### As Passed by the House

**133rd General Assembly** 

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**Representatives Smith, T., Plummer** 

Cosponsors: Representatives Wiggam, Riedel, Kent, Romanchuk, Schaffer, Green, Sheehy, Jones, LaRe, Carruthers, DeVitis, Ghanbari, Greenspan, Grendell, Hambley, Koehler, Manning, D., Perales, Roemer, Scherer, Stein, Stoltzfus, Strahorn

# A BILL

To amend sections 2903.11, 2903.12, and 2903.13 of	1
the Revised Code to increase penalties for	2
certain assault offenses if the victim is a	3
hospital police officer.	4

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2903.11, 2903.12, and 2903.13 of	5
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	6
Sec. 2903.11. (A) No person shall knowingly do either of	7
the following:	8
(1) Cause serious physical harm to another or to another's	9
unborn;	10
(2) Cause or attempt to cause physical harm to another or	11
to another's unborn by means of a deadly weapon or dangerous	12
ordnance.	13
(B) No person, with knowledge that the person has tested	14
positive as a carrier of a virus that causes acquired	15

(2) Engage in sexual conduct with a person whom the
offender knows or has reasonable cause to believe lacks the
mental capacity to appreciate the significance of the knowledge
that the offender has tested positive as a carrier of a virus
that causes acquired immunodeficiency syndrome;

(3) Engage in sexual conduct with a person under eighteen years of age who is not the spouse of the offender.

(C) The prosecution of a person under this section does not preclude prosecution of that person under section 2907.02 of the Revised Code.

(D)(1)(a) Whoever violates this section is guilty of 31 felonious assault. Except as otherwise provided in this division 32 or division (D)(1)(b) of this section, felonious assault is a 33 felony of the second degree. If the victim of a violation of 34 division (A) of this section is a peace officer, hospital police 35 officer, or an investigator of the bureau of criminal 36 identification and investigation, felonious assault is a felony 37 of the first degree. 38

(b) Regardless of whether the felonious assault is a 39
felony of the first or second degree under division (D) (1) (a) of 40
this section, if the offender also is convicted of or pleads 41
guilty to a specification as described in section 2941.1423 of 42
the Revised Code that was included in the indictment, count in 43
the indictment, or information charging the offense, except as 44

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otherwise provided in this division or unless a longer prison 45 term is required under any other provision of law, the court 46 shall sentence the offender to a mandatory prison term as 47 provided in division (B)(8) of section 2929.14 of the Revised 48 Code. If the victim of the offense is a peace officer, hospital 49 police officer, or an investigator of the bureau of criminal 50 identification and investigation, and if the victim suffered 51 serious physical harm as a result of the commission of the 52 offense, felonious assault is a felony of the first degree, and 53 the court, pursuant to division (F) of section 2929.13 of the 54 Revised Code, shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the 55 definite prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first 56 degree in division (A)(1)(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised 57 Code, except that if the violation is committed on or after the 58 effective date of this amendment March 22, 2019, the court shall 59 impose as the minimum prison term for the offense a mandatory 60 prison term that is one of the minimum terms prescribed for a 61 felony of the first degree in division (A)(1)(a) of section 62 2929.14 of the Revised Code. 63

(2) In addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to division (D)(1) of this section for felonious assault committed in violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of this section, if the offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in section 2941.1425 of the Revised Code that was included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging the offense, the court shall sentence the offender to a mandatory prison term under division (B)(9) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code.

(3) If the victim of a felonious assault committed in
violation of division (A) of this section is a child under ten
years of age and if the offender also is convicted of or pleads
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guilty to a specification of the type described in section762941.1426 of the Revised Code that was included in the77indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging the78offense, in addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to79division (D) (1) of this section, the court shall sentence the80offender to a mandatory prison term pursuant to division (B) (10)81of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code.82

(4) In addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to 83 division (D)(1) of this section for felonious assault committed 84 in violation of division (A)(2) of this section, if the deadly 85 weapon used in the commission of the violation is a motor 86 vehicle, the court shall impose upon the offender a class two 87 suspension of the offender's driver's license, commercial 88 driver's license, temporary instruction permit, probationary 89 license, or nonresident operating privilege as specified in 90 division (A)(2) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. 91

(E) As used in this section:

(1) "Deadly weapon" and "dangerous ordnance" have the same meanings as in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code.

(2) "Motor vehicle" has the same meaning as in section4501.01 of the Revised Code.96

(3) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section2935.01 of the Revised Code.98

(4) "Sexual conduct" has the same meaning as in section
2907.01 of the Revised Code, except that, as used in this
100 section, it does not include the insertion of an instrument,
101 apparatus, or other object that is not a part of the body into
102 the vaginal or anal opening of another, unless the offender knew
103 at the time of the insertion that the instrument, apparatus, or

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other object carried the offender's bodily fluid. 105 (5) "Investigator of the bureau of criminal identification 106 and investigation" means an investigator of the bureau of 107 criminal identification and investigation who is commissioned by 108 the superintendent of the bureau as a special agent for the 109 purpose of assisting law enforcement officers or providing 110 emergency assistance to peace officers pursuant to authority 111 granted under section 109.541 of the Revised Code. 112 (6) "Investigator" has the same meaning as in section 113 109.541 of the Revised Code. 114 (7) "Hospital police officer" means a police officer who 115 is employed by a hospital that employs and maintains its own 116 proprietary police department or security department, and who is 117 appointed and commissioned by the secretary of state pursuant to 118 sections 4973.17 to 4973.22 of the Revised Code. 119 (F) The provisions of division (D)(2) of this section and 120

(F) The provisions of division (D)(2) of this section and
of division (F)(20) of section 2929.13, divisions (B)(9) and (C)
(6) of section 2929.14, and section 2941.1425 of the Revised
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Code shall be known as "Judy's Law."

Sec. 2903.12. (A) No person, while under the influence of 124 sudden passion or in a sudden fit of rage, either of which is 125 brought on by serious provocation occasioned by the victim that 126 is reasonably sufficient to incite the person into using deadly 127 force, shall knowingly: 128

(1) Cause serious physical harm to another or to another'sunborn;130

(2) Cause or attempt to cause physical harm to another or
to another's unborn by means of a deadly weapon or dangerous
ordnance, as defined in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code.
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(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of aggravated 134 assault. Except as otherwise provided in this division, 135 aggravated assault is a felony of the fourth degree. If the 136 victim of the offense is a peace officer, hospital police 137 officer, or an investigator of the bureau of criminal 138 identification and investigation, aggravated assault is a felony 139 of the third degree. Regardless of whether the offense is a 140 felony of the third or fourth degree under this division, if the 141 offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 142 specification as described in section 2941.1423 of the Revised 143 Code that was included in the indictment, count in the 144 indictment, or information charging the offense, except as 145 otherwise provided in this division, the court shall sentence 146 the offender to a mandatory prison term as provided in division 147 (B) (8) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code. If the victim of 148 the offense is a peace officer, hospital police officer, or an 149 investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and 150 investigation, and if the victim suffered serious physical harm 151 as a result of the commission of the offense, aggravated assault 152 is a felony of the third degree, and the court, pursuant to 153 division (F) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, shall 154 impose as a mandatory prison term one of the definite prison 155 terms prescribed in division (A)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the 156 Revised Code for a felony of the third degree. 157 158

(C) As used in this section:

(1) "Investigator of the bureau of criminal identification 159 and investigation" has the same meaning as in section 2903.11 of 160 the Revised Code. 161

(2) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section 162 2935.01 of the Revised Code. 163

(3) "Hospital police officer" means a police officer who	164
is employed by a hospital that employs and maintains its own	165
proprietary police department or security department, and who is	166
appointed and commissioned by the secretary of state pursuant to	167
sections 4973.17 to 4973.22 of the Revised Code.	168
Sec. 2903.13. (A) No person shall knowingly cause or	169
attempt to cause physical harm to another or to another's	170
unborn.	171
(B) No person shall recklessly cause serious physical harm	172
to another or to another's unborn.	173
(C)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of assault,	174
and the court shall sentence the offender as provided in this	175
division and divisions (C)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7),	176
(8), (9), and (10) of this section. Except as otherwise provided	177
in division (C)(2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), or (9) of this	178
section, assault is a misdemeanor of the first degree.	179
(2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	180
offense is committed by a caretaker against a functionally	181
impaired person under the caretaker's care, assault is a felony	182
of the fourth degree. If the offense is committed by a caretaker	183
against a functionally impaired person under the caretaker's	184
care, if the offender previously has been convicted of or	185
pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or section 2903.11	186
or 2903.16 of the Revised Code, and if in relation to the	187
previous conviction the offender was a caretaker and the victim	188
was a functionally impaired person under the offender's care,	189
assault is a felony of the third degree.	190
(3) If the offense eccure in or on the grounds of a state	1 0 1

(3) If the offense occurs in or on the grounds of a statecorrectional institution or an institution of the department of192

youth services, the victim of the offense is an employee of the 193 department of rehabilitation and correction or the department of 194 youth services, and the offense is committed by a person 195 incarcerated in the state correctional institution or by a 196 person institutionalized in the department of youth services 197 institution pursuant to a commitment to the department of youth 198 services, assault is a felony of the third degree. 199

(4) If the offense is committed in any of the following 200circumstances, assault is a felony of the fifth degree: 201

(a) The offense occurs in or on the grounds of a local 202 correctional facility, the victim of the offense is an employee 203 of the local correctional facility or a probation department or 204 is on the premises of the facility for business purposes or as a 205 visitor, and the offense is committed by a person who is under 206 custody in the facility subsequent to the person's arrest for 207 any crime or delinquent act, subsequent to the person's being 208 charged with or convicted of any crime, or subsequent to the 209 person's being alleged to be or adjudicated a delinquent child. 210

(b) The offense occurs off the grounds of a state 211 correctional institution and off the grounds of an institution 212 of the department of youth services, the victim of the offense 213 is an employee of the department of rehabilitation and 214 correction, the department of youth services, or a probation 215 department, the offense occurs during the employee's official 216 work hours and while the employee is engaged in official work 217 responsibilities, and the offense is committed by a person 218 incarcerated in a state correctional institution or 219 institutionalized in the department of youth services who 220 temporarily is outside of the institution for any purpose, by a 221 parolee, by an offender under transitional control, under a 222 community control sanction, or on an escorted visit, by a person223under post-release control, or by an offender under any other224type of supervision by a government agency.225

(c) The offense occurs off the grounds of a local 226 correctional facility, the victim of the offense is an employee 227 of the local correctional facility or a probation department, 228 the offense occurs during the employee's official work hours and 229 while the employee is engaged in official work responsibilities, 230 and the offense is committed by a person who is under custody in 231 232 the facility subsequent to the person's arrest for any crime or 233 delinquent act, subsequent to the person being charged with or convicted of any crime, or subsequent to the person being 234 alleged to be or adjudicated a delinguent child and who 235 temporarily is outside of the facility for any purpose or by a 236 parolee, by an offender under transitional control, under a 237 community control sanction, or on an escorted visit, by a person 238 under post-release control, or by an offender under any other 239 type of supervision by a government agency. 240

(d) The victim of the offense is a school teacher or 241 administrator or a school bus operator, and the offense occurs 242 in a school, on school premises, in a school building, on a 243 school bus, or while the victim is outside of school premises or 244 a school bus and is engaged in duties or official 245 responsibilities associated with the victim's employment or 246 position as a school teacher or administrator or a school bus 247 operator, including, but not limited to, driving, accompanying, 248 or chaperoning students at or on class or field trips, athletic 249 events, or other school extracurricular activities or functions 250 outside of school premises. 251

(5) If the victim of the offense is a peace officer,

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hospital police officer, or an investigator of the bureau of253criminal identification and investigation, a firefighter, or a254person performing emergency medical service, while in the255performance of their official duties, assault is a felony of the256fourth degree.257

(6) If the victim of the offense is a peace officer, hospital police officer, or an investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation and if the victim suffered serious physical harm as a result of the commission of the offense, assault is a felony of the fourth degree, and the court, pursuant to division (F) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the fourth degree that is at least twelve months in duration.

(7) If the victim of the offense is an officer or employee 267 of a public children services agency or a private child placing 268 agency and the offense relates to the officer's or employee's 269 performance or anticipated performance of official 270 responsibilities or duties, assault is either a felony of the 271 fifth degree or, if the offender previously has been convicted 272 of or pleaded guilty to an offense of violence, the victim of 273 that prior offense was an officer or employee of a public 274 children services agency or private child placing agency, and 275 that prior offense related to the officer's or employee's 276 performance or anticipated performance of official 277 responsibilities or duties, a felony of the fourth degree. 278

(8) If the victim of the offense is a health care
professional of a hospital, a health care worker of a hospital,
or a security officer of a hospital whom the offender knows or
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has reasonable cause to know is a health care professional of a
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hospital, a health care worker of a hospital, or a security283officer of a hospital, if the victim is engaged in the284performance of the victim's duties, and if the hospital offers285de-escalation or crisis intervention training for such286professionals, workers, or officers, assault is one of the287following:288

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(8)(b) of 289 this section, assault committed in the specified circumstances 290 is a misdemeanor of the first degree. Notwithstanding the fine 291 specified in division (A) (2)  $\frac{(b)}{(a)}$  of section 2929.28 of the 292 293 Revised Code for a misdemeanor of the first degree, in sentencing the offender under this division and if the court 294 decides to impose a fine, the court may impose upon the offender 295 a fine of not more than five thousand dollars. 296

(b) If the offender previously has been convicted of or 297
pleaded guilty to one or more assault or homicide offenses 298
committed against hospital personnel, assault committed in the 299
specified circumstances is a felony of the fifth degree. 300

(9) If the victim of the offense is a judge, magistrate,
prosecutor, or court official or employee whom the offender
knows or has reasonable cause to know is a judge, magistrate,
prosecutor, or court official or employee, and if the victim is
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(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (8) (9) (b) 307
of this section, assault committed in the specified 308
circumstances is a misdemeanor of the first degree. In 309
sentencing the offender under this division, if the court 310
decides to impose a fine, notwithstanding the fine specified in 311
division (A) (2) (b) (a) of section 2929.28 of the Revised Code 312

for a misdemeanor of the first degree, the court may impose upon 313 the offender a fine of not more than five thousand dollars. 314

(b) If the offender previously has been convicted of or
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pleaded guilty to one or more assault or homicide offenses
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committed against justice system personnel, assault committed in
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the specified circumstances is a felony of the fifth degree.
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(10) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty 319 to assault when it is a misdemeanor also is convicted of or 320 pleads guilty to a specification as described in section 321 2941.1423 of the Revised Code that was included in the 322 indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging the 323 offense, the court shall sentence the offender to a mandatory 324 jail term as provided in division (G) of section 2929.24 of the 325 Revised Code. 326

If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 327 assault when it is a felony also is convicted of or pleads 328 guilty to a specification as described in section 2941.1423 of 329 the Revised Code that was included in the indictment, count in 330 the indictment, or information charging the offense, except as 331 otherwise provided in division (C)(6) of this section, the court 332 shall sentence the offender to a mandatory prison term as 333 provided in division (B)(8) of section 2929.14 of the Revised 334 Code. 335

(D) As used in this section:

(1) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section 3372935.01 of the Revised Code. 338

(2) "Firefighter" has the same meaning as in section 3393937.41 of the Revised Code. 340

(3) "Emergency medical service" has the same meaning as in 341

section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.

(4) "Local correctional facility" means a county, 343 multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or multicounty-344 municipal jail or workhouse, a minimum security jail established 345 under section 341.23 or 753.21 of the Revised Code, or another 346 county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or 347 multicounty-municipal facility used for the custody of persons 348 arrested for any crime or delinquent act, persons charged with 349 or convicted of any crime, or persons alleged to be or 350 351 adjudicated a delinquent child.

(5) "Employee of a local correctional facility" means a
person who is an employee of the political subdivision or of one
or more of the affiliated political subdivisions that operates
the local correctional facility and who operates or assists in
the operation of the facility.

(6) "School teacher or administrator" means either of the357following:358

(a) A person who is employed in the public schools of the 359
state under a contract described in section 3311.77 or 3319.08 360
of the Revised Code in a position in which the person is 361
required to have a certificate issued pursuant to sections 362
3319.22 to 3319.311 of the Revised Code. 363

(b) A person who is employed by a nonpublic school for
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which the state board of education prescribes minimum standards
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under section 3301.07 of the Revised Code and who is
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certificated in accordance with section 3301.071 of the Revised
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Code.

(7) "Community control sanction" has the same meaning as369in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.370

(8) "Escorted visit" means an escorted visit granted under 371 section 2967.27 of the Revised Code. 372 (9) "Post-release control" and "transitional control" have 373 the same meanings as in section 2967.01 of the Revised Code. 374 (10) "Investigator of the bureau of criminal 375 identification and investigation" has the same meaning as in 376 section 2903.11 of the Revised Code. 377 (11) "Health care professional" and "health care worker" 378 have the same meanings as in section 2305.234 of the Revised 379 Code. 380 (12) "Assault or homicide offense committed against 381 hospital personnel" means a violation of this section or of 382 section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.041, 2903.11, 383 2903.12, or 2903.14 of the Revised Code committed in 384 circumstances in which all of the following apply: 385 (a) The victim of the offense was a health care 386 professional of a hospital, a health care worker of a hospital, 387 or a security officer of a hospital. 388 (b) The offender knew or had reasonable cause to know that 389 the victim was a health care professional of a hospital, a 390 health care worker of a hospital, or a security officer of a 391 hospital. 392 (c) The victim was engaged in the performance of the 393 victim's duties. 394 (d) The hospital offered de-escalation or crisis 395 intervention training for such professionals, workers, or 396 officers. 397 (13) "De-escalation or crisis intervention training" means 398

de-escalation or crisis intervention training for health care399professionals of a hospital, health care workers of a hospital,400and security officers of a hospital to facilitate interaction401with patients, members of a patient's family, and visitors,402including those with mental impairments.403

(14) "Assault or homicide offense committed against 404 justice system personnel" means a violation of this section or 405 of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.041, 406 2903.11, 2903.12, or 2903.14 of the Revised Code committed in 407 circumstances in which the victim of the offense was a judge, 408 magistrate, prosecutor, or court official or employee whom the 409 offender knew or had reasonable cause to know was a judge, 410 magistrate, prosecutor, or court official or employee, and the 411 victim was engaged in the performance of the victim's duties. 412

(15) "Court official or employee" means any official or
employee of a court created under the constitution or statutes
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of this state or of a United States court located in this state.
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(16) "Judge" means a judge of a court created under the
constitution or statutes of this state or of a United States
court located in this state.

(17) "Magistrate" means an individual who is appointed by
a court of record of this state and who has the powers and may
perform the functions specified in Civil Rule 53, Criminal Rule
19, or Juvenile Rule 40, or an individual who is appointed by a
United States court located in this state who has similar powers
and functions.

(18) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section4252935.01 of the Revised Code.426

(19) (a) "Hospital" means, subject to division (D) (19) (b) 427

of this section, an institution classified as a hospital under428section 3701.01 of the Revised Code in which are provided to429patients diagnostic, medical, surgical, obstetrical,430psychiatric, or rehabilitation care or a hospital operated by a431health maintenance organization.432

(b) "Hospital" does not include any of the following:

(i) A facility licensed under Chapter 3721. of the Revised
Code, a health care facility operated by the department of
mental health and addiction services or the department of
developmental disabilities, a health maintenance organization
that does not operate a hospital, or the office of any private,
licensed health care professional, whether organized for
individual or group practice;

(ii) An institution for the sick that is operated 441 exclusively for patients who use spiritual means for healing and 442 for whom the acceptance of medical care is inconsistent with 443 their religious beliefs, accredited by a national accrediting 444 organization, exempt from federal income taxation under section 445 501 of the "Internal Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 446 U.S.C. 1, as amended, and providing twenty-four-hour nursing 447 care pursuant to the exemption in division (E) of section 448 4723.32 of the Revised Code from the licensing requirements of 449 Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code. 450

(20) "Health maintenance organization" has the same451meaning as in section 3727.01 of the Revised Code.452

(21) "Hospital police officer" means a police officer who453is employed by a hospital that employs and maintains its own454proprietary police department or security department, and who is455appointed and commissioned by the secretary of state pursuant to456

sections 4973.17 to 4973.22 of the Revised Code.	457
Section 2. That existing sections 2903.11, 2903.12, and	458
2903.13 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	459
Section 3. Section 2903.11 of the Revised Code is	460
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	461
by both Sub. S.B. 20 and Am. Sub. S.B. 201 of the 132 General	462
Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in	463
division (B) of section $1.52$ of the Revised Code that amendments	464
are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous	465
operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of	466
the section in effect prior to the effective date of the section	467
as presented in this act.	468