As Introduced

131st General Assembly Regular Session 2015-2016

S. B. No. 333

Senator Hite

A BILL

То	amend sections 1506.21, 1506.23, 3714.01,	1
	3714.02, 3714.051, 3714.06, 3714.062, 3714.082,	2
	3734.061, 3734.19, 3734.20, 3734.21, 3734.22,	3
	3734.23, 3734.30, 5301.80, 6109.08, 6109.24,	4
	6111.03, 6111.04, 6111.07, and 6111.30 and to	5
	enact sections 3714.022, 6109.25, 6111.33, and	6
	6111.34 of the Revised Code to revise specified	7
	laws relating to environmental protection.	8

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 1506.21, 1506.23, 3714.01,	9
3714.02, 3714.051, 3714.06, 3714.062, 3714.082, 3734.061,	10
3734.19, 3734.20, 3734.21, 3734.22, 3734.23, 3734.30, 5301.80,	11
6109.08, 6109.24, 6111.03, 6111.04, 6111.07, and 6111.30 be	12
amended and sections 3714.022, 6109.25, 6111.33, and 6111.34 of	13
the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	14
Sec. 1506.21. (A) (1) There is hereby created the Ohio Lake	15
Erie commission, consisting of the directors of environmental	16
protection, natural resources, health, agriculture,	17
transportation, and development services, or their designees,	18
the two hoard members of the great lakes protection fund hoard	19

appointed by the governor under section 1506.22 of the Revised	20
Code who shall serve as ex officio nonvoting members, and five	21
additional members appointed by the governor who with the advice	22
and consent of the senate. The governor shall serve at the	23
pleasure of the governor appoint the five additional members not	24
later than forty-five days after the effective date of this	25
amendment. Of the initial five additional members appointed by	26
the governor after the effective date of this amendment, two	27
shall serve for a term ending on September 1, 2017, two shall	28
serve for a term ending on September 1, 2018, and one shall	29
serve for a term ending on September 1, 2019. Thereafter, all	30
five additional members appointed by the governor shall serve	31
three-year terms.	32
(2) All of the following apply to the five additional	33
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members appointed by the governor:	34
(a) Each member shall hold office from the date of the	35
member's appointment until the end of the term for which the	36
member was appointed.	37
(b) In the event of the death, removal, resignation, or	38
incapacity of a member, the governor, with the advice and	39
consent of the senate, shall appoint a successor who shall hold	40
office for the remainder of the term for which the successor's	41
predecessor was appointed.	42
(c) A member shall continue in office subsequent to the	43
expiration date of the member's term until the member's	44
successor takes office or until a period of sixty days has	45
elapsed, whichever occurs first.	46
(d) Members may be reappointed for not more than two total	47
terms.	48

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(e) The governor at any time may remove a member for	49
misfeasance, nonfeasance, or malfeasance in office.	50
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(3) Membership on the commission does not constitute	51
holding a public office or position of employment under the laws	52
of this state and is not grounds for removal of public officers	53
or employees from their offices or positions of employment.	54
Members may be reimbursed for their actual and necessary	55
expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.	56
The members of the commission annually shall designate a	57
director or director's designee as chairperson, who shall	58
preside at the meetings of the commission, and a secretary.	59
(4) The commission shall hold at least one meeting every	60
three months. The secretary of the commission shall keep a	61
record of its proceedings. Special meetings shall be held at the	62
call of the chairperson or upon the request of four members of	63
the commission. All meetings and records of the commission shall	64
be open to the public. Six members of the commission constitute	65
a quorum. The agencies represented on the commission shall	66
furnish administrative, clerical, technical, and other services	67
required by the commission in the performance of its duties.	68
(B) The commission shall do all of the following:	69
(1) Ensure the coordination and implementation of federal,	70
state, and local policies and, programs, and issues pertaining	71
to Lake Erie water quality, toxic pollution control, including	72
nutrient-related water quality and beneficial use of dredged	73
material, with a priority on policies, programs, and resource	74
issues identified in the Lake Erie protection and restoration	75
strateqy;	76
	7.5
(2) Review, and make recommendations concerning, the	77

development and implementation of policies, programs, and issues	78
for long-term, comprehensive protection of Lake Eric water-	79
resources and water quality that are consistent with the great	80
lakes water quality agreement and the great lakes toxic	81
substances control agreement other international, federal, and	82
state compacts and agreements;	83
(3)—Recommend policies and programs to modify the coastal—	84
management program of this state;	85
(4) At each regular meeting, consider matters relating to	86
the implementation of sections 1506.22 and 1506.23 of the	87
Revised Code Serve as a repository and clearinghouse for	88
information and data related to Lake Erie and the Lake Erie	89
basin and collect and distribute such information and data at	90
<pre>the commission's discretion;</pre>	91
(5) (4) Publish and submit the Lake Erie protection agenda	92
and restoration strategy in accordance with division (C) of	93
section 1506.23 of the Revised Code;	94
(6) Ensure the implementation of a basinwide approach to	95
Lake Erie issues;	96
(7) Increase (5) Provide representation of regarding the	97
interests of this state in state, regional, national, and	98
international forums pertaining to the resources and water-	99
quality of Lake Erie and the Lake Erie basin;	100
(8) Promote (6) Develop, implement, and coordinate an	101
education, public information, and community relations program	102
concerning the wise management of the commission's policies,	103
<pre>programs, issues, and the resources of Lake Erie;</pre>	104
(9) (7) Develop and implement a marketing program	105
promoting the sale of the Lake Erie license plate created under	106

section 4503.52 of the Revised Code and other public and private	107
fundraising initiatives to support the commission's programs;	108
(8) Establish and dissolve public advisory councils as	109
considered necessary to assist in programs established under	110
this section and sections 1506.22 and 1506.23 of the Revised	111
Code. Members of the public advisory councils shall represent a	112
broad cross section of interests, shall have experience or	113
expertise in the subject for which the advisory council was-	114
established, and shall serve without compensation Membership on	115
a public advisory council does not constitute holding a public	116
office or position of employment under the laws of this state	117
and is not grounds for removal of public officers or employees	118
from their offices or positions of employment. Members of a	119
public advisory council may be reimbursed for their actual and	120
necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official	121
duties.	122
(10) Prepare and submit the report required under division	123
(D) of section 1506.23 of the Revised Code.	124
(C) Each state agency, upon the request of the commission,	125
shall cooperate in the implementation of this section and	126
sections 1506.22 and 1506.23 of the Revised Code.	127
Sec. 1506.23. (A) There is hereby created in the state	128
treasury the Lake Erie protection fund, which shall consist of	129
moneys deposited into the fund from the issuance of Lake Erie	130
license plates under section 4503.52 of the Revised Code and	131
donations, gifts, bequests, and other moneys received for the	132
purposes of this section. Not later than the first day of June	133
each year, the Ohio Lake Erie commission created in section	134
1506.21 of the Revised Code shall designate one of its members	135
who represents a state agency to administer the fund and, with	136

the approval of the commission, to expend moneys from the fund	137
for any of the following purposes:	138
(1) Accelerating the pace of <u>cooperative</u> research—into-,	139
data gathering, or demonstration projects related to the	140
economic, environmental, and human health effects of	141
contamination of priorities outlined in the Lake Erie protection	142
and its tributaries restoration strategy published under this	143
<pre>section;</pre>	144
(2) Funding cooperative research and data collection	145
regarding Lake Erie water quality and toxic contamination;	146
(3) Developing improved methods of measuring water quality	147
and establishing a firm scientific base for implementing a	148
basinwide system of water quality management for Lake Erie and	149
its tributaries;	150
(4) Supporting research to improve the scientific-	151
knowledge on which protection policies are based and devising	152
<pre>new and innovative clean-up techniques for toxic contaminants;</pre>	153
(5) Supplementing, in a stable and predictable manner,	154
state commitments to policies and programs pertaining to Lake	155
Erie water quality and resource protection;	156
(6) Encouraging cooperation with and among leaders from	157
state legislatures, state agencies, political subdivisions,	158
business and industry, labor, institutions of higher education,	159
environmental organizations, and conservation groups within the	160
Lake Erie basin;	161
(7)—(3) Awarding of grants to any agency of the United	162
States, any state agency, as "agency" is defined in division (A)	163
(2) of section 111.15 of the Revised Code, any political	164
subdivision, any educational institution, or any nonprofit	165

organization for the development and implementation of projects	166
and programs that are designed to <pre>protect_address priorities_</pre>	167
outlined in the Lake Erie-by reducing toxic contamination of or-	168
improving water quality in Lake Erie protection and restoration	169
<pre>strategy;</pre>	170
(8) (4) Expenses authorized by the Ohio Lake Erie	171
commission necessary to implement this chapter.	172
(B) Moneys in the Lake Erie protection fund are not	173
intended to replace other moneys expended by any agency of the	174
United States, any state agency, as "agency" is so defined, any	175
political subdivision, any educational institution, or any	176
nonprofit organization for projects and programs that are	177
designed to protect Lake Erie by reducing toxic contamination of	178
or improving water quality in Lake Erie.	179
(C) -Each March, the Ohio Lake Erie commission shall	180
publish a Lake Erie protection agenda that describes proposed	181
uses of the Lake Erie protection fund for the following state	182
fiscal year. The agenda shall be the subject of at least one-	183
public meeting of the commission held in the Lake Erie basin.	184
The commission shall submit the agenda to the governor, the	185
president of the senate, and the speaker of the house of-	186
representatives Not later than the last day of March each year,	187
the commission shall publish a Lake Erie protection and	188
restoration strategy that describes the goals of the commission	189
and prioritizes the uses of the Lake Erie protection fund and	190
other funds for the following state fiscal year. The commission	191
shall hold at least one public meeting in the Lake Erie basin	192
regarding the strategy. The commission shall submit the strategy	193
to the governor, the president of the senate, and the speaker of	194

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the house of representatives.

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(D) Not later than September 1, 1991, and annually	196
thereafter, the Lake Erie commission shall prepare a report of	197
the activities that were undertaken by the commission under this	198
section during the immediately preceding fiscal year, including,	199
without limitation, revenues and expenses for the preceding	200
fiscal year. The commission shall submit the report to the	201
governor, the president of the senate, and the speaker of the	202
house of representatives.	203
Sec. 3714.01. As used in this chapter:	204
(A)—"Board of health" means the board of health of a city	205
or general health district or the authority having the duties of	206
a board of health in any city as authorized by section 3709.05	207
of the Revised Code.	208
(B)—"Closure" means either the time at which a	209
construction and demolition debris facility will no longer	210
accept construction and demolition debris for disposal or the	211
effective date of an order revoking the license of the facility.	212
"Closure" includes measures performed to protect public health	213
or safety, to prevent air or water pollution, or to make the	214
facility suitable for other uses, if any, including, without	215
limitation, the establishment and maintenance of suitable cover	216
of soil and vegetation over areas where construction and	217
demolition debris is buried and the minimization of erosion, the	218
infiltration of surface water into such areas, the production of	219
leachate, and the accumulation and runoff of contaminated	220
surface water.	221
(C)—"Construction and demolition debris" means those	222
materials resulting from the alteration, construction,	223
destruction, rehabilitation, or repair of any physical structure	224
that is built by humans, including, without limitation, houses,	225

buildings, industrial or commercial facilities, or roadways.	226
"Construction and demolition debris" includes particles and dust	227
created during demolition activities. "Construction and	228
demolition debris" does not include materials identified or	229
listed as solid wastes or hazardous waste pursuant to Chapter	230
3734. of the Revised Code and rules adopted under it; materials	231
from mining operations, nontoxic fly ash, spent nontoxic foundry	232
sand, and slag; or reinforced or nonreinforced concrete,	233
asphalt, building or paving brick, or building or paving stone	234
that is stored for a period of less than two years for recycling	235
into a usable construction material.	236
(D) "Disposal" means the discharge, deposit, injection,	237
dumping, spilling, leaking, emitting, or placing of any	238
construction and demolition debris into or on any land or ground	239
or surface water or into the air, except if the disposition or	240
placement constitutes storage.	241
(E) "Facility" means any site, location, tract of land,	242
installation, or building used for the disposal of construction	243
and demolition debris. "Facility" does not include any	244
construction site where construction debris and trees and brush	245
removed in clearing the construction site are used as fill	246
material on the site where the materials are generated or	247
removed and does not include any site where materials composed	248
exclusively of reinforced or nonreinforced concrete, asphalt,	249
clay tile, building or paving brick, or building or paving stone	250
are used as fill material, either alone or in conjunction with	251
clean soil, sand, gravel, or other clean aggregates, in	252
legitimate fill operations for construction purposes or to bring	253
the site up to a consistent grade.	254

(F)—"Health district" means a city or general health

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district created by or under the authority of Chapter 3709. of	256
the Revised Code.	257
(G)—"New construction and demolition debris facility" or	258
"new facility" includes an existing facility that is proposing	259
to expand the facility beyond the limits of construction and	260
demolition debris placement approved by a board of health or the	261
director of environmental protection, as applicable, under this	262
chapter.	263
(H)—"Person" includes the state, any political subdivision	264
of the state or other state or local body, the United States and	265
any agency or instrumentality thereof, and any legal entity or	266
organization defined as a person under section 1.59 of the	267
Revised Code.	268
(I) "Processing facility" means a site, location, tract of	269
land, installation, or building that is used or intended to be	270
used for the purpose of processing, transferring, or recycling	271
construction and demolition debris that was generated off the	272
premises of the facility. As used in this paragraph,	273
"transferring" includes the receipt, storage, and movement of	274
construction and demolition debris from vehicles or containers	275
to a working surface and into other vehicles or containers for	276
transportation to a solid waste landfill facility, a	277
construction and demolition debris facility, or a processing	278
facility. "Processing facility" does not include any	279
construction site where construction debris and trees and brush	280
removed in clearing the construction site are used as fill	281
material on the site where the materials are generated or	282
removed. "Processing facility" also does not include any site	283
where materials composed exclusively of reinforced or	284
nonreinforced concrete, asphalt, clay tile, building or paving	285

brick, or building or paving stone are recycled or used as fill	286
material, either alone or in conjunction with clean soil, sand,	287
gravel, or other clean aggregates, in legitimate fill operations	288
for construction purposes or to bring the site up to a	289
<pre>consistent grade.</pre>	290
"Pulverized debris" means a load of debris that, after	291
demolition has occurred, but prior to acceptance of the load of	292
debris for disposal, has been shredded, crushed, ground, or	293
otherwise rendered to such an extent that the load of debris is	294
unidentifiable as construction and demolition debris.	295
(J)—"Qualified ground water scientist" means a scientist	296
or engineer who has received a baccalaureate or post-graduate	297
degree in the natural sciences or engineering and has at least	298
five years of relevant experience in ground water hydrogeology	299
and related fields that enable that individual to make sound	300
professional judgments regarding ground water monitoring,	301
contaminant fate and transport, and corrective measures.	302
(K) "Recycling" means processing construction and	303
demolition debris that would otherwise be disposed of and	304
returning the material to commerce as a commodity for use or	305
exchange in a legitimate market or for use in a beneficial	306
manner that does not constitute disposal.	307
"Storage" means the holding of construction and demolition	308
debris for a temporary period in such a manner that it remains	309
retrievable and substantially unchanged and, at the end of the	310
period, is disposed of or reused or recycled in a beneficial	311
manner.	312
(L) "Transfer facility" means a site, location, tract of	313
land, installation, or building that is primarily used or	314

intended to be used for the purpose of transferring construction	315
and demolition debris that was generated off the premises of the	316
facility from vehicles or containers into other vehicles or	317
containers for transportation to a construction and demolition	318
debris facility.	319
Sec. 3714.02. The director of environmental protection	320
shall adopt, and may amend and rescind, rules in accordance with	321
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code governing construction and	322
demolition debris facilities and the inspection of and issuance	323
of permits to install and licenses for those facilities. The	324
rules shall ensure that the facilities will not create a	325
nuisance, fire hazard, or health hazard or cause or contribute	326
to air or water pollution. The rules shall establish all of the	327
following:	328
(A) Standards and procedures for the issuance of permits	329
to install under section 3714.051 of the Revised Code that shall	330
include all of the following:	331
(1) Information that must be included in the designs and	332
plans required to be submitted with the application for a permit	333
to install under section 3714.051 of the Revised Code and	334
criteria for approving, disapproving, or requiring modification	335
of the designs and plans;	336
(2) Information that must be included with an application	337
for a permit to install in addition to the information required	338
under section 3714.051 of the Revised Code;	339
(3) Procedures for the issuance, denial, modification,	340
transfer, suspension, and revocation of permits to install;	341
(4) Grounds for the denial, modification, suspension, or	342
revocation of permits to install;	343

(5) A requirement that a person that is required to obtain	344
both a permit to install under section 3714.051 of the Revised	345
Code and a license under section 3714.06 of the Revised Code	346
obtain both the permit and license prior to operation;	347
(6) Criteria for establishing time periods after which a	348
permit to install expires;	349
(7) Any other requirements that the director determines	350
necessary in order to establish the program for the issuance of	351
permits to install under section 3714.051 of the Revised Code.	352
(B) Standards for the design and construction of	353
facilities. The standards may include, without limitation,	354
requirements for diking around the areas where debris is buried	355
to prevent runoff of surface water onto adjacent property.	356
(C) Standards for control over access to facilities and	357
for the operation of facilities, including, without limitation,	358
standards for the compaction and covering of debris disposed of	359
and standards regarding equipment used for the operation of	360
facilities;	361
(D) Criteria and procedures for granting authorization to	362
the owner or operator of a facility to dispose of asbestos or	363
asbestos-containing materials or products at the owner's or	364
operator's facility;	365
(E) Requirements for the installation of ground water	366
monitoring wells and the monitoring of ground water quality at	367
any facility where the operation of the facility threatens to	368
contaminate ground water. The rules shall require that ground	369
water monitoring be capable of determining impacts resulting	370
from the operation of construction and demolition debris	371
facilities. The rules also shall include provisions for ground	372

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water assessment and corrective actions for impacts to ground	373
water. Further, the rules shall require that the owner or	374
operator of a construction and demolition debris facility submit	375
a monitoring report to the director or a board of health, as	376
applicable, that has been prepared by a qualified ground water	377
scientist and that includes all of the following:	378
(1) A determination of any impacts to ground water from	379
the migration of contaminants from the construction and	380
demolition debris facility;	381
(2) A list of the contaminants from the facility that may	382
be causing contamination of ground water;	383
(3) Recommendations for actions, if any are necessary,	384
that should be taken to investigate or remediate the source of	385
any ground water contamination.	386
(F) Requirements for the monitoring and sampling of	387
leachate. The rules adopted under division (F) of this section	388
shall include all of the following:	389
(1) A requirement that the owner or operator of a	390
construction and demolition debris facility provide for sampling	391
of leachate at least annually. However, the rules shall require	392
that if leachate is recirculated through a facility, the	393
leachate be sampled at least every calendar quarter.	394
(2) A requirement that the owner or operator of a facility	395
sample for at least seventy-seven parameters that the director	396
shall establish in the rules, which shall include arsenic,	397
copper, and chromium;	398
(3) Requirements governing facilities that do not have a	399
system for sampling leachate. The rules shall require that the	400
owner or operator of such a facility monitor ground water in	401

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accordance with the rules adopted under division (E) of this	402
section for the parameters established in the rules adopted	403
under division (F)(2) of this section.	404
(4) A requirement that a facility that monitors ground	405
water and leachate add to the parameters monitored by the ground	406
water monitoring system any parameter that is detected through	407
the monitoring of leachate;	408
(5) Requirements governing the reporting of leachate	409
sampling data. The rules shall require that reports be submitted	410
to the director and the applicable board of health.	411
(G) Requirements respecting written, narrative plans for	412
the operation of facilities. The rules shall require the owner	413
or operator of a facility to use best management practices. In	414
addition, the rules shall require as a part of the plan of	415
operation of a facility the inclusion of the contingency plans	416
required in rules adopted under division (H) of this section.	417
(H) Requirements respecting contingency plans for	418
effective action in response to fire or explosion at a facility	419
or to hydrogen sulfide or other gases created by the operation	420
of a facility that pose a nuisance, cause an offensive odor, or	421
pose a threat to public health or safety or the environment;	422
(I) Financial assurance requirements for the closure and	423
post-closure care of facilities as follows:	424
(1) The rules establishing the financial assurance	425
requirements for the closure of facilities shall require that	426
the owner or operator of a facility, before being issued an	427
initial license for the facility under section 3714.06 of the	428
Revised Code, submit a surety bond, a letter of credit, or other	429
acceptable financial assurance, as specified by the director in	430

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the rules, in an amount determined by the director or the 431 appropriate board of health, as applicable. The rules shall 432 include a list of the activities for which financial assurance 433 may be required. The rules shall allow the director or board of 434 health, as applicable, to adjust the amount of a surety bond, a 435 letter of credit, or other acceptable financial assurance in 436 conjunction with the issuance of an annual license. However, the 437 rules shall require that the amount of a surety bond, letter of 438 credit, or other acceptable financial assurance for the closure 439 of a facility be not less than thirteen thousand dollars per 440 acre of land that has been or is being used for the disposal of 441 construction and demolition debris. The rules shall require an 442 explanation of the rationale for financial assurance amounts 443 exceeding thirteen thousand dollars per acre. 444

(2) The rules establishing the financial assurance 445 requirements for the post-closure care of facilities shall 446 address the maintenance of the facility, continuation of any 447 required monitoring systems, and performance and maintenance of 448 any specific requirements established in rules adopted under 449 division (K) of this section or through a permit, license, or 450 order of the director. The rules also shall allow the director 451 or board of health, as applicable, to determine the amount of a 452 surety bond, a letter of credit, or other acceptable financial 453 assurance for the post-closure care of a facility based on a 454 required cost estimate for the post-closure care of the 455 facility. The rules shall require that the owner or operator of 456 a facility provide post-closure financial assurance for a period 457 of five years after the closure of a facility. However, the 458 rules shall stipulate that post-closure care financial assurance 459 may be extended beyond the five-year period if the extension of 460 the post-closure care period is required under rules adopted 461

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under division (K) of this section.

(J) Requirements for the closure of facilities. The 463 requirements shall include minimum requirements for the closure 464 of facilities and such additional requirements as are reasonably 465 related to the location of the facility and the type and 466 quantity of materials disposed of in the facility. The rules 467 shall require that an owner or operator of a facility, upon the 468 closure of the facility, file in the office of the county 469 recorder of the county in which the facility is located a notice 470 that the property was previously used as a construction and 471 demolition debris facility. The rules shall require that the 472 notice be filed in the same manner as a deed to the property. 473 The rules shall require that the notice include an engineering 474 drawing attachment showing the physical locations of debris 475 placement, an indication of the volumes of debris, and an 476 indication of the depth of the final cover material. 477

(K) Requirements for the post-closure care of facilities 478 for a period of five years after the closure of a facility. 479 However, the rules shall require that the post-closure care 480 period may be extended by order of the applicable board of 481 health, the director, or a court of competent jurisdiction if 482 conditions at a facility are impacting public health or safety 483 or the environment or if ground water assessment and corrective 484 measures are required to be conducted at the facility under 485 rules adopted under division (E) of this section. This division 486 does not limit the authority of the director, a board of health, 487 or a court of competent jurisdiction to issue an order under any 488 other applicable chapter of the Revised Code. 489

The rules adopted under this division shall specify both of the following:

(1) With respect to a facility that permanently ceases	492
acceptance of construction and demolition debris in calendar	493
year 2006, the post-closure care and post-closure care financial	494
assurance requirements do not apply, provided that the owner or	495
operator of the facility gives written notice of the date of the	496
cessation to the applicable board of health or the director, the	497
owner or operator of the facility does not submit a subsequent	498
application for a license renewal for the facility after that	499
cessation, and no order was issued by the applicable board of	500
health, the director, or a court of competent jurisdiction	501
governing the post-closure care of and post-closure financial	502
assurance for that facility prior to the date specified in the	503
written notice.	504
(2) With respect to a facility that permanently ceases	505
acceptance of construction and demolition debris in calendar	506
year 2007, the required period of time for post-closure care and	507
post-closure care financial assurance shall be one year after	508
the closure of the facility, provided that the owner or operator	509
of the facility gives written notice of the date of the	510
cessation to the applicable board of health or the director, the	511
owner or operator does not submit a subsequent application for a	512
license renewal for the facility after that cessation, and no	513
order was issued by the applicable board of health, the	514
director, or a court of competent jurisdiction governing the	515
post-closure care of and post-closure financial assurance for	516
that facility prior to the date specified in the written notice.	517
(L) Standards and procedures governing the modification of	518
operation licenses issued under section 3714.06 of the Revised	519
Code;	520

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(M) Procedures and requirements governing the

certification of construction and demolition debris by transfer	522
processing facilities as required under section 3714.082 of the	523
Revised Code;	524
(N) Requirements governing the provision of notification	525
under section 3714.083 of the Revised Code by owners and	526
operators of construction and demolition debris facilities of	527
rejected loads and by transporters and shippers of the final	528
disposition of rejected loads;	529
(O) Requirements governing the certification and training	530
of operators of construction and demolition debris facilities as	531
required under section 3714.062 of the Revised Code;	532
(P) Definitions of "owner" and "operator" for purposes of	533
this chapter.	534
The rules adopted under this section shall not prohibit	535
the open burning of construction debris on a construction site	536
in compliance with division (C)(1) of section 3704.11 of the	537
Revised Code.	538
Rules adopted under divisions (E) and (F) of this section	539
apply to all new construction and demolition debris facilities	540
for which a permit to install is required under section 3714.051	541
of the Revised Code on and after the effective date of this	542
amendment December 22, 2005. With respect to a facility that is	543
licensed under section 3714.06 of the Revised Code and operating	544
on the effective date of this amendment December 22, 2005: if	545
the facility does not have a ground water monitoring or leachate	546
monitoring system, the facility is not required to comply with	547
rules adopted under division (E) or (F) of this section; if the	548
facility has a ground water monitoring system, but not a	549
leachate monitoring system, the facility shall comply only with	550

rules adopted under divisions (E) and (F)(3) of this section;	551
and if the facility has a leachate monitoring system, but not a	552
ground water monitoring system, the facility shall comply only	553
with rules adopted under division (F) of this section.	554
Sec. 3714.022. (A) The director of environmental	555
protection shall adopt, and may amend and rescind, rules in	556
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code governing	557
processing facilities and the inspection of and issuance of	558
permits to install and licenses for those facilities. The rules	559
shall ensure that the facilities will not create a nuisance,	560
fire hazard, or health hazard or cause or contribute to air or	561
water pollution.	562
(B) The rules adopted under this section may establish all	563
of the following:	564
(1) Requirements for the location, design, construction,	565
operation, and closure of processing facilities;	566
(2) Requirements for the acceptance, storage, and	567
accumulation of materials, including the accumulation of	568
<pre>material for product development;</pre>	569
(3) The authorized maximum daily receipts;	570
(4) Fire prevention measures;	571
(5) Record-keeping procedures;	572
(6) The process for the closure of a processing facility;	573
(7) Financial assurance requirements;	574
(8) The management of stormwater and leachate;	575
(9) Standards and procedures for the issuance of permits	576
to install under divisions (H) and (I) of section 3714.051 of	577

the Revised Code that shall include all of the following:	578
(a) Information that must be included in the designs and	579
plans required to be submitted with the application for a permit	580
to install under section 3714.051 of the Revised Code and	581
criteria for approving, disapproving, or requiring modification	582
of the designs and plans;	583
(b) Information and the fee amount that must be included	584
with an application for a permit to install in addition to the	585
information required under section 3714.051 of the Revised Code;	586
(c) Procedures for the issuance, denial, modification,	587
transfer, suspension, and revocation of permits to install;	588
(d) Grounds for the denial, modification, suspension, or	589
revocation of permits to install;	590
(e) A requirement that a person that is required to obtain	591
both a permit to install under section 3714.051 of the Revised	592
Code and a license under section 3714.06 of the Revised Code	593
obtain both the permit and license prior to operation;	594
(f) Criteria for establishing time periods after which a	595
<pre>permit to install expires;</pre>	596
(g) Any other requirements that the director determines	597
necessary in order to establish the program for the issuance of	598
permits to install under section 3714.051 of the Revised Code.	599
(C) Rules establishing financial assurance requirements	600
for the closure of a processing facility shall require that	601
prior to being issued an initial license for the facility under	602
section 3714.06 of the Revised Code, the owner or operator of a	603
facility submit a surety bond, a letter of credit, or other	604
acceptable financial assurance in a fixed amount as specified by	605

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the director plus the fixed per cubic yard cost of	606
transportation to and disposal of mixed construction and	607
demolition debris at an authorized disposal facility.	608
(D) The rules adopted under this section shall not	609
prohibit the open burning of construction debris on a	610
construction site in compliance with division (C)(1) of section	611
3704.11 of the Revised Code.	612
(E) The rules adopted under this section may allow for the	613
issuance of a single license governing both a construction and	614
demolition debris facility and a processing facility located on	615
the same property.	616
Sec. 3714.051. (A)(1) Not later than one hundred eighty	617
days after December 22, 2005, and in accordance with rules	618
adopted under section 3714.02 of the Revised Code, the director	619
of environmental protection shall establish a program for the	620
issuance of permits to install for new construction and	621
demolition debris facilities.	622
(2) On and after December 22, 2005, no person shall	623
establish a new construction and demolition debris facility	624
without first obtaining a permit to install issued by the board	625
of health of the health district in which the facility is or is	626
to be located or from the director if the facility is or is to	627
be located in a health district that is not on the approved list	628
under section 3714.09 of the Revised Code or if a board of	629
health requests the director to issue the permit to install	630
under division (G) of this section.	631
(B) The director, the director's authorized	632
representative, a board of health, or an authorized	633
representative of the board may assist an applicant for a permit	634

to install during the permitting process by providing guidance	635
and technical assistance.	636
(C) An applicant for a permit to install shall submit an	637
application to a board of health or the director, as applicable,	638
on a form that the director prescribes. The applicant shall	639
include with the application all of the following:	640
(1) The name and address of the applicant, of all partners	641
if the applicant is a partnership or of all officers and	642
directors if the applicant is a corporation, and of any other	643
person who has a right to control or in fact controls management	644
of the applicant or the selection of officers, directors, or	645
managers of the applicant;	646
(2) The designs and plans for the construction and	647
demolition debris facility that include the location or proposed	648
location of the facility, design and construction plans and	649
specifications, anticipated beginning and ending dates for work	650
performed, and any other related information that the director	651
requires by rule;	652
(3) The information required under section 3714.052 of the	653
Revised Code;	654
(4) An application fee of two thousand dollars. A board of	655
health shall deposit money collected under division (C)(4) of	656
this section into the special fund of the health district	657
created under section 3714.07 of the Revised Code. The director	658
shall transmit money collected under division (C)(4) of this	659
section to the treasurer of state to be credited to the waste	660
management fund created in section 3734.061 of the Revised Code.	661
Not later than six months after a facility that is issued a	662
permit to install begins accepting construction and demolition	663

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debris for disposal, a board of health or the director, as	664
applicable, shall refund the application fee received under	665
division (C)(4) of this section to the person that submitted the	666
application for the permit to install.	667
(5) Any other information required by the director in	668
accordance with rules adopted under section 3714.02 of the	669
Revised Code.	670
(D) A permit to install may be issued with terms and	671
conditions that a board of health or the director, as	672
applicable, finds necessary to ensure that the facility will	673
comply with this chapter and rules adopted under it and to	674
protect public health and safety and the environment.	675
(E) A permit to install shall expire after a time period	676
specified by the director or board of health, as applicable, in	677
accordance with rules adopted under section 3714.02 of the	678
Revised Code unless the applicant has undertaken a continuing	679
program of construction or has entered into a binding	680
contractual obligation to undertake and complete a continuing	681
program of construction within a reasonable time, in which case	682
the director or board, as applicable, may extend the expiration	683
date of a permit to install upon request of the applicant.	684
(F) The director or a board of health, as applicable, may	685
issue, deny, modify, suspend, or revoke a permit to install in	686
accordance with rules.	687
(G) A board of health shall notify the director of its	688
receipt of an application for a permit to install. A board of	689
health, or its authorized representative, may request the	690
director to review an application, or part of an application,	691

for a permit to install and also may request that the director

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issue or deny it when the board determines that additional	693
expertise is required. The director shall comply with such a	694
request.	695
Upon a board of health's issuance of a permit to install	696
for a new construction and demolition debris facility under this	697
section, the board shall mail a copy of the permit to the	698
director together with approved plans, specifications, and	699
information regarding the facility.	700
(H) In accordance with rules adopted under section	701
3714.022 of the Revised Code, the director shall establish a	702
program for the issuance of permits to install for new	703
processing facilities. On and after the effective date of this	704
section, no person shall establish a new processing facility	705
without first obtaining a permit to install issued by the board	706
of health of the health district in which the processing	707
facility is or is to be located or from the director if the	708
facility is or is to be located in a health district that is not	709
on the approved list under section 3714.09 of the Revised Code.	710
An applicant for a permit to install shall submit an application	711
to a board of health or the director, as applicable, on a form	712
and in the manner that the director prescribes.	713
(I) A permit to install for a processing facility may be	714
issued with terms and conditions that a board of health or the	715
director, as applicable, finds necessary to ensure that the	716
facility will comply with this chapter and rules adopted under	717
it and to protect public health and safety and the environment.	718
The director or a board of health, as applicable, may issue,	719
deny, modify, suspend, or revoke a permit to install in	720
accordance with rules.	721
Sec. 3714.06. (A) (1) No person shall operate or maintain a	722

construction and demolition debris facility or processing	723
facility without an annual construction and demolition debris	724
facility or processing facility operation license issued by	725
<pre>either of the following:</pre>	726
(a) The board of health of the health district in which	727
the facility or processing facility is located or,;	728
(b) The director of environmental protection if the	729
facility or processing facility is located in a health district	730
that is not on the approved list under section 3714.09 of the	731
Revised Code, from the director of environmental protection.	732
(2) Any such license may be issued with such terms and	733
conditions as the board or the director, as appropriate, finds	734
necessary to ensure that the facility or processing facility	735
will comply with this chapter and the rules adopted under it and	736
to protect the public health and safety and the environment.	737
Licenses issued under this section expire annually on the	738
thirty-first day of December.	739
(B) During the month of December, but before the first day	740
of January of the next year, each person proposing to continue	741
with operation of a construction and demolition debris facility	742
or processing facility shall procure a license for the facility	743
for that year from the board of health of the appropriate health	744
district in which the facility is located or, if the facility is	745
located in a health district that is not on the approved list-	746
under section 3714.09 of the Revised Code, from the director, as	747
applicable. The person shall submit the application for a	748
license shall be submitted to the board of health or the	749
director, as appropriate, on or before the last day of September	750
of the year preceding that for which the license is sought. An $\underline{\mathtt{A}}$	751
person shall submit an application for a license for a new	752

facility shall be submitted or processing facility prior to	753
operation of the new facility. The license shall be is valid	754
until the time that the next annual license is required to be	755
obtained for the facility or processing facility under this	756
section.	757
A person who has received a license, upon sale or	758
disposition of the facility or processing facility, may, with	759
the approval of the board or the director, as appropriate, have	760
the license as well as a permit to install for the facility or	761
the processing facility transferred to another person. The board	762
or director may disapprove the transfer of the permit or	763
license, as applicable, for any of the reasons specified in	764
division (B) of section 3714.052 of the Revised Code for the	765
denial of an application for a permit to install.	766
(C) (1) An applicant for an annual license for a processing	767
facility shall submit an application to a board of health or the	768
director, as applicable, on a form that the director prescribes.	769
The applicant shall include with the application a nonrefundable	770
application fee of one hundred dollars. If an applicant submits	771
an application proposing to continue with the operation of a	772
processing facility after the last day of September of the year	773
preceding that for which the license is sought, the applicant	774
shall pay an additional ten per cent of the amount owed for the	775
application fee.	776
(2) Upon issuance of a license, the licensee shall pay to	777
the board of health or director an annual license fee of six	778
hundred fifty dollars. The annual license fee applies to private	779
operators and the state and its political subdivisions. The	780
licensee shall pay the annual license fee within thirty days	781

after issuance of the license. Each license shall specify that

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it is conditioned upon payment of the annual license fee to the	783
board of health or the director, as appropriate, within thirty	784
days after issuance of the license.	785
(3) If the application for an annual license for a	786
processing facility is submitted to a board of health on the	787
approved list under section 3714.09 of the Revised Code, any	788
application, license, and late fees shall be credited to the	789
special fund of the health district created in division (A) (4)	790
of section 3714.07 of the Revised Code. If the application for	791
an annual license is submitted to the director, all application,	792
license, and late fees shall be credited to the waste management	793
fund created in section 3734.061 of the Revised Code.	794
(D) Upon issuance of a license by a board of health under	795
this section, the board shall mail a copy of the license to the	796
director together with a copy of the plans for the operation of	797
the construction and demolition debris facility or processing	798
facility or any necessary plan updates, as applicable, that are	799
required under section 3714.061 of the Revised Code.	800
(D) (E) The director or a board of health shall not issue	801
a license for a new processing facility under this section when	802
the horizontal limits of the construction and demolition debris	803
processing or storage at the proposed facility are to be located	804
in any of the following locations:	805
(1) Within one hundred feet of a perennial stream as	806
defined by the United States geological survey seven and one-	807
half minute quadrangle map or a category 3 wetland;	808
(2) Within one hundred feet of the facility's property	809
<pre>line.</pre>	810
(F) The director or a heard of health shall not issue a	Ω11

license for a processing facility under this section unless the	812
<pre>new facility will have all of the following:</pre>	813
(1) Access roads constructed in a manner that allows use	814
in all weather conditions and that will withstand the	815
anticipated degree of use and minimize erosion and generation of	816
dust;	817
(2) Surface water drainage and sediment controls that are	818
required by the director;	819
(3) If the facility is proposed to be located in an area	820
in which an applicable zoning resolution allows residential	821
construction, vegetated earthen berms or an equivalent barrier	822
with a minimum height of six feet separating the facility from	823
adjoining property.	824
(G) A license issued under this section may be modified in	825
accordance with rules adopted under section 3714.02 of the	826
Revised Code.	827
Sec. 3714.062. (A) The director of environmental	828
protection, in consultation with boards of health and a	829
statewide association representing construction and demolition	830
debris facilities and processing facilities, shall establish a	831
program for the certification of operators of construction and	832
demolition debris facilities <u>and processing facilities</u> and shall	833
establish continuing education training requirements for those	834
operators as part of the certification program.	835
(B) The program for the certification of operators,	836
including the continuing education training requirements, shall	837
include instruction in and shall emphasize, at a minimum, both	838
of the following:	839
(1) The laws governing construction and demolition debris	840

facilities, processing facilities, and disposal of construction	841
and demolition debris;	842
(2) Best management practices governing construction and	843
demolition debris facilities, processing facilities, and	844
disposal of construction and demolition debris.	845
(C) The director shall accredit educational programs and	846
approve statewide associations representing construction and	847
demolition debris facilities and processing facilities to	848
provide continuing education training for operators of	849
construction and demolition debris facilities and operators of	850
processing facilities. The educational programs and associations	851
shall meet the standards established in rules adopted under	852
section 3714.02 of the Revised Code. For purposes of this	853
division, educational programs that are specific to construction	854
and demolition debris facilities and processing facilities and	855
are conducted by the director or the director's authorized	856
representatives are accredited continuing education training	857
programs.	858
(D) An operator shall successfully complete a minimum of	859
ten hours of continuing education training each calendar year.	860
No operator shall fail to comply with this division.	861
Sec. 3714.082. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of	862
this section, a construction and demolition debris facility may	863
request a transfer processing facility to certify that material	864
that is transferred from the transfer processing facility to the	865
construction and demolition debris facility is not off-	866
specification material; hazardous waste, solid wastes, or	867
infectious wastes; or low-level radioactive waste whose	868
treatment, recycling, storage, or disposal is governed under	869
division (B) of section 3748.10 of the Revised Code. As used in	870

this section, "hazardous waste," "solid wastes," and "infectious	871
wastes" have the same meanings as in section 3734.01 of the	872
Revised Code.	873
(B) With respect to material that is transferred to a	874
construction and demolition debris facility by a railroad that	875
is regulated under Title 49 of the United States Code, the	876
facility may request the railroad to provide a bill of lading,	877
or a copy of a bill of lading, from the shipper of the material	878
or may request the railroad to provide written information	879
indicating that the railroad did not process or add to the	880
material.	881
Sec. 3734.061. (A)—There is hereby created in the state	882
treasury the waste management fund. The fund shall consist of	883
money credited to it under division (C)(4) of section 3714.051,	884
divisions (A) (4) and (B) of section 3714.07, division (D) of	885
section 3714.08, division (B)(4) of section 3714.09, division	886
(B) of section 3734.021, division (D)(4) of section 3734.07,	887
division (B) of section 3734.551, and division (A)(2) of section	888
3734.57 of the Revised Code.	889
(B) The director of environmental protection shall use	890
money in the fund as follows:	891
(1) Money credited to the fund under division (C) (4) of	892
section 3714.051, divisions (A)(4) and (B) of section 3714.07,	893
division (D) of section 3714.08, and division (B) (4) of section	894
3714.09 of the Revised Code exclusively for the administration	895
and enforcement of Chapter 3714. of the Revised Code and rules-	896
adopted under it;	897
(2) Money credited to the fund under division (B) of	898
section 3734 551 and division (A)(2) of section 3734 57 of the	890

Revised Code exclusively to pay the costs of administering and	900
enforcing the laws pertaining to solid wastes, infectious	901
wastes, and construction and demolition debris, including ground-	902
water evaluations related to solid wastes, infectious wastes,	903
and construction and demolition debris, under this chapter and	904
Chapter 3714. of the Revised Code and any rules adopted under-	905
those chapters and addressing violations of Chapters 3704. and	906
6111. of the Revised Code at facilities;	907
(3) Money credited to the fund under division (B) of	908
section 3734.021 and division (D) (4) of section 3734.07 of the	909
Revised Code exclusively for the administration and enforcement-	910
of the provisions of this chapter governing the management of	911
infectious wastes and rules adopted under them this chapter and	912
Chapter 3714. of the Revised Code. The environmental protection	913
agency shall use money in the fund to pay the costs of	914
administering and enforcing this chapter and Chapter 3714. of	915
the Revised Code and rules adopted under those chapters,	916
including ground water evaluations related to solid wastes,	917
infectious wastes, and construction and demolition debris. The	918
agency also shall use money in the fund to address violations of	919
Chapters 3704. and 6111. of the Revised Code at facilities	920
regulated under this chapter and Chapter 3714. of the Revised	921
Code.	922
Sec. 3734.19. (A) If the legislative or executive	923
authority of a municipal corporation, county, or township has	924
evidence to indicate that locations within its boundaries once	925
served as hazardous waste facilities or that significant	926
quantities of hazardous waste were disposed of in solid waste	927
facilities within its boundaries, it may file a formal written	928
request with the director of environmental protection,	929
accompanied by supporting evidence, to survey the locations or	930

facilities. 931

Upon receipt of a request and a review of the evidence 932 submitted with the request, the director shall conduct an 933 investigation to determine if hazardous waste was actually 934 treated, stored, or disposed of at the locations or facilities 935 and, if so, to determine the nature and approximate quantity and 936 types of the waste treated, stored, or disposed of at the 937 particular locations or facilities. In addition, the director 938 shall determine whether the locations or facilities, because of 939 their present condition and the nature and quantities of waste 940 treated, stored, or disposed of therein, result or are likely to 941 result in air pollution, pollution of the waters of the state, 942 or soil contamination or constitute a present or imminent and 943 substantial threat to public health or safety. The director 944 shall report the findings of the investigation to the municipal 945 corporation, county, or township requesting the survey. 946

For the purpose of conducting investigations under this 947 section, the director or the director's authorized 948 representative may enter upon any public or private property. 949 The director or the director's authorized representative may 950 apply for, and any judge of a court of common pleas shall issue, 951 an appropriate search warrant necessary to achieve the purposes 952 of this section within the court's territorial jurisdiction. 953 When conducting investigations under this section, the director 954 shall cause no unnecessary damage to any property. The director 955 may expend moneys from the hazardous waste facility management 956 fund created in section 3734.18 of the Revised Code, the 957 hazardous waste clean-up fund created in section 3734.28 of the 958 Revised Code, or the environmental protection remediation fund 959 created in section 3734.281 of the Revised Code for conducting 960 investigations. 961 S. B. No. 333 Page 34 As Introduced

(B) As used in this section and in sections 3734.20,	962
3734.21, 3734.23, 3734.25, and 3734.26 of the Revised Code,	963
"soil contamination" means the presence in or on the soil of any	964
hazardous of the following:	965
(1) <u>Hazardous</u> waste or hazardous waste residue resulting	966
from the discharge, deposit, injection, dumping, spilling,	967
leaking, emitting, or placing into or on the soil of hazardous	968
waste or hazardous waste residue, or any material that when	969
discharged, deposited, injected, dumped, spilled, leaked,	970
emitted, or placed into or on the soil becomes a hazardous	971
waste, in any quantity or having any characteristics that are or	972
threaten to be injurious to public health or safety, plant or	973
animal life, or the environment or that unreasonably interfere	974
with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property;	975
(2) Solid waste or any constituents from disposed solid	976
waste having any characteristics that are or threaten to be	977
harmful, inimical, or injurious to public health or safety,	978
plant or animal life, or the environment, or that unreasonably	979
interfere with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property;	980
(3) Construction and demolition debris or any constituents	981
from disposed construction and demolition debris having any	982
characteristics that are or threaten to be injurious to public	983
health or safety, plant or animal life, or the environment, or	984
that unreasonably interfere with the comfortable enjoyment of	985
life or property.	986
Sec. 3734.20. (A) (1) If the director of environmental	987
protection has reason to believe that hazardous waste was	988
treated, stored, or disposed of at any location <u>facility or</u>	989
property located within the state or that solid waste or	990
construction and demolition debris was disposed of at any	991

facility or property in the state, the director may conduct such	992
investigations and make such inquiries, including obtaining	993
samples and examining and copying records, as are reasonable or	994
necessary to determine if conditions at a hazardous waste-	995
facility, solid waste facility, or other location where the	996
director has reason to believe hazardous waste was treated,	997
stored, or disposed of constitute the facility or property:	998
(a) Constitute a substantial threat to public health or	999
safety; or are	1000
(b) Are causing or contributing to or threatening to cause	1001
or contribute to air or water pollution or soil contamination.	1002
The-	1003
The director may obtain samples and examine and copy	1004
records for purposes of an investigation.	1005
(2) The director or the director's authorized	1006
representative may apply for, and any judge of a court of common	1007
pleas shall issue, an appropriate search warrant necessary to	1008
achieve the purposes of this section within the court's	1009
territorial jurisdiction. The	1010
(3) The director may expend moneys money from the	1011
hazardous waste facility management fund created in section	1012
3734.18 of the Revised Code, the hazardous waste clean-up fund	1013
created in section 3734.28 of the Revised Code, or the	1014
environmental protection remediation fund created in section	1015
3734.281 of the Revised Code for conducting investigations—under—	1016
this section at any facility or property where the director has	1017
reason to believe that hazardous waste was treated, stored, or	1018
disposed of. The director may expend money from the	1019
environmental protection remediation fund established in section	1020

3734.281 of the Revised Code for conducting investigations at	1021
any facility or property where the director has reason to	1022
believe that solid waste or construction and demolition debris	1023
was disposed of.	1024

(B) If the director determines that conditions at a 1025 hazardous waste facility, solid waste facility, or other 1026 location—<u>facility or property</u> where hazardous waste was treated, 1027 stored, or disposed of, or where solid waste or construction and 1028 demolition debris was disposed of, constitute a substantial 1029 threat to public health or safety or are causing or contributing 1030 to or threatening to cause or contribute to air or water 1031 pollution or soil contamination, the director shall initiate 1032 appropriate action under this chapter or Chapter 3704., 3714., 1033 or 6111. of the Revised Code or seek any other appropriate legal 1034 or equitable remedies to abate the pollution or contamination or 1035 to protect public health or safety. 1036

If an order of the director to abate or prevent air or 1037 water pollution or soil contamination or to remedy a threat to 1038 public health or safety caused by conditions at such a facility 1039 or property issued pursuant to this chapter or Chapter 3704., 1040 3714., or 6111. of the Revised Code is not wholly complied with 1041 1042 within the time prescribed in the order, the director may, through officers or employees of the environmental protection 1043 agency or through contractors employed for that purpose-in-1044 accordance with the bidding procedure established in division 1045 (C) of section 3734.23 of the Revised Code, enter upon the 1046 facility or property and perform those measures necessary to 1047 abate or prevent air or water pollution or soil contamination 1048 from the facility or property or to protect public health or 1049 safety, including, but not limited to, measures prescribed in 1050 division (B) of section 3734.23 of the Revised Code. The 1051

The director shall keep an itemized record of the cost of	1052
the investigation and measures performed, including costs for	1053
labor, materials, and any contract services required. Upon	1054
completion of the investigation or measures, the director shall	1055
record the cost of performing those the investigation and	1056
measures at the office of the county recorder of the county in	1057
which the facility or property is located. The cost so recorded	1058
attaches to the real property and constitutes a perfected lien	1059
against the property on which the facility is located until	1060
discharged. Upon	1061
A lien imposed by this section is superior in priority to	1062
any other lien or mortgage on the facility or property, except	1063
for a tax lien of the state, which shall take priority over a	1064
lien imposed by this section. A lien imposed under this section	1065
shall continue until it is discharged or upon a filing by the	1066
director of a release of the lien in the office of the county	1067
recorder of the county in which the facility or property subject	1068
to the lien is located.	1069
<u>Upon</u> written request of the director, the attorney general	1070
shall institute a civil action to recover the cost <u>of the</u>	1071
investigation or other measures, as applicable. Any moneys money	1072
so received shall be credited to the hazardous waste facility	1073
management fund, the hazardous waste clean-up fund, or the	1074
environmental protection remediation fund, as applicable.	1075
When entering upon a facility or property under this	1076
division, the director shall perform or cause to be performed	1077
only those measures necessary <u>or appropriate</u> to abate or prevent	1078
air or water pollution or soil contamination caused by	1079
conditions at the facility or property or to abate threats to	1080
public health or safety caused by conditions at the facility or	1081

<u>property</u> . For this purpose the director may expend <u>moneys money</u>	1082
from the hazardous waste facility management fund, the hazardous	1083
waste clean-up fund, or the environmental protection remediation	1084
fund and may expend <pre>money money from loans from the Ohio water</pre>	1085
development authority to the environmental protection agency	1086
that pledge <pre>money money from the hazardous waste facility</pre>	1087
management fund, the hazardous waste clean-up fund, or the	1088
environmental protection remediation fund for the repayment of	1089
and for the interest on such loans.	1090
Sec. 3734.21. (A) The director of environmental protection	1091
may expend moneys money credited to the hazardous waste facility	1092
management fund created in section 3734.18 of the Revised Code,	1093
the hazardous waste clean-up fund created in section 3734.28 of	1094
the Revised Code, or the environmental protection remediation	1095
fund created in section 3734.281 of the Revised Code for the any	1096
of the following:	1097
(1) The payment of the cost of measures necessary for the	1098
proper closure of hazardous waste facilities or any solid waste	1099
facilities containing significant quantities of hazardous waste $\overline{}$	1100
for the ;	1101
(2) The payment of costs of the development and	1102
construction of suitable hazardous waste facilities required by	1103
division (B) of section 3734.23 of the Revised Code to the	1104
extent the director determines that such facilities are not	1105
available, and for the ;	1106
(3) The payment of costs that are necessary to abate	1107
conditions thereon that are causing or contributing to or	1108
threatening to cause or contribute to air or water pollution or	1109
soil contamination or that constitute a substantial threat to	1110
public health or safety. In	1111

$\operatorname{\underline{In}}$ addition, the director may expend and pledge $\operatorname{\underline{moneys}}$	1112
money credited to the hazardous waste facility management fund,	1113
the hazardous waste clean-up fund, or the environmental	1114
protection remediation fund for repayment of and for interest on	1115
any loan made by the Ohio water development authority to the	1116
environmental protection agency for the payment of such costs.	1117
(B) The director may expend money credited to the	1118
environmental protection remediation fund established in section	1119
3734.281 of the Revised Code for the payment of the cost of all	1120
or part of any of the following:	1121
(1) Closure or post-closure care of a solid waste or	1122
construction and demolition debris facility;	1123
(2) Remediation or abatement of conditions that are	1124
causing or contributing to or threatening to cause or contribute	1125
to air or water pollution or soil contamination or that	1126
constitute a substantial threat to public health or safety at a	1127
property where solid waste or construction and demolition debris	1128
was disposed of.	1129
(C) Before beginning to clean up activities at any	1130
facility property under this section, the director shall develop	1131
a plan for the cleanup <u>activities</u> and an estimate of the cost	1132
thereof. The plan shall may include only those measures	1133
necessary to abate conditions thereon that are causing or	1134
contributing to or threatening to cause or contribute to air or	1135
water pollution or soil contamination or that constitute a	1136
substantial threat to public health or safety and activities	1137
authorized by division (A) or (B) of this section, including,	1138
but not limited to, establishment and maintenance of an adequate	1139
cover of soil and vegetation on any facility for the burial of	1140
hazardous waste to prevent the infiltration of water into cells	1141

areas where hazardous waste, solid waste, or construction and	1142
demolition debris is buried, the accumulation or runoff of	1143
contaminated surface water, the production of leachate, and air	1144
emissions of hazardous waste; the collection and treatment of	1145
contaminated surface water runoff; the collection and treatment	1146
of leachate; or, if conditions so require, the removal of	1147
hazardous waste-from the facility, solid waste, or construction	1148
and demolition debris and the treatment or disposal of the waste	1149
such wastes at a suitable hazardous waste-facility. The plan or	1150
any part of the plan for the cleanup of the facility shall be	1151
carried out by entering into contracts therefor in accordance	1152
with the procedures established in division (C) of section	1153
3734.23 of the Revised Code.	1154
Sec. 3734.22. Before beginning to clean up any facility	1155
activities under section 3734.21 of the Revised Code, the	1156
director of environmental protection shall endeavor to enter	1157
into an agreement with the owner of the land on which the	1158
facility is located, or with the owner of the facility	1159
activities will be conducted, specifying the measures activities	1160
to be performed and authorizing the director, employees of the	1161
agency, or contractors retained by the director to enter upon	1162
the land and perform the specified <u>measures</u> activities. <u>The</u>	1163
director also may enter into an agreement with any other owner	1164
of real or personal property for purposes of conducting those	1165
activities, including obtaining soil that may be used on the	1166
land where the activities will be conducted.	1167
Each agreement may contain provisions for the	1168
reimbursement of the state for the costs of the cleanup	1169
activities. Methods of reimbursement may include the assignment	1170
of royalties or proceeds from the sale of timber or other	1171
resources present at the location.	1172

All reimbursements and payments shall be credited to the	1173
nazardous waste facility management fund created in section	1174
3734.18 of the Revised Code, the hazardous waste clean-up fund	1175
created in section 3734.28 of the Revised Code, or the	1176
environmental protection remediation fund created in section	1177
3734.281 of the Revised Code, as applicable.	1178

The agreement may require the owner to execute an easement 1179 whereby the director, an authorized employee of the agency, or a 1180 contractor employed by the agency in accordance with the bidding 1181 procedure established in division (C) of section 3734.23 of the 1182 Revised Code may enter upon the facility to sample, repair, or 1183 reconstruct air and water quality monitoring equipment 1184 constructed under the agreement, or to construct, maintain, 1185 repair, remove, or make any other alterations or improvements, 1186 as determined appropriate by the director. The director also may 1187 obtain an easement under this section from any other person to 1188 address the use of resources or materials for purposes of 1189 conducting activities pursuant to section 3734.20 or 3734.21 of 1190 the Revised Code. Such easements shall be for a specified period 1191 of years and may be extinguished by agreement between the owner 1192 and the director. When necessary or appropriate to protect the 1193 public health or safety, the agreement may require the owner to 1194 enter into an environmental covenant with the director in 1195 accordance with sections 5301.80 to 5301.92 of the Revised Code. 1196

Upon a breach of the reimbursement provisions of the 1197 agreement by the owner of the land or facility, or upon 1198 notification to the director by the owner that the owner is 1199 unable to perform the duties under the reimbursement provisions 1200 of the agreement, or in the absence of an agreement for 1201 reimbursement, the director may record the unreimbursed portion 1202 of the costs of cleanup—the activities at the office of the 1203

county recorder of the county in which the <u>land or</u> facility is	1204
located. The costs so recorded constitute a lien against the	1205
property on which the facility is located until discharged	1206
activities were conducted. Upon	1207
A lien imposed by this section is superior in priority to	1208
any other lien or mortgage on the property, except for a lien	1209
imposed under section 3734.20 of the Revised Code or a tax lien	1210
of the state, both of which shall take priority over a lien	1211
imposed by this section. A lien imposed under this section shall	1212
continue until it is discharged or upon a filing by the director	1213
of a release of the lien in the office of the county recorder of	1214
the county in which the property subject to the lien is located.	1215
<u>Upon</u> written request of the director, the attorney general	1216
shall institute a civil action to recover the unreimbursed	1217
portion of the costs of <u>cleanup</u> the activities. Any moneys so	1218
recovered shall be credited to the hazardous waste facility	1219
management fund, the hazardous waste clean-up fund, or the	1220
environmental protection remediation fund, as applicable.	1221
Sec. 3734.23. (A) The director of environmental protection	1222
may acquire by purchase, gift, donation, contribution, or	1223
appropriation in accordance with sections 163.01 to 163.21 of	1224
the Revised Code any hazardous waste facility or any solid waste	1225
facility containing significant quantities of hazardous waste	1226
that, because of its condition and the types and quantities of	1227
hazardous waste contained in the facility, constitutes an	1228
imminent and substantial threat to public health or safety or	1229
results in air pollution, pollution of the waters of the state,	1230
or soil contamination. For this purpose and for the purposes of	1231
division (B) of this section, the director may expend moneys	1232
from the hazardous waste facility management fund created in	1233

section 3734.18 of the Revised Code, the hazardous waste clean-	1234
up fund created in section 3734.28 of the Revised Code, or the	1235
environmental protection remediation fund created in section	1236
3734.281 of the Revised Code and may expend moneys from loans	1237
from the Ohio water development authority to the environmental	1238
protection agency that pledge moneys from the hazardous waste	1239
facility management fund, the hazardous waste clean-up fund, or	1240
the environmental protection remediation fund for the repayment	1241
of and for the interest on such loans. Any lands or facilities	1242
purchased or acquired under this section shall be deeded to the	1243
state, but no deed shall be accepted or the purchase price paid	1244
until the title has been approved by the attorney general.	1245

(B) The director shall, with respect to any land or 1246 facility acquired under this section or cleaned up under section 1247 3734.20 of the Revised Code, perform closure, post closure care, 1248 or other measures necessary to abate conditions thereon that are 1249 causing or contributing to or threatening to cause or contribute 1250 to air or water pollution or soil contamination or that 1251 constitute a substantial threat to public health or safety, 1252 including, but not limited to, establishment and maintenance of 1253 an adequate cover of soil and vegetation on any facility for the 1254 burial of hazardous waste to prevent the infiltration of water 1255 into cells where hazardous waste is buried, the accumulation or 1256 runoff of contaminated surface water, the production of 1257 leachate, and air emissions of hazardous waste; the collection 1258 and treatment of contaminated surface water runoff; the 1259 collection and treatment of leachate; or, if conditions so 1260 require, the removal of hazardous waste from the facility and 1261 the treatment or disposal of the waste at a suitable hazardous 1262 waste facility. After performing these measures, the director 1263 shall provide for the post-closure care, maintenance, and 1264

monitoring of facilities cleaned up under this section.	1265
(C) Before proceeding to clean up any property or facility	1266
under this section or section 3734.20 or 3734.21 of the Revised	1267
Code, the director shall develop a plan for the cleanup of the	1268
facility and an estimate of the cost thereof. The director may	1269
carry out the plan or any part of the plan by contracting for	1270
the services, construction, and repair necessary therefor	1271
repairs. The director shall award each such contract to the	1272
lowest responsible bidder after sealed bids therefor are	1273
received, opened, and published at the time fixed by the	1274
director and notice of the time and place at which the sealed	1275
bids will be received, opened, and published has been published	1276
by the director in a newspaper of general circulation in the	1277
county in which the facility to be cleaned up under the contract	1278
is located at least once within the ten days before the opening-	1279
of the bids. However, if after advertising for bids for the	1280
contract, no bids are received by the director at the time and	1281
place fixed for receiving them, the director may advertise again-	1282
for bids, or the director may, if the director considers the	1283
public interest will best be served thereby, enter into a	1284
contract for the cleanup of the facility without further	1285
advertisement for bids. The director may reject any or all bids-	1286
received and fix and publish again notice of the time and place	1287
at which bids for the contracts will be received, opened, and	1288
published.	1289
(D) The director shall keep an itemized record of the	1290
costs of any acquisition under division (A) of this section and	1291
the costs of cleanup under division (B) of this section.	1292
Sec. 3734.30. The state shall be is immune from liability	1293
for any injury or damage resulting from either any of the	1294

following:	1295
(A) Operation of a hazardous waste facility, solid waste	1296
facility, or construction and demolition debris facility by a	1297
person other than an agency, department, or institution of the	1298
state;	1299
(B) Conditions present at a facility that is acquired by	1300
the state by gift or devise;	1301
(C) Activities conducted pursuant to section 3734.20 or	1302
3734.21 of the Revised Code, remediation activities for which	1303
money may be expended pursuant to section 3734.281 of the	1304
Revised Code, or activities for which money may be expended	1305
pursuant to section 3714.071 or 3734.85, provided that those	1306
activities do not constitute reckless, willful, or wanton	1307
misconduct.	1308
The liability of the state, if any, in other circumstances	1309
regarding hazardous waste, solid waste, or construction and	1310
<u>demolition debris</u> shall be determined in accordance with Chapter	1311
2743. of the Revised Code.	1312
Sec. 5301.80. As used in sections 5301.80 to 5301.92 of	1313
the Revised Code:	1314
(A) "Activity and use limitations" means restrictions or	1315
obligations created under sections 5301.80 to 5301.92 of the	1316
Revised Code with respect to real property.	1317
(B) "Agency" means the environmental protection agency or	1318
any other state or federal agency that determines or approves	1319
the environmental response project pursuant to which an	1320
environmental covenant is created.	1321
(C) "Common interest community" means a condominium, a	1322

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cooperative, or other real property with respect to which a	1323
person, by virtue of the person's ownership of a parcel of real	1324
property, is obligated to pay property taxes or insurance	1325
premiums or to pay for maintenance or improvement of other real	1326
property described in a recorded covenant that creates the	1327
common interest community.	1328
(D) "Environmental covenant" means a servitude arising	1329
under an environmental response project that imposes activity	1330
and use limitations and that meets the requirements established	1331
in section 5301.82 of the Revised Code.	1332
(E) "Environmental response project" means a plan or work	1333
performed for environmental remediation of real property or for	1334
protection of ecological features associated with real property	1335
and conducted as follows:	1336
(1) Under a federal or state program governing	1337
environmental remediation of real property that is subject to	1338
agency review or approval, including, but not limited to,	1339
property that is the subject of any of the following:	1340
(a) A corrective action, closure, or post-closure pursuant	1341
to the "Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976," 90	1342
Stat. 2806, 42 U.S.C.A. 6921, et seq., as amended, or any	1343
regulation adopted under that act, or Chapter <u>3714. or</u> 3734. of	1344
the Revised Code or any rule adopted under-it_those chapters,	1345
including the use or reservation of soil to be used in the	1346
performance of the corrective action, closure, or post-closure	1347
<pre>care;</pre>	1348
(b) A removal or remedial action pursuant to the	1349
"Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and	1350
Tiability Act of 1980 " 94 Stat 2767 42 II S C A 9601 ot	1351

seq., as amended, or any regulation adopted under that act, or	1352
Chapter 3734. or 6111. of the Revised Code or any rule adopted	1353
under those chapters;	1354
(c) A no further action letter submitted with a request	1355
for a covenant not to sue pursuant to section 3746.11 of the	1356
Revised Code;	1357
(d) A no further action letter prepared pursuant to	1358
section 122.654 of the Revised Code;	1359
(e) A corrective action pursuant to section 3737.88,	1360
3737.882, or 3737.89 of the Revised Code or any rule adopted	1361
under those sections.	1362
(2) Pursuant to a mitigation requirement associated with	1363
the section 401 water quality certification program or the	1364
isolated wetland program as required by Chapter 6111. of the	1365
Revised Code;	1366
(3) Pursuant to a grant commitment or loan agreement	1367
entered into pursuant to section 6111.036 or 6111.037 of the	1368
Revised Code;	1369
(4) Pursuant to a supplemental environmental project	1370
embodied in orders issued by the director of environmental	1371
protection pursuant to Chapter 6111. of the Revised Code.	1372
(F) "Holder" means a grantee of an environmental covenant	1373
as specified in division (A) of section 5301.81 of the Revised	1374
Code.	1375
(G) "Person" includes the state, a political subdivision,	1376
another state or local entity, the United States and any agency	1377
or instrumentality of it, and any legal entity defined as a	1378
person under section 1.59 of the Revised Code.	1379

(H) "Record," when used as a noun, means information that	1380
is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an	1381
electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable	1382
form.	1383
Sec. 6109.08. (A) The director of environmental protection	1384
shall not approve plans for construction, installation, or	1385
substantial modification of a community water system which that	1386
serves fewer than five hundred service connections, or any part	1387
of such <u>a</u> system, except a system owned and operated by a public	1388
entity, a system which supplies water only to premises owned by	1389
the water supplier, or a system regulated by the public	1390
utilities commission, unless the owner or operator of such the	1391
system or part thereof has deposited in escrow provided	1392
financial assurance, in a form acceptable to the director, in an	1393
amount equal to fifteen per cent of the cost of the system or	1394
part thereof owned by him the owner or operator, but not to	1395
exceed <u>fifty one hundred</u> thousand dollars.	1396
(B) If a system for which an escrow financial assurance is	1397
required under <u>division (A) of</u> this section is not properly	1398
constructed, maintained, repaired, or operated, the director may	1399
order the owner or operator of <u>such_the_</u> system or part thereof	1400
to correct the deficiencies, and shall authorize the use of the	1401
funds in the escrow money from the financial assurance as	1402
necessary to enable compliance with his the order. When funds	1403
are withdrawn from an escrow account money from the financial	1404
assurance is used, they shall be replaced by the owner or the	1405
operator of such the system or part thereof shall replace such	1406
money within six months of withdrawal its use.	1407
(C) For purposes of this section, "community water system"	1408
means a public water system that serves at least fifteen service	1409

connections used by year-round residents or white-that_regularly	1410
serves at least twenty-five year-round residents.	1411
For purposes of this section, "public entity" means the	1412
federal government, the state, any political subdivision, and	1413
any agency, institution, or instrumentality thereof.	1414
Sec. 6109.24. A public water system that is a community	1415
water system, or that is not a community water system and serves	1416
a nontransient population, and that proposes to commence	1417
providing water to the public after October 1, 1999, shall-	1418
include with the submission of plans required under section-	1419
6109.07 of the Revised Code documentation that demonstrates the	1420
technical, managerial, and financial capability of the system to	1421
comply with this chapter and rules adopted under it. (A) The	1422
director of environmental protection shall adopt, and may amend	1423
and rescind, rules pursuant to section 6109.04 of the Revised	1424
Code establishing requirements governing the demonstration of	1425
technical, managerial, and financial capability for the purposes	1426
of this section.	1427
The director may deny approval of plans submitted under	1428
section 6109.07 of the Revised Code if the public water system-	1429
that submitted the plans (B) (1) A public water system shall	1430
demonstrate the technical, managerial, and financial capability	1431
of the system to comply with this chapter and rules adopted	1432
under it by implementing an asset management program not later	1433
than October 1, 2018.	1434
(2) Notwithstanding division (B)(1) of this section, the	1435
director may require a public water system to complete an asset	1436
management program prior to October 1, 2018.	1437
(3) A public water system shall include in the asset	1438

management program all of the following:	1439
(a) An inventory and evaluation of all assets;	1440
(b) Operation and maintenance programs;	1441
(c) An emergency preparedness and contingency planning	1442
program;	1443
(d) Criteria and timelines for infrastructure	1444
rehabilitation and replacement;	1445
(e) Approved capacity projections and capital improvement	1446
planning;	1447
(f) A long-term funding strategy to support asset	1448
management program implementation.	1449
(C) If requested by the director, a public water system	1450
shall submit a written description of the system's asset	1451
management program to the director. The system shall submit the	1452
written description not later than thirty days after the date of	1453
the request.	1454
(D) If a public water system fails to demonstrate	1455
technical, managerial, and financial capability in accordance	1456
with this section and rules adopted under it, the director may	1457
take any action authorized by this chapter or rules adopted	1458
under it to improve and ensure the capability of the public	1459
water system, including denying a plan submitted under section	1460
6109.07 of the Revised Code.	1461
Sec. 6109.25. (A) (1) Upon petition by the director of	1462
environmental protection, a court of common pleas may appoint a	1463
receiver to take possession of and operate a public water system	1464
that serves fewer than five hundred service connections when	1465
conditions existing at the public water system present a threat	1466

to public health or welfare. However, division (A)(1) of this	1467
to public health or welfare. However, division (A)(1) of this	
section does not apply to a system owned and operated by a	1468
public entity or a system regulated by the public utilities	1469
commission.	1470
(2) The director shall include all of the following in a	1471
<pre>petition:</pre>	1472
(a) A description of the specific conditions existing at	1473
the public water system which present a threat to public health	1474
or welfare;	1475
(b) A statement of the absence of other adequate remedies	1476
at law;	1477
(c) The population served by the public water system;	1478
(d) A statement that declares both of the following:	1479
(i) The facts concerning the conditions at the public	1480
water system have been brought to the attention of the owner and	1481
operator or that efforts to contact the owner or operator have	1482
been unsuccessful;	1483
(ii) The conditions have not been remedied within a	1484
reasonable period of time or that the conditions, though	1485
remedied periodically, habitually exist at the public water_	1486
system as a pattern or practice.	1487
(e) The name and address of the owner of the public water_	1488
system.	1489
(B)(1) The court in which a petition is filed shall notify	1490
the owner of the public water system of the filing. The director	1491
shall send notice of the filing to all of the following:	1492
(a) The appropriate local board of health;	1493

(b) Customers of the public water system;	1494
(c) Any other appropriate persons identified by the	1495
director.	1496
(2) The court shall conduct a hearing on the petition	1497
within five court days of the day it is filed, except that the	1498
court may appoint a receiver prior to that time if the court	1499
determines that the circumstances necessitate such action.	1500
Following a hearing on the petition, and upon a determination	1501
that the appointment of a receiver is warranted, the court shall	1502
appoint a receiver and notify the director and the appropriate	1503
persons of the appointment.	1504
(C) In establishing a receivership, the court shall set	1505
forth the powers and duties of the receiver. The court may	1506
authorize the receiver to take actions necessary to safely and	1507
efficiently operate the public water system within the	1508
requirements of state and federal law. However, the court shall	1509
require the receiver to obtain court approval prior to making	1510
any single expenditure of more than fifteen thousand dollars.	1511
The court shall closely review the conduct of the receiver it	1512
has appointed and shall require regular and detailed reports.	1513
(D) The court shall terminate a receivership established	1514
pursuant to this section following notification of the	1515
appropriate parties and a hearing, if the court determines	1516
<pre>either of the following:</pre>	1517
(1) The public water system has been closed and is no	1518
<pre>longer operating.</pre>	1519
(2) Circumstances no longer exist at the public water	1520
system that present a threat to public health or welfare, and	1521
there is no deficiency in the public water system that is likely	1522

to create a future risk of harm.	1523
Notwithstanding division (D)(2) of this section, the court	1524
shall not terminate a receivership for a public water system	1525
that has previously operated under another receivership, under	1526
the same owner, unless the responsibility for the operation of	1527
the public water system is transferred to an owner or operator	1528
approved by the court and the director.	1529
(E)(1) The court shall not appoint a person with an	1530
interest in the public water system as a receiver.	1531
(2) To assist the court in identifying persons qualified	1532
to be named as receivers, the director may maintain a list of	1533
the names of such persons. The director may, in accordance with	1534
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, adopt rules establishing	1535
standards for evaluating persons desiring to be included on such	1536
a list.	1537
(F) Prior to acting as a receiver, the receiver must be	1538
sworn to perform the duties of receiver faithfully, and, with	1539
surety approved by the court. The receiver shall execute a bond	1540
in an amount required by the court, to the effect that the	1541
receiver will faithfully discharge the duties of receiver and	1542
obey the orders of the court.	1543
(G) Under control of the appointing court, a receiver may	1544
bring and defend actions in the receiver's own name as receiver	1545
and take and keep possession of property. The court shall	1546
authorize the receiver to do the following:	1547
(1) Collect payment for all goods and services provided to	1548
persons served by the public water system during the period of	1549
the receivership at the same rate as was charged by the owner at	1550
the time the petition for receivership was filed, unless a	1551

different rate is set by the court;	1552
(2) Honor all leases, mortgages, and secured transactions	1553
governing all buildings, goods, and fixtures of which the	1554
receiver has taken possession and continues to use, subject to	1555
the following conditions:	1556
(a) In the case of a rental agreement, only to the extent	1557
of payments that are for the use of the property during the	1558
<pre>period of the receivership;</pre>	1559
(b) In the case of a purchase agreement only to the extent	1560
of payments that come due during the period of the receivership.	1561
(3) Make periodic reports on the status of the public	1562
water system to the director;	1563
(4) Compromise demands or claims;	1564
(5) Take actions necessary for the operation of the public	1565
water system in compliance with this chapter and the rules	1566
adopted under it.	1567
(6) Perform any other action regarding the public water	1568
system as the court authorizes.	1569
(H) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, contracts	1570
which are necessary to carry out the powers and duties of the	1571
receiver need not be competitively bid.	1572
(I) Neither the receiver nor the director is liable for	1573
debts incurred by the owner or operator of a public water system	1574
for which a receiver has been appointed.	1575
(J) The director shall provide technical assistance to any	1576
receiver appointed pursuant to this section.	1577
Sec. 6111.03. The director of environmental protection may	1578

do any of the following: 1579 (A) Develop plans and programs for the prevention, 1580 control, and abatement of new or existing pollution of the 1581 waters of the state; 1582 (B) Advise, consult, and cooperate with other agencies of 1583 the state, the federal government, other states, and interstate 1584 agencies and with affected groups, political subdivisions, and 1585 industries in furtherance of the purposes of this chapter. 1586 1587 Before adopting, amending, or rescinding a standard or rule pursuant to division (G) of this section or section 6111.041 or 1588 6111.042 of the Revised Code, the director shall do all of the 1589 following: 1590 (1) Mail notice to each statewide organization that the 1591 director determines represents persons who would be affected by 1592 the proposed standard or rule, amendment thereto, or rescission 1593 thereof at least thirty-five days before any public hearing 1594 thereon: 1595 (2) Mail a copy of each proposed standard or rule, 1596 amendment thereto, or rescission thereof to any person who 1597 requests a copy, within five days after receipt of the request 1598 therefor; 1599 1600 (3) Consult with appropriate state and local government agencies or their representatives, including statewide 1601 organizations of local government officials, industrial 1602 representatives, and other interested persons. 1603 Although the director is expected to discharge these 1604 duties diligently, failure to mail any such notice or copy or to 1605 so consult with any person shall not invalidate any proceeding 1606 or action of the director. 1607

(C) Administer grants from the federal government and from	1608
other sources, public or private, for carrying out any of its	1609
functions, all such moneys to be deposited in the state treasury	1610
and kept by the treasurer of state in a separate fund subject to	1611
the lawful orders of the director;	1612
(D) Administer state grants for the construction of sewage	1613
and waste collection and treatment works;	1614
(E) Encourage, participate in, or conduct studies,	1615
investigations, research, and demonstrations relating to water	1616
pollution, and the causes, prevention, control, and abatement	1617
thereof, that are advisable and necessary for the discharge of	1618
the director's duties under this chapter;	1619
(F) Collect and disseminate information relating to water	1620
pollution and prevention, control, and abatement thereof;	1621
(G) Adopt, amend, and rescind rules in accordance with	1622
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code governing the procedure for	1623
hearings, the filing of reports, the issuance of permits, the	1624
issuance of industrial water pollution control certificates, and	1625
all other matters relating to procedure;	1626
(H) Issue, modify, or revoke orders to prevent, control,	1627
or abate water pollution by such means as the following:	1628
(1) Prohibiting or abating discharges of sewage,	1629
industrial waste, or other wastes into the waters of the state;	1630
(2) Requiring the construction of new disposal systems or	1631
any parts thereof, or the modification, extension, or alteration	1632
of existing disposal systems or any parts thereof;	1633
(3) Prohibiting additional connections to or extensions of	1634
a sewerage system when the connections or extensions would	1635

result in an increase in the polluting properties of the	1636
effluent from the system when discharged into any waters of the	1637
state;	1638
(4) Requiring compliance with any standard or rule adopted	1639
under sections 6111.01 to 6111.05 of the Revised Code or term or	1640
condition of a permit.	1641
condition of a permit.	1041
In the making of those orders, wherever compliance with a	1642
rule adopted under section 6111.042 of the Revised Code is not	1643
involved, consistent with the Federal Water Pollution Control	1644
Act, the director shall give consideration to, and base the	1645
determination on, evidence relating to the technical feasibility	1646
and economic reasonableness of complying with those orders and	1647
to evidence relating to conditions calculated to result from	1648
compliance with those orders, and their relation to benefits to	1649
the people of the state to be derived from such compliance in	1650
accomplishing the purposes of this chapter.	1651
(I) Review plans, specifications, or other data relative	1652
to disposal systems or any part thereof in connection with the	1653
issuance of orders, permits, and industrial water pollution	1654
control certificates under this chapter;	1655
(J)(1) Issue, revoke, modify, or deny sludge management	1656
permits and permits for the discharge of sewage, industrial	1657
waste, or other wastes into the waters of the state, and for the	1658
installation or modification of disposal systems or any parts	1659
thereof in compliance with all requirements of the Federal Water	1660
Pollution Control Act and mandatory regulations adopted	1661
thereunder, including regulations adopted under section 405 of	1662
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

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the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, and set terms and

necessary. In issuing permits for sludge management, the

conditions of permits, including schedules of compliance, where

frozen ground in conflict with rules adopted under this chapter. Any person who discharges, transports, or handles storm water from an animal feeding facility, as defined in section 903.01 of the Revised Code, or pollutants from a concentrated animal fooding operation as both torms are defined in that goetien is
from an animal feeding facility, as defined in section 903.01 of the Revised Code, or pollutants from a concentrated animal 1670
the Revised Code, or pollutants from a concentrated animal 1670
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fooding energtion as both terms are defined in that section is
feeding operation, as both terms are defined in that section, is
not required to obtain a permit under division (J)(1) of this 1672
section for the installation or modification of a disposal 1673
system involving pollutants or storm water or any parts of such 1674
a system on and after the date on which the director of 1675
agriculture has finalized the program required under division 1676
(A)(1) of section 903.02 of the Revised Code. In addition, any
person who discharges, transports, or handles storm water from 1678
an animal feeding facility, as defined in section 903.01 of the 1679
Revised Code, or pollutants from a concentrated animal feeding 1680
operation, as both terms are defined in that section, is not 1681
required to obtain a permit under division (J)(1) of this 1682
section for the discharge of storm water from an animal feeding 1683
facility or pollutants from a concentrated animal feeding 1684
operation on and after the date on which the United States 1685
environmental protection agency approves the NPDES program 1686
submitted by the director of agriculture under section 903.08 of 1687
the Revised Code.

Any permit terms and conditions set by the director shall 1689 be designed to achieve and maintain full compliance with the 1690 national effluent limitations, national standards of performance 1691 for new sources, and national toxic and pretreatment effluent 1692 standards set under that act, and any other mandatory 1693 requirements of that act that are imposed by regulation of the 1694 administrator of the United States environmental protection 1695 agency. If an applicant for a sludge management permit also 1696

applies for a related permit for the discharge of sewage,	1697
industrial waste, or other wastes into the waters of the state,	1698
the director may combine the two permits and issue one permit to	1699
the applicant.	1700
A sludge management permit is not required for an entity	1701
that treats or transports sewage sludge or for a sanitary	1702
landfill when all of the following apply:	1703
(a) The entity or sanitary landfill does not generate the	1704
sewage sludge.	1705
(b) Prior to receipt at the sanitary landfill, the entity	1706
has ensured that the sewage sludge meets the requirements	1707
established in rules adopted by the director under section	1708
3734.02 of the Revised Code concerning disposal of municipal	1709
solid waste in a sanitary landfill.	1710
(c) Disposal of the sewage sludge occurs at a sanitary	1711
landfill that complies with rules adopted by the director under	1712
section 3734.02 of the Revised Code.	1713
As used in division (J)(1) of this section, "sanitary	1714
landfill" means a sanitary landfill facility, as defined in	1715
rules adopted under section 3734.02 of the Revised Code, that is	1716
licensed as a solid waste facility under section 3734.05 of the	1717
Revised Code.	1718
(2) An application for a permit or renewal thereof shall	1719
be denied if any of the following applies:	1720
(a) The secretary of the army determines in writing that	1721
anchorage or navigation would be substantially impaired thereby;	1722
(b) The director determines that the proposed discharge or	1723
source would conflict with an areawide waste treatment	1724

management plan adopted in accordance with section 208 of the	1725
Federal Water Pollution Control Act;	1726
(c) The administrator of the United States environmental	1727
protection agency objects in writing to the issuance or renewal	1728
of the permit in accordance with section 402 (d) of the Federal	1729
Water Pollution Control Act;	1730
(d) The application is for the discharge of any	1731
radiological, chemical, or biological warfare agent or high-	1732
level radioactive waste into the waters of the United States.	1733
(3) To achieve and maintain applicable standards of	1734
quality for the waters of the state adopted pursuant to section	1735
6111.041 of the Revised Code, the director shall impose, where	1736
necessary and appropriate, as conditions of each permit, water	1737
quality related effluent limitations in accordance with sections	1738
301, 302, 306, 307, and 405 of the Federal Water Pollution	1739
Control Act and, to the extent consistent with that act, shall	1740
give consideration to, and base the determination on, evidence	1741
relating to the technical feasibility and economic	1742
reasonableness of removing the polluting properties from those	1743
wastes and to evidence relating to conditions calculated to	1744
result from that action and their relation to benefits to the	1745
people of the state and to accomplishment of the purposes of	1746
this chapter.	1747
(4) Where a discharge having a thermal component from a	1748
source that is constructed or modified on or after October 18,	1749
1972, meets national or state effluent limitations or more	1750
stringent permit conditions designed to achieve and maintain	1751
compliance with applicable standards of quality for the waters	1752
of the state, which limitations or conditions will ensure	1753
protection and propagation of a balanced, indigenous population	1754

of shellfish, fish, and wildlife in or on the body of water into 1755 which the discharge is made, taking into account the interaction 1756 of the thermal component with sewage, industrial waste, or other 1757 wastes, the director shall not impose any more stringent 1758 limitation on the thermal component of the discharge, as a 1759 condition of a permit or renewal thereof for the discharge, 1760 during a ten-year period beginning on the date of completion of 1761 the construction or modification of the source, or during the 1762 period of depreciation or amortization of the source for the 1763 purpose of section 167 or 169 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1764 1954, whichever period ends first. 1765

(5) The director shall specify in permits for the 1766 discharge of sewage, industrial waste, and other wastes, the net 1767 volume, net weight, duration, frequency, and, where necessary, 1768 concentration of the sewage, industrial waste, and other wastes 1769 that may be discharged into the waters of the state. The 1770 director shall specify in those permits and in sludge management 1771 permits that the permit is conditioned upon payment of 1772 applicable fees as required by section 3745.11 of the Revised 1773 Code and upon the right of the director's authorized 1774 representatives to enter upon the premises of the person to whom 1775 the permit has been issued for the purpose of determining 1776 compliance with this chapter, rules adopted thereunder, or the 1777 terms and conditions of a permit, order, or other determination. 1778 The director shall issue or deny an application for a sludge 1779 management permit or a permit for a new discharge, for the 1780 installation or modification of a disposal system, or for the 1781 renewal of a permit, within one hundred eighty days of the date 1782 on which a complete application with all plans, specifications, 1783 construction schedules, and other pertinent information required 1784 by the director is received. 1785

(6) The director may condition permits upon the	1786
installation of discharge or water quality monitoring equipment	1787
or devices and the filing of periodic reports on the amounts and	1788
contents of discharges and the quality of receiving waters that	1789
the director prescribes. The director shall condition each	1790
permit for a government-owned disposal system or any other	1791
"treatment works" as defined in the Federal Water Pollution	1792
Control Act upon the reporting of new introductions of	1793
industrial waste or other wastes and substantial changes in	1794
volume or character thereof being introduced into those systems	1795
or works from "industrial users" as defined in section 502 of	1796
that act, as necessary to comply with section 402(b)(8) of that	1797
act; upon the identification of the character and volume of	1798
pollutants subject to pretreatment standards being introduced	1799
into the system or works; and upon the existence of a program to	1800
ensure compliance with pretreatment standards by "industrial	1801
users" of the system or works. In requiring monitoring devices	1802
and reports, the director, to the extent consistent with the	1803
Federal Water Pollution Control Act, shall give consideration to	1804
technical feasibility and economic reasonableness and shall	1805
allow reasonable time for compliance.	1806

(7) A permit may be issued for a period not to exceed five 1807 years and may be renewed upon application for renewal. In 1808 renewing a permit, the director shall consider the compliance 1809 history of the permit holder and may deny the renewal if the 1810 director determines that the permit holder has not complied with 1811 the terms and conditions of the existing permit. A permit may be 1812 modified, suspended, or revoked for cause, including, but not 1813 limited to, violation of any condition of the permit, obtaining 1814 a permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all 1815 relevant facts of the permitted discharge or of the sludge use, 1816

storage, treatment, or disposal practice, or changes in any	1817
condition that requires either a temporary or permanent	1818
reduction or elimination of the permitted activity. No	1819
application shall be denied or permit revoked or modified	1820
without a written order stating the findings upon which the	1821
denial, revocation, or modification is based. A copy of the	1822
order shall be sent to the applicant or permit holder by	1823
certified mail.	1824
(K) Institute or cause to be instituted in any court of	1825
competent jurisdiction proceedings to compel compliance with	1826
this chapter or with the orders of the director issued under	1827
this chapter, or to ensure compliance with sections 204(b), 307,	1828
308, and 405 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act;	1829
(L) Issue, deny, revoke, or modify industrial water	1830
pollution control certificates;	1831
(M) Certify to the government of the United States or any	1832
agency thereof that an industrial water pollution control	1833
facility is in conformity with the state program or requirements	1834
for the control of water pollution whenever the certification	1835
may be required for a taxpayer under the Internal Revenue Code	1836
of the United States, as amended;	1837
(N) Issue, modify, and revoke orders requiring any	1838
"industrial user" of any publicly owned "treatment works" as	1839
defined in sections 212(2) and 502(18) of the Federal Water	1840
Pollution Control Act to comply with pretreatment standards;	1841
establish and maintain records; make reports; install, use, and	1842
maintain monitoring equipment or methods, including, where	1843
appropriate, biological monitoring methods; sample discharges in	1844
accordance with methods, at locations, at intervals, and in a	1845
manner that the director determines; and provide other	1846

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information that is necessary to ascertain whether or not there	1847
is compliance with toxic and pretreatment effluent standards. In	1848
issuing, modifying, and revoking those orders, the director, to	1849
the extent consistent with the Federal Water Pollution Control	1850
Act, shall give consideration to technical feasibility and	1851
economic reasonableness and shall allow reasonable time for	1852
compliance.	1853
(O) Exercise all incidental powers necessary to carry out	1854
the purposes of this chapter;	1855
(P) Certify Pursuant to section 401 of the Federal Water	1856
Pollution Control Act, do both of the following:	1857
(1) Issue or deny a section 401 water quality	1858
certification to, or waive a section 401 water quality	1859
certification for, any applicant for a federal license or permit	1860
to conduct any activity that may result in any discharge into	1861
the waters of the state that the discharge will comply with the	1862
Federal Water Pollution Control Act;	1863
(2) Revoke, transfer, or, at the request or concurrence of	1864
the certification holder, modify a section 401 water quality	1865
<pre>certification.</pre>	1866
(Q) Administer and enforce the publicly owned treatment	1867
works pretreatment program in accordance with the Federal Water	1868
Pollution Control Act. In the administration of that program,	1869
the director may do any of the following:	1870
(1) Apply and enforce pretreatment standards;	1871
(2) Approve and deny requests for approval of publicly	1872
owned treatment works pretreatment programs, oversee those	1873
programs, and implement, in whole or in part, those programs	1874
under any of the following conditions:	1875

(a) The director has denied a request for approval of the	1876
publicly owned treatment works pretreatment program;	1877
(b) The director has revoked the publicly owned treatment	1878
works pretreatment program;	1879
(c) There is no pretreatment program currently being	1880
implemented by the publicly owned treatment works;	1881
	1000
(d) The publicly owned treatment works has requested the	1882
director to implement, in whole or in part, the pretreatment	1883
program.	1884
(3) Require that a publicly owned treatment works	1885
pretreatment program be incorporated in a permit issued to a	1886
publicly owned treatment works as required by the Federal Water	1887
Pollution Control Act, require compliance by publicly owned	1888
treatment works with those programs, and require compliance by	1889
industrial users with pretreatment standards;	1890
(4) Approve and deny requests for authority to modify	1891
categorical pretreatment standards to reflect removal of	1892
pollutants achieved by publicly owned treatment works;	1893
(5) Deny and recommend approval of requests for	1894
fundamentally different factors variances submitted by	1895
industrial users;	1896
(6) Make determinations on categorization of industrial	1897
users;	1898
(7) Adopt, amend, or rescind rules and issue, modify, or	1899
revoke orders necessary for the administration and enforcement	1900
of the publicly owned treatment works pretreatment program.	1900
	1301
Any approval of a publicly owned treatment works	1902
pretreatment program may contain any terms and conditions,	1903

including schedules of compliance, that are necessary to achieve	1904
compliance with this chapter.	1905
(R) Except as otherwise provided in this division, adopt	1906
rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code	1907
establishing procedures, methods, and equipment and other	1908
requirements for equipment to prevent and contain discharges of	1909
oil and hazardous substances into the waters of the state. The	1910
rules shall be consistent with and equivalent in scope, content,	1911
and coverage to section 311(j)(1)(c) of the Federal Water	1912
Pollution Control Act and regulations adopted under it. The	1913
director shall not adopt rules under this division relating to	1914
discharges of oil from oil production facilities and oil	1915
drilling and workover facilities as those terms are defined in	1916
that act and regulations adopted under it.	1917
(S)(1) Administer and enforce a program for the regulation	1918
of sludge management in this state. In administering the	1919
program, the director, in addition to exercising the authority	1920
provided in any other applicable sections of this chapter, may	1921
do any of the following:	1922
(a) Develop plans and programs for the disposal and	1923
utilization of sludge and sludge materials;	1924
(b) Encourage, participate in, or conduct studies,	1925
investigations, research, and demonstrations relating to the	1926
disposal and use of sludge and sludge materials and the impact	1927
of sludge and sludge materials on land located in the state and	1928
on the air and waters of the state;	1929
(c) Collect and disseminate information relating to the	1930
disposal and use of sludge and sludge materials and the impact	1931

of sludge and sludge materials on land located in the state and

on the air and waters of the state; 1933 (d) Issue, modify, or revoke orders to prevent, control, 1934 or abate the use and disposal of sludge and sludge materials or 1935 the effects of the use of sludge and sludge materials on land 1936 located in the state and on the air and waters of the state; 1937 (e) Adopt and enforce, modify, or rescind rules necessary 1938 for the implementation of division (S) of this section. The 1939 rules reasonably shall protect public health and the 1940 environment, encourage the beneficial reuse of sludge and sludge 1941 materials, and minimize the creation of nuisance odors. 1942 The director may specify in sludge management permits the 1943 net volume, net weight, quality, and pollutant concentration of 1944 the sludge or sludge materials that may be used, stored, 1945 treated, or disposed of, and the manner and frequency of the 1946 use, storage, treatment, or disposal, to protect public health 1947 and the environment from adverse effects relating to those 1948 activities. The director shall impose other terms and conditions 1949 to protect public health and the environment, minimize the 1950 creation of nuisance odors, and achieve compliance with this 1951 chapter and rules adopted under it and, in doing so, shall 1952 consider whether the terms and conditions are consistent with 1953 the goal of encouraging the beneficial reuse of sludge and 1954 1955 sludge materials. The director may condition permits on the implementation 1956 of treatment, storage, disposal, distribution, or application 1957 management methods and the filing of periodic reports on the 1958 amounts, composition, and quality of sludge and sludge materials 1959 that are disposed of, used, treated, or stored. 1960

An approval of a treatment works sludge disposal program

may contain any terms and conditions, including schedules of	1962
compliance, necessary to achieve compliance with this chapter	1963
and rules adopted under it.	1964

(2) As a part of the program established under division 1965 (S)(1) of this section, the director has exclusive authority to 1966 regulate sewage sludge management in this state. For purposes of 1967 division (S)(2) of this section, that program shall be 1968 consistent with section 405 of the Federal Water Pollution 1969 Control Act and regulations adopted under it and with this 1970 section, except that the director may adopt rules under division 1971 (S) of this section that establish requirements that are more 1972 stringent than section 405 of the Federal Water Pollution 1973 Control Act and regulations adopted under it with regard to 1974 monitoring sewage sludge and sewage sludge materials and 1975 establishing acceptable sewage sludge management practices and 1976 pollutant levels in sewage sludge and sewage sludge materials. 1977

This chapter authorizes the state to participate in any 1978 national sludge management program and the national pollutant 1979 discharge elimination system, to administer and enforce the 1980 publicly owned treatment works pretreatment program, and to 1981 issue permits for the discharge of dredged or fill materials, in 1982 accordance with the Federal Water Pollution Control Act. This 1983 chapter shall be administered, consistent with the laws of this 1984 state and federal law, in the same manner that the Federal Water 1985 Pollution Control Act is required to be administered. 1986

(T) Develop technical guidance and offer technical 1987 assistance, upon request, for the purpose of minimizing wind or 1988 water erosion of soil, and assist in compliance with permits for 1989 storm water management issued under this chapter and rules 1990 adopted under it.

(U) Study, examine, and calculate nutrient loading from	1992
point and nonpoint sources in order to determine comparative	1993
contributions by those sources and to utilize the information	1994
derived from those calculations to determine the most	1995
environmentally beneficial and cost-effective mechanisms to	1996
reduce nutrient loading to watersheds in the Lake Erie basin and	1997
the Ohio river basin. In order to evaluate nutrient loading	1998
contributions, the director or the director's designee shall	1999
conduct a study of the nutrient mass balance for both point and	2000
nonpoint sources in watersheds in the Lake Erie basin and the	2001
Ohio river basin using available data, including both of the	2002
following:	2003

- (1) Data on water quality and stream flow;
- (2) Data on point source discharges into those watersheds.

The director or the director's designee shall report and 2006 update the results of the study to coincide with the release of 2007 the Ohio integrated water quality monitoring and assessment 2008 report prepared by the director. 2009

2004

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This section does not apply to residual farm products and 2010 manure disposal systems and related management and conservation 2011 2012 practices subject to rules adopted pursuant to division (E)(1) of section 939.02 of the Revised Code. For purposes of this 2013 exclusion, "residual farm products" and "manure" have the same 2014 meanings as in section 939.01 of the Revised Code. However, 2015 until the date on which the United States environmental 2016 protection agency approves the NPDES program submitted by the 2017 director of agriculture under section 903.08 of the Revised 2018 Code, this exclusion does not apply to animal waste treatment 2019 works having a controlled direct discharge to the waters of the 2020 state or any concentrated animal feeding operation, as defined 2021

in 40 C.F.R. 122.23(b)(2). On and after the date on which the	2022
United States environmental protection agency approves the NPDES	2023
program submitted by the director of agriculture under section	2024
903.08 of the Revised Code, this section does not apply to storm	2025
water from an animal feeding facility, as defined in section	2026
903.01 of the Revised Code, or to pollutants discharged from a	2027
concentrated animal feeding operation, as both terms are defined	2028
in that section. Neither of these exclusions applies to the	2029
discharge of animal waste into a publicly owned treatment works.	2030
Not later than December 1, 2016, a publicly owned	2031
treatment works with a design flow of one million gallons per	2032
day or more, or designated as a major discharger by the	2033
director, shall be required to begin monthly monitoring of total	2034
and dissolved reactive phosphorus pursuant to a new NPDES	2035
permit, an NPDES permit renewal, or a director-initiated	2036
modification. The director shall include in each applicable new	2037
NPDES permit, NPDES permit renewal, or director-initiated	2038
modification a requirement that such monitoring be conducted. A	2039
director-initiated modification for that purpose shall be	2040
considered and processed as a minor modification pursuant to	2041
Ohio Administrative Code 3745-33-04. In addition, not later than	2042
December 1, 2017, a publicly owned treatment works with a design	2043
flow of one million gallons per day or more that, on July 3,	2044
2015, is not subject to a phosphorus limit shall complete and	2045
submit to the director a study that evaluates the technical and	2046
financial capability of the existing treatment facility to	2047
reduce the final effluent discharge of phosphorus to one	2048
milligram per liter using possible source reduction measures,	2049
operational procedures, and unit process configurations.	2050
Sec. 6111.04. (A) Both of the following apply except as	2051
otherwise provided in division (A) or (F) of this section:	2052

otherwise provided in division (A) or (F) of this section:

(1) No person shall cause pollution or place or cause to	2053
be placed any sewage, sludge, sludge materials, industrial	2054
waste, or other wastes in a location where they cause pollution	2055
of any waters of the state.	2056
(2) Such an action prohibited under division (A)(1) of	2057
this section is hereby declared to be a public nuisance.	2058
Divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section do not apply if	2059
the person causing pollution or placing or causing to be placed	2060
wastes in a location in which they cause pollution of any waters	2061
of the state holds a valid, unexpired permit, or renewal of a	2062
permit, governing the causing or placement as provided in	2063
sections 6111.01 to 6111.08 of the Revised Code or if the	2064
person's application for renewal of such a permit is pending.	2065
(B) If the director of environmental protection	2066
administers a sludge management program pursuant to division (S)	2067
of section 6111.03 of the Revised Code, both of the following	2068
apply except as otherwise provided in division (B) or (F) of	2069
this section:	2070
(1) No person, in the course of sludge management, shall	2071
place on land located in the state or release into the air of	2072
the state any sludge or sludge materials.	2073
(2) An action prohibited under division (B)(1) of this	2074
section is hereby declared to be a public nuisance.	2075
Divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section do not apply if	2076
the person placing or releasing the sludge or sludge materials	2077
holds a valid, unexpired permit, or renewal of a permit,	2078
governing the placement or release as provided in sections	2079
6111.01 to 6111.08 of the Revised Code or if the person's	2080
application for renewal of such a permit is pending.	2081

(C) No person to whom a permit has been issued shall place	2082
or discharge, or cause to be placed or discharged, in any waters	2083
of the state any sewage, sludge, sludge materials, industrial	2084
waste, or other wastes in excess of the permissive discharges	2085
specified under an existing permit without first receiving a	2086
permit from the director to do so.	2087
(D) No person to whom a sludge management permit has been	2088
issued shall place on the land or release into the air of the	2089
state any sludge or sludge materials in excess of the permissive	2090
amounts specified under the existing sludge management permit	2091
without first receiving a modification of the existing sludge	2092
management permit or a new sludge management permit to do so	2093
from the director.	2094
(E) The director may require the submission of plans,	2095
specifications, and other information that the director	2096
considers relevant in connection with the issuance of permits.	2097
(F) This section does not apply to any of the following:	2098
(1) Waters used in washing sand, gravel, other aggregates,	2099
or mineral products when the washing and the ultimate disposal	2100
of the water used in the washing, including any sewage,	2101
industrial waste, or other wastes contained in the waters, are	2102
entirely confined to the land under the control of the person	2103
engaged in the recovery and processing of the sand, gravel,	2104
other aggregates, or mineral products and do not result in the	2105
pollution of waters of the state;	2106
(2) Water, gas, or other material injected into a well to	2107
facilitate, or that is incidental to, the production of oil,	2108
gas, artificial brine, or water derived in association with oil	2109

or gas production and disposed of in a well, in compliance with

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a permit issued under Chapter 1509. of the Revised Code, or	2111
sewage, industrial waste, or other wastes injected into a well	2112
in compliance with an injection well operating permit. Division	2113
(F)(2) of this section does not authorize, without a permit, any	2114
discharge that is prohibited by, or for which a permit is	2115
required by, regulation of the United States environmental	2116
protection agency.	2117
(3) Application of any materials to land for agricultural	2118

- (3) Application of any materials to land for agricultural purposes or runoff of the materials from that application or 2119 pollution by residual farm products, manure, or soil sediment, 2120 including attached substances, resulting from farming, 2121 silvicultural, or earthmoving activities regulated by Chapter 2122 307. or 939. of the Revised Code. Division (F)(3) of this 2123 section does not authorize, without a permit, any discharge that 2124 is prohibited by, or for which a permit is required by, the 2125 Federal Water Pollution Control Act or regulations adopted under 2126 it. As used in division (F)(3) of this section, "residual farm 2127 products" and "manure" have the same meanings as in section 2128 939.01 of the Revised Code. 2129
- (4) The excrement of domestic and farm animals defecated

 on land or runoff therefrom into any waters of the state.

 Division (F)(4) of this section does not authorize, without a

 permit, any discharge that is prohibited by, or for which a

 permit is required by, the Federal Water Pollution Control Act

 or regulations adopted under it.
- (5) On and after the date on which the United States 2136 environmental protection agency approves the NPDES program 2137 submitted by the director of agriculture under section 903.08 of 2138 the Revised Code, any discharge that is within the scope of the 2139 approved NPDES program submitted by the director of agriculture; 2140

(6) The discharge of sewage, industrial waste, or other	2141
wastes into a sewerage system tributary to a treatment works.	2142
Division (F)(6) of this section does not authorize any discharge	2143
into a publicly owned treatment works in violation of a	2144
pretreatment program applicable to the publicly owned treatment	2145
works or any discharge to a privately owned treatment works in	2146
violation of any permit conditions established in accordance	2147
with 40 C.F.R. 122.44(m).	2148
(7) A household sewage treatment system or a small flow	2149
on-site sewage treatment system, as applicable, as defined in	2150
section 3718.01 of the Revised Code that is installed in	2151
compliance with Chapter 3718. of the Revised Code and rules	2152
adopted under it. Division (F)(7) of this section does not	2153
authorize, without a permit, any discharge that is prohibited	2154
by, or for which a permit is required by, regulation of the	2155
United States environmental protection agency.	2156
(8) Exceptional quality sludge generated outside of this	2157
state and contained in bags or other containers not greater than	2158
one hundred pounds in capacity. As used in division (F)(8) of	2159
this section, "exceptional quality sludge" has the same meaning	2160
as in division (Y) of section 3745.11 of the Revised Code.	2161
(G) The holder of a permit issued under section 402 (a) of	2162

the Federal Water Pollution Control Act need not obtain a permit

for a discharge authorized by the permit until its expiration

date. Except as otherwise provided in this division, the

director of environmental protection shall administer and

enforce those permits within this state and may modify their

terms and conditions in accordance with division (J) of section

6111.03 of the Revised Code. On and after the date on which the

United States environmental protection agency approves the NPDES

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program submitted by the director of agriculture under section	2171
903.08 of the Revised Code, the director of agriculture shall	2172
administer and enforce those permits within this state that are	2173
issued for any discharge that is within the scope of the	2174
approved NPDES program submitted by the director of agriculture.	2175
Sec. 6111.07. (A) No person shall violate or fail to	2176
perform any duty imposed by sections 6111.01 to 6111.08 or	2177
division (B) of section 6111.33 of the Revised Code or violate	2178
any order, rule, or term or condition of a permit issued or	2179
adopted by the director of environmental protection pursuant to	2180
those sections. Each day of violation is a separate offense.	2181
(B) The attorney general, upon the written request of the	2182
director, shall prosecute any person who violates, or who fails	2183
to perform any duty imposed by, sections 6111.01 to 6111.08 or	2184
division (B) of section 6111.33 of the Revised Code or who	2185
violates any order, rule, or condition of a permit issued or	2186
adopted by the director pursuant to those sections.	2187
The attorney general, upon written request of the	2188
director, shall bring an action for an injunction against any	2189
person violating or threatening to violate this chapter or	2190
violating or threatening to violate any order, rule, or	2191
condition of a permit issued or adopted by the director pursuant	2192
to this chapter. In an action for injunction to enforce any	2193
final order of the director brought pursuant to this section,	2194
the finding by the director, after hearing, is prima-facie	2195
evidence of the facts found therein.	2196
(C) No person knowingly shall submit false information or	2197
records or fail to submit information or records pertaining to	2198
discharges of sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes or to	2199
sludge management required as a condition of a permit or	2200

knowingly render inaccurate any monitoring device or other	2201
method required to be maintained by the director.	2202
Sec. 6111.30. (A) Applications for a section 401 water	2203
quality certification required under division (P) of section	2204
6111.03 of the Revised Code shall be submitted on forms provided	2205
by the director of environmental protection and shall include	2206
all information required on those forms as well as all of the	2207
following:	2208
(1) A copy of a letter from the United States army corps	2209
of engineers documenting its jurisdiction over the wetlands,	2210
streams, or other waters of the state that are the subject of	2211
the section 401 water quality certification application;	2212
(2) If the project involves impacts to a wetland, a	2213
wetland characterization analysis consistent with the Ohio rapid	2214
assessment method;	2215
(3) If the project involves a stream for which a specific	2216
aquatic life use designation has not been made, data sufficient	2217
to determine the existing aquatic life use;	2218
(4) A specific and detailed mitigation proposal, including	2219
the location and proposed real estate instrument or other	2220
available mechanism for protecting the property long term;	2221
(5) Applicable fees;	2222
(6) Site photographs;	2223
(7) Adequate documentation confirming that the applicant	2224
has requested comments from the department of natural resources	2225
and the United States fish and wildlife service regarding	2226
threatened and endangered species, including the presence or	2227
absence of critical habitat;	2228

(8) Descriptions, schematics, and appropriate economic	2229
information concerning the applicant's preferred alternative,	2230
nondegradation alternatives, and minimum degradation	2231
alternatives for the design and operation of the project;	2232
(9) The applicant's investigation report of the waters of	2233
the United States in support of a section 404 permit application	2234
concerning the project;	2235
(10) A copy of the United States army corps of engineers'	2236
public notice regarding the section 404 permit application	2237
concerning the project.	2238
(B) Not later than fifteen business days after the receipt	2239
of an application for a section 401 water quality certification,	2240
the director shall review the application to determine if it is	2241
complete and shall notify the applicant in writing as to whether	2242
the application is complete. If the director fails to notify the	2243
applicant within fifteen business days regarding the	2244
completeness of the application, the application is considered	2245
complete. If the director determines that the application is not	2246
complete, the director shall include with the written	2247
notification an itemized list of the information or materials	2248
that are necessary to complete the application. If the applicant	2249
fails to provide the information or materials within sixty days	2250
after the director's receipt of the application, the director	2251
may return the incomplete application to the applicant and take	2252
no further action on the application. If the application is	2253
returned to the applicant because it is incomplete, the director	2254
shall return the review fee levied under division (A)(1), (2),	2255
or (3) of section 3745.114 of the Revised Code to the applicant,	2256
but shall retain the application fee levied under that section.	2257

(C) Not later than twenty-one days after a determination

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that an application is complete under division (B) of this	2259
section, the applicant shall publish public notice of the	2260
director's receipt of the complete application in a newspaper of	2261
general circulation in the county in which the project that is	2262
the subject of the application is located. The public notice	2263
shall be in a form acceptable to the director. The applicant	2264
shall promptly provide the director with proof of publication.	2265
The applicant may choose, subject to review by and approval of	2266
the director, to include in the public notice an advertisement	2267
for an antidegradation public hearing on the application	2268
pursuant to section 6111.12 of the Revised Code. There shall be	2269
a public comment period of thirty days following the publication	2270
of the public notice.	2271

- (D) If the director determines that there is significant 2272 public interest in a public hearing as evidenced by the public 2273 comments received concerning the application and by other 2274 requests for a public hearing on the application, the director 2275 or the director's representative shall conduct a public hearing 2276 concerning the application. Notice of the public hearing shall 2277 be published by the applicant, subject to review and approval by 2278 the director, at least thirty days prior to the date of the 2279 hearing in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in 2280 which the project that is the subject of the application is to 2281 take place. If a public hearing is requested concerning an 2282 application, the director shall accept comments concerning the 2283 application until five business days after the public hearing. A 2284 public hearing conducted under this division shall take place 2285 not later than one hundred days after the application is 2286 determined to be complete. 2287
- (E) The director shall forward all public comments 2288 concerning an application submitted under this section that are 2289

received through the public involvement process required by	2290
rules adopted under this chapter to the applicant not later than	2291
five business days after receipt of the comments by the	2292
director.	2293
(F) The applicant shall respond in writing to written	2294
comments or to deficiencies identified by the director during	2295
the course of reviewing the application not later than fifteen	2296
days after receiving or being notified of them.	2297
(G) The director shall issue or deny a section 401 water	2298
quality certification not later than one hundred eighty days	2299
after the complete application for the certification is	2300
received. The director shall provide an applicant for a section	2301
401 water quality certification with an opportunity to review	2302
the certification prior to its issuance. However, when a	2303
certified water quality professional conducts a stream or	2304
wetland assessment to support an application and the application	2305
does not require or necessitate a public hearing, the director	2306
shall issue or deny a section 401 water quality certification	2307
not later than ninety days after the complete application for	2308
the certification is received.	2309
(H) The director shall maintain an accessible database	2310
that includes environmentally beneficial water restoration and	2311
protection projects that may serve as potential mitigation	2312
projects for projects in the state for which a section 401 water	2313
quality certification is required. A project's inclusion in the	2314
database does not constitute an approval of the project.	2315
(I) Mitigation required by a section 401 water quality	2316
certification may be accomplished by any of the following:	2317

(1) Purchasing credits at a mitigation bank approved in

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accordance with 33 C.F.R. 332.8;	2319
(2) Participating in an in-lieu fee mitigation program	2320
approved in accordance with 33 C.F.R. 332.8;	2321
(3) Constructing individual mitigation projects.	2322
Notwithstanding the mitigation hierarchy specified in	2323
section 3745-1-54 of the Administrative Code, mitigation	2324
projects shall be approved in accordance with the hierarchy	2325
specified in 33 C.F.R. 332.3 unless the director determines that	2326
the size or quality of the impacted resource necessitates	2327
reasonably identifiable, available, and practicable mitigation	2328
conducted by the applicant. The director shall adopt rules in	2329
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code consistent with	2330
the mitigation hierarchy specified in 33 C.F.R. 332.3.	2331
(J) The director <u>may shall</u> establish a program and adopt	2332
rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code for	2333
the purpose of certifying water quality professionals to assess	2334
streams to determine existing aquatic life use and to categorize	2335
wetlands in support of applications for section 401 water	2336
quality certification under divisions (A)(2) and (3) of this	2337
section and isolated wetland permits under sections 6111.022 to	2338
6111.024 of the Revised Code. The director shall establish a	2339
multi-sector work group to assist in the development of rules	2340
adopted under this division. The director shall use information	2341
submitted by certified water quality professionals in the review	2342
of those applications.	2343
Rules adopted under this division shall do all of the	2344
following:	2345
(1) Provide for the certification of water quality	2346
professionals to conduct activities in support of applications	2347

for section 401 water quality certification and isolated wetland	2348
permits, including work necessary to determine existing aquatic	2349
life use of streams and categorize wetlands. Rules adopted under	2350
division (J)(1) of this section shall do at least all of the	2351
following:	2352
(a) Authorize the director to require an applicant for	2353
water quality professional certification to submit information	2354
considered necessary by the director to assess a water quality	2355
professional's experience in conducting stream assessments and	2356
wetlands categorizations;	2357
(b) Authorize the director to establish experience	2358
requirements and to use tests to determine the competency of	2359
applicants for water quality professional certification;	2360
(c) Authorize the director to approve applicants for water	2361
quality professional certification who comply with the	2362
requirements established in rules and deny applicants that do	2363
not comply with those requirements;	2364
(d) Require the director to revoke the certification of a	2365
water quality professional if the director finds that the	2366
professional falsified any information on the professional's	2367
application for certification regarding the professional's	2368
credentials;	2369
(e) Require periodic renewal of a water quality	2370
professional's certification and establish continuing education	2371
requirements for purposes of that renewal.	2372
(2) Establish an annual fee to be paid by water quality	2373
professionals certified under rules adopted under division (J)	2374
(1) of this section in an amount calculated to defray the costs	2375
incurred by the environmental protection agency for reviewing	2376

applications for water quality professional certification and	2377
for issuing those certifications;	2378
(3) Authorize the director to suspend or revoke the	2379
certification of a water quality professional if the director	2380
finds that the professional's performance has resulted in	2381
submission of documentation that is inconsistent with standards	2382
established in rules adopted under division (J)(7) of this	2383
section;	2384
(4) Authorize the director to review documentation	2385
submitted by a certified water quality professional to ensure	2386
compliance with requirements established in rules adopted under	2387
division (J)(7) of this section;	2388
(5) Require a certified water quality professional to	2389
submit any documentation developed in support of an application	2390
for a section 401 water quality certification or an isolated	2391
wetland permit upon the request of the director;	2392
(6) Authorize random audits by the director of	2393
documentation developed or submitted by certified water quality	2394
professionals to ensure compliance with requirements established	2395
in rules adopted under division (J)(7) of this section;	2396
(7) Establish technical standards to be used by certified	2397
water quality professionals in conducting stream assessments and	2398
wetlands categorizations;	2399
(8) Authorize the director to require public disclosure,	2400
including publication on the environmental protection agency's	2401
web site, of all of the following information for each certified	2402
<pre>water quality professional:</pre>	2403
(a) Name;	2404

(b) Qualifications and credentials;	2405
(c) Status of the professional's certifications;	2406
(d) Documents and reports submitted by the certified water	2407
<pre>quality professional;</pre>	2408
(e) Documentation and results of agency audits of the	2409
<pre>certified water quality professional's work;</pre>	2410
(f) Any final disciplinary action related to the certified	2411
water quality professional's performance.	2412
(K) Nothing in this section requires an applicant for a	2413
section 401 water quality certification or a permit for impacts	2414
to an isolated wetland under this chapter to use the services of	2415
a certified water quality professional.	2416
(L) As used in this section and section 6111.31 of the	2417
Revised Code, "section 401 water quality certification" means	2418
certification pursuant to section 401 of the Federal Water	2419
Pollution Control Act and this chapter and rules adopted under	2420
it that any discharge, as set forth in section 401, will comply	2421
with sections 301, 302, 303, 306, and 307 of the Federal Water	2422
Pollution Control Act.	2423
Sec. 6111.33. (A) As used in this section and in sections	2424
6111.32 and 6111.34 of the Revised Code, "dredged material"	2425
means material excavated or dredged from a federal navigation	2426
channel during harbor or navigation maintenance activities.	2427
(B) No person shall use, manage, or place dredged material	2428
in any location except in accordance with the following:	2429
(1) Section 6111.32 of the Revised Code;	2430
(2) Rules adopted under section 6111.34 of the Revised	2431

<pre>Code;</pre>	2432
(3) A permit issued under any other section of this	2433
chapter or under rules adopted under any such section; or	2434
(4) Any other authorization issued by the director of	2435
environmental protection.	2436
Sec. 6111.34. (A) The director of environmental	2437
protection, in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code,	2438
may adopt rules governing the beneficial use of dredged material	2439
that are necessary to protect public health, safety, and the	2440
environment.	2441
(B) The director shall ensure that rules adopted under	2442
this section establish both of the following:	2443
(1) Criteria for determining when dredged material does	2444
not constitute either of the following:	2445
(a) Solid wastes;	2446
(b) Other wastes.	2447
(2) Requirements and procedures for the issuance,	2448
modification, suspension, revocation, and denial of an	2449
authorization, authorization by rule, and general and individual	2450
permits for the beneficial use of dredged material.	2451
(C) The director shall ensure that the criteria and	2452
requirements established in rules adopted under this section are	2453
no less stringent than any applicable standard established under	2454
federal environmental laws and regulations adopted under them,	2455
including the "Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of	2456
1972," 86 Stat. 886, 33 U.S.C. 1251; the "Resource Conservation	2457
and Recovery Act of 1976," 90 Stat. 2806, 42 U.S.C. 6921; the	2458
"Toxic Substances Control Act," 90 Stat. 2003 (1976), 15 U.S.C.	2459

2601; the "Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation,	2460
and Liability Act of 1980," 94 Stat. 2779, 42 U.S.C. 9601; and	2461
the "Safe Drinking Water Act," 88 Stat. 1660 (1974), 42 U.S.C.	2462
<u>300f.</u>	2463
(D) As used in this section, "solid wastes" has the same	2464
meaning as in section 3734.01 of the Revised Code.	2465
Section 2. That existing sections 1506.21, 1506.23,	2466
3714.01, 3714.02, 3714.051, 3714.06, 3714.062, 3714.082,	2467
3734.061, 3734.19, 3734.20, 3734.21, 3734.22, 3734.23, 3734.30,	2468
5301.80, 6109.08, 6109.24, 6111.03, 6111.04, 6111.07, and	2469
6111.30 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	2470
Section 3. The five existing members appointed to the Ohio	2471
Lake Erie Commission by the Governor under section 1506.21 of	2472
the Revised Code prior to the effective date of this section	2473
shall begin a three-year term on the effective date of this	2474
section. Thereafter, such members may serve one additional	2475
three-year term as provided in the amendments made to section	2476
1506.21 of the Revised Code by this act.	2477
Section 4. (A) The owner or operator of a processing	2478
facility, as defined in section 3714.01 of the Revised Code,	2479
that is in operation on the effective date of this act shall,	2480
within six months after the effective date of the rules adopted	2481
under section 3714.022 of the Revised Code, submit to the board	2482
of health in the health district in which the processing	2483
facility is located an application for an initial processing	2484
facility license. The owner or operator also shall submit	2485
accompanying plans, specifications, and information regarding	2486
the facility and its method of operation. If the health district	2487
in which such an existing processing facility is located is not	2488
on the approved list under section 3714.09 of the Revised Code,	2489

the owner or operator of the facility shall submit the	2490
application for the initial license and accompanying plans,	2491
specifications, and information regarding the facility and its	2492
method of operation to the Director of Environmental Protection	2493
within that time.	2494
(B) The board or the Director shall issue an initial	2495
processing facility license not later than ninety days after	2496
receiving a complete application, and accompanying plans,	2497
specifications, and information if the board or the director	2498
finds that the processing facility complies with the rules	2499
adopted under section 3714.022 of the Revised Code.	2500
(C) If the board or the director denies an application	2501
submitted under this section, the board or the director shall	2502
include in the order denying the application a statement	2503
containing all of the following requirements:	2504
(1) That the owner or operator of the processing facility	2505
must stop accepting construction and demolition debris for	2506
disposal;	2507
(2) That the owner or operator of the processing facility	2508
must submit a plan for closure of the facility to the board or	2509
the director, as applicable, for approval within six months	2510
after the issuance of the order;	2511
(3) That the owner or operator of the processing facility	2512
must commence closure of the facility within one year after	2513
issuance of the order.	2514
(D) After an initial processing facility license issued	2515
under this section expires, the owner or operator of the	2516
processing facility shall apply for an annual processing	2517
facility license in accordance with section 3714.06 of the	2518

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Revised Code.	2519
Section 5. The terms of the five additional members of the	2520
Ohio Lake Erie Commission who were appointed by the Governor	2521
prior to the effective date of this act under section 1506.21 of	2522
the Revised Code expire on the effective date of this act. The	2523
governor may re-appoint those members in accordance with section	2524

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1506.21 of the Revised Code as amended by this act.