of the soil or to abate the degradation of the waters of	1496
the state by soil sediment in conjunction with land grading,	1497
excavating, filling, or other soil disturbing activities on land	1498
used or being developed for nonfarm commercial, industrial,	1499
residential, or other nonfarm purposes, except lands being used	1500
in a strip mine operation as defined in section 1513.01 of the	1501
Revised Code and except lands being used in a surface mining	1502
operation as defined in section 1514.01 of the Revised Code.	1503

$\frac{\mathrm{(H)}_{\mathrm{(G)}}}{\mathrm{(G)}}$ "Uniform assessment" means an assessment that is	1504
both of the following:	1505
(1) Based upon a complete appraisal of each parcel of	1506
land, together with all improvements thereon, within a project	1507
area and of the benefits or damages brought about as a result of	1508
the project that is determined by criteria applied equally to	1509
all parcels within the project area;	1510
(2) Levied upon the parcels at a uniform rate on the basis	1511
of the appraisal.	1512
(I)(H) "Varied assessment" means any assessment that does	1513
not meet the criteria established in division $\frac{H}{G}$ of this	1514
section.	1515
(J)(I) "Project area" means an area determined and	1516
certified by the supervisors of a soil and water conservation	1517
district under section 1515.19 of the Revised Code.	1518
(K)(J) "Benefit" or "benefits" means advantages to land	1519
and owners, to public corporations, and to the state resulting	1520
from drainage, conservation, control, and management of water	1521
and from environmental, wildlife, and recreational improvements.	1522
"Benefit" or "benefits" includes, but is not limited to, any of	1523
the following factors:	1524
(1) Elimination or reduction of damage from flooding;	1525
(2) Removal of water conditions that jeopardize public	1526
health, safety, or welfare;	1527
(3) Increased value of land resulting from an improvement;	1528
(4) Use of water for irrigation, storage, regulation of	1529
stream flow, soil conservation, water supply, or any other	1530
incidental purpose;	1531

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(5) Providing an outlet for the accelerated runoff from	1532
artificial drainage if a stream, watercourse, channel, or ditch	1533
that is under improvement is called upon to discharge functions	1534
for which it was not designed. Uplands that have been removed	1535
from their natural state by deforestation, cultivation,	1536
artificial drainage, urban development, or other human methods	1537
shall be considered to be benefited by an improvement that is	1538
required to dispose of the accelerated flow of water from the	1539
uplands.	1540
$\frac{\text{(L)}}{\text{(K)}}$ "Improvement" or "conservation works of	1541
improvement" means an improvement that is made under the	1542
authority established in division (C) of section 1515.08 of the	1543
Revised Code.	1544
$\frac{(M)}{(L)}$ "Land" has the same meaning as in section 6131.01	1545
of the Revised Code.	1546
(N) "Manure," "operation (M) "Operation and management	1547
plan," and "residual farm products sediment pollution" have the	1548
same meanings as in section 1511.01 of the Revised Code.	1549
$\frac{(\Theta)^{-}(N)}{N}$ "Voluntary nutrient management plan" has the same	1550
meaning as in section 905.31 of the Revised Code.	1551
(O) "Agricultural pollution," "animal feeding operation,"	1552
and "nutrient utilization plan" have the same meanings as in	1553
section 939.01 of the Revised Code.	1554
Sec. 1515.08. The supervisors of a soil and water	1555
conservation district have the following powers in addition to	1556
their other powers:	1557
(A) To conduct surveys, investigations, and research	1558
relating to the character of soil erosion, floodwater and	1559
sediment damages, and the preventive and control measures and	1560

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works of improvement for flood prevention and the conservation,	1561
development, utilization, and disposal of water needed within	1562
the district, and to publish the results of those surveys,	1563
investigations, or research, provided that no district shall	1564
initiate any research program except in cooperation or after	1565
consultation with the Ohio agricultural research and development	1566
center;	1567
(B) To develop plans for the conservation of soil	1568
resources, for the control and prevention of soil erosion, and	1569
for works of improvement for flood prevention and the	1570
conservation, development, utilization, and disposal of water	1571
within the district, and to publish those plans and information;	1572
(C) To implement, construct, repair, maintain, and operate	1573
preventive and control measures and other works of improvement	1574
for natural resource conservation and development and flood	1575
prevention, and the conservation, development, utilization, and	1576
disposal of water within the district on lands owned or	1577
controlled by this state or any of its agencies and on any other	1578
lands within the district, which works may include any	1579
facilities authorized under state or federal programs, and to	1580
acquire, by purchase or gift, to hold, encumber, or dispose of,	1581
and to lease real and personal property or interests in such	1582
property for those purposes;	1583
(D) To cooperate or enter into agreements with any	1584
occupier of lands within the district in the carrying on of	1585
natural resource conservation operations and works of	1586
improvement for flood prevention and the conservation,	1587
development, utilization, and management of natural resources	1588
within the district, subject to such conditions as the	1589
supervisors consider necessary;	1590

(E) To accept donations, gifts, grants, and contributions	1591
in money, service, materials, or otherwise, and to use or expend	1592
them according to their terms;	1593
(F) To adopt, amend, and rescind rules to carry into	1594
effect the purposes and powers of the district;	1595
(G) To sue and plead in the name of the district, and be	1596
sued and impleaded in the name of the district, with respect to	1597
its contracts and, as indicated in section 1515.081 of the	1598
Revised Code, certain torts of its officers, employees, or	1599
agents acting within the scope of their employment or official	1600
responsibilities, or with respect to the enforcement of its	1601
obligations and covenants made under this chapter;	1602
(H) To make and enter into all contracts, leases, and	1603
agreements and execute all instruments necessary or incidental	1604
to the performance of the duties and the execution of the powers	1605
of the district under this chapter, provided that all of the	1606
following apply:	1607
(1) Except as provided in section 307.86 of the Revised	1608
Code regarding expenditures by boards of county commissioners,	1609
when the cost under any such contract, lease, or agreement,	1610
other than compensation for personal services or rental of	1611
office space, involves an expenditure of more than the amount	1612
established in that section regarding expenditures by boards of	1613
county commissioners, the supervisors shall make a written	1614
contract with the lowest and best bidder after advertisement,	1615
for not less than two nor more than four consecutive weeks	1616
preceding the day of the opening of bids, in a newspaper of	1617
general circulation within the district or as provided in	1618
section 7.16 of the Revised Code and in such other publications	1619
as the supervisors determine. The notice shall state the general	1620

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character of the work and materials to be furnished, the place	1621
where plans and specifications may be examined, and the time and	1622
place of receiving bids.	1623
(2) Each bid for a contract shall contain the full name of	1624
every person interested in it.	1625
(3) Each bid for a contract for the construction,	1626
demolition, alteration, repair, or reconstruction of an	1627
improvement shall meet the requirements of section 153.54 of the	1628
Revised Code.	1629
(4) Each bid for a contract, other than a contract for the	1630
construction, demolition, alteration, repair, or reconstruction	1631
of an improvement, at the discretion of the supervisors, may be	1632
accompanied by a bond or certified check on a solvent bank in an	1633
amount not to exceed five per cent of the bid, conditioned that,	1634
if the bid is accepted, a contract shall be entered into.	1635
(5) The supervisors may reject any and all bids.	1636
(I) To make agreements with the department of natural	1637
resources giving it control over lands of the district for the	1638
purpose of construction of improvements by the department under	1639
section 1501.011 of the Revised Code;	1640
(J) To charge, alter, and collect rentals and other	1641
charges for the use or services of any works of the district;	1642
(K) To enter, either in person or by designated	1643
representatives, upon lands, private or public, in the necessary	1644
discharge of their duties;	1645
(L) To enter into agreements or contracts with the	1646
department for the determination, implementation, inspection,	1647
and funding of agricultural sediment pollution abatement and	1648

urban sediment pollution abatement measures whereby landowners,	1649
operators, managers, and developers may meet adopted state	1650
standards for a quality environment, except that failure of a	1651
district board of supervisors to negotiate an agreement or	1652
contract with the department shall authorize the division of	1653
soil and water resources to implement the required program;	1654
(M) To enter into agreements or contracts with the	1655
department of agriculture for the determination, implementation,	1656
inspection, and funding of agricultural pollution abatement	1657
measures whereby landowners, operators, and managers may meet	1658
adopted state standards for a quality environment, except that	1659
failure of a district board of supervisors to negotiate an	1660
agreement or contract with that department shall authorize the	1661
department to implement the required program;	1662
(N) To conduct demonstrations and provide information to	1663
the public regarding practices and methods for natural resource	1664
conservation, development, and utilization;	1665
$\frac{\text{(N)}_{(0)}}{\text{(O)}}$ To enter into contracts or agreements with the	1666
chief of the division of soil and water resources to implement	1667
and administer a program for urban sediment pollution abatement	1668
and to receive and expend moneys provided by the chief for that	1669
purpose;	1670
(O)(P) To develop operation and management plans as	1671
necessary;	1672
(P)(Q) To determine whether operation and management plans	1673
developed under division (A) of section 1511.021 of the Revised	1674
Code comply with the standards established under division (E)(1)	1675
of section 1511.02 of the Revised Code and to approve or	1676
disapprove the plans, based on such compliance. If an operation	1677

and management plan is disapproved, the board shall provide a	1678
written explanation to the person who submitted the plan. The	1679
person may appeal the plan disapproval to the chief, who shall	1680
afford the person a hearing. Following the hearing, the chief	1681
shall uphold the plan disapproval or reverse it. If the chief	1682
reverses the plan disapproval, the plan shall be deemed approved	1683
under this division. In the event that any person operating or	1684
owning agricultural land or an animal feeding operation in	1685
accordance with an approved operation and management plan who,	1686
in good faith, is following that plan, causes agricultural	1687
sediment pollution, the plan shall be revised in a fashion	1688
necessary to mitigate the agricultural sediment pollution, as	1689
determined and approved by the board of supervisors of the soil	1690
and water conservation district.	1691
(Q)(R) To develop nutrient utilization plans as necessary;	1692
(S) To determine whether nutrient utilization plans	1693
developed under division (A) of section 939.03 of the Revised	1694
Code comply with the standards established in rules adopted	1695
under division (C)(1) of section 939.02 of the Revised Code and	1696
to approve or disapprove the plans based on such compliance. If	1697
a nutrient utilization plan is disapproved, the board shall	1698
provide a written explanation to the person who submitted the	1699
plan. The person may appeal the plan disapproval to the director	1700
of agriculture who shall afford the person a hearing. Following	1701
the hearing, the director shall uphold the plan disapproval or	1702
reverse it. If the director reverses the plan disapproval, the	1703
plan shall be deemed approved under this division. In the event	1704
that a person operating or owning agricultural land or an animal	1705
feeding operation in accordance with an approved nutrient	1706
utilization plan who, in good faith, is following that plan	1707
causes agricultural pollution, the plan shall be revised in a	1708

manner necessary to mitigate the agricultural pollution as	1709
determined and approved by the board of supervisors of the soil	1710
and water conservation district.	1711
(T) With regard to composting conducted in conjunction	1712
with agricultural operations, to do all of the following:	1713
(1) Upon request or upon their own initiative, inspect	1714
composting at any such operation to determine whether the	1715
composting is being conducted in accordance with section	1716
1511.022 939.04 of the Revised Code;	1717
(2) If the board determines that composting is not being	1718
so conducted, request the chief director of agriculture to issue	1719
an order under division (G) of section 1511.02 of the Revised	1720
Code requiring take corrective actions under section 939.09 of	1721
the Revised Code that require the person who is conducting the	1722
composting to prepare a composting plan in accordance with rules	1723
adopted under division $\frac{(E)(8)(c)(C)(5)(a)}{(C)(5)(a)}$ of that section 939.02	1724
of the Revised Code and to operate in accordance with that plan	1725
or to operate in accordance with a previously prepared plan, as	1726
applicable;	1727
(3) In accordance with rules adopted under division (E)(8)	1728
$\frac{(c)(C)(5)(b)}{(c)(5)(b)}$ of section $\frac{1511.02939.02}{(c)(6)(6)(6)}$ of the Revised Code,	1729
review and approve or disapprove any such composting plan. If a	1730
plan is disapproved, the board shall provide a written	1731
explanation to the person who submitted the plan.	1732
As used in division $\frac{(Q)}{(T)}$ of this section, "composting"	1733
has the same meaning as in section $\frac{1511.01939.01}{939.01}$ of the Revised	1734
Code.	1735
$\frac{R}{U}$ With regard to conservation activities that are	1736
conducted in conjunction with agricultural operations, to assist	1737

the county auditor, upon request, in determining whether a	1738
conservation activity is a conservation practice for purposes of	1739
Chapter 929. or sections 5713.30 to 5713.37 and 5715.01 of the	1740
Revised Code.	1741
As used in this division, "conservation practice" has the	1742
same meaning as in section 5713.30 of the Revised Code.	1743
$\frac{(S)}{(V)}$ To develop and approve or disapprove voluntary	1744
nutrient management plans in accordance with section 905.323 of	1745
the Revised Code;	1746
$\frac{(T)}{(W)}$ To do all acts necessary or proper to carry out the	1747
powers granted in this chapter.	1748
The director of natural resources shall make	1749
recommendations to reduce the adverse environmental effects of	1750
each project that a soil and water conservation district plans	1751
to undertake under division (A), (B), (C), or (D) of this	1752
section and that will be funded in whole or in part by moneys	1753
authorized under section 1515.16 of the Revised Code and shall	1754
disapprove any such project that the director finds will	1755
adversely affect the environment without equal or greater	1756
benefit to the public. The director's disapproval or	1757
recommendations, upon the request of the district filed in	1758
accordance with rules adopted by the Ohio soil and water	1759
conservation commission, shall be reviewed by the commission,	1760
which may confirm the director's decision, modify it, or add	1761
recommendations to or approve a project the director has	1762
disapproved.	1763
Any instrument by which real property is acquired pursuant	1764
to this section shall identify the agency of the state that has	1765
the use and benefit of the real property as specified in section	1766

1767

1797

5301.012 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 3734.02. (A) The director of environmental	1768
protection, in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code,	1769
shall adopt and may amend, suspend, or rescind rules having	1770
uniform application throughout the state governing solid waste	1771
facilities and the inspections of and issuance of permits and	1772
licenses for all solid waste facilities in order to ensure that	1773
the facilities will be located, maintained, and operated, and	1774
will undergo closure and post-closure care, in a sanitary manner	1775
so as not to create a nuisance, cause or contribute to water	1776
pollution, create a health hazard, or violate 40 C.F.R. 257.3-2	1777
or 40 C.F.R. 257.3-8, as amended. The rules may include, without	1778
limitation, financial assurance requirements for closure and	1779
post-closure care and corrective action and requirements for	1780
taking corrective action in the event of the surface or	1781
subsurface discharge or migration of explosive gases or leachate	1782
from a solid waste facility, or of ground water contamination	1783
resulting from the transfer or disposal of solid wastes at a	1784
facility, beyond the boundaries of any area within a facility	1785
that is operating or is undergoing closure or post-closure care	1786
where solid wastes were disposed of or are being disposed of.	1787
The rules shall not concern or relate to personnel policies,	1788
salaries, wages, fringe benefits, or other conditions of	1789
employment of employees of persons owning or operating solid	1790
waste facilities. The director, in accordance with Chapter 119.	1791
of the Revised Code, shall adopt and may amend, suspend, or	1792
rescind rules governing the issuance, modification, revocation,	1793
suspension, or denial of variances from the director's solid	1794
waste rules, including, without limitation, rules adopted under	1795
this chapter governing the management of scrap tires.	1796

Variances shall be issued, modified, revoked, suspended,

or rescinded in accordance with this division, rules adopted	1798
under it, and Chapter 3745. of the Revised Code. The director	1799
may order the person to whom a variance is issued to take such	1800
action within such time as the director may determine to be	1801
appropriate and reasonable to prevent the creation of a nuisance	1802
or a hazard to the public health or safety or the environment.	1803
Applications for variances shall contain such detail plans,	1804
specifications, and information regarding objectives,	1805
procedures, controls, and other pertinent data as the director	1806
may require. The director shall grant a variance only if the	1807
applicant demonstrates to the director's satisfaction that	1808
construction and operation of the solid waste facility in the	1809
manner allowed by the variance and any terms or conditions	1810
imposed as part of the variance will not create a nuisance or a	1811
hazard to the public health or safety or the environment. In	1812
granting any variance, the director shall state the specific	1813
provision or provisions whose terms are to be varied and also	1814
shall state specific terms or conditions imposed upon the	1815
applicant in place of the provision or provisions. The director	1816
may hold a public hearing on an application for a variance or	1817
renewal of a variance at a location in the county where the	1818
operations that are the subject of the application for the	1819
variance are conducted. The director shall give not less than	1820
twenty days' notice of the hearing to the applicant by certified	1821
mail or by another type of mail accompanied by a receipt and	1822
shall publish at least one notice of the hearing in a newspaper	1823
with general circulation in the county where the hearing is to	1824
be held. The director shall make available for public inspection	1825
at the principal office of the environmental protection agency a	1826
current list of pending applications for variances and a current	1827
schedule of pending variance hearings. The director shall make a	1828
complete stenographic record of testimony and other evidence	1829

submitted at the hearing. Within ten days after the hearing, the	1830
director shall make a written determination to issue, renew, or	1831
deny the variance and shall enter the determination and the	1832
basis for it into the record of the hearing. The director shall	1833
issue, renew, or deny an application for a variance or renewal	1834
of a variance within six months of the date upon which the	1835
director receives a complete application with all pertinent	1836
information and data required. No variance shall be issued,	1837
revoked, modified, or denied until the director has considered	1838
the relative interests of the applicant, other persons and	1839
property affected by the variance, and the general public. Any	1840
variance granted under this division shall be for a period	1841
specified by the director and may be renewed from time to time	1842
on such terms and for such periods as the director determines to	1843
be appropriate. No application shall be denied and no variance	1844
shall be revoked or modified without a written order stating the	1845
findings upon which the denial, revocation, or modification is	1846
based. A copy of the order shall be sent to the applicant or	1847
variance holder by certified mail or by another type of mail	1848
accompanied by a receipt.	1849

(B) The director shall prescribe and furnish the forms 1850 necessary to administer and enforce this chapter. The director 1851 may cooperate with and enter into agreements with other state, 1852 local, or federal agencies to carry out the purposes of this 1853 chapter. The director may exercise all incidental powers 1854 necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter. 1855

The director may use moneys in the infectious waste 1856 management fund created in section 3734.021 of the Revised Code 1857 exclusively for administering and enforcing the provisions of 1858 this chapter governing the management of infectious wastes. 1859

(C) Except as provided in this division and divisions (N)	1860
(2) and (3) of this section, no person shall establish a new	1861
solid waste facility or infectious waste treatment facility, or	1862
modify an existing solid waste facility or infectious waste	1863
treatment facility, without submitting an application for a	1864
permit with accompanying detail plans, specifications, and	1865
information regarding the facility and method of operation and	1866
receiving a permit issued by the director, except that no permit	1867
shall be required under this division to install or operate a	1868
solid waste facility for sewage sludge treatment or disposal	1869
when the treatment or disposal is authorized by a current permit	1870
issued under Chapter 3704. or 6111. of the Revised Code.	1871

No person shall continue to operate a solid waste facility 1872 for which the director has denied a permit for which an 1873 application was required under division (A)(3) of section 1874 3734.05 of the Revised Code, or for which the director has 1875 disapproved plans and specifications required to be filed by an 1876 order issued under division (A)(5) of that section, after the 1877 date prescribed for commencement of closure of the facility in 1878 the order issued under division (A)(6) of section 3734.05 of the 1879 Revised Code denying the permit application or approval. 1880

On and after the effective date of the rules adopted under 1881 division (A) of this section and division (D) of section 3734.12 1882 of the Revised Code governing solid waste transfer facilities, 1883 no person shall establish a new, or modify an existing, solid 1884 waste transfer facility without first submitting an application 1885 for a permit with accompanying engineering detail plans, 1886 specifications, and information regarding the facility and its 1887 method of operation to the director and receiving a permit 1888 issued by the director. 1889

No person shall establish a new compost facility or	1890
continue to operate an existing compost facility that accepts	1891
exclusively source separated yard wastes without submitting a	1892
completed registration for the facility to the director in	1893
accordance with rules adopted under divisions (A) and (N)(3) of	1894
this section.	1895
This division does not apply to a generator of infectious	1896
wastes that does any of the following:	1897
(1) Treats, by methods, techniques, and practices	1898
established by rules adopted under division (B)(2)(a) of section	on 1899
3734.021 of the Revised Code, any of the following:	1900
(a) Infectious wastes that are generated on any premises	1901
that are owned or operated by the generator;	1902
(b) Infectious wastes that are generated by a generator	1903
who has staff privileges at a hospital as defined in section	1904
3727.01 of the Revised Code;	1905
(c) Infectious wastes that are generated in providing care	1906
to a patient by an emergency medical services organization as	1907
defined in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	1908
(2) Holds a license or renewal of a license to operate a	1909
crematory facility issued under Chapter 4717. and a permit	1910
issued under Chapter 3704. of the Revised Code;	1911
(3) Treats or disposes of dead animals or parts thereof,	1912
or the blood of animals, and is subject to any of the following	1913
(a) Inspection under the "Federal Meat Inspection Act," 81	1914
Stat. 584 (1967), 21 U.S.C.A. 603, as amended;	1915
(b) Chapter 918. of the Revised Code;	1916

(c) Chapter 953. of the Revised Code.	1917
(D) Neither this chapter nor any rules adopted under it	1918
apply to single-family residential premises; to infectious	1919
wastes generated by individuals for purposes of their own care	1920
or treatment; to the temporary storage of solid wastes, other	1921
than scrap tires, prior to their collection for disposal; to the	1922
storage of one hundred or fewer scrap tires unless they are	1923
stored in such a manner that, in the judgment of the director or	1924
the board of health of the health district in which the scrap	1925
tires are stored, the storage causes a nuisance, a hazard to	1926
public health or safety, or a fire hazard; or to the collection	1927
of solid wastes, other than scrap tires, by a political	1928
subdivision or a person holding a franchise or license from a	1929
political subdivision of the state; to composting, as defined in	1930
section 1511.01 939.01 of the Revised Code, conducted in	1931
accordance with section $\frac{1511.022}{939.04}$ of the Revised Code; or	1932
to any person who is licensed to transport raw rendering	1933
material to a compost facility pursuant to section 953.23 of the	1934
Revised Code.	1935
(E)(1) As used in this division:	1936
(a) "On-site facility" means a facility that stores,	1937
treats, or disposes of hazardous waste that is generated on the	1938
premises of the facility.	1939
(b) "Off-site facility" means a facility that stores,	1940
treats, or disposes of hazardous waste that is generated off the	1941
premises of the facility and includes such a facility that is	1942
also an on-site facility.	1943
(c) "Satellite facility" means any of the following:	1944
(i) An on-site facility that also receives hazardous waste	10/15

from other premises owned by the same person who generates the	1946
waste on the facility premises;	1947
(ii) An off-site facility operated so that all of the	1948
hazardous waste it receives is generated on one or more premises	1949
owned by the person who owns the facility;	1950
(iii) An on-site facility that also receives hazardous	1951
waste that is transported uninterruptedly and directly to the	1952
facility through a pipeline from a generator who is not the	1953
owner of the facility.	1954
(2) Except as provided in division (E)(3) of this section,	1955
no person shall establish or operate a hazardous waste facility,	1956
or use a solid waste facility for the storage, treatment, or	1957
disposal of any hazardous waste, without a hazardous waste	1958
facility installation and operation permit issued in accordance	1959
with section 3734.05 of the Revised Code and subject to the	1960
payment of an application fee not to exceed one thousand five	1961
hundred dollars, payable upon application for a hazardous waste	1962
facility installation and operation permit and upon application	1963
for a renewal permit issued under division (H) of section	1964
3734.05 of the Revised Code, to be credited to the hazardous	1965
waste facility management fund created in section 3734.18 of the	1966
Revised Code. The term of a hazardous waste facility	1967
installation and operation permit shall not exceed ten years.	1968
In addition to the application fee, there is hereby levied	1969
an annual permit fee to be paid by the permit holder upon the	1970
anniversaries of the date of issuance of the hazardous waste	1971
facility installation and operation permit and of any subsequent	1972
renewal permits and to be credited to the hazardous waste	1973
facility management fund. Annual permit fees totaling forty	1974
thousand dollars or more for any one facility may be paid on a	1975

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quarterly basis with the	first quarterly payment ea	ach year being	1976
due on the anniversary of the date of issuance of the hazardous			1977
waste facility installation and operation permit and of any			1978
subsequent renewal permit			1979
determined for each permi	-	in accordance	1980
with the following schedu	le:		1981
TYPE OF BASIC			1982
MANAGEMENT UNIT	TYPE OF FACILITY	FEE	1983
Storage facility using:			1984
Containers	On-site, off-site, and		1985
	satellite	\$500	1986
Tanks	On-site, off-site, and		1987
	satellite	500	1988
Waste pile	On-site, off-site, and		1989
	satellite	3,000	1990
Surface impoundment	On-site and satellite	8,000	1991
	Off-site	10,000	1992
Disposal facility using:			1993
Deep well injection	On-site and satellite	15,000	1994
	Off-site	25,000	1995
Landfill	On-site and satellite	25,000	1996
	Off-site	40,000	1997
Land application	On-site and satellite	2,500	1998
	Off-site	5,000	1999

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Surface impoundment	On-site and satellite	10,000	2000
	Off-site	20,000	2001
Treatment facility using:			2002
Tanks	On-site, off-site, and		2003
	satellite	700	2004
Surface impoundment	On-site and satellite	8,000	2005
	Off-site	10,000	2006
Incinerator	On-site and satellite	5,000	2007
	Off-site	10,000	2008
Other forms			2009
of treatment	On-site, off-site, and		2010
	satellite	1,000	2011
A hazardous waste di	sposal facility that dispos	ses of	2012
hazardous waste by deep w	ell injection and that pays	s the annual	2013
permit fee established in	section 6111.046 of the Re	evised Code	2014
is not subject to the per	mit fee established in this	s division	2015
for disposal facilities u	sing deep well injection ur	nless the	2016
director determines that	the facility is not in comp	oliance with	2017
applicable requirements e	stablished under this chapt	ter and rules	2018
adopted under it.			2019
In determining the a	nnual permit fee required b	oy this	2020
section, the director sha	ll not require additional p	payments for	2021
multiple units of the same method of storage, treatment, or		2022	
disposal or for individual units that are used for both storage			2023
and treatment. A facility using more than one method of storage,			2024
treatment, or disposal sh	all pay the permit fee ind	icated by the	2025

schedule for each such method.	2026
The director shall not require the payment of that portion	2027
of an annual permit fee of any permit holder that would apply to	2028
a hazardous waste management unit for which a permit has been	2029
issued, but for which construction has not yet commenced. Once	2030
construction has commenced, the director shall require the	2031
payment of a part of the appropriate fee indicated by the	2032
schedule that bears the same relationship to the total fee that	2033
the number of days remaining until the next anniversary date at	2034
which payment of the annual permit fee is due bears to three	2035
hundred sixty-five.	2036
The director, by rules adopted in accordance with Chapters	2037
119. and 3745. of the Revised Code, shall prescribe procedures	2038
for collecting the annual permit fee established by this	2039
division and may prescribe other requirements necessary to carry	2040
out this division.	2041
(3) The prohibition against establishing or operating a	2042
hazardous waste facility without a hazardous waste facility	2043
installation and operation permit does not apply to either of	2044
the following:	2045
(a) A facility that is operating in accordance with a	2046
permit renewal issued under division (H) of section 3734.05 of	2047
the Revised Code, a revision issued under division (I) of that	2048
section as it existed prior to August 20, 1996, or a	2049
modification issued by the director under division (I) of that	2050
section on and after August 20, 1996;	2051
(b) Except as provided in division (J) of section 3734.05	2052
of the Revised Code, a facility that will operate or is	2053
operating in accordance with a permit by rule, or that is not	2054

subject to permit requirements, under rules adopted by the	2055
director. In accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code,	2056
the director shall adopt, and subsequently may amend, suspend,	2057
or rescind, rules for the purposes of division (E)(3)(b) of this	2058
section. Any rules so adopted shall be consistent with and	2059
equivalent to regulations pertaining to interim status adopted	2060
under the "Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976," 90	2061
Stat. 2806, 42 U.S.C.A. 6921, as amended, except as otherwise	2062
provided in this chapter.	2063
If a modification is requested or proposed for a facility	2064
described in division (E)(3)(a) or (b) of this section, division	2065
(I) (7) of section 3734.05 of the Revised Code applies.	2066
(F) No person shall store, treat, or dispose of hazardous	2067
waste identified or listed under this chapter and rules adopted	2068
under it, regardless of whether generated on or off the premises	2069
where the waste is stored, treated, or disposed of, or transport	2070
or cause to be transported any hazardous waste identified or	2071
listed under this chapter and rules adopted under it to any	2072
other premises, except at or to any of the following:	2073
(1) A hazardous waste facility operating under a permit	2074
issued in accordance with this chapter;	2075
(2) A facility in another state operating under a license	2076
or permit issued in accordance with the "Resource Conservation	2077
and Recovery Act of 1976," 90 Stat. 2806, 42 U.S.C.A. 6921, as	2078
amended;	2079
(3) A facility in another nation operating in accordance	2080
with the laws of that nation;	2081
(4) A facility holding a permit issued pursuant to Title I	2082

of the "Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act of

2083

1972," 86 Stat. 1052, 33 U.S.C.A. 1401, as amended;	2084
(5) A hazardous waste facility as described in division	2085
(E)(3)(a) or (b) of this section.	2086
(G) The director, by order, may exempt any person	2087
generating, collecting, storing, treating, disposing of, or	2088
transporting solid wastes, infectious wastes, or hazardous	2089
waste, or processing solid wastes that consist of scrap tires,	2090
in such quantities or under such circumstances that, in the	2091
determination of the director, are unlikely to adversely affect	2092
the public health or safety or the environment from any	2093
requirement to obtain a registration certificate, permit, or	2094
license or comply with the manifest system or other requirements	2095
of this chapter. Such an exemption shall be consistent with and	2096
equivalent to any regulations adopted by the administrator of	2097
the United States environmental protection agency under the	2098
"Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976," 90 Stat. 2806,	2099
42 U.S.C.A. 6921, as amended, except as otherwise provided in	2100
this chapter.	2101
(H) No person shall engage in filling, grading,	2102
excavating, building, drilling, or mining on land where a	2103
hazardous waste facility, or a solid waste facility, was	2104
operated without prior authorization from the director, who	2105
shall establish the procedure for granting such authorization by	2106
rules adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised	2107
Code.	2108
A public utility that has main or distribution lines above	2109
or below the land surface located on an easement or right-of-way	2110
across land where a solid waste facility was operated may engage	2111
in any such activity within the easement or right-of-way without	2112
prior authorization from the director for purposes of performing	2113

emergency repair or emergency replacement of its lines; of the	2114
poles, towers, foundations, or other structures supporting or	2115
sustaining any such lines; or of the appurtenances to those	2116
structures, necessary to restore or maintain existing public	2117
utility service. A public utility may enter upon any such	2118
easement or right-of-way without prior authorization from the	2119
director for purposes of performing necessary or routine	2120
maintenance of those portions of its existing lines; of the	2121
existing poles, towers, foundations, or other structures	2122
sustaining or supporting its lines; or of the appurtenances to	2123
any such supporting or sustaining structure, located on or above	2124
the land surface on any such easement or right-of-way. Within	2125
twenty-four hours after commencing any such emergency repair,	2126
replacement, or maintenance work, the public utility shall	2127
notify the director or the director's authorized representative	2128
of those activities and shall provide such information regarding	2129
those activities as the director or the director's	2130
representative may request. Upon completion of the emergency	2131
repair, replacement, or maintenance activities, the public	2132
utility shall restore any land of the solid waste facility	2133
disturbed by those activities to the condition existing prior to	2134
the commencement of those activities.	2135

(I) No owner or operator of a hazardous waste facility, in 2136 the operation of the facility, shall cause, permit, or allow the 2137 emission therefrom of any particulate matter, dust, fumes, gas, 2138 mist, smoke, vapor, or odorous substance that, in the opinion of 2139 the director, unreasonably interferes with the comfortable 2140 enjoyment of life or property by persons living or working in 2141 the vicinity of the facility, or that is injurious to public 2142 health. Any such action is hereby declared to be a public 2143 2144 nuisance.

(J) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter,	2145
in the event the director finds an imminent and substantial	2146
danger to public health or safety or the environment that	2147
creates an emergency situation requiring the immediate	2148
treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste, the director	2149
may issue a temporary emergency permit to allow the treatment,	2150
storage, or disposal of the hazardous waste at a facility that	2151
is not otherwise authorized by a hazardous waste facility	2152
installation and operation permit to treat, store, or dispose of	2153
the waste. The emergency permit shall not exceed ninety days in	2154
duration and shall not be renewed. The director shall adopt, and	2155
may amend, suspend, or rescind, rules in accordance with Chapter	2156
119. of the Revised Code governing the issuance, modification,	2157
revocation, and denial of emergency permits.	2158

- (K) Except for infectious wastes generated by a person who 2159 produces fewer than fifty pounds of infectious wastes at a 2160 premises during any one month, no owner or operator of a 2161 sanitary landfill shall knowingly accept for disposal, or 2162 dispose of, any infectious wastes that have not been treated to 2163 render them noninfectious.
- (L) The director, in accordance with Chapter 119. of the 2165 2166 Revised Code, shall adopt, and may amend, suspend, or rescind, rules having uniform application throughout the state 2167 establishing a training and certification program that shall be 2168 required for employees of boards of health who are responsible 2169 for enforcing the solid waste and infectious waste provisions of 2170 this chapter and rules adopted under them and for persons who 2171 are responsible for the operation of solid waste facilities or 2172 infectious waste treatment facilities. The rules shall provide 2173 all of the following, without limitation: 2174

(1) The program shall be administered by the director and	2175
shall consist of a course on new solid waste and infectious	2176
waste technologies, enforcement procedures, and rules;	2177
(2) The course shall be offered on an annual basis;	2178
(3) Those persons who are required to take the course	2179
under division (L) of this section shall do so triennially;	2180
(4) Persons who successfully complete the course shall be	2181
certified by the director;	2182
(5) Certification shall be required for all employees of	2183
boards of health who are responsible for enforcing the solid	2184
waste or infectious waste provisions of this chapter and rules	2185
adopted under them and for all persons who are responsible for	2186
the operation of solid waste facilities or infectious waste	2187
treatment facilities;	2188
(6)(a) All employees of a board of health who, on the	2189
effective date of the rules adopted under this division, are	2190
responsible for enforcing the solid waste or infectious waste	2191
provisions of this chapter and the rules adopted under them	2192
shall complete the course and be certified by the director not	2193
later than January 1, 1995;	2194
(b) All employees of a board of health who, after the	2195
effective date of the rules adopted under division (L) of this	2196
section, become responsible for enforcing the solid waste or	2197
infectious waste provisions of this chapter and rules adopted	2198
under them and who do not hold a current and valid certification	2199
from the director at that time shall complete the course and be	2200
certified by the director within two years after becoming	2201
responsible for performing those activities.	2202
No person shall fail to obtain the certification required	2203

under this division. 2204 (M) The director shall not issue a permit under section 2205 3734.05 of the Revised Code to establish a solid waste facility, 2206 or to modify a solid waste facility operating on December 21, 2207 1988, in a manner that expands the disposal capacity or 2208 geographic area covered by the facility, that is or is to be 2209 located within the boundaries of a state park established or 2210 dedicated under Chapter 1541. of the Revised Code, a state park 2211 purchase area established under section 1541.02 of the Revised 2212 2213 Code, any unit of the national park system, or any property that lies within the boundaries of a national park or recreation 2214 area, but that has not been acquired or is not administered by 2215 the secretary of the United States department of the interior, 2216 located in this state, or any candidate area located in this 2217 state and identified for potential inclusion in the national 2218 park system in the edition of the "national park system plan" 2219 submitted under paragraph (b) of section 8 of "The Act of August 2220 18, 1970," 84 Stat. 825, 16 U.S.C.A. 1a-5, as amended, current 2221 2222 at the time of filing of the application for the permit, unless the facility or proposed facility is or is to be used 2223 2224 exclusively for the disposal of solid wastes generated within the park or recreation area and the director determines that the 2225 facility or proposed facility will not degrade any of the 2226 natural or cultural resources of the park or recreation area. 2227 The director shall not issue a variance under division (A) of 2228 this section and rules adopted under it, or issue an exemption 2229 order under division (G) of this section, that would authorize 2230 any such establishment or expansion of a solid waste facility 2231 within the boundaries of any such park or recreation area, state 2232 park purchase area, or candidate area, other than a solid waste 2233

facility exclusively for the disposal of solid wastes generated

within the park or recreation area when the director determines	2235
that the facility will not degrade any of the natural or	2236
cultural resources of the park or recreation area.	2237
(N)(1) The rules adopted under division (A) of this	2238
section, other than those governing variances, do not apply to	2239
scrap tire collection, storage, monocell, monofill, and recovery	2240
facilities. Those facilities are subject to and governed by	2241
rules adopted under sections 3734.70 to 3734.73 of the Revised	2242
Code, as applicable.	2243
(2) Division (C) of this section does not apply to scrap	2244
tire collection, storage, monocell, monofill, and recovery	2245
facilities. The establishment and modification of those	2246
facilities are subject to sections 3734.75 to 3734.78 and	2247
section 3734.81 of the Revised Code, as applicable.	2248
(3) The director may adopt, amend, suspend, or rescind	2249
rules under division (A) of this section creating an alternative	2250
system for authorizing the establishment, operation, or	2251
modification of a solid waste compost facility in lieu of the	2252
requirement that a person seeking to establish, operate, or	2253
modify a solid waste compost facility apply for and receive a	2254
permit under division (C) of this section and section 3734.05 of	2255
the Revised Code and a license under division (A)(1) of that	2256
section. The rules may include requirements governing, without	2257
limitation, the classification of solid waste compost	2258
facilities, the submittal of operating records for solid waste	2259
compost facilities, and the creation of a registration or	2260
notification system in lieu of the issuance of permits and	2261
licenses for solid waste compost facilities. The rules shall	2262

specify the applicability of divisions (A) (1), (2) (a), (3), and

(4) of section 3734.05 of the Revised Code to a solid waste

2263

compost facility.	2265
(O)(1) As used in this division, "secondary aluminum	2266
waste" means waste material or byproducts, when disposed of,	2267
containing aluminum generated from secondary aluminum smelting	2268
operations and consisting of dross, salt cake, baghouse dust	2269
associated with aluminum recycling furnace operations, or dry-	2270
milled wastes.	2271
(2) The owner or operator of a sanitary landfill shall not	2272
dispose of municipal solid waste that has been commingled with	2273
secondary aluminum waste.	2274
(3) The owner or operator of a sanitary landfill may	2275
dispose of secondary aluminum waste, but only in a monocell or	2276
monofill that has been permitted for that purpose in accordance	2277
with this chapter and rules adopted under it.	2278
(P)(1) As used in divisions (P) and (Q) of this section:	2279
(a) "Natural background" means two picocuries per gram or	2280
the actual number of picocuries per gram as measured at an	2281
individual solid waste facility, subject to verification by the	2282
director of health.	2283
(b) "Drilling operation" includes a production operation	2284
as defined in section 1509.01 of the Revised Code.	2285
(2) The owner or operator of a solid waste facility shall	2286
not accept for transfer or disposal technologically enhanced	2287
naturally occurring radioactive material if that material	2288
contains or is contaminated with radium-226, radium-228, or any	2289
combination of radium-226 and radium-228 at concentrations equal	2290
to or greater than five picocuries per gram above natural	2291
background.	2292

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(3) The owner or operator of a solid waste facility may	2293
receive and process for purposes other than transfer or disposal	2294
technologically enhanced naturally occurring radioactive	2295
material that contains or is contaminated with radium-226,	2296
radium-228, or any combination of radium-226 and radium-228 at	2297
concentrations equal to or greater than five picocuries per gram	2298
above natural background, provided that the owner or operator	2299
has obtained and maintains all other necessary authorizations,	2300
including any authorization required by rules adopted by the	2301
director of health under section 3748.04 of the Revised Code.	2302
(4) The director of environmental protection may adopt	2303
rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code	2304
governing the receipt, acceptance, processing, handling,	2305
management, and disposal by solid waste facilities of material	2306
that contains or is contaminated with radioactive material,	2307
including, without limitation, technologically enhanced	2308
naturally occurring radioactive material that contains or is	2309
contaminated with radium-226, radium-228, or any combination of	2310
radium-226 and radium-228 at concentrations less than five	2311
picocuries per gram above natural background. Rules adopted by	2312
the director may include at a minimum both of the following:	2313
(a) Requirements in accordance with which the owner or	2314
operator of a solid waste facility must monitor leachate and	2315
ground water for radium-226, radium-228, and other	2316
radionuclides;	2317
(b) Requirements in accordance with which the owner or	2318
operator of a solid waste facility must develop procedures to	2319
ensure that technologically enhanced naturally occurring	2320
radioactive material accepted at the facility neither contains	2321

2322

nor is contaminated with radium-226, radium-228, or any

combination of radium-226 and radium-228 at concentrations equal	2323
to or greater than five picocuries per gram above natural	2324
background.	2325
(Q) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,	2326
the owner or operator of a solid waste facility shall not	2327
receive, accept, process, handle, manage, or dispose of	2328
technologically enhanced naturally occurring radioactive	2329
material associated with drilling operations without first	2330
obtaining representative analytical results to determine	2331
compliance with divisions (P)(2) and (3) of this section and	2332
rules adopted under it.	2333
Sec. 3734.029. (A)(1) Except as otherwise provided in	2334
division (A)(2) of this section, the standards of quality for	2335
compost products established in rules adopted under division (A)	2336
of section 3734.028 of the Revised Code apply to compost	2337
products produced by a facility composting dead animals that is	2338
subject to section 1511.022 939.04 of the Revised Code in	2339
addition to compost products produced by facilities subject to	2340
this chapter.	2341
(2) The standards of quality established in rules adopted	2342
under division (A) of section 3734.028 of the Revised Code do	2343
not apply to the use, distribution for use, or giving away of	2344
the compost products produced by a composting facility subject	2345
to section 1511.022 939.04 of the Revised Code when either of	2346
the following applies:	2347
(a) The composting is conducted by the person who raises	2348
the animals and the compost product is used in agricultural	2349
operations owned or operated by that person, regardless of	2350
whether the person owns the animals;	2351

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(b) The composting is conducted by the person who owns the	2352
animals, but does not raise them and the compost product is used	2353
in agricultural operations either by a person who raises the	2354
animals or by a person who raises grain that is used to feed	2355
them and that is supplied by the owner of the animals.	2356
(B) No owner or operator of a composting facility that is	2357
subject to regulation under section $\frac{1511.022939.04}{939.04}$ of the	2358
Revised Code shall sell or offer for sale at retail or	2359
wholesale, distribute for use, or give away any compost product	2360
that does not comply with the standard of quality applicable	2361
under division (A) of this section for the use for which the	2362
product is being sold, offered for sale, distributed, or given	2363
away.	2364
No person shall violate this division.	2365
Sec. 3745.50. (A) For purposes of the implementation of	2366
this section, there is hereby established the office of harmful	2367
algae management and response in the environmental protection	2368
agency.	2369
(B) The director of environmental protection, in	2370
consultation with the directors of agriculture, health, and	2371
natural resources and representatives of local governments,	2372
publicly owned treatment works, and public water systems, shall	2373
prepare a strategic plan that establishes coordinated preventive	2374
and response protocols regarding the maintenance of safe	2375
drinking water and the management of wastewater in this state.	2376
(C) The director of environmental protection shall include	2377
all of the following in the strategic plan:	2378
(1) Protocols for monitoring water intake structures of	2379
public water systems and testing for harmful algae in Lake Erie;	2380

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(2) Provision of training, testing, and treatment support	2381
by employees of the environmental protection agency and the	2382
departments of agriculture, health, and natural resources to	2383
employees of publicly owned treatment works and public water	2384
systems. The plan may include provision of such support for	2385
other activities.	2386
(3) Promotion of source water protection, emergency	2387
planning, water asset management planning, and related	2388
communication protocols.	2389
(D) The director of environmental protection may include	2390
in the strategic plan protocols for monitoring the tributaries_	2391
of the western basin for phosphorous, nitrogen, and sediment	2392
runoff and other chemical and biological agents, as determined	2393
by the director, that may result in harmful algae, cyanotoxins,	2394
and other adverse impacts on the waters of the state.	2395
(E) As used in this section, "western basin" has the same	2396
meaning as in section 905.326 of the Revised Code.	2397
Sec. 3745.70. As used in sections 3745.70 to 3745.73 of	2398
the Revised Code:	2399
(A) "Environmental audit" means a voluntary, thorough, and	2400
discrete self-evaluation of one or more activities at one or	2401
more facilities or properties that is documented; is designed to	2402
improve compliance, or identify, correct, or prevent	2403
noncompliance, with environmental laws; and is conducted by the	2404
owner or operator of a facility or property or the owner's or	2405
operator's employee or independent contractor. An environmental	2406
audit may be conducted by the owner or operator of a facility or	2407
property, the owner's or operator's employees, or independent	2408
contractors. Once initiated, an audit shall be completed within	2409

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a reasonable time, not to exceed six months, unless a written	2410
request for an extension is approved by the head officer of the	2411
governmental agency, or division or office thereof, with	2412
jurisdiction over the activities being audited based on a	2413
showing of reasonable grounds. An audit shall not be considered	2414
to be initiated until the owner or operator or the owner's or	2415
operator's employee or independent contractor actively has begun	2416
the self-evaluation of environmental compliance.	2417
(B) "Activity" means any process, procedure, or function	2418
that is subject to environmental laws.	2419
(C) "Voluntary" means, with respect to an environmental	2420
audit of a particular activity, that both of the following apply	2421
when the audit of that activity commences:	2422
(1) The audit is not required by law, prior litigation, or	2423
an order by a court or a government agency;	2424
(2) The owner or operator who conducts the audit does not	2425
know or have reason to know that a government agency has	2426
commenced an investigation or enforcement action that concerns a	2427
violation of environmental laws involving the activity or that	2428
such an investigation or enforcement action is imminent.	2429
(D) "Environmental audit report" means interim or final	2430
data, documents, records, or plans that are necessary to an	2431
environmental audit and are collected, developed, made, and	2432
maintained in good faith as part of the audit, and may include,	2433
without limitation:	2434
(1) Analytical data, laboratory reports, field notes and	2435
records of observations, findings, opinions, suggestions,	2436
conclusions, drafts, memoranda, drawings, photographs, computer-	2437
generated or electronically recorded information, maps, charts,	2438

graphs, and surveys;	2439
(2) Reports that describe the scope, objectives, and	2440
methods of the environmental audit, audit management policies,	2441
the information gained by the environmental audit, and	2442
conclusions and recommendations together with exhibits and	2443
appendices;	2444
(3) Memoranda, documents, records, and plans analyzing the	2445
environmental audit report or discussing implementation,	2446
prevention, compliance, and remediation issues associated with	2447
the environmental audit.	2448
"Environmental audit report" does not mean corrective or	2449
remedial action taken pursuant to an environmental audit.	2450
(E) "Environmental laws" means sections 939.02, 1511.02,	2451
and 1531.29, Chapters 3704., 3734., 3745., 3746., 3750., 3751.,	2452
3752., 6109., and 6111. of the Revised Code, and any other	2453
sections or chapters of the Revised Code the principal purpose	2454
of which is environmental protection; any federal or local	2455
counterparts or extensions of those sections or chapters; rules	2456
adopted under any such sections, chapters, counterparts, or	2457
extensions; and terms and conditions of orders, permits,	2458
licenses, license renewals, variances, exemptions, or plan	2459
approvals issued under such sections, chapters, counterparts, or	2460
extensions.	2461
Sec. 6109.10. (A) (1) As used in this section, "lead free"	2462
means:	2463
(1) When used with respect to solders or flux, solders or	2464
flux containing (a) Containing not more than two-tenths of one	2465
per cent lead when used with respect to solders or flux;	2466
(2) When used with respect to pipes or pipe fittings.	2467

pipes or pipe fittings containing (b) Containing not more than	2468
eight a weighted average of twenty-five-hundredths per cent lead	2469
when used with respect to wetted surfaces of pipes, pipe	2470
fittings, or plumbing fittings or fixtures.	2471
(B) Any pipe, pipe fitting, solder, or flux that is used	2472
in the installation or repair of a public water system or of any	2473
plumbing in a residential or nonresidential facility providing	2474
water for human consumption which is connected to a public water	2475
system shall be lead free. This division does not apply to	2476
leaded joints necessary for the repair of cast iron pipes. (2)	2477
For purposes of this section, the weighted average lead content	2478
of a pipe, pipe fitting, or plumbing fitting or fixture shall be	2479
calculated by using the following formula: for each wetted	2480
component, the percentage of lead in the component shall be	2481
multiplied by the ratio of the wetted surface area of that	2482
component to the total wetted surface area of the entire product	2483
to determine the weighted percentage of lead of the component.	2484
The weighted percentage of lead of each wetted component shall	2485
be added together, and the sum of the weighted percentages shall	2486
constitute the weighted average lead content of the product. The	2487
lead content of the material used to produce wetted components	2488
shall be used to determine whether the wetted surfaces are lead	2489
free pursuant to division (A)(1)(b) of this section. For	2490
purposes of the lead contents of materials that are provided as	2491
a range, the maximum content of the range shall be used.	2492
(B) Except as provided in division (D) of this section, no	2493
person shall do any of the following:	2494
(1) Use any pipe, pipe fitting, plumbing fitting or	2495
fixture, solder, or flux that is not lead free in the	2496
installation or repair of a public water system or of any	2497

plumbing in a residential or nonresidential facility providing	2498
water for human consumption;	2499
(2) Introduce into commerce any pipe, pipe fitting, or	2500
plumbing fitting or fixture that is not lead free;	2501
(3) Sell solder or flux that is not lead free while	2502
engaged in the business of selling plumbing supplies;	2503
(4) Introduce into commerce any solder or flux that is not	2504
lead free unless the solder or flux has a prominent label_	2505
stating that it is illegal to use the solder or flux in the	2506
installation or repair of any plumbing providing water for human	2507
consumption.	2508
(C) Each The owner or operator of a public water system	2509
shall identify and provide notice to persons that may be	2510
affected by lead contamination of their drinking water if the	2511
contamination results from the lead content in the construction	2512
materials of the public water distribution system, the	2513
corrosivity of the water supply is sufficient to cause the	2514
<u>leaching of lead</u> , or both. The notice shall be in such form and	2515
manner as may be reasonably required by the director of	2516
environmental protection, but shall provide a clear and readily	2517
understandable explanation of all of the following:	2518
(1) Potential sources of lead in the drinking water;	2519
(2) Potential adverse health effects;	2520
(3) Reasonably available methods of mitigating known or	2521
potential lead content in drinking water;	2522
(4) Any steps the public water system is taking to	2523
mitigate lead content in drinking water;	2524
(5) The necessity, if any, of seeking alternative water	2525

supplies.	2526
The notice shall be provided notwithstanding the absence of a	2527
violation of any drinking water standard.	2528
(D)(1) Division (B)(1) of this section does not apply to	2529
the use of leaded joints that are necessary for the repair of	2530
cast iron pipes.	2531
(2) Division (B)(2) of this section does not apply to a	2532
pipe that is used in manufacturing or industrial processing.	2533
(3) Division (B)(3) of this section does not apply to the	2534
selling of plumbing supplies by manufacturers of those supplies.	2535
(4) Division (B) of this section does not apply to either	2536
of the following:	2537
(a) Pipes, pipe fittings, or plumbing fittings or	2538
fixtures, including backflow preventers, that are used	2539
exclusively for nonpotable services such as manufacturing,	2540
industrial processing, irrigation, outdoor watering, or any	2541
other uses where the water is not anticipated to be used for	2542
human consumption;	2543
(b) Toilets, bidets, urinals, fill valves, flushometer	2544
valves, tub fillers, shower valves, service saddles, or water	2545
distribution main gate valves that are two inches in diameter or	2546
<pre>larger.</pre>	2547
Sec. 6111.03. The director of environmental protection may	2548
do any of the following:	2549
(A) Develop plans and programs for the prevention,	2550
control, and abatement of new or existing pollution of the	2551
waters of the state;	2552

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(B) Advise, consult, and cooperate with other agencies of	2553
the state, the federal government, other states, and interstate	2554
agencies and with affected groups, political subdivisions, and	2555
industries in furtherance of the purposes of this chapter.	2556
Before adopting, amending, or rescinding a standard or rule	2557
pursuant to division (G) of this section or section 6111.041 or	2558
6111.042 of the Revised Code, the director shall do all of the	2559
following:	2560
(1) Mail notice to each statewide organization that the	2561
director determines represents persons who would be affected by	2562
the proposed standard or rule, amendment thereto, or rescission	2563
thereof at least thirty-five days before any public hearing	2564
thereon;	2565
(2) Mail a copy of each proposed standard or rule,	2566
amendment thereto, or rescission thereof to any person who	2567
requests a copy, within five days after receipt of the request	2568
therefor;	2569
(3) Consult with appropriate state and local government	2570
agencies or their representatives, including statewide	2571
organizations of local government officials, industrial	2572
representatives, and other interested persons.	2573
Although the director is expected to discharge these	2574
duties diligently, failure to mail any such notice or copy or to	2575
so consult with any person shall not invalidate any proceeding	2576
or action of the director.	2577
(C) Administer grants from the federal government and from	2578
other sources, public or private, for carrying out any of its	2579
functions, all such moneys to be deposited in the state treasury	2580

and kept by the treasurer of state in a separate fund subject to

the lawful orders of the director;	2582
(D) Administer state grants for the construction of sewage	2583
and waste collection and treatment works;	2584
(E) Encourage, participate in, or conduct studies,	2585
investigations, research, and demonstrations relating to water	2586
pollution, and the causes, prevention, control, and abatement	2587
thereof, that are advisable and necessary for the discharge of	2588
the director's duties under this chapter;	2589
(F) Collect and disseminate information relating to water	2590
pollution and prevention, control, and abatement thereof;	2591
(G) Adopt, amend, and rescind rules in accordance with	2592
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code governing the procedure for	2593
hearings, the filing of reports, the issuance of permits, the	2594
issuance of industrial water pollution control certificates, and	2595
all other matters relating to procedure;	2596
(H) Issue, modify, or revoke orders to prevent, control,	2597
or abate water pollution by such means as the following:	2598
(1) Prohibiting or abating discharges of sewage,	2599
industrial waste, or other wastes into the waters of the state;	2600
(2) Requiring the construction of new disposal systems or	2601
any parts thereof, or the modification, extension, or alteration	2602
of existing disposal systems or any parts thereof;	2603
(3) Prohibiting additional connections to or extensions of	2604
a sewerage system when the connections or extensions would	2605
result in an increase in the polluting properties of the	2606
effluent from the system when discharged into any waters of the	2607
state;	2608
(4) Requiring compliance with any standard or rule adopted	2600

under	secti	ons	6111	.01	to	6111.05	of	the	Revis	sed	Code	or	term	0	r	2610
condit	cion o	f a	perm	nit.												2611
]	In the	mak	king	of	thos	e order	s,	where	ever (comp	oliano	ce v	vith a	a		2612

rule adopted under section 6111.042 of the Revised Code is not 2613 involved, consistent with the Federal Water Pollution Control 2614 Act, the director shall give consideration to, and base the 2615 determination on, evidence relating to the technical feasibility 2616 and economic reasonableness of complying with those orders and 2617 to evidence relating to conditions calculated to result from 2618 compliance with those orders, and their relation to benefits to 2619 the people of the state to be derived from such compliance in 2620 accomplishing the purposes of this chapter. 2621

- (I) Review plans, specifications, or other data relative 2622 to disposal systems or any part thereof in connection with the 2623 issuance of orders, permits, and industrial water pollution 2624 control certificates under this chapter; 2625
- (J) (1) Issue, revoke, modify, or deny sludge management 2626 permits and permits for the discharge of sewage, industrial 2627 waste, or other wastes into the waters of the state, and for the 2628 installation or modification of disposal systems or any parts 2629 thereof in compliance with all requirements of the Federal Water 2630 Pollution Control Act and mandatory regulations adopted 2631 thereunder, including regulations adopted under section 405 of 2632 the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, and set terms and 2633 conditions of permits, including schedules of compliance, where 2634 necessary. Any person who discharges, transports, or handles 2635 storm water from an animal feeding facility, as defined in 2636 section 903.01 of the Revised Code, or pollutants from a 2637 concentrated animal feeding operation, as both terms are defined 2638 in that section, is not required to obtain a permit under 2639

division (J)(1) of this section for the installation or	2640
modification of a disposal system involving pollutants or storm	2641
water or any parts of such a system on and after the date on	2642
which the director of agriculture has finalized the program	2643
required under division (A)(1) of section 903.02 of the Revised	2644
Code. In addition, any person who discharges, transports, or	2645
handles storm water from an animal feeding facility, as defined	2646
in section 903.01 of the Revised Code, or pollutants from a	2647
concentrated animal feeding operation, as both terms are defined	2648
in that section, is not required to obtain a permit under	2649
division (J)(1) of this section for the discharge of storm water	2650
from an animal feeding facility or pollutants from a	2651
concentrated animal feeding operation on and after the date on	2652
which the United States environmental protection agency approves	2653
the NPDES program submitted by the director of agriculture under	2654
section 903.08 of the Revised Code.	2655

Any permit terms and conditions set by the director shall 2656 be designed to achieve and maintain full compliance with the 2657 national effluent limitations, national standards of performance 2658 for new sources, and national toxic and pretreatment effluent 2659 standards set under that act, and any other mandatory 2660 requirements of that act that are imposed by regulation of the 2661 administrator of the United States environmental protection 2662 agency. If an applicant for a sludge management permit also 2663 applies for a related permit for the discharge of sewage, 2664 industrial waste, or other wastes into the waters of the state, 2665 the director may combine the two permits and issue one permit to 2666 the applicant. 2667

A sludge management permit is not required for an entity 2668 that treats or transports sewage sludge or for a sanitary 2669 landfill when all of the following apply: 2670

(a) The entity or sanitary landfill does not generate the	2671
sewage sludge.	2672
(b) Prior to receipt at the sanitary landfill, the entity	2673
has ensured that the sewage sludge meets the requirements	2674
established in rules adopted by the director under section	2675
3734.02 of the Revised Code concerning disposal of municipal	2676
solid waste in a sanitary landfill.	2677
(c) Disposal of the sewage sludge occurs at a sanitary	2678
landfill that complies with rules adopted by the director under	2679
section 3734.02 of the Revised Code.	2680
As used in division (J)(1) of this section, "sanitary	2681
landfill" means a sanitary landfill facility, as defined in	2682
rules adopted under section 3734.02 of the Revised Code, that is	2683
licensed as a solid waste facility under section 3734.05 of the	2684
Revised Code.	2685
(2) An application for a permit or renewal thereof shall	2686
be denied if any of the following applies:	2687
(a) The secretary of the army determines in writing that	2688
anchorage or navigation would be substantially impaired thereby;	2689
(b) The director determines that the proposed discharge or	2690
source would conflict with an areawide waste treatment	2691
management plan adopted in accordance with section 208 of the	2692
Federal Water Pollution Control Act;	2693
(c) The administrator of the United States environmental	2694
protection agency objects in writing to the issuance or renewal	2695
of the permit in accordance with section 402 (d) of the Federal	2696
Water Pollution Control Act;	2697
(d) The application is for the discharge of any	2698

radiological, chemical, or biological warfare agent or highlevel radioactive waste into the waters of the United States. 2700

- (3) To achieve and maintain applicable standards of 2701 quality for the waters of the state adopted pursuant to section 2702 6111.041 of the Revised Code, the director shall impose, where 2703 necessary and appropriate, as conditions of each permit, water 2704 quality related effluent limitations in accordance with sections 2705 301, 302, 306, 307, and 405 of the Federal Water Pollution 2706 Control Act and, to the extent consistent with that act, shall 2707 give consideration to, and base the determination on, evidence 2708 relating to the technical feasibility and economic 2709 reasonableness of removing the polluting properties from those 2710 wastes and to evidence relating to conditions calculated to 2711 result from that action and their relation to benefits to the 2712 people of the state and to accomplishment of the purposes of 2713 2714 this chapter.
- (4) Where a discharge having a thermal component from a 2715 source that is constructed or modified on or after October 18, 2716 1972, meets national or state effluent limitations or more 2717 stringent permit conditions designed to achieve and maintain 2718 compliance with applicable standards of quality for the waters 2719 of the state, which limitations or conditions will ensure 2720 protection and propagation of a balanced, indigenous population 2721 of shellfish, fish, and wildlife in or on the body of water into 2722 which the discharge is made, taking into account the interaction 2723 of the thermal component with sewage, industrial waste, or other 2724 wastes, the director shall not impose any more stringent 2725 limitation on the thermal component of the discharge, as a 2726 condition of a permit or renewal thereof for the discharge, 2727 during a ten-year period beginning on the date of completion of 2728 the construction or modification of the source, or during the 2729

period of depreciation or amortization of the source for the 2730 purpose of section 167 or 169 of the Internal Revenue Code of 2731 1954, whichever period ends first. 2732

- (5) The director shall specify in permits for the 2733 discharge of sewage, industrial waste, and other wastes, the net 2734 volume, net weight, duration, frequency, and, where necessary, 2735 concentration of the sewage, industrial waste, and other wastes 2736 that may be discharged into the waters of the state. The 2737 director shall specify in those permits and in sludge management 2738 2739 permits that the permit is conditioned upon payment of applicable fees as required by section 3745.11 of the Revised 2740 Code and upon the right of the director's authorized 2741 2742 representatives to enter upon the premises of the person to whom the permit has been issued for the purpose of determining 2743 compliance with this chapter, rules adopted thereunder, or the 2744 terms and conditions of a permit, order, or other determination. 2745 The director shall issue or deny an application for a sludge 2746 management permit or a permit for a new discharge, for the 2747 installation or modification of a disposal system, or for the 2748 renewal of a permit, within one hundred eighty days of the date 2749 2750 on which a complete application with all plans, specifications, construction schedules, and other pertinent information required 2751 by the director is received. 2752
- 2753 (6) The director may condition permits upon the installation of discharge or water quality monitoring equipment 2754 or devices and the filing of periodic reports on the amounts and 2755 contents of discharges and the quality of receiving waters that 2756 the director prescribes. The director shall condition each 2757 permit for a government-owned disposal system or any other 2758 "treatment works" as defined in the Federal Water Pollution 2759 Control Act upon the reporting of new introductions of 2760

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industrial waste or other wastes and substantial changes in	2761
volume or character thereof being introduced into those systems	2762
or works from "industrial users" as defined in section 502 of	2763
that act, as necessary to comply with section 402(b)(8) of that	2764
act; upon the identification of the character and volume of	2765
pollutants subject to pretreatment standards being introduced	2766
into the system or works; and upon the existence of a program to	2767
ensure compliance with pretreatment standards by "industrial	2768
users" of the system or works. In requiring monitoring devices	2769
and reports, the director, to the extent consistent with the	2770
Federal Water Pollution Control Act, shall give consideration to	2771
technical feasibility and economic reasonableness and shall	2772
allow reasonable time for compliance.	2773

(7) A permit may be issued for a period not to exceed five 2774 years and may be renewed upon application for renewal. In 2775 renewing a permit, the director shall consider the compliance 2776 history of the permit holder and may deny the renewal if the 2777 director determines that the permit holder has not complied with 2778 the terms and conditions of the existing permit. A permit may be 2779 modified, suspended, or revoked for cause, including, but not 2780 limited to, violation of any condition of the permit, obtaining 2781 a permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all 2782 relevant facts of the permitted discharge or of the sludge use, 2783 storage, treatment, or disposal practice, or changes in any 2784 condition that requires either a temporary or permanent 2785 reduction or elimination of the permitted activity. No 2786 application shall be denied or permit revoked or modified 2787 without a written order stating the findings upon which the 2788 denial, revocation, or modification is based. A copy of the 2789 order shall be sent to the applicant or permit holder by 2790 certified mail. 2791

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(K) Institute or cause to be instituted in any court of	2792
competent jurisdiction proceedings to compel compliance with	2793
this chapter or with the orders of the director issued under	2794
this chapter, or to ensure compliance with sections 204(b), 307,	2795
308, and 405 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act;	2796
(L) Issue, deny, revoke, or modify industrial water	2797
pollution control certificates;	2798
(M) Certify to the government of the United States or any	2799
agency thereof that an industrial water pollution control	2800
facility is in conformity with the state program or requirements	2801
for the control of water pollution whenever the certification	2802
may be required for a taxpayer under the Internal Revenue Code	2803
of the United States, as amended;	2804
(N) Issue, modify, and revoke orders requiring any	2805
"industrial user" of any publicly owned "treatment works" as	2806
defined in sections 212(2) and 502(18) of the Federal Water	2807
Pollution Control Act to comply with pretreatment standards;	2808
establish and maintain records; make reports; install, use, and	2809
maintain monitoring equipment or methods, including, where	2810
appropriate, biological monitoring methods; sample discharges in	2811
accordance with methods, at locations, at intervals, and in a	2812
manner that the director determines; and provide other	2813
information that is necessary to ascertain whether or not there	2814
is compliance with toxic and pretreatment effluent standards. In	2815
issuing, modifying, and revoking those orders, the director, to	2816
the extent consistent with the Federal Water Pollution Control	2817
Act, shall give consideration to technical feasibility and	2818
economic reasonableness and shall allow reasonable time for	2819
compliance.	2820

(O) Exercise all incidental powers necessary to carry out

the purposes of this chapter;	2822
(P) Certify or deny certification to any applicant for a	2823
federal license or permit to conduct any activity that may	2824
result in any discharge into the waters of the state that the	2825
discharge will comply with the Federal Water Pollution Control	2826
Act;	2827
(Q) Administer and enforce the publicly owned treatment	2828
works pretreatment program in accordance with the Federal Water	2829
Pollution Control Act. In the administration of that program,	2830
the director may do any of the following:	2831
(1) Apply and enforce pretreatment standards;	2832
(2) Approve and deny requests for approval of publicly	2833
owned treatment works pretreatment programs, oversee those	2834
programs, and implement, in whole or in part, those programs	2835
under any of the following conditions:	2836
(a) The director has denied a request for approval of the	2837
publicly owned treatment works pretreatment program;	2838
(b) The director has revoked the publicly owned treatment	2839
works pretreatment program;	2840
(c) There is no pretreatment program currently being	2841
implemented by the publicly owned treatment works;	2842
(d) The publicly owned treatment works has requested the	2843
director to implement, in whole or in part, the pretreatment	2844
program.	2845
(3) Require that a publicly owned treatment works	2846
pretreatment program be incorporated in a permit issued to a	2847
publicly owned treatment works as required by the Federal Water	2848
Pollution Control Act, require compliance by publicly owned	2849

treatment works with those programs, and require compliance by	2850
industrial users with pretreatment standards;	2851
(4) Approve and deny requests for authority to modify	2852
categorical pretreatment standards to reflect removal of	2853
pollutants achieved by publicly owned treatment works;	2854
(5) Deny and recommend approval of requests for	2855
fundamentally different factors variances submitted by	2856
industrial users;	2857
(6) Make determinations on categorization of industrial	2858
users;	2859
(7) Adopt, amend, or rescind rules and issue, modify, or	2860
revoke orders necessary for the administration and enforcement	2861
of the publicly owned treatment works pretreatment program.	2862
Any approval of a publicly owned treatment works	2863
pretreatment program may contain any terms and conditions,	2864
including schedules of compliance, that are necessary to achieve	2865
compliance with this chapter.	2866
(R) Except as otherwise provided in this division, adopt	2867
rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code	2868
establishing procedures, methods, and equipment and other	2869
requirements for equipment to prevent and contain discharges of	2870
oil and hazardous substances into the waters of the state. The	2871
rules shall be consistent with and equivalent in scope, content,	2872
and coverage to section 311(j)(1)(c) of the Federal Water	2873
Pollution Control Act and regulations adopted under it. The	2874
director shall not adopt rules under this division relating to	2875
discharges of oil from oil production facilities and oil	2876
drilling and workover facilities as those terms are defined in	2877
that act and regulations adopted under it.	2878

(S)(1) Administer and enforce a program for the regulation	2879
of sludge management in this state. In administering the	2880
program, the director, in addition to exercising the authority	2881
provided in any other applicable sections of this chapter, may	2882
do any of the following:	2883
(a) Develop plans and programs for the disposal and	2884
utilization of sludge and sludge materials;	2885
(b) Encourage, participate in, or conduct studies,	2886
investigations, research, and demonstrations relating to the	2887
disposal and use of sludge and sludge materials and the impact	2888
of sludge and sludge materials on land located in the state and	2889
on the air and waters of the state;	2890
(c) Collect and disseminate information relating to the	2891
disposal and use of sludge and sludge materials and the impact	2892
of sludge and sludge materials on land located in the state and	2893
on the air and waters of the state;	2894
(d) Issue, modify, or revoke orders to prevent, control,	2895
or abate the use and disposal of sludge and sludge materials or	2896
the effects of the use of sludge and sludge materials on land	2897
located in the state and on the air and waters of the state;	2898
(e) Adopt and enforce, modify, or rescind rules necessary	2899
for the implementation of division (S) of this section. The	2900
rules reasonably shall protect public health and the	2901
environment, encourage the beneficial reuse of sludge and sludge	2902
materials, and minimize the creation of nuisance odors.	2903
The director may specify in sludge management permits the	2904
net volume, net weight, quality, and pollutant concentration of	2905
the sludge or sludge materials that may be used, stored,	2906
treated, or disposed of, and the manner and frequency of the	2907

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section, except that the director may adopt rules under division

(S) of this section that establish requirements that are more

establishing acceptable sewage sludge management practices and

stringent than section 405 of the Federal Water Pollution

monitoring sewage sludge and sewage sludge materials and

Control Act and regulations adopted under it with regard to

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pollutant levels in sewage sludge and sewage sludge materials.	2938
(T) Study, examine, and calculate nutrient loading from	2939
point and nonpoint sources in order to determine comparative	2940
contributions by those sources and to utilize the information	2941
derived from those calculations to determine the most	2942
environmentally beneficial and cost-effective mechanisms to	2943
reduce nutrient loading to watersheds in the state. In order to	2944
evaluate nutrient loading contributions, the director or the	2945
director's designee shall conduct a study of the statewide	2946
nutrient mass balance for both point and nonpoint sources in	2947
watersheds in the state using available data, including both of	2948
the following:	2949
(1) Data on water quality;	2950
(2) Data on point source discharges into watersheds in the	2951
state.	2952
The director or the director's designee shall report and	2953
update the results of the study to coincide with the release of	2954
the Ohio integrated water quality monitoring and assessment	2955
report prepared by the director.	2956
This chapter authorizes the state to participate in any	2957
national sludge management program and the national pollutant	2958
discharge elimination system, to administer and enforce the	2959
publicly owned treatment works pretreatment program, and to	2960
issue permits for the discharge of dredged or fill materials, in	2961
accordance with the Federal Water Pollution Control Act. This	2962
chapter shall be administered, consistent with the laws of this	2963
state and federal law, in the same manner that the Federal Water	2964
Pollution Control Act is required to be administered.	2965
This section does not apply to residual farm products and	2966

manure disposal systems and related management and conservation	2967
practices subject to rules adopted pursuant to division $\frac{\text{(E)}(1)}{}$	2968
$\underline{\text{(C) (1)}}$ of section $\underline{1511.02}$ – $\underline{939.02}$ of the Revised Code. For	2969
purposes of this exclusion, "residual farm products" and	2970
"manure" have the same meanings as in section $\frac{1511.01}{939.01}$ of	2971
the Revised Code. However, until the date on which the United	2972
States environmental protection agency approves the NPDES	2973
program submitted by the director of agriculture under section	2974
903.08 of the Revised Code, this exclusion does not apply to	2975
animal waste treatment works having a controlled direct	2976
discharge to the waters of the state or any concentrated animal	2977
feeding operation, as defined in 40 C.F.R. 122.23(b)(2). On and	2978
after the date on which the United States environmental	2979
protection agency approves the NPDES program submitted by the	2980
director of agriculture under section 903.08 of the Revised	2981
Code, this section does not apply to storm water from an animal	2982
feeding facility, as defined in section 903.01 of the Revised	2983
Code, or to pollutants discharged from a concentrated animal	2984
feeding operation, as both terms are defined in that section.	2985
Neither of these exclusions applies to the discharge of animal	2986
waste into a publicly owned treatment works.	2987
A publicly owned treatment works with a design flow of one	2988
million gallons per day or more, or designated as a major	2989
discharger by the director, shall begin monthly monitoring of	2990
total and dissolved phosphorous not later than December 1, 2016.	2991
In addition, a publicly owned treatment works that, on the	2992
effective date of this amendment, is not subject to a	2993
phosphorous effluent limit of one milligram per liter as a	2994
thirty-day average shall complete and submit an optimization	2995
study that evaluates the publicly owned treatment works' ability	2996
to reduce phosphorous to one milligram per liter as a thirty-day	2997

average. The director shall modify NPDES permits to include	2998
those requirements.	2999
Sec. 6111.04. (A) Both of the following apply except as	3000
otherwise provided in division (A) or (F) of this section:	3001
(1) No person shall cause pollution or place or cause to	3002
be placed any sewage, sludge, sludge materials, industrial	3003
waste, or other wastes in a location where they cause pollution	3004
of any waters of the state.	3005
(2) Such an action prohibited under division (A)(1) of	3006
this section is hereby declared to be a public nuisance.	3007
Divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section do not apply if	3008
the person causing pollution or placing or causing to be placed	3009
wastes in a location in which they cause pollution of any waters	3010
of the state holds a valid, unexpired permit, or renewal of a	3011
permit, governing the causing or placement as provided in	3012
sections 6111.01 to 6111.08 of the Revised Code or if the	3013
person's application for renewal of such a permit is pending.	3014
(B) If the director of environmental protection	3015
administers a sludge management program pursuant to division (S)	3016
of section 6111.03 of the Revised Code, both of the following	3017
apply except as otherwise provided in division (B) or (F) of	3018
this section:	3019
(1) No person, in the course of sludge management, shall	3020
place on land located in the state or release into the air of	3021
the state any sludge or sludge materials.	3022
(2) An action prohibited under division (B)(1) of this	3023
section is hereby declared to be a public nuisance.	3024
Divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section do not apply if	3025

the person placing or releasing the sludge or sludge materials	3026
holds a valid, unexpired permit, or renewal of a permit,	3027
governing the placement or release as provided in sections	3028
6111.01 to 6111.08 of the Revised Code or if the person's	3029
application for renewal of such a permit is pending.	3030
(C) No person to whom a permit has been issued shall place	3031
or discharge, or cause to be placed or discharged, in any waters	3032
of the state any sewage, sludge, sludge materials, industrial	3033
waste, or other wastes in excess of the permissive discharges	3034
specified under an existing permit without first receiving a	3035
permit from the director to do so.	3036
(D) No person to whom a sludge management permit has been	3037
issued shall place on the land or release into the air of the	3038
state any sludge or sludge materials in excess of the permissive	3039
amounts specified under the existing sludge management permit	3040
without first receiving a modification of the existing sludge	3041
management permit or a new sludge management permit to do so	3042
from the director.	3043
(E) The director may require the submission of plans,	3044
specifications, and other information that the director	3045
considers relevant in connection with the issuance of permits.	3046
(F) This section does not apply to any of the following:	3047
(1) Waters used in washing sand, gravel, other aggregates,	3048
or mineral products when the washing and the ultimate disposal	3049
of the water used in the washing, including any sewage,	3050
industrial waste, or other wastes contained in the waters, are	3051
entirely confined to the land under the control of the person	3052
engaged in the recovery and processing of the sand, gravel,	3053
other aggregates, or mineral products and do not result in the	3054

pollution of waters of the state;

(2) Water, gas, or other material injected into a well to 3056 facilitate, or that is incidental to, the production of oil, 3057 gas, artificial brine, or water derived in association with oil 3058 or gas production and disposed of in a well, in compliance with 3059 a permit issued under Chapter 1509. of the Revised Code, or 3060 sewage, industrial waste, or other wastes injected into a well 3061 in compliance with an injection well operating permit. Division 3062 (F)(2) of this section does not authorize, without a permit, any 3063 discharge that is prohibited by, or for which a permit is 3064 required by, regulation of the United States environmental 3065 protection agency. 3066

- (3) Application of any materials to land for agricultural 3067 purposes or runoff of the materials from that application or 3068 pollution by residual farm products, manure, or soil sediment, 3069 including attached substances, resulting from farming, 3070 silvicultural, or earthmoving activities regulated by Chapter 3071 307., 939., or 1511. of the Revised Code. Division (F)(3) of 3072 this section does not authorize, without a permit, any discharge 3073 that is prohibited by, or for which a permit is required by, the 3074 Federal Water Pollution Control Act or regulations adopted under 3075 it. As used in division (F)(3) of this section, "residual farm 3076 products" and "manure" have the same meanings as in section 3077 1511.01 939.01 of the Revised Code. 3078
- (4) The excrement of domestic and farm animals defecated

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 on land or runoff therefrom into any waters of the state.

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 Division (F)(4) of this section does not authorize, without a

 permit, any discharge that is prohibited by, or for which a

 permit is required by, the Federal Water Pollution Control Act

 3083
 or regulations adopted under it.

(5) On and after the date on which the United States	3085
environmental protection agency approves the NPDES program	3086
submitted by the director of agriculture under section 903.08 of	3087
the Revised Code, any discharge that is within the scope of the	3088
approved NPDES program submitted by the director of agriculture;	3089
(6) The discharge of sewage, industrial waste, or other	3090
wastes into a sewerage system tributary to a treatment works.	3091
Division (F)(6) of this section does not authorize any discharge	3092
into a publicly owned treatment works in violation of a	3093
pretreatment program applicable to the publicly owned treatment	3094
works.	3095
(7) A household sewage treatment system or a small flow	3096
on-site sewage treatment system, as applicable, as defined in	3097
section 3718.01 of the Revised Code that is installed in	3098
compliance with Chapter 3718. of the Revised Code and rules	3099
adopted under it. Division (F) (7) of this section does not	3100
authorize, without a permit, any discharge that is prohibited	3101
by, or for which a permit is required by, regulation of the	3102
United States environmental protection agency.	3103
(8) Exceptional quality sludge generated outside of this	3104
state and contained in bags or other containers not greater than	3105
one hundred pounds in capacity. As used in division (F)(8) of	3106
this section, "exceptional quality sludge" has the same meaning	3107
as in division (Y) of section 3745.11 of the Revised Code.	3108
(G) The holder of a permit issued under section 402 (a) of	3109
the Federal Water Pollution Control Act need not obtain a permit	3110
for a discharge authorized by the permit until its expiration	3111
date. Except as otherwise provided in this division, the	3112

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director of environmental protection shall administer and

enforce those permits within this state and may modify their

terms and conditions in accordance with division (J) of section	3115
6111.03 of the Revised Code. On and after the date on which the	3116
United States environmental protection agency approves the NPDES	3117
program submitted by the director of agriculture under section	3118
903.08 of the Revised Code, the director of agriculture shall	3119
administer and enforce those permits within this state that are	3120
issued for any discharge that is within the scope of the	3121
approved NPDES program submitted by the director of agriculture.	3122
Sec. 6111.32. (A) In order to ensure the regular and	3123
orderly maintenance of federal navigation channels and ports in	3124
this state, the director of environmental protection shall	3125
endeavor to work with the United States army corps of engineers	3126
on a dredging plan that focuses on long-term planning for the	3127
disposition of dredged material consistent with the requirements	3128
established in this section.	3129
(B) On and after July 1, 2020, no person shall deposit	3130
dredged material in the portion of Lake Erie that is within the	3131
jurisdictional boundaries of this state or in the direct_	3132
tributaries of Lake Erie within this state that resulted from	3133
harbor or navigation maintenance activities unless the director	3134
has determined that the dredged material is suitable for one of	3135
the locations, purposes, or activities specified in division (C)	3136
of this section and has issued a section 401 water quality	3137
certification authorizing the deposit.	3138
(C) The director may authorize the deposit of dredged	3139
material in the portion of Lake Erie that is within the	3140
jurisdictional boundaries of this state or in the direct_	3141
tributaries of Lake Erie within this state that resulted from	3142
harbor or navigation maintenance activities for any of the	3143
<pre>following:</pre>	3144

(1) Confined disposal facilities;	3145
(2) Beneficial use projects;	3146
(3) Beach nourishment projects if at least eighty per cent	3147
of the dredged material is sand;	3148
(4) Placement in the littoral drift if at least sixty per	3149
cent of the dredged material is sand;	3150
(5) Habitat restoration projects;	3151
(6) Projects involving amounts of dredged material that do	3152
not exceed ten thousand cubic yards, including material	3153
associated with dewatering operations related to dredging	3154
operations.	3155
(D) The director may consult with the director of natural	3156
resources for the purposes of this section. The director of	3157
environmental protection has exclusive authority to approve the	3158
location in which dredged material is proposed to be deposited	3159
in the portion of Lake Erie that is within the jurisdictional	3160
boundaries of this state or in the direct tributaries of Lake	3161
Erie within this state.	3162
(E) The director, in consultation with the director of	3163
natural resources, may determine that financial, environmental,	3164
regulatory, or other factors exist that result in the inability	3165
to comply with this section. After making that determination,	3166
the director, through the issuance of a section 401 water	3167
quality certification, may allow for open lake placement of	3168
dredged material from the Maumee river, Maumee bay federal	3169
navigation channel, and Toledo harbor.	3170
(F) The director may adopt rules in accordance with	3171
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code that are necessary for the	3172

implementation of this section.	3173
Sec. 6111.44. (A) Except as otherwise provided in division	3174
(B) of this section, in section 6111.14 of the Revised Code, or	3175
in rules adopted under division (G) of section 6111.03 of the	3176
Revised Code, no municipal corporation, county, public	3177
institution, corporation, or officer or employee thereof or	3178
other person shall provide or install sewerage or treatment	3179
works for sewage, sludge, or sludge materials disposal or	3180
treatment or make a change in any sewerage or treatment works	3181
until the plans therefor have been submitted to and approved by	3182
the director of environmental protection. Sections 6111.44 to	3183
6111.46 of the Revised Code apply to sewerage and treatment	3184
works of a municipal corporation or part thereof, an	3185
unincorporated community, a county sewer district, or other land	3186
outside of a municipal corporation or any publicly or privately	3187
owned building or group of buildings or place, used for the	3188
assemblage, entertainment, recreation, education, correction,	3189
hospitalization, housing, or employment of persons.	3190
In granting an approval, the director may stipulate	3191
modifications, conditions, and rules that the public health and	3192
prevention of pollution may require. Any action taken by the	3193
director shall be a matter of public record and shall be entered	3194
in the director's journal. Each period of thirty days that a	3195
violation of this section continues, after a conviction for the	3196
violation, constitutes a separate offense.	3197
(B) Sections 6111.45 and 6111.46 of the Revised Code and	3198
division (A) of this section do not apply to any of the	3199
following:	3200
(1) Sewerage or treatment works for sewage installed or to	3201
be installed for the use of a private residence or dwelling;	3202

(2) Sewerage systems, treatment works, or disposal systems	3203
for storm water from an animal feeding facility or manure, as	3204
"animal feeding facility" and "manure" are defined in section	3205
903.01 of the Revised Code;	3206
(3) Residual farm products and manure treatment or	3207
disposal works and related management and conservation practices	3208
that are subject to rules adopted under division $\frac{(E)(1)(C)(1)}{(C)(1)}$ of	3209
section 1511.02 <u>939.02</u> of the Revised Code. As used in division	3210
(B)(3) of this section, "residual farm products" and "manure"	3211
have the same meanings as in section 1511.01 939.01 of the	3212
Revised Code.	3213
(4) Sewerage or treatment works for the on-lot disposal or	3214
treatment of sewage from a small flow on-site sewage treatment	3215
system, as defined in section 3718.01 of the Revised Code, if	3216
the board of health of a city or general health district has	3217
notified the director of health and the director of	3218
environmental protection under section 3718.021 of the Revised	3219
Code that the board has chosen to regulate the system, provided	3220
that the board remains in compliance with the rules adopted	3221
under division (A)(13) of section 3718.02 of the Revised Code.	3222
The exclusions established in divisions (B)(2) and (3) of	3223
this section do not apply to the construction or installation of	3224
disposal systems, as defined in section 6111.01 of the Revised	3225
Code, that are located at an animal feeding facility and that	3226
store, treat, or discharge wastewaters that do not include storm	3227
water or manure or that discharge to a publicly owned treatment	3228
works.	3229
Sec. 6112.01. As used in sections 6112.01 to 6112.05,	3230

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inclusive, of the Revised Code this chapter:

(A) "Sewage" means any substance that contains any of the	3232
waste products or excrementitious or other discharge from the	3233
bodies of human beings or animals, which pollutes the waters of	3234
the state.	3235
(B) "Industrial waste" means any liquid, gaseous, or solid	3236
waste substance resulting from any process of industry,	3237
manufacture, trade, or business, or from the development,	3238
processing, or recovery of any natural resource, together with	3239
such sewage as is present, which pollutes the waters of the	3240
state.	3241
(C) "Other wastes" means garbage, refuse, decayed wood,	3242
sawdust shavings, bark, and other wood debris, lime (except	3243
hydrated or dehydrated lime), sand, ashes, offal, night soil,	3244
oil, tar, coal dust, or silt, and other substances which that	3245
are not included within the definitions of sewage and <u>or</u>	3246
industrial waste-set forth in this section, which pollute the	3247
waters of the state.	3248
(D) "Sewerage system" means pipe lines pipelines or	3249
conduits, pumping stations, and force mains, and all other	3250
constructions, devices, appurtenances, and facilities that are	3251
used for collecting or conducting water-borne sewage, industrial	3252
waste, or other wastes to a point of disposal or treatment and	3253
that are privately constructed.	3254
(E) "Treatment works" means any plant, disposal field,	3255
lagoon, dam, pumping station, incinerator, or other works used	3256
for the purpose of treating, stabilizing, or holding sewage,	3257
industrial waste, or other wastes.	3258
(F) "Disposal system" means a system for disposing of	3259

sewage, industrial waste, or other wastes, and includes sewerage

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systems and treatment works.	3261
(G) "Waters of the state" mean all streams, lakes, ponds,	3262
marshes, watercourses, waterways, wells, springs, irrigation	3263
systems, drainage systems, and all other bodies or accumulations	3264
of water, surface and underground, natural or artificial, which	3265
that are situated wholly or partly within, or border upon, this	3266
state, or are within its jurisdiction, except those private	3267
waters which that do not combine or effect a junction with	3268
natural surface or underground waters.	3269
(H) "Person" means a person, firm, partnership,	3270
association, or corporation, other than a county, township,	3271
municipal corporation, or other political subdivision.	3272
Sec. 6112.03. Applications for approval of plans for the	3273
construction and installation of facilities under this chapter	3274
shall be made in the manner and form prescribed by the director	3275
of environmental protection and shall be accompanied by plans,	3276
specifications, and other data that the director may require	3277
relative to the facilities for which approval of plans is	3278
requested. Thereafter, the director shall review and act upon	3279
the application in accordance with law and the rules adopted	3280
pursuant thereto under section 6111.03 of the Revised Code.	3281
Sec. 6112.06. (A) As used in this section:	3282
(1) "Health district" means a city or general health	3283
district as created by or under authority of Chapter 3709. of	3284
the Revised Code.	3285
(2) "Household sewage treatment system" has the same	3286
meaning as in section 3718.01 of the Revised Code and includes a	3287
household sewage disposal system as defined in rule 3701-29-01	3288
of the Administrative Code.	3289

(B)(1) A person that submits plans to install a sewerage	3290
system under section 6112.03 of the Revised Code simultaneously	3291
shall notify the owner of each parcel of property that is served	3292
by a household sewage treatment system and the board of health	3293
of the health district in which the affected parcel of property	3294
is located of the installation of the sewerage system if the	3295
owner or operator of the sewerage system has determined that the	3296
parcel of property is reasonably accessible to the sewerage	3297
system and may be required to connect to it. The notice shall	3298
include a statement indicating that if the person receiving the	3299
notice chooses to elect out of connecting to the sewerage system	3300
after receiving the notice, the cost of connecting to the	3301
sewerage system in the future may be higher. The notice shall be	3302
in writing and shall be sent by certified mail.	3303
(2) For purposes of this section, a parcel of property is	3304
reasonably accessible if all of the following apply:	3305
readonably according to the retrowing apply:	3300
(a) The office of the sanitary engineer of the applicable	3306
jurisdiction and the environmental protection agency have	3307
certified that the new sewerage system and its receiving	3308
treatment works have the capacity to accept the additional waste	3309
from the parcel of property.	3310
(b) The foundation wall of the structure from which sewage_	3311
or other waste originates is four hundred feet or less from the	3312
nearest boundary of the right-of-way within which the new	3313
sewerage system is located.	3314
(c) There are no physical barriers between the parcel of	3315
property and the new sewerage system that would prevent the	3316
parcel of property from connecting to the new sewerage system.	3317
(C) A person who receives a notice under division (B) of	3318

this section shall not be required to connect to the sewerage	3319
system specified in the notice if both of the following apply:	3320
(1) The person notifies the owner or operator of the	3321
sewerage system and the board of health of the health district	3322
in which the affected parcel of property is located that the	3323
person elects not to connect to the specified sewerage system.	3324
The notice shall be in writing and shall be sent by certified	3325
mail not later than sixty days after the person has received a	3326
notice under division (B) of this section. Not later than one	3327
hundred twenty days after the board of health receives the	3328
notice, the board shall evaluate the household sewage treatment	3329
system serving the affected parcel of property to determine if	3330
the system operates and is maintained in accordance with Chapter	3331
3718. of the Revised Code and with rules adopted under that	3332
chapter by the director of health and by the board, if any. The	3333
owner of the affected parcel of property is responsible for the	3334
costs of the evaluation.	3335
If the owner of the affected parcel of property is aware	3336
that the property will be vacant at any time during the one-	3337
hundred-twenty-day period, the owner shall notify the board of	3338
health of the dates during which the property will be vacant. In	3339
order for the required inspection to occur, the owner shall	3340
ensure that the property is occupied for at least ninety	3341
consecutive days within the one-hundred-twenty-day period and	3342
shall notify the board of health of the dates of occupancy.	3343
Failure to so notify the board or so occupy the property	3344
constitutes termination of the authorization under this section	3345
for the property owner to elect out of connecting to the	3346
<pre>sewerage system.</pre>	3347
(2) The applicable board of health determines under	3348

division (C)(1) of this section that the household sewage	3349
treatment system operates and is maintained in accordance with	3350
Chapter 3718. of the Revised Code and with rules adopted under	3351
that chapter by the director and by the board, if any. The board	3352
shall so notify the person and the owner or operator of the	3353
sewerage system. However, if the board determines that a	3354
nuisance exists under section 3718.011 of the Revised Code, the	3355
board shall so notify the person. The person may repair the	3356
system within sixty days to eliminate the nuisance. The board	3357
may assist the person in developing a plan for the incremental	3358
repair or replacement of the system. The incremental repair or	3359
replacement plan shall establish a phased approach to repair,	3360
alter, or replace the system over a period of time specified in	3361
the plan and approved by the board. The incremental repair or	3362
replacement plan shall require sufficient alterations to the	3363
system to correct the nuisance in a timely manner in order for	3364
the person not to be required to connect to the sewerage system.	3365
Failure to repair, alter, or replace the system to eliminate the	3366
nuisance constitutes termination of the authorization under this	3367
section for the property owner to elect out of connecting to the	3368
sewerage system.	3369
(D)(1) Division (C) of this section does not apply to a	3370
household sewage treatment system that is a discharging system.	3371
The notification required by division (B) of this section shall	3372
be issued to an applicable property owner regardless of whether	3373
the property owner's system is a discharging system.	3374
(2) For purposes of this section, a discharging system is	3375
one of the following:	3376
(a) A system for which an NPDES permit has been issued	3377
under Chapter 6111. of the Revised Code and rules adopted under_	3378

<u>it;</u>	3379
(b) A system for which an NPDES permit would be required,	3380
but that has not been issued such a permit.	3381
Section 2. That existing sections 901.22, 903.082, 903.25,	3382
941.14, 953.22, 1511.01, 1511.02, 1511.021, 1511.022, 1511.023,	3383
1511.05, 1511.07, 1511.99, 1515.01, 1515.08, 3734.02, 3734.029,	3384
3745.70, 6109.10, 6111.03, 6111.04, 6111.44, 6112.01, and	3385
6112.03 and section 1511.071 of the Revised Code are hereby	3386
repealed.	3387
Section 3. That Section 333.30 of H.B. 59 of the 130th	3388
General Assembly be amended to read as follows:	3389
Sec. 333.30. LEASE RENTAL PAYMENTS	3390
The foregoing appropriation item 725413, Lease Rental	3391
Payments, shall be used to meet all payments at the times they	3392
are required to be made during the period from July 1, 2013,	3393
through June 30, 2015, by the Department of Natural Resources	3394
pursuant to leases and agreements made under section 154.22 of	3395
the Revised Code. These appropriations are the source of funds	3396
pledged for bond service charges on related obligations issued	3397
under Chapter 154. of the Revised Code.	3398
CANAL LANDS	3399
The foregoing appropriation item 725456, Canal Lands,	3400
shall be used to provide operating expenses for the State Canal	3401
Lands Program.	3402
HEALTHY LAKE ERIE FUND	3403
The foregoing appropriation item 725505, Healthy Lake Erie	3404
Fund, shall be used by the Director of Natural Resources, in	3405
consultation with the Director of Agriculture and the Director	3406

of Environmental Protection, to implement nonstatutory	3407
recommendations of the Agriculture Nutrients and Water Quality	3408
Working Group. The Director shall give priority to	3409
recommendations that encourage farmers to adopt agricultural	3410
production guidelines commonly known as 4R nutrient stewardship-	3411
practices. Funds may also be used for enhanced in support of	3412
(1) conservation measures in the Western Lake Erie Basin as	3413
determined by the Director; (2) funding assistance for soil	3414
testing, in the Western Lake Erie Basin, monitoring the quality-	3415
of Lake Erie and its tributaries, and conducting research and	3416
establishing pilot projects that have the goal of reducing algae	3417
blooms in Lake Erie. winter cover crops, edge of field testing,	3418
tributary monitoring, animal waste abatement; and (3) any	3419
additional efforts to reduce nutrient runoff as the Director may	3420
decide. The Director shall give priority to recommendations that	3421
encourage farmers to adopt agricultural production guidelines	3422
commonly known as 4R nutrient stewardship practices.	3423
COAL AND MINE SAFETY PROGRAM	3424
The foregoing appropriation item 725507, Coal and Mine	3425
Safety Program, shall be used for the administration of the Mine	3426
Safety Program and the Coal Regulation Program.	3427
NATURAL RESOURCES GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE	3428
The foregoing appropriation item 725903, Natural Resources	3429
General Obligation Debt Service, shall be used to pay all debt	3430
service and related financing costs during the period July 1,	3431
2013, through June 30, 2015, on obligations issued under	3432
sections 151.01 and 151.05 of the Revised Code.	3433
Section 4. That existing Section 333.30 of Am. Sub. H.B.	3434
59 of the 130th General Assembly is hereby repealed.	3435

Section 5. For purposes of the transfer by this act of the	3436
Agricultural Pollution Abatement Program established prior to	3437
the effective date of the amendment of the statutes governing	3438
the Program by this act under Chapter 1511. of the Revised Code	3439
from the Department of Natural Resources to the Department of	3440
Agriculture, all of the following apply:	3441
(A) The Director of Natural Resources shall enter into a	3442
memorandum of understanding with the Director of Agriculture	3443
regarding the transfer of the Program.	3444
(B) On the date on which the two Directors sign a	3445
memorandum of understanding under division (A) of this section,	3446
the Director of Natural Resources shall provide the Director of	3447
Agriculture with both of the following:	3448
(1) Copies of all operation and management plans, or	3449
applicable portions of such plans, developed or approved by the	3450
Chief of the Division of Soil and Water Resources under Chapter	3451
1511. of the Revised Code or the supervisors of a soil and water	3452
conservation district under Chapter 1515. of the Revised Code	3453
for the abatement of the degradation of the waters of the state	3454
by manure, including attached substances, that were developed or	3455
approved prior to the effective date of the amendment of the	3456
statutes governing the Program by this act;	3457
(2) Copies of all operation and management plans, or	3458
applicable portions of such plans, and accompanying information	3459
that were submitted for approval by the Chief or the supervisors	3460
of a soil and water conservation district under Chapter 1511. or	3461
1515. of the Revised Code, as applicable, prior to the effective	3462
date of the amendment of the statutes governing the Program by	3463
this act for the abatement of the degradation of the waters of	3464
the state by manure, including attached substances.	3465

(C) Any business commenced but not completed by the Chief	3466
of the Division of Soil and Water Resources relating to the	3467
Program on the effective date of the amendment of the statutes	3468
governing the Program by this act shall be completed by the	3469
Director of Agriculture. Any validation, cure, right, privilege,	3470
remedy, obligation, or liability is not lost or impaired solely	3471
by reason of the transfer required by this act and shall be	3472
administered by the Director of Agriculture in accordance with	3473
this act.	3474
(D) All of the orders and determinations of the Chief of	3475
the Division of Soil and Water Resources relating to the	3476
Agricultural Pollution Abatement Program continue in effect as	3477
orders and determinations of the Director of Agriculture until	3478
modified or rescinded by the Director.	3479
(E) Whenever the Division of Soil and Water Resources or	3480
the Chief of the Division of Soil and Water Resources, in	3481
relation to the Program, is referred to in any law, contract, or	3482
other document, the reference shall be deemed to refer to the	3483
Department of Agriculture or to the Director of Agriculture,	3484
whichever is appropriate in context.	3485
(F) Any action or proceeding pending on the effective date	3486
of the amendment of the statutes governing the Program by this	3487
act is not affected by the transfer of the functions of that	3488
Program by this act and shall be prosecuted or defended in the	3489
name of the Department of Agriculture. In all such actions and	3490
proceedings, the Department of Agriculture, upon application to	3491
the court, shall be substituted as a party.	3492
(G) As used in this section:	3493

(1) "Soil and water conservation district" has the same

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meaning as in section 1515.01 of the Revised Code.	3495
(2) "Waters of the state" and "operation and management	3496
plan" have the same meanings as in section 1511.01 of the	3497
Revised Code.	3498
(3) "Manure" has the same meaning as in section 939.01 of	3499
the Revised Code.	3500
the Revised code.	3300
Section 6. The Director of Agriculture shall adopt rules	3501
in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code that are	3502
identical to all of the following rules as those rules exist on	3503
the effective date of this section, except that references to	3504
the Division of Soil and Water Resources in the Department of	3505
Natural Resources shall be replaced with references to the	3506
Department of Agriculture, and references to the Chief of the	3507
Division of Soil and Water Resources shall be replaced with	3508
references to the Director of Agriculture:	3509
(A) Rule 1501:15-5-01 of the Ohio Administrative Code;	3510
(B) Rule 1501:15-5-02 of the Ohio Administrative Code;	3511
(C) Rule 1501:15-5-03 of the Ohio Administrative Code;	3512
(D) Rule 1501:15-5-05 of the Ohio Administrative Code;	3513
(E) Rule 1501:15-5-06 of the Ohio Administrative Code;	3514
(F) Rule 1501:15-5-07 of the Ohio Administrative Code;	3515
(G) Rule 1501:15-5-14 of the Ohio Administrative Code;	3516
(H) Rule 1501:15-5-15 of the Ohio Administrative Code;	3517
(I) Rule 1501:15-5-18 of the Ohio Administrative Code.	3518
Section 7. Operation and management plans that were	3519
developed or approved under Chapter 1511. or 1515. of the	3520

Revised Code prior to the amendment of those chapters by this	3521
act continue in effect as nutrient utilization plans under	3522
Chapter 939. or 1515. of the Revised Code as enacted or amended	3523
by this act, as applicable.	3524
Section 8. The Agricultural Pollution Abatement Fund that	3525
is created in section 939.11 of the Revised Code, as enacted by	3526
this act, is a continuation of the Agricultural Pollution	3527
Abatement Fund that was created in section 1511.071 of the	3528
Revised Code prior to its repeal by this act. Money credited to	3529
the Fund under section 1511.071 of the Revised Code, as repealed	3530
by this act, shall be used for the purposes specified in section	3531
939.11 of the Revised Code, as enacted by this act.	3532
Section 9. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of this	3533
section, sections 905.326, 905.327, 939.12, and 939.13 of the	3534
Revised Code, as enacted by this act, cease to operate five	3535
years after the effective date of this section.	3536
(B) Not later than four years after the effective date of	3537
this section, the committees of the House of Representatives and	3538
the Senate that are primarily responsible for agriculture and	3539
natural resources matters jointly shall review the effectiveness	3540
of the sections of the Revised Code specified in division (A) of	3541
this section in order to determine whether to recommend	3542
legislation terminating the cessation of operation established	3543
in that division. The committees jointly shall issue a report to	3544
the Governor containing their findings and recommendation. If	3545
the committees recommend termination of the cessation, the	3546
committees may include in the report additional recommendations	3547
for revisions to those sections.	3548
Section 10. The amendment, enactment, or repeal of	3549
sections 901.22, 903.082, 903.25, 939.01, 939.02, 939.03,	3550

1511.022 (939.04), 939.05, 939.06, 939.07, 939.08, 939.09,	3551
939.10, 939.11, 941.14, 953.22, 1511.01, 1511.02, 1511.021,	3552
1511.023, 1511.024, 1511.05, 1511.07, 1511.071, 1511.09,	3553
1511.99, 1515.01, 1515.08, 3734.02, 3734.029, 3745.70, 6111.04,	3554
and 6111.44 and the second to the last paragraph of section	3555
6111.03 of the Revised Code and Sections 5, 6, 7, and 8 of this	3556
act become operative on January 1, 2017.	3557
Section 11. This act is hereby declared to be an emergency	3558
Section 11. This act is hereby declared to be an emergency measure necessary for the immediate preservation of the public	3558 3559
measure necessary for the immediate preservation of the public	3559
measure necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety. The reason for such necessity is that	3559 3560
measure necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety. The reason for such necessity is that it is imperative to address public health issues in the western	3559 3560 3561