As Introduced

132nd General Assembly

Regular Session 2017-2018

H. B. No. 461

Representatives Fedor, Galonski

Cosponsors: Representatives Romanchuk, Antonio, Howse, Riedel, Smith, K., Hambley, Cera, Kent, Lepore-Hagan, Miller, Clyde, West, O'Brien, Kelly, Sheehy, Boggs, Carfagna, Scherer, Patterson, Boyd, Celebrezze, Strahorn, Sykes, Ingram, Boccieri, Leland, Sweeney, Rogers

A BILL

То	amend sections 2152.021, 2905.32, and 2929.01 of	1
	the Revised Code to require a juvenile court to	2
	hold a delinquency complaint in abeyance if the	3
	court has reason to believe that the act charged	4
	might be prostitution related or that the child	5
	might be a victim of human trafficking and to	6
	provide that the same elements for the offense	7
	of trafficking in persons that apply to a victim	8
	under the age of sixteen also apply to a victim	9
	who is age sixteen or seventeen.	10

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2152.021, 2905.32, and 2929.01 of	11
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	12
Sec. 2152.021. (A) (1) Subject to division (A) (2) of this	13
section, any person having knowledge of a child who appears to	14
be a juvenile traffic offender or to be a delinquent child may	15
file a sworn complaint with respect to that child in the	16

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juvenile court of the county in which the child has a residence	17
or legal settlement or in which the traffic offense or	18
delinquent act allegedly occurred. The sworn complaint may be	19
upon information and belief, and, in addition to the allegation	20
that the child is a delinquent child or a juvenile traffic	21
offender, the complaint shall allege the particular facts upon	22
which the allegation that the child is a delinquent child or a	23
juvenile traffic offender is based.	24

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If a child appears to be a delinquent child who is eligible for a serious youthful offender dispositional sentence under section 2152.11 of the Revised Code and if the prosecuting attorney desires to seek a serious youthful offender dispositional sentence under section 2152.13 of the Revised Code in regard to the child, the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the alleged delinquency occurs may initiate a case in the juvenile court of the county by presenting the case to a grand jury for indictment, by charging the child in a bill of information as a serious youthful offender pursuant to section 2152.13 of the Revised Code, by requesting a serious youthful offender dispositional sentence in the original complaint alleging that the child is a delinquent child, or by filing with the juvenile court a written notice of intent to seek a serious youthful offender dispositional sentence. This paragraph does not apply regarding the imposition of a serious youthful offender dispositional sentence pursuant to section 2152.121 of the Revised Code.

(2) Any person having knowledge of a child who appears to 43 be a delinquent child for violating a court order regarding the 44 child's adjudication as an unruly child for being an habitual 45 truant, may file a sworn complaint with respect to that child, 46 or with respect to that child and the parent, guardian, or other 47 H. B. No. 461 Page 3
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person having care of the child, in the juvenile court of the 48 county in which the child has a residence or legal settlement or 49 in which the child is supposed to attend public school. The 50 sworn complaint may be upon information and belief and shall 51 allege that the child is a delinquent child for violating a 52 court order regarding the child's prior adjudication as an 5.3 unruly child for being a habitual truant and, in addition, the 54 particular facts upon which that allegation is based. If the 55 complaint contains allegations regarding the child's parent, 56 quardian, or other person having care of the child, the 57 complaint additionally shall allege that the parent, quardian, 58 or other person having care of the child has failed to cause the 59 child's attendance at school in violation of section 3321.38 of 60 the Revised Code and, in addition, the particular facts upon 61 which that allegation is based. 62

(B) Any person with standing under applicable law may file a complaint for the determination of any other matter over which the juvenile court is given jurisdiction by section 2151.23 of the Revised Code. The complaint shall be filed in the county in which the child who is the subject of the complaint is found or was last known to be found.

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(C) Within ten days after the filing of a complaint or the 69 issuance of an indictment, the court shall give written notice 70 of the filing of the complaint or the issuance of an indictment 71 and of the substance of the complaint or indictment to the 72 superintendent of a city, local, exempted village, or joint 73 vocational school district if the complaint or indictment 74 alleges that a child committed an act that would be a criminal 75 offense if committed by an adult, that the child was sixteen 76 years of age or older at the time of the commission of the 77 alleged act, and that the alleged act is any of the following: 78

(1) A violation of section 2923.122 of the Revised Code	79
that relates to property owned or controlled by, or to an	80
activity held under the auspices of, the board of education of	81
that school district;	82
(2) A violation of section 2923.12 of the Revised Code, of	83
a substantially similar municipal ordinance, or of section	84
2925.03 of the Revised Code that was committed on property owned	85
or controlled by, or at an activity held under the auspices of,	86
the board of education of that school district;	87
(3) A violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code	88
that was committed on property owned or controlled by, or at an	89
activity held under the auspices of, the board of education of	90
that school district, other than a violation of that section	91
that would be a minor drug possession offense if committed by an	92
adult;	93
(4) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	94
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2907.02, or 2907.05 of the Revised	95
Code, or a violation of former section 2907.12 of the Revised	96
Code, that was committed on property owned or controlled by, or	97
at an activity held under the auspices of, the board of	98
education of that school district, if the victim at the time of	99
the commission of the alleged act was an employee of the board	100
of education of that school district;	101
(5) Complicity in any violation described in division (C)	102
(1), (2) , (3) , or (4) of this section that was alleged to have	103
been committed in the manner described in division (C)(1), (2),	104
(3), or (4) of this section, regardless of whether the act of	105
complicity was committed on property owned or controlled by, or	106
at an activity held under the auspices of, the board of	107
education of that school district.	108

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(D) A public children services agency, acting pursuant to	109
a complaint or an action on a complaint filed under this	110
section, is not subject to the requirements of section 3127.23	111
of the Revised Code.	112
(E) For purposes of the record to be maintained by the	113
clerk under division (B) of section 2152.71 of the Revised Code,	114
when a complaint is filed that alleges that a child is a	115
delinquent child, the court shall determine if the victim of the	116
alleged delinquent act was sixty-five years of age or older or	117
permanently and totally disabled at the time of the alleged	118
commission of the act.	119
Commission of the act.	119
(F)(1) At any time after the filing of a complaint	120
alleging that a child is a delinquent child and before	121
adjudication, the court may hold a hearing to determine whether	122
to hold the complaint in abeyance pending the child's successful	123
completion of actions that constitute a method to divert the	124
child from the juvenile court system shall promptly appoint for	125
the child a guardian ad litem who is not the child's attorney if	126
the child agrees to the hearing and the court has reason to	127
believe that either of the following applies might apply:	128
(a) The act charged would be a violation of section	129
2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of the Revised Code if the child	130
were an adult.	131
(b) The court has reason to believe that the child is a	132
victim of a violation of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code,	133
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regardless of whether any person has been convicted of a	-
violation of that section or of any other section for	135
victimizing the child, and the act charged is related to the	136

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child's victimization.

(2) The child, the child's attorney, or the child's	138
quardian ad litem may petition the court to hold the complaint	139
in abeyance if either of the following applies and, upon such a	140
petition, the court shall grant the petition without a hearing,	141
provided the prosecuting attorney does not object:	142
(a) Division (F)(1)(a) of this section applies;	143
(b) Division (F)(1)(b) of this section applies and the act	144
<pre>charged in the complaint is related to the child's</pre>	145
victimization.	146
(3) If the prosecuting attorney objects to holding the	147
complaint in abeyance, the court shall hold a hearing on that	148
<u>issue.</u> The prosecuting attorney has the right to participate in	149
any the hearing held under division (F) (1) of this section, to	150
object to holding the complaint that is the subject of the	151
hearing in abeyance, and to make recommendations related to	152
diversion actions. No statement made by a child at a hearing	153
held under $\underline{\text{this}}$ division $\overline{\text{(F) (1)}}$ of this section—is admissible in	154
any subsequent proceeding against the child.	155
(3) If either division (F)(1)(a) or (b) of this section	156
applies, the court shall promptly appoint a guardian ad litem-	157
for the child. The court shall not appoint the child's attorney	158
as guardian ad litem. If the court decides to hold the complaint	159
in abeyance, the guardian ad litem shall make recommendations	160
that are in the best interest of the child to the court.	161
(4) If after a hearing the court decides to finds that	162
division (F)(1)(a) of this section applies, or if after a	163
hearing the court finds that division (F)(1)(b) of this section	164
applies and the act charged in the complaint is related to the	165
child's victimization, the court shall hold the complaint in	166

abeyance, the . The guardian ad litem shall make recommendations	167
that are in the best interest of the child. The prosecuting	168
attorney may make recommendations related to diversion actions.	169
The court may make any orders regarding placement, services,	170
supervision, diversion actions, and conditions of abeyance,	171
including, but not limited to, engagement in trauma-based	172
behavioral health services or education activities, that the	173
court considers appropriate and in the best interest of the	174
child. The court may hold the complaint in abeyance for up to	175
ninety days while the child engages in diversion actions. If the	176
child violates the conditions of abeyance or does not complete	177
the diversion actions to the court's satisfaction within ninety	178
days, the court may extend the period of abeyance for not more	179
than two additional ninety-day periods.	180
(5) If the court holds the complaint in abeyance and the	181
child complies with the conditions of abeyance and completes the	182
diversion actions to the court's satisfaction, the court shall	183
dismiss the complaint and order that the records pertaining to	184
the case be expunded immediately. If the child fails to complete	185
the diversion actions to the court's satisfaction, the court	186

Sec. 2905.32. (A) No person shall knowingly recruit, lure,
entice, isolate, harbor, transport, provide, obtain, or
maintain, or knowingly attempt to recruit, lure, entice,
isolate, harbor, transport, provide, obtain, or maintain,
another person if any either of the following applies:

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shall proceed upon the complaint.

(1) The offender knows that the other person will be

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subjected to involuntary servitude or be compelled to engage in

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sexual activity for hire, engage in a performance that is

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obscene, sexually oriented, or nudity oriented, or be a model or

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participant in the production of material that is obscene,	197
sexually oriented, or nudity oriented.	198
(2) The other person is less than sixteen eighteen years	199
of age or is a person with a developmental disability whom the	200
offender knows or has reasonable cause to believe is a person	201
with a developmental disability, and either the offender knows	202
that the other person will be subjected to involuntary servitude	203
or the offender's knowing recruitment, luring, enticement,	204
isolation, harboring, transportation, provision, obtaining, or	205
maintenance of the other person or knowing attempt to recruit,	206
lure, entice, isolate, harbor, transport, provide, obtain, or	207
maintain the other person is for any of the following purposes:	208
(a) To engage in sexual activity for hire;	209
(b) To engage in a performance for hire that is obscene,	210
sexually oriented, or nudity oriented;	211
(c) To be a model or participant for hire in the	212
production of material that is obscene, sexually oriented, or	213
nudity oriented.	214
(3) The other person is sixteen or seventeen years of age,	215
either the offender knows that the other person will be	216
subjected to involuntary servitude or the offender's knowing	217
recruitment, luring, enticement, isolation, harboring,	218
transportation, provision, obtaining, or maintenance of the	219
other person or knowing attempt to recruit, lure, entice,	220
isolate, harbor, transport, provide, obtain, or maintain the	221
other person is for any purpose described in divisions (A) (2) (a)	222
to (c) of this section, and the circumstances described in-	223
division (A)(5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), or (13)	224
of section 2907.03 of the Revised Code apply with respect to the	225

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offender and the other person.	226
(B) For a prosecution under division (A)(1) of this	227
section, the element "compelled" does not require that the	228
compulsion be openly displayed or physically exerted. The	229
element "compelled" has been established if the state proves	230
that the victim's will was overcome by force, fear, duress,	231
intimidation, or fraud.	232
(C) In a prosecution under this section, proof that the	233
defendant engaged in sexual activity with any person, or	234
solicited sexual activity with any person, whether or not for	235
hire, without more, does not constitute a violation of this	236
section.	237
(D) A prosecution for a violation of this section does not	238
preclude a prosecution of a violation of any other section of	239
the Revised Code. One or more acts, a series of acts, or a	240
course of behavior that can be prosecuted under this section or	241
any other section of the Revised Code may be prosecuted under	242
this section, the other section of the Revised Code, or both	243
sections. However, if an offender is convicted of or pleads	244
guilty to a violation of this section and also is convicted of	245
or pleads guilty to a violation of section 2907.21 of the	246
Revised Code based on the same conduct involving the same victim	247
that was the basis of the violation of this section, or is	248
convicted of or pleads guilty to any other violation of Chapter	249
2907. of the Revised Code based on the same conduct involving	250
the same victim that was the basis of the violation of this	251
section, the two offenses are allied offenses of similar import	252
under section 2941.25 of the Revised Code.	253
(E) Whoever violates this section is guilty of trafficking	254

in persons, a felony of the first degree. Notwithstanding

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division (A)(1) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, the	256
court shall sentence the offender to a definite prison term of	257
ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, or fifteen years.	258
(F) As used in this section:	259
(1) "Person with a developmental disability" means a	260
person whose ability to resist or consent to an act is	261
substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition	262
or because of advanced age.	263
(2) "Sexual activity for hire," "performance for hire,"	264
and "model or participant for hire" mean an implicit or explicit	265
agreement to provide sexual activity, engage in an obscene,	266
sexually oriented, or nudity oriented performance, or be a model	267
or participant in the production of obscene, sexually oriented,	268
or nudity oriented material, whichever is applicable, in	269
exchange for anything of value paid to any of the following:	270
(a) The person engaging in such sexual activity,	271
performance, or modeling or participation;	272
(b) Any person who recruits, lures, entices, isolates,	273
harbors, transports, provides, obtains, or maintains, or	274
attempts to recruit, lure, entice, isolate, harbor, transport,	275
provide, obtain, or maintain the person described in division	276
(F)(2)(a) of this section;	277
(c) Any person associated with a person described in	278
division (F)(2)(a) or (b) of this section.	279
(3) "Material that is obscene, sexually oriented, or	280
nudity oriented" and "performance that is obscene, sexually	281
oriented, or nudity oriented" have the same meanings as in	282
section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	283

Sec. 2929.01. As used in this chapter:	284
(A)(1) "Alternative residential facility" means, subject	285
to division (A)(2) of this section, any facility other than an	286
offender's home or residence in which an offender is assigned to	287
live and that satisfies all of the following criteria:	288
(a) It provides programs through which the offender may	289
seek or maintain employment or may receive education, training,	290
treatment, or habilitation.	291
(b) It has received the appropriate license or certificate	292
for any specialized education, training, treatment,	293
habilitation, or other service that it provides from the	294
government agency that is responsible for licensing or	295
certifying that type of education, training, treatment,	296
habilitation, or service.	297
(2) "Alternative residential facility" does not include a	298
community-based correctional facility, jail, halfway house, or	299
prison.	300
(B) "Basic probation supervision" means a requirement that	301
the offender maintain contact with a person appointed to	302
supervise the offender in accordance with sanctions imposed by	303
the court or imposed by the parole board pursuant to section	304
2967.28 of the Revised Code. "Basic probation supervision"	305
includes basic parole supervision and basic post-release control	306
supervision.	307
(C) "Cocaine," "hashish," "L.S.D.," and "unit dose" have	308
the same meanings as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	309
(D) "Community-based correctional facility" means a	310
community-based correctional facility and program or district	311
community-based correctional facility and program developed	312

pursuant to sections 2301.51 to 2301.58 of the Revised Code.	313
(E) "Community control sanction" means a sanction that is	314
not a prison term and that is described in section 2929.15,	315
2929.16, 2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code or a sanction	316
that is not a jail term and that is described in section	317
2929.26, 2929.27, or 2929.28 of the Revised Code. "Community	318
control sanction" includes probation if the sentence involved	319
was imposed for a felony that was committed prior to July 1,	320
1996, or if the sentence involved was imposed for a misdemeanor	321
that was committed prior to January 1, 2004.	322
(F) "Controlled substance," "marihuana," "schedule I," and	323
"schedule II" have the same meanings as in section 3719.01 of	324
the Revised Code.	325
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(G) "Curfew" means a requirement that an offender during a	326
specified period of time be at a designated place.	327
(H) "Day reporting" means a sanction pursuant to which an	328
offender is required each day to report to and leave a center or	329
other approved reporting location at specified times in order to	330
participate in work, education or training, treatment, and other	331
approved programs at the center or outside the center.	332
(I) "Deadly weapon" has the same meaning as in section	333
2923.11 of the Revised Code.	334
	0.0.5
(J) "Drug and alcohol use monitoring" means a program	335
under which an offender agrees to submit to random chemical	336
analysis of the offender's blood, breath, or urine to determine	337
whether the offender has ingested any alcohol or other drugs.	338
(K) "Drug treatment program" means any program under which	339
a person undergoes assessment and treatment designed to reduce	340
or completely eliminate the person's physical or emotional	341

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reliance upon alcohol, another drug, or alcohol and another drug	342
and under which the person may be required to receive assessment	343
and treatment on an outpatient basis or may be required to	344
reside at a facility other than the person's home or residence	345
while undergoing assessment and treatment.	346
(L) "Economic loss" means any economic detriment suffered	347
by a victim as a direct and proximate result of the commission	348
of an offense and includes any loss of income due to lost time	349
at work because of any injury caused to the victim, and any	350
property loss, medical cost, or funeral expense incurred as a	351
result of the commission of the offense. "Economic loss" does	352
not include non-economic loss or any punitive or exemplary	353
damages.	354
(M) "Education or training" includes study at, or in	355
conjunction with a program offered by, a university, college, or	356
technical college or vocational study and also includes the	357
completion of primary school, secondary school, and literacy	358
curricula or their equivalent.	359
(N) "Firearm" has the same meaning as in section 2923.11	360
of the Revised Code.	361
(O) "Halfway house" means a facility licensed by the	362
division of parole and community services of the department of	363
rehabilitation and correction pursuant to section 2967.14 of the	364
Revised Code as a suitable facility for the care and treatment	365
of adult offenders.	366
(P) "House arrest" means a period of confinement of an	367
offender that is in the offender's home or in other premises	368
specified by the sentencing court or by the parole board	369
pursuant to section 2967.28 of the Revised Code and during which	370

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all of the following apply:	371
(1) The offender is required to remain in the offender's	372
home or other specified premises for the specified period of	373
confinement, except for periods of time during which the	374
offender is at the offender's place of employment or at other	375
premises as authorized by the sentencing court or by the parole	376
board.	377
(2) The offender is required to report periodically to a	378
person designated by the court or parole board.	379
(3) The offender is subject to any other restrictions and	380
requirements that may be imposed by the sentencing court or by	381
the parole board.	382
(Q) "Intensive probation supervision" means a requirement	383
that an offender maintain frequent contact with a person	384
appointed by the court, or by the parole board pursuant to	385
section 2967.28 of the Revised Code, to supervise the offender	386
while the offender is seeking or maintaining necessary	387
employment and participating in training, education, and	388
treatment programs as required in the court's or parole board's	389
order. "Intensive probation supervision" includes intensive	390
parole supervision and intensive post-release control	391
supervision.	392
(R) "Jail" means a jail, workhouse, minimum security jail,	393
or other residential facility used for the confinement of	394
alleged or convicted offenders that is operated by a political	395
subdivision or a combination of political subdivisions of this	396
state.	397

(S) "Jail term" means the term in a jail that a sentencing

court imposes or is authorized to impose pursuant to section

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2929.24 or 2929.25 of the Revised Code or pursuant to any other	400
provision of the Revised Code that authorizes a term in a jail	401
for a misdemeanor conviction.	402
(T) "Mandatory jail term" means the term in a jail that a	403
sentencing court is required to impose pursuant to division (G)	404
of section 1547.99 of the Revised Code, division (E) of section	405
2903.06 or division (D) of section 2903.08 of the Revised Code,	406
division (E) or (G) of section 2929.24 of the Revised Code,	407
division (B) of section 4510.14 of the Revised Code, or division	408
(G) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or pursuant to any	409
other provision of the Revised Code that requires a term in a	410
jail for a misdemeanor conviction.	411
(U) "Delinquent child" has the same meaning as in section	412
2152.02 of the Revised Code.	413
(V) "License violation report" means a report that is made	414
by a sentencing court, or by the parole board pursuant to	415
section 2967.28 of the Revised Code, to the regulatory or	416
licensing board or agency that issued an offender a professional	417
license or a license or permit to do business in this state and	418
that specifies that the offender has been convicted of or	419
pleaded guilty to an offense that may violate the conditions	420
under which the offender's professional license or license or	421
permit to do business in this state was granted or an offense	422
for which the offender's professional license or license or	423
permit to do business in this state may be revoked or suspended.	424
(W) "Major drug offender" means an offender who is	425
convicted of or pleads guilty to the possession of, sale of, or	426
offer to sell any drug, compound, mixture, preparation, or	427
substance that consists of or contains at least one thousand	428

grams of hashish; at least one hundred grams of cocaine; at

least one thousand unit doses or one hundred grams of heroin; at	430
least five thousand unit doses of L.S.D. or five hundred grams	431
of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid	432
distillate form; at least fifty grams of a controlled substance	433
analog; or at least one hundred times the amount of any other	434
schedule I or II controlled substance other than marihuana that	435
is necessary to commit a felony of the third degree pursuant to	436
section 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, or 2925.11 of the Revised	437
Code that is based on the possession of, sale of, or offer to	438
sell the controlled substance.	439

- (X) "Mandatory prison term" means any of the following:
- (1) Subject to division (X)(2) of this section, the term 441 in prison that must be imposed for the offenses or circumstances 442 set forth in divisions (F)(1) to (8) or (F)(12) to (18) of 443 section 2929.13 and division (B) of section 2929.14 of the 444 Revised Code. Except as provided in sections 2925.02, 2925.03, 445 2925.04, 2925.05, and 2925.11 of the Revised Code, unless the 446 maximum or another specific term is required under section 447 2929.14 or 2929.142 of the Revised Code, a mandatory prison term 448 described in this division may be any prison term authorized for 449 the level of offense. 450
- (2) The term of sixty or one hundred twenty days in prison 451 that a sentencing court is required to impose for a third or 452 fourth degree felony OVI offense pursuant to division (G)(2) of 453 section 2929.13 and division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4511.19 454 of the Revised Code or the term of one, two, three, four, or 455 five years in prison that a sentencing court is required to 456 impose pursuant to division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the 457 Revised Code. 458
 - (3) The term in prison imposed pursuant to division (A) of 459

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section 2971.03 of the Revised Code for the offenses and in the	460
circumstances described in division (F)(11) of section 2929.13	461
of the Revised Code or pursuant to division (B)(1)(a), (b), or	462
(c), (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of	463
section 2971.03 of the Revised Code and that term as modified or	464
terminated pursuant to section 2971.05 of the Revised Code.	465
(Y) "Monitored time" means a period of time during which	466
an offender continues to be under the control of the sentencing	467
court or parole board, subject to no conditions other than	468
leading a law-abiding life.	469
(Z) "Offender" means a person who, in this state, is	470
convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony or a misdemeanor.	471
(AA) "Prison" means a residential facility used for the	472
confinement of convicted felony offenders that is under the	473
control of the department of rehabilitation and correction but	474
does not include a violation sanction center operated under	475
authority of section 2967.141 of the Revised Code.	476
(BB) "Prison term" includes either of the following	477
sanctions for an offender:	478
(1) A stated prison term;	479
(2) A term in a prison shortened by, or with the approval	480
of, the sentencing court pursuant to section 2929.143, 2929.20,	481
2967.26, 5120.031, 5120.032, or 5120.073 of the Revised Code.	482
(CC) "Repeat violent offender" means a person about whom	483
both of the following apply:	484
(1) The person is being sentenced for committing or for	485
complicity in committing any of the following:	486
(a) Aggravated murder, murder, any felony of the first or	487

second degree that is an offense of violence, or an attempt to	488
commit any of these offenses if the attempt is a felony of the	489
first or second degree;	490
(b) An offense under an existing or former law of this	491
state, another state, or the United States that is or was	492
substantially equivalent to an offense described in division	493
(CC) (1) (a) of this section.	494
(cc) (i) (a) OI this section.	494
(2) The person previously was convicted of or pleaded	495
guilty to an offense described in division (CC)(1)(a) or (b) of	496
this section.	497
(DD) "Sanction" means any penalty imposed upon an offender	498
who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an offense, as	499
punishment for the offense. "Sanction" includes any sanction	500
imposed pursuant to any provision of sections 2929.14 to 2929.18	501
or 2929.24 to 2929.28 of the Revised Code.	502
(EE) "Sentence" means the sanction or combination of	503
sanctions imposed by the sentencing court on an offender who is	504
convicted of or pleads guilty to an offense.	505
(FF) "Stated prison term" means the prison term, mandatory	506
prison term, or combination of all prison terms and mandatory	507
prison terms imposed by the sentencing court pursuant to section	508
2929.14, 2929.142, or 2971.03 of the Revised Code or under	509
section 2919.25 of the Revised Code. "Stated prison term"	510
includes any credit received by the offender for time spent in	511
jail awaiting trial, sentencing, or transfer to prison for the	512
offense and any time spent under house arrest or house arrest	513
with electronic monitoring imposed after earning credits	514
pursuant to section 2967.193 of the Revised Code. If an offender	515
is serving a prison term as a risk reduction sentence under	516

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sections 2929.143 and 5120.036 of the Revised Code, "stated	517
prison term" includes any period of time by which the prison	518
term imposed upon the offender is shortened by the offender's	519
successful completion of all assessment and treatment or	520
programming pursuant to those sections.	521
(GG) "Victim-offender mediation" means a reconciliation or	522
mediation program that involves an offender and the victim of	523
the offense committed by the offender and that includes a	524
meeting in which the offender and the victim may discuss the	525
offense, discuss restitution, and consider other sanctions for	526
the offense.	527
(HH) "Fourth degree felony OVI offense" means a violation	528
of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code that,	529
under division (G) of that section, is a felony of the fourth	530
degree.	531
(II) "Mandatory term of local incarceration" means the	532
term of sixty or one hundred twenty days in a jail, a community-	533
based correctional facility, a halfway house, or an alternative	534
residential facility that a sentencing court may impose upon a	535
person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a fourth degree	536
felony OVI offense pursuant to division (G)(1) of section	537
2929.13 of the Revised Code and division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of	538
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code.	539
(JJ) "Designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping	540
offense," "violent sex offense," "sexual motivation	541
specification," "sexually violent offense," "sexually violent	542
predator," and "sexually violent predator specification" have	543
the same meanings as in section 2971.01 of the Revised Code.	544

(KK) "Sexually oriented offense," "child-victim oriented

offense," and "tier III sex offender/child-victim offender" have	546
the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.	547
(LL) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a child"	548
if the offender commits the offense within thirty feet of or	549
within the same residential unit as a child who is under	550
eighteen years of age, regardless of whether the offender knows	551
the age of the child or whether the offender knows the offense	552
is being committed within thirty feet of or within the same	553
residential unit as the child and regardless of whether the	554
child actually views the commission of the offense.	555
(MM) "Family or household member" has the same meaning as	556
in section 2919.25 of the Revised Code.	557
(NN) "Motor vehicle" and "manufactured home" have the same	558
meanings as in section 4501.01 of the Revised Code.	559
(00) "Detention" and "detention facility" have the same	560
meanings as in section 2921.01 of the Revised Code.	561
(PP) "Third degree felony OVI offense" means a violation	562
of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code that,	563
under division (G) of that section, is a felony of the third	564
degree.	565
(QQ) "Random drug testing" has the same meaning as in	566
section 5120.63 of the Revised Code.	567
(RR) "Felony sex offense" has the same meaning as in	568
section 2967.28 of the Revised Code.	569
(SS) "Body armor" has the same meaning as in section	570
2941.1411 of the Revised Code.	571
(TT) "Electronic monitoring" means monitoring through the	572
use of an electronic monitoring device	573

(UU) "Electronic monitoring device" means any of the	574
following:	575
(1) Any device that can be operated by electrical or	576
battery power and that conforms with all of the following:	577
	F70
(a) The device has a transmitter that can be attached to a	578
person, that will transmit a specified signal to a receiver of	579
the type described in division (UU)(1)(b) of this section if the	580
transmitter is removed from the person, turned off, or altered	581
in any manner without prior court approval in relation to	582
electronic monitoring or without prior approval of the	583
department of rehabilitation and correction in relation to the	584
use of an electronic monitoring device for an inmate on	585
transitional control or otherwise is tampered with, that can	586
transmit continuously and periodically a signal to that receiver	587
when the person is within a specified distance from the	588
receiver, and that can transmit an appropriate signal to that	589
receiver if the person to whom it is attached travels a	590
specified distance from that receiver.	591
(b) The device has a receiver that can receive	592
continuously the signals transmitted by a transmitter of the	593
type described in division (UU)(1)(a) of this section, can	594
transmit continuously those signals by a wireless or landline	595
telephone connection to a central monitoring computer of the	596
type described in division (UU)(1)(c) of this section, and can	597
transmit continuously an appropriate signal to that central	598
monitoring computer if the device has been turned off or altered	599
without prior court approval or otherwise tampered with. The	600
device is designed specifically for use in electronic	601
monitoring, is not a converted wireless phone or another	602
tracking device that is clearly not designed for electronic	603

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monitoring, and provides a means of text-based or voice	604
communication with the person.	605
(c) The device has a central monitoring computer that can	606
receive continuously the signals transmitted by a wireless or	607
landline telephone connection by a receiver of the type	608
described in division (UU)(1)(b) of this section and can monitor	609
continuously the person to whom an electronic monitoring device	610
of the type described in division (UU)(1)(a) of this section is	611
attached.	612
(2) Any device that is not a device of the type described	613
in division (UU)(1) of this section and that conforms with all	614
of the following:	615
of the following.	013
(a) The device includes a transmitter and receiver that	616
can monitor and determine the location of a subject person at	617
any time, or at a designated point in time, through the use of a	618
central monitoring computer or through other electronic means.	619
(b) The device includes a transmitter and receiver that	620
can determine at any time, or at a designated point in time,	621
through the use of a central monitoring computer or other	622
electronic means the fact that the transmitter is turned off or	623
altered in any manner without prior approval of the court in	624
relation to the electronic monitoring or without prior approval	625
of the department of rehabilitation and correction in relation	626
to the use of an electronic monitoring device for an inmate on	627
transitional control or otherwise is tampered with.	628
(3) Any type of technology that can adequately track or	629
determine the location of a subject person at any time and that	630
is approved by the director of rehabilitation and correction,	631

including, but not limited to, any satellite technology, voice

tracking system, or retinal scanning system that is so approved.	633
(VV) "Non-economic loss" means nonpecuniary harm suffered	634
by a victim of an offense as a result of or related to the	635
commission of the offense, including, but not limited to, pain	636
and suffering; loss of society, consortium, companionship, care,	637
assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel,	638
instruction, training, or education; mental anguish; and any	639
other intangible loss.	640
(WW) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section	641
2935.01 of the Revised Code.	642
(XX) "Continuous alcohol monitoring" means the ability to	643
automatically test and periodically transmit alcohol consumption	644
levels and tamper attempts at least every hour, regardless of	645
the location of the person who is being monitored.	646
erro Tooreston of one between mine to meening mentioned	
(YY) A person is "adjudicated a sexually violent predator"	647
if the person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violent sex	648
offense and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a sexually	649
offense and also is convicted of of pleads guilty to a sexually	049
violent predator specification that was included in the	650
violent predator specification that was included in the	650
violent predator specification that was included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging	650 651
violent predator specification that was included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging that violent sex offense or if the person is convicted of or	650 651 652
violent predator specification that was included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging that violent sex offense or if the person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping	650651652653
violent predator specification that was included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging that violent sex offense or if the person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to both a	650 651 652 653 654
violent predator specification that was included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging that violent sex offense or if the person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to both a sexual motivation specification and a sexually violent predator	650 651 652 653 654 655
violent predator specification that was included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging that violent sex offense or if the person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to both a sexual motivation specification and a sexually violent predator specification that were included in the indictment, count in the	650 651 652 653 654 655
violent predator specification that was included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging that violent sex offense or if the person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to both a sexual motivation specification and a sexually violent predator specification that were included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging that designated homicide,	650 651 652 653 654 655 656
violent predator specification that was included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging that violent sex offense or if the person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to both a sexual motivation specification and a sexually violent predator specification that were included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging that designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense.	650 651 652 653 654 655 656 657 658

boundaries of any school premises, regardless of whether the	662
offender knows the offense is being committed in a school safety	663
zone or within five hundred feet of any school building or the	664
boundaries of any school premises.	665
(AAA) "Human trafficking" means a scheme or plan to which	666
all of the following apply:	667
(1) Its object is one or <pre>more both of the following:</pre>	668
(a) To subject a victim or victims to involuntary	669
servitude, as defined in section 2905.31 of the Revised Code or	670
to compel a victim or victims to engage in sexual activity for	671
hire, to engage in a performance that is obscene, sexually	672
oriented, or nudity oriented, or to be a model or participant in	673
the production of material that is obscene, sexually oriented,	674
or nudity oriented;	675
(b) To facilitate, encourage, or recruit a victim who is	676
less than sixteen years of age <u>a minor</u> or is a person with a	677
developmental disability, or victims who are less than sixteen	678
years of age minors or are persons with developmental	679
disabilities, for any purpose listed in divisions (A)(2)(a) to	680
(c) of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code;	681
(c) To facilitate, encourage, or recruit a victim who is	682
sixteen or seventeen years of age, or victims who are sixteen or	683
seventeen years of age, for any purpose listed in divisions (A)	684
(2) (a) to (c) of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code, if the	685
circumstances described in division (A) (5), (6), (7), (8), (9),	686
(10), (11), (12), or (13) of section 2907.03 of the Revised Code	687
apply with respect to the person engaging in the conduct and the	688
	000

(2) It involves at least two felony offenses, whether or

not there has been a prior conviction for any of the felony	691
offenses, to which all of the following apply:	692
(a) Each of the felony offenses is a violation of section	693
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.32, 2907.21, 2907.22, or 2923.32,	694
division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2907.323, or division (B)(1),	695
(2), (3), (4), or (5) of section 2919.22 of the Revised Code or	696
is a violation of a law of any state other than this state that	697
is substantially similar to any of the sections or divisions of	698
the Revised Code identified in this division.	699
(b) At least one of the felony offenses was committed in	700
this state.	701
(c) The felony offenses are related to the same scheme or	702
plan and are not isolated instances.	703
(BBB) "Material," "nudity," "obscene," "performance," and	704
"sexual activity" have the same meanings as in section 2907.01	705
of the Revised Code.	706
(CCC) "Material that is obscene, sexually oriented, or	707
nudity oriented" means any material that is obscene, that shows	708
a person participating or engaging in sexual activity,	709
masturbation, or bestiality, or that shows a person in a state	710
of nudity.	711
(DDD) "Performance that is obscene, sexually oriented, or	712
nudity oriented" means any performance that is obscene, that	713
shows a person participating or engaging in sexual activity,	714
masturbation, or bestiality, or that shows a person in a state	715
of nudity.	716
(EEE) "Accelerant" means a fuel or oxidizing agent, such	717
as an ignitable liquid, used to initiate a fire or increase the	718
rate of growth or spread of a fire	710

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Section 2. That existing sections 2152.021, 2905.32, and	720
2929.01 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	722