As Introduced

132nd General Assembly

Regular Session 2017-2018

H. B. No. 272

Representatives Householder, Kick

Cosponsors: Representatives Hambley, Riedel, Becker, Roegner, Vitale, Boccieri, Goodman, Retherford, Stein, Brinkman, Kent, Antani, Rezabek, Schaffer, Lipps, Hood, Wiggam, Hill, Greenspan, Romanchuk

A BILL

To amend sections 1533.10, 1533.11, 1533.111,	1
1533.112, 1533.12, 1533.32, and 1533.81 of the	2
Revised Code to allow a landowner's	3
grandchildren of any age to hunt or fish on the	4
landowner's property without obtaining a hunting	5
license, deer permit, wild turkey permit, fur	6
taker permit, fishing license, or waterfowl	7
hunting permit, and to allow certain partially	8
disabled veterans to receive a free license,	9
permit, or wetlands habitat stamp.	10

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 1533.10, 1533.11, 1533.111,	11
1533.112, 1533.12, 1533.32, and 1533.81 of the Revised Code be	12
amended to read as follows:	13
Sec. 1533.10. Except as provided in this section or	14
division (A)(2) of section 1533.12 or section 1533.73 or	15
1533.731 of the Revised Code, no person shall hunt any wild bird	16
or wild quadruped without a hunting license. Each day that any	17

person hunts within the state without procuring such a license 18 constitutes a separate offense. Except as otherwise provided in 19 this section, every applicant for a hunting license who is a 20 resident of the state and eighteen years of age or more shall 21 procure a resident hunting license or an apprentice resident 22 hunting license, the fee for which shall be eighteen dollars 23 unless the rules adopted under division (B) of section 1533.12 24 of the Revised Code provide for issuance of a resident hunting 25 license to the applicant free of charge. Except as provided in 26 rules adopted under division (B)(2) of that section, each 27 applicant who is a resident of this state and who at the time of 28 application is sixty-six years of age or older shall procure a 29 special senior hunting license, the fee for which shall be one-30 half of the regular hunting license fee. Every applicant who is 31 under the age of eighteen years shall procure a special youth 32 hunting license or an apprentice youth hunting license, the fee 33 for which shall be one-half of the regular hunting license fee. 34

A resident of this state who owns lands in the state and 35 the owner's children of any age and grandchildren under eighteen 36 years of any age may hunt on the lands without a hunting 37 license. A resident of any other state who owns real property in 38 this state, and the spouse and , children, and grandchildren 39 living with the property owner, may hunt on that property 40 without a license, provided that the state of residence of the 41 real property owner allows residents of this state owning real 42 property in that state, and the spouse <u>and</u> _ children, <u>and</u> 43 grandchildren living with the property owner, to hunt without a 44 license. If the owner of land in this state is a limited 45 liability company or a limited liability partnership that 46 consists of three or fewer individual members or partners, as 47 applicable, an individual member or partner who is a resident of 48

this state and the member's or partner's children of any age and 49 grandchildren under eighteen years of any age may hunt on the 50 land owned by the limited liability company or limited liability 51 partnership without a hunting license. In addition, if the owner 52 of land in this state is a trust that has a total of three or 53 fewer trustees and beneficiaries, an individual who is a trustee 54 or beneficiary and who is a resident of this state and the 55 individual's children of any age and grandchildren under-56 eighteen years of any age may hunt on the land owned by the 57 trust without a hunting license. The tenant and children and 58 grandchildren of the tenant, residing on lands in the state, may 59 hunt on them without a hunting license. 60

Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1) of section 61 1533.12 of the Revised Code, every applicant for a hunting 62 license who is a nonresident of the state and who is eighteen 63 years of age or older shall procure a nonresident hunting 64 license or an apprentice nonresident hunting license, the fee 65 for which shall be one hundred twenty-four dollars unless the 66 applicant is a resident of a state that is a party to an 67 agreement under section 1533.91 of the Revised Code, in which 68 case the fee shall be eighteen dollars. Apprentice resident 69 hunting licenses, apprentice youth hunting licenses, and 70 apprentice nonresident hunting licenses are subject to the 71 requirements established under section 1533.102 of the Revised 72 Code and rules adopted pursuant to it. 73

The chief of the division of wildlife may issue a small 74 game hunting license expiring three days from the effective date 75 of the license to a nonresident of the state, the fee for which 76 shall be thirty-nine dollars. No person shall take or possess 77 deer, wild turkeys, fur-bearing animals, ducks, geese, brant, or 78 any nongame animal while possessing only a small game hunting 79

license. A small game hunting license or an apprentice 80 nonresident hunting license does not authorize the taking or 81 possessing of ducks, geese, or brant without having obtained, in 82 addition to the small game hunting license or the apprentice 83 nonresident hunting license, a wetlands habitat stamp as 84 provided in section 1533.112 of the Revised Code. A small game 85 hunting license or an apprentice nonresident hunting license 86 does not authorize the taking or possessing of deer, wild 87 turkeys, or fur-bearing animals. A nonresident of the state who 88 wishes to take or possess deer, wild turkeys, or fur-bearing 89 animals in this state shall procure, respectively, a deer or 90 wild turkey permit as provided in section 1533.11 of the Revised 91 Code or a fur taker permit as provided in section 1533.111 of 92 the Revised Code in addition to a nonresident hunting license, 93 an apprentice nonresident hunting license, a special youth 94 hunting license, or an apprentice youth hunting license, as 95 applicable, as provided in this section. 96

No person shall procure or attempt to procure a hunting license by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or any false statement.

This section does not authorize the taking and possessing 100 of deer or wild turkeys without first having obtained, in 101 addition to the hunting license required by this section, a deer 102 or wild turkey permit as provided in section 1533.11 of the 103 Revised Code or the taking and possessing of ducks, geese, or 104 brant without first having obtained, in addition to the hunting 105 license required by this section, a wetlands habitat stamp as 106 provided in section 1533.112 of the Revised Code. 107

This section does not authorize the hunting or trapping of108fur-bearing animals without first having obtained, in addition109

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to a hunting license required by this section, a fur taker 110 permit as provided in section 1533.111 of the Revised Code. 111

No hunting license shall be issued unless it is112accompanied by a written explanation of the law in section1131533.17 of the Revised Code and the penalty for its violation,114including a description of terms of imprisonment and fines that115may be imposed.116

No hunting license, other than an apprentice hunting 117 license, shall be issued unless the applicant presents to the 118 agent authorized to issue the license a previously held hunting 119 license or evidence of having held such a license in content and 120 manner approved by the chief, a certificate of completion issued 121 upon completion of a hunter education and conservation course 122 approved by the chief, or evidence of equivalent training in 123 content and manner approved by the chief. A previously held 124 apprentice hunting license does not satisfy the requirement 125 concerning the presentation of a previously held hunting license 126 or evidence of it. 127

No person shall issue a hunting license, except an 128 apprentice hunting license, to any person who fails to present 129 the evidence required by this section. No person shall purchase 130 or obtain a hunting license, other than an apprentice hunting 131 license, without presenting to the issuing agent the evidence 132 required by this section. Issuance of a hunting license in 133 violation of the requirements of this section is an offense by 134 both the purchaser of the illegally obtained hunting license and 135 the clerk or agent who issued the hunting license. Any hunting 136 license issued in violation of this section is void. 137

The chief, with approval of the wildlife council, shall138adopt rules prescribing a hunter education and conservation139

course for first-time hunting license buyers, other than buyers 140 of apprentice hunting licenses, and for volunteer instructors. 141 The course shall consist of subjects including, but not limited 142 to, hunter safety and health, use of hunting implements, hunting 143 tradition and ethics, the hunter and conservation, the law in 144 section 1533.17 of the Revised Code along with the penalty for 145 its violation, including a description of terms of imprisonment 146 and fines that may be imposed, and other law relating to 147 hunting. Authorized personnel of the division or volunteer 148 instructors approved by the chief shall conduct such courses 149 with such frequency and at such locations throughout the state 150 as to reasonably meet the needs of license applicants. The chief 151 shall issue a certificate of completion to each person who 152 successfully completes the course and passes an examination 153 prescribed by the chief. 154

Sec. 1533.11. (A) Except as provided in this section or 155 section 1533.731 of the Revised Code, no person shall hunt deer 156 on lands of another without first obtaining an annual deer 157 permit. Except as provided in this section, no person shall hunt 158 wild turkeys on lands of another without first obtaining an 159 annual wild turkey permit. Each applicant for a deer or wild 160 turkey permit shall pay an annual fee of twenty-three dollars 161 for each permit unless the except as provided in rules adopted 162 under division (B) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code 163 provide for issuance of a deer or wild turkey permit to the 164 applicant free of charge. Except as provided in rules adopted 165 under division (B)(2) of that section, each applicant who is a 166 resident of this state and who at the time of application is 167 sixty-six years of age or older shall procure a senior deer or 168 wild turkey permit, the fee for which shall be one-half of the 169 regular deer or wild turkey permit fee. Each applicant who is 170

under the age of eighteen years shall procure a youth deer or 171 wild turkey permit, the fee for which shall be one-half of the 172 regular deer or wild turkey permit fee. Except as provided in 173 division (A)(2) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code, a deer 174 or wild turkey permit shall run concurrently with the hunting 175 license. The money received shall be paid into the state 176 treasury to the credit of the wildlife fund, created in section 177 1531.17 of the Revised Code, exclusively for the use of the 178 division of wildlife in the acquisition and development of land 179 for deer or wild turkey management, for investigating deer or 180 wild turkey problems, and for the stocking, management, and 181 protection of deer or wild turkey. Every person, while hunting 182 deer or wild turkey on lands of another, shall carry the 183 person's deer or wild turkey permit and exhibit it to any 184 enforcement officer so requesting. Failure to so carry and 185 exhibit such a permit constitutes an offense under this section. 186 The chief of the division of wildlife shall adopt any additional 187 rules the chief considers necessary to carry out this section 188 and section 1533.10 of the Revised Code. 189

An owner who is a resident of this state or an owner who 190 is exempt from obtaining a hunting license under section 1533.10 191 of the Revised Code and the children and grandchildren of the 192 owner of lands in this state may hunt deer or wild turkey 193 thereon without a deer or wild turkey permit. If the owner of 194 land in this state is a limited liability company or a limited 195 liability partnership that consists of three or fewer individual 196 members or partners, as applicable, an individual member or 197 partner who is a resident of this state and the member's or 198 partner's children of any age and grandchildren of any age may 199 hunt deer or wild turkey on the land owned by the limited 200 liability company or limited liability partnership without a 201

deer or wild turkey permit. In addition, if the owner of land in 202 this state is a trust that has a total of three or fewer 203 trustees and beneficiaries, an individual who is a trustee or 204 beneficiary and who is a resident of this state and the 205 individual's children of any age and grandchildren of any age 206 may hunt deer or wild turkey on the land owned by the trust 207 208 without a deer or wild turkey permit. The tenant and children and grandchildren of the tenant may hunt deer or wild turkey on 209 lands where they reside without a deer or wild turkey permit. 210

(B) A deer or wild turkey permit is not transferable. No person shall carry a deer or wild turkey permit issued in the name of another person.

(C) The wildlife refunds fund is hereby created in the
state treasury. The fund shall consist of money received from
application fees for deer permits that are not issued. Money in
the fund shall be used to make refunds of such application fees.
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(D) If the division establishes a system for the
electronic submission of information regarding deer or wild
turkey that are taken, the division shall allow the owner and
the children of the owner of lands in this state to use the
owner's name or address for purposes of submitting that
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information electronically via that system.

Sec. 1533.111. Except as provided in this section or 224 division (A)(2) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code, no 225 person shall hunt or trap fur-bearing animals on land of another 226 without first obtaining some type of an annual fur taker permit. 227 Each applicant for a fur taker permit or an apprentice fur taker 228 permit shall pay an annual fee of fourteen dollars for the 229 permit, except as otherwise provided in this section or unless 230 the_in_rules adopted under division (B) of section 1533.12 of 231

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the Revised Code provide for issuance of a fur taker permit to 232 the applicant free of charge. Except as provided in rules 233 adopted under division (B)(2) of that section, each applicant 234 who is a resident of this state and who at the time of 235 application is sixty-six years of age or older shall procure a 236 special senior fur taker permit, the fee for which shall be one-237 half of the regular fur taker permit fee. Each applicant under 238 the age of eighteen years shall procure a special youth fur 239 taker permit or an apprentice youth fur taker permit, the fee 240 for which shall be one-half of the regular fur taker permit fee. 241 Each type of fur taker permit shall run concurrently with the 242 hunting license. The money received shall be paid into the state 243 treasury to the credit of the fund established in section 244 1533.15 of the Revised Code. Apprentice fur taker permits and 245 apprentice youth fur taker permits are subject to the 246 requirements established under section 1533.102 of the Revised 247 Code and rules adopted pursuant to it. 248

No fur taker permit shall be issued unless it is accompanied by a written explanation of the law in section 1533.17 of the Revised Code and the penalty for its violation, including a description of terms of imprisonment and fines that may be imposed.

No fur taker permit, other than an apprentice fur taker 254 permit or an apprentice youth fur taker permit, shall be issued 255 unless the applicant presents to the agent authorized to issue a 256 fur taker permit a previously held hunting license or trapping 257 or fur taker permit or evidence of having held such a license or 258 permit in content and manner approved by the chief of the 259 division of wildlife, a certificate of completion issued upon 260 completion of a trapper education course approved by the chief, 261 or evidence of equivalent training in content and manner 262

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approved by the chief. A previously held apprentice hunting263license, apprentice fur taker permit, or apprentice youth fur264taker permit does not satisfy the requirement concerning the265presentation of a previously held hunting license or fur taker266permit or evidence of such a license or permit.267

No person shall issue a fur taker permit, other than an 268 apprentice fur taker permit or an apprentice youth fur taker 269 permit, to any person who fails to present the evidence required 270 by this section. No person shall purchase or obtain a fur taker 271 272 permit, other than an apprentice fur taker permit or an 273 apprentice youth fur taker permit, without presenting to the issuing agent the evidence required by this section. Issuance of 274 a fur taker permit in violation of the requirements of this 275 section is an offense by both the purchaser of the illegally 276 obtained permit and the clerk or agent who issued the permit. 277 Any fur taker permit issued in violation of this section is 278 void. 279

The chief, with approval of the wildlife council, shall 280 adopt rules prescribing a trapper education course for first-281 time fur taker permit buyers, other than buyers of apprentice 2.82 fur taker permits or apprentice youth fur taker permits, and for 283 volunteer instructors. The course shall consist of subjects that 284 include, but are not limited to, trapping techniques, animal 285 habits and identification, trapping tradition and ethics, the 286 trapper and conservation, the law in section 1533.17 of the 287 Revised Code along with the penalty for its violation, including 288 a description of terms of imprisonment and fines that may be 289 imposed, and other law relating to trapping. Authorized 290 personnel of the division of wildlife or volunteer instructors 291 approved by the chief shall conduct the courses with such 292 frequency and at such locations throughout the state as to 293

reasonably meet the needs of permit applicants. The chief shall 294 issue a certificate of completion to each person who 295 successfully completes the course and passes an examination 296 prescribed by the chief. 297

Every person, while hunting or trapping fur-bearing298animals on lands of another, shall carry the person's fur taker299permit with the person's signature written on the permit.300Failure to carry such a signed permit constitutes an offense301under this section. The chief shall adopt any additional rules302the chief considers necessary to carry out this section.303

An owner who is a resident of this state or an owner who 304 is exempt from obtaining a hunting license under section 1533.10 305 of the Revised Code and the children and grandchildren of the 306 owner of lands in this state may hunt or trap fur-bearing 307 animals thereon without a fur taker permit. If the owner of land 308 in this state is a limited liability company or a limited 309 liability partnership that consists of three or fewer individual 310 members or partners, as applicable, an individual member or 311 partner who is a resident of this state and the member's or 312 partner's children of any age <u>and grandchildren of any age may</u> 313 314 hunt or trap fur-bearing animals on the land owned by the limited liability company or limited liability partnership 315 without a fur taker permit. In addition, if the owner of land in 316 this state is a trust that has a total of three or fewer 317 trustees and beneficiaries, an individual who is a trustee or 318 beneficiary and who is a resident of this state and the 319 individual's children of any age and grandchildren of any age 320 may hunt or trap fur-bearing animals on the land owned by the 321 trust without a fur taker permit. The tenant and children_and_ 322 grandchildren of the tenant may hunt or trap fur-bearing animals 323 on lands where they reside without a fur taker permit. 324

A fur taker permit is not transferable. No person shall325carry a fur taker permit issued in the name of another person.326

A fur taker permit entitles a nonresident to take from327this state fur-bearing animals taken and possessed by the328nonresident as provided by law or division rule.329

Sec. 1533.112. Except as provided in this section or 330 unless otherwise provided by division rule, no person shall hunt 331 ducks, geese, or brant on the lands of another without first 332 obtaining an annual wetlands habitat stamp. The annual fee for 333 the wetlands habitat stamp shall be fourteen dollars for each 334 stamp unless the except as provided in rules adopted under 335 division (B) of section 1533.12 provide for issuance of a 336 wetlands habitat stamp to the applicant free of charge of the 337 Revised Code. 338

Moneys received from the stamp fee shall be paid into the state treasury to the credit of the wetlands habitat fund, which is hereby established. Moneys shall be paid from the fund on the order of the director of natural resources for the following purposes:

(A) Sixty per cent for projects that the division approvesfor the acquisition, development, management, or preservation ofwaterfowl areas within the state;

(B) Forty per cent for contribution by the division to an
appropriate nonprofit organization for the acquisition,
development, management, or preservation of lands and waters
within the United States or Canada that provide or will provide
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habitat for waterfowl with migration routes that cross this
state.

No moneys derived from the issuance of wetlands habitat 353

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stamps shall be spent for purposes other than those specified by this section. All investment earnings of the fund shall be 355 credited to the fund.

Wetlands habitat stamps shall be furnished by and in a 357 form prescribed by the chief of the division of wildlife and 358 issued by clerks and other agents authorized to issue licenses 359 and permits under section 1533.13 of the Revised Code. The 360 record of stamps kept by the clerks and other agents shall be 361 uniform throughout the state, in such form or manner as the 362 363 director prescribes, and open at all reasonable hours to the inspection of any person. Unless otherwise provided by rule, 364 each stamp shall remain in force until midnight of the thirty-365 first day of August next ensuing. Wetlands habitat stamps may be 366 issued in any manner to any person on any date, whether or not 367 that date is within the period in which they are effective. 368

Every person to whom this section applies, while hunting 369 ducks, geese, or brant, shall carry an unexpired wetlands 370 habitat stamp that is validated by the person's signature 371 written on the stamp in ink and shall exhibit the stamp to any 372 enforcement officer so requesting. No person shall fail to carry 373 374 and exhibit the person's stamp.

A wetlands habitat stamp is not transferable.

The chief shall establish a procedure to obtain subject 376 matter to be printed on the wetlands habitat stamp and shall 377 use, dispose of, or distribute the subject matter as the chief 378 considers necessary. The chief also shall adopt rules necessary 379 to administer this section. 380

This section does not apply to persons under sixteen years 381 of age nor to persons exempted from procuring a hunting license 382

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under section 1533.10 or division (A)(2) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 1533.12. (A) (1) Except as otherwise provided in 385 division (A)(2) of this section, every person on active duty in 386 the armed forces of the United States who is stationed in this 387 state and who wishes to engage in an activity for which a 388 license, permit, or stamp is required under this chapter first 389 shall obtain the requisite license, permit, or stamp. Such a 390 person is eligible to obtain a resident hunting or fishing 391 license regardless of whether the person qualifies as a resident 392 of this state. To obtain a resident hunting or fishing license, 393 the person shall present a card or other evidence identifying 394 the person as being on active duty in the armed forces of the 395 United States and as being stationed in this state. 396

(2) Every person on active duty in the armed forces of the 397 United States, while on leave or furlough, may take or catch 398 fish of the kind lawfully permitted to be taken or caught within 399 the state, may hunt any wild bird or wild quadruped lawfully 400 permitted to be hunted within the state, and may trap fur-401 bearing animals lawfully permitted to be trapped within the 402 403 state, without procuring a fishing license, a hunting license, a fur taker permit, or a wetlands habitat stamp required by this 404 chapter, provided that the person shall carry on the person when 405 fishing, hunting, or trapping, a card or other evidence 406 identifying the person as being on active duty in the armed 407 forces of the United States, and provided that the person is not 408 otherwise violating any of the hunting, fishing, and trapping 409 laws of this state. 410

In order to hunt deer or wild turkey, any such person 411 shall obtain a deer or wild turkey permit, as applicable, under 412

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section 1533.11 of the Revised Code. However, the person need 413 not obtain a hunting license in order to obtain such a permit. 414

(B) The chief of the division of wildlife shall provide by rule adopted under section 1531.10 of the Revised Code all of the following:

(1) Every resident of this state with a disability that 418 has been determined by the veterans administration to be 419 permanently and totally disabling, who receives a pension or 420 compensation from the veterans administration, and who received 421 an honorable discharge from the armed forces of the United 422 States, and; every veteran to whom the registrar of motor 423 vehicles has issued a set of license plates under section 424 4503.41 of the Revised Code_{τ}; and a partially disabled veteran 425 shall be issued a fishing license, hunting license, fur taker 426 permit, deer or wild turkey permit, or wetlands habitat stamp, 427 or any combination of those licenses, permits, and stamp, free 428 of charge on an annual, multi-year, or lifetime basis as 429 determined appropriate by the chief when application is made to 430 the chief in the manner prescribed by and on forms provided by 431 the chief. 4.32

As used in division (B)(1) of this section, "partially 433 disabled veteran" means a resident of this state who is a 434 veteran of the armed forces of the United States, including 435 reserve components thereof, or of the national guard, who has 436 been discharged or released from active duty in the armed forces 437 under honorable conditions, and who has received a schedule 438 rating of fifty per cent or more for compensation based on 439 individual unemployability for a service-connected disability or 440 combination of service-connected disabilities as prescribed in 441 Title 38, Part 4 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended. 442

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(2) Every resident of the state who was born on or before
December 31, 1937, shall be issued an annual fishing license,
hunting license, fur taker permit, deer or wild turkey permit,
or wetlands habitat stamp, or any combination of those licenses,
permits, and stamp, free of charge when application is made to
the chief in the manner prescribed by and on forms provided by
the chief.

(3) Every resident of state or county institutions,
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charitable institutions, and military homes in this state shall
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be issued an annual fishing license free of charge when
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application is made to the chief in the manner prescribed by and
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(4) Any mobility impaired or blind person, as defined in 455 section 955.011 of the Revised Code, who is a resident of this 456 state and who is unable to engage in fishing without the 457 assistance of another person shall be issued an annual fishing 458 license free of charge when application is made to the chief in 459 the manner prescribed by and on forms provided by the chief. The 460 person who is assisting the mobility impaired or blind person 461 may assist in taking or catching fish of the kind permitted to 462 be taken or caught without procuring the license required under 463 section 1533.32 of the Revised Code, provided that only one line 464 is used by both persons. 465

(5) As used in division (B)(5) of this section, "prisoner of war" means any regularly appointed, enrolled, enlisted, or inducted member of the military forces of the United States who was captured, separated, and incarcerated by an enemy of the United States.

Any person who has been a prisoner of war, was honorably 471 discharged from the military forces, and is a resident of this 472

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state shall be issued a fishing license, hunting license, fur473taker permit, or wetlands habitat stamp, or any combination of474those licenses, permits, and stamp, free of charge on an annual,475multi-year, or lifetime basis as determined appropriate by the476chief when application is made to the chief in the manner477prescribed by and on forms provided by the chief.478

(C) The chief shall adopt rules pursuant to section 479 1531.08 of the Revised Code designating not more than two days, 480 which need not be consecutive, in each year as "free sport 481 482 fishing days" on which any resident may exercise the privileges accorded the holder of a fishing license issued under section 483 1533.32 of the Revised Code without procuring such a license, 484 provided that the person is not otherwise violating any of the 485 fishing laws of this state. 486

Sec. 1533.32. Except as provided in this section or 487 division (A)(2) or (C) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code, 488 no person, including nonresidents, shall take or catch any fish 489 by angling in any of the waters in the state or engage in 490 fishing in those waters without a license. No person shall take 491 or catch frogs or turtles without a valid fishing license, 492 493 except as provided in this section. Persons fishing in privately owned ponds, lakes, or reservoirs to or from which fish are not 494 accustomed to migrate are exempt from the license requirements 495 set forth in this section. Persons fishing in privately owned 496 ponds, lakes, or reservoirs that are open to public fishing 497 through an agreement or lease with the division of wildlife 498 shall comply with the license requirements set forth in this 499 section. 500

The fee for an annual license shall be thirty-nine dollars501for a resident of a state that is not a party to an agreement502

under section 1533.91 of the Revised Code. The fee for an annual 503 license shall be eighteen dollars for a resident of a state that 504 is a party to such an agreement. The fee for an annual license 505 for residents of this state shall be eighteen dollars unless the-506 except as provided in rules adopted under division (B) of 507 section 1533.12 of the Revised Code provide for issuance of a 508 resident fishing license to the applicant free of charge. Except 509 as provided in rules adopted under division (B)(2) of that 510 section, each applicant who is a resident of this state and who 511 at the time of application is sixty-six years of age or older 512 shall procure a special senior fishing license, the fee for 513 which shall be one-half of the annual resident fishing license 514 fee. 515

Any person under the age of sixteen years may take or 516 catch frogs and turtles and take or catch fish by angling 517 without a license. 518

The chief of the division of wildlife may issue a 519 tourist's license expiring three days from the effective date of 520 the license to a resident of a state that is not a party to an 521 agreement under section 1533.91 of the Revised Code. The fee for 522 a tourist's license shall be eighteen dollars. 523

The chief shall adopt rules under section 1531.10 of the 524 Revised Code providing for the issuance of a one-day fishing 525 license to a resident of this state or of any other state. The 526 fee for such a license shall be fifty-five per cent of the 527 amount established under this section for a tourist's license, 528 rounded up to the nearest whole dollar. A one-day fishing 529 license shall allow the holder to take or catch fish by angling 530 in the waters in the state, engage in fishing in those waters, 5.31 or take or catch frogs or turtles in those waters for one day 532

without obtaining an annual license or a tourist's license under 533 this section. At the request of a holder of a one-day fishing 534 license who wishes to obtain an annual license, a clerk or agent 535 authorized to issue licenses under section 1533.13 of the 536 Revised Code, not later than the last day on which the one-day 537 license would be valid if it were an annual license, shall 538 credit the amount of the fee paid for the one-day license toward 539 the fee charged for the annual license if so authorized by the 540 chief. The clerk or agent shall issue the annual license upon 541 presentation of the one-day license and payment of a fee in an 542 amount equal to the difference between the fee for the annual 543 license and the fee for the one-day license. 544 Unless otherwise provided by division rule, each annual 545 license shall begin on the first day of March of the current 546 year and expire on the last day of February of the following 547 year. 548 No person shall alter a fishing license or possess a 549 fishing license that has been altered. 550 No person shall procure or attempt to procure a fishing 551 license by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or any false 552 553 statement. A resident of this state who owns land over, through, 554 upon, or along which any water flows or stands, except where the 555 land is in or borders on state parks or state-owned lakes, 556 together with the members of the immediate families of such 557 owners, including grandchildren of any age of the owner, may 558 take frogs and turtles and may take or catch fish of the kind 559 permitted to be taken or caught therefrom without procuring a 560 license provided for in this section. This exemption extends to 561 tenants actually residing upon such lands and to the members of 562

the immediate families of the tenants, including grandchildren 563 of any age of the tenants. A resident of any other state who 564 owns land in this state over, through, upon, or along which any 565 water flows or stands, except where the land is in or borders on 566 state parks or state-owned lakes, and the spouse-and, children, 567 and grandchildren living with the owner, may take frogs and 568 turtles and may take or catch fish of the kind permitted to be 569 taken or caught from that water without obtaining a license 570 under this section, provided that the state of residence of the 571 owner allows residents of this state owning real property in 572 that state, and the spouse and , children, and grandchildren 573 living with such a property owner, to take frogs and turtles and 574 take or catch fish without a license. If the owner of such land 575 in this state is a limited liability company or a limited 576 liability partnership that consists of three or fewer individual 577 members or partners, as applicable, an individual member or 578 partner who is a resident of this state and the member's or 579 partner's children of any age and grandchildren of any age may 580 take frogs and turtles and may take or catch fish of the kind 581 permitted to be taken or caught therefrom without procuring a 582 license provided for in this section. In addition, if the owner 583 of such land in this state is a trust that has a total of three 584 or fewer trustees and beneficiaries, an individual who is a 585 trustee or beneficiary and who is a resident of this state and 586 the individual's children of any age and grandchildren of any 587 age may take frogs and turtles and may take or catch fish of the 588 kind permitted to be taken or caught therefrom without procuring 589 a license provided for in this section. Residents of state or 590 county institutions, charitable institutions, and military homes 591 in this state may take frogs and turtles without procuring the 592 required license, provided that a member of the institution or 593 home has an identification card, which shall be carried on that 594

person when fishing.

Every fisher required to be licensed, while fishing or596taking or attempting to take frogs or turtles, shall carry the597license and exhibit it to any person. Failure to so carry and598exhibit the license constitutes an offense under this section.599

Sec. 1533.81. Every person who owns, holds, or controls 600 land or water, within a state or federal waterfowl management 601 area, shall obtain annually a permit from the chief of the 602 division of wildlife prior to permitting the hunting or taking 603 of waterfowl on that land or water. The annual permit entitles 604 the permittee to possess or control blinds, pits, or similar 605 legal devices of concealment on the lands and waters described 606 in the application for a permit. This permit shall be designated 607 as a "waterfowl hunting area permit" and shall be displayed 608 openly at the address of the area indicated on the application 609 for a permit. All such permits shall expire each year at 610 midnight on the first day of February. 611

Qualifications and fees for the permit shall be prescribed612and set by the chief of the division of wildlife, with the613approval of the director of the department of natural resources,614in accordance with Chapters 119. and 1531. of the Revised Code.615The holders of such permits shall operate in conformity with616Chapter 1531. of the Revised Code or under such additional rules617as the chief of the division of wildlife may prescribe.618

No person shall engage in the hunting of waterfowl on an619area of land or water for which a waterfowl hunting area permit620has been issued by the division of wildlife without the621permission of the person designated on the permit as the owner622or the person in control of the area.623

The landowner and the children and grandchildren of the624owner and persons residing on lands and waters within a625waterfowl management area shall not be required to secure the626permit required by this section while the landowner and his the627landowner's children and grandchildren are hunting on lands he628the landowner owns and the other persons are hunting on lands on629which they reside.630

The holder of this permit shall daily record the name of 631 each hunter and the number and kinds of waterfowl taken on the 632 area on forms provided by the division. The records shall be 633 available for inspection by an employee of the division at all 634 reasonable times and shall be forwarded to the division within 635 one week after the close of each waterfowl season or at more 636 frequent times as may be requested by the chief. Falsifying or 637 failure to submit accurate reports constitutes grounds for the 638 chief to deny future permits. 639

 Section 2. That existing sections 1533.10, 1533.11,
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 1533.111, 1533.112, 1533.12, 1533.32, and 1533.81 of the Revised
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 Code are hereby repealed.
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