As Introduced

132nd General Assembly Regular Session 2017-2018

S. B. No. 12

Senator Tavares

Cosponsors: Senators Thomas, Yuko

A BILL

То	enact section 2929.07 of the Revised Code to	1
	provide that a defendant cannot be executed if	2
	the defendant's race was the basis of the	3
	decision to seek or impose the death penalty, to	4
	permit a defendant to file a motion alleging	5
	that the defendant's race was the basis of the	6
	decision to seek or impose the death penalty,	7
	and to specify the procedure for determining if	8
	the defendant's race was the basis of that	9
	decision.	10

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 2929.07 of the Revised Code be	11
enacted to read as follows:	12
Sec. 2929.07. (A) As used in this section, "time that the	13
sentence of death was sought or imposed" means a period from ten	14
years prior to the commission of a capital offense to two years	15
after the court's imposition of a sentence of death.	16
(B) No person shall be subject to or given a sentence of	17
death or executed pursuant to any sentence of death that was	18

sought or obtained on the basis of race. 19 (C) A defendant may file a motion alleging that race was 20 the basis of the decision to seek or impose a sentence of death 21 in the defendant's case and asking the court to order that the 22 death penalty not be sought in the defendant's case or to vacate 23 a sentence of death imposed on the defendant and resentence the 24 defendant to life imprisonment without the possibility of 25 parole. The motion shall state with particularity how the 26 defendant's claim is supported by evidence that race was a 27 significant factor in decisions to seek or impose a sentence of 28 death in the state, the county in which the defendant was 29 prosecuted, or the prosecutor's office that prosecuted the 30 defendant's case at the time that the sentence of death was 31 sought or imposed in the defendant's case. 32 (D) The defendant shall raise a claim under this section 33 at a pretrial conference or during postconviction proceedings. 34 If the court finds that the defendant's motion fails to state a 35 sufficient claim under this section, the court shall dismiss the 36 claim without an evidentiary hearing. If the court finds that 37 the defendant's motion states a sufficient claim under this 38 section, the court shall schedule an evidentiary hearing on the 39 claim. 40 (E) (1) A finding that race was the basis of the decision 41 to seek or impose a sentence of death in the defendant's case 42 may be established if the court finds that race was a 43 significant factor in decisions to seek or impose a sentence of 44 death in the state, the county in which the defendant was 45

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(2) The defendant has the burden of proving that race was	49 50
a significant factor in decisions to seek or impose a sentence	
of death in the state, the county in which the defendant was	51
prosecuted, or the prosecutor's office that prosecuted the	52
defendant's case at the time that the sentence of death was	53
sought or imposed in the defendant's case.	54
(F)(1) Evidence relevant to establish a finding that race	55
was a significant factor in decisions to seek or impose a	56
sentence of death in the state, the county in which the	57
defendant was prosecuted, or the prosecutor's office that	58
prosecuted the defendant's case at the time that the sentence of	59
death was sought or imposed in the defendant's case includes,	60
but is not limited to, statistical evidence derived from the	61
state, the county in which the defendant was prosecuted, or the	62
prosecutor's office that prosecuted the defendant's case that	63
the race of a defendant or victim was a significant factor in	64
decisions to seek or impose a sentence of death or in decisions	65
to exercise peremptory challenges during jury selection in	66
capital cases. Statistical evidence of this nature, by itself,	67
may be sufficient to show that race was the basis of a decision	68
to seek or impose a sentence of death in the defendant's case.	69
The defendant may present the sworn testimony of attorneys,	70
prosecutors, law enforcement officers, judicial officers,	71
jurors, or others involved in the criminal justice system at the	72
time that a sentence of death was sought or imposed in the	73
defendant's case in support of the defendant's claim, unless the	74
Revised Code prohibits the use of the testimony as evidence in a	75
criminal case.	76
(2) The prosecution may offer evidence, including	77
statistical evidence, in rebuttal of the defendant's claim or	78
evidence.	79

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(3) The court may consider evidence of the impact on the	80
defendant's trial of any program the purpose of which is to	81
eliminate race as a factor in seeking or imposing a sentence of	82
death.	83
(G) If the court finds that race was the basis of the	84
decision to seek or impose a sentence of death in the	85
defendant's case, the court shall order that a sentence of death	86
not be sought in the defendant's case or that the sentence of	87
death imposed in the defendant's case be vacated and the	88
defendant be resentenced to life imprisonment without the	89
possibility of parole.	90
(H) As a condition to the filing and consideration of a	91
motion under this section, the defendant shall knowingly and	92
voluntarily waive any objection to the imposition of a sentence	93
of life imprisonment without parole based on common law,	94
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statutory law, or the constitution of the United States or this	95
state that would otherwise require that the defendant be	96
eligible for parole. The waiver shall be in writing, signed by	97
the defendant, and included in the motion seeking relief under	98
this section. If the court determines pursuant to division (D)	99
of this section that a hearing is required, the court shall make	100
an oral inquiry of the defendant at the hearing to confirm the	101
defendant's waiver. The court shall make the oral inquiry and	102
the defendant's responses a part of the record. If the court	103
grants relief under this section, the judgment shall include a	104
finding that the defendant waived any objection to the	105
imposition of a sentence of life imprisonment without parole.	106