### As Introduced

131st General Assembly Regular Session 2015-2016

S. B. No. 319

Senator Eklund

# A BILL

To amend sections 2925.61, 2929.14, 2947.231,	1
3707.56, 3719.121, 3719.21, 4729.06, 4729.071,	2
4729.16, 4729.18, 4729.19, 4729.38, 4729.51,	3
4729.54, 4729.541, 4729.55, 4729.571, 4729.60,	4
4729.68, 4729.99, 4731.22, 4731.94, 4776.02,	5
4776.04, and 5119.391, to enact sections	6
3707.58, 3707.59, 4729.10, 4729.40, 4729.45,	7
4729.513, 4729.514, 4729.553, 4729.90, 4729.901,	8
4729.902, 4729.91, 4729.92, 4729.921, 4729.93,	9
4729.94, 4729.95, 4729.96, and 4731.943, and to	10
repeal section 4729.42 of the Revised Code and	11
to amend Sections 331.90 and 331.120 of Am. Sub.	12
H.B. 64 of the 131st General Assembly to revise	13
certain laws regarding the regulation of drugs,	14
the practice of pharmacy, and the provision of	15
addiction services.	16

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2925.61, 2929.14, 2947.231,	17
3707.56, 3719.121, 3719.21, 4729.06, 4729.071, 4729.16, 4729.18,	18
4729.19, 4729.38, 4729.51, 4729.54, 4729.541, 4729.55, 4729.571,	19
4729.60, 4729.68, 4729.99, 4731.22, 4731.94, 4776.02, 4776.04,	20

and 5119.391 be amended and sections 3707.58, 3707.59, 4729.10,	21
4729.40, 4729.45, 4729.513, 4729.514, 4729.553, 4729.90,	22
4729.901, 4729.902, 4729.91, 4729.92, 4729.921, 4729.93,	23
4729.94, 4729.95, 4729.96, and 4731.943 of the Revised Code be	24
enacted to read as follows:	25
Sec. 2925.61. (A) As used in this section:	26
(1) "Law enforcement agency" means a government entity	27
that employs peace officers to perform law enforcement duties.	28
(2) "Licensed health professional" means all of the	29
following:	30
(a) A physician;	31
(b) A physician assistant who is licensed under Chapter	32
4730. of the Revised Code, holds a valid prescriber number	33
issued by the state medical board, and has been granted	34
physician-delegated prescriptive authority;	35
(c) A clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife,	36
or certified nurse practitioner who holds a certificate to	37
prescribe issued under section 4723.48 of the Revised Code.	38
(3) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section	39
2921.51 of the Revised Code.	40
(4) "Physician" means an individual who is authorized	41
under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and	42
surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine	43
and surgery.	44
(B) A family member, friend, or other individual who is in	45
a position to assist an individual who is apparently	46
experiencing or at risk of experiencing an opioid-related	47
overdose, is not subject to criminal prosecution for a violation	48

all of the following:

the following: a

naloxone<del>, or a</del>;

of section 4731.41 of the Revised Code or criminal prosecution 49 under this chapter if the individual, acting in good faith, does 50 51 (1) Obtains naloxone pursuant to a prescription issued by 52 a licensed health professional or obtains naloxone from one of 53 54 55 (a) A licensed health professional, an; (b) An individual who is authorized by either a physician 56 under section 4731.941 of the Revised Code or a board of health 57 under section 3707.58 of the Revised Code to personally furnish 58 59 (c) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern who is authorized by a 60 physician or board of health under section 4729.44 of the 61

(2) Administers the naloxone obtained as described in 63 division (B)(1) of this section to an individual who is 64 apparently experiencing an opioid-related overdose; 65

Revised Code to dispense naloxone without a prescription+.

(3) Attempts to summon emergency services as soon as 66 practicable either before or after administering the naloxone. 67

(C) Division An individual who is an employee, volunteer, 68 or contractor of a service entity, as defined in section 69 4729.514 of the Revised Code, and has been authorized under 70 section 3707.59 or 4731.943 of the Revised Code to administer 71 naloxone is not subject to criminal prosecution for a violation 72 of section 4731.41 of the Revised Code or criminal prosecution 73 under this chapter if the individual, acting in good faith, does 74 all of the following: 75

(1) Obtains naloxone from the service entity of which the

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individual is an employee, volunteer, or contractor;	77
(2) Administers the naloxone obtained to an individual who	78
is apparently experiencing an opioid-related overdose;	79
(3) Attempts to summon emergency services as soon as	80
practicable either before or after administering the naloxone.	81
<u>(D) Divisions</u> (B) <u>and (C)</u> of this section <del>does <u>do</u> not</del>	82
apply to a peace officer or to an emergency medical technician-	83
basic, emergency medical technician-intermediate, or emergency	84
medical technician-paramedic, as defined in section 4765.01 of	85
the Revised Code.	86
(D) (E) A peace officer employed by a law enforcement	87
agency is not subject to administrative action, criminal	88
prosecution for a violation of section 4731.41 of the Revised	89
Code, or criminal prosecution under this chapter if the peace	90
officer, acting in good faith, obtains naloxone from the peace-	91
officer's law enforcement agency and administers the naloxone to	92
an individual who is apparently experiencing an opioid-related	93
overdose.	94
(F) A peace officer is entitled to the immunity provided	95
for in section 9.86 or 2744.03 of the Revised Code, as the case	96
may be, for any act or omission associated with procuring,	97
maintaining, accessing, or using naloxone.	98
Sec. 2929.14. (A) Except as provided in division (B)(1),	99
(B)(2), (B)(3), (B)(4), (B)(5), (B)(6), (B)(7), (B)(8), (E),	100
(G), (H), or (J) of this section or in division (D)(6) of	101
section 2919.25 of the Revised Code and except in relation to an	102
offense for which a sentence of death or life imprisonment is to	103
be imposed, if the court imposing a sentence upon an offender	104
for a felony elects or is required to impose a prison term on	105

the offender pursuant to this chapter, the court shall impose a 106
definite prison term that shall be one of the following: 107
 (1) For a felony of the first degree, the prison term 108
shall be three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or 109
eleven years. 110
 (2) For a felony of the second degree, the prison term 111
shall be two, three, four, five, six, seven, or eight years. 112

(3) (a) For a felony of the third degree that is a 113 violation of section 2903.06, 2903.08, 2907.03, 2907.04, or 114 2907.05 of the Revised Code or that is a violation of section 115 2911.02 or 2911.12 of the Revised Code if the offender 116 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty in two or 117 more separate proceedings to two or more violations of section 118 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the Revised Code, the 119 prison term shall be twelve, eighteen, twenty-four, thirty, 120 thirty-six, forty-two, forty-eight, fifty-four, or sixty months. 121

(b) For a felony of the third degree that is not an
offense for which division (A) (3) (a) of this section applies,
the prison term shall be nine, twelve, eighteen, twenty-four,
thirty, or thirty-six months.

(4) For a felony of the fourth degree, the prison term
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shall be six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen,
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fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, or eighteen months.
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(5) For a felony of the fifth degree, the prison termshall be six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, or twelve months.130

(B) (1) (a) Except as provided in division (B) (1) (e) of this
section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to
a felony also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a
specification of the type described in section 2941.141,
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2941.144, or 2941.145 of the Revised Code, the court shall135impose on the offender one of the following prison terms:136

(i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of
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the type described in section 2941.144 of the Revised Code that
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charges the offender with having a firearm that is an automatic
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firearm or that was equipped with a firearm muffler or
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suppressor on or about the offender's person or under the
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offender's control while committing the felony;
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(ii) A prison term of three years if the specification is 143 of the type described in section 2941.145 of the Revised Code 144 that charges the offender with having a firearm on or about the 145 offender's person or under the offender's control while 146 committing the offense and displaying the firearm, brandishing 147 the firearm, indicating that the offender possessed the firearm, 148 or using it to facilitate the offense; 149

(iii) A prison term of one year if the specification is of 150 the type described in section 2941.141 of the Revised Code that 151 charges the offender with having a firearm on or about the 152 offender's person or under the offender's control while 153 committing the felony. 154

(b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under 155 division (B)(1)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be 156 reduced pursuant to section 2967.19, section 2929.20, section 157 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 158 5120. of the Revised Code. Except as provided in division (B)(1) 159 (g) of this section, a court shall not impose more than one 160 prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)(a) of this 161 section for felonies committed as part of the same act or 162 transaction. 163

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(c) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this 164 section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty to 165 a violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a 166 felony that includes, as an essential element, purposely or 167 knowingly causing or attempting to cause the death of or 168 physical harm to another, also is convicted of or pleads guilty 169 to a specification of the type described in section 2941.146 of 170 the Revised Code that charges the offender with committing the 171 offense by discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle other than 172 a manufactured home, the court, after imposing a prison term on 173 the offender for the violation of section 2923.161 of the 174 Revised Code or for the other felony offense under division (A), 175 (B) (2), or (B) (3) of this section, shall impose an additional 176 prison term of five years upon the offender that shall not be 177 reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.19, section 178 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 179 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than 180 one additional prison term on an offender under division (B)(1) 181 (c) of this section for felonies committed as part of the same 182 act or transaction. If a court imposes an additional prison term 183 on an offender under division (B)(1)(c) of this section relative 184 to an offense, the court also shall impose a prison term under 185 division (B)(1)(a) of this section relative to the same offense, 186 provided the criteria specified in that division for imposing an 187 additional prison term are satisfied relative to the offender 188 and the offense. 189

(d) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to
an offense of violence that is a felony also is convicted of or
pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in
section 2941.1411 of the Revised Code that charges the offender
with wearing or carrying body armor while committing the felony

offense of violence, the court shall impose on the offender a 195 prison term of two years. The prison term so imposed, subject to 196 divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of the Revised Code, 197 shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 198 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 199 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not 200 impose more than one prison term on an offender under division 201 (B) (1) (d) of this section for felonies committed as part of the 202 same act or transaction. If a court imposes an additional prison 203 term under division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this section, the court 204 is not precluded from imposing an additional prison term under 205 division (B)(1)(d) of this section. 206

(e) The court shall not impose any of the prison terms 207 described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the 208 additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this 209 section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.12 or 210 2923.123 of the Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of 211 the prison terms described in division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this 212 section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.122 213 that involves a deadly weapon that is a firearm other than a 214 dangerous ordnance, section 2923.16, or section 2923.121 of the 215 Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of the prison terms 216 described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the 217 additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this 218 section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.13 of 219 the Revised Code unless all of the following apply: 220

(i) The offender previously has been convicted of
aggravated murder, murder, or any felony of the first or second
degree.

(ii) Less than five years have passed since the offender

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was released from prison or post-release control, whichever is 225 later, for the prior offense. 226 (f) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 227 felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or 228 attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and 229 also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a specification of the 230 type described in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code that 231 charges the offender with committing the offense by discharging 232 a firearm at a peace officer as defined in section 2935.01 of 233 the Revised Code or a corrections officer, as defined in section 234 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, the court, after imposing a 235 prison term on the offender for the felony offense under 236 division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section, shall impose an 237 additional prison term of seven years upon the offender that 238 shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 239 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 240 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. If an offender is 241 convicted of or pleads quilty to two or more felonies that 242 include, as an essential element, causing or attempting to cause 243 the death or physical harm to another and also is convicted of 244 or pleads quilty to a specification of the type described under 245 division (B)(1)(f) of this section in connection with two or 246 more of the felonies of which the offender is convicted or to 247 which the offender pleads guilty, the sentencing court shall 248 impose on the offender the prison term specified under division 249 (B) (1) (f) of this section for each of two of the specifications 250 of which the offender is convicted or to which the offender 251 pleads quilty and, in its discretion, also may impose on the 252 offender the prison term specified under that division for any 2.5.3 or all of the remaining specifications. If a court imposes an 254

additional prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)(f)

of this section relative to an offense, the court shall not256impose a prison term under division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this257section relative to the same offense.258

(q) If an offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to two 259 or more felonies, if one or more of those felonies are 260 aggravated murder, murder, attempted aggravated murder, 261 attempted murder, aggravated robbery, felonious assault, or 262 rape, and if the offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 263 specification of the type described under division (B)(1)(a) of 264 265 this section in connection with two or more of the felonies, the sentencing court shall impose on the offender the prison term 266 specified under division (B)(1)(a) of this section for each of 267 the two most serious specifications of which the offender is 268 convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty and, in its 269 discretion, also may impose on the offender the prison term 270 specified under that division for any or all of the remaining 271 specifications. 272

(2) (a) If division (B) (2) (b) of this section does not 273 apply, the court may impose on an offender, in addition to the 274 longest prison term authorized or required for the offense, an 275 additional definite prison term of one, two, three, four, five, 276 six, seven, eight, nine, or ten years if all of the following 277 criteria are met: 278

(i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender.

(ii) The offense of which the offender currently is
convicted or to which the offender currently pleads guilty is
aggravated murder and the court does not impose a sentence of
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death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, terrorism and
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the court does not impose a sentence of life imprisonment 286 without parole, any felony of the first degree that is an 287 offense of violence and the court does not impose a sentence of 288 life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of the second 289 degree that is an offense of violence and the trier of fact 290 finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a threat 291 292 to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in 293 serious physical harm to a person.

(iii) The court imposes the longest prison term for the offense that is not life imprisonment without parole.

(iv) The court finds that the prison terms imposed 296 pursuant to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if 297 applicable, division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are 298 inadequate to punish the offender and protect the public from 299 future crime, because the applicable factors under section 300 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating a greater likelihood of 301 recidivism outweigh the applicable factors under that section 302 indicating a lesser likelihood of recidivism. 303

(v) The court finds that the prison terms imposed pursuant 304 to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if applicable, 305 division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are demeaning to the 306 seriousness of the offense, because one or more of the factors 307 under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating that the 308 offender's conduct is more serious than conduct normally 309 constituting the offense are present, and they outweigh the 310 applicable factors under that section indicating that the 311 offender's conduct is less serious than conduct normally 312 constituting the offense. 313

(b) The court shall impose on an offender the longest314prison term authorized or required for the offense and shall315

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impose on the offender an additional definite prison term of 316
one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten 317
years if all of the following criteria are met: 318

(i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 319
specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the 320
Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender. 321

(ii) The offender within the preceding twenty years has 322 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more offenses 323 described in division (CC)(1) of section 2929.01 of the Revised 324 Code, including all offenses described in that division of which 325 the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads quilty 326 in the current prosecution and all offenses described in that 327 division of which the offender previously has been convicted or 328 to which the offender previously pleaded guilty, whether 329 330 prosecuted together or separately.

(iii) The offense or offenses of which the offender 331 currently is convicted or to which the offender currently pleads 332 quilty is aggravated murder and the court does not impose a 333 sentence of death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, 334 terrorism and the court does not impose a sentence of life 335 imprisonment without parole, any felony of the first degree that 336 is an offense of violence and the court does not impose a 337 sentence of life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of 338 the second degree that is an offense of violence and the trier 339 of fact finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a 340 threat to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in 341 serious physical harm to a person. 342

(c) For purposes of division (B)(2)(b) of this section,
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two or more offenses committed at the same time or as part of
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the same act or event shall be considered one offense, and that
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one offense shall be the offense with the greatest penalty. 346

(d) A sentence imposed under division (B) (2) (a) or (b) of
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this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,
section 2967.19, or section 2967.193, or any other provision of
Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. The offender
shall serve an additional prison term imposed under this section
consecutively to and prior to the prison term imposed for the
underlying offense.

(e) When imposing a sentence pursuant to division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section, the court shall state its findings explaining the imposed sentence.

(3) Except when an offender commits a violation of section 357 2903.01 or 2907.02 of the Revised Code and the penalty imposed 358 for the violation is life imprisonment or commits a violation of 359 section 2903.02 of the Revised Code, if the offender commits a 360 violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code and 361 that section classifies the offender as a major drug offender, 362 if the offender commits a felony violation of section 2925.02, 363 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.36, 3719.07, 3719.08, 3719.16, 3719.161, 364 4729.37, or 4729.61, division (C) or (D) of section 3719.172, 365 division  $\frac{(C)}{(E)}$  of section 4729.51, or division (J) of section 366 4729.54 of the Revised Code that includes the sale, offer to 367 sell, or possession of a schedule I or II controlled substance, 368 with the exception of marihuana, and the court imposing sentence 369 upon the offender finds that the offender is quilty of a 370 specification of the type described in section 2941.1410 of the 371 Revised Code charging that the offender is a major drug 372 offender, if the court imposing sentence upon an offender for a 373 felony finds that the offender is guilty of corrupt activity 374 with the most serious offense in the pattern of corrupt activity 375

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being a felony of the first degree, or if the offender is quilty 376 of an attempted violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code 377 and, had the offender completed the violation of section 2907.02 378 of the Revised Code that was attempted, the offender would have 379 been subject to a sentence of life imprisonment or life 380 imprisonment without parole for the violation of section 2907.02 381 of the Revised Code, the court shall impose upon the offender 382 for the felony violation a mandatory prison term of the maximum 383 prison term prescribed for a felony of the first degree that, 384 subject to divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of the 385 Revised Code, cannot be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, 386 section 2967.19, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or 387 5120. of the Revised Code. 388

(4) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or 389 fourth degree felony OVI offense under division (G)(2) of 390 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court shall 391 impose upon the offender a mandatory prison term in accordance 392 with that division. In addition to the mandatory prison term, if 393 the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI 394 offense, the court, notwithstanding division (A)(4) of this 395 section, may sentence the offender to a definite prison term of 396 not less than six months and not more than thirty months, and if 397 the offender is being sentenced for a third degree felony OVI 398 offense, the sentencing court may sentence the offender to an 399 additional prison term of any duration specified in division (A) 400 (3) of this section. In either case, the additional prison term 401 imposed shall be reduced by the sixty or one hundred twenty days 402 imposed upon the offender as the mandatory prison term. The 403 total of the additional prison term imposed under division (B) 404 (4) of this section plus the sixty or one hundred twenty days 405 imposed as the mandatory prison term shall equal a definite term 406

in the range of six months to thirty months for a fourth degree 407 felony OVI offense and shall equal one of the authorized prison 408 terms specified in division (A)(3) of this section for a third 409 degree felony OVI offense. If the court imposes an additional 410 prison term under division (B)(4) of this section, the offender 411 shall serve the additional prison term after the offender has 412 served the mandatory prison term required for the offense. In 413 addition to the mandatory prison term or mandatory and 414 additional prison term imposed as described in division (B)(4) 415 of this section, the court also may sentence the offender to a 416 community control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of 417 the Revised Code, but the offender shall serve all of the prison 418 terms so imposed prior to serving the community control 419 sanction. 420

If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI offense under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code and the court imposes a mandatory term of local incarceration, the court may impose a prison term as described in division (A)(1) of that section.

(5) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 426 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 427 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 428 specification of the type described in section 2941.1414 of the 429 Revised Code that charges that the victim of the offense is a 430 peace officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised 431 Code, or an investigator of the bureau of criminal 432 identification and investigation, as defined in section 2903.11 433 of the Revised Code, the court shall impose on the offender a 434 prison term of five years. If a court imposes a prison term on 435 an offender under division (B)(5) of this section, the prison 436 term, subject to divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of the 437

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Revised Code, shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,438section 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other provision of439Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A court440shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender under441division (B) (5) of this section for felonies committed as part442of the same act.443

(6) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 444 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 445 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 446 specification of the type described in section 2941.1415 of the 447 Revised Code that charges that the offender previously has been 448 convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more violations of 449 division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or an 450 equivalent offense, as defined in section 2941.1415 of the 451 Revised Code, or three or more violations of any combination of 452 those divisions and offenses, the court shall impose on the 453 offender a prison term of three years. If a court imposes a 454 prison term on an offender under division (B)(6) of this 455 section, the prison term, subject to divisions (C) to (I) of 456 section 2967.19 of the Revised Code, shall not be reduced 457 pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.19, section 2967.193, 458 or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the 459 Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than one prison term 460 on an offender under division (B)(6) of this section for 461 felonies committed as part of the same act. 462

(7) (a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to
a felony violation of section 2905.01, 2905.02, 2907.21,
2907.22, or 2923.32, division (A) (1) or (2) of section 2907.323,
or division (B) (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of section 2919.22 of
the Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a
specification of the type described in section 2941.1422 of the

Revised Code that charges that the offender knowingly committed469the offense in furtherance of human trafficking, the court shall470impose on the offender a mandatory prison term that is one of471the following:472

(i) If the offense is a felony of the first degree, a definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater than ten years;

(ii) If the offense is a felony of the second or third
degree, a definite prison term of not less than three years and
not greater than the maximum prison term allowed for the offense
by division (A) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code;
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(iii) If the offense is a felony of the fourth or fifth
degree, a definite prison term that is the maximum prison term
allowed for the offense by division (A) of section 2929.14 of
the Revised Code.

(b) Subject to divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of 484 the Revised Code, the prison term imposed under division (B)(7) 485 (a) of this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 486 2929.20, section 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other 487 488 provision of Chapter 2967. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender under 489 division (B)(7)(a) of this section for felonies committed as 490 part of the same act, scheme, or plan. 491

(8) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a
felony violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, or 2903.13 of the
Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a
specification of the type described in section 2941.1423 of the
Revised Code that charges that the victim of the violation was a
woman whom the offender knew was pregnant at the time of the
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violation, notwithstanding the range of prison terms prescribed 498 in division (A) of this section for felonies of the same degree 499 as the violation, the court shall impose on the offender a 500 mandatory prison term that is either a definite prison term of 501 six months or one of the prison terms prescribed in section 502 2929.14 of the Revised Code for felonies of the same degree as 503 the violation. 504

(C)(1)(a) Subject to division (C)(1)(b) of this section, 505 if a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant 506 507 to division (B)(1)(a) of this section for having a firearm on or about the offender's person or under the offender's control 508 while committing a felony, if a mandatory prison term is imposed 509 upon an offender pursuant to division (B) (1) (c) of this section 510 for committing a felony specified in that division by 511 discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle, or if both types of 512 mandatory prison terms are imposed, the offender shall serve any 513 mandatory prison term imposed under either division 514 consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed under 515 either division or under division (B)(1)(d) of this section, 516 consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for the 517 underlying felony pursuant to division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of 518 this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and 519 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 520 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 521

(b) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender
pursuant to division (B) (1) (d) of this section for wearing or
carrying body armor while committing an offense of violence that
s a felony, the offender shall serve the mandatory term so
imposed consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed
under that division or under division (B) (1) (a) or (c) of this
section, consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed
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for the underlying felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3)529of this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and530consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term531previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender.532

(c) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 533 pursuant to division (B)(1)(f) of this section, the offender 534 shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively 535 to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying 536 felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section or 537 any other section of the Revised Code, and consecutively to any 538 other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 539 subsequently imposed upon the offender. 540

(d) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant to division (B)(7) or (8) of this section, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed under that division or under any other provision of law and consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender.

(2) If an offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or 548 other residential detention facility violates section 2917.02, 549 2917.03, or 2921.35 of the Revised Code or division (A)(1) or 550 (2) of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code, if an offender who 551 is under detention at a detention facility commits a felony 552 violation of section 2923.131 of the Revised Code, or if an 553 offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or other 554 residential detention facility or is under detention at a 555 detention facility commits another felony while the offender is 556 an escapee in violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 557 2921.34 of the Revised Code, any prison term imposed upon the 558

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offender for one of those violations shall be served by the559offender consecutively to the prison term or term of560imprisonment the offender was serving when the offender561committed that offense and to any other prison term previously562or subsequently imposed upon the offender.563

(3) If a prison term is imposed for a violation of 564 division (B) of section 2911.01 of the Revised Code, a violation 565 of division (A) of section 2913.02 of the Revised Code in which 566 the stolen property is a firearm or dangerous ordnance, or a 567 felony violation of division (B) of section 2921.331 of the 568 Revised Code, the offender shall serve that prison term 569 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 570 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 571

(4) If multiple prison terms are imposed on an offender 572 for convictions of multiple offenses, the court may require the 573 offender to serve the prison terms consecutively if the court 574 finds that the consecutive service is necessary to protect the 575 public from future crime or to punish the offender and that 576 consecutive sentences are not disproportionate to the 577 seriousness of the offender's conduct and to the danger the 578 offender poses to the public, and if the court also finds any of 579 the following: 580

(a) The offender committed one or more of the multiple
offenses while the offender was awaiting trial or sentencing,
was under a sanction imposed pursuant to section 2929.16,
2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code, or was under postrelease control for a prior offense.

(b) At least two of the multiple offenses were committed
as part of one or more courses of conduct, and the harm caused
by two or more of the multiple offenses so committed was so
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great or unusual that no single prison term for any of the589offenses committed as part of any of the courses of conduct590adequately reflects the seriousness of the offender's conduct.591

(c) The offender's history of criminal conduct
 demonstrates that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect
 the public from future crime by the offender.

(5) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 595 pursuant to division (B)(5) or (6) of this section, the offender 596 shall serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior 597 to any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of 598 division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code 599 pursuant to division (A) of this section or section 2929.142 of 600 the Revised Code. If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an 601 offender pursuant to division (B) (5) of this section, and if a 602 mandatory prison term also is imposed upon the offender pursuant 603 to division (B)(6) of this section in relation to the same 604 violation, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term 605 imposed pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section 606 consecutively to and prior to the mandatory prison term imposed 607 pursuant to division (B)(6) of this section and consecutively to 608 and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying 609 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 610 Revised Code pursuant to division (A) of this section or section 611 2929.142 of the Revised Code. 612

(6) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to
division (C) (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) or division (H) (1) or (2)
of this section, the term to be served is the aggregate of all
of the terms so imposed.

(D)(1) If a court imposes a prison term for a felony of 617 the first degree, for a felony of the second degree, for a 618

felony sex offense, or for a felony of the third degree that is 619 not a felony sex offense and in the commission of which the 620 offender caused or threatened to cause physical harm to a 621 person, it shall include in the sentence a requirement that the 622 offender be subject to a period of post-release control after 62.3 the offender's release from imprisonment, in accordance with 624 625 that division. If a court imposes a sentence including a prison term of a type described in this division on or after July 11, 626 2006, the failure of a court to include a post-release control 627 requirement in the sentence pursuant to this division does not 628 negate, limit, or otherwise affect the mandatory period of post-629 release control that is required for the offender under division 630 (B) of section 2967.28 of the Revised Code. Section 2929.191 of 631 the Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, a court 632 imposed a sentence including a prison term of a type described 633 in this division and failed to include in the sentence pursuant 634 to this division a statement regarding post-release control. 635

(2) If a court imposes a prison term for a felony of the 636 third, fourth, or fifth degree that is not subject to division 637 (D)(1) of this section, it shall include in the sentence a 638 requirement that the offender be subject to a period of post-639 release control after the offender's release from imprisonment, 640 in accordance with that division, if the parole board determines 641 that a period of post-release control is necessary. Section 642 2929.191 of the Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, 643 a court imposed a sentence including a prison term of a type 644 described in this division and failed to include in the sentence 645 pursuant to this division a statement regarding post-release 646 control. 647

(E) The court shall impose sentence upon the offender in648accordance with section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, and Chapter649

2971. of the Revised Code applies regarding the prison term or650term of life imprisonment without parole imposed upon the651offender and the service of that term of imprisonment if any of652the following apply:653

(1) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violent
(1) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violent
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(1) offense, and, in relation to that offense, the offender is
(1) offense, and, in relation to redator.
(1) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violent predator.

(2) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 658 violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the 659 Revised Code committed on or after January 2, 2007, and either 660 the court does not impose a sentence of life without parole when 661 authorized pursuant to division (B) of section 2907.02 of the 662 Revised Code, or division (B) of section 2907.02 of the Revised 663 Code provides that the court shall not sentence the offender 664 pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code. 665

(3) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to attempted
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(67) of the Revised Code.
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(4) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a
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violation of section 2905.01 of the Revised Code committed on or
after January 1, 2008, and that section requires the court to
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sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised
673
Code.

(5) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to
aggravated murder committed on or after January 1, 2008, and
division (A) (2) (b) (ii) of section 2929.022, division (A) (1) (e),
(C) (1) (a) (v), (C) (2) (a) (ii), (D) (2) (b), (D) (3) (a) (iv), or (E) (1)
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(d) of section 2929.03, or division (A) or (B) of section
2929.06 of the Revised Code requires the court to sentence the
offender pursuant to division (B) (3) of section 2971.03 of the
Revised Code.

(6) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to murder
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(F) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded 688 quilty to a felony is sentenced to a prison term or term of 689 imprisonment under this section, sections 2929.02 to 2929.06 of 690 the Revised Code, section 2929.142 of the Revised Code, section 691 2971.03 of the Revised Code, or any other provision of law, 692 section 5120.163 of the Revised Code applies regarding the 693 person while the person is confined in a state correctional 694 institution. 695

(G) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to
a felony that is an offense of violence also is convicted of or
pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in
section 2941.142 of the Revised Code that charges the offender
with having committed the felony while participating in a
criminal gang, the court shall impose upon the offender an
additional prison term of one, two, or three years.

(H) (1) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty 703 to aggravated murder, murder, or a felony of the first, second, 704 or third degree that is an offense of violence also is convicted 705 of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in 706 section 2941.143 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 707 with having committed the offense in a school safety zone or 708

towards a person in a school safety zone, the court shall impose709upon the offender an additional prison term of two years. The710offender shall serve the additional two years consecutively to711and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense.712

(2) (a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 713 a felony violation of section 2907.22, 2907.24, 2907.241, or 714 2907.25 of the Revised Code and to a specification of the type 715 described in section 2941.1421 of the Revised Code and if the 716 court imposes a prison term on the offender for the felony 717 violation, the court may impose upon the offender an additional 718 prison term as follows: 719

(i) Subject to division (H) (2) (a) (ii) of this section, an additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, or six months;

(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one or more felony or misdemeanor violations of section 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of the Revised Code and also was convicted of or pleaded guilty to a specification of the type described in section 2941.1421 of the Revised Code regarding one or more of those violations, an additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, or twelve months.

(b) In lieu of imposing an additional prison term under 731 division (H)(2)(a) of this section, the court may directly 732 impose on the offender a sanction that requires the offender to 733 wear a real-time processing, continual tracking electronic 734 monitoring device during the period of time specified by the 735 court. The period of time specified by the court shall equal the 736 duration of an additional prison term that the court could have 737 imposed upon the offender under division (H)(2)(a) of this 738

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section. A sanction imposed under this division shall commence 739 on the date specified by the court, provided that the sanction 740 shall not commence until after the offender has served the 741 prison term imposed for the felony violation of section 2907.22, 742 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of the Revised Code and any 743 residential sanction imposed for the violation under section 744 2929.16 of the Revised Code. A sanction imposed under this 745 division shall be considered to be a community control sanction 746 for purposes of section 2929.15 of the Revised Code, and all 747 provisions of the Revised Code that pertain to community control 748 sanctions shall apply to a sanction imposed under this division, 749 except to the extent that they would by their nature be clearly 750 inapplicable. The offender shall pay all costs associated with a 751 sanction imposed under this division, including the cost of the 752 753 use of the monitoring device.

(I) At the time of sentencing, the court may recommend the 754 offender for placement in a program of shock incarceration under 755 section 5120.031 of the Revised Code or for placement in an 756 intensive program prison under section 5120.032 of the Revised 757 Code, disapprove placement of the offender in a program of shock 758 incarceration or an intensive program prison of that nature, or 759 make no recommendation on placement of the offender. In no case 760 shall the department of rehabilitation and correction place the 761 offender in a program or prison of that nature unless the 762 department determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 763 5120.032 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the 764 offender is eligible for the placement. 765

If the court disapproves placement of the offender in a766program or prison of that nature, the department of767rehabilitation and correction shall not place the offender in768any program of shock incarceration or intensive program prison.769

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a770program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program771prison, and if the offender is subsequently placed in the772recommended program or prison, the department shall notify the773court of the placement and shall include with the notice a brief774description of the placement.775

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program prison and the department does not subsequently place the offender in the recommended program or prison, the department shall send a notice to the court indicating why the offender was not placed in the recommended program or prison.

If the court does not make a recommendation under this 782 division with respect to an offender and if the department 783 determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the 784 Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the offender is 785 eligible for placement in a program or prison of that nature, 786 the department shall screen the offender and determine if there 787 is an available program of shock incarceration or an intensive 788 program prison for which the offender is suited. If there is an 789 available program of shock incarceration or an intensive program 790 prison for which the offender is suited, the department shall 791 notify the court of the proposed placement of the offender as 792 specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the Revised Code 793 and shall include with the notice a brief description of the 794 placement. The court shall have ten days from receipt of the 795 notice to disapprove the placement. 796

(J) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to
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aggravated vehicular homicide in violation of division (A) (1) of
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section 2903.06 of the Revised Code and division (B) (2) (c) of
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that section applies, the person shall be sentenced pursuant to section 2929.142 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 2947.231. If a business entity described in division 802 (B) (1) (j) (A) (2) or (k) (3) of section 4729.51 4729.541 of the 803 Revised Code pleads guilty or no contest to or is found guilty 804 of any criminal offense, the judge or magistrate shall include 805 in the sentence any costs incurred by the state board of 806 pharmacy in an investigation leading to the plea or conviction. 807 Investigative costs include staff salaries, administrative 808 809 costs, travel expenses, attorney's fees, and any other reasonable expense incurred by the board. The board shall set 810 forth the costs the entity is required to pay in an itemized 811 statement provided to the judge or magistrate. 812

Sec. 3707.56. (A) As used in this section, "board of 813 health" means a board of health of a city or general health 814 district or the authority having the duties of a board of health 815 under section 3709.05 of the Revised Code. 816

(B) A board of health, through a physician serving as the 817 board's health commissioner or medical director, may authorize 818 pharmacists and pharmacy interns working practicing pharmacy in 819 a county that includes all or part of the board's jurisdiction 820 health district represented by the board to use the protocol 821 developed pursuant to rules adopted under section 4729.44 of the 822 Revised Code for the purpose of dispensing naloxone under 823 section 4729.44 of the Revised Code. 824

Sec. 3707.58. (A) As used in this section and section8253707.59 of the Revised Code, "board of health" means a board of826health of a city or general health district or the authority827having the duties of a board of health under section 3709.05 of828the Revised Code.829

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division (D) of this section may, through a physician serving as       631         the board's health commissioner or medical director, authorize       632         one or more individuals to personally furnish a supply of       633         naloxone pursuant to the protocol to either of the following:       633         (1) An individual who there is reason to believe is       635         experiencing or at risk of experiencing an oploid-related       636         overdosa:       637         (2) A family member, friend, or other person in a position       638         to assist an individual who there is reason to believe is at       639         risk of experiencing an oploid-related overdose.       640         (C) (1) An individual authorized under this section may       641         personally furnish nalexone to an individual described in.       642         division (B) of this section if both of the following conditions       643         are met:       644         (a) The authorized individual complies with the protocol       645         whom nalexone is furnished to summon emergency services as secon       649         as practicable either before or after administering nalexone.       650         (2) An individual authorized under this section to       651         personally furnish nalexone may do so without having examined       652	(B) A board of health that establishes a protocol under_	830
the board's health commissioner or medical director, authorize832one or more individuals to personally furnish a supply of833naloxone pursuant to the protocol to either of the following:834(1) An individual who there is reason to believe is835sxperiencing or at risk of experiencing an opioid-related836overdose:837(2) A family member, friend, or other person in a position838to assist an individual who there is reason to believe is at839risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.840(C) (1) An individual authorized under this section may841personally furnish naloxone to an individual described in843division (B) of this section if both of the following conditions843are met:844(a) The authorized individual complies with the protocol845whom naloxone is furnished to summon emergency services as soon849as practicable either before or after administering naloxone.850(2) An individual authorized under this section to841(b) The authorized individual instructs the individual to848whom naloxone is furnished to summon emergency services as soon849as practicable either before or after administering naloxone.851(D) A board of health, through a physician serving as the854board's health commissioner or medical director, may establish a855protocol for personally furnishing naloxone under division (B)856of this section. The protocol must be in writing and include all857 <td></td> <td></td>		
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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	protocol for personally furnishing naloxone under division (B)	856
of the following: 858	of this section. The protocol must be in writing and include all	857
	of the following:	858

(1) A description of the clinical pharmacology of	859
<pre>naloxone;</pre>	860
(2) Precautions and contraindications concerning	861
furnishing naloxone;	862
(3) Any limitations the board specifies concerning the	863
individuals to whom naloxone may be furnished;	864
(4) The naloxone dosage that may be furnished and any	865
variation in the dosage based on circumstances specified in the	866
protocol;	867
(5) Labeling, storage, record-keeping, and administrative	868
requirements;	869
(6) Training requirements that must be met before an	870
individual will be authorized to furnish naloxone;	871
(7) Any instructions or training the authorized individual	872
must provide to an individual to whom naloxone is furnished.	873
(E) A board that in good faith authorizes an individual to	874
personally furnish naloxone under this section is not liable for	875
damages in any civil action for any act or omission of the	876
individual to whom the naloxone is furnished.	877
A physician serving as a board's health commissioner or	878
medical director who in good faith authorizes an individual to	879
personally furnish naloxone under this section is not liable for	880
or subject to any of the following for any act or omission of	881
the individual to whom the naloxone is furnished: damages in any	882
civil action, prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or	883
professional disciplinary action.	884
An individual authorized under this section to personally	885
furnish naloxone who does so in good faith is not liable for or	886

subject to any of the following for any act or omission of the	887
individual to whom the naloxone is furnished: damages in any	888
civil action, prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or	889
professional disciplinary action.	890
Sec. 3707.59. (A) As used in this section, "service	891
entity" has the same meaning as in section 4729.514 of the	892
Revised Code.	893
(B) A board of health that has established a protocol	894
under division (D) of this section may authorize an individual	895
who is an employee, volunteer, or contractor of a service entity	896
to administer naloxone to an individual who is apparently	897
experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	898
(C) An individual authorized by a board of health under	899
this section may administer naloxone to an individual who is	900
apparently experiencing an opioid-related overdose if both of	901
the following conditions are met:	902
(1) The authorized individual complies with the protocol	903
established by the board.	904
(2) The authorized individual summons emergency services	905
as soon as practicable either before or after administering the	906
naloxone.	907
(D) A board of health, through a physician serving as the	908
board's health commissioner or medical director, may establish a	909
protocol for administering naloxone under this section. The	910
protocol must be established in writing.	911
(E) A board that in good faith authorizes an individual to	912
administer naloxone under this section is not liable for damages	913
in any civil action for any act or omission of the authorized	914
individual.	915

A physician serving as a board's health commissioner or	916
medical director who in good faith authorizes an individual to	917
administer naloxone under this section is not liable for or	918
subject to any of the following for any act or omission of the	919
authorized individual: damages in any civil action, prosecution	920
in any criminal proceeding, or professional disciplinary action.	921
<u>A service entity or an employee, volunteer, or contractor</u>	922
of a service entity is not liable for or subject to any of the	923
following for injury, death, or loss to person or property that	924
allegedly arises from an act or omission associated with	925
procuring, maintaining, accessing, or using naloxone under this	926
section, unless the act or omission constitutes willful or	927
wanton misconduct: damages in any civil action, prosecution in	928
any criminal proceeding, or professional disciplinary action.	929
This section does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any	930
other immunity or defense that a service entity or an employee,	931
volunteer, or contractor of a service entity may be entitled to	932
under Chapter 2305. or any other provision of the Revised Code	933
or under the common law of this state.	934
Sec. 3719.121. (A) Except as otherwise provided in section	935
4723.28, 4723.35, 4730.25, 4731.22, 4734.39, or 4734.41 of the	936
Revised Code, the license, certificate, or registration of any	937
dentist, chiropractor, physician, podiatrist, registered nurse,	938
licensed practical nurse, physician assistant, pharmacist,	939
pharmacy intern, pharmacy technician trainee, registered	940
pharmacy technician, certified pharmacy technician, optometrist,	941
or veterinarian who is or becomes addicted to the use of	942
controlled substances shall be suspended by the board that	943
authorized the person's license, certificate, or registration	944
until the person offers satisfactory proof to the board that the	945

person no longer is addicted to the use of controlled 946 substances. 947

(B) If the board under which a person has been issued a 948 license, certificate, or evidence of registration determines 949 that there is clear and convincing evidence that continuation of 950 951 the person's professional practice or method of administering, prescribing, preparing, distributing, dispensing, or personally 952 furnishing controlled substances or other dangerous drugs 953 presents a danger of immediate and serious harm to others, the 954 955 board may suspend the person's license, certificate, or registration without a hearing. Except as otherwise provided in 956 sections 4715.30, 4723.281, 4729.16, 4730.25, 4731.22, and 957 4734.36 of the Revised Code, the board shall follow the 958 procedure for suspension without a prior hearing in section 959 119.07 of the Revised Code. The suspension shall remain in 960 effect, unless removed by the board, until the board's final 961 adjudication order becomes effective, except that if the board 962 does not issue its final adjudication order within ninety days 963 after the hearing, the suspension shall be void on the ninety-964 first day after the hearing. 965

(C) On receiving notification pursuant to section 2929.42 966 or 3719.12 of the Revised Code, the board under which a person 967 has been issued a license, certificate, or evidence of 968 registration immediately shall suspend the license, certificate, 969 or registration of that person on a plea of guilty to, a finding 970 by a jury or court of the person's guilt of, or conviction of a 971 felony drug abuse offense; a finding by a court of the person's 972 eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction; a plea of 973 guilty to, or a finding by a jury or court of the person's guilt 974 of, or the person's conviction of an offense in another 975 jurisdiction that is essentially the same as a felony drug abuse 976 offense; or a finding by a court of the person's eligibility for977treatment or intervention in lieu of conviction in another978jurisdiction. The board shall notify the holder of the license,979certificate, or registration of the suspension, which shall980remain in effect until the board holds an adjudicatory hearing981under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.982

Sec. 3719.21. Except as provided in division (C) of 983 section 2923.42, division (B) of section 2923.44, divisions (D) 984 (1), (F), and (H) of section 2925.03, division (D)(1) of section 985 2925.02, 2925.04, or 2925.05, division (E)(1) of section 986 2925.11, division (F) of section 2925.13, division (F) of 987 section 2925.36, division (D) of section 2925.22, division (H) 988 of section 2925.23, division (M) of section 2925.37, division 989 (B) of section 2925.42, division (B) of section 2929.18, 990 division (D) of section 3719.99, division (B)(1) of section 991 4729.65, division (E)(3) of section 4729.99, and division (I)(4) 992 (3) of section 4729.99 of the Revised Code, the clerk of the 993 court shall pay all fines or forfeited bail assessed and 994 collected under prosecutions or prosecutions commenced for 995 violations of this chapter, section 2923.42 of the Revised Code, 996 or Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code, within thirty days, to the 997 executive director of the state board of pharmacy, and the 998 executive director shall deposit the fines into the state 999 treasury to the credit of the occupational licensing and 1000 regulatory fund. 1001

Sec. 4729.06. The state board of pharmacy shall keep a 1002 record of its proceedings and a register of all persons to whom 1003 identification cards and \_\_\_\_\_\_ licenses, and registrations that have 1004 been granted as pharmacists or pharmacy interns, together with 1005 each renewal and suspension or revocation of an identification 1006 card and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ license, or registration. The books and registers of 1007

the board shall be prima-facie evidence of the matters therein 1008 recorded. The books and registers may be in electronic format. 1009 The president and executive director of the board may 1010 administer oaths. 1011 A statement signed by the executive director to which is 1012 affixed the official seal of the board to the effect that it 1013 appears from the records of the board that the board has not 1014 issued an identification card-and\_\_\_license-to practice-1015 pharmacy, or any of its branches, or registration to the person 1016 specified in the statement, or that an identification card-and. 1017 license, or registration, if issued, has been revoked or 1018 suspended, or the holder has been subjected to disciplinary 1019 action by the board shall be received as prima-facie evidence of 1020 the record of the board in any court or before any officer of 1021 this state. 1022 Sec. 4729.071. (A) As used in this section, "license" and 1023 "applicant for an initial license" have the same meanings as in 1024 section 4776.01 of the Revised Code, except that "license" as 1025 used in both of those terms refers to the types of 1026 authorizations otherwise issued or conferred under this chapter. 1027

(B) In addition to any other eligibility requirement set 1028 forth in this chapter, each applicant for an initial license 1029 shall comply with sections 4776.01 to 4776.04 of the Revised 1030 Code. The state board of pharmacy shall not grant a license to 1031 an applicant for an initial license unless the applicant 1032 complies with sections 4776.01 to 4776.04 of the Revised Code 1033 and the board, in its discretion, decides that the results of 1034 the criminal records check do not make the applicant ineligible 1035 for a license issued pursuant to section 4729.08, 4729.09, 1036 4729.11, or 4729.552, or 4729.553 of the Revised Code. 1037

Sec. 4729.10. The state board of pharmacy may adopt rules	1038
under section 4729.26 of the Revised Code requiring a licensee	1039
or registrant under this chapter to report to the board a	1040
violation of state or federal law, including any rule adopted	1041
under this chapter.	1042
In the absence of fraud or bad faith, a person who reports	1043
under this section or testifies in any adjudication conducted	1044
under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code is not liable to any	1045
person for damages in a civil action as a result of the report	1046
<u>or testimony.</u>	1047
Sec. 4729.16. (A)(1) The state board of pharmacy, after	1048
notice and hearing in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	1049
Revised Code, may <del>revoke, impose any one or more of the</del>	1050
following sanctions on a pharmacist or pharmacy intern if the	1051
board finds the individual engaged in any of the conduct set	1052
forth in division (A)(2) of this section:	1053
<u>(a) Revoke, suspend, restrict, limit, or refuse to grant</u>	1054
or renew a license;	1055
(b) Reprimand or place the license holder on probation, or	1056
refuse to grant or renew an identification card, or may impose <u>;</u>	1057
(c) Impose a monetary penalty or forfeiture not to exceed	1058
in severity any fine designated under the Revised Code for a	1059
similar offense, or in the case of a violation of a section of	1060
the Revised Code that does not bear a penalty, a monetary	1061
penalty or forfeiture of not more than five hundred dollars $\overline{\tau_{ \cdot}}$	1062
(2) The board may impose the sanctions listed in division	1063
(A)(1) of this section if the board finds a pharmacist or	1064
pharmacy intern:	1065
(1) Guilty of a felony or gross immorality;	1066

(2) Guilty of (a) Has been convicted of a felony, or a 1067 crime of moral turpitude, as defined in section 4776.10 of the 1068 Revised Code; 1069 (b) Engaged in dishonesty or unprofessional conduct in the 1070 practice of pharmacy; 1071 (3) Addicted (c) Is addicted to or abusing alcohol or 1072 drugs or is impaired physically or mentally to such a degree as 1073 to render the pharmacist or pharmacy intern unfit to practice 1074 1075 pharmacy;  $\frac{(4)}{(d)}$  Has been convicted of a misdemeanor related to, or 1076 1077 committed in, the practice of pharmacy; (5) Guilty of willfully violating, conspiring (e) 1078 Violated, conspired to violate, attempting attempted to violate, 1079 or aiding and abetting aided and abetted the violation of any of 1080 the provisions of this chapter, sections 3715.52 to 3715.72 of 1081 the Revised Code, Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the Revised Code, or 1082 any rule adopted by the board under those provisions; 1083 (6) Guilty of permitting anyone (f) Permitted someone 1084 other than a pharmacist or pharmacy intern to practice pharmacy; 1085 (7) Guilty of knowingly lending (q) Knowingly lent the 1086 pharmacist's or pharmacy intern's name to an illegal 1087 practitioner of pharmacy or having had a professional connection 1088 with an illegal practitioner of pharmacy; 1089 (8) Guilty of dividing (h) Divided or agreeing agreed to 1090 divide remuneration made in the practice of pharmacy with any 1091 other individual, including, but not limited to, any licensed 1092 health professional authorized to prescribe drugs or any owner, 1093 manager, or employee of a health care facility, residential care 1094 1095 facility, or nursing home;

(9) Has violated (i) Violated the terms of a consult 1096 agreement entered into pursuant to section 4729.39 of the 1097 Revised Code; 1098 (10) Has committed (j) Committed fraud, misrepresentation, 1099 or deception in applying for or securing a license or 1100 identification card issued by the board under this chapter or 1101 under Chapter 3715. or 3719. of the Revised Code; 1102 (k) Failed to comply with an order of the board or a 1103 1104 settlement agreement; (1) Engaged in any other conduct for which the board may 1105 impose discipline as set forth in rules adopted under section 1106 4729.26 of the Revised Code. 1107 (B) Any individual whose identification card or license is 1108 revoked, suspended, or refused, shall return the identification 1109 card and license to the offices of the state board of pharmacy 1110 within ten days after receipt of notice of such action. 1111 (C) As used in this section: 1112 "Unprofessional conduct in the practice of pharmacy" 1113 includes any of the following: 1114 (1) Advertising or displaying signs that promote dangerous 1115 drugs to the public in a manner that is false or misleading; 1116 (2) Except as provided in section 4729.281 or 4729.44 of 1117 the Revised Code, the dispensing or sale of any drug for which a 1118 prescription is required, without having received a prescription 1119 for the drug; 1120 (3) Knowingly dispensing medication pursuant to false or 1121 forged prescriptions; 1122

(4) Knowingly failing to maintain complete and accurate	1123
records of all dangerous drugs received or dispensed in	1124
compliance with federal laws and regulations and state laws and	1125
rules;	1126
(5) Obtaining any remuneration by fraud,	1127
misrepresentation, or deception;	1127
misrepresentation, or deception <u>r</u>	1120
(6) Failing to conform to prevailing standards of care of	1129
similar pharmacists or pharmacy interns under the same or	1130
similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a patient	1131
<u>is established;</u>	1132
(7) Engaging in any other conduct that the board specifies	1133
as unprofessional conduct in rules adopted under section 4729.26	1134
of the Revised Code.	1135
	1120
(D) The board may suspend a license or identification card	1136
under division (B) of section 3719.121 of the Revised Code by	1137
utilizing a telephone conference call to review the allegations	1138
and take a vote.	1139
(E) If, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 119. of	1140
the Revised Code, the board has reasonable cause to believe that	1141
an individual who is a pharmacist or pharmacy intern is	1142
physically or mentally impaired, the board may require the	1143
pharmacist or pharmacy intern individual to submit to a physical	1144
or mental examination, or both. The expense of the examination	1145
is the responsibility of the individual required to be examined.	1146
Failure of any individual to submit to a physical or	1147
mental examination ordered by the board, unless the failure is	1148
due to circumstances beyond the individual's control,	1149
constitutes an admission of the allegations and a default and	1150
	1150
final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or	TTOT

# presentation of evidence.

If the board determines that the individual's ability to	1153
practice is impaired, the board shall suspend the individual's	1154
license or deny the individual's application and shall require	1155
the individual, as a condition for an initial, continued,	1156
reinstated, or renewed license to practice, to submit to a	1157
physical or mental examination or treatment.	1158
(F) If the board is required under Chapter 119. of the	1159
Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and	1160
the applicant or licensee does not make a timely request for a	1161
hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code,	1162
the board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt a	1163
final order that contains the board's findings. In the final	1164
order, the board may impose any of the sanctions listed in_	1165
division (A) of this section.	1166
(G) Notwithstanding the provision of division (C)(2) of	1167
section 2953.32 of the Revised Code specifying that if records	1168
pertaining to a criminal case are sealed under that section the	1169
proceedings in the case must be deemed not to have occurred,	1170
sealing of the following records on which the board has based an	1171
action under this section shall have no effect on the board's	1172
action or any sanction imposed by the board under this section:	1173
records of any conviction, guilty plea, judicial finding of	1174
guilt resulting from a plea of no contest, or a judicial finding	1175
of eligibility for a pretrial diversion program or intervention	1176
in lieu of conviction. The board shall not be required to seal,	1177
destroy, redact, or otherwise modify its records to reflect the	1178
court's sealing of conviction records.	1179
(II) No pharmagist or pharmagy integra shall bravingly	1100
(H) No pharmacist or pharmacy intern shall knowingly	1180
engage in any conduct described in divisions (A)(2)(b) or (A)(2)	1181

#### (e) to (l) of this section.

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Sec. 4729.18. The state board of pharmacy shall adopt	1183
rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code	1184
establishing standards for approving and designating physicians	1185
and facilities as treatment providers for pharmacists with	1186
substance abuse problems and shall approve and designate	1187
treatment providers in accordance with the rules. The rules	1188
shall include standards for both inpatient and outpatient	1189
treatment. The rules shall provide that to be approved, a	1190
treatment provider must be capable of making an initial	1191
examination to determine the type of treatment required for a	1192
pharmacist with substance abuse problems. Subject to the rules,	1193
the board shall review and approve treatment providers on a	1194
regular basis and may, at its discretion, withdraw or deny	1195
approval.	1196

An approved treatment provider shall:

(A) Report to the board the name of any pharmacist 1198 suffering or showing evidence of suffering impairment by reason 1199 of being addicted to or abusing alcohol or drugs as described in 1200 division (A) (3)(2)(c) of section 4729.16 of the Revised Code who 1201 fails to comply within one week with a referral for examination; 1202

(B) Report to the board the name of any impaired
pharmacist who fails to enter treatment within forty-eight hours
following the provider's determination that the pharmacist needs
treatment;

(C) Require every pharmacist who enters treatment to agree
to a treatment contract establishing the terms of treatment and
aftercare, including any required supervision or restrictions of
practice during treatment or aftercare;

1212 any required inpatient treatment; (E) Report to the board any failure by an impaired 1213 pharmacist to comply with the terms of the treatment contract 1214 during inpatient or outpatient treatment or aftercare; 1215 (F) Report to the board the resumption of practice of any 1216 impaired pharmacist before the treatment provider has made a 1217 clear determination that the pharmacist is capable of practicing 1218 according to acceptable and prevailing standards; 1219 (G) Require a pharmacist who resumes practice after 1220 completion of treatment to comply with an aftercare contract 1221 that meets the requirements of rules adopted by the board for 1222 approval of treatment providers; 1223 (H) Report to the board any pharmacist who suffers a 1224 relapse at any time during or following aftercare. 1225 Any pharmacist who enters into treatment by an approved 1226 treatment provider shall be deemed to have waived any 1227 confidentiality requirements that would otherwise prevent the 1228 treatment provider from making reports required under this 1229 section. 1230 In the absence of fraud or bad faith, no professional 1231 association of pharmacists licensed under this chapter that 1232 sponsors a committee or program to provide peer assistance to 1233 pharmacists with substance abuse problems, no representative or 1234 agent of such a committee or program, and no member of the state 1235

(D) Require a pharmacist to suspend practice on entering

board of pharmacy shall be liable to any person for damages in a 1236 civil action by reason of actions taken to refer a pharmacist to 1237 a treatment provider designated by the board or actions or 1238 omissions of the provider in treating a pharmacist. 1239

1211

In the absence of fraud or bad faith, no person who 1240 reports to the board a pharmacist with a suspected substance 1241 abuse problem shall be liable to any person for damages in a 1242 civil action as a result of the report. 1243

Sec. 4729.19. (A) Notwithstanding division (B) (4) of 1244 section 2317.02 of the Revised Code, a pharmacist, pharmacy 1245 intern, pharmacy technician trainee, registered pharmacy 1246 technician, certified pharmacy technician, licensed terminal 1247 distributor of dangerous drugs, or registered wholesale 1248 distributor of dangerous drugs shall cooperate with federal, 1249 state, and local government investigations and shall divulge all 1250 relevant information when requested by a government agency. 1251

(B) A pharmacist, pharmacy intern, pharmacy technician1252trainee, registered pharmacy technician, certified pharmacy1253technician, licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs, or1254registered wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs shall not1255fail to comply with division (A) of this section.1256

Sec. 4729.38. (A) Unless instructed otherwise by the 1257 person receiving the drug pursuant to the prescription, a 1258 pharmacist filling a prescription for a drug prescribed by its 1259 brand name may select a generically equivalent drug, as defined 1260 in section 3715.01 of the Revised Code, subject to the following 1261 conditions: 1262

(1) The pharmacist shall not select a generically
equivalent drug if the prescriber handwrites "dispense as
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written," or "D.A.W.," on the written prescription, or, when
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ordering a prescription electronically or orally, the prescriber
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specifies that the prescribed drug is medically necessary. These
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designations shall not be preprinted or stamped on the
prescription. Division (A) (1) of this section does not preclude

of a generically equivalent drug from being preprinted on the 1271 prescription. 1272 (2) The pharmacist shall not select a generically 1273 equivalent drug unless its price to the patient is less than or 1274 equal to the price of the prescribed drug. 1275 (3) The pharmacist, or the pharmacist's agent, assistant, 1276 or employee shall inform the patient or the patient's agent if a 1277 generically equivalent drug is available at a lower or equal 1278 cost, and of the person's right to refuse the drug selected. 1279 Division (A)(3) of this section does not apply to any: 1280 (a) Prescription that is billed to any agency, division, 1281 or department of this state which will reimburse the pharmacy; 1282 (b) Prescriptions for patients of a hospital, nursing 1283 home, or similar patient care facility. 1284 (B) Unless the prescriber instructs otherwise, the label 1285 for every drug dispensed shall include the drug's brand name, if 1286 any, or its generic name and the name of the distributor, using 1287 abbreviations if necessary. When dispensing at retail a 1288 generically equivalent drug for the brand name drug prescribed, 1289 the pharmacist shall indicate on the drug's label or container 1290

a reminder of the procedure required to prohibit the selection

that a generic substitution was made. The labeling requirements1291established by this division are in addition to all other1292labeling requirements of Chapter 3715. of the Revised Code.1293

(C) A pharmacist who selects a generically equivalent drug
pursuant to this section assumes no greater liability for
selecting the dispensed drug than would be incurred in filling a
prescription for a drug prescribed by its brand name.

(D) The failure of a prescriber to restrict a prescription 1298

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1270

by specifying "dispense as written," or "D.A.W.," pursuant to 1299 division (A) (1) of this section shall not constitute evidence of 1300 the prescriber's negligence unless the prescriber had reasonable 1301 cause to believe that the health condition of the patient for 1302 whom the drug was intended warranted the prescription of a 1303 specific brand name drug and no other. No prescriber shall be 1304 liable for civil damages or in any criminal prosecution arising 1305 from the interchange of a generically equivalent drug for a 1306 prescribed brand name drug by a pharmacist, unless the 1307 prescribed brand name drug would have reasonably caused the same 1308 loss, damage, injury, or death. 1309

(E) No pharmacist shall knowingly engage in conduct that1310is prohibited by division (A) or (B) of this section.1311

Sec. 4729.40. (A) (1) (a) The state board of pharmacy may 1312 designate one or more attorneys at law who have been admitted to 1313 the practice of law, and who are classified as either 1314 administrative law attorney examiners or as administrative law 1315 attorney examiner administrators under the state job 1316 classification plan adopted under section 124.14 of the Revised 1317 Code, as hearing examiners, subject to Chapter 119. of the 1318 Revised Code, to conduct any hearing the board is empowered to 1319 hold or undertake pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. 1320

(b) Notwithstanding the requirement of division (A)(1)(a) 1321 of this section that the board designate as a hearing examiner 1322 an attorney who is classified as either an administrative law 1323 attorney examiner or an administrative law attorney examiner 1324 administrator, the board may, subject to section 127.16 of the 1325 Revised Code, enter into a personal service contract with an 1326 attorney admitted to the practice of law in this state to serve 1327 as a hearing examiner. 1328

(2) The hearing examiner shall hear and consider the oral	1329
and documented evidence introduced by the parties and issue in	1330
writing proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law to the	1331
board for their consideration within thirty days following the	1332
close of the hearing.	1333
	1 2 2 4
(B) The board shall be given copies of the transcript of	1334
the hearing record and all exhibits and documents presented by	1335
the parties at the hearing.	1336
(C) The board shall render a decision and take action	1337
within ninety days following the receipt of the hearing	1338
examiner's proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law.	1339
(D) The final desiries of the beauting and beauting shall	1240
(D) The final decision of the board in any hearing shall	1340
be in writing and contain findings of fact and conclusions of	1341
law. Copies of the decision shall be delivered to the parties	1342
personally or by certified mail. The decision is final on	1343
delivery or mailing, but may be appealed as provided by Chapter	1344
119. of the Revised Code.	1345
Sec. 4729.45. (A) As used in this section, "opioid	1346
analgesic" has the same meaning as in section 3719.01 of the	1347
Revised Code.	1348
(B) Except as provided in division (C) of this section,	1349
both of the following apply with respect to a prescription for	1350
an opioid analgesic to be used by an individual on an outpatient	1351
basis:	1352
(1) A pharmacist, pharmacy intern, or terminal distributor	1353
of dangerous drugs shall not dispense or sell the opioid	1354
analgesic in an amount that exceeds a ninety-day supply, as	1355
determined according to the prescription's directions for use of	1356
the drug, regardless of whether the prescription was issued for	1357

<u>a greater amount.</u>	1358
(2) A pharmacist, pharmacy intern, or terminal distributor	1359
of dangerous drugs shall not dispense or sell the opioid	1360
analgesic if more than thirty days have elapsed since the	1361
prescription was issued.	1362
(C) Division (B) of this section does not apply when a	1363
pharmacist, pharmacy intern, or terminal distributor of	1364
dangerous drugs dispenses or sells an opioid analgesic to be	1365
delivered outside of this state by mail, parcel post, or common	1366
carrier to a patient who resides outside of this state.	1367
Sec. 4729.51. (A) (1) Except as provided in division (A) (2)	1368
<del>of this section, no</del> <u>No</u> person other than a registered wholesale	1369
distributor of dangerous drugs shall possess for sale, sell,	1370
distribute, or deliver, at wholesale, dangerous drugs, except as	1371
follows:	1372
(a) (1) A pharmacist who is a licensed terminal	1373
distributor of dangerous drugs <del>or who is employed by a licensed</del>	1374
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs that is a pharmacy may	1375
make occasional sales of dangerous drugs at wholesale.	1376
<del>(b) <u>(</u>2) A</del> licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	1377
having more than one establishment or place licensed location	1378
may transfer or deliver dangerous drugs from one establishment	1379
or place for which a license has been issued to the terminal	1380
distributor licensed location to another establishment or place	1381
for which a license has been issued to the terminal distributor	1382
licensed location owned by that terminal distributor if the	1383
license issued for each <del>establishment or place <u>location</u> is in</del>	1384
effect at the time of the transfer or delivery.	1385
	1200

(c) (3) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs 1386

that is not a pharmacy may make occasional sales of naloxone at 1387 wholesale to a state or local law enforcement agency if the 1388 terminal distributor is any of the following: 1389 1390 (i) A board of health of a city or general healthdistrict; 1391 (ii) An authority having the duties of a board of health 1392 under section 3709.05 of the Revised Code; 1393 1394 (iii) A health department operated by such a board or authority. 1395 (2) A manufacturer of dangerous drugs may donate inhalers, 1396 as defined in section 3313.7113 of the Revised Code, and 1397 epinephrine autoinjectors to any of the following: 1398 (a) The board of education of a city, local, exempted 1399 village, or joint vocational school district; 1400 (b) A community school established under Chapter 3314. of 1401 the Revised Code: 1402 (c) A STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the 1403 Revised Code; 1404 (d) A college preparatory boarding school established 1405 under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code; 1406 (e) A chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school. 1407 (B) (1) No registered wholesale distributor of dangerous 1408 drugs shall possess for sale, or sell, or distribute, at 1409 wholesale, dangerous drugs to any person other than the 1410 following: 1411 (a) Except as provided in division (B)(2)(a) of this 1412

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Code, a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe 1414 drugs; 1415 (b) An optometrist licensed under Chapter 4725. of the 1416 Revised Code who holds a topical ocular pharmaceutical agents -1417 certificate; 1418 (c) (1) Subject to division (D) of this section, a 1419 licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs; 1420 (2) Subject to division (C) of this section, any person 1421 exempt from licensure as a terminal distributor of dangerous 1422 drugs under section 4729.541 of the Revised Code; 1423 (3) A registered wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs; 1424 1425 (d) A manufacturer of dangerous drugs; (e) Subject to division (B) (3) of this section, a licensed 1426 terminal distributor of dangerous drugs; 1427 (f) Carriers or warehouses for the purpose of carriage or 1428 1429 storage; (g) Terminal (4) A terminal or wholesale distributors 1430 distributor of dangerous drugs who are that is located in 1431 another state, is not engaged in the sale of dangerous drugs 1432 within this state +, and is actively licensed to engage in the 1433 sale of dangerous drugs by the state in which the distributor 1434 1435 conducts business. (h) An individual who holds a current license, 1436 certificate, or registration issued under Title XLVII of the 1437 Revised Code and has been certified to conduct diabetes 1438 education by a national certifying body specified in rules 1439 adopted by the state board of pharmacy under section 4729.68 of 1440 the Revised Code, but only with respect to insulin that will be 1441

used for the purpose of diabetes education and only if diabetes 1442 education is within the individual's scope of practice under 1443 statutes and rules regulating the individual's profession; 1444 (i) An individual who holds a valid certificate issued by 1445 a nationally recognized S.C.U.B.A. diving certifying-1446 1447 organization approved by the state board of pharmacy in rule, but only with respect to medical oxygen that will be used for 1448 1449 the purpose of emergency care or treatment at the scene of a diving emergency; 1450 (j) Except as provided in division (B) (2) (b) of this 1451 section and division (A) of section 4729.541 of the Revised 1452 Code, a business entity that is a corporation formed under-1453 division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited 1454 liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised 1455 Code, or a professional association formed under Chapter 1785. 1456 of the Revised Code if the entity has a sole shareholder who is-1457 a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs and 1458 is authorized to provide the professional services being offered 1459 1460 by the entity; (k) Except as provided in division (B)(2)(c) of this 1461 section and division (A) of section 4729.541 of the Revised 1462 Code, a business entity that is a corporation formed under 1463 division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited 1464 liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised 1465 Code, a partnership or a limited liability partnership formed 1466 under Chapter 1775. of the Revised Code, or a professional 1467 association formed under Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code, if, 1468 to be a shareholder, member, or partner, an individual is-1469 required to be licensed, certified, or otherwise legally 1470 authorized under Title XLVII of the Revised Code to perform the 1471

professional service provided by the entity and each such 1472 individual is a licensed health professional authorized to 1473 prescribe drugs; 1474 (1) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be 1475 possessed under section 3313.7110, 3313.7111, 3314.143, 3326.28, 1476 or 3328.29 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board 1477 of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint-1478 vocational school district; a chartered or nonchartered 1479 nonpublic school; a community school established under Chapter-1480 3314. of the Revised Code; a STEM school established under-1481 Chapter 3326. of the Revised Code; or a college-preparatory 1482 boarding school established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised 1483 Code; 1484 (m) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be 1485 possessed under section 5101.76 of the Revised Code, any of the 1486 following: a residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of 1487 the Revised Code; a child day camp, as defined in section-1488 5104.01 of the Revised Code; or a child day camp operated by any 1489 1490 county, township, municipal corporation, township park districtcreated under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district 1491 created under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint 1492 recreation district established under section 755.14 of the 1493 Revised Code; 1494 (n) With respect to naloxone that may be possessed under 1495 section 2925.61 of the Revised Code, a law enforcement agency 1496 and its peace officers; 1497 (o) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under-1498 section 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of 1499 the Revised Code, any of the following: the board of education 1500

of a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school 1501

district; a chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school; a	1502
community school established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised-	1503
Code; a STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the	1504
Revised Code; or a college-preparatory boarding school-	1505
established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code;	1506

(p) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under-	1507
section 5101.77 of the Revised Code, any of the following: a	1508
residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of the Revised	1509
Code; a child day camp, as defined in section 5104.01 of the	1510
Revised Code; or a child day camp operated by any county,-	1511
township, municipal corporation, township park district created	1512
under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district created	1513
under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint recreation-	1514
district established under section 755.14 of the Revised Code.	1515

<del>(2)</del> No registered wholesale distributor of dangerous	1516
drugs shall possess for sale, <del>or </del> sell, <u>or distribute,</u> at	1517
wholesale, dangerous drugs to <del>any <u>either</u> of the following:</del>	1518

(a) (1)A prescriber who is employed by a pain management1519clinic that is not licensed as a terminal distributor of1520dangerous drugs with a pain management clinic classification1521issued under section 4729.552 of the Revised Code;1522

(b) A business entity described in division (B)(1)(j) of1523this section that is, or is operating, a pain management clinic1524without a license as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs1525with a pain management clinic classification issued under1526section 4729.552 of the Revised Code;1527

(c) A business entity described in division (B)(1)(k) of	1528
this section that is, or is operating, a pain management clinic-	1529
without a license as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs-	1530

with a pain management clinic classification issued under	1531
section 4729.552 of the Revised Code(2) A prescriber who is	1532
employed by an office-based opioid treatment facility pursuant	1533
to section 4729.553 of the Revised Code.	1534
(3) (D) No registered wholesale distributor of dangerous	1535
drugs shall possess dangerous drugs for sale at wholesale, or	1536
sell <u>or distribute</u> such drugs at wholesale, to a licensed	1537
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs, except as follows:	1538
$\frac{(a)}{(1)}$ In the case of a terminal distributor with a	1539
category I license, only dangerous drugs described in category	1540
I, as defined in division (A)(1) of section 4729.54 of the	1541
Revised Code;	1542
$\frac{(b)}{(2)}$ In the case of a terminal distributor with a	1543
category II license, only dangerous drugs described in category	1544
I and category II, as defined in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of	1545
section 4729.54 of the Revised Code;	1546
$\frac{(c)}{(3)}$ In the case of a terminal distributor with a	1547
category III license, dangerous drugs described in category I,	1548
category II, and category III, as defined in divisions (A)(1),	1549
(2), and (3) of section 4729.54 of the Revised Code;	1550
$\frac{(d)}{(d)}$ In the case of a terminal distributor with a	1551
limited category I, II, or III license, only the dangerous drugs	1552
specified in the certificate furnished by the terminal	1553
distributor in accordance with section 4729.60 of the Revised	1554
Code.	1555
<del>(C)<u>(E)</u>(1)</del> Except as provided in division <del>(C)(4)<u>(E)(2)</u> of</del>	1556
this section, no person shall <del>sell <u>do</u> any of the following:</del>	1557
<u>(a) Sell or distribute</u> , at retail, dangerous drugs <del>.</del>	1558

(2) Except as provided in division (C)(4) of this section,	1559
<del>no person shall possess <u>;</u></del>	1560
<u>(b) Possess</u> for sale, at retail, dangerous drugs <del>.</del>	1561
(3) Except as provided in division (C)(4) of this section,	1562
no person shall possess <u>;</u>	1563
<u>(c) Possess</u> dangerous drugs.	1564
(4) Divisions (C)(1), (2), and (3) (2)(a) Divisions (E)(1)	1565
<u>(a), (b), and (c) of this section do not apply to a registered</u>	1566
wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs or a any of the	1567
following:	1568
<u>(i) A</u> licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs <del>.</del>	1569
Divisions (C)(1), (2), and (3) of this section do not-	1570
<del>apply to a <u>(</u>ii) A p</del> erson who possesses, or possesses for sale or	1571
sells, at retail, a dangerous drug in accordance with Chapters	1572
3719., 4715., 4723., 4725., 4729., 4730., 4731., and 4741. of	1573
the Revised Code <u>;</u>	1574
(iii) Any of the persons identified in divisions (A)(1) to	1575
(5) and (12) of section 4729.541 of the Revised Code, but only	1576
to the extent specified in that section.	1577
Divisions (C)(1), (2), and (3) of this section do not	1578
apply to an individual who holds a current license, certificate,	1579
or registration issued under Title XLVII of the Revised Code and	1580
has been certified to conduct diabetes education by a national	1581
certifying body specified in rules adopted by the state board of	1582
pharmacy under section 4729.68 of the Revised Code, but only to-	1583
the extent that the individual possesses insulin or personally	1584
supplies insulin solely for the purpose of diabetes education -	1585
and only if diabetes education is within the individual's scope	1586

profession.

of practice under statutes and rules regulating the individual's Divisions (C) (1), (2), and (3) of this section do not apply to an individual who holds a valid certificate issued by a nationally recognized S.C.U.B.A. diving certifying organization approved by the state board of pharmacy in rule, but only to the extent that the individual possesses medical oxygen orpersonally supplies medical oxygen for the purpose of emergencycare or treatment at the scene of a diving emergency.

Division (C) (3) of this section does not apply to the 1596 board of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint-1597 vocational school district, a school building operated by a 1598 school district board of education, a chartered or nonchartered 1599 nonpublic school, a community school, a STEM school, or a 1600 college preparatory boarding school for the purpose of 1601 possessing epinephrine autoinjectors under section 3313.7110, 1602 3313.7111, 3314.143, 3326.28, or 3328.29 of the Revised Code and 1603 for the purpose of possessing inhalers under section 3313.7113, 1604 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of the Revised Code. 1605

Division (C) (3) of this section does not apply to a 1606 residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of the Revised 1607 Code, a child day camp, as defined in section 5104.01 of the 1608 Revised Code, or a child day camp operated by any county, 1609 township, municipal corporation, township park district created 1610 under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district created 1611 under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint recreation-1612 district established under section 755.14 of the Revised Code-1613 for the purpose of possessing epinephrine autoinjectors under-1614 section 5101.76 of the Revised Code and for the purpose of 1615 possessing inhalers under section 5101.77 of the Revised Code. 1616

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<del>Division (C)(3) of this section does not apply to a law</del>	1617
enforcement agency or the agency's peace officers if the agency-	1618
or officers possess naloxone for administration to individuals	1619
who are apparently experiencing opioid-related overdoses(b)	1620
Division (E)(1)(c) of this section does not apply to any of the	1621
following:	1622
(i) A registered wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs;	1623
(ii) Any of the persons identified in divisions (A)(6) to	1624
(11) of section 4729.541 of the Revised Code, but only to the	1625
extent specified in that section.	1626
<del>(D) <u>(</u>F) No licensed terminal distributor of dangerous</del>	1627
drugs <u>or a person that is exempt from licensure under section</u>	1628
4729.541 of the Revised Code shall purchase for the purpose of	1629
resale dangerous drugs from any person other than a registered	1630
wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs, except as follows:	1631
(1) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs <u>or</u>	1632
a person that is exempt from licensure under section 4729.541 of	1633
the Revised Code may make occasional purchases of dangerous	1634
drugs for resale from a pharmacist who is a licensed terminal	1635
distributor of dangerous drugs or who is employed by a licensed	1636
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs; that are sold in	1637
accordance with division (A)(1) or (3) of this section.	1638
(2) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	1639
having more than one establishment or place <u>licensed location</u>	1640
may transfer or <del>receive <u>deliver</u> dangerous drugs from one</del>	1641
establishment or place for which a license has been issued to-	1642
the terminal distributor licensed location to another	1643
establishment or place for which a license has been issued to	1644
the terminal distributor licensed location if the license issued	1645

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for each observationment of prace <u>rocation</u> to in critere at the	1010
time of the transfer or <u>receipt</u> <u>delivery</u> .	1647
<del>(E) <u>(G)</u> No licensed terminal distributor of dangerous</del>	1648
drugs shall engage in the <u>retail sale</u> or other distribution of	1649
dangerous drugs <del>at retail</del> or maintain possession, custody, or	1650
control of dangerous drugs for any purpose other than the	1651
distributor's personal use or consumption, at any establishment	1652
or place other than that or those described in the license	1653
issued by the state board of pharmacy to such terminal	1654
distributor.	1655
$\frac{(F)}{(H)}$ Nothing in this section shall be construed to	1656
interfere with the performance of official duties by any law	1657
enforcement official authorized by municipal, county, state, or	1658
federal law to collect samples of any drug, regardless of its	1659
nature or in whose possession it may be.	1660
$\frac{(G)}{(I)}$ Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this	1661
section, the board of education of a city, local, exempted	1662
village, or joint vocational school district may <del>deliver</del>	1663
<u>distribute</u> epinephrine autoinjectors <del>to a school under its</del>	1664
control for the purpose of possessing the epinephrine -	1665
autoinjectors under for use in accordance with section 3313.7110	1666
of the Revised Code and may <del>deliver <u>distribute</u> inhalers to a</del>	1667
school under its control for the purpose of possessing the	1668
inhalers under for use in accordance with section 3313.7113 of	1669
the Revised Code.	1670
Sec. 4729.513. A manufacturer of dangerous drugs may	1671
donate inhalers, as defined in section 3313.7113 of the Revised	1672
Code, and epinephrine autoinjectors to any of the following:	1673
(A) The board of education of a city, local, exempted	1674

for each <del>establishment or place <u>location</u> is in effect at the</del>

village, or joint vocational school district; 1675 (B) A community school established under Chapter 3314. of 1676 the Revised Code; 1677 (C) A STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the 1678 Revised Code; 1679 (D) A college-preparatory boarding school established 1680 under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code; 1681 (E) A chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school. 1682 Sec. 4729.514. (A) As used in this section, "service 1683 entity" means a public or private entity that provides services 1684 to individuals who there is reason to believe may be at risk of 1685 experiencing an opioid-related overdose. "Service entity" 1686 includes a college or university, school, local health 1687 department, addiction treatment facility, halfway house, prison, 1688 jail, community residential center, homeless shelter, or similar 1689 1690 location. (B) A service entity may procure naloxone for use in 1691 1692 emergency situations. 1693 (C) A service entity or an employee, volunteer, or contractor of a service entity is not liable for or subject to 1694 any of the following for injury, death, or loss to person or 1695 property that allegedly arises from an act or omission 1696 associated with procuring, maintaining, accessing, or using 1697 naloxone under this section, unless the act or omission 1698 constitutes willful or wanton misconduct: damages in any civil 1699 action, prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or professional 1700 disciplinary action. 1701

This section does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any 1702

other immunity or defense that a service entity or an employee,	1703
volunteer, or contractor of a service entity may be entitled to	1704
under Chapter 2305. or any other provision of the Revised Code	1705
or under the common law of this state.	1706
Sec. 4729.54. (A) As used in this section:	1707
(1) "Category I" means single-dose injections of	1708
intravenous fluids, including saline, Ringer's lactate, five per	1709
cent dextrose and distilled water, and other intravenous fluids	1710
or parenteral solutions included in this category by rule of the	1711
state board of pharmacy, that have a volume of one hundred	1712
milliliters or more and that contain no added substances, or	1713
single-dose injections of epinephrine to be administered	1714
pursuant to sections 4765.38 and 4765.39 of the Revised Code.	1715
(2) "Category II" means any dangerous drug that is not	1716
included in category I or III.	1717
(3) "Category III" means any controlled substance that is	1718
contained in schedule I, II, III, IV, or V.	1719
(4) "Emergency medical service organization" has the same	1720
meaning as in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	1721
(5) "Person" includes an emergency medical service	1722
organization.	1723
(6) "Schedule I, schedule II, schedule III, schedule IV,	1724
and schedule V" mean controlled substance schedules I, II, III,	1725
IV, and V, respectively, as established pursuant to section	1726
3719.41 of the Revised Code and as amended.	1727
(B)(1) A person who desires to be licensed as a terminal	1728
distributor of dangerous drugs shall file with the executive	1729
director of the state board of pharmacy a verified application.	1730

After it is filed, the application may not be withdrawn with	ithout 1731
approval of the board.	1732
(2) An application shall contain all the following the	hat 1733
apply in the applicant's case:	1734
(a) Information that the board requires relative to	the 1735
qualifications of a terminal distributor of dangerous drug	
forth in section 4729.55 of the Revised Code;	1737
(b) A statement that the person wishes to be licensed	dasa 1738
category I, category II, category III, limited category I,	<b>,</b> 1739
limited category II, or limited category III terminal	1740
distributor of dangerous drugs;	1741
(c) If the person wishes to be licensed as a limited	1742
category I, limited category II, or limited category III	1743
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs, a notarized list	of the 1744
dangerous drugs that the person wishes to possess, have cu	ustody 1745
or control of, and distribute, which list shall also spec	ify the 1746
purpose for which those drugs will be used and their source	ce; 1747
(d) If the person is an emergency medical service	1748
organization, the information that is specified in divisio	on (C) 1749
(1) of this section;	1750
(e) Except for an emergency medical service organizat	tion, 1751
the identity of the one establishment or place at which th	he 1752
person intends to engage in the sale or other distribution	n of 1753
dangerous drugs at retail, and maintain possession, custo	
control of dangerous drugs for purposes other than the per	-
own use or consumption;	1756
	1700
(f) If the application pertains to a pain management	1757
alinia information that domonstratos to the esticiation	n of 1758

clinic, information that demonstrates, to the satisfaction of 1758 the board, compliance with division (A) of section 4729.552 of 1759

the Revised Code <u>;</u>	1760
(g) If the application pertains to a facility, clinic, or	1761
other location described in division (B) of section 4729.553 of	1762
the Revised Code that must hold a category III terminal	1763
distributor of dangerous drugs license with an office-based	1764
opioid treatment classification, information that demonstrates,	1765
to the satisfaction of the board, compliance with division (C)	1766
of that section.	1767
(C)(1) An emergency medical service organization that	1768
wishes to be licensed as a terminal distributor of dangerous	1769
drugs shall list in its application for licensure the following	1770
additional information:	1771
(a) The units under its control that the organization	1772
determines will possess dangerous drugs for the purpose of	1773
administering emergency medical services in accordance with	1774
Chapter 4765. of the Revised Code;	1775
(b) With respect to each such unit, whether the dangerous	1776
drugs that the organization determines the unit will possess are	1777
in category I, II, or III.	1778
(2) An emergency medical service organization that is	1779
licensed as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs shall file	1780
a new application for such licensure if there is any change in	1781
the number, or location of, any of its units or any change in	1782
the category of the dangerous drugs that any unit will possess.	1783
(3) A unit listed in an application for licensure pursuant	1784
to division (C)(1) of this section may obtain the dangerous	1785
drugs it is authorized to possess from its emergency medical	1786
service organization or, on a replacement basis, from a hospital	1787
pharmacy. If units will obtain dangerous drugs from a hospital	1788

pharmacy, the organization shall file, and maintain in current 1789 form, the following items with the pharmacist who is responsible 1790 for the hospital's terminal distributor of dangerous drugs 1791 license: 1792

(a) A copy of its standing orders or protocol; 1793

(b) A list of the personnel employed or used by the 1794 organization to provide emergency medical services in accordance 1795 with Chapter 4765. of the Revised Code, who are authorized to 1796 possess the drugs, which list also shall indicate the personnel 1797 who are authorized to administer the drugs. 1798

(D) Each emergency medical service organization that 1799 applies for a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs license 1800 shall submit with its application the following: 1801

(1) A notarized copy of its standing orders or protocol, 1802 which orders or protocol shall be signed by a physician and 1803 specify the dangerous drugs that its units may carry, expressed 1804 in standard dose units: 1805

(2) A list of the personnel employed or used by the 1806 organization to provide emergency medical services in accordance 1807 with Chapter 4765. of the Revised Code. 1808

An emergency medical service organization that is licensed 1809 as a terminal distributor shall notify the board immediately of 1810 any changes in its standing orders or protocol. 1811

(E) There shall be six categories of terminal distributor 1812 of dangerous drugs licenses, which categories shall be as 1813 follows: 1814

(1) Category I license. A person who obtains this license 1815 may possess, have custody or control of, and distribute only the 1816

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dangerous drugs described in category I.

(2) Limited category I license. A person who obtains this
license may possess, have custody or control of, and distribute
only the dangerous drugs described in category I that were
listed in the application for licensure.

(3) Category II license. A person who obtains this license
may possess, have custody or control of, and distribute only the
dangerous drugs described in category I and category II.

(4) Limited category II license. A person who obtains this
1825
license may possess, have custody or control of, and distribute
only the dangerous drugs described in category I or category II
1827
that were listed in the application for licensure.

(5) Category III license, which may include a pain
management clinic classification issued under section 4729.552
1830 of the Revised Code. A person who obtains this license may
possess, have custody or control of, and distribute the
dangerous drugs described in category I, category II, and
category III. If the license includes a pain management clinic
1834
classification, the person may operate a pain management clinic.

(6) Limited category III license. A person who obtains
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this license may possess, have custody or control of, and
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distribute only the dangerous drugs described in category I,
category II, or category III that were listed in the application
1839
for licensure.

(F) Except for an application made on behalf of an animal
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shelter, if an applicant for licensure as a limited category I,
II, or III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs intends to
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administer dangerous drugs to a person or animal, the applicant
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shall submit, with the application, a notarized copy of its

protocol or standing orders, which protocol or orders shall be 1846 signed by a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe 1847 drugs, specify the dangerous drugs to be administered, and list 1848 personnel who are authorized to administer the dangerous drugs 1849 in accordance with federal law or the law of this state. An 1850 application made on behalf of an animal shelter shall include a 1851 notarized list of the dangerous drugs to be administered to 1852 animals and the personnel who are authorized to administer the 1853 drugs to animals in accordance with section 4729.532 of the 1854 Revised Code. After obtaining a terminal distributor license, a 1855 licensee shall notify the board immediately of any changes in 1856 its protocol or standing orders, or in such personnel. 1857

(G) (1) Except as provided in division (G) (2) of this
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section, each applicant for licensure as a terminal distributor
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of dangerous drugs shall submit, with the application, a license
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fee determined as follows:

(a) For a category I or limited category I license, forty-1862five dollars;

(b) For a category II or limited category II license, onehundred twelve dollars and fifty cents;1865

(c) For a category III license, including a license with a
pain management clinic classification issued under section
4729.552 of the Revised Code, or a limited category III license,
1868
one hundred fifty dollars.

(2) For a professional association, corporation,
partnership, or limited liability company organized for the
purpose of practicing veterinary medicine, the fee shall be
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forty dollars.

(3) Fees assessed under divisions (G)(1) and (2) of this 1874

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section shall not be returned if the applicant fails to qualify 1875 for registration. 1876 (H) (1) The board shall issue a terminal distributor of 1877 dangerous drugs license to each person who submits an 1878 application for such licensure in accordance with this section, 1879 pays the required license fee, is determined by the board to 1880 meet the requirements set forth in section 4729.55 of the 1881 1882 Revised Code, and satisfies any other applicable requirements of this section. 1883 (2) The license of a person other than an emergency 1884 medical service organization shall describe the one 1885 establishment or place at which the licensee may engage in the 1886 sale or other distribution of dangerous drugs at retail and 1887 maintain possession, custody, or control of dangerous drugs for 1888 purposes other than the licensee's own use or consumption. The 1889 one establishment or place shall be that which is described in 1890 the application for licensure. 1891 No such license shall authorize or permit the terminal 1892 distributor of dangerous drugs named in it to engage in the sale 1893 or other distribution of dangerous drugs at retail or to 1894 maintain possession, custody, or control of dangerous drugs for 1895 any purpose other than the distributor's own use or consumption, 1896 at any establishment or place other than that described in the 1897 license, except that an agent or employee of an animal shelter 1898 may possess and use dangerous drugs in the course of business as 1899 provided in division (D) of section 4729.532 of the Revised 1900 Code. 1901 (3) The license of an emergency medical service 1902

organization shall cover and describe all the units of the 1903 organization listed in its application for licensure. 1904

(4) The license of every terminal distributor of dangerous 1905 drugs shall indicate, on its face, the category of licensure. If 1906 the license is a limited category I, II, or III license, it 1907 shall specify, and shall authorize the licensee to possess, have 1908 custody or control of, and distribute only, the dangerous drugs 1909 that were listed in the application for licensure. 1910

(I) All licenses issued pursuant to this section shall be 1911 effective for a period of twelve months from the first day of 1912 April of each year. A license shall be renewed by the board for 1913 1914 a like period, annually, according to the provisions of this section, and the standard renewal procedure of Chapter 4745. of 1915 the Revised Code. A person who desires to renew a license shall 1916 submit an application for renewal and pay the required fee on or 1917 before the thirty-first day of March each year. The fee required 1918 for the renewal of a license shall be the same as the fee paid 1919 for the license being renewed, and shall accompany the 1920 application for renewal. 1921

A license that has not been renewed during March in any 1922 year and by the first day of May of the same year may be 1923 reinstated only upon payment of the required renewal fee and a 1924 penalty fee of fifty-five dollars. 1925

(J) (1) No emergency medical service organization that is
licensed as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs shall fail
to comply with division (C) (2) or (3) of this section.
1928

(2) No emergency medical service organization that is
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licensed as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs shall fail
1930
to comply with division (D) of this section.

(3) No licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs1932shall possess, have custody or control of, or distribute1933

dangerous drugs that the terminal distributor is not entitled to 1934 possess, have custody or control of, or distribute by virtue of 1935 its category of licensure. 1936

(4) No licensee that is required by division (F) of this
section to notify the board of changes in its protocol or
standing orders, or in personnel, shall fail to comply with that
division.

Sec. 4729.541. (A) (1) Except as provided in divisions (A) 1941 (2) and (3) (B) to (D) of this section, a business entity 1942 described in division (B)(1)(j) or (k) of section 4729.51 of the 1943 Revised Code may possess, have custody or control of, and 1944 distribute the dangerous drugs in category I, category II, and 1945 category III, as defined in section 4729.54 of the Revised Code, 1946 without holding a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs 1947 license issued under that section. all of the following are 1948 exempt from licensure as a terminal distributor of dangerous 1949 1950 drugs:

(1) A licensed health professional authorized to prescribe 1951 drugs; 1952

(2) A business entity that is a corporation formed under1953division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited1954liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised1955Code, or a professional association formed under Chapter 1785.1956of the Revised Code if the entity has a sole shareholder who is1957a prescriber and is authorized to provide the professional1958services being offered by the entity;1959

(3) A business entity that is a corporation formed under1960division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited1961liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised1962

Code, a partnership or a limited liability partnership formed	1963
under Chapter 1775. of the Revised Code, or a professional	1964
association formed under Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code, if,	1965
to be a shareholder, member, or partner, an individual is	1966
required to be licensed, certified, or otherwise legally	1967
authorized under Title XLVII of the Revised Code to perform the	1968
professional service provided by the entity and each such	1969
individual is a prescriber;	1970
(4) An individual who holds a current license,	1971
certificate, or registration issued under Title XLVII of the	1972
Revised Code and has been certified to conduct diabetes	1973
education by a national certifying body specified in rules	1974
adopted by the state board of pharmacy under section 4729.68 of	1975
the Revised Code, but only with respect to insulin that will be	1976
used for the purpose of diabetes education and only if diabetes	1977
education is within the individual's scope of practice under	1978
statutes and rules regulating the individual's profession;	1979
(5) An individual who holds a valid certificate issued by	1980
a nationally recognized S.C.U.B.A. diving certifying	1981
organization approved by the state board of pharmacy under rules	1982
adopted by the board, but only with respect to medical oxygen	1983
that will be used for the purpose of emergency care or treatment	1984
at the scene of a diving emergency;	1985
(6) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be	1986
possessed under section 3313.7110, 3313.7111, 3314.143, 3326.28,	1987
or 3328.29 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board	1988
of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint	1989
vocational school district; a chartered or nonchartered	1990
nonpublic school; a community school established under Chapter	1991
3314. of the Revised Code; a STEM school established under	1992

Chapter 3326. of the Revised Code; or a college-preparatory 1993 boarding school established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised 1994 Code; 1995 (7) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be 1996 possessed under section 5101.76 of the Revised Code, any of the 1997 following: a residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of 1998 the Revised Code; a child day camp, as defined in section 1999 5104.01 of the Revised Code; or a child day camp operated by any 2000 <u>county, township, municipal corporation, township park d</u>istrict 2001 created under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district 2002 created under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint 2003 recreation district established under section 755.14 of the 2004 Revised Code; 2005 (8) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under 2006 section 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of 2007 the Revised Code, any of the following: the board of education 2008 of a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school 2009 district; a chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school; a 2010 community school established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised 2011 2012 Code; a STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the Revised Code; or a college-preparatory boarding school 2013 established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code; 2014 (9) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under 2015 section 5101.77 of the Revised Code, any of the following: a 2016 residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of the Revised 2017 Code; a child day camp, as defined in section 5104.01 of the 2018 Revised Code; or a child day camp operated by any county, 2019 township, municipal corporation, township park district created 2020 under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district created 2021

under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint recreation\_\_\_\_\_\_2022

district established under section 755.14 of the Revised Code;	2023
(10) With respect to naloxone that may be possessed under	2024
section 2925.61 of the Revised Code, a law enforcement agency	2025
and its peace officers;	2026
(11) With respect to naloxone that may be possessed under	2027
section 4729.514 of the Revised Code, a service entity, as	2028
defined in that section;	2029
(12) A facility that is owned and operated by the United	2030
States department of defense or the United States department of	2031
veterans affairs.	2032
<u>(B)</u> If a <del>business entity <u>person</u> described in division <del>(B)</del></del>	2033
<del>(1)(j) or (k) (A) of this</del> section <del>4729.51 of the Revised Code</del> is	2034
a pain management clinic or is operating a pain management	2035
clinic, the entity person shall hold a license as a terminal	2036
distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain management clinic	2037
classification issued under section 4729.552 of the Revised	2038
Code <u>.</u>	2039
(C) If a person described in division (A) of this section	2040
is operating a facility, clinic, or other location described in	2041
division (B) of section 4729.553 of the Revised Code that must	2042
hold a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	2043
license with an office-based opioid treatment classification,	2044
the person shall hold a license with that classification.	2045
(3) A business entity (D) Any of the persons described in	2046
<del>division (B)(1)(j) or (k) <u>d</u>ivisions (A)(1) to (11)</del> of <u>this</u>	2047
section 4729.51 of the Revised Code shall hold a license as a	2048
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs in order to possess,	2049
have custody or control of, and distribute <del>either <u>any</u> of the</del>	2050
following:	2051

(a) (1) Dangerous drugs that are compounded or used for 2052 2053 the purpose of compounding; (b) Controlled substances containing buprenorphine that 2054 are used for the purpose of treating drug dependence or 2055 addiction(2) A schedule I, II, III, IV, or V controlled 2056 substance, as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code. 2057 (B) A licensed health professional authorized to prescribe 2058 drugs who does not practice in the form of a business entity 2059 described in division (B)(1)(j) or (k) of section 4729.51 of the 2060 Revised Code shall hold a license as a terminal distributor of 2061 dangerous drugs in order to possess, have custody or control of, 2062 and distribute, including personally furnish, either of the 2063 following: 2064 (1) Dangerous drugs that are compounded or used for the 2065 2066 purpose of compounding; (2) Controlled substances containing buprenorphine that 2067 are used for the purpose of treating drug dependence or 2068 2069 addiction. Sec. 4729.55. No license shall be issued to an applicant 2070 for licensure as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs 2071 unless the applicant has furnished satisfactory proof to the 2072 2073 state board of pharmacy that: (A) The applicant is equipped as to land, buildings, and 2074 equipment to properly carry on the business of a terminal 2075 distributor of dangerous drugs within the category of licensure 2076 approved by the board. 2077 (B) A pharmacist, licensed health professional authorized 2078 to prescribe drugs, animal shelter licensed with the state board 2079

of pharmacy under section 4729.531 of the Revised Code, or a

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laboratory as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code2081will maintain supervision and control over the possession and2082custody of dangerous drugs that may be acquired by or on behalf2083of the applicant.2084

(C) Adequate safeguards are assured to prevent the sale or
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 other distribution of dangerous drugs by any person other than a
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 pharmacist or licensed health professional authorized to
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 prescribe drugs.

(D) Adequate safeguards are assured that the applicant
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 will carry on the business of a terminal distributor of
 2090
 dangerous drugs in a manner that allows pharmacists and pharmacy
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 interns employed by the terminal distributor to practice
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 pharmacy in a safe and effective manner.

(E) If the applicant, or any agent or employee of the 2094
applicant, has been found guilty of violating section 4729.51 of 2095
the Revised Code, the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52 2096
Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, the federal drug abuse 2097
control laws, Chapter 2925., 3715., 3719., or 4729. of the 2098
Revised Code, or any rule of the board, adequate safeguards are 2099
assured to prevent the recurrence of the violation. 2100

(F) In the case of an applicant who is a food processor or 2101retail seller of food, the applicant will maintain supervision 2102and control over the possession and custody of nitrous oxide. 2103

(G) In the case of an applicant who is a retail seller of
oxygen in original packages labeled as required by the "Federal
Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," the applicant will maintain
supervision and control over the possession, custody, and retail
sale of the oxygen.

(H) If the application is made on behalf of an animal 2109

shelter, at least one of the agents or employees of the animal	2110
shelter is certified in compliance with section 4729.532 of the	2111
Revised Code.	2112
(I) In the case of an applicant who is a retail seller of	2113
peritoneal dialysis solutions in original packages labeled as	2114
required by the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52 Stat.	2115
1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, the applicant will maintain	2116
supervision and control over the possession, custody, and retail	2117
sale of the peritoneal dialysis solutions.	2118
(J) In the case of an applicant who is a pain management	2119
clinic, the applicant meets the requirements to receive a	2110
license with a pain management clinic classification issued	2120
under section 4729.552 of the Revised Code.	2122
(K) In the case of an applicant who is operating a	2123
facility, clinic, or other location described in division (B) of	2124
section 4729.553 of the Revised Code that must hold a category	2125
III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs license with an	2126
office-based opioid treatment classification, the applicant	2127
meets the requirements to receive that license with that	2128
classification.	2129
Sec. 4729.553. (A) As used in this section:	2130
(1) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in	2131
section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	2132
(2) "Hospital" means a hospital registered with the	2133
department of health under section 3701.07 of the Revised Code.	2134
(3) "Office-based opioid treatment" means the treatment of	2135
opioid dependence or addiction using a controlled substance.	2136
(B)(1) Except as provided in division (B)(2) of this	2137

section, no person shall knowingly operate a facility, clinic,	2138
or other location where a prescriber provides office-based	2139
opioid treatment to more than thirty patients or that meets any	2140
other identifying criteria established in rules adopted under	2141
division (G) of this section without holding a category III	2142
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs license with an office-	2143
based opioid treatment classification.	2144
(2) Division (B)(1) of this section does not apply to any	2145
<u>of the following:</u>	2146
(a) A hospital;	2147
(b) A facility for the treatment of opioid dependence or	2148
addiction that is operated by a hospital;	2149
(c) A physician practice owned or controlled, in whole or	2150
in part, by a hospital or by an entity that owns or controls, in	2151
whole or in part, one or more hospitals;	2152
(d) A facility that conducts only clinical research and	2153
uses controlled substances in studies approved by a hospital-	2154
based institutional review board or an institutional review	2155
board that is accredited by the association for the	2156
accreditation of human research protection programs, inc.;	2157
(e) A facility that holds a category III terminal	2158
distributor of dangerous drugs license in accordance with	2159
section 4729.54 of the Revised Code for the purpose of treating	2160
drug dependence or addiction as part of an opioid treatment	2161
program and is the subject of a current, valid certification	2162
from the substance abuse and mental health services	2163
administration of the United States department of health and	2164
human services pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 8.11;	2165
(f) A program or facility that is licensed or certified by	2166

the department of mental health and addiction services under 2167 Chapter 5119. of the Revised Code. 2168 (C) To be eligible to receive a license as a category III 2169 terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based 2170 opioid treatment classification, an applicant shall submit\_ 2171 evidence satisfactory to the state board of pharmacy that the 2172 applicant's office-based opioid treatment will be operated in 2173 accordance with the requirements specified in division (D) of 2174 this section and that the applicant meets any other applicable 2175 requirements of this chapter. 2176 If the board determines that an applicant meets all of the 2177 requirements, the board shall issue to the applicant a license 2178 as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with 2179 an office-based opioid treatment classification. 2180 (D) The holder of a category III terminal distributor 2181 license with an office-based opioid treatment classification 2182 shall do all of the following: 2183 (1) Be in control of a facility that is owned and operated 2184 solely by one or more physicians authorized under Chapter 4731. 2185 of the Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or 2186 osteopathic medicine and surgery, unless the state board of 2187 pharmacy has exempted the holder from this requirement; 2188 (2) Comply with the requirements for conducting office-2189 based opioid treatment, as established by the state medical 2190 board in rules adopted under section 4731.056 of the Revised 2191 2192 Code; (3) Require any person with ownership of the facility to 2193 submit to a criminal records check in accordance with section 2194

records check directly to the state board of pharmacy for review	2196
and decision under section 4729.071 of the Revised Code;	2197
(4) Require all employees of the facility to submit to a	2198
criminal records check in accordance with section 4776.02 of the	2199
Revised Code and ensure that no person is employed who has	2200
previously been convicted of, or pleaded quilty to, either of	2201
the following:	2202
(a) A theft offense, described in division (K)(3) of	2203
section 2913.01 of the Revised Code, that would constitute a	2204
felony under the laws of this state, any other state, or the	2205
<u>United States;</u>	2206
(b) A felony drug offense, as defined in section 2925.01	2207
of the Revised Code.	2208
(5) Maintain a list of each person with ownership of the	2209
facility and notify the state board of pharmacy of any change to	2210
that list.	2211
(E) No person subject to licensure as a category III_	2212
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based	2213
opioid treatment classification shall knowingly fail to remain	2214
in compliance with the requirements of division (D) of this	2215
section and any other applicable requirements of this chapter.	2216
section and any other appricable requirements or this chapter.	2210
(F) The state board of pharmacy may impose a fine of not	2217
more than five thousand dollars on a person who violates	2218
division (B) or (E) of this section. A separate fine may be	2219
imposed for each day the violation continues. In imposing the	2220
fine, the board's actions shall be taken in accordance with	2221
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	2222
(G) The state board of pharmacy shall adopt rules as it	2223
considers necessary to implement and administer this section.	2224

The rules shall be adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of 2225 2226 the Revised Code. Sec. 4729.571. If the state board of pharmacy determines 2227 that there is clear and convincing evidence that the method used 2228 by a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs to distribute 2229 controlled substances presents a danger of immediate and serious 2230 harm to others, the board may suspend the terminal distributor's 2231 license without a hearing. The board shall follow the procedure 2232 for suspension without a prior hearing in section 119.07 of the 2233 Revised Code. The suspension shall remain in effect, unless 2234 2235 removed by the board, until the board's final adjudication order becomes effective, except that if the board does not issue its 2236 final adjudication order within ninety days after the hearing, 2237 the suspension shall be void on the ninety-first day after the 2238 suspension. 2239 If the terminal distributor holds a license with a pain 2240 management clinic classification issued under section 4729.552 2241 of the Revised Code or a license with an office-based opioid 2242 treatment classification issued under section 4729.553 of the 2243 2244 Revised Code and the person holding the license also holds a certificate issued under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to 2245 2246 practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery, prior to suspending the license without a hearing, the 2247 board shall consult with the secretary of the state medical 2248 board or, if the secretary is unavailable, another physician 2249 member of the board. 2250 Sec. 4729.60. (A) (1) Before a registered wholesale 2251 distributor of dangerous drugs may sell dangerous drugs at 2252

wholesale to any person, other than the persons specified in2253divisions (B) (1) (a) to (d), (f) to (h), and (l) to (p) of2254

section 4729.51 of the Revised Code except as provided in 2255 division (A) (2) of this section, such the wholesale distributor 2256 shall obtain from the purchaser and the purchaser shall furnish 2257 to the wholesale distributor a certificate indicating that the 2258 purchaser is a licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs. 2259 The certificate shall be in the form that the state board of 2260 pharmacy shall prescribe, and shall set forth the name of the 2261 licensee, the number of the license, a description of the place 2262 or establishment or each place or establishment for which the 2263 license was issued, the category of licensure, and, if the 2264 license is a limited category I, II, or III license, the 2265 dangerous drugs that the licensee is authorized to possess, have 2266 custody or control of, and distribute. 2267

If no certificate is obtained or furnished before a sale 2268 is made, it shall be presumed that the sale of dangerous drugs 2269 by the wholesale distributor is in violation of division (B) of 2270 section 4729.51 of the Revised Code and the purchase of 2271 dangerous drugs by the purchaser is in violation of division <del>(C)</del> 2272 (E) of section 4729.51 of the Revised Code. If a registered 2273 wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs obtains or is furnished 2274 a certificate from a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs and 2275 relies on the certificate in selling dangerous drugs at 2276 wholesale to the terminal distributor of dangerous drugs, the 2277 wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs shall be deemed not to 2278 have violated division (B) of section 4729.51 of the Revised 2279 Code in making the sale. 2280

(2) Division (A) (1) of this section does not apply when a2281wholesale distributor sells dangerous drugs at wholesale to any2282of the following:2283

(a) A person specified in division (B)(4) of section

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## 4729.51 of the Revised Code;

(b) Any of the persons described in divisions (A) (1) to2286(12) of section 4729.541 of the Revised Code, but only if the2287purchaser is not required to obtain licensure as provided in2288divisions (B) to (D) of that section.2289

(B) Before a licensed terminal distributor of dangerous
drugs may purchase dangerous drugs at wholesale, the terminal
distributor shall obtain from the seller and the seller shall
furnish to the terminal distributor the number of the seller's
registration certificate to engage in the sale of dangerous
drugs at wholesale.

If no registration number is obtained or furnished before 2296 2297 a purchase is made, it shall be presumed that the purchase of dangerous drugs by the terminal distributor is in violation of 2298 division (D) (F) of section 4729.51 of the Revised Code and the 2299 sale of dangerous drugs by the seller is in violation of 2300 division (A) of section 4729.51 of the Revised Code. If a 2301 licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs obtains or is 2302 furnished a registration number from a wholesale distributor of 2303 2304 dangerous drugs and relies on the registration number in purchasing dangerous drugs at wholesale from the wholesale 2305 distributor of dangerous drugs, the terminal distributor shall 2306 be deemed not to have violated division (D) (F) of section 2307 4729.51 of the Revised Code in making the purchase. 2308

Sec. 4729.68. The state board of pharmacy shall adopt 2309 rules pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code specifying 2310 for the purposes of sections 3719.172 and 4729.51 4729.541 of 2311 the Revised Code the national bodies recognized by the board 2312 that certify persons who successfully complete diabetes 2313 education programs. 2314

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Sec. 4729.90. (A) As used in this section, "responsible 2315 person" has the same meaning as in rules adopted by the state 2316 board of pharmacy under section 4729.26 of the Revised Code. 2317 (B) (1) An applicant for registration as a registered 2318 pharmacy technician shall: 2319 (a) Be at least eighteen years of age; 2320 (b) Possess a high school diploma or a certificate of high 2321 school equivalence or have been employed continuously since 2322 prior to April 8, 2009, as a pharmacy technician without a high 2323 school diploma or certificate of high school equivalence; 2324 (c) Be of good moral character, as defined in rules 2325 adopted by the state board of pharmacy under section 4729.26 of 2326 the Revised Code; 2327 (d) Except as provided in division (D) of this section, 2328 comply with sections 4776.01 to 4776.04 of the Revised Code; 2329 (e) Except as provided in division (E)(1) of this section, 2330 obtain from a pharmacy's responsible person an attestation that 2331 the applicant has successfully completed education and training 2332 that meets the requirements established by the board in rules 2333 adopted under section 4729.94 of the Revised Code. 2334 2335 (2) An applicant for registration as a certified pharmacy technician shall: 2336 (a) Comply with divisions (B)(1)(a), (c), and (d) of this 2337 section; 2338 (b) Possess a high school diploma or a certificate of high 2339 school equivalence; 2340 (c) Except as provided in division (E)(2) of this section, 2341

obtain from a pharmacy's responsible person an attestation that	2342
the applicant has successfully completed education and training	2343
that meets the requirements established by the board in rules	2344
adopted under section 4729.94 of the Revised Code;	2345
(d) Have a current pharmacy technician certification from	2346
	2340
an organization that has been recognized by the board.	2347
(C) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern whose license has been	2348
denied, revoked, suspended, or otherwise restricted by the board	2349
shall not be registered as a registered pharmacy technician or	2350
certified pharmacy technician.	2351
(D) Until the date that is two years after the effective	2352
date of this section, an applicant for registration as a	2353
registered pharmacy technician or certified pharmacy technician	2354
who meets the requirements to be a qualified pharmacy technician	2355
under section 4729.42 of the Revised Code, as it existed	2356
immediately prior to the effective date of section 4729.95 of	2357
the Revised Code, may, instead of complying with division (B)(1)	2358
(d) of this section, authorize the superintendent of the bureau	2359
of criminal identification and investigation to make the results	2360
of a criminal records check of the applicant available to the	2361
state board of pharmacy. The criminal records check must have	2362
been conducted not earlier than twenty-four months before the	2363
date of the application for registration.	2364
(E)(1) Until the date that is two years after the	2365
effective date of this section, an applicant for registration as	2366
a registered pharmacy technician who meets the requirements to	2367
be a qualified pharmacy technician under section 4729.42 of the	2368
Revised Code, as it existed immediately prior to the effective	2369
date of section 4729.95 of the Revised Code, may, instead of	2370
complying with division (B)(1)(e) of this section, submit an	2371

attestation from a pharmacy's responsible person that the	2372
applicant has completed a pharmacy technician training program	2373
that is of appropriate breadth and depth to clearly address the	2374
competencies for a technician to safely and effectively work in	2375
that particular setting and includes instruction in all of the	2376
following:	2377
(a) Packaging and labeling drugs;	2378
(b) Pharmacy terminology;	2379
(c) Basic drug information;	2380
(d) Basic calculations;	2381
(e) Quality control procedures;	2382
(f) State and federal statutes, rules, and regulations	2383
regarding pharmacy technician duties, pharmacist duties,	2384
pharmacy intern duties, prescription or drug order processing	2385
procedures, drug record-keeping requirements, patient	2386
confidentiality, security requirements, and storage	2387
requirements.	2388
(2) Until the date that is two years after the effective	2389
date of this section, an applicant for registration as a	2390
certified pharmacy technician who meets the requirements to be a	2391
gualified pharmacy technician under section 4729.42 of the	2392
Revised Code, as it existed immediately prior to the effective	2393
date of section 4729.95 of the Revised Code, may, instead of	2394
complying with division (B)(2)(c) of this section, submit an	2395
attestation from a pharmacy's responsible person that the	2396
applicant has completed a pharmacy technician training program	2397
that is of appropriate breadth and depth to clearly address the	2398
competencies for a technician to safely and effectively work in	2399
that particular setting and includes instruction in all of the	2400

following:

(a) The topics listed in divisions (E)(1)(a) to (f) of 2402 this section; 2403 2404 (b) Drug compounding; (c) Preparing and mixing intravenous drugs to be injected 2405 2406 into a human being. Sec. 4729.901. An applicant for registration under section 2407 4729.90 of the Revised Code shall file with the state board of 2408 pharmacy an application in the form and manner prescribed in 2409 rules adopted under section 4729.94 of the Revised Code. The 2410 application shall be accompanied by an application fee of fifty 2411 dollars, which shall not be returned if the applicant fails to 2412 qualify for registration. 2413 2414 If the board is satisfied that the applicant meets the requirements of section 4729.90 of the Revised Code and any 2415 additional requirements established by the board and determines 2416 that the results of a criminal records check do not make the 2417 applicant ineligible, the board shall register the applicant as 2418 a registered pharmacy technician or certified pharmacy 2419 technician, as applicable. 2420 Registration under this section is valid for the period 2421 specified by the board in rules adopted under section 4729.94 of 2422 the Revised Code. The period shall not exceed twenty-four months\_ 2423 unless the board extends the period in the rules to adjust 2424 license renewal schedules. 2425 Sec. 4729.902. (A) A registered pharmacy technician or 2426 certified pharmacy technician shall file an application for 2427 registration renewal in the form and manner prescribed by the 2428 state board of pharmacy in rules adopted under section 4729.94 2429

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of the Revised Code. Registrations shall be renewed in	2430
accordance with the rules and the standard renewal procedure set	2431
forth in Chapter 4745. of the Revised Code. The renewal fee is	2432
twenty-five dollars per year.	2433
(B)(1) A registered pharmacy technician or certified	2434
pharmacy technician who fails to renew registration in	2435
accordance with division (A) of this section is prohibited from	2436
engaging in the activities authorized by section 4729.91 of the	2437
Revised Code.	2438
(2)(a) A registration that is not renewed by a date	2439
determined under division (A) of this section but has not lapsed	2440
for more than ninety days may be reinstated if the applicant	2441
does both of the following:	2442
(i) Submits a renewal application in a form prescribed by	2443
the board in rules adopted under section 4729.94 of the Revised	2444
<u>Code;</u>	2445
(ii) Pays the renewal fee and a late fee of fifty dollars.	2446
(b) A registration that has lapsed for more than ninety	2447
days cannot be renewed, but the registration holder may reapply	2448
for registration.	2449
Sec. 4729.91. (A) A registered pharmacy technician may,	2450
under the direct supervision of a pharmacist, engage in the	2451
following activities at a location licensed as a terminal	2452
distributor of dangerous drugs to the extent that the activities	2453
do not require the exercise of professional judgment:	2454
(1) Accepting new written or electronic prescription	2455
orders from a prescriber or a prescriber's agent;	2456
(2) Entering information into and retrieving information	2457

from a database or patient profile;	2458
(3) Preparing and affixing labels;	2459
(4) Stocking dangerous drugs and retrieving those drugs	2460
<pre>from inventory;</pre>	2461
(5) Counting and pouring dangerous drugs into containers;	2462
(6) Placing dangerous drugs into patient storage	2463
<u>containers;</u>	2464
(7) Other activities specified by the state board of	2465
pharmacy in rules adopted under section 4729.94 of the Revised	2466
<u>Code.</u>	2467
(B) A certified pharmacy technician may, under the direct	2468
supervision of a pharmacist, engage in the following activities	2469
at a location licensed as a terminal distributor of dangerous	2470
drugs to the extent that the activities do not require the	2471
exercise of professional judgment:	2472
(1) Any activity listed in division (A) of this section;	2473
(2) Accepting or requesting refill authorizations for	2474
dangerous drugs that are not controlled substances from a	2475
prescriber or the prescriber's agent, so long as there is no	2476
change from the original prescription;	2477
(3) Drug compounding as authorized by the board in rules	2478
adopted under section 4729.94 of the Revised Code;	2479
(4) Other activities specified by the board in rules	2480
adopted under section 4729.94 of the Revised Code.	2481
Sec. 4729.92. (A) An applicant for registration as a	2482
pharmacy technician trainee shall:	2483
(1) Comply with divisions (B)(1)(a) to (c) of section	2484

4729.90 of the Revised Code;	2485
(2) Be enrolled in or plan to enroll in education and	2486
training that will allow the applicant to meet the requirements	2487
established by the state board of pharmacy in rules adopted	2488
under section 4729.94 of the Revised Code;	2489
(3) Comply with sections 4776.01 to 4776.04 of the Revised	2490
Code.	2491
(B) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern whose license has been	2492
denied, revoked, suspended, or otherwise restricted by the board	2493
shall not be registered as a pharmacy technician trainee.	2494
Sec. 4729.921. An applicant for registration as a pharmacy	2495
technician trainee shall file with the state board of pharmacy	2496
an application in the form and manner prescribed in rules	2497
adopted under section 4729.94 of the Revised Code. The	2498
application shall by accompanied by an application fee of	2499
twenty-five dollars, which shall not be returned if the	2500
applicant fails to qualify for registration.	2501
If the board is satisfied that an applicant meets the	2502
requirements of section 4729.92 of the Revised Code and any	2503
additional requirements established by the board and determines	2504
that the results of a criminal records check do not make the	2505
applicant ineligible, the board shall register the applicant as	2506
a pharmacy technician trainee.	2507
Registration is valid for one year from the date of	2508
registration. Registration is not renewable, but an individual	2509
may reapply for registration if the individual's previous	2510
registration has lapsed for more than five years or the board	2511
grants its approval.	2512
Sec. 4729.93. A pharmacy technician trainee may, under the	2513

direct supervision of a pharmacist, engage in the same 2514 activities as a registered pharmacy technician, as listed in 2515 division (A) of section 4729.91 of the Revised Code. 2516 Sec. 4729.94. The state board of pharmacy shall adopt 2517 rules under section 4729.26 of the Revised Code governing 2518 registration of registered pharmacy technicians, certified 2519 pharmacy technicians, and pharmacy technician trainees. The 2520 rules shall include all of the following: 2521 2522 (A) Application and renewal forms and procedures; (B) Reapplication forms and procedures for individuals 2523 whose registration has lapsed more than ninety days; 2524 (C) Education and training requirements, including hour 2525 requirements, requirements for employer-administered training 2526 programs, and other requirements considered appropriate by the 2527 2528 board; (D) Additional activities permitted by divisions (A) (7) 2529 and (B)(4) of section 4729.91 of the Revised Code; 2530 2531 (E) Requirements for compounding by a certified pharmacy technician; 2532 (F) Continuing education requirements; 2533 (G) Conduct that constitutes dishonesty or unprofessional 2534 conduct by a registered pharmacy technician, certified pharmacy 2535 technician, or pharmacy technician trainee; 2536 (H) Additional conduct for which the board may impose 2537 discipline under section 4729.96 of the Revised Code on a 2538 registered pharmacy technician, certified pharmacy technician, 2539 or pharmacy technician trainee; 2540

(I) Any other rules the board considers appropriate to 2541 implement sections 4729.90 to 4729.96 of the Revised Code. 2542 Sec. 4729.95. (A) No person who is not a pharmacist, 2543 pharmacy intern, registered pharmacy technician, certified 2544 pharmacy technician, or pharmacy technician trainee shall 2545 knowingly engage in any of the activities listed in section 2546 4729.91 of the Revised Code in a location licensed as a terminal 2547 distributor of dangerous drugs or while performing the function 2548 of a terminal distributor, except that this division does not 2549 prevent a licensed health care professional from engaging in 2550 activities that are authorized by law as part of the licensed 2551 2552 professional's practice. (B) No pharmacist shall knowingly allow any person 2553 emploved or otherwise under the control of the pharmacist to 2554 violate division (A) of this section. 2555 (C) No terminal distributor of dangerous drugs shall 2556 knowingly allow any person employed or otherwise under the 2557 control of the person who owns, manages, or conducts the 2558 terminal distributor to violate division (A) of this section. 2559 2560 (D) No pharmacist shall knowingly supervise more than one pharmacy technician trainee. 2561 Sec. 4729.96. (A) (1) The state board of pharmacy, after 2562 notice and hearing in accordance with Chapter 119. of the 2563 Revised Code, may impose one or more of the following sanctions 2564 on a pharmacy technician trainee, registered pharmacy 2565 technician, or certified pharmacy technician if the board finds 2566 the individual engaged in any of the conduct set forth in 2567 division (A)(2) of this section: 2568

(a) Revoke, suspend, restrict, limit, or refuse to grant 2569

or renew a registration;	2570
(b) Reprimand or place the holder of the registration on	2571
probation;	2572
(c) Impose a monetary penalty or forfeiture not to exceed	2573
in severity any fine designated under the Revised Code for a	2574
similar offense, or in the case of a violation of a section of	2575
the Revised Code that does not bear a penalty, a monetary	2576
penalty or forfeiture of not more than five hundred dollars.	2577
(2) The board may impose the sanctions listed in division	2578
(A) (1) of this section if the board finds a pharmacy technician	2579
trainee, registered pharmacy technician, or certified pharmacy	2580
technician:	2581
(a) Has been convicted of a felony, or a crime of moral	2582
turpitude, as defined in section 4776.10 of the Revised Code;	2583
(b) Engaged in dishonesty or unprofessional conduct, as	2584
prescribed in rules adopted by the board under section 4729.94	2585
of the Revised Code;	2586
(c) Is addicted to or abusing alcohol or drugs or impaired	2587
physically or mentally to such a degree as to render the	2588
individual unable to perform the individual's duties;	2589
(d) Violated, conspired to violate, attempted to violate,	2590
or aided and abetted the violation of any of the provisions of	2591
this chapter, sections 3715.52 to 3715.72 of the Revised Code,	2592
Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the Revised Code, or any rule adopted	2593
by the board under those provisions;	2594
(e) Committed fraud, misrepresentation, or deception in	2595
applying for or securing a registration issued by the board	2596
under this chapter;	2597

(f) Failed to comply with an order of the board or a 2598 2599 settlement agreement; (g) Engaged in any other conduct for which the board may 2600 impose discipline as set forth in rules adopted by the board 2601 under section 4729.94 of the Revised Code. 2602 (B) The board may suspend a registration under division 2603 (B) of section 3719.121 of the Revised Code by utilizing a 2604 telephone conference call to review the allegations and take a 2605 2606 <u>vote.</u> (C) If the board has reasonable cause to believe that an 2607 individual who is a pharmacy technician trainee, registered 2608 pharmacy technician, or certified pharmacy technician is 2609 physically or mentally impaired, the board may require the 2610 individual to submit to a physical or mental examination, or 2611 both. The expense of the examination is the responsibility of 2612 the individual required to be examined. 2613 Failure of any individual to submit to a physical or 2614 mental examination ordered by the board, unless the failure is 2615 due to circumstances beyond the individual's control, 2616 constitutes an admission of the allegations and a default and 2617 final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or 2618 presentation of evidence. 2619 If the board determines that the individual's ability to 2620 practice is impaired, the board shall suspend the individual's 2621 registration or deny the individual's application and shall 2622 require the individual, as a condition for an initial, 2623 continued, reinstated, or renewed registration to practice, to 2624 submit to a physical or mental examination or treatment. 2625

(D) If the board is required under Chapter 119. of the 2626

Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and	2627
the applicant or registrant does not make a timely request for a	2628
hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code,	2629
the board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt a	2630
final order that contains the board's findings. In the final	2631
order, the board may impose any of the sanctions listed in	2632
division (A) of this section.	2633
(E) Notwithstanding the provision of division (C)(2) of	2634
section 2953.32 of the Revised Code specifying that if records	2635
pertaining to a criminal case are sealed under that section the	2636
proceedings in the case must be deemed not to have occurred,	2637
sealing of the following records on which the board has based an	2638
action under this section shall have no effect on the board's	2639
action or any sanction imposed by the board under this section:	2640
records of any conviction, guilty plea, judicial finding of	2641
guilt resulting from a plea of no contest, or a judicial finding	2642
of eligibility for a pretrial diversion program or intervention	2643
in lieu of conviction. The board shall not be required to seal,	2644
destroy, redact, or otherwise modify its records to reflect the	2645
court's sealing of conviction records.	2646
(F) No pharmacy technician trainee, registered pharmacy	2647
technician, or certified pharmacy technician shall knowingly	2648
engage in any conduct described in divisions (A)(2)(b) or (A)(2)	2649
(d) to (g) of this section.	2650
Sec. 4729.99. (A) Whoever violates division (H) of section	2651
4729.16, division <del>(A) or (B)<u>(E)</u> of section 4729.38, or section</del>	2652
4729.57, or division (F) of section 4729.96 of the Revised Code	2653
is guilty of a minor misdemeanor, unless a different penalty is_	2654
<u>otherwise specified in the Revised Code</u> . Each day's violation	2655
constitutes a separate offense.	2656
	2000

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(B) Whoever violates section 4729.27, 4729.28, or 4729.36
2657
of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third
2658
degree. Each day's violation constitutes a separate offense. If
2659
the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty
2660
to a violation of this chapter, that person is guilty of a
2661
misdemeanor of the second degree.

(C) Whoever violates section 4729.32, 4729.33, or 4729.34 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(D) Whoever violates division (A), (B), (C), (D), (F) or 2665
 (E) (G) of section 4729.51 of the Revised Code is guilty of a 2666
 misdemeanor of the first degree. 2667

(E) (1) Whoever violates section 4729.37, division  $\frac{(C)(2)}{(2)}$ 2668 (E) (1) (b) of section 4729.51, division (J) of section 4729.54, 2669 division (B) or (D) of section 4729.553, or section 4729.61 of 2670 the Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree. If 2671 the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty 2672 to a violation of this chapter or a violation of Chapter 2925. 2673 or 3719. of the Revised Code, that person is guilty of a felony 2674 of the fourth degree. 2675

(2) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 2676 violation of section 4729.37, division  $\frac{(C)}{(E)}$  of section 2677 4729.51, division (J) of section 4729.54, or section 4729.61 of 2678 the Revised Code, if the violation involves the sale, offer to 2679 sell, or possession of a schedule I or II controlled substance, 2680 with the exception of marihuana, and if the court imposing 2681 sentence upon the offender finds that the offender as a result 2682 of the violation is a major drug offender, as defined in section 2683 2929.01 of the Revised Code, and is quilty of a specification of 2684 the type described in section 2941.1410 of the Revised Code, the 2685 court, in lieu of the prison term authorized or required by 2686

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division (E) (1) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.142687of the Revised Code and in addition to any other sanction2688imposed for the offense under sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of the2689Revised Code, shall impose upon the offender, in accordance with2690division (B) (3) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, the2691mandatory prison term specified in that division.2692

(3) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 2693 3719.21 of the Revised Code, the clerk of court shall pay any 2694 fine imposed for a violation of section 4729.37, division (C) 2695 (E) of section 4729.51, division (J) of section 4729.54, or 2696 section 4729.61 of the Revised Code pursuant to division (A) of 2697 section 2929.18 of the Revised Code in accordance with and 2698 subject to the requirements of division (F) of section 2925.03 2699 of the Revised Code. The agency that receives the fine shall use 2700 the fine as specified in division (F) of section 2925.03 of the 2701 Revised Code. 2702

(F) Whoever violates section 4729.531 of the Revised Code 2703or any rule adopted thereunder or section 4729.532 of the 2704Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. 2705

(G) Whoever violates division (C) (1) (E) (1) (a) of section 2706 4729.51 of the Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fourth 2707 degree. If the offender has previously been convicted of or 2708 pleaded guilty to a violation of this chapter, or of a violation 2709 of Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the Revised Code, that person is 2710 guilty of a felony of the third degree. 2711

(H) Whoever violates division (C) (3) (E) (1) (c) of section 2712 4729.51 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the 2713 first degree. If the offender has previously been convicted of 2714 or pleaded guilty to a violation of this chapter, or of a 2715 violation of Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the Revised Code, that 2716

person is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree.

(I)(1) Whoever violates division (B) (A) of section 2718 4729.42 4729.95 of the Revised Code is guilty of unauthorized 2719 pharmacy-related drug conduct. Except as otherwise provided in 2720 this section, unauthorized pharmacy-related drug conduct is a 2721 misdemeanor of the second degree. If the offender previously has 2722 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division 2723 (A), (B), or (C), (D), or (E) of that section, unauthorized 2724 pharmacy-related drug conduct is a misdemeanor of the first 2725 degree on a second offense and a felony of the fifth degree on a 2726 third or subsequent offense. 2727

(2) Whoever violates division (B) or (C) or (D) of section 2728 4729.42 4729.95 of the Revised Code is guilty of permitting 2729 unauthorized pharmacy-related drug conduct. Except as otherwise 2730 provided in this section, permitting unauthorized pharmacy-2731 related drug conduct is a misdemeanor of the second degree. If 2732 the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty 2733 to a violation of division (A), (B), or (C), (D), or (E) of that 2734 section, permitting unauthorized pharmacy-related drug conduct 2735 is a misdemeanor of the first degree on a second offense and a 2736 felony of the fifth degree on a third or subsequent offense. 2737

(3) Whoever violates division (E) of section 4729.42 of 2738 the Revised Code is quilty of the offense of falsification under 2739 section 2921.13 of the Revised Code. In addition to any other 2740 sanction imposed for the violation, the offender is forever-2741 disqualified from engaging in any activity specified in division 2742 (B) (1), (2), or (3) of section 4729.42 of the Revised Code and 2743 from performing any function as a health care professional or 2744 health care worker. As used in this division, "health care-2745 professional" and "health care worker" have the same meanings as 2746

in section 2305.234 of the Revised Code.

(4) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 2748 3719.21 of the Revised Code or any other provision of law that 2749 governs the distribution of fines, the clerk of the court shall 2750 pay any fine imposed pursuant to division (I) (1) $\tau$  or (2) $\tau$  or (3) 2751 of this section to the state board of pharmacy if the board has 2752 adopted a written internal control policy under division (F)(2) 2753 of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code that addresses fine 2754 moneys that it receives under Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code 2755 2756 and if the policy also addresses fine moneys paid under this division. The state board of pharmacy shall use the fines so 2757 paid in accordance with the written internal control policy to 2758 subsidize the board's law enforcement efforts that pertain to 2759 drug offenses. 2760

(J)(1) Whoever violates division (A)(1) of section 4729.86 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. If the offender has previously been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of section 4729.86 of the Revised Code, that person is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.

(2) Whoever violates division (A) (2) of section 4729.86 of 2767 the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. 2768 If the offender has previously been convicted of or pleaded 2769 guilty to a violation of division (A) (1), (2), or (3) of section 2770 4729.86 of the Revised Code, that person is guilty of a felony 2771 of the fifth degree. 2772

(3) Whoever violates division (A) (3) of section 4729.86 of
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the Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree. If
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the offender has previously been convicted of or pleaded guilty
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to a violation of division (A) (1), (2), or (3) of section
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4729.86 of the Revised Code, that person is guilty of a felony 2777

of the fourth degree.2778(K) A person who violates division (C) of section 4729.5522779of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first2780degree. If the person previously has been convicted of or2781pleaded guilty to a violation of division (C) of section27824729.552 of the Revised Code, that person is guilty of a felony2783of the fifth degree.2784

2785 Sec. 4731.22. (A) The state medical board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, may 2786 limit, revoke, or suspend an individual's certificate to 2787 practice, refuse to grant a certificate to an individual, refuse 2788 to renew a certificate, refuse to reinstate a certificate, or 2789 reprimand or place on probation the holder of a certificate if 2790 the individual or certificate holder is found by the board to 2791 have committed fraud during the administration of the 2792 examination for a certificate to practice or to have committed 2793 fraud, misrepresentation, or deception in applying for, 2794 renewing, or securing any certificate to practice issued by the 2795 2796 board.

(B) The board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than
six members, shall, to the extent permitted by law, limit,
revoke, or suspend an individual's certificate to practice,
refuse to issue a certificate to an individual, refuse to renew
a certificate, refuse to reinstate a certificate, or reprimand
or place on probation the holder of a certificate for one or
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more of the following reasons:

(1) Permitting one's name or one's certificate to practice
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to be used by a person, group, or corporation when the
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individual concerned is not actually directing the treatment
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given;	2807
(2) Failure to maintain minimal standards applicable to	2808
the selection or administration of drugs, or failure to employ	2809
acceptable scientific methods in the selection of drugs or other	2810
modalities for treatment of disease;	2811
(3) Selling, giving away, personally furnishing,	2812
prescribing, or administering drugs for other than legal and	2813
legitimate therapeutic purposes or a plea of guilty to, a	2814
judicial finding of guilt of, or a judicial finding of	2815
eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction of, a	2816
violation of any federal or state law regulating the possession,	2817
distribution, or use of any drug;	2818
(4) Willfully betraying a professional confidence.	2819
For purposes of this division, "willfully betraying a	2820
professional confidence" does not include providing any	2821
information, documents, or reports under sections 307.621 to	2822
307.629 of the Revised Code to a child fatality review board;	2823
does not include providing any information, documents, or	2824
reports to the director of health pursuant to guidelines	2825
established under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code; does not	2826
include written notice to a mental health professional under	2827
section 4731.62 of the Revised Code; and does not include the	2828
making of a report of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or a	2829
report of a condition of an employee other than one involving	2830
the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as	2831
described in division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised	2832

described in division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised2832Code. Nothing in this division affects the immunity from civil2833liability conferred by section 2305.33 or 4731.62 of the Revised2834Code upon a physician who makes a report in accordance with2835section 2305.33 or notifies a mental health professional in2836

accordance with section 4731.62 of the Revised Code. As used in 2837 this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" have the 2838 same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. 2839

(5) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading 2840 statement in the solicitation of or advertising for patients; in 2841 relation to the practice of medicine and surgery, osteopathic 2842 medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, or a 2843 limited branch of medicine; or in securing or attempting to 2844 secure any certificate to practice issued by the board. 2845

As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive, 2846 or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a 2847 misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive 2848 because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or 2849 is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of 2850 favorable results, or includes representations or implications 2851 that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent 2852 person to misunderstand or be deceived. 2853

(6) A departure from, or the failure to conform to,
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minimal standards of care of similar practitioners under the
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same or similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a
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patient is established;
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(7) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining
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compensation or other advantage as personal gain or for any
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other person, that an incurable disease or injury, or other
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incurable condition, can be permanently cured;
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(8) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or 2862
anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course 2863
of practice; 2864

(9) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, 2865

or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of 2866 conviction for, a felony; 2867 (10) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in 2868 this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was 2869 committed: 2870 (11) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, 2871 or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of 2872 conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of 2873 2874 practice; (12) Commission of an act in the course of practice that 2875 constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the 2876 jurisdiction in which the act was committed; 2877 (13) A plea of quilty to, a judicial finding of quilt of, 2878 or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of 2879 conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude; 2880 (14) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that 2881 constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the 2882 jurisdiction in which the act was committed; 2883 (15) Violation of the conditions of limitation placed by 2884 the board upon a certificate to practice; 2885 (16) Failure to pay license renewal fees specified in this 2886 2887 chapter; (17) Except as authorized in section 4731.31 of the 2888 Revised Code, engaging in the division of fees for referral of 2889 patients, or the receiving of a thing of value in return for a 2890 specific referral of a patient to utilize a particular service 2891 or business; 2892

(18) Subject to section 4731.226 of the Revised Code, 2893

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violation of any provision of a code of ethics of the American 2894 medical association, the American osteopathic association, the 2895 American podiatric medical association, or any other national 2896 professional organizations that the board specifies by rule. The 2897 state medical board shall obtain and keep on file current copies 2898 of the codes of ethics of the various national professional 2899 organizations. The individual whose certificate is being 2900 suspended or revoked shall not be found to have violated any 2901 provision of a code of ethics of an organization not appropriate 2902 to the individual's profession. 2903

For purposes of this division, a "provision of a code of 2904 ethics of a national professional organization" does not include 2905 any provision that would preclude the making of a report by a 2906 physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a 2907 condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a 2908 drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in 2909 division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in 2910 this division affects the immunity from civil liability 2911 conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type 2912 of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As 2913 used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" 2914 have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised 2915 Code. 2916

(19) Inability to practice according to acceptable and 2917 prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or 2918 physical illness, including, but not limited to, physical 2919 deterioration that adversely affects cognitive, motor, or 2920 perceptive skills. 2921

In enforcing this division, the board, upon a showing of a 2922 possible violation, may compel any individual authorized to 2923

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practice by this chapter or who has submitted an application 2924 pursuant to this chapter to submit to a mental examination, 2925 physical examination, including an HIV test, or both a mental 2926 and a physical examination. The expense of the examination is 2927 the responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. 2928 Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent 2929 to an HIV test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of 2930 the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due 2931 to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default 2932 and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony 2933 or presentation of evidence. If the board finds an individual 2934 unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this 2935 division, the board shall require the individual to submit to 2936 care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or 2937 designated by the board, as a condition for initial, continued, 2938 reinstated, or renewed authority to practice. An individual 2939 affected under this division shall be afforded an opportunity to 2940 demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practice in 2941 compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the 2942 provisions of the individual's certificate. For the purpose of 2943 this division, any individual who applies for or receives a 2944 certificate to practice under this chapter accepts the privilege 2945 of practicing in this state and, by so doing, shall be deemed to 2946 have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination 2947 when directed to do so in writing by the board, and to have 2948 waived all objections to the admissibility of testimony or 2949 examination reports that constitute a privileged communication. 2950

(20) Except when civil penalties are imposed under section
4731.225 or 4731.282 of the Revised Code, and subject to section
4731.226 of the Revised Code, violating or attempting to
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violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the
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violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provisions of this 2955 chapter or any rule promulgated by the board. 2956 This division does not apply to a violation or attempted 2957 violation of, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or a 2958 conspiracy to violate, any provision of this chapter or any rule 2959 adopted by the board that would preclude the making of a report 2960 by a physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a 2961 condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a 2962 drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in 2963 division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in 2964 2965 this division affects the immunity from civil liability conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type 2966 of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As 2967

used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" 2968 have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised 2969 Code. 2970

(21) The violation of section 3701.79 of the Revised Code
or of any abortion rule adopted by the director of health
pursuant to section 3701.341 of the Revised Code;
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2974 (22) Any of the following actions taken by an agency responsible for authorizing, certifying, or regulating an 2975 individual to practice a health care occupation or provide 2976 health care services in this state or another jurisdiction, for 2977 any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation, 2978 revocation, or suspension of an individual's license to 2979 practice; acceptance of an individual's license surrender; 2980 denial of a license; refusal to renew or reinstate a license; 2981 imposition of probation; or issuance of an order of censure or 2982 other reprimand; 2983

(23) The violation of section 2919.12 of the Revised Code 2984

or the performance or inducement of an abortion upon a pregnant 2985 woman with actual knowledge that the conditions specified in 2986 division (B) of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code have not 2987 been satisfied or with a heedless indifference as to whether 2988 those conditions have been satisfied, unless an affirmative 2989 defense as specified in division (H)(2) of that section would 2990 apply in a civil action authorized by division (H)(1) of that 2991 section; 2992

(24) The revocation, suspension, restriction, reduction, 2993 or termination of clinical privileges by the United States 2994 department of defense or department of veterans affairs or the 2995 termination or suspension of a certificate of registration to 2996 prescribe drugs by the drug enforcement administration of the 2997 United States department of justice; 2998

(25) Termination or suspension from participation in the
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medicare or medicaid programs by the department of health and
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human services or other responsible agency for any act or acts
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that also would constitute a violation of division (B) (2), (3),
(6), (8), or (19) of this section;

(26) Impairment of ability to practice according to 3004
acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of habitual 3005
or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or other substances 3006
that impair ability to practice. 3007

For the purposes of this division, any individual3008authorized to practice by this chapter accepts the privilege of3009practicing in this state subject to supervision by the board. By3010filing an application for or holding a certificate to practice3011under this chapter, an individual shall be deemed to have given3012consent to submit to a mental or physical examination when3013ordered to do so by the board in writing, and to have waived all3014

objections to the admissibility of testimony or examination3015reports that constitute privileged communications.3016

If it has reason to believe that any individual authorized 3017 to practice by this chapter or any applicant for certification 3018 to practice suffers such impairment, the board may compel the 3019 individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, or 3020 both. The expense of the examination is the responsibility of 3021 the individual compelled to be examined. Any mental or physical 3022 examination required under this division shall be undertaken by 3023 a treatment provider or physician who is qualified to conduct 3024 3025 the examination and who is chosen by the board.

Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination 3026 ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations 3027 against the individual unless the failure is due to 3028 circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and 3029 final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or 3030 presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the 3031 individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall 3032 suspend the individual's certificate or deny the individual's 3033 application and shall require the individual, as a condition for 3034 initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed certification to 3035 3036 practice, to submit to treatment.

Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a3037certificate suspended under this division, the impaired3038practitioner shall demonstrate to the board the ability to3039resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing3040standards of care under the provisions of the practitioner's3041certificate. The demonstration shall include, but shall not be3042limited to, the following:3043

(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under 3044

section 4731.25 of the Revised Code that the individual has	3045
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;	3046
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	3047
aftercare contract or consent agreement;	3048
(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	3049
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual	3050
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	3051
prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by	3052
individuals or providers approved by the board for making the	3053
assessments and shall describe the basis for their	3054
determination.	3055
The board may reinstate a certificate suspended under this	3056
division after that demonstration and after the individual has	3057
entered into a written consent agreement.	3058
When the impaired practitioner resumes practice, the board	3059
shall require continued monitoring of the individual. The	3060

monitoring shall include, but not be limited to, compliance with 3061 the written consent agreement entered into before reinstatement 3062 or with conditions imposed by board order after a hearing, and, 3063 upon termination of the consent agreement, submission to the 3064 board for at least two years of annual written progress reports 3065 made under penalty of perjury stating whether the individual has 3066 maintained sobriety. 3067

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(27) A second or subsequent violation of section 4731.66 3068
or 4731.69 of the Revised Code; 3069
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(28) Except as provided in division (N) of this section: 3070

(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible
or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or
health care policy, contract, or plan that covers the
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individual's services, otherwise would be required to pay if the 3074 waiver is used as an enticement to a patient or group of 3075 patients to receive health care services from that individual; 3076 (b) Advertising that the individual will waive the payment 3077 of all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a patient, 3078 pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy, contract, 3079 or plan that covers the individual's services, otherwise would 3080 3081 be required to pay. (29) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid 3082 precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051 3083 of the Revised Code; 3084 (30) Failure to provide notice to, and receive 3085 acknowledgment of the notice from, a patient when required by 3086 section 4731.143 of the Revised Code prior to providing 3087 nonemergency professional services, or failure to maintain that 3088 notice in the patient's file; 3089 3090 (31) Failure of a physician supervising a physician assistant to maintain supervision in accordance with the 3091 requirements of Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code and the rules 3092 3093 adopted under that chapter; 3094 (32) Failure of a physician or podiatrist to enter into a standard care arrangement with a clinical nurse specialist, 3095 certified nurse-midwife, or certified nurse practitioner with 3096 whom the physician or podiatrist is in collaboration pursuant to 3097 section 4731.27 of the Revised Code or failure to fulfill the 3098 responsibilities of collaboration after entering into a standard 3099 care arrangement; 3100

(33) Failure to comply with the terms of a consult3101agreement entered into with a pharmacist pursuant to section3102

4729.39 of the Revised Code;

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(34) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by 3104 the board under division (F) of this section, including failure 3105 to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the board or 3106 failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the board 3107 in an investigative interview, an investigative office 3108 conference, at a deposition, or in written interrogatories, 3109 except that failure to cooperate with an investigation shall not 3110 constitute grounds for discipline under this section if a court 3111 of competent jurisdiction has issued an order that either 3112 3113 quashes a subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the testimony or evidence in issue; 3114

(35) Failure to supervise an oriental medicine
practitioner or acupuncturist in accordance with Chapter 4762.
of the Revised Code and the board's rules for providing that
supervision;

(36) Failure to supervise an anesthesiologist assistant in
accordance with Chapter 4760. of the Revised Code and the
board's rules for supervision of an anesthesiologist assistant;
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(37) Assisting suicide, as defined in section 3795.01 of 3122
the Revised Code; 3123

(38) Failure to comply with the requirements of section31242317.561 of the Revised Code;3125

(39) Failure to supervise a radiologist assistant in
accordance with Chapter 4774. of the Revised Code and the
board's rules for supervision of radiologist assistants;
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(40) Performing or inducing an abortion at an office or
facility with knowledge that the office or facility fails to
post the notice required under section 3701.791 of the Revised
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Code;

(41) Failure to comply with the standards and procedures 3133 established in rules under section 4731.054 of the Revised Code 3134 for the operation of or the provision of care at a pain 3135 3136 management clinic; (42) Failure to comply with the standards and procedures 3137 established in rules under section 4731.054 of the Revised Code 3138 for providing supervision, direction, and control of individuals 3139 3140 at a pain management clinic; (43) Failure to comply with the requirements of section 3141 4729.79 or 4731.055 of the Revised Code, unless the state board 3142 of pharmacy no longer maintains a drug database pursuant to 3143 section 4729.75 of the Revised Code; 3144 (44) Failure to comply with the requirements of section 3145 2919.171 of the Revised Code or failure to submit to the 3146 department of health in accordance with a court order a complete 3147 report as described in section 2919.171 of the Revised Code; 3148 (45) Practicing at a facility that is subject to licensure 3149 as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a 3150 pain management clinic classification unless the person 3151 3152 operating the facility has obtained and maintains the license with the classification; 3153

(46) Owning a facility that is subject to licensure as a
category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain
management clinic classification unless the facility is licensed
with the classification;

(47) Failure to comply with the requirement regarding
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maintaining notes described in division (B) of section 2919.191
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of the Revised Code or failure to satisfy the requirements of
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section 2919.191 of the Revised Code prior to performing or	3161
inducing an abortion upon a pregnant woman;	3162
(48) Failure to comply with the requirements in section	3163
3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing for a minor a	3164
prescription for an opioid analgesic, as defined in section	3165
3719.01 of the Revised Code <u>;</u>	3166
(49) Practicing at a facility, clinic, or other location	3167
that is subject to licensure as a category III terminal	3168
distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid	3169
treatment classification unless the person operating that place	3170
has obtained and maintains the license with the classification;	3171
(50) Owning a facility, clinic, or other location that is	3172
subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of	3173
dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid treatment	3174
classification unless that place is licensed with the	3175
classification.	3176
(C) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under	3177
divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to	3178
an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except	3179
that in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a	3180
consent agreement with an individual to resolve an allegation of	3181
a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under it. A	3182
consent agreement, when ratified by an affirmative vote of not	3183
fewer than six members of the board, shall constitute the	3184
findings and order of the board with respect to the matter	3185
addressed in the agreement. If the board refuses to ratify a	3186
consent agreement, the admissions and findings contained in the	3187
consent agreement shall be of no force or effect.	3188
A telephone conference call may be utilized for	3189

ratification of a consent agreement that revokes or suspends an 3190 individual's certificate to practice. The telephone conference 3191 call shall be considered a special meeting under division (F) of 3192 section 121.22 of the Revised Code. 3193

If the board takes disciplinary action against an 3194 individual under division (B) of this section for a second or 3195 subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of guilt of, a 3196 violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, the 3197 disciplinary action shall consist of a suspension of the 3198 individual's certificate to practice for a period of at least 3199 one year or, if determined appropriate by the board, a more 3200 serious sanction involving the individual's certificate to 3201 practice. Any consent agreement entered into under this division 3202 with an individual that pertains to a second or subsequent plea 3203 of guilty to, or judicial finding of guilt of, a violation of 3204 that section shall provide for a suspension of the individual's 3205 certificate to practice for a period of at least one year or, if 3206 determined appropriate by the board, a more serious sanction 3207 involving the individual's certificate to practice. 3208

(D) For purposes of divisions (B)(10), (12), and (14) of 3209 this section, the commission of the act may be established by a 3210 finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 3211 119. of the Revised Code, that the individual committed the act. 3212 The board does not have jurisdiction under those divisions if 3213 the trial court renders a final judgment in the individual's 3214 favor and that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the 3215 merits. The board has jurisdiction under those divisions if the 3216 trial court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or 3217 procedural grounds. 3218

(E) The sealing of conviction records by any court shall 3219

have no effect upon a prior board order entered under this 3220 section or upon the board's jurisdiction to take action under 3221 this section if, based upon a plea of guilty, a judicial finding 3222 of guilt, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 3223 in lieu of conviction, the board issued a notice of opportunity 3224 for a hearing prior to the court's order to seal the records. 3225 The board shall not be required to seal, destroy, redact, or 3226 otherwise modify its records to reflect the court's sealing of 3227 conviction records. 3228

(F) (1) The board shall investigate evidence that appears 3229 to show that a person has violated any provision of this chapter 3230 or any rule adopted under it. Any person may report to the board 3231 in a signed writing any information that the person may have 3232 that appears to show a violation of any provision of this 3233 chapter or any rule adopted under it. In the absence of bad 3234 faith, any person who reports information of that nature or who 3235 testifies before the board in any adjudication conducted under 3236 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code shall not be liable in damages 3237 in a civil action as a result of the report or testimony. Each 3238 complaint or allegation of a violation received by the board 3239 3240 shall be assigned a case number and shall be recorded by the board. 3241

(2) Investigations of alleged violations of this chapter 3242 or any rule adopted under it shall be supervised by the 3243 supervising member elected by the board in accordance with 3244 section 4731.02 of the Revised Code and by the secretary as 3245 provided in section 4731.39 of the Revised Code. The president 3246 may designate another member of the board to supervise the 3247 investigation in place of the supervising member. No member of 3248 the board who supervises the investigation of a case shall 3249 participate in further adjudication of the case. 3250

(3) In investigating a possible violation of this chapter 3251 or any rule adopted under this chapter, or in conducting an 3252 inspection under division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised 3253 Code, the board may question witnesses, conduct interviews, 3254 administer oaths, order the taking of depositions, inspect and 3255 copy any books, accounts, papers, records, or documents, issue 3256 subpoenas, and compel the attendance of witnesses and production 3257 of books, accounts, papers, records, documents, and testimony, 3258 except that a subpoena for patient record information shall not 3259 be issued without consultation with the attorney general's 3260 office and approval of the secretary and supervising member of 3261 the board. 3262

(a) Before issuance of a subpoena for patient record 3263 information, the secretary and supervising member shall 3264 determine whether there is probable cause to believe that the 3265 complaint filed alleges a violation of this chapter or any rule 3266 adopted under it and that the records sought are relevant to the 3267 alleged violation and material to the investigation. The 3268 subpoena may apply only to records that cover a reasonable 3269 period of time surrounding the alleged violation. 3270

(b) On failure to comply with any subpoena issued by the
board and after reasonable notice to the person being
subpoenaed, the board may move for an order compelling the
production of persons or records pursuant to the Rules of Civil
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Procedure.

(c) A subpoena issued by the board may be served by a 3276
sheriff, the sheriff's deputy, or a board employee designated by 3277
the board. Service of a subpoena issued by the board may be made 3278
by delivering a copy of the subpoena to the person named 3279
therein, reading it to the person, or leaving it at the person's 3280

usual place of residence, usual place of business, or address on 3281 file with the board. When serving a subpoena to an applicant for 3282 or the holder of a certificate issued under this chapter, 3283 service of the subpoena may be made by certified mail, return 3284 receipt requested, and the subpoena shall be deemed served on 3285 the date delivery is made or the date the person refuses to 3286 3287 accept delivery. If the person being served refuses to accept the subpoena or is not located, service may be made to an 3288 attorney who notifies the board that the attorney is 3289 3290 representing the person.

(d) A sheriff's deputy who serves a subpoena shall receive
the same fees as a sheriff. Each witness who appears before the
board in obedience to a subpoena shall receive the fees and
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mileage provided for under section 119.094 of the Revised Code.
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(4) All hearings, investigations, and inspections of the
board shall be considered civil actions for the purposes of
section 2305.252 of the Revised Code.
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(5) A report required to be submitted to the board under
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this chapter, a complaint, or information received by the board
pursuant to an investigation or pursuant to an inspection under
division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised Code is
confidential and not subject to discovery in any civil action.

The board shall conduct all investigations or inspections 3303 and proceedings in a manner that protects the confidentiality of 3304 patients and persons who file complaints with the board. The 3305 board shall not make public the names or any other identifying 3306 information about patients or complainants unless proper consent 3307 is given or, in the case of a patient, a waiver of the patient 3308 privilege exists under division (B) of section 2317.02 of the 3309 Revised Code, except that consent or a waiver of that nature is 3310

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not required if the board possesses reliable and substantial 3311 evidence that no bona fide physician-patient relationship 3312 exists. 3313 The board may share any information it receives pursuant 3314 to an investigation or inspection, including patient records and 3315 patient record information, with law enforcement agencies, other 3316 licensing boards, and other governmental agencies that are 3317 prosecuting, adjudicating, or investigating alleged violations 3318 of statutes or administrative rules. An agency or board that 3319 receives the information shall comply with the same requirements 3320 regarding confidentiality as those with which the state medical 3321 board must comply, notwithstanding any conflicting provision of 3322 3323 the Revised Code or procedure of the agency or board that applies when it is dealing with other information in its 3324 possession. In a judicial proceeding, the information may be 3325 admitted into evidence only in accordance with the Rules of 3326 Evidence, but the court shall require that appropriate measures 3327 are taken to ensure that confidentiality is maintained with 3328 respect to any part of the information that contains names or 3329 other identifying information about patients or complainants 3330 whose confidentiality was protected by the state medical board 3331 when the information was in the board's possession. Measures to 3332 ensure confidentiality that may be taken by the court include 3333 sealing its records or deleting specific information from its 3334 records. 3335

(6) On a quarterly basis, the board shall prepare a report
that documents the disposition of all cases during the preceding
three months. The report shall contain the following information
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for each case with which the board has completed its activities:
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(a) The case number assigned to the complaint or alleged

violation; 3341 (b) The type of certificate to practice, if any, held by 3342 the individual against whom the complaint is directed; 3343 (c) A description of the allegations contained in the 3344 3345 complaint; (d) The disposition of the case. 3346 The report shall state how many cases are still pending 3347 and shall be prepared in a manner that protects the identity of 3348 each person involved in each case. The report shall be a public 3349 record under section 149.43 of the Revised Code. 3350 (G) If the secretary and supervising member determine both 3351 of the following, they may recommend that the board suspend an 3352 individual's certificate to practice without a prior hearing: 3353 (1) That there is clear and convincing evidence that an 3354 individual has violated division (B) of this section; 3355 (2) That the individual's continued practice presents a 3356 danger of immediate and serious harm to the public. 3357 Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by 3358 the board. The board, upon review of those allegations and by an 3359 affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding 3360 the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a certificate 3361 without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call may be 3362 utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the vote on 3363 the summary suspension. 3364 The board shall issue a written order of suspension by 3365 certified mail or in person in accordance with section 119.07 of 3366

the Revised Code. The order shall not be subject to suspension3367by the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section3368

119.12 of the Revised Code. If the individual subject to the 3369 summary suspension requests an adjudicatory hearing by the 3370 board, the date set for the hearing shall be within fifteen 3371 days, but not earlier than seven days, after the individual 3372 requests the hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by both the 3373 board and the individual. 3374

Any summary suspension imposed under this division shall 3375 remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final 3376 adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section 3377 and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The 3378 board shall issue its final adjudicative order within seventy-3379 five days after completion of its hearing. A failure to issue 3380 the order within seventy-five days shall result in dissolution 3381 of the summary suspension order but shall not invalidate any 3382 subsequent, final adjudicative order. 3383

(H) If the board takes action under division (B)(9), (11), 3384 or (13) of this section and the judicial finding of quilt, 3385 guilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 3386 in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion 3387 of the criminal appeal, a petition for reconsideration of the 3388 order may be filed with the board along with appropriate court 3389 3390 documents. Upon receipt of a petition of that nature and supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the 3391 individual's certificate to practice. The board may then hold an 3392 adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to determine 3393 whether the individual committed the act in question. Notice of 3394 an opportunity for a hearing shall be given in accordance with 3395 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the board finds, pursuant 3396 to an adjudication held under this division, that the individual 3397 committed the act or if no hearing is requested, the board may 3398 order any of the sanctions identified under division (B) of this 3399

section.

(I) The certificate to practice issued to an individual 3401 under this chapter and the individual's practice in this state 3402 are automatically suspended as of the date of the individual's 3403 second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of 3404 quilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, 3405 or the date the individual pleads guilty to, is found by a judge 3406 or jury to be quilty of, or is subject to a judicial finding of 3407 eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction in this state 3408 or treatment or intervention in lieu of conviction in another 3409 jurisdiction for any of the following criminal offenses in this 3410 state or a substantially equivalent criminal offense in another 3411 jurisdiction: aggravated murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, 3412 felonious assault, kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross 3413 sexual imposition, aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or 3414 aggravated burglary. Continued practice after suspension shall 3415 be considered practicing without a certificate. 3416

The board shall notify the individual subject to the 3417 suspension by certified mail or in person in accordance with 3418 section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an individual whose 3419 certificate is automatically suspended under this division fails 3420 to make a timely request for an adjudication under Chapter 119. 3421 of the Revised Code, the board shall do whichever of the 3422 following is applicable: 3423

(1) If the automatic suspension under this division is for 3424 a second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of 3425 guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, 3426 the board shall enter an order suspending the individual's 3427 certificate to practice for a period of at least one year or, if 3428 determined appropriate by the board, imposing a more serious 3429

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3433

# sanction involving the individual's certificate to practice. (2) In all circumstances in which division (I) (1) of this section does not apply, enter a final order permanently revoking 3432

section does not apply, enter a final order permanently revoking the individual's certificate to practice.

(J) If the board is required by Chapter 119. of the 3434 Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and 3435 if the individual subject to the notice does not timely request 3436 a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code, 3437 the board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt, by 3438 an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, a 3439 final order that contains the board's findings. In that final 3440 order, the board may order any of the sanctions identified under 3441 division (A) or (B) of this section. 3442

(K) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of 3443 this section resulting in a suspension from practice shall be 3444 accompanied by a written statement of the conditions under which 3445 the individual's certificate to practice may be reinstated. The 3446 board shall adopt rules governing conditions to be imposed for 3447 reinstatement. Reinstatement of a certificate suspended pursuant 3448 to division (B) of this section requires an affirmative vote of 3449 not fewer than six members of the board. 3450

(L) When the board refuses to grant or issue a certificate 3451 to practice to an applicant, revokes an individual's certificate 3452 to practice, refuses to renew an individual's certificate to 3453 practice, or refuses to reinstate an individual's certificate to 3454 practice, the board may specify that its action is permanent. An 3455 individual subject to a permanent action taken by the board is 3456 forever thereafter ineligible to hold a certificate to practice 3457 and the board shall not accept an application for reinstatement 3458 of the certificate or for issuance of a new certificate. 3459

(M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised	3460
Code, all of the following apply:	3461
(1) The surrender of a certificate issued under this	3462
chapter shall not be effective unless or until accepted by the	3463
board. A telephone conference call may be utilized for	3464
acceptance of the surrender of an individual's certificate to	3465
practice. The telephone conference call shall be considered a	3466
special meeting under division (F) of section 121.22 of the	3467
Revised Code. Reinstatement of a certificate surrendered to the	3468
board requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members	3469
of the board.	3470
(2) An application for a certificate made under the	3471
provisions of this chapter may not be withdrawn without approval	3472
of the board.	3473
(3) Failure by an individual to renew a certificate to	3474
practice in accordance with this chapter shall not remove or	3475
limit the board's jurisdiction to take any disciplinary action	3476
under this section against the individual.	3477
(4) At the request of the board, a certificate holder	3478
shall immediately surrender to the board a certificate that the	3479
board has suspended, revoked, or permanently revoked.	3480
(N) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (B)(28)	3481
of this section against any person who waives deductibles and	3482
copayments as follows:	3483
(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that	3484
expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or	3485
copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and	3486
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party	3487
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made	3488

available to the board upon request.

(2) For professional services rendered to any other person
authorized to practice pursuant to this chapter, to the extent
allowed by this chapter and rules adopted by the board.
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(0) Under the board's investigative duties described in 3493 this section and subject to division (F) of this section, the 3494 3495 board shall develop and implement a quality intervention program designed to improve through remedial education the clinical and 3496 communication skills of individuals authorized under this 3497 chapter to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine 3498 and surgery, and podiatric medicine and surgery. In developing 3499 and implementing the quality intervention program, the board may 3500 do all of the following: 3501

(1) Offer in appropriate cases as determined by the board
 an educational and assessment program pursuant to an
 investigation the board conducts under this section;
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(2) Select providers of educational and assessment
 services, including a quality intervention program panel of case
 3506
 reviewers;
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(3) Make referrals to educational and assessment service
providers and approve individual educational programs
recommended by those providers. The board shall monitor the
progress of each individual undertaking a recommended individual
3511
educational program.

(4) Determine what constitutes successful completion of an
 individual educational program and require further monitoring of
 3514
 the individual who completed the program or other action that
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 the board determines to be appropriate;
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(5) Adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the

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Revised Code to further implement the quality intervention	3518
program.	3519
In individual the nexticipates in an individual	3520
An individual who participates in an individual	
educational program pursuant to this division shall pay the	3521
financial obligations arising from that educational program.	3522
Sec. 4731.94. (A) As used in this section and sections	3523
4731.941 <del>and</del> , 4731.942, and 4731.943 of the Revised Code,	3524
"physician" means an individual authorized under this chapter to	3525
practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery,	3526
or podiatric medicine and surgery.	3527
(B) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter or rule	3528
adopted by the state medical board, a physician may personally	3529
furnish a supply of naloxone, or issue a prescription for	3530
naloxone, without having examined the individual to whom it may	3531
be administered if both of the following conditions are met:	3532
(1) The naloxone supply is furnished to, or the	3533
prescription is issued to and in the name of, a family member,	3534
friend, or other individual in a position to assist an	3535
individual who there is reason to believe is at risk of	3536
experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	3537
(2) The physician instructs the individual receiving the	3538
naloxone supply or prescription to summon emergency services as	3539
soon as practicable either before or after administering the	3540
naloxone to an individual apparently experiencing an opioid-	3541
related overdose.	3542
(C) A physician who under division (B) of this section in	3543
and foith furniches a supply of polousne on issues a	2544

good faith furnishes a supply of naloxone or issues a3544prescription for naloxone is not liable for or subject to any of3545the following for any action act or omission of the individual3546

to whom the naloxone is furnished or the prescription is issued: 3547 damages in any civil action, prosecution in any criminal 3548 proceeding, or professional disciplinary action. 3549 Sec. 4731.943. (A) As used in this section, "service 3550 entity" has the same meaning as in section 4729.514 of the 3551 3552 Revised Code. (B) A physician who has established a protocol under 3553 division (D) of this section may authorize an individual who is 3554 an employee, volunteer, or contractor of a service entity to 3555 administer naloxone to an individual who is apparently 3556 experiencing an opioid-related overdose. 3557 (C) An individual authorized by a physician under this 3558 section may administer naloxone to an individual who is 3559 apparently experiencing an opioid-related overdose if all of the 3560 following conditions are met: 3561 (1) The naloxone is obtained from a service entity of 3562 which the authorized individual is an employee, volunteer, or 3563 3564 contractor. (2) The authorized individual complies with the protocol 3565 established by the authorizing physician. 3566 (3) The authorized individual summons emergency services 3567 as soon as practicable either before or after administering the 3568 naloxone. 3569 (D) A protocol established by a physician for purposes of 3570 this section must be in writing and address the administration 3571 of naloxone. 3572 (E) A physician who in good faith authorizes an individual 3573 to administer naloxone under this section is not liable for or 3574

subject to any of the following for any act or omission of the 3575 authorized individual: damages in any civil action, prosecution 3576 in any criminal proceeding, or professional disciplinary action. 3577 A service entity or an employee, volunteer, or contractor 3578 of a service entity is not liable for or subject to any of the 3579 following for injury, death, or loss to person or property that 3580 allegedly arises from an act or omission associated with 3581 procuring, maintaining, accessing, or administering naloxone 3582 under this section, unless the act or omission constitutes 3583 willful <u>or wanton misconduct: damages in any civil action,</u> 3584 prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or professional 3585 disciplinary action. 3586 This section does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any 3587 other immunity or defense that a service entity or an employee, 3588 volunteer, or contractor of a service entity may be entitled to 3589 under Chapter 2305. or any other provision of the Revised Code 3590 or under the common law of this state. 3591 Sec. 4776.02. (A) An applicant for an initial license or 3592 restored license from a licensing agency, a person seeking to 3593 satisfy the criteria for being a qualified pharmacy technician 3594 that are specified in section 4729.42 of the Revised Code, or a 3595 person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of 3596 a pain management clinic as specified in section 4729.552 of the 3597 Revised Code, or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to 3598 be an employee of a facility, clinic, or other location that is 3599 subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of 3600 dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid treatment 3601 classification under section 4729.553 of the Revised Code shall 3602 submit a request to the bureau of criminal identification and 3603 investigation for a criminal records check of the applicant or 3604

person. The request shall be accompanied by a completed copy of 3605 the form prescribed under division (C)(1) of section 109.572 of 3606 the Revised Code, a set of fingerprint impressions obtained as 3607 described in division (C) (2) of that section, and the fee 3608 prescribed under division (C)(3) of that section. The applicant 3609 or person shall ask the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 3610 identification and investigation in the request to obtain from 3611 the federal bureau of investigation any information it has 3612 pertaining to the applicant or person. 3613

An applicant or person requesting a criminal records check 3614 shall provide the bureau of criminal identification and 3615 investigation with the applicant's or person's name and address 3616 and, regarding an applicant, with the licensing agency's name 3617 and address. 3618

(B) Upon receipt of the completed form, the set of 3619 fingerprint impressions, and the fee provided for in division 3620 (A) of this section, the superintendent of the bureau of 3621 criminal identification and investigation shall conduct a 3622 criminal records check of the applicant or person under division 3623 (B) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code. Upon completion of 3624 the criminal records check, the superintendent shall do 3625 3626 whichever of the following is applicable:

(1) If the request was submitted by an applicant for an
initial license or restored license, report the results of the
3628
criminal records check and any information the federal bureau of
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investigation provides to the licensing agency identified in the
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request for a criminal records check;

(2) If the request was submitted by a person seeking to
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satisfy the criteria for being a qualified pharmacy technician
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that are specified in section 4729.42 of the Revised Code or a
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person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of	3635
a pain management clinic as specified in section 4729.552 of the	3636
Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to	3637
be an employee of a facility, clinic, or other location that is	3638
subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of	3639
dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid treatment	3640
classification, do both of the following:	3641
(a) Report the results of the criminal records check and	3642
any information the federal bureau of investigation provides to	3643
the person who submitted the request;	3644
(b) Report the results of the portion of the criminal	3645
records check performed by the bureau of criminal identification	3646
and investigation under division (B)(1) of section 109.572 of	3647
the Revised Code to the employer or potential employer specified	3648
in the request of the person who submitted the request and send	3649
a letter to that employer or potential employer regarding the	3650
information provided by the federal bureau of investigation that	3651
states either that whichever of the following is applicable:	3652
(i) That based on that information there is no record of	3653
any conviction or that;	3654
(ii) That_based on that information the person who	3655
submitted the request may not meet the criteria that are	3656
specified in section 4729.424729.552 or 4729.553 of the Revised	3657
Code, whichever is applicable.	3658
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Sec. 4776.04. The results of any criminal records check 3659 conducted pursuant to a request made under this chapter and any 3660 report containing those results, including any information the 3661 federal bureau of investigation provides, are not public records 3662 for purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised Code and shall not 3663

be made available to any person or for any purpose other than as	3664
follows:	3665
10110003.	5005
(A) If the request for the criminal records check was	3666
submitted by an applicant for an initial license or restored	3667
license, as follows:	3668
(1) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal	3669
identification and investigation shall make the results	3670
available to the licensing agency for use in determining, under	3671
the agency's authorizing chapter of the Revised Code, whether	3672
the applicant who is the subject of the criminal records check	3673
should be granted a license under that chapter.	3674
(2) The licensing agency shall make the results available	3675
to the applicant who is the subject of the criminal records	3676
check.	3677
	0.67.0
(B) If the request for the criminal records check was	3678
submitted by a person seeking to satisfy the criteria for being	3679
-	
submitted by a person seeking to satisfy the criteria for being	3679
submitted by a person seeking to satisfy the criteria for being- a qualified pharmacy technician that are specified in section-	3679 3680
submitted by a person seeking to satisfy the criteria for being- a qualified pharmacy technician that are specified in section- 4729.42 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the	3679 3680 3681
submitted by a person seeking to satisfy the criteria for being a qualified pharmacy technician that are specified in section 4729.42 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a pain management clinic as	3679 3680 3681 3682
submitted by a person seeking to satisfy the criteria for being a qualified pharmacy technician that are specified in section 4729.42 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a pain management clinic as specified in section 4729.552 of the Revised Code or a person	3679 3680 3681 3682 3683
submitted by a person seeking to satisfy the criteria for being a qualified pharmacy technician that are specified in section 4729.42 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a pain management clinic as specified in section 4729.552 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a	3679 3680 3681 3682 3683 3683
submitted by a person seeking to satisfy the criteria for being a qualified pharmacy technician that are specified in section 4729.42 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a pain management clinic as specified in section 4729.552 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a facility, clinic, or other location that is subject to licensure	3679 3680 3681 3682 3683 3683 3684 3685
submitted by a person seeking to satisfy the criteria for being a qualified pharmacy technician that are specified in section 4729.42 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a pain management clinic as specified in section 4729.552 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a facility, clinic, or other location that is subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with	3679 3680 3681 3682 3683 3683 3684 3685 3686
submitted by a person seeking to satisfy the criteria for being a qualified pharmacy technician that are specified in section 4729.42 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a pain management clinic as specified in section 4729.552 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a facility, clinic, or other location that is subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid treatment classification, the	3679 3680 3681 3682 3683 3683 3684 3685 3686 3687
submitted by a person seeking to satisfy the criteria for being- a qualified pharmacy technician that are specified in section 4729.42 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a pain management clinic as specified in section 4729.552 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a facility, clinic, or other location that is subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid treatment classification, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and	3679 3680 3681 3682 3683 3683 3684 3685 3686 3686 3687 3688
submitted by a person seeking to satisfy the criteria for being- a qualified pharmacy technician that are specified in section 4729.42 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a pain management clinic as specified in section 4729.552 of the Revised Code <u>or a person</u> seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a facility, clinic, or other location that is subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid treatment classification, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall make the results available in accordance	3679 3680 3681 3682 3683 3683 3684 3685 3686 3687 3688 3689
submitted by a person seeking to satisfy the criteria for being- a qualified pharmacy technician that are specified in section 4729.42 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a pain management clinic as specified in section 4729.552 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a facility, clinic, or other location that is subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid treatment classification, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall make the results available in accordance with the following:	3679 3680 3681 3682 3683 3684 3685 3686 3685 3686 3687 3688 3689 3690

bureau of investigation provides, available to the person who3693submitted the request and is the subject of the criminal records3694check.3695

(2) The superintendent shall make the results of the 3696 portion of the criminal records check performed by the bureau of 3697 criminal identification and investigation under division (B)(1) 3698 of section 109.572 of the Revised Code available to the employer 3699 or potential employer specified in the request of the person who 3700 submitted the request and shall send a letter of the type 3701 described in division (B)(2) of section 4776.02 of the Revised 3702 Code to that employer or potential employer regarding the 3703 information provided by the federal bureau of investigation that 3704 3705 contains one of the types of statements described in that division. 3706

(C) If the request for the criminal records check was
submitted by an applicant for a trainee license under section
4776.021 of the Revised Code, as follows:
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(1) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal 3710 identification and investigation shall make the results 3711 available to the licensing agency or other agency identified in 3712 division (B) of section 4776.021 of the Revised Code for use in 3713 determining, under the agency's authorizing chapter of the 3714 Revised Code and division (D) of section 4776.021 of the Revised 3715 Code, whether the applicant who is the subject of the criminal 3716 records check should be granted a trainee license under that 3717 chapter and that division. 3718

(2) The licensing agency or other agency identified in
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division (B) of section 4776.021 of the Revised Code shall make
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the results available to the applicant who is the subject of the
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criminal records check.

Sec. 5119.391. (A) No community addiction services3723provider shall employ methadone treatment or prescribe,3724dispense, or administer methadone unless the program is licensed3725under this section. No community addiction services provider3726licensed under this section shall maintain methadone treatment3727in a manner inconsistent with this section and the rules adopted3728under it.3729

(B) A community addiction services provider may apply to
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 the department of mental health and addiction services for a
 license to maintain methadone treatment. The department shall
 3732
 review all applications received.
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(C) The department may issue a license to maintain
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 methadone treatment to a community addiction services provider
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 only if all of the following apply:
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(1) The provider is operated by a private, nonprofit3737organization or by a government entity;3738

(2) For Except as provided in division (D) (1) of this
 3739
 section, for at least two years immediately preceding the date
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 of application, the provider has been fully certified under
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 section 5119.36 of the Revised Code;
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(3) The provider has not been denied a license to maintain
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methadone treatment or had its license withdrawn or revoked
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within the five-year period immediately preceding the date of
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application;
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(4) It affirmatively appears to the department that the 3747
provider is adequately staffed and equipped to maintain 3748
methadone treatment; 3749

(5) It affirmatively appears to the department that theprovider will maintain methadone treatment in strict compliance3751

with section 3719.61 of the Revised Code, all other laws	3752
relating to drug abuse, and the rules adopted by the department;	3753
(6) Except as provided in division (D) <u>(2)</u> of this section	3754
and section 5119.392 of the Revised Code, there is no public or	3755
private school, licensed child day-care center, or other child-	3756
serving agency within a radius of five hundred linear feet of	3757
the location where the program is to maintain methadone	3758
treatment.	3759
(D)(1) The department may waive the requirement of	3760
division (C)(2) of this section if it receives from the	3761
applicant a written statement explaining the need for the	3762
waiver. The department shall determine whether the statement is	3763
satisfactory for purposes of waiving the requirement.	3764
(2) The department may waive the requirement of division	3765
(C)(6) of this section if it receives, from each public or	3766
private school, licensed child day-care center, or other child-	3767
serving agency that is within the five hundred linear feet	3768
radius of the location where the program is to maintain	3769
methadone treatment, a letter of support for the location. The	3770
department shall determine whether a letter of support is	3771
satisfactory for purposes of waiving the requirement.	3772
(E) A license to maintain methadone treatment shall expire	3773
one year from the date of issuance. Licenses may be renewed.	3774
(F) The department shall establish procedures and adopt	3775
rules for licensing, inspection, and supervision of community	3776
addiction services providers that maintain methadone treatment.	3777
The rules shall establish standards for the control, storage,	3778
furnishing, use, and dispensing of methadone; prescribe minimum	3779

standards for the operation of the methadone treatment component 3780

of the provider's operations; and comply with federal laws and	3781
regulations.	3782
All rules adopted under this division shall be adopted in	3783
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. All actions	3784
taken by the department regarding the licensing of providers to	3785
maintain methadone treatment shall be conducted in accordance	3786
with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except as provided in	3787
division (L) of this section.	3788
(G) The department of mental health and addiction services	3789
shall inspect all community addiction services providers	3790
licensed to maintain methadone treatment. Inspections shall be	3791
conducted at least annually and may be conducted more	3792
frequently. No person or government entity shall interfere with	3793
a state or local government official acting on behalf of the	3794
department while conducting an inspection.	3795
(H) A community addiction services provider shall not	3796
administer or dispense methadone in a tablet, powder, or	3797
intravenous form. Methadone shall be administered or dispensed	3798
only in a liquid form intended for ingestion. A services	3799
provider shall not administer or dispense methadone to an	3800
individual for pain or other medical reasons.	3801
(I) As used in this division, "program sponsor" means a	3802
person who assumes responsibility for the operation and	3803
employees of the methadone treatment component of a community	3804
addiction services provider.	3805
A community addiction services provider shall not employ	3806
an individual who receives methadone treatment from that	3807
services provider. A program shall not permit an individual to	3808
act as a provider sponsor, medical director, or director of the	3809

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provider if the individual is receiving methadone treatment from 3810 any community addiction services provider. 3811 (J) The department may issue orders to assure compliance 3812 with section 3719.61 of the Revised Code, all other laws 3813 relating to drug abuse, and the rules adopted under this 3814 section. Subject to section 5119.27 of the Revised Code, the 3815 department may hold hearings, require the production of relevant 3816 matter, compel testimony, issue subpoenas, and make 3817 adjudications. Upon failure of a person without lawful excuse to 3818 obey a subpoena or to produce relevant matter, the department 3819 may apply to a court of common pleas for an order compelling 3820 compliance. 3821 (K) The department may refuse to issue, or may withdraw or 3822 revoke, a license to maintain methadone treatment. A license may 3823 be refused if a community addiction services provider does not 3824 meet the requirements of division (C) of this section. A license 3825 may be withdrawn at any time the department determines that the 3826

(L) of this section.

Once a license is issued under this section, the 3830 department shall not consider the requirement of division (C)(6) 3831 of this section in determining whether to renew, withdraw, or 3832 revoke the license or whether to reissue the license as a result 3833 of a change in ownership. 3834

program no longer meets the requirements for receiving the

license. A license may be revoked in accordance with division

(L) If the department of mental health and addiction 3835
services finds reasonable cause to believe that a community 3836
addiction services provider licensed under this section is in 3837
violation of any provision of section 3719.61 of the Revised 3838
Code, or of any other state or federal law or rule relating to 3839

drug abuse, the department may issue an order immediately 3840 revoking the license, subject to division (M) of this section. 3841 The department shall set a date not more than fifteen days later 3842 than the date of the order of revocation for a hearing on the 3843 continuation or cancellation of the revocation. For good cause, 3844 the department may continue the hearing on application of any 3845 interested party. In conducting hearings, the department has all 3846 the authority and power set forth in division (J) of this 3847 section. Following the hearing, the department shall either 3848 confirm or cancel the revocation. The hearing shall be conducted 3849 in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except that 3850 the provider shall not be permitted to maintain methadone 3851 treatment pending the hearing or pending any appeal from an 3852 adjudication made as a result of the hearing. Notwithstanding 3853 any provision of Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to the 3854 contrary, a court shall not stay or suspend any order of 3855 revocation issued by the director under this division pending 3856 judicial appeal. 3857

(M) The department shall not revoke a license to maintain 3858 methadone treatment unless all services recipients receiving 3859 methadone treatment from the community addiction services 3860 provider are provided adequate substitute treatment. For 3861 purposes of this division, the department may transfer the 3862 services recipients to other programs licensed to maintain 3863 methadone treatment or replace any or all of the administrators 3864 and staff of the provider with representatives of the department 3865 who shall continue on a provisional basis the methadone 3866 treatment component of the program. 3867

(N) Each time the department receives an application from 3868
 a community addiction services provider for a license to 3869
 maintain methadone treatment, issues or refuses to issue a 3870

license, or withdraws or revokes a license, the department shall3871notify the board of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health3872services of each alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health3873service district in which the provider operates.3874

(O) Whenever it appears to the department from files, upon 3875 complaint, or otherwise, that a community addiction services 3876 provider has engaged in any practice declared to be illegal or 3877 prohibited by section 3719.61 of the Revised Code, or any other 3878 state or federal laws or regulations relating to drug abuse, or 3879 when the department believes it to be in the best interest of 3880 the public and necessary for the protection of the citizens of 3881 the state, the department may request criminal proceedings by 3882 laying before the prosecuting attorney of the proper county any 3883 evidence of criminality which may come to its knowledge. 3884

(P) The department shall maintain a current list of 3885 community addiction services providers licensed by the 3886 department under this section and shall provide a copy of the 3887 current list to a judge of a court of common pleas who requests 3888 a copy for the use of the judge under division (H) of section 3889 2925.03 of the Revised Code. The list of licensed community 3890 addiction services providers shall identify each licensed 3891 provider by its name, its address, and the county in which it is 3892 located. 3893

Section 2. That existing sections 2925.61, 2929.14,38942947.231, 3707.56, 3719.121, 3719.21, 4729.06, 4729.071,38954729.16, 4729.18, 4729.19, 4729.38, 4729.51, 4729.54, 4729.541,38964729.55, 4729.571, 4729.60, 4729.68, 4729.99, 4731.22, 4731.94,38974776.02, 4776.04, and 5119.391 and section 4729.42 of the3898Revised Code are hereby repealed.3899

Section 3. That Sections 331.90 and 331.120 of Am. Sub.

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follows:

Sec. 331.90. MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT DRUG COURT 3903 PROGRAM FOR SPECIALIZED DOCKET PROGRAMS 3904 (A) As used in this section: 3905 (1) "Medication-assisted treatment (MAT) drug court 3906 program" or "MAT drug court program" means a session of any of 3907 the following that holds initial or final certification from the 3908 Supreme Court of Ohio as a specialized docket program for drugs: 3909 a common pleas court, municipal court, or county court, or a 3910 3911 division of any of those courts. (2) "Prescriber" has the same meaning as in section 3912 4729.01 of the Revised Code. 3913 (B) (1) The Department of Mental Health and Addiction 3914 Services shall conduct a program to provide addiction treatment, 3915 including medication-assisted treatment, to persons who are 3916 offenders within the Criminal Justice System, eligible to 3917 participate in a MAT medication-assisted treatment drug court 3918 program, and are selected under this section to be participants 3919 in the program because of their dependence on opioids, alcohol, 3920 or both. 3921 3922 (2) The Department shall conduct the program in those courts of Allen, Clinton, Crawford, Cuyahoga, Franklin, Gallia, 3923 Hamilton, Hardin, Hocking, Jackson, Marion, Mercer, Montgomery, 3924 Summit, and Warren counties that are conducting MAT drug court 3925 programs. If in any of these counties there is no court 3926 conducting a MAT drug court program, the Department shall 3927

H.B. 64 of the 131st General Assembly be amended to read as

conduct the program in a court that is conducting a MAT drug3928court program in another county.3929

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(3) In addition to conducting the program in accordance
with division (B)(2) of this section, the Department may conduct
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the program in any court that is conducting a MAT drug court
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program.

(C) In conducting the program, the Department shall 3934 collaborate with the Supreme Court, the Department of 3935 Rehabilitation and Correction, and any agency of the state that 3936 the Department determines may be of assistance in accomplishing 3937 the objectives of the program. The Department may collaborate 3938 with the boards of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health 3939 services and with local law enforcement agencies that serve the 3940 counties in which a court participating in the program is 3941 located. 3942

(D) (1) A MAT drug court program shall select persons who
are criminal offenders to be participants in the program. A
person shall not be selected to be a participant unless the
person meets the legal and clinical eligibility criteria for the
MAT drug court program and is an active participant in the
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(2) The total number of persons participating in a program
at any time shall not exceed one thousand five hundred, subject
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to available funding, except that the Department of Mental
Health and Addiction Services may authorize the maximum number
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to be exceeded in circumstances that the Department considers to
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be appropriate.

(3) After being enrolled in a MAT drug court program, a 3955participant shall comply with all requirements of the MAT drug 3956court program. 3957

(E) The treatment provided in a MAT drug court program

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shall be provided by a community addiction services provider3959that is certified under section 5119.36 of the Revised Code. In3960serving as a community addiction services provider, a both of3961the following apply:3962

(1) The provider shall do all of the following: 3963

(1)(a)Provide treatment based on an integrated service3964delivery model that consists of the coordination of care between3965a prescriber and the community addiction services provider;3966

(2) (b)Conduct professional, comprehensive substance abuse3967and mental health diagnostic assessments of a person under3968consideration for selection as a program participant to3969determine whether the person would benefit from substance abuse3970treatment and monitoring;3971

(3)(c)Determine, based on the assessment described in3972division (E)(2)(1)(b)of this section, the treatment needs of3973the participants served by the treatment provider;3974

(4)(d)Develop, for participants served by the treatment3975provider, individualized goals and objectives;3976

(5)(e)Provide access to the long-acting antagonist3977therapies, partial agonist therapies, or both, that are included3978in the program's medication-assisted treatment;3979

(6) (f)Provide other types of therapies, including3980psychosocial therapies, for both substance abuse and any3981disorders that are considered by the treatment provider to be3982co-occurring disorders;3983

(7)(g)Monitor program compliance through the use of3984regular drug testing, including urinalysis, of the participants3985being served by the community addiction services provider.3986

(2) The provider may provide access to time-limited	3987
recovery supports. For purposes of this division:	3988
(a) A recovery support is a form of assistance intended to	3989
help an individual with addiction or mental health needs, or a	3990
member of the family of such an individual, to initiate and	3991
sustain the individual's recovery from alcoholism, drug	3992
addiction, or mental illness.	3993
(b) A recovery support does not include an addiction or	3994
mental health treatment or prevention service.	3995
(F) In the case of medication-assisted treatment provided	3996
under the program, all of the following conditions apply:	3997
(1) A drug may be used only if the drug has been approved	3998
by the United States Food and Drug Administration for use in	3999
treating dependence on opioids, alcohol, or both, or for	4000
preventing relapse into the use of opioids, alcohol, or both.	4001
(2) One or more drugs may be used, but each drug that is	4002
used must constitute long-acting antagonist therapy or partial	4003
agonist therapy.	4004
(3) If a drug constituting partial agonist therapy is	4005
used, the program shall provide safeguards to minimize abuse and	4006
diversion of the drug, including such safeguards as routine drug	4007
testing of program participants.	4008
(G) It is anticipated and expected that drug courts will	4009
expand their ability to serve more drug court participants as a	4010
result of increased access to commercial or publicly funded	4011
health insurance. In order to ensure that funds appropriated to	4012
support this MAT drug court program are used in the most	4013
efficient manner with a goal of enrolling the maximum number of	4014
participants, the Medicaid Director with major Ohio healthcare	4015

plans, shall develop plans consistent with this division. There4016shall be no prior authorizations or step therapy for medication-4017assisted treatment for participants in the MAT drug court4018program. The plans developed under this division shall ensure4019all of the following:4020

(1) The development of an efficient and timely process for
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review of eligibility for health benefits for all offenders
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selected to participate in the MAT drug court program;
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(2) A rapid conversion to reimbursement for all healthcare
services by the participant's health insurance company following
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approval for coverage of healthcare benefits;
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(3) The development of a consistent benefit package that
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provides ready access to and reimbursement for essential
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healthcare services including, but not limited to, primary
healthcare, alcohol and opiate detoxification services,
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appropriate psychosocial services, and medication for long4031
acting injectable antagonist therapies and partial agonist
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therapies;

(4) The development of guidelines that require the
provision of all treatment services, including medication, with
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minimal administrative barriers and within a timeframe\_time\_\_\_\_\_\_
frame\_that meets the requirements of individual patient care
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plans.

(H) A report of the findings obtained from the addiction
treatment pilot program established by Section 327.120 of Am.
Sub. H.B. 59 of the 130th General Assembly shall be prepared by
a research institution and include data derived from the drug
testing and performance measures used in the program. The
research institution shall complete its report not later than

December 31, 2015. Upon completion, the institution shall submit4045the report to the Governor, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court,4046President of the Senate, Speaker of the House of4047Representatives, Department of Mental Health and Addiction4048Services, Department of Rehabilitation and Correction, and any4049other state agency that the Department of Mental Health and4050Addiction Services collaborates with in conducting the program.4051

4052 (I) Within 90 days after the effective date of this section, June 30, 2015, the Department shall select a research 4053 4054 institution with experience in evaluating multiple court systems 4055 across jurisdictions in both rural and urban regions. The research institution shall have demonstrated experience 4056 evaluating the use of agonist and antagonist medication assisted 4057 treatment in drug courts, a track record of scientific 4058 publications, experience in health economics, and ethical and 4059 patient selection and consent issues. The institution shall also 4060 have an internal institutional review board. The institution 4061 shall prepare the report described in division (J) of this 4062 section. 4063

(J) A report of the findings obtained from the MAT drug 4064 court program established under this section shall be prepared 4065 by a research institution and include data derived from the drug 4066 testing and performance measures used in the program. The 4067 research institution shall complete its report not later than 4068 June 30, 2017. Upon completion, the institution shall submit the 4069 report to the Governor, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, 4070 President of the Senate, Speaker of the House of 4071 Representatives, Department of Mental Health and Addiction 4072 Services, Department of Rehabilitation and Correction, and any 4073 other state agency that the Department of Mental Health and 4074 Addiction Services collaborates with in conducting the program. 4075

(K) Of the foregoing appropriation item 336422, Criminal 4076
Justice Services, not more than \$5.5 million in each fiscal year 4077
shall be used to support the Medication-Assisted Treatment Drug 4078
Court Program for Specialized Docket Programs. 4079

# Sec. 331.120. COMMUNITY INNOVATIONS 4080

The foregoing appropriation item 336504, Community 4081 Innovations, may be used by the Department of Mental Health and 4082 4083 Addiction Services to make targeted investments in programs, projects, or systems operated by or under the authority of other 4084 state agencies, governmental entities, or private not-for-profit 4085 agencies that impact, or are impacted by, the operations and 4086 functions of the Department, with the goal of achieving a net 4087 reduction in expenditure of state general revenue funds and/or 4088 improved outcomes for Ohio citizens without a net increase in 4089 state general revenue fund spending. 4090

The Director shall identify and evaluate programs, 4091 projects, or systems proposed or operated, in whole or in part, 4092 outside of the authority of the Department, where targeted 4093 investment of these funds in the program, project, or system is 4094 4095 expected to decrease demand for the Department or other resources funded with state general revenue funds, and/or to 4096 measurably improve outcomes for Ohio citizens with mental 4097 illness or with alcohol, drug, or gambling addictions. The 4098 Director shall have discretion to transfer money from the 4099 appropriation item to other state agencies, governmental 4100 entities, or private not-for-profit agencies in amounts, and 4101 subject to conditions, that the Director determines most likely 4102 to achieve state savings and/or improved outcomes. Distribution 4103 of moneys from this appropriation item shall not be subject to 4104 sections 9.23 to 9.239 or Chapter 125. of the Revised Code. 4105

The Department shall enter into an agreement with each 4106 recipient of community innovation funds, identifying: allowable 4107 expenditure of the funds; other commitment of funds or other 4108 resources to the program, project, or system; expected state 4109 savings and/or improved outcomes and proposed mechanisms for 4110 measurement of such savings or outcomes; and required reporting 4111 regarding expenditure of funds and savings or outcomes achieved. 412

Of the foregoing appropriation item 336504, Community4113Innovations, up to \$3,000,000 in each fiscal year shall be used4114to provide funding for community projects across the state that4115focus on support for families, assisting families in avoiding4116crisis, and crisis intervention.4117

Of the foregoing appropriation item 336504, Community 4118 Innovations, up to \$500,000 in each fiscal year shall be used to 4119 enhance access to Naloxone across the state for county health 4120 departments to then disperse through a grant program to local 4121 law enforcement, emergency personnel, and first responders. If 4122 local law enforcement, emergency personnel, and first responders 4123 are not making use of the Naloxone grant, the county health 4124 department may use grant funding to provide Naloxone through a 4125 Project DAWN program within the county. 4126

Of the foregoing appropriation item 336504, Community4127Innovations, up to \$3,000,000 in each fiscal year shall be used4128to improve collaboration between local jails, state hospitals,4129and community addiction and mental health services providers in4130order to reduce transfers, improve safety and judicial oversight4131as well as address capacity issues in both jails and state4132hospitals.4133

Of the foregoing appropriation item 336504, Community4134Innovations, up to \$100,000 in each fiscal year shall be used to4135

repealed.

cross-agency efforts to share evidence-based practices that 4137 encourage the use of trauma-informed care. 4138 Of the foregoing appropriation item 336504, Community 4139 Innovations, up to \$1,000,000 in each fiscal year shall be used 4140 to implement strategies to increase job opportunities, reduce 4141 the number of positive drug screens, and improve workforce 4142 readiness for individuals in recovery. 4143 Section 4. That existing Sections 331.90 and 331.120 of 4144 Am. Sub. H.B. 64 of the 131st General Assembly are hereby 4145 4146 Section 5. (A) The amendment, enactment, or repeal of 4147 sections 3719.21, 4729.42, and 4729.95 and division (I) of 4148 section 4729.99 of the Revised Code take effect one year after 4149 the effective date of this section. 4150 (B) Notwithstanding sections 4776.02 and 4776.04 of the 4151 Revised Code, as amended by this act, the provisions of those 4152 sections that were in effect immediately prior to the effective 4153

continue the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services

date of this act and referred to a person seeking to satisfy the 4154 4155 criteria for being a qualified pharmacy technician that are specified in section 4729.42 of the Revised Code continue to 4156 apply for one year after the effective date of this section as 4157 if the provisions had not been removed from those sections by 4158 this act. 4159

Section 6. Section 2925.61 of the Revised Code is 4160 presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended 4161 by both Am. Sub. H.B. 4 and Sub. S.B. 110 of the 131st General 4162 Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in 4163 division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments 4164

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are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous4165operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of4166the section in effect prior to the effective date of the section4167as presented in this act.4168

Section 7. Section 4729.16 of the Revised Code is 4169 presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended 4170 by Am. Sub. H.B. 4 of the 131st General Assembly and Am. Sub. 4171 H.B. 394 and Am. Sub. S.B. 276, both of the 130th General 4172 Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in 4173 division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments 4174 are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous 4175 operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of 4176 the section in effect prior to the effective date of the section 4177 4178 as presented in this act.