## As Introduced

**132nd General Assembly** 

Regular Session 2017-2018 H. B. No. 303

**Representatives Lipps, Kelly** 

Cosponsors: Representatives Ingram, LaTourette, Smith, K., Dean, Brenner, Lepore-Hagan, Kent, Boggs, Sweeney, Miller, Schaffer, Holmes, Carfagna, Fedor, Dever

# A BILL

То	amend sections 955.011, 955.99, 4112.01,	1
	4112.04, 4112.05, and 4112.99, to enact section	2
	4112.025, and to repeal section 955.43 of the	3
	Revised Code to prohibit places of public	4
	accommodation from preventing the use of a	5
	service animal.	6

# BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

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number, shall be issued upon registration of such a dog. Any 18 certificate and tag stamped "Ohio Guide Dog-Permanent 19 Registration" or "Ohio Hearing Dog-Permanent Registration," with 20 registration number, that was issued for a dog in accordance 21 with this section as it existed prior to July 4, 1984, any 22 certificate and tag stamped "Ohio Handicapped Assistance Dog-23 Permanent Registration," with registration number, that was 24 issued for a dog in accordance with this section as it existed 2.5 on and after July 5, 1984, but prior to November 26, 2004, and 26 any certificate and tag stamped "Ohio Service Dog-Permanent 27 Registration," with registration number, that was issued for a 28 dog in accordance with this section as it existed on and after 29 November 26, 2004, but prior to June 30, 2006, shall remain in 30 effect as valid proof of the registration of the dog on and 31 after November 26, 2004. Duplicate certificates and tags for a 32 dog registered in accordance with this section, upon proper 33 proof of loss, shall be issued and no fee required. Each 34 duplicate certificate and tag that is issued shall be stamped 35 "Ohio Assistance Dog-Permanent Registration." 36 (B) As used in this section and in sections section 955.16 37 and 955.43 of the Revised Code: 38 (1) "Mobility impaired person" means any person, 39 regardless of age, who is subject to a physiological defect or 40 deficiency regardless of its cause, nature, or extent that 41 renders the person unable to move about without the aid of 42 crutches, a wheelchair, or any other form of support, or that 43 limits the person's functional ability to ambulate, climb, 44 descend, sit, rise, or perform any related function. "Mobility 45 impaired person" includes a person with a neurological or 46 psychological disability that limits the person's functional 47 ability to ambulate, climb, descend, sit, rise, or perform any 48

related function. "Mobility impaired person" also includes a	49
person with a seizure disorder and a person who is diagnosed	50
with autism.	51
(2) "Blind" means either of the following:	52
(a) Vision twenty/two hundred or less in the better eye	53
with proper correction;	54
(b) Field defect in the better eye with proper correction	55
that contracts the peripheral field so that the diameter of the	56
visual field subtends an angle no greater than twenty degrees.	57
(3) "Assistance dog" means a guide dog, hearing dog, or	58
service dog that has been trained by a nonprofit special agency.	59
(4) "Guide dog" means a dog that has been trained or is in	60
training to assist a blind person.	61
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(5) "Hearing dog" means a dog that has been trained or is	62
in training to assist a deaf or hearing-impaired person.	63
(6) "Service dog" means a dog that has been trained or is	64
in training to assist a mobility impaired person.	65
Sec. 955.99. (A)(1) Whoever violates division (E) of	66
section 955.11 of the Revised Code because of a failure to	67
comply with division (B) of that section is guilty of a minor	68
misdemeanor.	69
(2) Whoever violates division (E) of section 955.11 of the	70
Revised Code because of a failure to comply with division (C) or	71

Revised Code because of a failure to comply with division (C) or 71 (D) of that section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor on a first 72 offense and of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree on each 73 subsequent offense. 74

(B) Whoever violates section 955.10, 955.23, 955.24, or

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955.25 of the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	76
(C) Whoever violates section 955.261, 955.39, or 955.50 of	77
the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor on a first	78
offense and of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree on each	79
subsequent offense.	80
(D) Whoever violates division (F) of section 955.16 <del>or</del>	81
division (B) of section 955.43 of the Revised Code is guilty of	82
a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	83
(E)(1) Whoever violates section 955.21 of the Revised	84
Code, violates division (B) of section 955.22 of the Revised	85
Code, or commits a violation of division (C) of section 955.22	86
of the Revised Code that involves a dog that is not a nuisance	87
dog, dangerous dog, or vicious dog shall be fined not less than	88
twenty-five dollars or more than one hundred dollars on a first	89
offense, and on each subsequent offense shall be fined not less	90
than seventy-five dollars or more than two hundred fifty dollars	91
and may be imprisoned for not more than thirty days.	92
(2) In addition to the penalties prescribed in division	93
(E)(1) of this section, if the offender is guilty of a violation	94
of division (B) of section 955.22 of the Revised Code or a	95
violation of division (C) of section 955.22 of the Revised Code	96
that involves a dog that is not a nuisance dog, dangerous dog,	97
or vicious dog, the court may order the offender to personally	98
supervise the dog that the offender owns, keeps, or harbors, to	99
cause that dog to complete dog obedience training, or to do	100
both.	101

(F) (1) Whoever commits a violation of division (C) of
section 955.22 of the Revised Code that involves a nuisance dog
is guilty of a minor misdemeanor on the first offense and of a

misdemeanor of the fourth degree on each subsequent offense105involving the same dog. Upon a person being convicted of or106pleading guilty to a third violation of division (C) of section107955.22 of the Revised Code involving the same dog, the court108shall require the offender to register the involved dog as a109dangerous dog.110

(2) In addition to the penalties prescribed in division
(11) (F) (1) of this section, if a violation of division (C) of
section 955.22 of the Revised Code involves a nuisance dog, the
court may order the offender to personally supervise the
nuisance dog that the offender owns, keeps, or harbors, to cause
that dog to complete dog obedience training, or to do both.

(G) Whoever commits a violation of division (C) of section 117 955.22 of the Revised Code that involves a dangerous dog or a 118 violation of division (D) of that section is quilty of a 119 misdemeanor of the fourth degree on a first offense and of a 120 misdemeanor of the third degree on each subsequent offense. 121 Additionally, the court may order the offender to personally 122 supervise the dangerous dog that the offender owns, keeps, or 123 harbors, to cause that dog to complete dog obedience training, 124 or to do both, and the court may order the offender to obtain 125 liability insurance pursuant to division (E) of section 955.22 126 of the Revised Code. The court, in the alternative, may order 127 the dangerous dog to be humanely destroyed by a licensed 128 veterinarian, the county dog warden, or the county humane 129 society at the owner's expense. With respect to a violation of 130 division (C) of section 955.22 of the Revised Code that involves 131 a dangerous dog, until the court makes a final determination and 132 during the pendency of any appeal of a violation of that 133 division and at the discretion of the dog warden, the dog shall 134 be confined or restrained in accordance with division (D) of 135

section 955.22 of the Revised Code or at the county dog pound at the owner's expense. (H)(1) Whoever commits a violation of division (C) of

section 955.22 of the Revised Code that involves a vicious dog 139 is guilty of one of the following: 140

(a) A felony of the fourth degree if the dog kills a
person. Additionally, the court shall order that the vicious dog
be humanely destroyed by a licensed veterinarian, the county dog
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warden, or the county humane society at the owner's expense.

(b) A misdemeanor of the first degree if the dog causes
serious injury to a person. Additionally, the court may order
the vicious dog to be humanely destroyed by a licensed
veterinarian, the county dog warden, or the county humane
society at the owner's expense.

(2) If the court does not order the vicious dog to be 150 destroyed under division (H)(1)(b) of this section, the court 151 shall issue an order that specifies that division (D) of section 152 955.11 and divisions (D) to (I) of section 955.22 of the Revised 153 Code apply with respect to the dog and the owner, keeper, or 154 harborer of the dog as if the dog were a dangerous dog and that 155 section 955.54 of the Revised Code applies with respect to the 156 dog as if it were a dangerous dog. As part of the order, the 157 court shall order the offender to obtain the liability insurance 158 required under division (E)(1) of section 955.22 of the Revised 159 Code in an amount, exclusive of interest and costs, that equals 160 or exceeds one hundred thousand dollars. Until the court makes a 161 final determination and during the pendency of any appeal of a 162 violation of division (C) of section 955.22 of the Revised Code 163 and at the discretion of the dog warden, the dog shall be 164 confined or restrained in accordance with the provisions 165

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described in division (D) of section 955.22 of the Revised Code 166 or at the county dog pound at the owner's expense. 167 (I) Whoever violates division (A)(2) of section 955.01 of 168 the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. 169 (J) Whoever violates division (E)(2) of section 955.22 of 170 the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth 171 degree. 172 (K) Whoever violates division (C) of section 955.221 of 173 the Revised Code is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. Each day of 174 continued violation constitutes a separate offense. Fines levied 175 and collected for violations of that division shall be 176 distributed by the mayor or clerk of the municipal or county 177 court in accordance with section 733.40, division (F) of section 178 1901.31, or division (C) of section 1907.20 of the Revised Code 179 to the treasury of the county, township, or municipal 180 corporation whose resolution or ordinance was violated. 181 (L) Whoever violates division (F)(1), (2), or (3) of 182 section 955.22 of the Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the 183 fourth degree. Additionally, the court shall order that the dog 184 185 involved in the violation be humanely destroyed by a licensed veterinarian, the county dog warden, or the county humane 186 society. Until the court makes a final determination and during 187 the pendency of any appeal of a violation of division (F)(1), 188 (2), or (3) of section 955.22 of the Revised Code and at the 189 discretion of the dog warden, the dog shall be confined or 190 restrained in accordance with the provisions of division (D) of 191 section 955.22 of the Revised Code or at the county dog pound at 192

(M) Whoever violates division (E)(1), (3), or (4) of

the owner's expense.

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section 955.22 of the Revised Code is guilty of a minor 195 misdemeanor. 196 (N) Whoever violates division (I) (4) of section 955.22 of 197 the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. 198 (O) Whoever violates division (A) or (B) of section 955.54 199 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first 200 201 degree. 202 (P)(1) If a dog is confined at the county dog pound pursuant to division (G), (H), or (L) of this section, the 203 county dog warden shall give written notice of the confinement 204 to the owner of the dog. If the county dog warden is unable to 205 give the notice to the owner of the dog, the county dog warden 206 shall post the notice on the door of the residence of the owner 207 of the dog or in another conspicuous place on the premises at 208 which the dog was seized. The notice shall include a statement 209 that a security in the amount of one hundred dollars is due to 210 the county dog warden within ten days to secure payment of all 211 reasonable expenses, including medical care and boarding of the 212 dog for sixty days, expected to be incurred by the county dog 213 pound in caring for the dog pending the determination. The 214 county dog warden may draw from the security any actual costs 215

(2) If the person ordered to post security under division
(P) (1) of this section does not do so within ten days of the
confinement of the animal, the dog is forfeited, and the county
dog warden may determine the disposition of the dog unless the
court issues an order that specifies otherwise.

incurred in caring for the dog.

(3) Not more than ten days after the court makes a finaldetermination under division (G), (H), or (L) of this section,223

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the county dog warden shall provide the owner of the dog with 224 the actual cost of the confinement of the dog. If the county dog 225 warden finds that the security provided under division (P)(1) of 226 this section is less than the actual cost of confinement of the 227 dog, the owner shall remit the difference between the security 228 provided and the actual cost to the county dog warden within 229 thirty days after the court's determination. If the county dog 230 warden finds that the security provided under division (P)(1) of 231 this section is greater than that actual cost, the county dog 232 warden shall remit the difference between the security provided 233 and the actual cost to the owner within thirty days after the 234 court's determination. 235

(Q) As used in this section, "nuisance dog," "dangerous dog," and "vicious dog" have the same meanings as in section 955.11 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4112.01. (A) As used in this chapter:

(1) "Person" includes one or more individuals, 240 partnerships, associations, organizations, corporations, legal 241 242 representatives, trustees, trustees in bankruptcy, receivers, and other organized groups of persons. "Person" also includes, 243 but is not limited to, any owner, lessor, assignor, builder, 244 manager, broker, salesperson, appraiser, agent, employee, 245 lending institution, and the state and all political 246 subdivisions, authorities, agencies, boards, and commissions of 247 the state. 248

(2) "Employer" includes the state, any political
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subdivision of the state, any person employing four or more
persons within the state, and any person acting directly or
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indirectly in the interest of an employer.
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employer but does not include any individual employed in the	254
domestic service of any person.	255
(4) "Labor organization" includes any organization that	256
exists, in whole or in part, for the purpose of collective	257
bargaining or of dealing with employers concerning grievances,	258
terms or conditions of employment, or other mutual aid or	259
protection in relation to employment.	260
(5) "Employment agency" includes any person regularly	261
undertaking, with or without compensation, to procure	262
opportunities to work or to procure, recruit, refer, or place	263
employees.	264
(6) "Commission" means the Ohio civil rights commission	265
created by section 4112.03 of the Revised Code.	266
(7) "Discriminate" includes segregate or separate.	267
(8) "Unlawful discriminatory practice" means any act	268
prohibited by section 4112.02, 4112.021, <del>or </del> 4112.022 <u>, or</u>	269
4112.025 of the Revised Code.	270
(9) "Place of public accommodation" means any inn,	271
restaurant, eating house, barbershop, public conveyance by air,	272
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(3) "Employee" means an individual employed by any

land, or water, theater, store, other place for the sale of 273
merchandise, or any other place of public accommodation or 274
amusement of which the accommodations, advantages, facilities, 275
or privileges are available to the public. 276

(10) "Housing accommodations" includes any building or 277 structure, or portion of a building or structure, that is used 278 or occupied or is intended, arranged, or designed to be used or 279 occupied as the home residence, dwelling, dwelling unit, or 280 sleeping place of one or more individuals, groups, or families 281

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whether or not living independently of each other; and any 282
vacant land offered for sale or lease. "Housing accommodations" 283
also includes any housing accommodations held or offered for 284
sale or rent by a real estate broker, salesperson, or agent, by 285
any other person pursuant to authorization of the owner, by the 286
owner, or by the owner's legal representative. 287

(11) "Restrictive covenant" means any specification 288 limiting the transfer, rental, lease, or other use of any 289 housing accommodations because of race, color, religion, sex, 290 291 military status, familial status, national origin, disability, 292 or ancestry, or any limitation based upon affiliation with or approval by any person, directly or indirectly, employing race, 293 color, religion, sex, military status, familial status, national 294 origin, disability, or ancestry as a condition of affiliation or 295 296 approval.

(12) "Burial lot" means any lot for the burial of deceased persons within any public burial ground or cemetery, including, but not limited to, cemeteries owned and operated by municipal corporations, townships, or companies or associations incorporated for cemetery purposes.

(13) "Disability" means a physical or mental impairment 302 that substantially limits one or more major life activities, 303 including the functions of caring for one's self, performing 304 manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, 305 learning, and working; a record of a physical or mental 306 impairment; or being regarded as having a physical or mental 307 impairment. 308

(14) Except as otherwise provided in section 4112.021 of 309the Revised Code, "age" means at least forty years old. 310

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of the following:

(a) One or more individuals who are under eighteen years 312 of age and who are domiciled with a parent or guardian having 313 legal custody of the individual or domiciled, with the written 314 permission of the parent or guardian having legal custody, with 315 a designee of the parent or guardian; 316 (b) Any person who is pregnant or in the process of 317 securing legal custody of any individual who is under eighteen 318 years of age. 319 (16) (a) Except as provided in division (A) (16) (b) of this 320 section, "physical or mental impairment" includes any of the 321 following: 322 (i) Any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic 323 disfigurement, or anatomical loss affecting one or more of the 324 following body systems: neurological; musculoskeletal; special 325 sense organs; respiratory, including speech organs; 326 cardiovascular; reproductive; digestive; genito-urinary; hemic 327 and lymphatic; skin; and endocrine; 328 (ii) Any mental or psychological disorder, including, but 329 not limited to, intellectual disability, organic brain syndrome, 330 emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disabilities; 331 (iii) Diseases and conditions, including, but not limited 332 to, orthopedic, visual, speech, and hearing impairments, 333 cerebral palsy, autism, epilepsy, muscular dystrophy, multiple 334 sclerosis, cancer, heart disease, diabetes, human 335 immunodeficiency virus infection, intellectual disability, 336 emotional illness, drug addiction, and alcoholism. 337 (b) "Physical or mental impairment" does not include any 338

(15) "Familial status" means either of the following:

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(i) Homosexuality and bisexuality;	340
(ii) Transvestism, transsexualism, pedophilia,	341
exhibitionism, voyeurism, gender identity disorders not	342
resulting from physical impairments, or other sexual behavior	343
disorders;	344
(iii) Compulsive gambling, kleptomania, or pyromania;	345
(iv) Psychoactive substance use disorders resulting from	346
the current illegal use of a controlled substance or the current	347
use of alcoholic beverages.	348
(17) "Dwelling unit" means a single unit of residence for	349
a family of one or more persons.	350
(18) "Common use areas" means rooms, spaces, or elements	351
inside or outside a building that are made available for the use	352
of residents of the building or their guests, and includes, but	353
is not limited to, hallways, lounges, lobbies, laundry rooms,	354
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refuse rooms, mail rooms, recreational areas, and passageways	
among and between buildings.	356
(19) "Public use areas" means interior or exterior rooms	357
or spaces of a privately or publicly owned building that are	358
made available to the general public.	359
(20) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in	360
section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	361

(21) "Disabled tenant" means a tenant or prospectivetenant who is a person with a disability.363

(22) "Military status" means a person's status in "service 364in the uniformed services" as defined in section 5923.05 of the 365Revised Code. 366

(23) "Aggrieved person" includes both of the following: 367 (a) Any person who claims to have been injured by any 368 unlawful discriminatory practice described in division (H) of 369 section 4112.02 of the Revised Code; 370 (b) Any person who believes that the person will be 371 injured by, any unlawful discriminatory practice described in 372 division (H) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code that is 373 about to occur. 374 (24) "Service animal" means any dog that is individually 375 trained for the benefit of an individual with a disability to do 376 work or perform tasks that are directly related to the 377 individual's disability. "Service animal" does not include any 378 species of animal other than a dog, whether wild or domestic, 379 trained or untrained. 380 (B) For the purposes of divisions (A) to (F) of section 381 4112.02 of the Revised Code, the terms "because of sex" and "on 382 the basis of sex" include, but are not limited to, because of or 383 on the basis of pregnancy, any illness arising out of and 384 occurring during the course of a pregnancy, childbirth, or 385 386 related medical conditions. Women affected by pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions shall be treated the 387 same for all employment-related purposes, including receipt of 388 benefits under fringe benefit programs, as other persons not so 389 affected but similar in their ability or inability to work, and 390 nothing in division (B) of section 4111.17 of the Revised Code 391 shall be interpreted to permit otherwise. This division shall 392 not be construed to require an employer to pay for health 393 insurance benefits for abortion, except where the life of the 394 mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term or 395 except where medical complications have arisen from the 396

abortion, provided that nothing in this division precludes an 397 employer from providing abortion benefits or otherwise affects 398 bargaining agreements in regard to abortion. 399 Sec. 4112.025. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of 400 this section, no place of public accommodation shall prohibit 401 the use of a service animal by an individual with a disability. 402 403 (B) A place of public accommodation may ask an individual with a disability to remove a service animal from the premises 404 if either of the following applies: 405 (1) The animal is out of control and the individual or the 406 animal's handler does not take effective action to control it; 407 408 or (2) The animal is not housebroken. 409 (C) If a place of public accommodation properly excludes a 410 service animal under division (B) of this section, the place of 411 public accommodation shall give the individual with a disability 412 the opportunity to participate in the services, programs, or 413 activities offered by the place of public accommodation without 414 having the service animal on the premises. 415 (D) An individual with a disability or a handler shall 416 keep a service animal under control. The individual or handler 417 shall use a harness, leash, or other tether for the service 418 animal, unless either of the following apply: 419 (1) The individual or handler is unable to use a harness, 420 leash, or other tether because of the individual's disability; 421 422 <u>or</u> (2) The use of a harness, leash, or other tether would 423 interfere with the service animal's safe, effective performance 424

425 of work or tasks. If either division (D)(1) or (2) of this section apply, 426 the individual or handler shall otherwise keep the service 427 animal under control. A place of public accommodation is not 428 responsible for the care or supervision of a service animal. 429 (E) No place of public accommodation shall ask about the 4.30 nature or extent of a person's disability, but may ask both of 431 the following questions to determine if an animal qualifies as a 432 433 service animal: (1) Is the animal required because of a disability? 434 (2) What work or task has the animal been trained to 435 perform? 436 No place of public accommodation shall require 437 documentation, such as proof that the animal has been certified, 438 trained, or licensed as a service animal. No place of public 439 accommodation shall ask the questions set forth in divisions (E) 440 (1) and (2) of this section when it is readily apparent that an 441 animal is trained to do work or perform tasks for an individual 442 443 with a disability. 444 (F) A service animal may accompany an individual with a disability in all areas of a place of public accommodation's 445 facilities where members of the public, participants in 446 services, programs or activities, or invitees, as relevant, are 447 allowed to go. 448 (G) No place of public accommodation shall ask or require 449 an individual with a disability to pay a surcharge, even if 450 people accompanied by pets are required to pay fees, or to 451 comply with other requirements generally not applicable to 452

people without pets. If a place of public accommodation normally 453

charges individuals for the damage they cause, the place of	454
public accommodation may charge an individual with a disability	455
for damage caused by the individual's service animal.	456
(II) An individual with a disability who has a convict	457
(H) An individual with a disability who has a service	-
animal is entitled to keep the service animal on the premises	458
purchased, leased, rented, assigned, or subleased by the	459
individual. The individual is not required to pay any extra	460
charge for the service animal, but is liable for damage done by	461
the service animal to the premises.	462
(I) No person shall falsely claim that an animal is a	463
service animal in order for the animal to gain access to a place	464
of public accommodation.	465
(T) (1) The second mublic accommodation shall make	466
(J)(1) A place of public accommodation shall make	
reasonable modifications in policies, practices, or procedures	467
to permit the use of a miniature horse by an individual with a	468
disability if the miniature horse has been trained to do work or	469
perform tasks for the benefit of the individual with a	470
<u>disability.</u>	471
(2) In determining whether reasonable modifications in	472
policies, practices, or procedures can be made to allow a	473
miniature horse into a specific facility, a place of public	474
accommodation shall consider all of the following:	475
(a) The type, size, and weight of the miniature horse and	476
whether the facility can accommodate these features;	477
(b) Whether the handler has sufficient control of the	478
<u>miniature horse;</u>	479
(c) Whether the miniature horse is housebroken; and	480
(d) Whether the miniature horse's presence in a specific	481

facility compromises legitimate safety requirements that are	482
necessary for safe operation.	483
(K) Divisions (A) through (H) of this section apply to	484
miniature horses that have been trained to do work or perform	485
tasks for the benefit of an individual with a disability.	486
Sec. 4112.04. (A) The commission shall do all of the	487
following:	488
(1) Establish and maintain a principal office in the city	489
of Columbus and any other offices within the state that it	490
considers necessary;	491
(2) Appoint an executive director who shall serve at the	492
pleasure of the commission and be its principal administrative	493
officer. The executive director shall be paid a salary fixed	494
pursuant to Chapter 124. of the Revised Code.	495
(3) Appoint hearing examiners and other employees and	496
agents who it considers necessary and prescribe their duties	497
subject to Chapter 124. of the Revised Code;	498
(4) Adopt, promulgate, amend, and rescind rules to	499
effectuate the provisions of this chapter and the policies and	500
practice of the commission in connection with this chapter $ au_{}$	501
However, the commission shall not adopt or enforce rules	502
governing the use of a service animal or other assistance animal	503
at a place of public accommodation. The commission may enforce	504
the requirements of section 4112.025 of the Revised Code in	505
accordance with this chapter.	506
(5) Formulate policies to effectuate the purposes of this	507
chapter and make recommendations to agencies and officers of the	508

state or political subdivisions to effectuate the policies;

(6) Receive, investigate, and pass upon written charges 510 made under oath of unlawful discriminatory practices; 511 (7) Make periodic surveys of the existence and effect of 512 discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex, military 513 status, familial status, national origin, disability, age, or 514 ancestry on the enjoyment of civil rights by persons within the 515 state; 516 (8) Report, from time to time, but not less than once a 517 year, to the general assembly and the governor, describing in 518 detail the investigations, proceedings, and hearings it has 519 conducted and their outcome, the decisions it has rendered, and 520 the other work performed by it, which report shall include a 521 copy of any surveys prepared pursuant to division (A) (7) of this 522

525 (9) Prepare a comprehensive educational program, in cooperation with the department of education, for the students 526 of the public schools of this state and for all other residents 527 of this state that is designed to eliminate prejudice on the 528 basis of race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial 529 status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry in this 530 state, to further good will among those groups, and to emphasize 531 the origin of prejudice against those groups, its harmful 532 effects, and its incompatibility with American principles of 533 equality and fair play; 534

section and shall include the recommendations of the commission

as to legislative or other remedial action;

(10) Receive progress reports from agencies,
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instrumentalities, institutions, boards, commissions, and other
entities of this state or any of its political subdivisions and
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their agencies, instrumentalities, institutions, boards,
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commissions, and other entities regarding affirmative action
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programs for the employment of persons against whom 540 discrimination is prohibited by this chapter, or regarding any 541 affirmative housing accommodations programs developed to 542 eliminate or reduce an imbalance of race, color, religion, sex, 543 military status, familial status, national origin, disability, 544 or ancestry. All agencies, instrumentalities, institutions, 545 boards, commissions, and other entities of this state or its 546 political subdivisions, and all political subdivisions, that 547 have undertaken affirmative action programs pursuant to a 548 conciliation agreement with the commission, an executive order 549 of the governor, any federal statute or rule, or an executive 550 order of the president of the United States shall file progress 551 reports with the commission annually on or before the first day 552 of November. The commission shall analyze and evaluate the 553 progress reports and report its findings annually to the general 554 assembly on or before the thirtieth day of January of the year 555 immediately following the receipt of the reports. 556 (B) The commission may do any of the following: 557 (1) Meet and function at any place within the state; 558 (2) Initiate and undertake on its own motion 559 investigations of problems of employment or housing 560 accommodations discrimination; 561 (3) Hold hearings, subpoena witnesses, compel their 562 attendance, administer oaths, take the testimony of any person 563 under oath, require the production for examination of any books 564 and papers relating to any matter under investigation or in 565

question before the commission, and make rules as to the issuance of subpoenas by individual commissioners. 567

(a) In conducting a hearing or investigation, the 568

commission shall have access at all reasonable times to 569 premises, records, documents, individuals, and other evidence or 570 possible sources of evidence and may examine, record, and copy 571 the premises, records, documents, and other evidence or possible 572 sources of evidence and take and record the testimony or 573 statements of the individuals as reasonably necessary for the 574 furtherance of the hearing or investigation. In investigations, 575 the commission shall comply with the fourth amendment to the 576 United States Constitution relating to unreasonable searches and 577 seizures. The commission or a member of the commission may issue 578 subpoenas to compel access to or the production of premises, 579 records, documents, and other evidence or possible sources of 580 evidence or the appearance of individuals, and may issue 581 interrogatories to a respondent, to the same extent and subject 582 to the same limitations as would apply if the subpoenas or 583 interrogatories were issued or served in aid of a civil action 584 in a court of common pleas. 585

(b) Upon written application by a party to a hearing under
(b) Upon written application by a party to a hearing under
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division (B) of section 4112.05 of the Revised Code, the
commission shall issue subpoenas in its name to the same extent
and subject to the same limitations as subpoenas issued by the
commission. Subpoenas issued at the request of a party shall
show on their face the name and address of the party and shall
state that they were issued at the party's request.

(c) Witnesses summoned by subpoena of the commission are
 entitled to the witness and mileage fees provided for under
 section 119.094 of the Revised Code.

(d) Within five days after service of a subpoena upon any
person, the person may petition the commission to revoke or
modify the subpoena. The commission shall grant the petition if
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it finds that the subpoena requires an appearance or attendance599at an unreasonable time or place, that it requires production of600evidence that does not relate to any matter before the601commission, that it does not describe with sufficient602particularity the evidence to be produced, that compliance would603be unduly onerous, or for other good reason.604

(e) In case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena,
the commission or person at whose request it was issued may
petition for its enforcement in the court of common pleas in the
county in which the person to whom the subpoena was addressed
for transacts business.

(4) Create local or statewide advisory agencies and
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conciliation councils to aid in effectuating the purposes of
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this chapter. The commission may itself, or it may empower these
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agencies and councils to, do either or both of the following:
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(a) Study the problems of discrimination in all or
specific fields of human relationships when based on race,
color, religion, sex, military status, familial status, national
origin, disability, age, or ancestry;

(b) Foster through community effort, or otherwise, goodwill among the groups and elements of the population of thestate.

The agencies and councils may make recommendations to the621commission for the development of policies and procedures in622general. They shall be composed of representative citizens who623shall serve without pay, except that reimbursement for actual624and necessary traveling expenses shall be made to citizens who625serve on a statewide agency or council.626

(5) Issue any publications and the results of 627

investigations and research that in its judgment will tend to
promote good will and minimize or eliminate discrimination
because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial
status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry.

Sec. 4112.05. (A) (1) The commission, as provided in this632section, shall prevent any person from engaging in unlawful633discriminatory practices.634

(2) The commission may at any time attempt to resolve
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allegations of unlawful discriminatory practices by the use of
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alternative dispute resolution, provided that, before
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instituting the formal hearing authorized by division (B) of
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this section, it shall attempt, by informal methods of
conference, conciliation, and persuasion, to induce compliance
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with this chapter.

(B) (1) Any person may file a charge with the commission 642 alleging that another person has engaged or is engaging in an 643 unlawful discriminatory practice. In the case of a charge 644 alleging an unlawful discriminatory practice described in 645 division (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F), (G), (I), or (J) of 646 section 4112.02 or in section 4112.021 or , 4112.022, or 647 4112.025 of the Revised Code, the charge shall be in writing and 648 under oath and shall be filed with the commission within six 649 months after the alleged unlawful discriminatory practice was 650 committed. In the case of a charge alleging an unlawful 651 discriminatory practice described in division (H) of section 652 4112.02 of the Revised Code, the charge shall be in writing and 653 under oath and shall be filed with the commission within one 654 year after the alleged unlawful discriminatory practice was 655 committed. 656

(a) An oath under this chapter may be made in any form of

affirmation the person deems binding on the person's conscience.658Acceptable forms include, but are not limited to, declarations659made under penalty of perjury.660

(b) Any charge timely received, via facsimile, postal
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mail, electronic mail, or otherwise, may be signed under oath
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after the limitations period for filing set forth under division
(B) (1) of this section and will relate back to the original
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filing date.

666 (2) Upon receiving a charge, the commission may initiate a preliminary investigation to determine whether it is probable 667 that an unlawful discriminatory practice has been or is being 668 engaged in. The commission also may conduct, upon its own 669 initiative and independent of the filing of any charges, a 670 preliminary investigation relating to any of the unlawful 671 discriminatory practices described in division (A), (B), (C), 672 (D), (E), (F), (I), or (J) of section 4112.02 or in section 673 4112.021 or , 4112.022, or 4112.025 of the Revised Code. Prior 674 to a notification of a complainant under division (B)(4) of this 675 section or prior to the commencement of informal methods of 676 conference, conciliation, and persuasion, or alternative dispute 677 resolution, under that division, the members of the commission 678 and the officers and employees of the commission shall not make 679 public in any manner and shall retain as confidential all 680 information that was obtained as a result of or that otherwise 681 pertains to a preliminary investigation other than one described 682 in division (B)(3) of this section. 683

(3) (a) Unless it is impracticable to do so and subject to
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its authority under division (B) (3) (d) of this section, the
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commission shall complete a preliminary investigation of a
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charge filed pursuant to division (B) (1) of this section that
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alleges an unlawful discriminatory practice described in688division (H) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code, and shall689take one of the following actions, within one hundred days after690the filing of the charge:691

 (i) Notify the complainant and the respondent that it is not probable that an unlawful discriminatory practice described in division (H) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code has been or is being engaged in and that the commission will not issue a complaint in the matter;

(ii) Initiate a complaint and schedule it for informal
methods of conference, conciliation, and persuasion, or
alternative dispute resolution;
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(iii) Initiate a complaint and refer it to the attorney 700 general with a recommendation to seek a temporary or permanent 701 injunction or a temporary restraining order. If this action is 702 taken, the attorney general shall apply, as expeditiously as 703 possible after receipt of the complaint, to the court of common 704 pleas of the county in which the unlawful discriminatory 705 practice allegedly occurred for the appropriate injunction or 706 707 order, and the court shall hear and determine the application as expeditiously as possible. 708

(b) If it is not practicable to comply with the
requirements of division (B) (3) (a) of this section within the
one-hundred-day period described in that division, the
commission shall notify the complainant and the respondent in
writing of the reasons for the noncompliance.

(c) Prior to the issuance of a complaint under division
(B) (3) (a) (ii) or (iii) of this section or prior to a
notification of the complainant and the respondent under
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division (B)(3)(a)(i) of this section, the members of the 717 commission and the officers and employees of the commission 718 shall not make public in any manner and shall retain as 719 confidential all information that was obtained as a result of or 720 that otherwise pertains to a preliminary investigation of a 721 charge filed pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section that 722 723 alleges an unlawful discriminatory practice described in division (H) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code. 724

(d) Notwithstanding the types of action described in 725 726 divisions (B)(3)(a)(ii) and (iii) of this section, prior to the issuance of a complaint or the referral of a complaint to the 727 attorney general and prior to endeavoring to eliminate an 728 729 unlawful discriminatory practice described in division (H) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code by informal methods of 730 conference, conciliation, and persuasion, or by alternative 731 dispute resolution, the commission may seek a temporary or 732 permanent injunction or a temporary restraining order in the 733 court of common pleas of the county in which the unlawful 734 discriminatory practice allegedly occurred. 735

736 (4) If the commission determines after a preliminary investigation other than one described in division (B)(3) of 737 this section that it is not probable that an unlawful 738 discriminatory practice has been or is being engaged in, it 739 shall notify any complainant under division (B)(1) of this 740 section that it has so determined and that it will not issue a 741 complaint in the matter. If the commission determines after a 742 preliminary investigation other than the one described in 743 division (B)(3) of this section that it is probable that an 744 unlawful discriminatory practice has been or is being engaged 745 in, it shall endeavor to eliminate the practice by informal 746 methods of conference, conciliation, and persuasion, or by 747

alternative dispute resolution.

(5) Nothing said or done during informal methods of 749 conference, conciliation, and persuasion, or during alternative 750 dispute resolution, under this section shall be disclosed by any 751 member of the commission or its staff or be used as evidence in 752 any subsequent hearing or other proceeding. If, after a 753 preliminary investigation and the use of informal methods of 754 conference, conciliation, and persuasion, or alternative dispute 755 resolution, under this section, the commission is satisfied that 756 any unlawful discriminatory practice will be eliminated, it may 757 treat the charge involved as being conciliated and enter that 758 disposition on the records of the commission. If the commission 759 fails to effect the elimination of an unlawful discriminatory 760 practice by informal methods of conference, conciliation, and 761 persuasion, or by alternative dispute resolution under this 762 section and to obtain voluntary compliance with this chapter, 763 the commission shall issue and cause to be served upon any 764 person, including the respondent against whom a complainant has 765 filed a charge pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section, a 766 complaint stating the charges involved and containing a notice 767 of an opportunity for a hearing before the commission, a member 768 of the commission, or a hearing examiner at a place that is 769 stated in the notice and that is located within the county in 770 which the alleged unlawful discriminatory practice has occurred 771 or is occurring or in which the respondent resides or transacts 772 business. The hearing shall be held not less than thirty days 773 after the service of the complaint upon the complainant, the 774 aggrieved persons other than the complainant on whose behalf the 775 complaint is issued, and the respondent, unless the complainant, 776 an aggrieved person, or the respondent elects to proceed under 777 division (A)(2) of section 4112.051 of the Revised Code when 778

Page 27

that division is applicable. If a complaint pertains to an 779 alleged unlawful discriminatory practice described in division 780 (H) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code, the complaint shall 781 notify the complainant, an aggrieved person, and the respondent 782 of the right of the complainant, an aggrieved person, or the 783 respondent to elect to proceed with the administrative hearing 784 process under this section or to proceed under division (A) (2) 785 of section 4112.051 of the Revised Code. 786

(6) The attorney general shall represent the commission at
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any hearing held pursuant to division (B) (5) of this section and
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shall present the evidence in support of the complaint.
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(7) Any complaint issued pursuant to division (B) (5) of
(7) Any complaint issued pursuant to division (B) (5) of
(7) This section after the filing of a charge under division (B) (1)
(7) This section shall be so issued within one year after the
(7) Complainant filed the charge with respect to an alleged unlawful
(7) The section of the secti

(C) (1) Any complaint issued pursuant to division (B) of
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this section may be amended by the commission, a member of the
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commission, or the hearing examiner conducting a hearing under
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division (B) of this section.

(a) Except as provided in division (C) (1) (b) of this
section, a complaint issued pursuant to division (B) of this
section may be amended at any time prior to or during the
hearing.

(b) If a complaint issued pursuant to division (B) of this
section alleges an unlawful discriminatory practice described in
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division (H) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code, the
complaint may be amended at any time up to seven days prior to
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the hearing and not thereafter.

(2) The respondent has the right to file an answer or an
amended answer to the original and amended complaints and to
appear at the hearing in person, by attorney, or otherwise to
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examine and cross-examine witnesses.

(D) The complainant shall be a party to a hearing under 812 division (B) of this section, and any person who is an 813 indispensable party to a complete determination or settlement of 814 a question involved in the hearing shall be joined. Any 815 aggrieved person who has or claims an interest in the subject of 816 the hearing and in obtaining or preventing relief against the 817 unlawful discriminatory practices complained of shall be 818 permitted to appear only for the presentation of oral or written 819 arguments, to present evidence, perform direct and cross-820 examination, and be represented by counsel. The commission shall 821 adopt rules, in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code 822 governing the authority granted under this division. 823

(E) In any hearing under division (B) of this section, the 824 commission, a member of the commission, or the hearing examiner 825 shall not be bound by the Rules of Evidence but, in ascertaining 826 the practices followed by the respondent, shall take into 827 account all reliable, probative, and substantial statistical or 828 other evidence produced at the hearing that may tend to prove 829 the existence of a predetermined pattern of employment or 830 membership, provided that nothing contained in this section 831 shall be construed to authorize or require any person to observe 832 the proportion that persons of any race, color, religion, sex, 833 military status, familial status, national origin, disability, 834 age, or ancestry bear to the total population or in accordance 835 with any criterion other than the individual qualifications of 836 837 the applicant.

(F) The testimony taken at a hearing under division (B) of
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this section shall be under oath and shall be reduced to writing
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and filed with the commission. Thereafter, in its discretion,
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the commission, upon the service of a notice upon the
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complainant and the respondent that indicates an opportunity to
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be present, may take further testimony or hear argument.

(G)(1)(a) If, upon all reliable, probative, and 844 substantial evidence presented at a hearing under division (B) 845 of this section, the commission determines that the respondent 846 has engaged in, or is engaging in, any unlawful discriminatory 847 practice, whether against the complainant or others, the 848 commission shall state its findings of fact and conclusions of 849 law and shall issue and, subject to the provisions of Chapter 850 119. of the Revised Code, cause to be served on the respondent 851 an order requiring the respondent to do all of the following: 852

(1)(i) Cease and desist from the unlawful discriminatory practice;

(ii) Take any further affirmative or other action that
will effectuate the purposes of this chapter, including, but not
limited to, hiring, reinstatement, or upgrading of employees
with or without back pay, or admission or restoration to union
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membership;

(iii) Report to the commission the manner of compliance. 860

If the commission directs payment of back pay, it shall861make allowance for interim earnings.862

(b) If the commission finds a violation of division (H) of
section 4112.02 of the Revised Code, in addition to the action
described in division (G) (1) (a) of this section, the commission
additionally may require the respondent to undergo
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recommendation remediation in the form of a class, seminar, or867any other type of remediation approved by the commission, may868require the responded respondent to pay actual damages and869reasonable attorney's fees, and may, to vindicate the public870interest, assess a civil penalty against the respondent as871follows:872

(i) If division (G) (1) (b) (ii) or (iii) of this section
does not apply, a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed ten
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thousand dollars;
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(ii) If division (G)(1)(b)(iii) of this section does not 876 apply and if the respondent has been determined by a final order 877 of the commission or by a final judgment of a court to have 878 committed one violation of division (H) of section 4112.02 of 879 the Revised Code during the five-year period immediately 880 preceding the date on which a complaint was issued pursuant to 881 division (B) of this section, a civil penalty in an amount not 882 to exceed twenty-five thousand dollars; 883

(iii) If the respondent has been determined by a final 884 order of the commission or by a final judgment of a court to 885 have committed two or more violations of division (H) of section 886 4112.02 of the Revised Code during the seven-year period 887 immediately preceding the date on which a complaint was issued 888 pursuant to division (B) of this section, a civil penalty 889 damages in an amount not to exceed fifty thousand dollars. 890

(2) Upon the submission of reports of compliance, the
commission may issue a declaratory order stating that the
respondent has ceased to engage in particular unlawful
discriminatory practices.

(H) If the commission finds that no probable cause exists

for crediting charges of unlawful discriminatory practices or 896 if, upon all the evidence presented at a hearing under division 897 (B) of this section on a charge, the commission finds that a 898 respondent has not engaged in any unlawful discriminatory 899 practice against the complainant or others, it shall state its 900 findings of fact and shall issue and cause to be served on the 901 complainant an order dismissing the complaint as to the 902 respondent. A copy of the order shall be delivered in all cases 903 to the attorney general and any other public officers whom the 904 commission considers proper. 905

If, upon all the evidence presented at a hearing under 906 division (B) of this section on a charge, the commission finds 907 that a respondent has not engaged in any unlawful discriminatory 908 practice against the complainant or others, it may award to the 909 respondent reasonable attorney's fees to the extent provided in 910 5 U.S.C. 504 and accompanying regulations. 911

(I) Until the time period for appeal set forth in division
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(H) of section 4112.06 of the Revised Code expires, the
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commission, subject to the provisions of Chapter 119. of the
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Revised Code, at any time, upon reasonable notice, and in the
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manner it considers proper, may modify or set aside, in whole or
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in part, any finding or order made by it under this section.
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Sec. 4112.99. Wheever (A) Except as provided in division (B) or (C) of this section, wheever violates this chapter is subject to a civil action for damages, injunctive relief, or any other appropriate relief.

(B) Whoever violates division (A) of section 4112.025 of922the Revised Code is guilty of a second degree misdemeanor. The923offense established under this division is a strict liability924offense and section 2901.20 of the Revised Code does not apply.925

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The designation of this offense as a strict liability offense	926
shall not be construed to imply that any other offense, for	927
which there is no specified degree of culpability, is not a	928
strict liability offense.	929
(C) Whoever negligently violates division (I) of section	930
4112.025 of the Revised Code is guilty of a second degree	931
misdemeanor.	932
Section 2. That existing sections 955.011, 955.99, 4112.01	933
, 4112.04, 4112.05, and 4112.99 and section 955.43 of the	934
Revised Code are hereby repealed.	935
Section 3. It is the intent of the General Assembly, by	936
amending sections 4112.01 and 4112.04 of the Revised Code and	937
enacting section 4112.025 of the Revised Code under this act, to	938
supersede the rules adopted by the Ohio Civil Rights Commission	939
governing "animal assistants" in Chapter 4112-5 of the Ohio	940
Administrative Code.	941
Section 4. Section 4112.04 of the Revised Code is	942
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	943
by both Am. Sub. H.B. 525 of the 127th General Assembly and Am.	944
Sub. H.B. 1 of the 128th General Assembly. The General Assembly,	945
applying the principle stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of	946
the Revised Code that amendments are to be harmonized if	947
reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds that the	948
composite is the resulting version of the section in effect	949
prior to the effective date of the section as presented in this	950
act.	951