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Sub. H. B. No. 68

Representative Anielski

Cosponsors: Representatives Becker, Vitale, Riedel, Greenspan, Scherer, Blessing, Dean, Lipps, Ashford, Sprague, Boccieri, Fedor, Leland, Rogers, Sweeney, Manning, Celebrezze, Conditt, Galonski, Antonio, Arndt, Barnes, Boyd, Brenner, Butler, Carfagna, Dever, Edwards, Gavarone, Ginter, Green, Hagan, Hambley, Holmes, Householder, Hughes, Johnson, Keller, Kent, Kick, Koehler, Landis, Lepore-Hagan, McColley, O'Brien, Patterson, Patton, Pelanda, Perales, Ramos, Retherford, Rezabek, Romanchuk, Ryan, Schaffer, Schuring, Sheehy, Stein, Strahorn, West, Young, Zeltwanger

A BILL

То	amend sections 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323,	1
	2929.13, and 2929.14 of the Revised Code to	2
	include conduct involving an impaired person	3
	within the offenses of pandering obscenity	4
	involving a minor, pandering sexually oriented	5
	matter involving a minor, and illegal use of a	6
	minor in a nudity-oriented material or	7
	performance.	8

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323,	9
2929.13, and 2929.14 of the Revised Code be amended to read as	10
follows:	11
Sec. 2907.321. (A) No person, with knowledge of the	12
character of the material or performance involved, shall do any	1.3

of the following:	14
(1) Create, reproduce, or publish any obscene material	15
that has a minor or impaired person as one of its participants	16
or portrayed observers;	17
(2) Promote or advertise for sale or dissemination; sell,	18
deliver, disseminate, display, exhibit, present, rent, or	19
provide; or offer or agree to sell, deliver, disseminate,	20
display, exhibit, present, rent, or provide, any obscene	21
material that has a minor or impaired person as one of its	22
participants or portrayed observers;	23
(3) Create, direct, or produce an obscene performance that	24
has a minor or impaired person as one of its participants;	25
(4) Advertise or promote for presentation, present, or	26
participate in presenting an obscene performance that has a	27
minor or impaired person as one of its participants;	28
(5) Buy, procure, possess, or control any obscene	29
material, that has a minor or impaired person as one of its	30
participants;	31
(6) Bring or cause to be brought into this state any	32
obscene material that has a minor or impaired person as one of	33
its participants or portrayed observers.	34
(B)(1) This section does not apply to any material or	35
performance that is sold, disseminated, displayed, possessed,	36
controlled, brought or caused to be brought into this state, or	37
presented for a bona fide medical, scientific, educational,	38
religious, governmental, judicial, or other proper purpose, by	39
or to a physician, psychologist, sociologist, scientist,	40
teacher, person pursuing bona fide studies or research,	41

librarian, - clergyman member of the clergy, prosecutor, judge, or

other person having a proper interest in the material or	43
performance.	44
(2) Mistake of age is not a defense to a charge under this	45
section.	46
(3) In a prosecution under this section, the trier of fact	47
may infer that a person in the material or performance involved	48
is a minor or impaired person if the material or performance,	49
through its title, text, visual representation, or otherwise,	50
represents or depicts the person as a minor or impaired person.	51
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of pandering	52
obscenity involving a minor or impaired person. Violation If the	53
offense involves a minor, a violation of division (A)(1), (2),	54
(3), (4), or (6) of this section is a felony of the second	55
degree. Violation If the offense involves an impaired person, a	56
violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (6) of this	57
section is a felony of the third degree. A violation of division	58
(A)(5) of this section is a felony of the fourth degree. If the	59
offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	60
violation of this section or section 2907.322 or 2907.323 of the	61
Revised Code, pandering obscenity involving a minor or impaired	62
person in violation of division (A)(5) of this section is a	63
felony of the third degree.	64
(D) As used in this section and sections 2907.322 and	65
2907.323 of the Revised Code, "impaired person" means a person	66
whose ability to resist or consent is substantially impaired	67
because of a mental or physical condition or because of advanced	68
age, and the offender knows or has reasonable cause to believe	69
that the other person's ability to resist or consent is	70
substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition	71
or because of advanced age.	72

any minor into or across this state with the intent that the

minor engage in sexual activity, masturbation, or bestiality in

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a performance or for the purpose of producing material	102
containing a visual representation depicting the minor engaged	103
in sexual activity, masturbation, or bestiality.	104
(B)(1) This section does not apply to any material or	105
performance that is sold, disseminated, displayed, possessed,	106
controlled, brought or caused to be brought into this state, or	107
presented for a bona fide medical, scientific, educational,	108
religious, governmental, judicial, or other proper purpose, by	109
or to a physician, psychologist, sociologist, scientist,	110
teacher, person pursuing bona fide studies or research,	111
librarian, clergyman member of the clergy, prosecutor, judge, or	112
other person having a proper interest in the material or	113
performance.	114
(2) Mistake of age is not a defense to a charge under this	115
section.	116
(3) In a prosecution under this section, the trier of fact	117
may infer that a person in the material or performance involved	118
is a minor or impaired person if the material or performance,	119
through its title, text, visual representation, or otherwise,	120
represents or depicts the person as a minor or impaired person.	121
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of pandering	122
sexually oriented matter involving a minor or impaired person.	123
Violation <u>If the offense involves a minor, a violation</u> of	124
division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), $\frac{1}{2}$ of this section	125
is a felony of the second degree. <u>If the offense involves an</u>	126
impaired person, a violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4),	127
(6), or (7) of this section is a felony of the third degree.	128
Violation of division (A)(5) of this section is a felony of the	129
fourth degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of	130

or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or section

Page 6

2907.321 or 2907.323 of the Revised Code, pandering sexually	132
oriented matter involving a minor or impaired person in	133
violation of division (A)(5) of this section is a felony of the	134
third degree.	135
Sec. 2907.323. (A) No person shall do any of the	136
following:	137
(1) Photograph any minor or impaired person who is not the	138
person's child or ward in a state of nudity, or create, direct,	139
produce, or transfer any material or performance that shows the	140
minor or impaired person in a state of nudity, unless both of	141
the following apply:	142
(a) The material or performance is, or is to be, sold,	143
disseminated, displayed, possessed, controlled, brought or	144
caused to be brought into this state, or presented for a bona	145
fide artistic, medical, scientific, educational, religious,	146
governmental, judicial, or other proper purpose, by or to a	147
physician, psychologist, sociologist, scientist, teacher, person	148
pursuing bona fide studies or research, librarian, member of the	149
clergy, prosecutor, judge, or other person having a proper	150
interest in the material or performance;	151
(b) The minor's or impaired person's parents, guardian, or	152
custodian consents in writing to the photographing of the minor	153
or impaired person, to the use of the minor or impaired person	154
in the material or performance, or to the transfer of the	155
material and to the specific manner in which the material or	156
performance is to be used.	157
(2) Consent to the photographing of the person's minor-	158
child or ward who is a minor or impaired person, or photograph	159
the person's minor child or ward who is a minor or impaired	160

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person, in a state of nudity or consent to the use of the	161
person's minor child or ward who is a minor or impaired person	162
in a state of nudity in any material or performance, or use or	163
transfer a material or performance of that nature, unless the	164
material or performance is sold, disseminated, displayed,	165
possessed, controlled, brought or caused to be brought into this	166
state, or presented for a bona fide artistic, medical,	167
scientific, educational, religious, governmental, judicial, or	168
other proper purpose, by or to a physician, psychologist,	169
sociologist, scientist, teacher, person pursuing bona fide	170
studies or research, librarian, member of the clergy,	171
prosecutor, judge, or other person having a proper interest in	172
the material or performance;	173

- (3) Possess or view any material or performance that shows a minor <u>or impaired person</u> who is not the person's child or ward in a state of nudity, unless one of the following applies:
- (a) The material or performance is sold, disseminated, 177 displayed, possessed, controlled, brought or caused to be 178 brought into this state, or presented for a bona fide artistic, 179 medical, scientific, educational, religious, governmental, 180 judicial, or other proper purpose, by or to a physician, 181 psychologist, sociologist, scientist, teacher, person pursuing 182 bona fide studies or research, librarian, member of the clergy, 183 prosecutor, judge, or other person having a proper interest in 184 the material or performance. 185
- (b) The person knows that the <u>minor's or impaired person's</u> parents, guardian, or custodian has consented in writing to the photographing or use of the minor <u>or impaired person</u> in a state of nudity and to the manner in which the material or performance is used or transferred.

(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of illegal use	191
of a minor or impaired person in a nudity-oriented material or	192
performance. Whoever If the offense involves a minor, whoever	193
violates division (A)(1) or (2) of this section is guilty of a	194
felony of the second degree. If the offense involves an impaired	195
person, whoever violates division (A)(1) or (2) of this section	196
is guilty of a felony of the third degree. Except as otherwise	197
provided in this division, whoever violates division (A)(3) of	198
this section is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree. If the	199
offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	200
violation of this section or section 2907.321 or 2907.322 of the	201
Revised Code, illegal use of a minor or impaired person in a	202
nudity-oriented material or performance in violation of division	203
(A)(3) of this section is a felony of the fourth degree. If the	204
offender who violates division (A)(1) or (2) of this section	205
also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification as	206
described in section 2941.1422 of the Revised Code that was	207
included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or	208
information charging the offense, the court shall sentence the	209
offender to a mandatory prison term as provided in division (B)	210
(7) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code and shall order the	211
offender to make restitution as provided in division (B)(8) of	212
section 2929.18 of the Revised Code.	213
Sec. 2929.13. (A) Except as provided in division (E), (F),	214
or (G) of this section and unless a specific sanction is	215
required to be imposed or is precluded from being imposed	216
pursuant to law, a court that imposes a sentence upon an	217
offender for a felony may impose any sanction or combination of	218
sanctions on the offender that are provided in sections 2929.14	219
to 2929.18 of the Revised Code.	220

If the offender is eligible to be sentenced to community

control sanctions, the court shall consider the appropriateness	222
of imposing a financial sanction pursuant to section 2929.18 of	223
the Revised Code or a sanction of community service pursuant to	224
section 2929.17 of the Revised Code as the sole sanction for the	225
offense. Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	226
court is required to impose a mandatory prison term for the	227
offense for which sentence is being imposed, the court also	228
shall impose any financial sanction pursuant to section 2929.18	229
of the Revised Code that is required for the offense and may	230
impose any other financial sanction pursuant to that section but	231
may not impose any additional sanction or combination of	232
sanctions under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the Revised Code.	233

If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree 234 felony OVI offense or for a third degree felony OVI offense, in 235 addition to the mandatory term of local incarceration or the 236 mandatory prison term required for the offense by division (G) 237 (1) or (2) of this section, the court shall impose upon the 238 offender a mandatory fine in accordance with division (B)(3) of 239 section 2929.18 of the Revised Code and may impose whichever of 240 the following is applicable: 241

(1) For a fourth degree felony OVI offense for which 242 243 sentence is imposed under division (G)(1) of this section, an additional community control sanction or combination of 244 community control sanctions under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of 245 the Revised Code. If the court imposes upon the offender a 246 community control sanction and the offender violates any 247 condition of the community control sanction, the court may take 248 any action prescribed in division (B) of section 2929.15 of the 249 Revised Code relative to the offender, including imposing a 250 prison term on the offender pursuant to that division. 251

(2) For a third or fourth degree felony OVI offense for	252
which sentence is imposed under division (G)(2) of this section,	253
an additional prison term as described in division (B)(4) of	254
section 2929.14 of the Revised Code or a community control	255
sanction as described in division (G)(2) of this section.	256
(B)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(b) of this	257
section, if an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	258
felony of the fourth or fifth degree that is not an offense of	259
violence or that is a qualifying assault offense, the court	260
shall sentence the offender to a community control sanction of	261
at least one year's duration if all of the following apply:	262
(i) The offender previously has not been convicted of or	263
pleaded guilty to a felony offense.	264
(ii) The most serious charge against the offender at the	265
time of sentencing is a felony of the fourth or fifth degree.	266
(iii) If the court made a request of the department of	267
rehabilitation and correction pursuant to division (B)(1)(c) of	268
this section, the department, within the forty-five-day period	269
specified in that division, provided the court with the names	270
of, contact information for, and program details of one or more	271
community control sanctions of at least one year's duration that	272
are available for persons sentenced by the court.	273
(iv) The offender previously has not been convicted of or	274
pleaded guilty to a misdemeanor offense of violence that the	275
offender committed within two years prior to the offense for	276
which sentence is being imposed.	277
(b) The court has discretion to impose a prison term upon	278
an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony of	279

the fourth or fifth degree that is not an offense of violence or

that is a qualifying assault offense if any of the following	281
apply:	282
(i) The offender committed the offense while having a	283
firearm on or about the offender's person or under the	284
offender's control.	285
(ii) If the offense is a qualifying assault offense, the	286
offender caused serious physical harm to another person while	287
committing the offense, and, if the offense is not a qualifying	288
assault offense, the offender caused physical harm to another	289
person while committing the offense.	290
(iii) The offender violated a term of the conditions of	291
bond as set by the court.	292
(iv) The court made a request of the department of	293
rehabilitation and correction pursuant to division (B)(1)(c) of	294
this section, and the department, within the forty-five-day	295
period specified in that division, did not provide the court	296
with the name of, contact information for, and program details	297
of any community control sanction of at least one year's	298
duration that is available for persons sentenced by the court.	299
(v) The offense is a sex offense that is a fourth or fifth	300
degree felony violation of any provision of Chapter 2907. of the	301
Revised Code.	302
(vi) In committing the offense, the offender attempted to	303
cause or made an actual threat of physical harm to a person with	304
a deadly weapon.	305
(vii) In committing the offense, the offender attempted to	306
cause or made an actual threat of physical harm to a person, and	307
the offender previously was convicted of an offense that caused	308
physical harm to a person.	309

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(viii) The offender held a public office or position of	310
trust, and the offense related to that office or position; the	311
offender's position obliged the offender to prevent the offense	312
or to bring those committing it to justice; or the offender's	313
professional reputation or position facilitated the offense or	314
was likely to influence the future conduct of others.	315

- (ix) The offender committed the offense for hire or as part of an organized criminal activity.
- (x) The offender at the time of the offense was serving, or the offender previously had served, a prison term.
- (xi) The offender committed the offense while under acommunity control sanction, while on probation, or whilereleased from custody on a bond or personal recognizance.322
- (c) If a court that is sentencing an offender who is 323 convicted of or pleads quilty to a felony of the fourth or fifth 324 degree that is not an offense of violence or that is a 325 qualifying assault offense believes that no community control 326 sanctions are available for its use that, if imposed on the 327 offender, will adequately fulfill the overriding principles and 328 purposes of sentencing, the court shall contact the department 329 of rehabilitation and correction and ask the department to 330 provide the court with the names of, contact information for, 331 and program details of one or more community control sanctions 332 of at least one year's duration that are available for persons 333 sentenced by the court. Not later than forty-five days after 334 receipt of a request from a court under this division, the 335 department shall provide the court with the names of, contact 336 information for, and program details of one or more community 337 control sanctions of at least one year's duration that are 338 available for persons sentenced by the court, if any. Upon 339

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making a request under this division that relates to a

particular offender, a court shall defer sentencing of that

offender until it receives from the department the names of,

contact information for, and program details of one or more

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community control sanctions of at least one year's duration that

are available for persons sentenced by the court or for forty
five days, whichever is the earlier.

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If the department provides the court with the names of, 347 contact information for, and program details of one or more 348 community control sanctions of at least one year's duration that 349 are available for persons sentenced by the court within the 350 forty-five-day period specified in this division, the court 351 shall impose upon the offender a community control sanction 352 under division (B)(1)(a) of this section, except that the court 353 may impose a prison term under division (B)(1)(b) of this 354 section if a factor described in division (B)(1)(b)(i) or (ii) 355 of this section applies. If the department does not provide the 356 court with the names of, contact information for, and program 357 details of one or more community control sanctions of at least 358 one year's duration that are available for persons sentenced by 359 the court within the forty-five-day period specified in this 360 division, the court may impose upon the offender a prison term 361 under division (B)(1)(b)(iv) of this section. 362

(d) A sentencing court may impose an additional penalty under division (B) of section 2929.15 of the Revised Code upon an offender sentenced to a community control sanction under division (B)(1)(a) of this section if the offender violates the conditions of the community control sanction, violates a law, or leaves the state without the permission of the court or the offender's probation officer.

- (2) If division (B) (1) of this section does not apply,

 except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this section,

 in determining whether to impose a prison term as a sanction for

 a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, the sentencing court

 shall comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing

 under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code and with section

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 2929.12 of the Revised Code.
- (C) Except as provided in division (D), (E), (F), or (G) 377 of this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term 378 as a sanction for a felony of the third degree or a felony drug 379 offense that is a violation of a provision of Chapter 2925. of 380 the Revised Code and that is specified as being subject to this 381 division for purposes of sentencing, the sentencing court shall 382 comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing under 383 section 2929.11 of the Revised Code and with section 2929.12 of 384 the Revised Code 385
- (D)(1) Except as provided in division (E) or (F) of this 386 section, for a felony of the first or second degree, for a 387 felony drug offense that is a violation of any provision of 388 Chapter 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code for which a 389 presumption in favor of a prison term is specified as being 390 applicable, and for a violation of division (A)(4) or (B) of 391 section 2907.05 of the Revised Code for which a presumption in 392 favor of a prison term is specified as being applicable, it is 393 presumed that a prison term is necessary in order to comply with 394 the purposes and principles of sentencing under section 2929.11 395 of the Revised Code. Division (D)(2) of this section does not 396 apply to a presumption established under this division for a 397 violation of division (A)(4) of section 2907.05 of the Revised 398 399 Code.

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(2) Notwithstanding the presumption established under	400
division (D)(1) of this section for the offenses listed in that	401
division other than a violation of division (A)(4) or (B) of	402
section 2907.05 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court may	403
impose a community control sanction or a combination of	404
community control sanctions instead of a prison term on an	405
offender for a felony of the first or second degree or for a	406
felony drug offense that is a violation of any provision of	407
Chapter 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code for which a	408
presumption in favor of a prison term is specified as being	409
applicable if it makes both of the following findings:	410

- (a) A community control sanction or a combination of community control sanctions would adequately punish the offender and protect the public from future crime, because the applicable factors under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating a lesser likelihood of recidivism outweigh the applicable factors under that section indicating a greater likelihood of recidivism.
- (b) A community control sanction or a combination of 418 419 community control sanctions would not demean the seriousness of the offense, because one or more factors under section 2929.12 420 of the Revised Code that indicate that the offender's conduct 421 was less serious than conduct normally constituting the offense 422 are applicable, and they outweigh the applicable factors under 423 that section that indicate that the offender's conduct was more 424 serious than conduct normally constituting the offense. 425
- (E) (1) Except as provided in division (F) of this section, 426 for any drug offense that is a violation of any provision of 427 Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code and that is a felony of the 428 third, fourth, or fifth degree, the applicability of a 429

presumption under division (D) of this section in favor of a	430
prison term or of division (B) or (C) of this section in	431
determining whether to impose a prison term for the offense	432
shall be determined as specified in section 2925.02, 2925.03,	433
2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23,	434
2925.36, or 2925.37 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable	435
regarding the violation.	436
(2) If an offender who was convicted of or pleaded guilty	437

- to a felony violates the conditions of a community control 438 sanction imposed for the offense solely by reason of producing 439 440 positive results on a drug test or by acting pursuant to division (B)(2)(b) of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code with 441 respect to a minor drug possession offense, the court, as 442 punishment for the violation of the sanction, shall not order 443 that the offender be imprisoned unless the court determines on 444 the record either of the following: 445
- (a) The offender had been ordered as a sanction for the 446 felony to participate in a drug treatment program, in a drug 447 education program, or in narcotics anonymous or a similar 448 program, and the offender continued to use illegal drugs after a 449 reasonable period of participation in the program. 450
- (b) The imprisonment of the offender for the violation is 451 consistent with the purposes and principles of sentencing set 452 forth in section 2929.11 of the Revised Code. 453
- (3) A court that sentences an offender for a drug abuse 454 offense that is a felony of the third, fourth, or fifth degree 455 may require that the offender be assessed by a properly 456 credentialed professional within a specified period of time. The 457 court shall require the professional to file a written 458 assessment of the offender with the court. If the offender is 459

eligible for a community control sanction and after considering	460
the written assessment, the court may impose a community control	461
sanction that includes addiction services and recovery supports	462
included in a community-based continuum of care established	463
under section 340.032 of the Revised Code. If the court imposes	464
addiction services and recovery supports as a community control	465
sanction, the court shall direct the level and type of addiction	466
services and recovery supports after considering the assessment	467
and recommendation of community addiction services providers.	468

- (F) Notwithstanding divisions (A) to (E) of this section, the court shall impose a prison term or terms under sections 2929.02 to 2929.06, section 2929.14, section 2929.142, or section 2971.03 of the Revised Code and except as specifically provided in section 2929.20, divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19, or section 2967.191 of the Revised Code or when parole is authorized for the offense under section 2967.13 of the Revised Code shall not reduce the term or terms pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code for any of the following offenses:
 - (1) Aggravated murder when death is not imposed or murder;
- (2) Any rape, regardless of whether force was involved and
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 regardless of the age of the victim, or an attempt to commit
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 rape if, had the offender completed the rape that was attempted,
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 the offender would have been guilty of a violation of division
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 (A) (1) (b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code and would be
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 sentenced under section 2971.03 of the Revised Code;
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- (3) Gross sexual imposition or sexual battery, if the
 victim is less than thirteen years of age and if any of the
 following applies:

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(a) Regarding gross sexual imposition, the offender	490
previously was convicted of or pleaded guilty to rape, the	491
former offense of felonious sexual penetration, gross sexual	492
imposition, or sexual battery, and the victim of the previous	493
offense was less than thirteen years of age;	494
(b) Regarding gross sexual imposition, the offense was	495
committed on or after August 3, 2006, and evidence other than	496
the testimony of the victim was admitted in the case	497
corroborating the violation.	498
(c) Regarding sexual battery, either of the following	499
applies:	500
(i) The offense was committed prior to August 3, 2006, the	501
offender previously was convicted of or pleaded guilty to rape,	502
the former offense of felonious sexual penetration, or sexual	503
battery, and the victim of the previous offense was less than	504
thirteen years of age.	505
(ii) The offense was committed on or after August 3, 2006.	506
(4) A felony violation of section 2903.04, 2903.06,	507
2903.08, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2905.32, 2907.07, 2921.321,	508
or 2923.132 of the Revised Code if the section requires the	509
<pre>imposition of a prison term;</pre>	510
(5) A first, second, or third degree felony drug offense	511
for which section 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06,	512
2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.36, 2925.37, 3719.99,	513
or 4729.99 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable	514
regarding the violation, requires the imposition of a mandatory	515
<pre>prison term;</pre>	516
(6) Any offense that is a first or second degree felony	517
and that is not set forth in division $(F)(1)$, (2) , (3) , or (4)	518

of this section, if the offender previously was convicted of or	519
pleaded guilty to aggravated murder, murder, any first or second	520
degree felony, or an offense under an existing or former law of	521
this state, another state, or the United States that is or was	522
substantially equivalent to one of those offenses;	523
(7) Any offense that is a third degree felony and either	524
is a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code or an	525
attempt to commit a felony of the second degree that is an	526
offense of violence and involved an attempt to cause serious	527
physical harm to a person or that resulted in serious physical	528
harm to a person if the offender previously was convicted of or	529
pleaded guilty to any of the following offenses:	530
(a) Aggravated murder, murder, involuntary manslaughter,	531
rape, felonious sexual penetration as it existed under section	532
2907.12 of the Revised Code prior to September 3, 1996, a felony	533
of the first or second degree that resulted in the death of a	534
person or in physical harm to a person, or complicity in or an	535
attempt to commit any of those offenses;	536
(b) An offense under an existing or former law of this	537
state, another state, or the United States that is or was	538
substantially equivalent to an offense listed in division (F)(7)	539
(a) of this section that resulted in the death of a person or in	540
physical harm to a person.	541
(8) Any offense, other than a violation of section 2923.12	542
of the Revised Code, that is a felony, if the offender had a	543
firearm on or about the offender's person or under the	544
offender's control while committing the felony, with respect to	545
a portion of the sentence imposed pursuant to division (B)(1)(a)	546

of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for having the firearm;

(9) Any offense of violence that is a felony, if the	548
offender wore or carried body armor while committing the felony	549
offense of violence, with respect to the portion of the sentence	550
imposed pursuant to division (B)(1)(d) of section 2929.14 of the	551
Revised Code for wearing or carrying the body armor;	552
(10) Corrupt activity in violation of section 2923.32 of	553
the Revised Code when the most serious offense in the pattern of	554
corrupt activity that is the basis of the offense is a felony of	555
the first degree;	556
(11) Any violent sex offense or designated homicide,	557
assault, or kidnapping offense if, in relation to that offense,	558
the offender is adjudicated a sexually violent predator;	559
(12) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section	560
2921.36 of the Revised Code, or a violation of division (C) of	561
that section involving an item listed in division (A)(1) or (2)	562
of that section, if the offender is an officer or employee of	563
the department of rehabilitation and correction;	564
(13) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section	565
2903.06 of the Revised Code if the victim of the offense is a	566
peace officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised	567
Code, or an investigator of the bureau of criminal	568
identification and investigation, as defined in section 2903.11	569
of the Revised Code, with respect to the portion of the sentence	570
imposed pursuant to division (B)(5) of section 2929.14 of the	571
Revised Code;	572
(14) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section	573
2903.06 of the Revised Code if the offender has been convicted	574
of or pleaded guilty to three or more violations of division (A)	575
or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or an equivalent	576

offense, as defined in section 2941.1415 of the Revised Code, or	577
three or more violations of any combination of those divisions	578
and offenses, with respect to the portion of the sentence	579
imposed pursuant to division (B)(6) of section 2929.14 of the	580
Revised Code;	581
(15) Kidnapping, in the circumstances specified in section	582
2971.03 of the Revised Code and when no other provision of	583
division (F) of this section applies;	584
(16) Kidnapping, abduction, compelling prostitution,	585
promoting prostitution, engaging in a pattern of corrupt	586
activity, illegal use of a minor in a nudity-oriented material	587
$\frac{1}{1}$ or $\frac{1}{1}$ or $\frac{1}{1}$ or $\frac{1}{1}$ or $\frac{1}{1}$ or $\frac{1}{1}$ or $\frac{1}{1}$	588
section 2907.323 of the Revised Code that involves a minor, or	589
endangering children in violation of division (B)(1), (2), (3),	590
(4), or (5) of section 2919.22 of the Revised Code, if the	591
offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification as	592
described in section 2941.1422 of the Revised Code that was	593
included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or	594
information charging the offense;	595
(17) A felony violation of division (A) or (B) of section	596
2919.25 of the Revised Code if division (D)(3), (4), or (5) of	597
that section, and division (D)(6) of that section, require the	598
imposition of a prison term;	599
(18) A felony violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, or	600
2903.13 of the Revised Code, if the victim of the offense was a	601
woman that the offender knew was pregnant at the time of the	602
violation, with respect to a portion of the sentence imposed	603
pursuant to division (B)(8) of section 2929.14 of the Revised	604
Code;	605

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(19)(a) Any violent felony offense if the offender is a	606
violent career criminal and had a firearm on or about the	607
offender's person or under the offender's control during the	608
commission of the violent felony offense and displayed or	609
brandished the firearm, indicated that the offender possessed a	610
firearm, or used the firearm to facilitate the offense, with	611
respect to the portion of the sentence imposed under division	612
(K) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code.	613
(b) As used in division (F)(19)(a) of this section,	614
"violent career criminal" and "violent felony offense" have the	615
same meanings as in section 2923.132 of the Revised Code.	616
(G) Notwithstanding divisions (A) to (E) of this section,	617
if an offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI	618
offense or for a third degree felony OVI offense, the court	619
shall impose upon the offender a mandatory term of local	620
incarceration or a mandatory prison term in accordance with the	621
following:	622
(1) If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree	623
felony OVI offense and if the offender has not been convicted of	624
and has not pleaded guilty to a specification of the type	625
described in section 2941.1413 of the Revised Code, the court	626
may impose upon the offender a mandatory term of local	627
incarceration of sixty days or one hundred twenty days as	628
specified in division (G)(1)(d) of section 4511.19 of the	629
Revised Code. The court shall not reduce the term pursuant to	630
section 2929.20, 2967.193, or any other provision of the Revised	631
Code. The court that imposes a mandatory term of local	632
incarceration under this division shall specify whether the term	633

is to be served in a jail, a community-based correctional

facility, a halfway house, or an alternative residential

facility, and the offender shall serve the term in the type of 636 facility specified by the court. A mandatory term of local 637 incarceration imposed under division (G)(1) of this section is 638 not subject to any other Revised Code provision that pertains to 639 a prison term except as provided in division (A)(1) of this 640 section.

(2) If the offender is being sentenced for a third degree 642 felony OVI offense, or if the offender is being sentenced for a 643 fourth degree felony OVI offense and the court does not impose a 644 645 mandatory term of local incarceration under division (G)(1) of this section, the court shall impose upon the offender a 646 mandatory prison term of one, two, three, four, or five years if 647 the offender also is convicted of or also pleads quilty to a 648 specification of the type described in section 2941.1413 of the 649 Revised Code or shall impose upon the offender a mandatory 650 prison term of sixty days or one hundred twenty days as 6.51 specified in division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4511.19 of the 652 Revised Code if the offender has not been convicted of and has 653 654 not pleaded quilty to a specification of that type. Subject to divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of the Revised Code, the 655 court shall not reduce the term pursuant to section 2929.20, 656 2967.19, 2967.193, or any other provision of the Revised Code. 657 The offender shall serve the one-, two-, three-, four-, or five-658 year mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior to the 659 prison term imposed for the underlying offense and consecutively 660 to any other mandatory prison term imposed in relation to the 661 offense. In no case shall an offender who once has been 662 sentenced to a mandatory term of local incarceration pursuant to 663 division (G)(1) of this section for a fourth degree felony OVI 664 offense be sentenced to another mandatory term of local 665 incarceration under that division for any violation of division 666

(A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. In addition to the	667
mandatory prison term described in division (G)(2) of this	668
section, the court may sentence the offender to a community	669
control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the Revised	670
Code, but the offender shall serve the prison term prior to	671
serving the community control sanction. The department of	672
rehabilitation and correction may place an offender sentenced to	673
a mandatory prison term under this division in an intensive	674
program prison established pursuant to section 5120.033 of the	675
Revised Code if the department gave the sentencing judge prior	676
notice of its intent to place the offender in an intensive	677
program prison established under that section and if the judge	678
did not notify the department that the judge disapproved the	679
placement. Upon the establishment of the initial intensive	680
program prison pursuant to section 5120.033 of the Revised Code	681
that is privately operated and managed by a contractor pursuant	682
to a contract entered into under section 9.06 of the Revised	683
Code, both of the following apply:	684

- (a) The department of rehabilitation and correction shall

 make a reasonable effort to ensure that a sufficient number of

 offenders sentenced to a mandatory prison term under this

 division are placed in the privately operated and managed prison

 so that the privately operated and managed prison has full

 occupancy.

 690
- (b) Unless the privately operated and managed prison has

 full occupancy, the department of rehabilitation and correction

 shall not place any offender sentenced to a mandatory prison

 term under this division in any intensive program prison

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 established pursuant to section 5120.033 of the Revised Code

 other than the privately operated and managed prison.

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- (H) If an offender is being sentenced for a sexually
 oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense that is a
 felony committed on or after January 1, 1997, the judge shall
 require the offender to submit to a DNA specimen collection
 procedure pursuant to section 2901.07 of the Revised Code.

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- (I) If an offender is being sentenced for a sexually 702 oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense committed on 703 or after January 1, 1997, the judge shall include in the 704 sentence a summary of the offender's duties imposed under 705 sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised 706 Code and the duration of the duties. The judge shall inform the 707 offender, at the time of sentencing, of those duties and of 708 their duration. If required under division (A)(2) of section 709 2950.03 of the Revised Code, the judge shall perform the duties 710 specified in that section, or, if required under division (A)(6) 711 of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code, the judge shall perform 712 the duties specified in that division. 713
- (J) (1) Except as provided in division (J) (2) of this 714 section, when considering sentencing factors under this section 715 in relation to an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty 716 to an attempt to commit an offense in violation of section 717 2923.02 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court shall consider 718 the factors applicable to the felony category of the violation 719 of section 2923.02 of the Revised Code instead of the factors 720 applicable to the felony category of the offense attempted. 721
- (2) When considering sentencing factors under this section 722 in relation to an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty 723 to an attempt to commit a drug abuse offense for which the 724 penalty is determined by the amount or number of unit doses of 725 the controlled substance involved in the drug abuse offense, the 726

sentencing court shall consider the lactors applicable to the	121
felony category that the drug abuse offense attempted would be	728
if that drug abuse offense had been committed and had involved	729
an amount or number of unit doses of the controlled substance	730
that is within the next lower range of controlled substance	731
amounts than was involved in the attempt.	732
(K) As used in this section:	733
(1) "Community addiction services provider" has the same	734
meaning as in section 5119.01 of the Revised Code.	735
(2) "Drug abuse offense" has the same meaning as in	736
section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	737
(3) "Minor drug possession offense" has the same meaning	738
as in section 2925.11 of the Revised Code.	739
(4) "Qualifying assault offense" means a violation of	740
section 2903.13 of the Revised Code for which the penalty	741
provision in division (C)(8)(b) or (C)(9)(b) of that section	742
applies.	743
(L) At the time of sentencing an offender for any sexually	744
oriented offense, if the offender is a tier III sex	745
offender/child-victim offender relative to that offense and the	746
offender does not serve a prison term or jail term, the court	747
may require that the offender be monitored by means of a global	748
positioning device. If the court requires such monitoring, the	749
cost of monitoring shall be borne by the offender. If the	750
offender is indigent, the cost of compliance shall be paid by	751
the crime victims reparations fund.	752
Sec. 2929.14. (A) Except as provided in division (B)(1),	753
(B) (2), (B) (3), (B) (4), (B) (5), (B) (6), (B) (7), (B) (8), (E),	754

(G), (H), (J), or (K) of this section or in division (D)(6) of

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section 2919.25 of the Revised Code and except in relation to an	756
offense for which a sentence of death or life imprisonment is to	757
be imposed, if the court imposing a sentence upon an offender	758
for a felony elects or is required to impose a prison term on	759
the offender pursuant to this chapter, the court shall impose a	760
definite prison term that shall be one of the following:	761
(1) For a felony of the first degree, the prison term	762
shall be three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or	763
eleven years.	764
(2) For a felony of the second degree, the prison term	765
shall be two, three, four, five, six, seven, or eight years.	766
(3)(a) For a felony of the third degree that is a	767
violation of section 2903.06, 2903.08, 2907.03, 2907.04,	768
2907.05, <u>2907.321</u> , <u>2907.322</u> , <u>2907.323</u> , or 3795.04 of the Revised	769
Code or that is a violation of section 2911.02 or 2911.12 of the	770
Revised Code if the offender previously has been convicted of or	771
pleaded guilty in two or more separate proceedings to two or	772
more violations of section 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12	773
of the Revised Code, the prison term shall be twelve, eighteen,	774
twenty-four, thirty, thirty-six, forty-two, forty-eight, fifty-	775
four, or sixty months.	776
(b) For a felony of the third degree that is not an	777
offense for which division (A)(3)(a) of this section applies,	778
the prison term shall be nine, twelve, eighteen, twenty-four,	779
thirty, or thirty-six months.	780
(4) For a felony of the fourth degree, the prison term	781

shall be six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen,

(5) For a felony of the fifth degree, the prison term

fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, or eighteen months.

shall be six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, or twelve months.	785
(B)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this	786
section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	787
a felony also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	788
specification of the type described in section 2941.141,	789
2941.144, or 2941.145 of the Revised Code, the court shall	790
impose on the offender one of the following prison terms:	791
(i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of	792
the type described in division (A) of section 2941.144 of the	793
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm	794
that is an automatic firearm or that was equipped with a firearm	795
muffler or suppressor on or about the offender's person or under	796
the offender's control while committing the offense;	797
(ii) A prison term of three years if the specification is	798
of the type described in division (A) of section 2941.145 of the	799
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm on	800
or about the offender's person or under the offender's control	801
while committing the offense and displaying the firearm,	802
brandishing the firearm, indicating that the offender possessed	803
the firearm, or using it to facilitate the offense;	804
(iii) A prison term of one year if the specification is of	805
the type described in division (A) of section 2941.141 of the	806
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm on	807
or about the offender's person or under the offender's control	808
while committing the offense;	809
(iv) A prison term of nine years if the specification is	810
of the type described in division (D) of section 2941.144 of the	811
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm	812
that is an automatic firearm or that was equipped with a firearm	813

muffler or suppressor on or about the offender's person or under	814
the offender's control while committing the offense and	815
specifies that the offender previously has been convicted of or	816
pleaded guilty to a specification of the type described in	817
section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of	818
the Revised Code;	819
(v) A prison term of fifty-four months if the	820
specification is of the type described in division (D) of	821
section 2941.145 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	822
with having a firearm on or about the offender's person or under	823
the offender's control while committing the offense and	824
displaying the firearm, brandishing the firearm, indicating that	825
the offender possessed the firearm, or using the firearm to	826
facilitate the offense and that the offender previously has been	827
convicted of or pleaded guilty to a specification of the type	828
described in section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or	829
2941.1412 of the Revised Code;	830
(vi) A prison term of eighteen months if the specification	831
is of the type described in division (D) of section 2941.141 of	832
the Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm	833
on or about the offender's person or under the offender's	834
control while committing the offense and that the offender	835
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	836
specification of the type described in section 2941.141,	837
2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of the Revised Code.	838
(b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under	839
division (B)(1)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be	840
reduced pursuant to section 2967.19, section 2929.20, section	841
2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter	842

5120. of the Revised Code. Except as provided in division (B)(1) 843

- (g) of this section, a court shall not impose more than one 844 prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)(a) of this 845 section for felonies committed as part of the same act or 846 transaction.
- (c)(i) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this 848 section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty to 849 a violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a 850 felony that includes, as an essential element, purposely or 851 knowingly causing or attempting to cause the death of or 852 853 physical harm to another, also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in division (A) of 854 section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 855 with committing the offense by discharging a firearm from a 856 motor vehicle other than a manufactured home, the court, after 857 imposing a prison term on the offender for the violation of 858 section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the other felony 859 offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section, 860 shall impose an additional prison term of five years upon the 861 offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, 862 section 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other provision of 863 Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. 864
- 865 (ii) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty to 866 a violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a 867 felony that includes, as an essential element, purposely or 868 knowingly causing or attempting to cause the death of or 869 physical harm to another, also is convicted of or pleads guilty 870 to a specification of the type described in division (C) of 871 section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 872 with committing the offense by discharging a firearm from a 873 motor vehicle other than a manufactured home and that the 874

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offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 875 specification of the type described in section 2941.141, 876 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, 877 the court, after imposing a prison term on the offender for the 878 violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the 879 other felony offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (3) of this 880 section, shall impose an additional prison term of ninety months 881 upon the offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 882 2929.20, 2967.19, 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 883 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. 884

- (iii) A court shall not impose more than one additional prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)(c) of this section for felonies committed as part of the same act or transaction. If a court imposes an additional prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)(c) of this section relative to an offense, the court also shall impose a prison term under division (B)(1)(a) of this section relative to the same offense, provided the criteria specified in that division for imposing an additional prison term are satisfied relative to the offender and the offense.
- (d) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 895 an offense of violence that is a felony also is convicted of or 896 pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in 897 section 2941.1411 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 898 with wearing or carrying body armor while committing the felony 899 offense of violence, the court shall impose on the offender a 900 prison term of two years. The prison term so imposed, subject to 901 divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of the Revised Code, 902 shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 903 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 904 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not 905

impose more than one prison term on an offender under division	906
(B)(1)(d) of this section for felonies committed as part of the	907
same act or transaction. If a court imposes an additional prison	908
term under division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this section, the court	909
is not precluded from imposing an additional prison term under	910
division (B)(1)(d) of this section.	911

- (e) The court shall not impose any of the prison terms described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.12 or 2923.123 of the Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of the prison terms described in division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.122 that involves a deadly weapon that is a firearm other than a dangerous ordnance, section 2923.16, or section 2923.121 of the Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of the prison terms described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.13 of the Revised Code unless all of the following apply:
- (i) The offender previously has been convicted of 926 aggravated murder, murder, or any felony of the first or second 927 degree. 928
- (ii) Less than five years have passed since the offender929was released from prison or post-release control, whichever is930later, for the prior offense.931
- (f) (i) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 932 a felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or 933 attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and 934 also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the 935

type described in division (A) of section 2941.1412 of the 936 Revised Code that charges the offender with committing the 937 offense by discharging a firearm at a peace officer as defined 938 in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code or a corrections officer, 939 as defined in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, the court, 940 after imposing a prison term on the offender for the felony 941 942 offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section, shall impose an additional prison term of seven years upon the 943 offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, 944 section 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other provision of 945 Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. 946

(ii) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 947 felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or 948 attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and 949 also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the 950 type described in division (B) of section 2941.1412 of the 9.51 Revised Code that charges the offender with committing the 952 offense by discharging a firearm at a peace officer, as defined 953 in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code, or a corrections 954 officer, as defined in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, 955 956 and that the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a specification of the type described in 957 section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of 958 the Revised Code, the court, after imposing a prison term on the 959 offender for the felony offense under division (A), (B)(2), or 960 (3) of this section, shall impose an additional prison term of 961 one hundred twenty-six months upon the offender that shall not 962 be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, 2967.19, 2967.193, or 963 any other provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised 964 Code. 965

(iii) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to

two or more felonies that include, as an essential element, 967 causing or attempting to cause the death or physical harm to 968 another and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 969 specification of the type described under division (B)(1)(f) of 970 this section in connection with two or more of the felonies of 971 which the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads 972 quilty, the sentencing court shall impose on the offender the 973 prison term specified under division (B)(1)(f) of this section 974 for each of two of the specifications of which the offender is 975 convicted or to which the offender pleads quilty and, in its 976 discretion, also may impose on the offender the prison term 977 specified under that division for any or all of the remaining 978 specifications. If a court imposes an additional prison term on 979 an offender under division (B)(1)(f) of this section relative to 980 an offense, the court shall not impose a prison term under 981 division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this section relative to the same 982 offense. 983

(q) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to two 984 985 or more felonies, if one or more of those felonies are aggravated murder, murder, attempted aggravated murder, 986 attempted murder, aggravated robbery, felonious assault, or 987 rape, and if the offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 988 specification of the type described under division (B)(1)(a) of 989 this section in connection with two or more of the felonies, the 990 sentencing court shall impose on the offender the prison term 991 specified under division (B)(1)(a) of this section for each of 992 the two most serious specifications of which the offender is 993 convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty and, in its 994 discretion, also may impose on the offender the prison term 995 specified under that division for any or all of the remaining 996 specifications. 997

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(2)(a) If division (B)(2)(b) of this section does not	998
apply, the court may impose on an offender, in addition to the	999
longest prison term authorized or required for the offense, an	1000
additional definite prison term of one, two, three, four, five,	1001
six, seven, eight, nine, or ten years if all of the following	1002
criteria are met:	1003
(i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	1004
specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the	1005
Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender.	1006
(ii) The offense of which the offender currently is	1007
convicted or to which the offender currently pleads guilty is	1008
aggravated murder and the court does not impose a sentence of	1009
death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, terrorism and	1010
the court does not impose a sentence of life imprisonment	1011
without parole, any felony of the first degree that is an	1012
offense of violence and the court does not impose a sentence of	1013
life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of the second	1014
degree that is an offense of violence and the trier of fact	1015
finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a threat	1016
to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in	1017
serious physical harm to a person.	1018
(iii) The court imposes the longest prison term for the	1019
offense that is not life imprisonment without parole.	1020
(iv) The court finds that the prison terms imposed	1021
pursuant to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if	1022
applicable, division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are	1023
inadequate to punish the offender and protect the public from	1024
future crime, because the applicable factors under section	1025

2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating a greater likelihood of

recidivism outweigh the applicable factors under that section

indicating a lesser likelihood of recidivism. 1028 (v) The court finds that the prison terms imposed pursuant 1029 to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if applicable, 1030 division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are demeaning to the 1031 seriousness of the offense, because one or more of the factors 1032 under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating that the 1033 offender's conduct is more serious than conduct normally 1034 constituting the offense are present, and they outweigh the 1035 applicable factors under that section indicating that the 1036 offender's conduct is less serious than conduct normally 1037 constituting the offense. 1038 1039 (b) The court shall impose on an offender the longest prison term authorized or required for the offense and shall 1040 impose on the offender an additional definite prison term of 1041 one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten 1042 years if all of the following criteria are met: 1043 (i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 1044 specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the 1045 Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender. 1046 (ii) The offender within the preceding twenty years has 1047 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more offenses 1048 described in division (CC)(1) of section 2929.01 of the Revised 1049 Code, including all offenses described in that division of which 1050 the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty 1051 in the current prosecution and all offenses described in that 1052 division of which the offender previously has been convicted or 1053 to which the offender previously pleaded guilty, whether 1054 prosecuted together or separately. 1055

(iii) The offense or offenses of which the offender

currently is convicted or to which the offender currently pleads	1057
guilty is aggravated murder and the court does not impose a	1058
sentence of death or life imprisonment without parole, murder,	1059
terrorism and the court does not impose a sentence of life	1060
imprisonment without parole, any felony of the first degree that	1061
is an offense of violence and the court does not impose a	1062
sentence of life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of	1063
the second degree that is an offense of violence and the trier	1064
of fact finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a	1065
threat to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in	1066
serious physical harm to a person.	1067

- (c) For purposes of division (B)(2)(b) of this section, 1068 two or more offenses committed at the same time or as part of 1069 the same act or event shall be considered one offense, and that 1070 one offense shall be the offense with the greatest penalty. 1071
- (d) A sentence imposed under division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.19, or section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. The offender shall serve an additional prison term imposed under this section consecutively to and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense.
- (e) When imposing a sentence pursuant to division (B) (2)(a) or (b) of this section, the court shall state its findings explaining the imposed sentence.
- (3) Except when an offender commits a violation of section 2903.01 or 2907.02 of the Revised Code and the penalty imposed for the violation is life imprisonment or commits a violation of section 2903.02 of the Revised Code, if the offender commits a violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code and

that section classifies the offender as a major drug offender,	1087
if the offender commits a felony violation of section 2925.02,	1088
2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.36, 3719.07, 3719.08, 3719.16, 3719.161,	1089
4729.37, or 4729.61, division (C) or (D) of section 3719.172,	1090
division (E) of section 4729.51, or division (J) of section	1091
4729.54 of the Revised Code that includes the sale, offer to	1092
sell, or possession of a schedule I or II controlled substance,	1093
with the exception of marihuana, and the court imposing sentence	1094
upon the offender finds that the offender is guilty of a	1095
specification of the type described in section 2941.1410 of the	1096
Revised Code charging that the offender is a major drug	1097
offender, if the court imposing sentence upon an offender for a	1098
felony finds that the offender is guilty of corrupt activity	1099
with the most serious offense in the pattern of corrupt activity	1100
being a felony of the first degree, or if the offender is guilty	1101
of an attempted violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code	1102
and, had the offender completed the violation of section 2907.02	1103
of the Revised Code that was attempted, the offender would have	1104
been subject to a sentence of life imprisonment or life	1105
imprisonment without parole for the violation of section 2907.02	1106
of the Revised Code, the court shall impose upon the offender	1107
for the felony violation a mandatory prison term of the maximum	1108
prison term prescribed for a felony of the first degree that,	1109
subject to divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of the	1110
Revised Code, cannot be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,	1111
section 2967.19, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or	1112
5120. of the Revised Code.	1113

(4) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or 1114 fourth degree felony OVI offense under division (G)(2) of 1115 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court shall 1116 impose upon the offender a mandatory prison term in accordance 1117

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with that division. In addition to the mandatory prison term, if	1118
the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI	1119
offense, the court, notwithstanding division (A)(4) of this	1120
section, may sentence the offender to a definite prison term of	1121
not less than six months and not more than thirty months, and if	1122
the offender is being sentenced for a third degree felony OVI	1123
offense, the sentencing court may sentence the offender to an	1124
additional prison term of any duration specified in division (A)	1125
(3) of this section. In either case, the additional prison term	1126
imposed shall be reduced by the sixty or one hundred twenty days	1127
imposed upon the offender as the mandatory prison term. The	1128
total of the additional prison term imposed under division (B)	1129
(4) of this section plus the sixty or one hundred twenty days	1130
imposed as the mandatory prison term shall equal a definite term	1131
in the range of six months to thirty months for a fourth degree	1132
felony OVI offense and shall equal one of the authorized prison	1133
terms specified in division (A)(3) of this section for a third	1134
degree felony OVI offense. If the court imposes an additional	1135
prison term under division (B)(4) of this section, the offender	1136
shall serve the additional prison term after the offender has	1137
served the mandatory prison term required for the offense. In	1138
addition to the mandatory prison term or mandatory and	1139
additional prison term imposed as described in division (B)(4)	1140
of this section, the court also may sentence the offender to a	1141
community control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of	1142
the Revised Code, but the offender shall serve all of the prison	1143
terms so imposed prior to serving the community control	1144
sanction.	1145

If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree

the Revised Code and the court imposes a mandatory term of local

felony OVI offense under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of

incarceration, the court may impose a prison term as described 1149 in division (A)(1) of that section.

- (5) If an offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 1151 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 1152 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 1153 specification of the type described in section 2941.1414 of the 1154 Revised Code that charges that the victim of the offense is a 1155 peace officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised 1156 Code, or an investigator of the bureau of criminal 1157 1158 identification and investigation, as defined in section 2903.11 of the Revised Code, the court shall impose on the offender a 1159 prison term of five years. If a court imposes a prison term on 1160 an offender under division (B)(5) of this section, the prison 1161 term, subject to divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of the 1162 Revised Code, shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, 1163 section 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other provision of 1164 Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A court 1165 shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender under 1166 division (B)(5) of this section for felonies committed as part 1167 of the same act. 1168
- (6) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 1169 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 1170 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 1171 specification of the type described in section 2941.1415 of the 1172 Revised Code that charges that the offender previously has been 1173 convicted of or pleaded quilty to three or more violations of 1174 division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or an 1175 equivalent offense, as defined in section 2941.1415 of the 1176 Revised Code, or three or more violations of any combination of 1177 those divisions and offenses, the court shall impose on the 1178 offender a prison term of three years. If a court imposes a 1179

the Revised Code.

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prison term on an offender under division (B)(6) of this	1180
section, the prison term, subject to divisions (C) to (I) of	1181
section 2967.19 of the Revised Code, shall not be reduced	1182
pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.19, section 2967.193,	1183
or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the	1184
Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than one prison term	1185
on an offender under division (B)(6) of this section for	1186
felonies committed as part of the same act.	1187
(7)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	1188
a felony violation of section 2905.01, 2905.02, 2907.21,	1189
2907.22, or 2923.32, division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2907.323,	1190
or division (B)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of section 2919.22 of	1191
the Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	1192
specification of the type described in section 2941.1422 of the	1193
Revised Code that charges that the offender knowingly committed	1194
the offense in furtherance of human trafficking, the court shall	1195
impose on the offender a mandatory prison term that is one of	1196
the following:	1197
(i) If the offense is a felony of the first degree, a	1198
definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater	1199
than ten years;	1200
(ii) If the offense is a felony of the second or third	1201
degree, a definite prison term of not less than three years and	1202
not greater than the maximum prison term allowed for the offense	1203
by division (A) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code;	1204
(iii) If the offense is a felony of the fourth or fifth	1205
degree, a definite prison term that is the maximum prison term	1206
allowed for the offense by division (A) of section 2929.14 of	1207

- (b) Subject to divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of 1209 the Revised Code, the prison term imposed under division (B) (7) 1210 (a) of this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 1211 2929.20, section 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other 1212 provision of Chapter 2967. of the Revised Code. A court shall 1213 not impose more than one prison term on an offender under 1214 division (B)(7)(a) of this section for felonies committed as 1215 part of the same act, scheme, or plan. 1216
- (8) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 1217 felony violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, or 2903.13 of the 1218 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 1219 specification of the type described in section 2941.1423 of the 1220 1221 Revised Code that charges that the victim of the violation was a woman whom the offender knew was pregnant at the time of the 1222 violation, notwithstanding the range of prison terms prescribed 1223 in division (A) of this section for felonies of the same degree 1224 as the violation, the court shall impose on the offender a 1225 mandatory prison term that is either a definite prison term of 1226 six months or one of the prison terms prescribed in section 1227 2929.14 of the Revised Code for felonies of the same degree as 1228 the violation. 1229
- (C)(1)(a) Subject to division (C)(1)(b) of this section, 1230 if a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant 1231 to division (B)(1)(a) of this section for having a firearm on or 1232 about the offender's person or under the offender's control 1233 while committing a felony, if a mandatory prison term is imposed 1234 upon an offender pursuant to division (B)(1)(c) of this section 1235 for committing a felony specified in that division by 1236 discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle, or if both types of 1237 mandatory prison terms are imposed, the offender shall serve any 1238 mandatory prison term imposed under either division 1239

consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed under	1240
either division or under division (B)(1)(d) of this section,	1241
consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for the	1242
underlying felony pursuant to division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of	1243
this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and	1244
consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term	1245
previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender.	1246

- (b) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 1247 pursuant to division (B)(1)(d) of this section for wearing or 1248 carrying body armor while committing an offense of violence that 1249 1250 is a felony, the offender shall serve the mandatory term so imposed consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed 1251 under that division or under division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this 1252 section, consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed 1253 for the underlying felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) 1254 of this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and 1255 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 1256 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 1257
- (c) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 1258 pursuant to division (B)(1)(f) of this section, the offender 1259 shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively 1260 to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying 1261 felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section or 1262 any other section of the Revised Code, and consecutively to any 1263 other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 1264 subsequently imposed upon the offender. 1265
- (d) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 1266 pursuant to division (B)(7) or (8) of this section, the offender 1267 shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively 1268 to any other mandatory prison term imposed under that division 1269

or under any other provision of law and consecutively to any
other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or
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subsequently imposed upon the offender.
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- (2) If an offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or 1273 other residential detention facility violates section 2917.02, 1274 2917.03, or 2921.35 of the Revised Code or division (A)(1) or 1275 (2) of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code, if an offender who 1276 is under detention at a detention facility commits a felony 1277 violation of section 2923.131 of the Revised Code, or if an 1278 offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or other 1279 residential detention facility or is under detention at a 1280 detention facility commits another felony while the offender is 1281 an escapee in violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 1282 2921.34 of the Revised Code, any prison term imposed upon the 1283 offender for one of those violations shall be served by the 1284 offender consecutively to the prison term or term of 1285 imprisonment the offender was serving when the offender 1286 committed that offense and to any other prison term previously 1287 or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 1288
- (3) If a prison term is imposed for a violation of 1289 division (B) of section 2911.01 of the Revised Code, a violation 1290 of division (A) of section 2913.02 of the Revised Code in which 1291 the stolen property is a firearm or dangerous ordnance, or a 1292 felony violation of division (B) of section 2921.331 of the 1293 Revised Code, the offender shall serve that prison term 1294 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 1295 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 1296
- (4) If multiple prison terms are imposed on an offender 1297 for convictions of multiple offenses, the court may require the 1298 offender to serve the prison terms consecutively if the court 1299

finds that the consecutive service is necessary to protect the	1300
public from future crime or to punish the offender and that	1301
consecutive sentences are not disproportionate to the	1302
seriousness of the offender's conduct and to the danger the	1303
offender poses to the public, and if the court also finds any of	1304
the following:	1305
(a) The offender committed one or more of the multiple	1306

- (a) The offender committed one or more of the multiple 1306 offenses while the offender was awaiting trial or sentencing, 1307 was under a sanction imposed pursuant to section 2929.16, 1308 2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code, or was under postrelease control for a prior offense. 1310
- (b) At least two of the multiple offenses were committed

 as part of one or more courses of conduct, and the harm caused

 by two or more of the multiple offenses so committed was so

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 great or unusual that no single prison term for any of the

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 offenses committed as part of any of the courses of conduct

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 adequately reflects the seriousness of the offender's conduct.

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- (c) The offender's history of criminal conduct 1317 demonstrates that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect 1318 the public from future crime by the offender. 1319
- (5) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 1320 pursuant to division (B)(5) or (6) of this section, the offender 1321 shall serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior 1322 to any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of 1323 division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code 1324 pursuant to division (A) of this section or section 2929.142 of 1325 the Revised Code. If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an 1326 offender pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section, and if a 1327 mandatory prison term also is imposed upon the offender pursuant 1328 to division (B)(6) of this section in relation to the same 1329

violation, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term	1330
imposed pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section	1331
consecutively to and prior to the mandatory prison term imposed	1332
pursuant to division (B)(6) of this section and consecutively to	1333
and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying	1334
violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the	1335
Revised Code pursuant to division (A) of this section or section	1336
2929.142 of the Revised Code.	1337

- (6) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to 1338 division (C)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) or division (H)(1) or (2) 1339 of this section, the term to be served is the aggregate of all 1340 of the terms so imposed.
- (D)(1) If a court imposes a prison term for a felony of 1342 the first degree, for a felony of the second degree, for a 1343 felony sex offense, or for a felony of the third degree that is 1344 not a felony sex offense and in the commission of which the 1345 offender caused or threatened to cause physical harm to a 1346 person, it shall include in the sentence a requirement that the 1347 offender be subject to a period of post-release control after 1348 the offender's release from imprisonment, in accordance with 1349 that division. If a court imposes a sentence including a prison 1350 term of a type described in this division on or after July 11, 1351 2006, the failure of a court to include a post-release control 1352 requirement in the sentence pursuant to this division does not 1353 negate, limit, or otherwise affect the mandatory period of post-1354 release control that is required for the offender under division 1355 (B) of section 2967.28 of the Revised Code. Section 2929.191 of 1356 the Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, a court 1357 imposed a sentence including a prison term of a type described 1358 in this division and failed to include in the sentence pursuant 1359 to this division a statement regarding post-release control. 1360

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- (2) If a court imposes a prison term for a felony of the 1361 third, fourth, or fifth degree that is not subject to division 1362 (D)(1) of this section, it shall include in the sentence a 1363 requirement that the offender be subject to a period of post-1364 release control after the offender's release from imprisonment, 1365 in accordance with that division, if the parole board determines 1366 that a period of post-release control is necessary. Section 1367 2929.191 of the Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, 1368 a court imposed a sentence including a prison term of a type 1369 described in this division and failed to include in the sentence 1370 pursuant to this division a statement regarding post-release 1371 control. 1372
- (E) The court shall impose sentence upon the offender in accordance with section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, and Chapter 2971. of the Revised Code applies regarding the prison term or term of life imprisonment without parole imposed upon the offender and the service of that term of imprisonment if any of the following apply:
- (1) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violent 1379 sex offense or a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping 1380 offense, and, in relation to that offense, the offender is 1381 adjudicated a sexually violent predator. 1382
- (2) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 1383 violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the 1384 Revised Code committed on or after January 2, 2007, and either 1385 the court does not impose a sentence of life without parole when 1386 authorized pursuant to division (B) of section 2907.02 of the 1387 Revised Code, or division (B) of section 2907.02 of the Revised 1388 Code provides that the court shall not sentence the offender 1389 pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code. 1390

(3) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to attempted	1391
rape committed on or after January 2, 2007, and a specification	1392
of the type described in section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or	1393
2941.1420 of the Revised Code.	1394
(4) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	1395
violation of section 2905.01 of the Revised Code committed on or	1396
after January 1, 2008, and that section requires the court to	1397
sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised	1398
Code.	1399
(5) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to	1400
aggravated murder committed on or after January 1, 2008, and	1401
division (A)(2)(b)(ii) of section 2929.022, division (A)(1)(e),	1402
(C) (1) (a) (v), (C) (2) (a) (ii), (D) (2) (b), (D) (3) (a) (iv), or (E) (1)	1403
(d) of section 2929.03, or division (A) or (B) of section	1404
2929.06 of the Revised Code requires the court to sentence the	1405
offender pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 2971.03 of the	1406
Revised Code.	1407
(6) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to murder	1408
committed on or after January 1, 2008, and division (B)(2) of	1409
section 2929.02 of the Revised Code requires the court to	1410
sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised	1411
Code.	1412
(F) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded	1413
guilty to a felony is sentenced to a prison term or term of	1414
imprisonment under this section, sections 2929.02 to 2929.06 of	1415
the Revised Code, section 2929.142 of the Revised Code, section	1416
2971.03 of the Revised Code, or any other provision of law,	1417
section 5120.163 of the Revised Code applies regarding the	1418
person while the person is confined in a state correctional	1419
institution.	1420

(G) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	1421
a felony that is an offense of violence also is convicted of or	1422
pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in	1423
section 2941.142 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	1424
with having committed the felony while participating in a	1425
criminal gang, the court shall impose upon the offender an	1426
additional prison term of one, two, or three years.	1427
(H)(1) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty	1428
to aggravated murder, murder, or a felony of the first, second,	1429
or third degree that is an offense of violence also is convicted	1430
of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in	1431
section 2941.143 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	1432
with having committed the offense in a school safety zone or	1433
towards a person in a school safety zone, the court shall impose	1434
upon the offender an additional prison term of two years. The	1435
offender shall serve the additional two years consecutively to	1436
and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense.	1437
(2)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	1438
a felony violation of section 2907.22, 2907.24, 2907.241, or	1439
2907.25 of the Revised Code and to a specification of the type	1440
described in section 2941.1421 of the Revised Code and if the	1441
court imposes a prison term on the offender for the felony	1442
violation, the court may impose upon the offender an additional	1443
prison term as follows:	1444
(i) Subject to division (H)(2)(a)(ii) of this section, an	1445
additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, or six	1446
months;	1447
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	1448
pleaded guilty to one or more felony or misdemeanor violations	1449

of section 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of

the Revised Code and also was convicted of or pleaded guilty to	1451
a specification of the type described in section 2941.1421 of	1452
the Revised Code regarding one or more of those violations, an	1453
additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six,	1454
seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, or twelve months.	1455

- (b) In lieu of imposing an additional prison term under 1456 division (H)(2)(a) of this section, the court may directly 1457 impose on the offender a sanction that requires the offender to 1458 wear a real-time processing, continual tracking electronic 1459 1460 monitoring device during the period of time specified by the court. The period of time specified by the court shall equal the 1461 duration of an additional prison term that the court could have 1462 imposed upon the offender under division (H)(2)(a) of this 1463 section. A sanction imposed under this division shall commence 1464 on the date specified by the court, provided that the sanction 1465 shall not commence until after the offender has served the 1466 prison term imposed for the felony violation of section 2907.22, 1467 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of the Revised Code and any 1468 residential sanction imposed for the violation under section 1469 2929.16 of the Revised Code. A sanction imposed under this 1470 division shall be considered to be a community control sanction 1471 for purposes of section 2929.15 of the Revised Code, and all 1472 provisions of the Revised Code that pertain to community control 1473 sanctions shall apply to a sanction imposed under this division, 1474 except to the extent that they would by their nature be clearly 1475 inapplicable. The offender shall pay all costs associated with a 1476 sanction imposed under this division, including the cost of the 1477 use of the monitoring device. 1478
- (I) At the time of sentencing, the court may recommend the 1479 offender for placement in a program of shock incarceration under 1480 section 5120.031 of the Revised Code or for placement in an 1481

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intensive program prison under section 5120.032 of the Revised	1482
Code, disapprove placement of the offender in a program of shock	1483
incarceration or an intensive program prison of that nature, or	1484
make no recommendation on placement of the offender. In no case	1485
shall the department of rehabilitation and correction place the	1486
offender in a program or prison of that nature unless the	1487
department determines as specified in section 5120.031 or	1488
5120.032 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the	1489
offender is eligible for the placement.	1490

If the court disapproves placement of the offender in a 1491 program or prison of that nature, the department of 1492 rehabilitation and correction shall not place the offender in 1493 any program of shock incarceration or intensive program prison. 1494

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a 1495 program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program 1496 prison, and if the offender is subsequently placed in the 1497 recommended program or prison, the department shall notify the 1498 court of the placement and shall include with the notice a brief 1499 description of the placement.

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program prison and the department does not subsequently place the offender in the recommended program or prison, the department shall send a notice to the court indicating why the offender was not placed in the recommended program or prison.

If the court does not make a recommendation under this

division with respect to an offender and if the department

determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the

Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the offender is

eligible for placement in a program or prison of that nature,

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the department shall screen the offender and determine if there 1512 is an available program of shock incarceration or an intensive 1513 program prison for which the offender is suited. If there is an 1514 available program of shock incarceration or an intensive program 1515 prison for which the offender is suited, the department shall 1516 notify the court of the proposed placement of the offender as 1517 specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the Revised Code 1518 and shall include with the notice a brief description of the 1519 placement. The court shall have ten days from receipt of the 1520 notice to disapprove the placement. 1521

- (J) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to 1522 aggravated vehicular homicide in violation of division (A)(1) of 1523 section 2903.06 of the Revised Code and division (B)(2)(c) of 1524 that section applies, the person shall be sentenced pursuant to 1525 section 2929.142 of the Revised Code. 1526
- (K) (1) The court shall impose an additional mandatory 1527 prison term of two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, 1528 ten, or eleven years on an offender who is convicted of or 1529 pleads guilty to a violent felony offense if the offender also 1530 is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type 1531 described in section 2941.1424 of the Revised Code that charges 1532 that the offender is a violent career criminal and had a firearm 1533 on or about the offender's person or under the offender's 1534 control while committing the presently charged violent felony 1535 offense and displayed or brandished the firearm, indicated that 1536 the offender possessed a firearm, or used the firearm to 1537 facilitate the offense. The offender shall serve the prison term 1538 imposed under this division consecutively to and prior to the 1539 prison term imposed for the underlying offense. The prison term 1540 shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20 or 2967.19 or 1541 any other provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised 1542

Code. A court may not impose more than one sentence under	1543
division (B)(2)(a) of this section and this division for acts	1544
committed as part of the same act or transaction.	1545
(2) As used in division (K)(1) of this section, "violent	1546
career criminal" and "violent felony offense" have the same	1547
meanings as in section 2923.132 of the Revised Code.	1548
Section 2. That existing sections 2907.321, 2907.322,	1549
2907.323, 2929.13, and 2929.14 of the Revised Code are hereby	1550
repealed.	1551
Section 3. Section 2929.14 of the Revised Code is	1552
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	1553
by both Sub. H.B. 470 and Sub. S.B. 319 of the 131st General	1554
Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in	1555
division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments	1556
are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous	1557
operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of	1558
the section in effect prior to the effective date of the section	1559
as presented in this act.	1560

Page 53