## As Introduced

**133rd General Assembly** 

Regular Session 2019-2020

H. B. No. 316

**Representatives Russo, Sweeney** 

Cosponsors: Representatives Sykes, Crawley, Kelly, Leland, Miranda, Boggs, Weinstein, Upchurch, Miller, J., Skindell, Lightbody, Sobecki, Crossman, Robinson, Clites, Liston, Denson, Brown, West, Lepore-Hagan, Galonski, Smith, K., Miller, A.

# A BILL

To amend sections 109.57, 2923.125, 2923.128, and	1
2923.13 and to enact sections 2923.26, 2923.27,	2
2923.28, 2923.29, 2923.30, and 2923.99 of the	3
Revised Code to enact the Extreme Risk	4
Protection Order Act to allow family members,	5
household members, and law enforcement officers	6
to obtain a court order that temporarily	7
restricts a person's access to firearms if that	8
person poses a danger to themselves or others.	9

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 109.57, 2923.125, 2923.128, and	10
2923.13 be amended and sections 2923.26, 2923.27, 2923.28,	11
2923.29, 2923.30, and 2923.99 of the Revised Code be enacted to	12
read as follows:	13
Sec. 109.57. (A)(1) The superintendent of the bureau of	14
criminal identification and investigation shall procure from	15
wherever procurable and file for record photographs, pictures,	16

descriptions, fingerprints, measurements, and other information 17 that may be pertinent of all persons who have been convicted of 18 committing within this state a felony, any crime constituting a 19 misdemeanor on the first offense and a felony on subsequent 20 offenses, or any misdemeanor described in division (A)(1)(a), 21 (A) (5) (a), or (A) (7) (a) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code, 22 of all children under eighteen years of age who have been 23 adjudicated delinquent children for committing within this state 24 an act that would be a felony or an offense of violence if 25 committed by an adult or who have been convicted of or pleaded 26 quilty to committing within this state a felony or an offense of 27 violence, and of all well-known and habitual criminals. The 28 person in charge of any county, multicounty, municipal, 29 municipal-county, or multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, 30 community-based correctional facility, halfway house, 31 alternative residential facility, or state correctional 32 institution and the person in charge of any state institution 33 having custody of a person suspected of having committed a 34 felony, any crime constituting a misdemeanor on the first 35 offense and a felony on subsequent offenses, or any misdemeanor 36 described in division (A) (1) (a), (A) (5) (a), or (A) (7) (a) of 37 section 109.572 of the Revised Code or having custody of a child 38 under eighteen years of age with respect to whom there is 39 probable cause to believe that the child may have committed an 40 act that would be a felony or an offense of violence if 41 committed by an adult shall furnish such material to the 42 superintendent of the bureau. Fingerprints, photographs, or 43 other descriptive information of a child who is under eighteen 44 years of age, has not been arrested or otherwise taken into 45 custody for committing an act that would be a felony or an 46 offense of violence who is not in any other category of child 47 specified in this division, if committed by an adult, has not 48

been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an act that 49 would be a felony or an offense of violence if committed by an 50 adult, has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to committing 51 a felony or an offense of violence, and is not a child with 52 respect to whom there is probable cause to believe that the 53 child may have committed an act that would be a felony or an 54 offense of violence if committed by an adult shall not be 55 procured by the superintendent or furnished by any person in 56 charge of any county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, 57 or multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, community-based 58 correctional facility, halfway house, alternative residential 59 facility, or state correctional institution, except as 60 authorized in section 2151.313 of the Revised Code. 61

(2) Every clerk of a court of record in this state, other 62 than the supreme court or a court of appeals, shall send to the 63 superintendent of the bureau a weekly report containing a 64 summary of each case involving a felony, involving any crime 65 constituting a misdemeanor on the first offense and a felony on 66 subsequent offenses, involving a misdemeanor described in 67 division (A)(1)(a), (A)(5)(a), or (A)(7)(a) of section 109.572 68 of the Revised Code, or involving an adjudication in a case in 69 which a child under eighteen years of age was alleged to be a 70 delinquent child for committing an act that would be a felony or 71 an offense of violence if committed by an adult. The clerk of 72 the court of common pleas shall include in the report and 73 summary the clerk sends under this division all information 74 described in divisions (A)(2)(a) to (f) of this section 75 regarding a case before the court of appeals that is served by 76 that clerk. The summary shall be written on the standard forms 77 furnished by the superintendent pursuant to division (B) of this 78 section and shall include the following information: 79

(a) The incident tracking number contained on the standard 80 forms furnished by the superintendent pursuant to division (B) 81 of this section; 82 (b) The style and number of the case; 83 (c) The date of arrest, offense, summons, or arraignment; 84 (d) The date that the person was convicted of or pleaded 85 guilty to the offense, adjudicated a delinquent child for 86 committing the act that would be a felony or an offense of 87 violence if committed by an adult, found not quilty of the 88 offense, or found not to be a delinquent child for committing an 89 act that would be a felony or an offense of violence if 90 committed by an adult, the date of an entry dismissing the 91 charge, an entry declaring a mistrial of the offense in which 92 the person is discharged, an entry finding that the person or 93 child is not competent to stand trial, or an entry of a nolle 94 prosequi, or the date of any other determination that 95 constitutes final resolution of the case; 96 (e) A statement of the original charge with the section of 97 the Revised Code that was alleged to be violated; 98 (f) If the person or child was convicted, pleaded guilty, 99 or was adjudicated a delinquent child, the sentence or terms of 100

probation imposed or any other disposition of the offender or 101 the delinquent child. 102

If the offense involved the disarming of a law enforcement 103 officer or an attempt to disarm a law enforcement officer, the 104 clerk shall clearly state that fact in the summary, and the 105 superintendent shall ensure that a clear statement of that fact 106 is placed in the bureau's records. 107

(3) The superintendent shall cooperate with and assist 108

sheriffs, chiefs of police, and other law enforcement officers 109 in the establishment of a complete system of criminal 110 identification and in obtaining fingerprints and other means of 111 identification of all persons arrested on a charge of a felony, 112 any crime constituting a misdemeanor on the first offense and a 113 felony on subsequent offenses, or a misdemeanor described in 114 division (A) (1) (a), (A) (5) (a), or (A) (7) (a) of section 109.572 115 of the Revised Code and of all children under eighteen years of 116 age arrested or otherwise taken into custody for committing an 117 act that would be a felony or an offense of violence if 118 committed by an adult. The superintendent also shall file for 119 record the fingerprint impressions of all persons confined in a 120 county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or 121 multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, community-based 122 correctional facility, halfway house, alternative residential 123 facility, or state correctional institution for the violation of 124 state laws and of all children under eighteen years of age who 125 are confined in a county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-126 county, or multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, community-127 based correctional facility, halfway house, alternative 128 residential facility, or state correctional institution or in 129 any facility for delinguent children for committing an act that 130 would be a felony or an offense of violence if committed by an 131 adult, and any other information that the superintendent may 132 receive from law enforcement officials of the state and its 133 political subdivisions. 134

(4) The superintendent shall carry out Chapter 2950. of
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the Revised Code with respect to the registration of persons who
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are convicted of or plead guilty to a sexually oriented offense
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or a child-victim oriented offense and with respect to all other
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duties imposed on the bureau under that chapter.

(5) The bureau shall perform centralized recordkeeping 140 functions for criminal history records and services in this 141 state for purposes of the national crime prevention and privacy 142 compact set forth in section 109.571 of the Revised Code and is 143 the criminal history record repository as defined in that 144 section for purposes of that compact. The superintendent or the 145 superintendent's designee is the compact officer for purposes of 146 that compact and shall carry out the responsibilities of the 147 compact officer specified in that compact. 148

(6) The superintendent shall, upon request, assist a
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county coroner in the identification of a deceased person
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through the use of fingerprint impressions obtained pursuant to
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division (A) (1) of this section or collected pursuant to section
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109.572 or 311.41 of the Revised Code.

(B) The superintendent shall prepare and furnish to every 154 county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or 155 multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, community-based 156 correctional facility, halfway house, alternative residential 157 facility, or state correctional institution and to every clerk 158 of a court in this state specified in division (A)(2) of this 159 section standard forms for reporting the information required 160 under division (A) of this section. The standard forms that the 161 superintendent prepares pursuant to this division may be in a 162 tangible format, in an electronic format, or in both tangible 163 formats and electronic formats. 164

(C) (1) The superintendent may operate a center for
electronic, automated, or other data processing for the storage
and retrieval of information, data, and statistics pertaining to
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criminals and to children under eighteen years of age who are
adjudicated delinguent children for committing an act that would

be a felony or an offense of violence if committed by an adult, 170 criminal activity, crime prevention, law enforcement, and 171 criminal justice, and may establish and operate a statewide 172 communications network to be known as the Ohio law enforcement 173 gateway to gather and disseminate information, data, and 174 statistics for the use of law enforcement agencies and for other 175 uses specified in this division. The superintendent may gather, 176 store, retrieve, and disseminate information, data, and 177 statistics that pertain to children who are under eighteen years 178 of age and that are gathered pursuant to sections 109.57 to 179 109.61 of the Revised Code together with information, data, and 180 statistics that pertain to adults and that are gathered pursuant 181 to those sections. 182

(2) The superintendent or the superintendent's designee 183 shall gather information of the nature described in division (C) 184 (1) of this section that pertains to the offense and delinquency 185 history of a person who has been convicted of, pleaded guilty 186 to, or been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a 187 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense for 188 inclusion in the state registry of sex offenders and child-189 victim offenders maintained pursuant to division (A)(1) of 190 section 2950.13 of the Revised Code and in the internet database 191 operated pursuant to division (A) (13) of that section and for 192 possible inclusion in the internet database operated pursuant to 193 division (A)(11) of that section. 194

(3) In addition to any other authorized use of
information, data, and statistics of the nature described in
division (C) (1) of this section, the superintendent or the
superintendent's designee may provide and exchange the
information, data, and statistics pursuant to the national crime
prevention and privacy compact as described in division (A) (5)

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#### of this section.

(4) The Ohio law enforcement gateway shall contain the
name, confidential address, and telephone number of program
participants in the address confidentiality program established
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under sections 111.41 to 111.47 of the Revised Code.
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(5) The attorney general may adopt rules under Chapter 206 119. of the Revised Code establishing guidelines for the 207 208 operation of and participation in the Ohio law enforcement gateway. The rules may include criteria for granting and 209 210 restricting access to information gathered and disseminated through the Ohio law enforcement gateway. The attorney general 211 shall adopt rules under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code that 212 grant access to information in the gateway regarding an address 213 confidentiality program participant under sections 111.41 to 214 111.47 of the Revised Code to only chiefs of police, village 215 marshals, county sheriffs, county prosecuting attorneys, and a 216 designee of each of these individuals. The attorney general 217 shall permit the state medical board and board of nursing to 218 access and view, but not alter, information gathered and 219 disseminated through the Ohio law enforcement gateway. 220

The attorney general may appoint a steering committee to 221 advise the attorney general in the operation of the Ohio law 222 enforcement gateway that is comprised of persons who are 223 representatives of the criminal justice agencies in this state 224 that use the Ohio law enforcement gateway and is chaired by the 225 superintendent or the superintendent's designee. 226

(D)(1) The following are not public records under section 149.43 of the Revised Code:

(a) Information and materials furnished to the

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superintendent pursuant to division (A) of this section; 230

(b) Information, data, and statistics gathered or
disseminated through the Ohio law enforcement gateway pursuant
to division (C) (1) of this section;
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(c) Information and materials furnished to any board or234person under division (F) or (G) of this section.235

(E)(1) The attorney general shall adopt rules, in 243 accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code and subject to 244 division (E)(2) of this section, setting forth the procedure by 245 which a person may receive or release information gathered by 246 the superintendent pursuant to division (A) of this section. A 247 reasonable fee may be charged for this service. If a temporary 248 employment service submits a request for a determination of 249 whether a person the service plans to refer to an employment 250 position has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense 251 listed or described in division (A) (1), (2), or (3) of section 252 109.572 of the Revised Code, the request shall be treated as a 253 single request and only one fee shall be charged. 254

that relates to the conviction of a person, or a person's plea 259 of guilty to, a criminal offense or to the arrest of a person as 260 provided in division (E)(3) of this section. The superintendent 261 shall not release, and the attorney general shall not adopt any 262 rule under division (E)(1) of this section that permits the 2.63 release of, any information gathered pursuant to division (A) of 264 this section that relates to an adjudication of a child as a 265 delinquent child, or that relates to a criminal conviction of a 266 person under eighteen years of age if the person's case was 267 transferred back to a juvenile court under division (B)(2) or 268 (3) of section 2152.121 of the Revised Code and the juvenile 269 court imposed a disposition or serious youthful offender 270 disposition upon the person under either division, unless either 271 of the following applies with respect to the adjudication or 272 conviction: 273

(a) The adjudication or conviction was for a violation of 274section 2903.01 or 2903.02 of the Revised Code. 275

(b) The adjudication or conviction was for a sexually 276 oriented offense, the juvenile court was required to classify 277 the child a juvenile offender registrant for that offense under 278 section 2152.82, 2152.83, or 2152.86 of the Revised Code, that 279 classification has not been removed, and the records of the 280 adjudication or conviction have not been sealed or expunded 281 pursuant to sections 2151.355 to 2151.358 or sealed pursuant to 282 section 2952.32 of the Revised Code. 283

(3) A rule adopted under division (E) (1) of this section
may provide for the release of information gathered pursuant to
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division (A) of this section that relates to the arrest of a
person who is eighteen years of age or older when the person has
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not been convicted as a result of that arrest if any of the

following applies:	289
(a) The arrest was made outside of this state.	290
(b) A criminal action resulting from the arrest is	291
pending, and the superintendent confirms that the criminal	292
action has not been resolved at the time the criminal records	293
check is performed.	294
(c) The bureau cannot reasonably determine whether a	295
criminal action resulting from the arrest is pending, and not	296
more than one year has elapsed since the date of the arrest.	297
(4) A rule adopted under division (E)(1) of this section	298
may provide for the release of information gathered pursuant to	299
division (A) of this section that relates to an adjudication of	300
a child as a delinquent child if not more than five years have	301
elapsed since the date of the adjudication, the adjudication was	302
for an act that would have been a felony if committed by an	303
adult, the records of the adjudication have not been sealed or	304
expunged pursuant to sections 2151.355 to 2151.358 of the	305
Revised Code, and the request for information is made under	306
division (F) of this section or under section 109.572 of the	307
Revised Code. In the case of an adjudication for a violation of	308
the terms of community control or supervised release, the five-	309
year period shall be calculated from the date of the	310
adjudication to which the community control or supervised	311
release pertains.	312
(F)(1) As used in division (F)(2) of this section, "head	313
stant survey " were an artitle in this state that has been	214

(F) (I) As used In division (F) (2) of this section, "head313start agency" means an entity in this state that has been314approved to be an agency for purposes of subchapter II of the315"Community Economic Development Act," 95 Stat. 489 (1981), 42316U.S.C.A. 9831, as amended.317

(2) (a) In addition to or in conjunction with any request 318 that is required to be made under section 109.572, 2151.86, 319 3301.32, 3301.541, division (C) of section 3310.58, or section 320 3319.39, 3319.391, 3327.10, 3701.881, 5104.013, 5123.081, or 321 5153.111 of the Revised Code or that is made under section 322 3314.41, 3319.392, 3326.25, or 3328.20 of the Revised Code, the 323 board of education of any school district; the director of 324 developmental disabilities; any county board of developmental 325 disabilities; any provider or subcontractor as defined in 326 section 5123.081 of the Revised Code; the chief administrator of 327 any chartered nonpublic school; the chief administrator of a 328 registered private provider that is not also a chartered 329 nonpublic school; the chief administrator of any home health 330 agency; the chief administrator of or person operating any child 331 day-care center, type A family day-care home, or type B family 332 day-care home licensed under Chapter 5104. of the Revised Code; 333 the chief administrator of any head start agency; the executive 334 director of a public children services agency; a private company 335 described in section 3314.41, 3319.392, 3326.25, or 3328.20 of 336 the Revised Code; or an employer described in division (J)(2) of 337 section 3327.10 of the Revised Code may request that the 338 superintendent of the bureau investigate and determine, with 339 respect to any individual who has applied for employment in any 340 position after October 2, 1989, or any individual wishing to 341 apply for employment with a board of education may request, with 342 regard to the individual, whether the bureau has any information 343 gathered under division (A) of this section that pertains to 344 that individual. On receipt of the request, subject to division 345 (E) (2) of this section, the superintendent shall determine 346 whether that information exists and, upon request of the person, 347 board, or entity requesting information, also shall request from 348 the federal bureau of investigation any criminal records it has 349

pertaining to that individual. The superintendent or the 350 superintendent's designee also may request criminal history 351 records from other states or the federal government pursuant to 352 the national crime prevention and privacy compact set forth in 353 section 109.571 of the Revised Code. Within thirty days of the 354 date that the superintendent receives a request, subject to 355 356 division (E)(2) of this section, the superintendent shall send to the board, entity, or person a report of any information that 357 the superintendent determines exists, including information 358 contained in records that have been sealed under section 2953.32 359 of the Revised Code, and, within thirty days of its receipt, 360 subject to division (E)(2) of this section, shall send the 361 board, entity, or person a report of any information received 362 from the federal bureau of investigation, other than information 363 the dissemination of which is prohibited by federal law. 364

(b) When a board of education or a registered private 365 provider is required to receive information under this section 366 as a prerequisite to employment of an individual pursuant to 367 division (C) of section 3310.58 or section 3319.39 of the 368 Revised Code, it may accept a certified copy of records that 369 were issued by the bureau of criminal identification and 370 investigation and that are presented by an individual applying 371 for employment with the district in lieu of requesting that 372 information itself. In such a case, the board shall accept the 373 certified copy issued by the bureau in order to make a photocopy 374 of it for that individual's employment application documents and 375 shall return the certified copy to the individual. In a case of 376 that nature, a district or provider only shall accept a 377 certified copy of records of that nature within one year after 378 the date of their issuance by the bureau. 379

(c) Notwithstanding division (F)(2)(a) of this section, in 380

the case of a request under section 3319.39, 3319.391, or3813327.10 of the Revised Code only for criminal records maintained382by the federal bureau of investigation, the superintendent shall383not determine whether any information gathered under division384(A) of this section exists on the person for whom the request is385made.386

(3) The state board of education may request, with respect 387 to any individual who has applied for employment after October 388 2, 1989, in any position with the state board or the department 389 of education, any information that a school district board of 390 education is authorized to request under division (F)(2) of this 391 section, and the superintendent of the bureau shall proceed as 392 if the request has been received from a school district board of 393 education under division (F)(2) of this section. 394

(4) When the superintendent of the bureau receives a 395
request for information under section 3319.291 of the Revised 396
Code, the superintendent shall proceed as if the request has 397
been received from a school district board of education and 398
shall comply with divisions (F) (2) (a) and (c) of this section. 399

(G) In addition to or in conjunction with any request that 400 is required to be made under section 3701.881, 3712.09, or 401 3721.121 of the Revised Code with respect to an individual who 402 has applied for employment in a position that involves providing 403 direct care to an older adult or adult resident, the chief 404 administrator of a home health agency, hospice care program, 405 home licensed under Chapter 3721. of the Revised Code, or adult 406 day-care program operated pursuant to rules adopted under 407 section 3721.04 of the Revised Code may request that the 408 superintendent of the bureau investigate and determine, with 409 respect to any individual who has applied after January 27, 410

1997, for employment in a position that does not involve411providing direct care to an older adult or adult resident,412whether the bureau has any information gathered under division413(A) of this section that pertains to that individual.414

In addition to or in conjunction with any request that is 415 required to be made under section 173.27 of the Revised Code 416 with respect to an individual who has applied for employment in 417 a position that involves providing ombudsman services to 418 residents of long-term care facilities or recipients of 419 420 community-based long-term care services, the state long-term care ombudsman, the director of aging, a regional long-term care 421 ombudsman program, or the designee of the ombudsman, director, 422 or program may request that the superintendent investigate and 423 determine, with respect to any individual who has applied for 424 employment in a position that does not involve providing such 425 ombudsman services, whether the bureau has any information 426 qathered under division (A) of this section that pertains to 427 that applicant. 428

In addition to or in conjunction with any request that is 429 required to be made under section 173.38 of the Revised Code 4.30 with respect to an individual who has applied for employment in 431 a direct-care position, the chief administrator of a provider, 432 as defined in section 173.39 of the Revised Code, may request 433 that the superintendent investigate and determine, with respect 434 to any individual who has applied for employment in a position 435 that is not a direct-care position, whether the bureau has any 436 information gathered under division (A) of this section that 437 pertains to that applicant. 438

In addition to or in conjunction with any request that is 439 required to be made under section 3712.09 of the Revised Code 440

with respect to an individual who has applied for employment in 441 a position that involves providing direct care to a pediatric 442 respite care patient, the chief administrator of a pediatric 443 respite care program may request that the superintendent of the 444 bureau investigate and determine, with respect to any individual 445 who has applied for employment in a position that does not 446 involve providing direct care to a pediatric respite care 447 patient, whether the bureau has any information gathered under 448 division (A) of this section that pertains to that individual. 449

On receipt of a request under this division, the 450 superintendent shall determine whether that information exists 451 and, on request of the individual requesting information, shall 452 also request from the federal bureau of investigation any 453 criminal records it has pertaining to the applicant. The 454 superintendent or the superintendent's designee also may request 455 criminal history records from other states or the federal 456 government pursuant to the national crime prevention and privacy 457 compact set forth in section 109.571 of the Revised Code. Within 458 thirty days of the date a request is received, subject to 459 division (E)(2) of this section, the superintendent shall send 460 to the requester a report of any information determined to 461 exist, including information contained in records that have been 462 sealed under section 2953.32 of the Revised Code, and, within 463 thirty days of its receipt, shall send the requester a report of 464 any information received from the federal bureau of 465 investigation, other than information the dissemination of which 466 is prohibited by federal law. 467

(H) Information obtained by a government entity or person
 under this section is confidential and shall not be released or
 disseminated.
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providing information or criminal records under division (F)(2)	472
or (G) of this section.	473
(J) (1) The superintendent shall develop and prepare	474
instructions and informational brochures, standard petitions,	475
and extreme risk protection order forms, and a court staff	476
handbook on the extreme risk protection order process. The	477
standard petitions and order forms shall be prepared and	478
available for use not later than six months after the effective	479
date of this amendment, for all petitions filed and orders	480
issued under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code.	481
The instructions, brochures, forms, and handbook shall be	482
prepared in consultation with interested parties, including	483
representatives of gun violence prevention groups, judges, and	484
law enforcement personnel. Materials shall be based on best	485
practices and shall be made available online to the public.	486
(2) The instructions shall be designed to assist	487
petitioners in completing the petition, and shall include a	488
sample of a standard petition and extreme risk protection order	489
form.	490
(3) The instructions and standard petition shall include a	491
means for the petitioner to identify, without special knowledge,	492
the firearms the respondent may own, possess, receive, or have	493
in the respondent's custody or control. The instructions shall	494
provide pictures of types of firearms that the petitioner may	495
choose from to identify the relevant firearms, or an equivalent	496
means to allow petitioners to identify firearms without	497
requiring specific or technical knowledge regarding the	498
firearms.	499

(4) The informational brochure shall describe the use of 500

and the process for obtaining, modifying, and terminating an	501
extreme risk protection order under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30	502
of the Revised Code and provide relevant forms.	503
(5) The extreme risk protection order form shall include,	504
in a conspicuous location, notice of criminal penalties	505
resulting from a violation of the order, and the following	506
statement:	507
"You have the cole memorability to evoid on refusin from	EOO
"You have the sole responsibility to avoid or refrain from	508
violating this order's provisions. Only the court can change the	509
order and only upon written application."	510
(6) The court staff handbook shall allow for a clerk of	511
court to add to the handbook a community resource list.	512
(7) The superintendent shall distribute a master copy of	513
the petition and order forms, instructions, and informational	514
brochures to every clerk of court and shall distribute a master	515
copy of the petition and order forms to all county courts,	516
municipal courts, and courts of common pleas.	517
(8) The superintendent shall distribute all documents in	518
an electronic format or formats accessible to all courts and	519
clerks of court in the state and may additionally distribute the	520
documents in other formats.	521
(9) The superintendent shall determine the significant	522
non-English-speaking or limited English-speaking populations in	523
the state and arrange for translation of the instructions and	524
informational brochures required by this section into the	525
languages spoken by those populations. The translated	526
instructions and informational brochures shall contain a sample	527
of the standard petition and order for protection forms. The	528
superintendent shall distribute a master copy of the translated	529

instructions and informational brochures to every clerk of court	530
not later than one year after the effective date of this	531
amendment.	532
(10) The superintendent shall update the instructions,	533
brochures, standard petitions and extreme risk protection order	534
forms, and court staff handbook as necessary, including when	535
changes in the law make an update necessary.	536
(11) Any assistance or information provided by a clerk of	537
court under division (J) of this section does not constitute the	538
practice of law.	539
(K) In addition to informational brochures and materials	540
made available by the superintendent under division (J) of this	541
section, each clerk of court may create a community resource	542
list of crisis intervention, mental health, substance abuse,	543
interpreter, counseling, and other relevant resources serving	544
the county in which the court is located.	545
(L) As used in this section:	546
(L) As used in this section: (1) "Pediatric respite care program" and "pediatric care	546 547
(1) "Pediatric respite care program" and "pediatric care	547
(1) "Pediatric respite care program" and "pediatric care patient" have the same meanings as in section 3712.01 of the	547 548
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<ul> <li>(1) "Pediatric respite care program" and "pediatric care patient" have the same meanings as in section 3712.01 of the Revised Code.</li> <li>(2) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented</li> </ul>	547 548 549 550
<ul> <li>(1) "Pediatric respite care program" and "pediatric care patient" have the same meanings as in section 3712.01 of the Revised Code.</li> <li>(2) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented offense" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the</li> </ul>	547 548 549 550 551
<ul> <li>(1) "Pediatric respite care program" and "pediatric care patient" have the same meanings as in section 3712.01 of the Revised Code.</li> <li>(2) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented offense" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.</li> </ul>	547 548 549 550 551 552
<ul> <li>(1) "Pediatric respite care program" and "pediatric care patient" have the same meanings as in section 3712.01 of the Revised Code.</li> <li>(2) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented offense" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.</li> <li>(3) "Registered private provider" means a nonpublic school</li> </ul>	547 548 549 550 551 552 553
<ul> <li>(1) "Pediatric respite care program" and "pediatric care patient" have the same meanings as in section 3712.01 of the Revised Code.</li> <li>(2) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented offense" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.</li> <li>(3) "Registered private provider" means a nonpublic school or entity registered with the superintendent of public</li> </ul>	547 548 549 550 551 552 553 554
<ul> <li>(1) "Pediatric respite care program" and "pediatric care patient" have the same meanings as in section 3712.01 of the Revised Code.</li> <li>(2) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented offense" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.</li> <li>(3) "Registered private provider" means a nonpublic school or entity registered with the superintendent of public instruction under section 3310.41 of the Revised Code to</li> </ul>	547 548 549 550 551 552 553 554 555
<ul> <li>(1) "Pediatric respite care program" and "pediatric care patient" have the same meanings as in section 3712.01 of the Revised Code.</li> <li>(2) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented offense" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.</li> <li>(3) "Registered private provider" means a nonpublic school or entity registered with the superintendent of public instruction under section 3310.41 of the Revised Code to participate in the autism scholarship program or section 3310.58</li> </ul>	547 548 549 550 551 552 553 554 555 556

(4) "Extreme risk protection order" has the same meaning 559 as in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code. 560 Sec. 2923.125. It is the intent of the general assembly 561 that Ohio concealed handgun license law be compliant with the 562 national instant criminal background check system, that the 563 bureau of alcohol, tobacco, firearms, and explosives is able to 564 determine that Ohio law is compliant with the national instant 565 criminal background check system, and that no person shall be 566 eligible to receive a concealed handgun license permit under 567 section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code unless the 568 person is eligible lawfully to receive or possess a firearm in 569 the United States. 570 (A) This section applies with respect to the application 571 for and issuance by this state of concealed handgun licenses 572 other than concealed handgun licenses on a temporary emergency 573 basis that are issued under section 2923.1213 of the Revised 574 Code. Upon the request of a person who wishes to obtain a 575 concealed handgun license with respect to which this section 576 applies or to renew a concealed handgun license with respect to 577 which this section applies, a sheriff, as provided in division 578 (I) of this section, shall provide to the person free of charge 579 an application form and the web site address at which a 580

printable version of the application form that can be downloaded 581 and the pamphlet described in division (B) of section 109.731 of 582 the Revised Code may be found. A sheriff shall accept a 583 completed application form and the fee, items, materials, and 584 information specified in divisions (B)(1) to (5) of this section 585 at the times and in the manners described in division (I) of 586 this section. 587

(B) An applicant for a concealed handgun license who is a

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resident of this state shall submit a completed application form 589 and all of the material and information described in divisions 590 (B) (1) to (6) of this section to the sheriff of the county in 591 which the applicant resides or to the sheriff of any county 592 adjacent to the county in which the applicant resides. An 593 applicant for a license who resides in another state shall 594 submit a completed application form and all of the material and 595 information described in divisions (B)(1) to (7) of this section 596 to the sheriff of the county in which the applicant is employed 597 or to the sheriff of any county adjacent to the county in which 598 the applicant is employed: 599

(1) (a) A nonrefundable license fee as described in either of the following:

(i) For an applicant who has been a resident of this state for five or more years, a fee of sixty-seven dollars;

(ii) For an applicant who has been a resident of this
state for less than five years or who is not a resident of this
state, but who is employed in this state, a fee of sixty-seven
dollars plus the actual cost of having a background check
performed by the federal bureau of investigation.

(b) No sheriff shall require an applicant to pay for the609cost of a background check performed by the bureau of criminal610identification and investigation.611

(c) A sheriff shall waive the payment of the license fee
described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section in connection
with an initial or renewal application for a license that is
submitted by an applicant who is an active or reserve member of
the armed forces of the United States or has retired from or was
honorably discharged from military service in the active or

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reserve armed forces of the United States, a retired peace 618 officer, a retired person described in division (B)(1)(b) of 619 section 109.77 of the Revised Code, or a retired federal law 620 enforcement officer who, prior to retirement, was authorized 621 under federal law to carry a firearm in the course of duty, 622 unless the retired peace officer, person, or federal law 62.3 enforcement officer retired as the result of a mental 624 625 disability.

(d) The sheriff shall deposit all fees paid by an
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applicant under division (B) (1) (a) of this section into the
sheriff's concealed handgun license issuance fund established
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pursuant to section 311.42 of the Revised Code. The county shall
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distribute the fees in accordance with section 311.42 of the
Revised Code.
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(2) A color photograph of the applicant that was taken632within thirty days prior to the date of the application;633

(3) One or more of the following competency 634 certifications, each of which shall reflect that, regarding a 635 certification described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), (e), or 636 (f) of this section, within the three years immediately 637 preceding the application the applicant has performed that to 638 which the competency certification relates and that, regarding a 639 certification described in division (B)(3)(d) of this section, 640 the applicant currently is an active or reserve member of the 641 armed forces of the United States, the applicant has retired 642 from or was honorably discharged from military service in the 643 active or reserve armed forces of the United States, or within 644 the ten years immediately preceding the application the 645 retirement of the peace officer, person described in division 646 (B) (1) (b) of section 109.77 of the Revised Code, or federal law 647

enforcement officer to which the competency certification 648 relates occurred: 649 (a) An original or photocopy of a certificate of 650 completion of a firearms safety, training, or requalification or 651 firearms safety instructor course, class, or program that was 652 offered by or under the auspices of a national gun advocacy 653 organization and that complies with the requirements set forth 654 in division (G) of this section; 655 656 (b) An original or photocopy of a certificate of completion of a firearms safety, training, or requalification or 657 firearms safety instructor course, class, or program that 658 satisfies all of the following criteria: 659 (i) It was open to members of the general public. 660 (ii) It utilized qualified instructors who were certified 661 by a national gun advocacy organization, the executive director 662 of the Ohio peace officer training commission pursuant to 663 section 109.75 or 109.78 of the Revised Code, or a governmental 664 665 official or entity of another state. (iii) It was offered by or under the auspices of a law 666 enforcement agency of this or another state or the United 667 States, a public or private college, university, or other 668 similar postsecondary educational institution located in this or 669 another state, a firearms training school located in this or 670 another state, or another type of public or private entity or 671 organization located in this or another state. 672 (iv) It complies with the requirements set forth in 673 division (G) of this section. 674 (c) An original or photocopy of a certificate of 675

completion of a state, county, municipal, or department of

natural resources peace officer training school that is approved 677 by the executive director of the Ohio peace officer training 678 commission pursuant to section 109.75 of the Revised Code and 679 that complies with the requirements set forth in division (G) of 680 this section, or the applicant has satisfactorily completed and 681 been issued a certificate of completion of a basic firearms 682 training program, a firearms requalification training program, 683 or another basic training program described in section 109.78 or 684 109.801 of the Revised Code that complies with the requirements 685 set forth in division (G) of this section; 686

(d) A document that evidences both of the following:

(i) That the applicant is an active or reserve member of the armed forces of the United States, has retired from or was honorably discharged from military service in the active or reserve armed forces of the United States, is a retired trooper of the state highway patrol, or is a retired peace officer or federal law enforcement officer described in division (B)(1) of this section or a retired person described in division (B)(1)(b) of section 109.77 of the Revised Code and division (B)(1) of this section;

(ii) That, through participation in the military service
or through the former employment described in division (B) (3) (d)
(i) of this section, the applicant acquired experience with
(i) of this section, the applicant acquired experience so
(i) of this section, the applicant firearms, and the experience so
(i) acquired was equivalent to training that the applicant could
(ii) have acquired in a course, class, or program described in
(iii) 703

(e) A certificate or another similar document that
evidences satisfactory completion of a firearms training,
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safety, or requalification or firearms safety instructor course,
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class, or program that is not otherwise described in division 707
(B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, that was conducted 708
by an instructor who was certified by an official or entity of 709
the government of this or another state or the United States or 710
by a national gun advocacy organization, and that complies with 711
the requirements set forth in division (G) of this section; 712

(f) An affidavit that attests to the applicant's 713 satisfactory completion of a course, class, or program described 714 in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section and that 715 is subscribed by the applicant's instructor or an authorized 716 representative of the entity that offered the course, class, or 717 program or under whose auspices the course, class, or program 718 was offered; 719

(g) A document that evidences that the applicant has
successfully completed the Ohio peace officer training program
described in section 109.79 of the Revised Code.
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(4) A certification by the applicant that the applicant
has read the pamphlet prepared by the Ohio peace officer
training commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised
Code that reviews firearms, dispute resolution, and use of
deadly force matters.

(5) A set of fingerprints of the applicant provided as 728 described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code through use of 729 an electronic fingerprint reading device or, if the sheriff to 730 whom the application is submitted does not possess and does not 731 have ready access to the use of such a reading device, on a 732 standard impression sheet prescribed pursuant to division (C) (2) 733 of section 109.572 of the Revised Code. 734

(6) If the applicant is not a citizen or national of the

United States, the name of the applicant's country of 736 citizenship and the applicant's alien registration number issued 737 by the United States citizenship and immigration services 738 agency. 739

(7) If the applicant resides in another state, adequate proof of employment in Ohio.

(C) Upon receipt of the completed application form, 742 supporting documentation, and, if not waived, license fee of an 743 applicant under this section, a sheriff, in the manner specified 744 in section 311.41 of the Revised Code, shall conduct or cause to 745 be conducted the criminal records check and the incompetency 746 records check described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code. 747

(D)(1) Except as provided in division (D)(3) of this 748 section, within forty-five days after a sheriff's receipt of an 749 applicant's completed application form for a concealed handgun 750 license under this section, the supporting documentation, and, 751 if not waived, the license fee, the sheriff shall make available 7.5.2 through the law enforcement automated data system in accordance 753 with division (H) of this section the information described in 754 that division and, upon making the information available through 755 the system, shall issue to the applicant a concealed handgun 756 license that shall expire as described in division (D)(2)(a) of 757 this section if all of the following apply: 758

(a) The applicant is legally living in the United States.
For purposes of division (D) (1) (a) of this section, if a person
room is absent from the United States in compliance with military or
room reserve member of the armed forces
room the United States and if prior to leaving the United States
the person was legally living in the United States, the person,
room that absence, shall not be considered to

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one year.

have lost the person's status as living in the United States. 766 (b) The applicant is at least twenty-one years of age. 767 (c) The applicant is not a fugitive from justice. 768 (d) The applicant is not under indictment for or otherwise 769 charged with a felony; an offense under Chapter 2925., 3719., or 770 4729. of the Revised Code that involves the illegal possession, 771 use, sale, administration, or distribution of or trafficking in 772 a drug of abuse; a misdemeanor offense of violence; or a 773 violation of section 2903.14 or 2923.1211 of the Revised Code. 774 (e) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(4) or (5) 775 of this section, the applicant has not been convicted of or 776 pleaded quilty to a felony or an offense under Chapter 2925., 777 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code that involves the illegal 778 possession, use, sale, administration, or distribution of or 779 trafficking in a drug of abuse; has not been adjudicated a 780 delinquent child for committing an act that if committed by an 781 adult would be a felony or would be an offense under Chapter 782 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code that involves the 783 illegal possession, use, sale, administration, or distribution 784 of or trafficking in a drug of abuse; has not been convicted of, 785 pleaded guilty to, or adjudicated a delinquent child for 786 committing a violation of section 2903.13 of the Revised Code 787 when the victim of the violation is a peace officer, regardless 788 of whether the applicant was sentenced under division (C)(4) of 789 that section; and has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, 790 or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing any other 791 offense that is not previously described in this division that 792 is a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding 793

(f) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(4) or (5) 795 of this section, the applicant, within three years of the date 796 of the application, has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty 797 to a misdemeanor offense of violence other than a misdemeanor 798 violation of section 2921.33 of the Revised Code or a violation 799 of section 2903.13 of the Revised Code when the victim of the 800 violation is a peace officer, or a misdemeanor violation of 801 section 2923.1211 of the Revised Code; and has not been 802 adjudicated a delinguent child for committing an act that if 803 committed by an adult would be a misdemeanor offense of violence 804 other than a misdemeanor violation of section 2921.33 of the 805 Revised Code or a violation of section 2903.13 of the Revised 806 Code when the victim of the violation is a peace officer or for 807 committing an act that if committed by an adult would be a 808 misdemeanor violation of section 2923.1211 of the Revised Code. 809

(g) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(1)(e) of 810 this section, the applicant, within five years of the date of 811 the application, has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, 812 or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing two or more 813 violations of section 2903.13 or 2903.14 of the Revised Code. 814

(h) Except as otherwise provided in division (D) (4) or (5)
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of this section, the applicant, within ten years of the date of
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the application, has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to,
or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a violation of
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section 2921.33 of the Revised Code.

(i) The applicant has not been adjudicated as a mental
defective, has not been committed to any mental institution, is
not under adjudication of mental incompetence, has not been
found by a court to be a mentally ill person subject to court
order, and is not an involuntary patient other than one who is a

patient only for purposes of observation. As used in this825division, "mentally ill person subject to court order" and826"patient" have the same meanings as in section 5122.01 of the827Revised Code.828

(j) The applicant is not currently subject to a civil protection order, a temporary protection order, <u>an extreme risk</u> <u>protection order issued under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the</u> <u>Revised Code</u>, or a protection order issued by a court of another state.

(k) The applicant certifies that the applicant desires a
legal means to carry a concealed handgun for defense of the
applicant or a member of the applicant's family while engaged in
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lawful activity.

(1) The applicant submits a competency certification of 838 the type described in division (B)(3) of this section and 839 submits a certification of the type described in division (B)(4) 840 of this section regarding the applicant's reading of the 841 pamphlet prepared by the Ohio peace officer training commission 842 pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code. 843

(m) The applicant currently is not subject to a suspension
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imposed under division (A)(2) of section 2923.128 of the Revised
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Code of a concealed handgun license that previously was issued
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to the applicant under this section or section 2923.1213 of the
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Revised Code or a similar suspension imposed by another state
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regarding a concealed handgun license issued by that state.

(n) If the applicant resides in another state, theapplicant is employed in this state.851

(o) The applicant certifies that the applicant is not anunlawful user of or addicted to any controlled substance as853

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defined in 21 U.S.C. 802.

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(p) If the applicant is not a United States citizen, the
applicant is an alien and has not been admitted to the United
States under a nonimmigrant visa, as defined in the "Immigration
and Nationality Act," 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(26).

(q) The applicant has not been discharged from the armed forces of the United States under dishonorable conditions.

(r) The applicant certifies that the applicant has not861renounced the applicant's United States citizenship, if862applicable.863

(s) The applicant has not been convicted of, pleaded
guilty to, or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a
violation of section 2919.25 of the Revised Code or a similar
violation in another state.

(2) (a) A concealed handgun license that a sheriff issuesunder division (D) (1) of this section shall expire five yearsafter the date of issuance.

If a sheriff issues a license under this section, the871sheriff shall place on the license a unique combination of872letters and numbers identifying the license in accordance with873the procedure prescribed by the Ohio peace officer training874commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code.875

(b) If a sheriff denies an application under this section 876 because the applicant does not satisfy the criteria described in 877 division (D)(1) of this section, the sheriff shall specify the 878 grounds for the denial in a written notice to the applicant. The 879 applicant may appeal the denial pursuant to section 119.12 of 880 the Revised Code in the county served by the sheriff who denied 881 the application. If the denial was as a result of the criminal 882

records check conducted pursuant to section 311.41 of the 883 Revised Code and if, pursuant to section 2923.127 of the Revised 884 Code, the applicant challenges the criminal records check 885 results using the appropriate challenge and review procedure 886 specified in that section, the time for filing the appeal 887 pursuant to section 119.12 of the Revised Code and this division 888 is tolled during the pendency of the request or the challenge 889 and review. 890

(c) If the court in an appeal under section 119.12 of the 891 892 Revised Code and division (D)(2)(b) of this section enters a judgment sustaining the sheriff's refusal to grant to the 893 applicant a concealed handgun license, the applicant may file a 894 new application beginning one year after the judgment is 895 entered. If the court enters a judgment in favor of the 896 applicant, that judgment shall not restrict the authority of a 897 sheriff to suspend or revoke the license pursuant to section 898 2923.128 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or to refuse to renew 899 the license for any proper cause that may occur after the date 900 the judgment is entered. In the appeal, the court shall have 901 full power to dispose of all costs. 902

(3) If the sheriff with whom an application for a
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concealed handgun license was filed under this section becomes
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aware that the applicant has been arrested for or otherwise
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charged with an offense that would disqualify the applicant from
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holding the license, the sheriff shall suspend the processing of
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the application until the disposition of the case arising from
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the arrest or charge.

(4) If an applicant has been convicted of or pleaded
guilty to an offense identified in division (D) (1) (e), (f), or
(h) of this section or has been adjudicated a delinquent child
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for committing an act or violation identified in any of those 913 divisions, and if a court has ordered the sealing or expungement 914 of the records of that conviction, guilty plea, or adjudication 915 pursuant to sections 2151.355 to 2151.358, sections 2953.31 to 916 2953.36, or section 2953.37 of the Revised Code or the applicant 917 has been relieved under operation of law or legal process from 918 919 the disability imposed pursuant to section 2923.13 of the 920 Revised Code relative to that conviction, guilty plea, or 921 adjudication, the sheriff with whom the application was submitted shall not consider the conviction, guilty plea, or 922 adjudication in making a determination under division (D)(1) or 923 (F) of this section or, in relation to an application for a 924 concealed handgun license on a temporary emergency basis 925 submitted under section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code, in making 926 a determination under division (B)(2) of that section. 927

(5) If an applicant has been convicted of or pleaded 928 guilty to a minor misdemeanor offense or has been adjudicated a 929 delinquent child for committing an act or violation that is a 930 minor misdemeanor offense, the sheriff with whom the application 931 was submitted shall not consider the conviction, guilty plea, or 932 adjudication in making a determination under division (D)(1) or 933 (F) of this section or, in relation to an application for a 934 concealed handgun license on a temporary basis submitted under 935 section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code, in making a determination 936 under division (B)(2) of that section. 937

(E) If a concealed handgun license issued under this
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section is lost or is destroyed, the licensee may obtain from
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the sheriff who issued that license a duplicate license upon the
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payment of a fee of fifteen dollars and the submission of an
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affidavit attesting to the loss or destruction of the license.
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The sheriff, in accordance with the procedures prescribed in
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section 109.731 of the Revised Code, shall place on the 944 replacement license a combination of identifying numbers 945 different from the combination on the license that is being 946 replaced. 947

(F)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (F)(1)(b) of this 948 section, a licensee who wishes to renew a concealed handgun 949 license issued under this section may do so at any time before 950 the expiration date of the license or at any time after the 951 952 expiration date of the license by filing with the sheriff of the 953 county in which the applicant resides or with the sheriff of an adjacent county, or in the case of an applicant who resides in 954 another state with the sheriff of the county that issued the 955 applicant's previous concealed handgun license an application 956 for renewal of the license obtained pursuant to division (D) of 957 this section, a certification by the applicant that, subsequent 958 to the issuance of the license, the applicant has reread the 959 pamphlet prepared by the Ohio peace officer training commission 960 pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code that reviews 961 firearms, dispute resolution, and use of deadly force matters, 962 and a nonrefundable license renewal fee in an amount determined 963 pursuant to division (F) (4) of this section unless the fee is 964 waived. 965

(b) A person on active duty in the armed forces of the 966 United States or in service with the peace corps, volunteers in 967 service to America, or the foreign service of the United States 968 is exempt from the license requirements of this section for the 969 period of the person's active duty or service and for six months 970 thereafter, provided the person was a licensee under this 971 section at the time the person commenced the person's active 972 duty or service or had obtained a license while on active duty 973 or service. The spouse or a dependent of any such person on 974

active duty or in service also is exempt from the license 975 requirements of this section for the period of the person's 976 active duty or service and for six months thereafter, provided 977 the spouse or dependent was a licensee under this section at the 978 979 time the person commenced the active duty or service or had obtained a license while the person was on active duty or 980 service, and provided further that the person's active duty or 981 service resulted in the spouse or dependent relocating outside 982 of this state during the period of the active duty or service. 983 This division does not prevent such a person or the person's 984 spouse or dependent from making an application for the renewal 985 of a concealed handgun license during the period of the person's 986 active duty or service. 987

(2) A sheriff shall accept a completed renewal 988 application, the license renewal fee, and the information 989 specified in division (F)(1) of this section at the times and in 990 the manners described in division (I) of this section. Upon 991 receipt of a completed renewal application, of certification 992 that the applicant has reread the specified pamphlet prepared by 993 the Ohio peace officer training commission, and of a license 994 renewal fee unless the fee is waived, a sheriff, in the manner 995 specified in section 311.41 of the Revised Code shall conduct or 996 cause to be conducted the criminal records check and the 997 incompetency records check described in section 311.41 of the 998 Revised Code. The sheriff shall renew the license if the sheriff 999 determines that the applicant continues to satisfy the 1000 requirements described in division (D)(1) of this section, 1001 except that the applicant is not required to meet the 1002 requirements of division (D)(1)(1) of this section. A renewed 1003 license shall expire five years after the date of issuance. A 1004 renewed license is subject to division (E) of this section and 1005

sections 2923.126 and 2923.128 of the Revised Code. A sheriff 1006 shall comply with divisions (D)(2) and (3) of this section when 1007 the circumstances described in those divisions apply to a 1008 requested license renewal. If a sheriff denies the renewal of a 1009 concealed handgun license, the applicant may appeal the denial, 1010 or challenge the criminal record check results that were the 1011 basis of the denial if applicable, in the same manner as 1012 specified in division (D)(2)(b) of this section and in section 1013 2923.127 of the Revised Code, regarding the denial of a license 1014 under this section. 1015

(3) A renewal application submitted pursuant to division 1016 (F) of this section shall only require the licensee to list on 1017 the application form information and matters occurring since the 1018 date of the licensee's last application for a license pursuant 1019 to division (B) or (F) of this section. A sheriff conducting the 1020 criminal records check and the incompetency records check 1021 described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code shall conduct 1022 the check only from the date of the licensee's last application 1023 for a license pursuant to division (B) or (F) of this section 1024 through the date of the renewal application submitted pursuant 1025 to division (F) of this section. 1026

1027 (4) An applicant for a renewal concealed handgun license under this section shall submit to the sheriff of the county in 1028 which the applicant resides or to the sheriff of any county 1029 adjacent to the county in which the applicant resides, or in the 1030 case of an applicant who resides in another state to the sheriff 1031 of the county that issued the applicant's previous concealed 1032 handgun license, a nonrefundable license fee as described in 1033 either of the following: 1034

(a) For an applicant who has been a resident of this state

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(b) For an applicant who has been a resident of this state 1037 for less than five years or who is not a resident of this state 1038 but who is employed in this state, a fee of fifty dollars plus 1039 the actual cost of having a background check performed by the 1040 federal bureau of investigation. 1041

(5) The concealed handgun license of a licensee who is no 1042 longer a resident of this state or no longer employed in this 1043 state, as applicable, is valid until the date of expiration on 1044 the license, and the licensee is prohibited from renewing the 1045 concealed handgun license. 1046

(G)(1) Each course, class, or program described in 1047 division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section shall 1048 provide to each person who takes the course, class, or program 1049 the web site address at which the pamphlet prepared by the Ohio 1050 peace officer training commission pursuant to section 109.731 of 1051 the Revised Code that reviews firearms, dispute resolution, and 1052 use of deadly force matters may be found. Each such course, 1053 class, or program described in one of those divisions shall 1054 include at least eight hours of training in the safe handling 1055 and use of a firearm that shall include training, provided as 1056 described in division (G)(3) of this section, on all of the 1057 1058 following:

(a) The ability to name, explain, and demonstrate the 1059 rules for safe handling of a handgun and proper storage 1060 practices for handguns and ammunition; 1061

(b) The ability to demonstrate and explain how to handle 1062 ammunition in a safe manner; 1063

(c) The ability to demonstrate the knowledge, skills, and 1064

attitude necessary to shoot a handgun in a safe manner;	1065	
(d) Gun handling training;	1066	
(e) A minimum of two hours of in-person training that	1067	
consists of range time and live-fire training.	1068	
(2) To satisfactorily complete the course, class, or	1069	
program described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of	1070	
this section, the applicant shall pass a competency examination	1071	
that shall include both of the following:	1072	
(a) A written section, provided as described in division	1073	
(G)(3) of this section, on the ability to name and explain the	1074	
rules for the safe handling of a handgun and proper storage	1075	
practices for handguns and ammunition;	1076	
(b) An in-person physical demonstration of competence in	1077	
the use of a handgun and in the rules for safe handling and	1078	
storage of a handgun and a physical demonstration of the		
attitude necessary to shoot a handgun in a safe manner.	1080	
(3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this division, the	1081	
training specified in division (G)(1)(a) of this section shall	1082	
be provided to the person receiving the training in person by an	1083	
instructor. If the training specified in division (G)(1)(a) of	1084	
this section is provided by a course, class, or program	1085	
described in division (B)(3)(a) of this section, or it is	1086	
provided by a course, class, or program described in division	1087	
(B)(3)(b), (c), or (e) of this section and the instructor is a	1088	
qualified instructor certified by a national gun advocacy	1089	
organization, the training so specified, other than the training	1090	
that requires the person receiving the training to demonstrate	1091	
handling abilities, may be provided online or as a combination	1092	
of in-person and online training, as long as the online training	1093	

includes an interactive component that regularly engages the 1094 person. 1095

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this division, the 1096 written section of the competency examination specified in 1097 division (G)(2)(a) of this section shall be administered to the 1098 person taking the competency examination in person by an 1099 instructor. If the training specified in division (G)(1)(a) of 1100 this section is provided to the person receiving the training by 1101 a course, class, or program described in division (B)(3)(a) of 1102 1103 this section, or it is provided by a course, class, or program described in division (B)(3)(b), (c), or (e) of this section and 1104 the instructor is a qualified instructor certified by a national 1105 qun advocacy organization, the written section of the competency 1106 examination specified in division (G)(2)(a) of this section may 1107 be administered online, as long as the online training includes 1108 an interactive component that regularly engages the person. 1109

(4) The competency certification described in division (B) 1110
(3) (a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section shall be dated and 1111
shall attest that the course, class, or program the applicant 1112
successfully completed met the requirements described in 1113
division (G) (1) of this section and that the applicant passed 1114
the competency examination described in division (G) (2) of this 1115
section.

(H) Upon deciding to issue a concealed handgun license, 1117 deciding to issue a replacement concealed handgun license, or 1118 deciding to renew a concealed handgun license pursuant to this 1119 section, and before actually issuing or renewing the license, 1120 the sheriff shall make available through the law enforcement 1121 automated data system all information contained on the license. 1122 If the license subsequently is suspended under division (A) (1) 1123

or (2) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code, revoked pursuant 1124 to division (B)(1) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code, or 1125 lost or destroyed, the sheriff also shall make available through 1126 the law enforcement automated data system a notation of that 1127 fact. The superintendent of the state highway patrol shall 1128 ensure that the law enforcement automated data system is so 1129 1130 configured as to permit the transmission through the system of the information specified in this division. 1131

1132 (I) (1) A sheriff shall accept a completed application form 1133 or renewal application, and the fee, items, materials, and information specified in divisions (B)(1) to (5) or division (F) 1134 of this section, whichever is applicable, and shall provide an 1135 application form or renewal application to any person during at 1136 least fifteen hours a week and shall provide the web site 1137 address at which a printable version of the application form 1138 that can be downloaded and the pamphlet described in division 1139 (B) of section 109.731 of the Revised Code may be found at any 1140 time, upon request. The sheriff shall post notice of the hours 1141 during which the sheriff is available to accept or provide the 1142 information described in this division. 1143

(2) A sheriff shall transmit a notice to the attorney 1144 general, in a manner determined by the attorney general, every 1145 time a license is issued that waived payment under division (B) 1146 (1) (c) of this section for an applicant who is an active or 1147 reserve member of the armed forces of the United States or has 1148 retired from or was honorably discharged from military service 1149 in the active or reserve armed forces of the United States. The 1150 attorney general shall monitor and inform sheriffs issuing 1151 licenses under this section when the amount of license fee 1152 payments waived and transmitted to the attorney general reach 1153 one million five hundred thousand dollars each year. Once a 1154

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sheriff is informed that the payments waived reached one million1155five hundred thousand dollars in any year, a sheriff shall no1156longer waive payment of a license fee for an applicant who is an1157active or reserve member of the armed forces of the United1158States or has retired from or was honorably discharged from1159military service in the active or reserve armed forces of the1160United States for the remainder of that year.1161

1162 Sec. 2923.128. (A) (1) (a) If a licensee holding a valid concealed handgun license is arrested for or otherwise charged 1163 with an offense described in division (D)(1)(d) of section 1164 2923.125 of the Revised Code or with a violation of section 1165 2923.15 of the Revised Code or becomes subject to a temporary 1166 protection order or to a protection order issued by a court of 1167 another state that is substantially equivalent to a temporary 1168 protection order, the sheriff who issued the license shall 1169 suspend it and shall comply with division (A) (3) of this section 1170 upon becoming aware of the arrest, charge, or protection order. 1171 Upon suspending the license, the sheriff also shall comply with 1172 division (H) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code. 1173

(b) A suspension under division (A)(1)(a) of this section 1174 shall be considered as beginning on the date that the licensee 1175 is arrested for or otherwise charged with an offense described 1176 in that division or on the date the appropriate court issued the 1177 protection order described in that division, irrespective of 1178 when the sheriff notifies the licensee under division (A)(3) of 1179 this section. The suspension shall end on the date on which the 1180 charges are dismissed or the licensee is found not quilty of the 1181 offense described in division (A) (1) (a) of this section or, 1182 subject to division (B) of this section, on the date the 1183 appropriate court terminates the protection order described in 1184 that division. If the suspension so ends, the sheriff shall 1185

return the license or temporary emergency license to the 1186 licensee. 1187

(2) (a) If a licensee holding a valid concealed handgun 1188 license is convicted of or pleads guilty to a misdemeanor 1189 violation of division (B)(1), (2), or (4) of section 2923.12 of 1190 the Revised Code or of division (E)(1), (2), (3), or (5) of 1191 section 2923.16 of the Revised Code, except as provided in 1192 division (A)(2)(c) of this section and subject to division (C) 1193 of this section, the sheriff who issued the license shall 1194 suspend it and shall comply with division (A)(3) of this section 1195 upon becoming aware of the conviction or guilty plea. Upon 1196 suspending the license, the sheriff also shall comply with 1197 division (H) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code. 1198

(b) A suspension under division (A) (2) (a) of this section 1199 shall be considered as beginning on the date that the licensee 1200 is convicted of or pleads guilty to the offense described in 1201 that division, irrespective of when the sheriff notifies the 1202 licensee under division (A)(3) of this section. If the 1203 suspension is imposed for a misdemeanor violation of division 1204 (B) (1) or (2) of section 2923.12 of the Revised Code or of 1205 division (E)(1), (2), or (3) of section 2923.16 of the Revised 1206 Code, it shall end on the date that is one year after the date 1207 that the licensee is convicted of or pleads guilty to that 1208 violation. If the suspension is imposed for a misdemeanor 1209 violation of division (B)(4) of section 2923.12 of the Revised 1210 Code or of division (E)(5) of section 2923.16 of the Revised 1211 Code, it shall end on the date that is two years after the date 1212 that the licensee is convicted of or pleads quilty to that 1213 violation. If the licensee's license was issued under section 1214 2923.125 of the Revised Code and the license remains valid after 1215 the suspension ends as described in this division, when the 1216

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suspension ends, the sheriff shall return the license to the 1217 licensee. If the licensee's license was issued under section 1218 2923.125 of the Revised Code and the license expires before the 1219 suspension ends as described in this division, or if the 1220 licensee's license was issued under section 2923.1213 of the 1221 Revised Code, the licensee is not eligible to apply for a new 1222 license under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code 1223 or to renew the license under section 2923.125 of the Revised 1224 Code until after the suspension ends as described in this 1225 division. 1226

(c) The license of a licensee who is convicted of or 1227 pleads guilty to a violation of division (B)(1) of section 1228 2923.12 or division (E)(1) or (2) of section 2923.16 of the 1229 Revised Code shall not be suspended pursuant to division (A)(2) 1230 (a) of this section if, at the time of the stop of the licensee 1231 for a law enforcement purpose, for a traffic stop, or for a 1232 purpose defined in section 5503.34 of the Revised Code that was 1233 the basis of the violation, any law enforcement officer involved 1234 with the stop or the employee of the motor carrier enforcement 1235 unit who made the stop had actual knowledge of the licensee's 1236 status as a licensee. 1237

1238 (3) Upon becoming aware of an arrest, charge, or protection order described in division (A) (1) (a) of this section 1239 with respect to a licensee who was issued a concealed handgun 1240 license, or a conviction of or plea of quilty to a misdemeanor 1241 offense described in division (A) (2) (a) of this section with 1242 respect to a licensee who was issued a concealed handgun license 1243 and with respect to which division (A)(2)(c) of this section 1244 does not apply, subject to division (C) of this section, the 1245 sheriff who issued the licensee's license shall notify the 1246 licensee, by certified mail, return receipt requested, at the 1247

licensee's last known residence address that the license has 1248
been suspended and that the licensee is required to surrender 1249
the license at the sheriff's office within ten days of the date 1250
on which the notice was mailed. If the suspension is pursuant to 1251
division (A)(2) of this section, the notice shall identify the 1252
date on which the suspension ends. 1253

(B) (1) A sheriff who issues a concealed handgun license to 1254
a licensee shall revoke the license in accordance with division 1255
(B) (2) of this section upon becoming aware that the licensee 1256
satisfies any of the following: 1257

(a) The licensee is under twenty-one years of age. 1258

(b) Subject to division (C) of this section, at the time
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of the issuance of the license, the licensee did not satisfy the
eligibility requirements of division (D) (1) (c), (d), (e), (f),
(g), or (h) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code.
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(c) Subject to division (C) of this section, on or after
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the date on which the license was issued, the licensee is
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convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of section 2923.15
of the Revised Code or an offense described in division (D) (1)
(e), (f), (g), or (h) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code.
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(d) On or after the date on which the license was issued,
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the licensee becomes subject to an extreme risk protection order
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issued under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code, a
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civil protection order, or to a protection order issued by a
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court of another state that is substantially equivalent to a
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civil protection order.

(e) The licensee knowingly carries a concealed handgun
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into a place that the licensee knows is an unauthorized place
specified in division (B) of section 2923.126 of the Revised
1276

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## Code.

(f) On or after the date on which the license was issued,	1278
the licensee is adjudicated as a mental defective or is	1279
committed to a mental institution.	1280

(g) At the time of the issuance of the license, the 1281 licensee did not meet the residency requirements described in 1282 division (D)(1) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code and 1283 currently does not meet the residency requirements described in 1284 that division. 1285

(h) Regarding a license issued under section 2923.125 of 1286
the Revised Code, the competency certificate the licensee 1287
submitted was forged or otherwise was fraudulent. 1288

(2) Upon becoming aware of any circumstance listed in 1289 division (B)(1) of this section that applies to a particular 1290 licensee who was issued a concealed handgun license, subject to 1291 division (C) of this section, the sheriff who issued the license 1292 to the licensee shall notify the licensee, by certified mail, 1293 return receipt requested, at the licensee's last known residence 1294 address that the license is subject to revocation and that the 1295 licensee may come to the sheriff's office and contest the 1296 sheriff's proposed revocation within fourteen days of the date 1297 on which the notice was mailed. After the fourteen-day period 1298 and after consideration of any information that the licensee 1299 provides during that period, if the sheriff determines on the 1300 basis of the information of which the sheriff is aware that the 1301 licensee is described in division (B)(1) of this section and no 1302 longer satisfies the requirements described in division (D)(1) 1303 of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code that are applicable to 1304 the licensee's type of license, the sheriff shall revoke the 1305 license, notify the licensee of that fact, and require the 1306 licensee to surrender the license. Upon revoking the license,1307the sheriff also shall comply with division (H) of section13082923.125 of the Revised Code.1309

(C) If a sheriff who issues a concealed handgun license to 1310 a licensee becomes aware that at the time of the issuance of the 1311 license the licensee had been convicted of or pleaded quilty to 1312 an offense identified in division (D)(1)(e), (f), or (h) of 1313 section 2923.125 of the Revised Code or had been adjudicated a 1314 delinquent child for committing an act or violation identified 1315 in any of those divisions or becomes aware that on or after the 1316 date on which the license was issued the licensee has been 1317 convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense identified in 1318 division (A)(2)(a) or (B)(1)(c) of this section, the sheriff 1319 shall not consider that conviction, guilty plea, or adjudication 1320 as having occurred for purposes of divisions (A) (2), (A) (3), (B) 1321 (1), and (B)(2) of this section if a court has ordered the 1322 sealing or expungement of the records of that conviction, guilty 1323 plea, or adjudication pursuant to sections 2151.355 to 2151.358 1324 or sections 2953.31 to 2953.36 of the Revised Code or the 1325 licensee has been relieved under operation of law or legal 1326 process from the disability imposed pursuant to section 2923.13 1327 of the Revised Code relative to that conviction, quilty plea, or 1328 adjudication. 1329

(D) As used in this section, "motor carrier enforcementunit" has the same meaning as in section 2923.16 of the RevisedCode.1332

Sec. 2923.13. (A) Unless relieved from disability under 1333 operation of law or legal process, no person shall knowingly 1334 acquire, have, carry, or use any firearm or dangerous ordnance, 1335 if any of the following apply: 1336

(1) The person is a fugitive from justice.

(2) The person is under indictment for or has been
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convicted of any felony offense of violence or has been
adjudicated a delinquent child for the commission of an offense
that, if committed by an adult, would have been a felony offense
1340
of violence.

(3) The person is under indictment for or has been 1343 1344 convicted of any felony offense involving the illegal possession, use, sale, administration, distribution, or 1345 trafficking in any drug of abuse or has been adjudicated a 1346 delinquent child for the commission of an offense that, if 1347 committed by an adult, would have been a felony offense 1348 involving the illegal possession, use, sale, administration, 1349 distribution, or trafficking in any drug of abuse. 1350

(4) The person is drug dependent, in danger of drug1351dependence, or a chronic alcoholic.1352

(5) The person is under adjudication of mental 1353 incompetence, has been adjudicated as a mental defective, has 1354 been committed to a mental institution, has been found by a 1355 court to be a mentally ill person subject to court order, or is 1356 an involuntary patient other than one who is a patient only for 1357 purposes of observation. As used in this division, "mentally ill 1358 person subject to court order" and "patient" have the same-1359 meanings as in section 5122.01 of the Revised Code. 1360

(6) The person has been found guilty of having a firearm1361while under extreme risk protection order disability, and is1362prohibited from acquiring, having, carrying, or using a firearm1363under section 2923.99 of the Revised Code.1364

(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of having 1365

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1337

weapons while under disability, a felony of the third degree.	1366
(C) For the purposes of this section, "under :	1367
(1) Under operation of law or legal process" shall not	1368
itself include mere completion, termination, or expiration of a	1369
sentence imposed as a result of a criminal conviction.	1370
(2) "Mentally ill person subject to court order" and	1371
"patient" have the same meanings as in section 5122.01 of the	1372
Revised Code.	1373
Sec. 2923.26. (A) As used in this section and sections	1374
2923.27 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code:	1375
(1) "Extreme risk protection order" means a final order or	1376
an ex parte temporary order granted under section 2923.26 or	1377
2923.27 of the Revised Code, respectively.	1378
(2) "Family or household member" means, with respect to a	1379
respondent, any of the following:	1380
(a) A person related by blood, marriage, or adoption to	1381
the respondent;	1382
(b) A person in a dating relationship with the respondent;	1383
(c) A person who has a child in common with the	1384
respondent, regardless of whether the person has been married to	1385
the respondent or has lived together with the respondent at any	1386
time;	1387
(d) A person who resides with the respondent or who has	1388
resided with the respondent within the past year;	1389
(e) A person who has a biological or legal parent-child	1390
relationship with the respondent, including a stepparent,	1391
stepchild, grandparent, and grandchild of the respondent;	1392

(f) A person who is acting or has acted as the	1393			
respondent's legal guardian.	1394			
(3) "Petitioner" means the person who petitions for an	1395			
extreme risk protection order.	1396			
(4) "Respondent" means the person who is identified as the	1397			
subject of a petition for an extreme risk protection order.	1398			
(5) "Law enforcement officer" means a sheriff, deputy	1399			
sheriff, constable, police officer of a township or joint police	1400			
district, municipal police officer, or state highway patrol	1401			
trooper.	1402			
(6) "Law enforcement agency" means a municipal or township	1403			
police department, a county sheriff's office, or the state	1404			
highway patrol.	1405			
(B) Any of the following persons may seek relief under	1406			
sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code by filing a	1407			
petition for an extreme risk protection order in the court of	1408			
common pleas in the county where the petitioner resides or in	1409			
the county where the respondent resides:				
(1) A family or household member of the respondent;	1411			
(2) A law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency.	1412			
(C) A petition for an extreme risk protection order shall	1413			
include all of the following:	1414			
(1) An allegation that the respondent poses a significant	1415			
danger of causing personal injury to self or others by having in	1416			
the respondent's custody or control, purchasing, possessing, or				
receiving a firearm, accompanied by an affidavit made under oath				
stating the specific statements, actions, or facts that give	1419			
rise to a reasonable fear of future dangerous acts by the	1420			

respondent;	1421			
(2) An inventory list including the number, types, and	1422			
locations of every firearm the petitioner believes to be in the	1423			
respondent's ownership, possession, custody, or control;	1424			
(3) A list of any protection order issued under section	1425			
2151.34, 2903.213, 2903.214, 2919.26, or 3113.31 of the Revised	1426			
Code to which the respondent is subject and of which the	1427			
petitioner is aware;	1428			
(4) A list of any pending lawsuit, complaint, petition, or	1429			
other legal action between the parties.	1430			
(D) The court shall verify the terms of any existing order	1431			
governing the parties but may not delay granting relief because	1432			
an action is pending between the parties. A petition for an				
extreme risk protection order may be granted whether or not an				
action between the parties is pending.	1435			
(E) If the petitioner is a law enforcement officer or	1436			
agency, the petitioner shall make a good faith effort to provide	1437			
notice to a family or household member or third party who may be	1438			
at risk of violence. The notice shall state that the petitioner	1439			
intends to petition the court for an extreme risk protection				
order or that the petitioner has already done so, and include	1441			
referrals to appropriate resources, including mental health,	1442			
domestic violence, and counseling resources. The petitioner	1443			
shall attest in the petition to having provided this notice, or	1444			
attest to the steps that will be taken to provide the notice.				
(F) If the petition states that disclosure of the	1446			
petitioner's address would risk harm to the petitioner or any	1447			
member of the petitioner's family or household, the petitioner's	1448			

address may be omitted from all documents filed with the court. 1449

If the petitioner has not disclosed an address under this	1450		
division, the petitioner shall designate an alternate address at	1451		
which the respondent may serve notice of any motions. If the	1452		
petitioner is a law enforcement officer or agency, the address	1453		
of record shall be the address of the law enforcement agency.	1454		
(G) The court shall not charge a fee to a petitioner for	1455		
filing a petition under this section and shall not charge the	1456		
petitioner for service of process. The court shall provide the	1457		
necessary certified copies and forms and shall provide materials	1458		
explaining the process of filing a petition for an extreme risk	1459		
protection order to persons free of charge.	1460		
(H) No petitioner for an extreme risk protection order	1461		
shall be required to post a bond to obtain relief under this	1462		
section or sections 2923.27 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code.	1463		
(I) Upon receiving a petition for an extreme risk	1464		
protection order filed under this section, the court shall do	1465		
all of the following:	1466		
(1) Order a hearing to be held not later than fourteen	1467		
days after the date of the order;			
(2) Issue a potice of the bearing to the respondent named	1469		
(2) Issue a notice of the hearing to the respondent named			
in the petition;	1470		
(3) Cause a copy of the notice of hearing and petition to	1471		
be forwarded on or before the next judicial day to a local law	1472		
enforcement agency for service on the respondent.	1473		
(J) The court may do either of the following with respect	1474		
to a petition for an extreme risk protection order:	1475		
<u> pression for an analone from proceeded an arabi</u>			
(1) Subject to division (K) of this section, schedule a	1476		
hearing by telephone pursuant to local court rule, to reasonably	1477		

accommodate a disability, or, in exceptional circumstances, to	1478
protect a petitioner from potential harm;	1479
(2) Issue an ex parte extreme risk protection order under	1480
section 2923.27 of the Revised Code.	1481
	1 4 0 0
(K) The court shall require assurances of the petitioner's	1482
identity before conducting a telephonic hearing under division	1483
(J)(1) of this section.	1484
(L) The local law enforcement agency shall personally	1485
serve the petition and notice of the hearing on the respondent	1486
not less than five judicial days prior to the hearing. If a	1487
court has issued an ex parte extreme risk protection order under	1488
section 2923.27 of the Revised Code, the local law enforcement	1489
agency shall serve the ex parte order concurrently with the	1490
notice of hearing and petition. Service issued under this	1491
section shall take precedence over other service of other	1492
documents, unless those documents are also of an emergency	1493
nature. If the local law enforcement agency cannot serve process	1494
under this section within the time period specified, the court	1495
shall set a new hearing date and either require the local law	1496
enforcement agency to attempt personal service again or shall	1497
permit service by publication or mail as provided in division	1498
(H) of section 2923.28 of the Revised Code. The court shall not	1499
require more than two attempts at obtaining personal service and	1500
shall permit service by publication or mail after two attempts	1501
unless the petitioner requests additional time to attempt	1502
personal service. If the court issues an order that permits	1503
service by publication or mail, the court shall set the hearing	1504
date not later than twenty-four days after the date the order is	1505
issued.	1506

(M) Upon hearing a petition for an extreme risk protection 1507

order, if the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence	1508			
that the respondent poses a significant danger of causing	1509			
personal injury to self or others by having custody or control	1510			
of a firearm or the ability to purchase, possess, or receive a	1511			
firearm, the court shall issue an extreme risk protection order	1512			
for a period of one hundred eighty days.	1513			
(N) In determining whether grounds for an extreme risk	1514			
protection order exist, the court may do any of the following:	1515			
(1) Consider any relevant evidence including any of the	1516			
following:	1517			
(a) A recent act or threat of violence by the respondent_	1518			
against the respondent or against another, whether or not the	1519			
violence or threat involves a firearm;	1520			
(b) A pattern of acts or threats of violence by the	1521 1522			
respondent within the past twelve months, including acts or				
threats of violence by the respondent against the respondent or				
against others;				
(c) Any dangerous mental health issues of the respondent;	1525			
(d) A violation by the respondent of any of the following:	1526			
(i) A protection order issued or consent agreement	1527			
approved pursuant to section 2919.26 or 3113.31 of the Revised	1528			
<u>Code;</u>	1529			
(ii) A protection order issued pursuant to section	1530			
2151.34, 2903.213, or 2903.214 of the Revised Code;	1531			
	1 - 0 0			
(iii) A protection order issued by a court of another	1532			
<u>state.</u>	1533			
(e) A previous or existing extreme risk protection order	1534			

issued against the respondent; (f) A violation of a previous or existing extreme risk 1536 protection order issued against the respondent; 1537 (q) A conviction of the respondent for a violation of 1538 section 2919.25 of the Revised Code; 1539 (h) The respondent's ownership, access to, or intent to 1540 possess firearms; 1541 (i) The unlawful or reckless use, display, or brandishing 1542 of a firearm by the respondent; 1543 (j) The history of use, attempted use, or threatened use 1544 of physical force by the respondent against another person, or 1545 the respondent's history of stalking another person; 1546 (k) Any prior arrest of the respondent for a felony 1547 offense or violent crime; 1548 (1) Corroborated evidence of the abuse of controlled 1549 substances or alcohol by the respondent; 1550 (m) Evidence of recent acquisition of firearms by the 1551 respondent. 1552 (2) Examine under oath the petitioner, the respondent, and 1553 any witness called by the petitioner or respondent; 1554 (3) Ensure that a reasonable search has been conducted for 1555 criminal history records related to the respondent. 1556 (0) During a hearing for an extreme risk protection order, 1557 the court shall consider whether a mental health evaluation or 1558 chemical dependency evaluation is appropriate and may order such 1559 an evaluation if appropriate. 1560

(P) An extreme risk protection order issued under this 1561

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section shall include all of the following: 1562 (1) A statement of the grounds supporting the order; 1563 (2) The date and time that the order was issued; 1564 (3) The date and time the order expires; 1565 (4) Whether a mental health evaluation or chemical 1566 dependency evaluation of the respondent is required; 1567 (5) The address of the court in which any responsive 1568 pleading should be filed; 1569 (6) A description of the requirements for relinquishment 1570 of firearms under section 2923.30 of the Revised Code; 1571 (7) The following statement: 1572 "To the subject of the protection order: 1573 This order will last until the date and time noted above. 1574 If you have not done so already, you must surrender to the 1575 (insert name of local law enforcement agency) all firearms in 1576 your custody, control, or possession and any license to carry a 1577 concealed handgun issued to you under section 2923.125 or 1578 2923.1213 of the Revised Code. You may not have in your custody 1579 or control, purchase, possess, receive, or attempt to purchase 1580 or receive, a firearm while this order is in effect. You have 1581 the right to request one hearing to terminate this order every 1582 one-hundred-eighty-day period that this order is in effect, 1583 starting from the date of this order and continuing through any 1584 renewals. You may seek the advice of an attorney as to any 1585 matter connected with this order." 1586 (Q) When the court issues an extreme risk protection 1587 order, the court shall inform the respondent that the respondent 1588

is entitled to request termination of the order in the manner	1589
prescribed in section 2923.29 of the Revised Code.	1590
(R) If the court declines to issue an extreme risk	1591
protection order, the court shall state the particular reasons	1592
for denial in the court's order.	1593
(S) Sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code do not	1594
affect the ability of a law enforcement officer to remove a	1595
firearm or concealed handgun license from any person or conduct	1596
any search and seizure for firearms pursuant to any other lawful	1597
authority.	1598
Sec. 2923.27. (A) A petitioner may request that an ex	1599
parte extreme risk protection order be issued before a hearing	1600
for an extreme risk protection order, without notice to the	1601
respondent, by filing an application for an ex parte extreme	1602
risk protection order in a court of common pleas, county court,	1603
or municipal court, that includes detailed allegations based on	1604
personal knowledge that the respondent poses a significant	1605
danger of causing personal injury to self or others in the near	1606
future by having custody or control of a firearm or the ability	1607
to purchase, possess, or receive a firearm.	1608
(B) In considering whether to issue an ex parte extreme	1609
risk protection order under this section, the court that	1610
receives the application shall consider all relevant evidence,	1611
including the evidence described in division (N)(1) of section	1612
2923.26 of the Revised Code.	1613
(C) If a court finds there is reasonable cause to believe	1614
that the respondent poses a significant danger of causing	1615
personal injury to self or others in the near future by having	1616
custody or control of a firearm or the ability to purchase,	1617

possess, or receive a firearm, the court shall issue an ex parte 1618 extreme risk protection order. 1619 (D) The court shall hold an ex parte extreme risk 1620 protection order hearing in person or by telephone on the day 1621 the petition is filed or on the judicial day immediately 1622 following the day the petition is filed. 1623 (E) (1) In accordance with division (I) (1) of section 1624 2923.26 of the Revised Code, a court of common pleas that issues 1625 an ex parte extreme risk protection order shall schedule a\_\_\_\_ 1626 hearing within three days of the issuance of the order to 1627 determine if an extreme risk protection order should be issued. 1628 (2) A county court or municipal court that issues an ex 1629 parte extreme risk protection order shall transfer the case to 1630 the court of common pleas and that court shall schedule a 1631 hearing within three days of the issuance of the order to 1632 determine if an extreme risk protection order should be issued. 1633 (F) An ex parte extreme risk protection order shall 1634 include all of the following: 1635 (1) A statement of the grounds asserted for the order; 1636 1637 (2) The date and time the order was issued; (3) The date and time the order expires; 1638 (4) The address of the court in which any responsive 1639 pleading should be filed; 1640 (5) The date and time of the scheduled hearing; 1641 (6) A description of the requirements for surrender of 1642 firearms under section 2923.30 of the Revised Code; 1643 (7) The following statement: 1644

"To the subject of this protection order: 1645 This order is valid until the date and time noted above. 1646 You are required to surrender all firearms in your custody, 1647 control, or possession. You may not have in your custody or 1648 control, purchase, possess, receive, or attempt to purchase or 1649 receive, a firearm while this order is in effect. You must 1650 immediately surrender to the (insert name of local law 1651 enforcem<u>ent agency) all firearms in your custody, control, or</u> 1652 possession and any license to carry a concealed handgun issued 1653 to you under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code 1654 immediately. A hearing will be held on the date and at the time 1655 noted above to determine if an extreme risk protection order 1656 should be issued. Failure to appear at that hearing may result 1657 in a court making an order against you that is valid for one 1658 hundred eighty days. You may seek the advice of an attorney as 1659 to any matter connected with this order." 1660 (G) Any ex parte extreme risk protection order issued 1661 under this section expires upon the hearing on the extreme risk 1662 protection order. 1663 (H) If the court of common pleas declines to issue an ex 1664 parte extreme risk protection order, the court shall state the 1665 particular reasons for the denial. 1666 Sec. 2923.28. (A) An extreme risk protection order issued 1667 under section 2923.26 of the Revised Code shall be personally 1668 served upon the respondent, except as otherwise provided in 1669 sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code. 1670 (D) The law enforcement economy with invitation even the 1671

(B) The law	enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the	16/1
<u>area in which the</u>	respondent resides shall serve the respondent	1672
personally unless	the petitioner elects to have the respondent	1673

<u>served</u>	by	а	<u>private</u>	party.

(C) If service by the local law enforcement agency is to	1675
be used, the clerk of court shall cause a copy of the order	1676
issued under section 2923.26 of the Revised Code to be forwarded	1677
on or before the next judicial day to the local law enforcement	1678
agency specified in the order for service upon the respondent.	1679

(D) If the law enforcement agency is unable to complete1680service on the respondent within ten days, the law enforcement1681agency shall notify the petitioner. The petitioner shall provide1682any information necessary to allow the law enforcement agency to1683complete service on the respondent.1684

(E) If an order entered by the court specifies that the1685respondent appeared in person before the court, further service1686is waived and proof of service is not necessary.1687

(F) If the court previously entered an order allowing1688service of the notice and petition or an ex parte extreme risk1689protection order by publication or mail under division (H) of1690this section, or if the court finds there are now grounds to1691allow for that method of service, the court may permit service1692by publication or mail of the extreme risk protection order as1693provided in that division.1694

(G) Return of service under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of1695the Revised Code shall be made in accordance with applicable1696rules of court.1697

(H) The court may order service by publication or service1698by mail as provided by the Rules of Civil Procedure except that1699any summons shall contain the name of the respondent and1700petitioner, the date and time of the hearing, and any ex parte1701extreme risk protection order that has been issued against the1702

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respondent, and the following notice: 1703 "If you fail to respond, an extreme risk protection order 1704 may be issued against you pursuant to sections 2923.26 to 1705 2923.30 of the Revised Code for one hundred eighty days from the 1706 date you are required to appear." 1707 (I) If the court orders service by publication or mail for 1708 notice of an extreme risk protection order hearing, it shall 1709 also reissue the ex parte extreme risk protection order, if 1710 issued, to expire on the date of the extreme risk protection 1711 order hearing. 1712 (J) Following completion of service by publication or by 1713 mail for notice of an extreme risk protection order hearing, if 1714 the respondent fails to appear at the hearing, the court may 1715 issue an extreme risk protection order as provided in section 1716 2923.26 of the Revised Code. 1717 (K) The clerk of the court shall enter any extreme risk 1718 protection order or ex parte extreme risk protection order 1719 issued under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code 1720 into a statewide judicial information system on the same day 1721 such order is issued. 1722 (L) The clerk of the court shall forward a copy of an 1723 order issued under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised 1724 Code the same day the order is issued to the appropriate law 1725 enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the 1726 copy of the order, the law enforcement agency shall enter the 1727 order into the national instant criminal background check 1728 system, any other federal or state computer-based systems used 1729 by law enforcement or others to identify prohibited purchasers 1730 of firearms, and any computer-based criminal intelligence 1731

information system available in this state used by law	1732
enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. The order	1733
shall remain in each system for the period stated in the order,	1734
and the law enforcement agency shall only remove orders from the	1735
systems that have expired or terminated. Entry into the	1736
computer-based criminal intelligence information system	1737
constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the	1738
existence of the order. The order is fully enforceable in any	1739
county in the state.	1740
(M)(1) The issuing court shall, within three judicial days	1741
after issuance of an extreme risk protection order or ex parte	1742
extreme risk protection order, forward a copy of the	1743
respondent's driver's license or state identification card, or	1744
comparable information, along with the date of the order's	1745
issuance, to the sheriff that has issued a concealed handgun	1746
license to the respondent. Upon receipt of the information, the	1747
sheriff shall immediately revoke the respondent's license in	1748
accordance with division (B) of section 2923.128 of the Revised	1749
Code.	1750
(2) The court, if necessary, may apply for access to the	1751
law enforcement automated data system to identify a sheriff that	1752
has issued a concealed handgun license to a respondent. For	1753
purposes of this inquiry, the court is a criminal justice	1754
agency.	1755
(N) If an extreme risk protection order is terminated	1756
before its expiration date, the clerk of the court shall forward	1757
the same day a copy of the termination order to the appropriate	1758
law enforcement agency specified in the termination order. Upon	1759
receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall promptly	1760
remove the order from any computer-based system in which it was	1761

entered pursuant to division (L) of this section. 1762 Sec. 2923.29. (A) The respondent may submit one written 1763 request for a hearing to terminate an extreme risk protection 1764 order issued under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised 1765 Code every one-hundred-eighty-day period that the order is in 1766 effect, starting from the date of the order and continuing 1767 through any renewals. 1768 (1) Upon receipt of the request for a hearing to terminate 1769 an extreme risk protection order, the court shall set a date for 1770 a hearing. Notice of the request shall be served on the 1771 petitioner in accordance with the Rules of Civil Procedure. The 1772 hearing shall occur not sooner than fourteen days and not later 1773 than thirty days after the date the petitioner is served with 1774 the request. 1775 (2) The respondent shall have the burden of proving by a 1776 preponderance of the evidence that the respondent does not pose 1777 a significant danger of causing personal injury to self or 1778 others by having custody or control of a firearm or the ability 1779 to purchase, possess, or receive a firearm. The court may 1780 consider any relevant evidence, including evidence of the 1781 considerations listed in division (N)(1) of section 2923.26 of 1782 the Revised Code. 1783 (3) If the court finds after the hearing that the 1784 respondent has met the respondent's burden, the court shall 1785 terminate the order. 1786 (B) The court shall notify the petitioner of the impending 1787 expiration of an extreme risk protection order. Notice shall be 1788 received by the petitioner sixty calendar days before the date 1789 the order expires. 1790

(C) A family or household member of a respondent or a law	1791
enforcement officer or agency may by motion request a renewal of	1792
an extreme risk protection not sooner than sixty calendar days_	1793
before the expiration of the order.	1794
(D) Upon receipt of a motion to renew, the court shall	1795
order that a hearing be held not later than fourteen days from	1796
the date the order is issued. The court may schedule a hearing	1797
by telephone in the manner prescribed by division (J)(1) of	1798
section 2923.26 of the Revised Code. The respondent shall be	1799
personally served in the same manner prescribed by divisions (I)	1800
(3) and (L) of section 2923.26 of the Revised Code.	1801
(E) In determining whether to renew an extreme risk	1802
protection order under this section, the court shall consider	1803
all relevant evidence presented by the petitioner and follow the	1804
same procedure as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised	1805
Code.	1806
<u>Code.</u> If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that	1806 1807
If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that	1807
If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection	1807 1808
If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection order as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code	1807 1808 1809
If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection order as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code continue to be met, the court shall renew the order. However,	1807 1808 1809 1810
If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection order as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code continue to be met, the court shall renew the order. However, if, after notice, the motion for renewal is uncontested and the	1807 1808 1809 1810 1811
If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection order as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code continue to be met, the court shall renew the order. However, if, after notice, the motion for renewal is uncontested and the petitioner seeks no modification of the order, the order may be	1807 1808 1809 1810 1811 1812
If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection order as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code continue to be met, the court shall renew the order. However, if, after notice, the motion for renewal is uncontested and the petitioner seeks no modification of the order, the order may be renewed on the basis of the petitioner's motion or affidavit	1807 1808 1809 1810 1811 1812 1813
If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection order as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code continue to be met, the court shall renew the order. However, if, after notice, the motion for renewal is uncontested and the petitioner seeks no modification of the order, the order may be renewed on the basis of the petitioner's motion or affidavit stating that there has been no material change in relevant	1807 1808 1809 1810 1811 1812 1813 1814
If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection order as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code continue to be met, the court shall renew the order. However, if, after notice, the motion for renewal is uncontested and the petitioner seeks no modification of the order, the order may be renewed on the basis of the petitioner's motion or affidavit stating that there has been no material change in relevant circumstances since entry of the order and stating the reason	1807 1808 1809 1810 1811 1812 1813 1814 1815
If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection order as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code continue to be met, the court shall renew the order. However, if, after notice, the motion for renewal is uncontested and the petitioner seeks no modification of the order, the order may be renewed on the basis of the petitioner's motion or affidavit stating that there has been no material change in relevant circumstances since entry of the order and stating the reason for the requested renewal.	1807 1808 1809 1810 1811 1812 1813 1814 1815 1816
If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection order as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code continue to be met, the court shall renew the order. However, if, after notice, the motion for renewal is uncontested and the petitioner seeks no modification of the order, the order may be renewed on the basis of the petitioner's motion or affidavit stating that there has been no material change in relevant circumstances since entry of the order and stating the reason for the requested renewal. (F) The renewal of an extreme risk protection order has a	1807 1808 1809 1810 1811 1812 1813 1814 1815 1816 1817
If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection order as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code continue to be met, the court shall renew the order. However, if, after notice, the motion for renewal is uncontested and the petitioner seeks no modification of the order, the order may be renewed on the basis of the petitioner's motion or affidavit stating that there has been no material change in relevant circumstances since entry of the order and stating the reason for the requested renewal. (F) The renewal of an extreme risk protection order has a duration of one hundred eighty days, subject to termination as	1807 1808 1809 1810 1811 1812 1813 1814 1815 1816 1817 1818

Sec. 2923.30. (A) Upon issuance of any extreme risk	1821
protection order under this chapter, including an ex parte	1822
extreme risk protection order, the court shall order the	1823
respondent to surrender to the local law enforcement agency all	1824
firearms in the respondent's custody, control, or possession and	1825
any license to carry a concealed handgun issued to the	1826
respondent under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised	1827
Code.	1828
(B) The law enforcement officer serving any extreme risk	1829
protection order under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the	1830
Revised Code, including an ex parte extreme risk protection	1831
order, shall request that the respondent immediately surrender	1832
all firearms in the respondent's custody, control, or possession	1833
and any license to carry a concealed handgun issued to the	1834
respondent under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised	1835
Code, and conduct any search permitted by law for such firearms.	1836
(C) The law enforcement officer shall take possession of	1837
all firearms belonging to the respondent that are surrendered,	1838
in plain sight, or discovered pursuant to a lawful search.	1839
Alternatively, if personal service by a law enforcement officer	1840
is not possible, or not required because the respondent was	1841
present at the extreme risk protection order hearing, the	1842
respondent shall surrender the firearms in a safe manner to the	1843
control of the local law enforcement agency within forty-eight	1844
hours of being served with the order by alternate service or	1845
within forty-eight hours of the hearing at which the respondent	1846
was present.	1847
(D) At the time of surrender, a law enforcement officer	1848
taking possession of a firearm or concealed handgun license	1849
shall issue a receipt identifying all firearms that have been	1850

surrendered and provide a copy of the receipt to the respondent.	1851
Within seventy-two hours after service of the order, the officer	1852
serving the order shall file the original receipt with the court	1853
and shall ensure that the officer's law enforcement agency	1854
retains a copy of the receipt.	1855
(E) Upon the sworn statement or testimony of the	1856
petitioner or of any law enforcement officer alleging that the	1857
respondent has failed to comply with the surrender of firearms	1858
as required by an order issued under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30	1859
of the Revised Code, the court shall determine whether probable_	1860
cause exists to believe that the respondent has failed to	1861
surrender all firearms in the respondent's possession, custody,	1862
or control. If probable cause exists, the court shall issue a	1863
warrant describing the firearms and authorizing a search of the	1864
locations where the firearms are reasonably believed to be and	1865
the seizure of any firearms discovered pursuant to such search.	1866
(F) If a person other than the respondent claims title to	1867
any firearm surrendered pursuant to this section, and the other	1868
person is determined by the law enforcement agency to be the	1869
lawful owner of the firearm, the firearm shall be returned to	1870
the other person, provided that both of the following apply:	1871
(1) The firearm is removed from the respondent's custody,	1872
control, or possession and the lawful owner agrees to store the	1873
firearm in a manner such that the respondent does not have	1874
access to or control of the firearm.	1875
(2) The lawful owner is not prohibited from possessing the	1876
firearm under state or federal law.	1877
(G) Upon the issuance of an extreme risk protection order,	1878
the court shall order a new hearing date and require the	1879

respondent to appear not later than three judicial days from the	1880
issuance of the order. The court shall require a showing that	1881
the respondent has surrendered any firearms in the respondent's	1882
custody, control, or possession. The court may dismiss the	1883
hearing upon a satisfactory showing that the respondent is in	1884
compliance with the order.	1885
(H) All law enforcement agencies shall develop policies	1886
and procedures not later than six months after the effective	1887
date of this section regarding the acceptance, storage, and	1888
return of firearms required to be surrendered under sections	1889
2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code.	1890
(I) If an extreme risk protection order is terminated or	1891
expires without renewal, a law enforcement agency holding any	1892
firearm that has been surrendered pursuant to sections 2923.26	1893
to 2923.30 of the Revised Code shall return any surrendered	1894
firearm requested by a respondent only after confirming, through	1895
a background check, that the respondent is currently eligible to	1896
own or possess firearms under federal and state law and after	1897
confirming with the court that the extreme risk protection order	1898
has terminated or has expired without renewal.	1899
(J) A law enforcement agency shall, if requested, provide	1900
prior notice of the return of a firearm to a respondent to	1901
family or household members of the respondent.	1902
(K) Any firearm surrendered by a respondent pursuant to	1903
this section that remains unclaimed by the lawful owner shall be	1904
disposed of in accordance with the law enforcement agency's	1905
policies and procedures for the disposal of firearms in police	1906
custody.	1907
Sec. 2923.99. (A) Except as provided in this section,	1908

sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code do not impose	1909
criminal or civil liability on any person or entity for acts or	1910
omissions related to obtaining an extreme risk protection order	1911
or ex parte extreme risk protection order including for	1912
reporting, declining to report, investigating, declining to	1913
investigate, filing, or declining to file a petition under those	1914
sections.	1915
(B)(1) No person shall do either of the following:	1916
(a) File a petition for an extreme risk protection order	1917
under section 2923.26 of the Revised Code alleging that the	1918
respondent poses a significant danger of causing personal injury	1919
to self or others by having in the respondent's custody or	1920
control, purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm if the	1921
person knows the allegation is false;	1922
(b) File an application for an ex parte extreme risk	1923
protection order under section 2923.27 of the Revised Code	1924
alleging that the respondent poses a significant danger of	1925
causing personal injury to self or others in the near future by	1926
having custody or control of a firearm or the ability to	1927
purchase, possess, or receive a firearm if the person knows the	1928
allegation is false.	1929
(2) An individual injured in person or property by a	1930
violation of division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section has, and	1931
may recover full damages in, a civil action under section	1932
2307.60 of the Revised Code. A civil action described in this	1933
division is in addition to, and does not preclude, any possible	1934
criminal prosecution of the person who violates division (B)(1)	1935
(a) or (b) of this section.	1936
(3) Whoever violates division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this	1937

section is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree.	1938
(C)(1) No person shall acquire, have, carry, or use any	1939
firearm with knowledge that the person is prohibited from doing	1940
so by an order issued under this section or sections 2923.26 to	1941
2923.30 of the Revised Code.	1942
(2) A person who violates division (C)(1) of this section	1943
is guilty of having a firearm while under extreme risk	1944
protection order disability. Except as provided in division (C)	1945
(3) of this section, having a firearm while under extreme risk	1946
protection order disability is a misdemeanor of the third	1947
degree.	1948
(3) If a person found guilty of having a firearm while	1949
under extreme risk protection order disability has two or more	1950
previous convictions for such an offense, having a firearm while	1951
under extreme risk protection order disability is a felony of	1952
the fifth degree.	1953
(D) In addition to the penalties prescribed in division	1954
(C) of this section, no person found guilty of having a firearm	1955
while under extreme risk protection order disability shall	1956
knowingly acquire, have, carry, or use any firearm or dangerous	1957
ordnance for a period of five years after the date the	1958
underlying extreme risk protection order expires.	1959
Section 2. That existing sections 109.57, 2923.125,	1960
2923.128, and 2923.13 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1961
Section 3. Sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 and 2923.99 of the	1962
Revised Code, as enacted by this act, shall be known as the	1963
"Extreme Risk Protection Order Act."	1964
Section 4. Section 2923.13 of the Revised Code is	1965
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	1966

by both Am. Sub. H.B. 234 and Am. Sub. S.B. 43 of the 130th1967General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle1968stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that1969amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of1970simultaneous operation, finds that the composite is the1971resulting version of the section in effect prior to the1972effective date of the section as presented in this act.1973