As Passed by the House

132nd General Assembly

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H. B. No. 411

Representatives Seitz, Sykes

Cosponsors: Representatives Galonski, Miller, Strahorn, Boggs, Celebrezze, Smith, K., Kent, Craig, West, Holmes, Barnes, Blessing, Boyd, Brinkman, Brown, Dever, Fedor, Howse, Kelly, Lepore-Hagan, Ramos, Rezabek, Sheehy, Young

A BILL

To amend section	us 2305.02 and	1 2743.48 of the	1
Revised Code	to modify the	e state's wrongful	2
imprisonment	law.		3

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2305.02 and 2743.48 of the	4
Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	5
Sec. 2305.02. The A court of common pleas in the county-	6
where the underlying criminal action was initiated determined as	7
specified in division (B)(1) of section 2743.48 of the Revised	8
Code has exclusive, original jurisdiction to hear and determine	9
a civil an action or proceeding that is commenced by an	10
individual who seeks a determination by that court that the	11
individual satisfies divisions (A)(1) to (5) of section 2743.48	12
of the Revised Code and that seeks a determination by the court	13
that an error in procedure of the type described in division (A)	14
(5) of that section occurred, that the offense of which the	15
individual was found guilty, including all lesser included	16
offenses, was not committed by the individual, or that no	17

offense was committed by any person. If that the court enters	18
the requested determination, it shall comply with division (B)	19
of that section.	20
Sec. 2743.48. (A) As used in this section and section	21
2743.49 of the Revised Code, a "wrongfully imprisoned	22
individual" means an individual who satisfies each of the	23
following:	24
(1) The individual was charged with a violation of a	25
section of the Revised Code by an indictment or information, and	26
the violation charged was an aggravated felony—or, felony, or	27
misdemeanor.	28
(2) The individual was found guilty of, but did not plead	29
guilty to, the particular charge or a lesser-included offense by	30
the court or jury involved, and the offense of which the	31
individual was found guilty was an aggravated felony—or, felony,	32
<u>or misdemeanor</u> .	33
(3) The individual was sentenced to an indefinite or	34
definite term of imprisonment in a state correctional	35
institution for the offense of which the individual was found	36
guilty.	37
(4) The individual's conviction was vacated, dismissed, or	38
reversed on appeal, the prosecuting attorney in the case cannot	39
or will not seek any further appeal of right or upon leave of	40
court, and no all of the following apply:	41
<u>(a) No</u> criminal proceeding is pending, can be brought, or	42
will be brought by any prosecuting attorney, city director of	43
law, village solicitor, or other chief legal officer of a	44
municipal corporation against the individual for any act	45
associated with that conviction.	46

(b) The prosecuting attorney in the case, within one year	47
after the date of the vacating, dismissal, or reversal, has not	48
sought any further appeal of right or upon leave of court,	49
provided that this division does not limit or affect the seeking	50
of any such appeal after the expiration of that one-year period	51
as described in division (C)(3) of this section.	52
(c) The prosecuting attorney, city director of law,	53
village solicitor, or other chief legal officer of a municipal	54
corporation, within one year after the date of the vacating,	55
dismissal, or reversal, has not brought a criminal proceeding	56
against the individual for any act associated with that	57
conviction, provided that this division does not limit or affect	58
the bringing of any such proceeding after the expiration of that	59
one-year period as described in division (C)(3) of this section.	60
(5) Subsequent to sentencing and <u>or</u> during or subsequent	61
to imprisonment, an error in procedure was discovered that	62
occurred prior to, during, or after sentencing, that involved a	63
violation of the Brady Rule which violated the individual's	64
rights to a fair trial under the Ohio Constitution or the United	65
States Constitution, and that resulted in the individual's	66
release, or it was determined by $\frac{1}{1}$ the <u>a</u> court of common pleas in-	67
the county where the underlying criminal action was initiated	68
either that the charged offense of which the individual was	69
found guilty, including all lesser-included offenses, either was	70
not committed by the individual or <u>that no offense was not</u>	71
committed by any person. In addition to any other application of	72
the provisions of this division regarding an error in procedure	73
that occurred prior to, during, or after sentencing, as those	74
provisions exist on and after the effective date of this	75
amendment, if an individual had a claim dismissed, has a claim	76
pending, or did not file a claim because the state of the law in	77

effect prior to the effective date of this amendment barred the	78
claim or made the claim appear to be futile, those provisions	79
apply with respect to the individual and the claim and, on or	80
after that effective date, the individual may file a claim and	81
obtain the benefit of those provisions.	82
(B)(1) A person <u>who is a resident of this state may</u> file a	83
civil action to be declared a wrongfully imprisoned individual	84
in the court of common pleas in either the county where the	85
underlying criminal action was initiated or the county in which	86
the person resides. A person who is not a resident of this state	87
may file a civil action to be declared a wrongfully imprisoned	88
individual in the court of common pleas in the county where the	89
underlying criminal action was initiated. That civil action	90
shall be separate from the underlying finding of guilt-by the-	91
court of common pleas. Upon the filing of a civil action to be	92
determined a wrongfully imprisoned individual, the attorney	93
general shall be served with a copy of the complaint and shall	94
be heard.	95
(2) When the <u>a</u> court of common pleas in the county where	96
the underlying criminal action was initiated as specified in	97
division (B)(1) of this section determines in a separate civil	98
action that a person is a wrongfully imprisoned individual, the	99
court shall provide the person with a copy of this section and	100
orally inform the person and the person's attorney of the	101
person's rights under this section to commence a civil action	102
against the state in the court of claims because of the person's	103
wrongful imprisonment and to be represented in that civil action	104
by counsel of the person's own choice.	105

(3) The court described in division (B) (1) of this sectionshall notify the clerk of the court of claims, in writing and107

Page 4

within seven days after the date of the entry of its 108 determination that the person is a wrongfully imprisoned 109 individual, of the name and proposed mailing address of the 110 person and of the fact that the person has the rights to 111 commence a civil action and to have legal representation as 112 provided in this section. The clerk of the court of claims shall 113 maintain in the clerk's office a list of wrongfully imprisoned 114 individuals for whom notices are received under this section and 115 shall create files in the clerk's office for each such 116 individual. 117

(4) Within sixty days after the date of the entry of the 118 determination by the a_court of common pleas in the county where 119 the underlying criminal action was initiated as specified in 120 <u>division (B)(1) of this section</u> that a person is a wrongfully 121 imprisoned individual, the clerk of the court of claims shall 122 forward a preliminary judgment to the president of the 123 controlling board requesting the payment of fifty per cent of 124 the amount described in division (E)(2)(b) of this section to 125 the wrongfully imprisoned individual. The board shall take all 126 actions necessary to cause the payment of that amount out of the 127 emergency purposes special purpose account of the board. 128

(5) If an individual was serving at the time of the
wrongful imprisonment concurrent sentences on other convictions
that were not vacated, dismissed, or reversed on appeal, the
individual is not eligible for compensation as described in this
section for any portion of that wrongful imprisonment that
occurred during a concurrent sentence of that nature.

(C) (1) In a civil action under this section, a wrongfully
imprisoned individual has the right to have counsel of the
individual's own choice.

H. B. No. 411 As Passed by the House

(2) If a wrongfully imprisoned individual who is the 138 subject of a court determination as described in division (B)(2) 139 of this section does not commence a civil action under this 140 section within six months after the entry of that determination, 141 the clerk of the court of claims shall send a letter to the 142 wrongfully imprisoned individual, at the address set forth in 143 the notice received from the court of common pleas pursuant to 144 division (B)(3) of this section or to any later address provided 145 by the wrongfully imprisoned individual, that reminds the 146 wrongfully imprisoned individual of the wrongfully imprisoned 147 individual's rights under this section. Until the statute of 148 limitations provided in division (H) of this section expires and 149 unless the wrongfully imprisoned individual commences a civil 150 action under this section, the clerk of the court of claims 151 shall send a similar letter in a similar manner to the 152wrongfully imprisoned individual at least once each three months 153 after the sending of the first reminder. 154

(3) If an individual has been determined by a court of155common pleas as specified in division (B)(1) of this section to156be a wrongfully imprisoned individual, as described in division157(A) of this section, both of the following apply:158

(a) The finding under division (A)(4)(b) of this section 159 does not affect or negate any right or authority the prosecuting 160 attorney in the case may have to seek, after the expiration of 161 the one-year period described in that division, a further appeal 162 of right or upon leave of court with respect to the conviction 163 that was vacated, dismissed, or reversed on appeal, and the 164 prosecuting attorney may seek such a further appeal after the 165 expiration of that period. 166

(b) The finding under division (A)(4)(c) of this section

does not affect or negate any right or authority the prosecuting	168
attorney in the case may have under any other provision of law	169
to bring, after the expiration of the one-year period described	170
in that division, a criminal proceeding against the individual	171
for any act associated with the conviction that was vacated,	172
dismissed, or reversed on appeal, and the prosecuting attorney	173
may bring such a proceeding after the expiration of that period	174
as provided under any other provision of law.	175
(D) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the	176
contrary, a wrongfully imprisoned individual has and may file a	177
civil action against the state, in the court of claims, to	178
recover a sum of money as described in this section, because of	179
the individual's wrongful imprisonment. The court of claims	180
shall have exclusive, original jurisdiction over such a civil	181
action. The civil action shall proceed, be heard, and be	182
determined as provided in sections 2743.01 to 2743.20 of the	183
Revised Code, except that if a provision of this section	184
conflicts with a provision in any of those sections, the	185
provision in this section controls.	186
(E)(1) In a civil action as described in division (D) of	187
this section, the complainant may establish that the claimant is	188
a wrongfully imprisoned individual by submitting to the court of	189
claims a certified copy of the judgment entry of the court of	190
common pleas associated with the claimant's conviction and	191
sentencing, and a certified copy of the entry of the	192
determination of the court of common pleas that the claimant is	193
a wrongfully imprisoned individual under division (B)(2) of this	194
section. No other evidence shall be required of the complainant	195
to establish that the claimant is a wrongfully imprisoned	196
individual, and the claimant shall be irrebuttably presumed to	197
be a wrongfully imprisoned individual.	198

H. B. No. 411 As Passed by the House

(2) In a civil action as described in division (D) of this
section, upon presentation of requisite proof to the court of
claims, a wrongfully imprisoned individual is entitled to
collar receive a sum of money that equals the total of each of the
collowing amounts:

(a) The amount of any fine or court costs imposed and
paid, and the reasonable attorney's fees and other expenses
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incurred by the wrongfully imprisoned individual in connection
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with all associated criminal proceedings and appeals, and, if
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applicable, in connection with obtaining the wrongfully
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imprisoned individual's discharge from confinement in the state
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correctional institution;

(b) For each full year of imprisonment in the state 211 correctional institution for the offense of which the wrongfully 212 imprisoned individual was found quilty, forty thousand three 213 hundred thirty dollars or the adjusted amount determined by the 214 auditor of state pursuant to section 2743.49 of the Revised 215 Code, and for each part of a year of being so imprisoned, a pro-216 rated share of forty thousand three hundred thirty dollars or 217 the adjusted amount determined by the auditor of state pursuant 218 to section 2743.49 of the Revised Code; 219

(c) Any loss of wages, salary, or other earned income that
directly resulted from the wrongfully imprisoned individual's
arrest, prosecution, conviction, and wrongful imprisonment;
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(d) The amount of the following cost debts the department
of rehabilitation and correction recovered from the wrongfully
imprisoned individual who was in custody of the department or
under the department's supervision:

(i) Any user fee or copayment for services at a detention

Page 8

facility, including, but not limited to, a fee or copayment for	228
sick call visits;	229
(ii) The cost of housing and feeding the wrongfully	230
imprisoned individual in a detention facility;	231
(iii) The cost of supervision of the wrongfully imprisoned	232
individual;	233
(iv) The cost of any ancillary services provided to the	234
wrongfully imprisoned individual.	235
(F)(1) If the court of claims determines in a civil action	236
as described in division (D) of this section that the	237
complainant is a wrongfully imprisoned individual, it shall	238
enter judgment for the wrongfully imprisoned individual in the	239
amount of the sum of money to which the wrongfully imprisoned	240
individual is entitled under division (E)(2) of this section. In	241
determining that sum, the court of claims shall not take into	242
consideration any expenses incurred by the state or any of its	243
political subdivisions in connection with the arrest,	244
prosecution, and imprisonment of the wrongfully imprisoned	245
individual, including, but not limited to, expenses for food,	246
clothing, shelter, and medical services. The court shall reduce	247
that sum by the amount of the payment to the wrongfully	248
imprisoned individual described in division (B)(4) of this	249
section.	250
(2) If the wrongfully imprisoned individual was	251
represented in the civil action under this section by counsel of	252
the wrongfully imprisoned individual's own choice, the court of	253
claims shall include in the judgment entry referred to in	254
division (F)(1) of this section an award for the reasonable	255

attorney's fees of that counsel. These fees shall be paid as

Page 9

provided in division (G) of this section.

(3) If the wrongfully imprisoned individual owes any debt 258 to the state or any of its political subdivisions, the court of 259 claims, in the judgment entry referred to in division (F)(1) of 260 this section, shall deduct the amount of any such debts that are 261 known from the sum of money to which the wrongfully imprisoned 262 individual is entitled under division (E)(2) of this section. 263 The court shall include in the judgment entry an award to the 264 state or a political subdivision, whichever is applicable, of 265 any amount deducted pursuant to this division. These amounts 266 shall be paid as provided in division (G) of this section. 267

(4) (a) If, at the time of the judgment entry referred to 268 in division (F)(1) of this section, the wrongfully imprisoned 269 individual has won a monetary award against the state or any of 270 its political subdivisions in a civil action under section 1983 271 of Title 42 of the United States Code, 93 Stat. 1284 (1979), 42 272 U.S.C. 1983, as amended, that arose from any conduct that 273 resulted in or contributed to the person being determined to be 274 a wrongfully imprisoned individual, the court of claims, in the 275 judgment entry, shall deduct the amount of the award in the 276 action that the wrongfully imprisoned individual received, after 277 the payment of the individual's attorney's fees and costs 278 related to the litigation, from the sum of money to which the 279 wrongfully imprisoned individual is entitled under division (E) 280 (2) of this section. The court shall include in the judgment 281 entry an award to the state of any amount deducted pursuant to 282 this division. These amounts shall be paid as provided in 283 division (G) of this section. 284

(b) If division (F)(4)(a) of this section does not apply285and if, after the time of the judgment entry referred to in286

division (F)(1) of this section, the wrongfully imprisoned	287
individual wins a monetary award against the state or any of its	288
political subdivisions in a civil action under section 1983 of	289
Title 42 of the United States Code, 93 Stat. 1284 (1979), 42	290
U.S.C. 1983, as amended, that arose from any conduct that	291
resulted in or contributed to the person being determined to be	292
a wrongfully imprisoned individual, the wrongfully imprisoned	293
individual shall reimburse the state for the sum of money paid	294
under the judgment entry referred to in division (F)(1) of this	295
section, after the deduction of the individual's attorney's fees	296
and costs related to the litigation. A reimbursement required	297
under this division shall not exceed the amount of the monetary	298
award the wrongfully imprisoned individual wins in the civil	299
action under section 1983 of Title 42 of the United States Code.	300
(c) Divisions (F)(4)(a) and (b) of this section apply only	301
with respect to judgment entries referred to in division (F)(1)	302
of this section that are entered into on or after the effective	303
date of divisions (F)(4)(a) and (b) of this section.	304
(5) If, after the time of the judgment entry referred to	305
in division (F)(1) of this section, the wrongfully imprisoned	306
individual is convicted of or pleads guilty to an offense that	307
is based on any act associated with the conviction that was	308
vacated, reversed, or dismissed on appeal and that was the basis	309
of the person being determined to be a wrongfully imprisoned	310
individual, the wrongfully imprisoned individual shall reimburse	311
the state for the entire sum of money paid under the judgment	312
entry referred to in division (F)(1) of this section.	313
(6) The state consents to be sued by a wrongfully	314
imprisoned individual because the imprisonment was wrongful, and	315

imprisoned individual because the imprisonment was wrongful, and 315
to liability on its part because of that fact, only as provided 316

H. B. No. 411 As Passed by the House

in this section. However, this section does not affect any 317
liability of the state or of its employees to a wrongfully 318
imprisoned individual on a claim for relief that is not based on 319
the fact of the wrongful imprisonment, including, but not 320
limited to, a claim for relief that arises out of circumstances 321
occurring during the wrongfully imprisoned individual's 322
confinement in the state correctional institution. 323

(G) The clerk of the court of claims shall forward a
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certified copy of a judgment under division (F) of this section
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to the president of the controlling board. The board shall take
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all actions necessary to cause the payment of the judgment out
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of the emergency purposes special purpose account of the board.

(H) To be eligible to recover a sum of money as described
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in this section because of wrongful imprisonment, both of the
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following shall apply to a wrongfully imprisoned individual:
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(1) The wrongfully imprisoned individual shall not have
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been, prior to September 24, 1986, the subject of an act of the
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general assembly that authorized an award of compensation for
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the wrongful imprisonment or have been the subject of an action
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before the former sundry claims board that resulted in an award
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of compensation for the wrongful imprisonment.

(2) The wrongfully imprisoned individual shall commence a
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civil action under this section in the court of claims no later
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than two years after the date of the entry of the determination
of the court of common pleas that the individual is a wrongfully
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imprisoned individual under division (B) (2) of this section.

(I) No determination of a court of common pleas as343specified in division (B) of this section or of the court of344claims as described in division (D) of this section that a345

person is a wrongfully imprisoned individual, and no finding in	346
the civil action that results in either of those determinations,	347
is admissible as evidence in any criminal proceeding that is	348
pending at the time of, or is commenced subsequent to, that	349
civil action.	350
(J)(1) As used in division (A) of this section, "Brady	351
Rule" means the rule established pursuant to the decision of the	352
United States supreme court in Brady v. Maryland (1963), 373	353
<u>U.S. 83.</u>	354
(2) As used in divisions (F)(3) and (4) of this section,	355
"state" and "political subdivisions" have the same meanings as	356
in section 2743.01 of the Revised Code.	357
Section 2. That existing sections 2305.02 and 2743.48 of	358
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	359