### As Introduced

**133rd General Assembly** 

# **Regular Session**

2019-2020

**Representatives Crossman, Clites** 

H. B. No. 390

Cosponsors: Representatives Sweeney, Leland, Sobecki, Robinson, Galonski, Brent, Hicks-Hudson, Denson, Blair, Weinstein, Liston, Smith, K., Patterson, Miranda, Lightbody, Boyd, Skindell, Russo, Kelly, West, Brown, Upchurch, Crawley, Miller, J., Sheehy, Lepore-Hagan, Strahorn, Sykes, O'Brien, Howse, Boggs, Rogers, Ingram, Miller, A., Cera, Hillyer, Carfagna

### A BILL

То	amend sections 1731.03, 1731.04, 1731.05,	1
	1731.09, 1739.05, 1751.01, 1751.06, 1751.12,	2
	1751.16, 1751.18, 1751.58, 1751.69, 3922.01,	3
	3923.122, 3923.57, 3923.571, 3923.85, 3924.01,	4
	3924.02, 3924.03, 3924.033, 3924.06, 3924.51,	5
	and 3924.73, to enact sections 3902.50, 3902.51,	6
	3902.52, 3902.53, and 3902.54, and to repeal	7
	sections 1751.15, 3923.58, 3923.581, 3923.582,	8
	3923.59, 3924.07, 3924.08, 3924.09, 3924.10,	9
	3924.11, 3924.111, 3924.12, 3924.13, and 3924.14	10
	of the Revised Code regarding health insurance	11
	premiums and benefits.	12

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 1731.03, 1731.04, 1731.05,	13
1731.09, 1739.05, 1751.01, 1751.06, 1751.12, 1751.16, 1751.18,	14
1751.58, 1751.69, 3922.01, 3923.122, 3923.57, 3923.571, 3923.85,	15
3924.01, 3924.02, 3924.03, 3924.033, 3924.06, 3924.51, and	16

3924.73 be amended and sections 3902.50, 3902.51, 3902.52, 3902.53, and 3902.54 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:

**Sec. 1731.03.** (A) A small employer health care alliance may do any of the following:

(1) Negotiate and enter into agreements with one or more 22 insurers for the insurers to offer and provide one or more 23 health benefit plans to small employers for their employees and 24 retirees, and the dependents and members of the families of such 25 employees and retirees, which coverage may be made available to 26 enrolled small employers without regard to industrial, rating, 27 or other classifications among the enrolled small employers 28 under an alliance program, except as otherwise provided under 29 the alliance program, and for the alliance to perform, or 30 contract with others for the performance of, functions under or 31 with respect to the alliance program; 32

(2) Contract with another alliance for the inclusion of the small employer members of one in the alliance program of the other;

(3) Provide or cause to be provided to small employers
information concerning the availability, coverage, benefits,
premiums, and other information regarding an alliance program
and promote the alliance program;

(4) Provide, or contract with others to provide,
enrollment, record keeping, information, premium billing,
collection and transmittal, and other services under an alliance
program;

(5) Receive reports and information from the insurer and44negotiate and enter into agreements with respect to inspection45

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and audit of the books and records of the insurer;

(6) Provide services to and on behalf of an alliance
program sponsored by another alliance, including entering into
an agreement described in division (B) of section 1731.01 of the
Revised Code on behalf of the other alliance;

(7) If it is a nonprofit corporation created under Chapter
1702. of the Revised Code, exercise all powers and authority of
such corporations under the laws of the state, or, if otherwise
constituted, exercise such powers and authority as apply to it
under the applicable laws, and its articles, regulations,
constitution, bylaws, or other relevant governing instruments.

(B) A small employer health care alliance is not and shall 57 not be regarded for any purpose of law as an insurer, an offeror 58 or seller of any insurance, a partner of or joint venturer with 59 any insurer, an agent of, or solicitor for an agent of, or 60 representative of, an insurer or an offeror or seller of any 61 insurance, an adjuster of claims, or a third-party 62 administrator, and will not be liable under or by reason of any 63 insurance coverage or other health benefit plan provided or not 64 provided by any insurer or by reason of any conditions or 65 restrictions on eligibility or benefits under an alliance 66 program or any insurance or other health benefit plan provided 67 under an alliance program or by reason of the application of 68 those conditions or restrictions. 69

(C) The promotion of an alliance program by an alliance or
by an insurer is not and shall not be regarded for any purpose
of law as the offer, solicitation, or sale of insurance.
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(D) (1) No alliance shall adopt, impose, or enforce medical73underwriting rules or underwriting rules requiring a small74

employer to have more than a minimum number of employees for the75purpose of determining whether an alliance member is eligible to76purchase a policy, contract, or plan of health insurance or77health benefits from any insurer in connection with the alliance78health care program.79

(2) No alliance shall reject any applicant for membership in the alliance based on the health status of the applicant's employees or their dependents or because the small employer does not have more than a minimum number of employees.

(3) A violation of division (D)(1) or (2) of this section is deemed to be an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance under sections 3901.19 to 3901.26 of the Revised Code.

(4) Nothing in division (D)(1) or (2) of this section 88 shall be construed as inhibiting or preventing an alliance from 89 adopting, imposing, and enforcing rules, conditions, 90 limitations, or restrictions that are based on factors other 91 than the health status of employees or their dependents or the 92 size of the small employer for the purpose of determining 93 whether a small employer is eligible to become a member of the 94 alliance. Division (D)(1) of this section does not apply to an 95 insurer that sells health coverage to an alliance member under 96 an alliance health care program. 97

(E) Except as otherwise specified in section 1731.09 of
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the Revised Code, health benefit plans offered and sold to
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alliance members that are small employers as defined in section
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3924.01 of the Revised Code are subject to sections 3924.01 to
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3924.14 3924.06 of the Revised Code.

(F) Any person who represents an alliance in bargaining or

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negotiating a health benefit plan with an insurer shall disclose 104 to the governing board of the alliance any direct or indirect 105 financial relationship the person has or had during the past two 106 years with the insurer. 107

Sec. 1731.04. (A) An agreement between an alliance and an108insurer referred to in division (B) of section 1731.01 of the109Revised Code shall contain at least the following:110

(1) A provision requiring the insurer to offer and sell to 111 small employers served or to be served by an alliance one or 112 more health benefit plan options for coverage of their eligible 113 employees and the eligible dependents and members of the 114 families of the eligible employees and, if applicable, such 115 members' eligible retirees and the eligible dependents and 116 members of the families of the retirees, subject to such 117 conditions and restrictions as may be set forth or incorporated 118 into the agreement; 119

(2) A brief description of each type of health benefit
plan option that is to be so offered and the conditions for the
modification, continuation, and termination of the coverage and
benefits thereunder;

(3) A statement of the eligibility requirements that an 124 employee or retiree must meet in order for the employee or 125 retiree to be eligible to obtain and retain coverage under any 126 health benefit plan option so offered and, if one of such 127 requirements is that an employee must regularly work for a 128 minimum number of hours per week, a statement of such minimum 129 number of hours, which minimum shall not exceed twenty-five 130 hours per week; 131

(4) A description of any pre-existing condition and 132

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(5) A statement of the premium rates or other charges that 134 apply to each health benefit plan option or a formula or method 135 of determining the rates or charges; 136

(6) (5) A provision prescribing the minimum employer137contribution toward premiums or other charges required in order138to permit a small employer to obtain coverage under a health139benefit plan option offered under an alliance program;140

(7) (6) A provision requiring that each health benefit 141 plan under the alliance program must provide for the 142 continuation of coverage of participants of an enrolled small 143 employer so long as the small employer determines that such 144 person is a qualified beneficiary entitled to such coverage 145 pursuant to Part 6 of Title I of the "Federal Employee 146 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 832, 29 147 U.S.C.A. 1001, and the laws of this state, and regulations or 148 rulings interpreting such provisions. Such coverage provided by 149 the insurer under the plan to participants shall comply with the 150 "Federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974" and 151 the relevant statutes, regulations, and rulings interpreting 152 that act, including provisions regarding types of coverage to be 153 provided, apportionments of limitations on coverage, 154 apportionments of deductibles, and the rights of qualified 155 beneficiaries to elect coverage options relating to types of 156 coverage and otherwise. 157

(B) An agreement between an alliance and an insurer
referred to in division (B) of section 1731.01 of the Revised
Code may contain provisions relating to, but not limited to, any
of the following:

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(1) The application and enrollment process for a small	162
employer and related provisions pertaining to historical	163
experience, health statements, and underwriting standards;	164
(2) The minimum number of those employees eligible to be	165
participants that are required to participate in order to permit	166
a small employer to obtain coverage under a health benefit plan	
option offered under the alliance program, which may vary with	168
the number of employees or those eligible to be participants in	169
respect of the small employer;	170
(3) A procedure for allowing an enrolled small employer to	171
change from one plan option to another under the alliance	172
program, subject to qualifying by size or otherwise under the	173
alliance program;	174
(4) The application of any risk-related pooling or	175
grouping programs and related premiums, conditions, reviews, and	176
alternatives offered by the insurer;	177
(5) The availability of a medicare supplement coverage	178
option for eligible participants who are covered by Parts A and	179
B of medicare, Title XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49	180
Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C.A. 301;	181
(6) Relevant experience periods, enrollment periods, and	182
contract periods;	183
(7) Effective dates for coverage of eligible participants;	184
(8) Conditions under which denial or withdrawal of	185
coverage of participants or small employers and their employees	186
may occur by reason of falsification or misrepresentation of	187
material facts or criminal conduct toward the insurer, small	188
employer, or alliance under the program;	189

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(9) Premium rate structures, which may be uniform or make
provision for age-specific rates, differentials based on number
of participants of an enrolled small employer, products and plan
options selected, and other factors, rate adjustments based on
consumer price indices, utilization, or other relevant factors,
notification of rate adjustments, and arbitration;

(10) Any responsibilities of the alliance for billing,196collection, and transmittal of premiums;197

198 (11) Inclusion under the alliance program of small employers that are members of other organizations described in 199 division (A)(1) of section 1731.01 of the Revised Code that 200 contract with the alliance for this purpose, and conditions 201 pertaining to those small employer members and to their 202 employees and retirees, and dependents and family members of 203 those employees or retirees, as applicable under the alliance 204 program; 205

(12) The agreement of the insurer to offer and sell one or 206 more health benefit plans to small employer members of another 207 small employer health care alliance that contracts with the 208 alliance for this purpose; 209

(13) Use of the health benefit plan options of the insurer 210 in the alliance program and use of the names of the alliance and 211 the insurer; 212

(14) Indemnification from claims and liability by reasonof acts or omissions of others;214

(15) Ownership, use, availability, and maintenance of 215 confidentiality of data and records relating to the alliance 216 program; 217

(16) Utilization reports to be provided to the alliance by

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(17) Such other provisions as may be agreed upon by the alliance and the insurer to better provide for the articulation, promotion, financing, and operation of the alliance program or a health benefit plan under the program in furtherance of the public purposes stated in section 1731.02 of the Revised Code.

(C) Neither an alliance program nor an agreement between 225 an alliance and an insurer is itself a policy or contract of 226 insurance, or a certificate, indorsement, rider, or application 227 forming any part of a policy, contract, or certificate of 228 insurance. Chapters 3905., 3933., and 3959. of the Revised Code 229 do not apply to an alliance program or to an agreement between 230 an alliance and an insurer thereunder, as such, or to the 231 functions of the alliance under an alliance program. 232

Sec. 1731.05. If a qualified alliance, or an alliance 233 that, based upon evidence of interest satisfactory to the 234 superintendent of insurance, will be a qualified alliance within 235 a reasonable time, submits a request for a proposal on a health 236 benefit plan to at least three insurers and does not receive at 237 least one reasonably responsive proposal within ninety days from 238 the date the last such request is submitted, the superintendent, 239 at the request of such alliance, may require that insurers offer 240 proposals to such alliance for health benefit plans for the 241 small employers within such alliance. Such proposals shall 242 include such coverage and benefits for such premiums, as shall 243 take into account the functions provided by the alliance and the 244 economies of scale, and have other terms and provisions as are 245 approved by the superintendent, consistent with the purposes and 246 standards set forth in section 1731.02 of the Revised Code. - In-247 making the determination as to which insurers shall be asked to-248

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submit proposals under this section, the superintendent shall 249 apply the standards set forth in division (G)(4)(a) of section-250 3924.11 of the Revised Code. Any insurer that does not submit a 251 proposal when required to do so by the superintendent hereunder, 252 shall be deemed to be in violation of section 3901.20 of the 253 Revised Code and shall be subject to all of the provisions of 254 section 3901.22 of the Revised Code, including division (D)(1) 255 of section 3901.22 of the Revised Code as if it provided that 256 the superintendent may suspend or revoke an insurer's license to 257 engage in the business of insurance. 258

Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring an insurer to enter into an agreement with an alliance under contractual terms that are not acceptable to the insurer or to authorize the superintendent to require an insurer to enter into an agreement with an alliance under contractual terms that are not acceptable to the insurer.

This section applies beginning eighteen months after its effective date.

Sec. 1731.09. (A) Nothing contained in this chapter is intended to or shall inhibit or prevent the application of the provisions of Chapter 3924. of the Revised Code to any health benefit plan or insurer to which they would otherwise apply in the absence of this chapter, except as otherwise specified in divisions (B) and (C) of this section or unless such application conflicts with the provisions of section 1731.05 of the Revised Code.

(B) An insurer may establish one or more separate classes
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of business solely comprised of one or more alliances. All of
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the following shall apply to health plans covering small
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employers in each class of business established pursuant to this
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division: 279 (1) The premium rate limitations set forth in section 280 3924.04 of the Revised Code apply to each class of business 281 separate and apart from the insurer's other business; 282 (2) For purposes of applying sections 3924.01 to 3924.14 283 <u>3924.06</u> of the Revised Code to a class of business, the base 284 premium rate and midpoint rate shall be determined with respect 285 to each class of business separate and apart from the insurer's 286 other business. 287 (3) The midpoint rate for a class of business shall not 288 exceed the midpoint rate for any other class of business or the 289 insurer's non-alliance business by more than fifteen per cent. 290 291 (4) The insurer annually shall file with the superintendent of insurance an actuarial certification 292 consistent with section 3924.06 of the Revised Code for each 293 class of business demonstrating that the underwriting and rating 294 methods of the insurer do all of the following: 295 (a) Comply with accepted actuarial practices; 296 (b) Are uniformly applied to health benefit plans covering 297 small employers within the class of business; 298 (c) Comply with the applicable provisions of this section 299 and sections 3924.01 to 3924.14 3924.06 of the Revised Code. 300 301 (5) An insurer shall apply sections 3924.01 to <del>3924.14</del> 3924.06 of the Revised Code to the insurer's non-alliance 302 business and coverage sold through alliances not established as 303 a separate class of business. 304 (6) An insurer shall file with the superintendent a 305 notification identifying any alliance or alliances to be treated 306

as a separate class of business at least sixty days prior to the 307 date the rates for that class of business take effect. 308 (7) Any application for a certificate of authority filed 309 pursuant to section 1731.021 of the Revised Code shall include a 310 disclosure as to whether the alliance will be underwritten or 311 rated as part of a separate class of business. 312 (C) As used in this section: 313 (1) "Class of business" means a group of small employers, 314 as defined in section 3924.01 of the Revised Code, that are 315 enrolled employers in one or more alliances. 316 (2) "Actuarial certification," "base premium rate," and 317 "midpoint rate" have the same meanings as in section 3924.01 of 318 the Revised Code. 319 Sec. 1739.05. (A) A multiple employer welfare arrangement 320 that is created pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the 321 Revised Code and that operates a group self-insurance program 322 may be established only if any of the following applies: 323 (1) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment 324 of three hundred employees of two or more employers. 325 (2) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment 326 of three hundred self-employed individuals. 327 328 (3) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment of three hundred employees or self-employed individuals in any 329 combination of divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section. 330 (B) A multiple employer welfare arrangement that is 331 created pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised 332 Code and that operates a group self-insurance program shall 333 comply with all laws applicable to self-funded programs in this 334 state, including sections 3901.04, 3901.041, 3901.19 to 3901.26,3353901.38, 3901.381 to 3901.3814, 3901.40, 3901.45, 3901.46,3363901.491, 3902.01 to 3902.14, 3923.041, 3923.24, 3923.282,3373923.30, 3923.301, 3923.38, 3923.581, 3923.602, 3923.63,3383923.80, 3923.84, 3923.85, 3923.851, 3923.86, 3923.89, 3923.90,3393924.031, 3924.032, and 3924.27 of the Revised Code.340

(C) A multiple employer welfare arrangement created
pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code
shall solicit enrollments only through agents or solicitors
licensed pursuant to Chapter 3905. of the Revised Code to sell
or solicit sickness and accident insurance.

(D) A multiple employer welfare arrangement created 346 pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code 347 shall provide benefits only to individuals who are members, 348 employees of members, or the dependents of members or employees, 349 or are eligible for continuation of coverage under section 350 1751.53 or 3923.38 of the Revised Code or under Title X of the 351 "Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985," 100 352 Stat. 227, 29 U.S.C.A. 1161, as amended. 353

(E) A multiple employer welfare arrangement created
pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code is
subject to, and shall comply with, sections 3903.81 to 3903.93
of the Revised Code in the same manner as other life or health
insurers, as defined in section 3903.81 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 1751.01. As used in this chapter:

(A) (1) "Basic health care services" means the following
services when medically necessary and, except for health care
plans offered in the large group market, the essential health
benefits identified in division (B) (1) of section 3902.53 of the

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Revised Code:	
(a) Physician's services, except when such services are	365
supplemental under division (B) of this section;	366
(b) Inpatient hospital services;	367
(c) Outpatient medical services;	368
(d) Emergency health services;	369
(e) Urgent care services;	370
(f) Diagnostic laboratory services and diagnostic and	371
therapeutic radiologic services;	
(g) Diagnostic and treatment services, other than	373
prescription drug services, for biologically based mental	374
illnesses;	375
(h) Preventive health care services, including, but not	376
limited to, voluntary family planning services, infertility	377
services, periodic physical examinations, prenatal obstetrical	378
care, and well-child care;	379
(i) Routine patient care for patients enrolled in an	380
eligible cancer clinical trial pursuant to section 3923.80 of	381
the Revised Code.	382
"Basic health care services" does not include experimental	383
procedures.	384
Except as provided by divisions (A)(2) and (3) of this	385
section in connection with the offering of coverage for	386
diagnostic and treatment services for biologically based mental	387
illnesses, a health insuring corporation shall not offer	388
coverage for a health care service, defined as a basic health	389

care service by this division, unless it offers coverage for all 390

listed basic health care services. However, this requirement 391 does not apply to the coverage of beneficiaries enrolled in 392 medicare pursuant to a medicare contract, or to the coverage of 393 beneficiaries enrolled in the federal employee health benefits 394 program pursuant to 5 U.S.C.A. 8905, or to the coverage of 395 medicaid recipients, or to the coverage of beneficiaries under 396 any federal health care program regulated by a federal 397 regulatory body, or to the coverage of beneficiaries under any 398 contract covering officers or employees of the state that has 399 been entered into by the department of administrative services. 400

(2) A health insuring corporation may offer coverage for 401 diagnostic and treatment services for biologically based mental 402 illnesses without offering coverage for all other basic health 403 care services. A health insuring corporation may offer coverage 404 for diagnostic and treatment services for biologically based 405 mental illnesses alone or in combination with one or more 406 supplemental health care services. However, a health insuring 407 corporation that offers coverage for any other basic health care 408 service shall offer coverage for diagnostic and treatment 409 services for biologically based mental illnesses in combination 410 with the offer of coverage for all other listed basic health 411 care services. 412

(3) A health insuring corporation that offers coverage for basic health care services is not required to offer coverage for diagnostic and treatment services for biologically based mental illnesses in combination with the offer of coverage for all other listed basic health care services if all of the following apply:

(a) The health insuring corporation submits documentation(a) The health insuring corporation submits documentation(a) The health insuring corporation submits documentation(a) 419(b) 419(c) 419</li

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actuaries to the superintendent of insurance showing that421incurred claims for diagnostic and treatment services for422biologically based mental illnesses for a period of at least six423months independently caused the health insuring corporation's424costs for claims and administrative expenses for the coverage of425basic health care services to increase by more than one per cent426per year.427

(b) The health insuring corporation submits a signed 428 letter from an independent member of the American academy of 429 actuaries to the superintendent of insurance opining that the 430 increase in costs described in division (A)(3)(a) of this 431 section could reasonably justify an increase of more than one 432 per cent in the annual premiums or rates charged by the health 433 insuring corporation for the coverage of basic health care 434 services. 435

(c) The superintendent of insurance makes the following
determinations from the documentation and opinion submitted
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pursuant to divisions (A) (3) (a) and (b) of this section:
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(i) Incurred claims for diagnostic and treatment services
for biologically based mental illnesses for a period of at least
six months independently caused the health insuring
corporation's costs for claims and administrative expenses for
the coverage of basic health care services to increase by more
than one per cent per year.

(ii) The increase in costs reasonably justifies an
increase of more than one per cent in the annual premiums or
rates charged by the health insuring corporation for the
coverage of basic health care services.

Any determination made by the superintendent under this

division is subject to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. 450 (B) (1) "Supplemental health care services" means any 451 health care services other than basic health care services that 452 a health insuring corporation may offer, alone or in combination 453 with either basic health care services or other supplemental 454 health care services, and includes: 455 (a) Services of facilities for intermediate or long-term 456 457 care, or both; (b) Dental care services; 458 (c) Vision care and optometric services including lenses 459 and frames; 460 (d) Podiatric care or foot care services; 461 (e) Mental health services, excluding diagnostic and 462 treatment services for biologically based mental illnesses; 463 (f) Short-term outpatient evaluative and crisis-464 intervention mental health services; 465 (g) Medical or psychological treatment and referral 466 services for alcohol and drug abuse or addiction; 467 (h) Home health services; 468 (i) Prescription drug services; 469 470 (j) Nursing services; (k) Services of a dietitian licensed under Chapter 4759. 471 of the Revised Code; 472 (1) Physical therapy services; 473 (m) Chiropractic services; 474

(n) Any other category of services approved by the 475 superintendent of insurance. 476 (2) If a health insuring corporation offers prescription 477 drug services under this division, the coverage shall include 478 prescription drug services for the treatment of biologically 479 based mental illnesses on the same terms and conditions as other 480 physical diseases and disorders. 481 482 (C) "Specialty health care services" means one of the supplemental health care services listed in division (B) of this 483 section, when provided by a health insuring corporation on an 484 outpatient-only basis and not in combination with other 485 supplemental health care services. 486 (D) "Biologically based mental illnesses" means 487 schizophrenia, schizoaffective disorder, major depressive 488 disorder, bipolar disorder, paranoia and other psychotic 489 disorders, obsessive-compulsive disorder, and panic disorder, as 490 these terms are defined in the most recent edition of the 491 diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders published 492 by the American psychiatric association. 493 (E) "Closed panel plan" means a health care plan that 494

(F) "Compensation" means remuneration for the provision of
health care services, determined on other than a fee-for-service
determined on other than a fee-for-service
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requires enrollees to use participating providers.

(G) "Contractual periodic prepayment" means the formulafor determining the premium rate for all subscribers of a health500insuring corporation.

(H) "Corporation" means a corporation formed under Chapter 5021701. or 1702. of the Revised Code or the similar laws of 503

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another state.	504
(I) "Emergency health services" means those health care	505
services that must be available on a seven-days-per-week,	506
twenty-four-hours-per-day basis in order to prevent jeopardy to	507
an enrollee's health status that would occur if such services	508
were not received as soon as possible, and includes, where	509
appropriate, provisions for transportation and indemnity	510
payments or service agreements for out-of-area coverage.	511
(J) "Enrollee" means any natural person who is entitled to	512
receive health care benefits provided by a health insuring	513
corporation.	514
(K) "Evidence of coverage" means any certificate,	515
agreement, policy, or contract issued to a subscriber that sets	516
out the coverage and other rights to which such person is	517
entitled under a health care plan.	518
(L) "Health care facility" means any facility, except a	519
health care practitioner's office, that provides preventive,	520
diagnostic, therapeutic, acute convalescent, rehabilitation,	521
mental health, intellectual disability, intermediate care, or	522
skilled nursing services.	523
(M) "Health care services" means basic, supplemental, and	524
specialty health care services.	525
(N) "Health delivery network" means any group of providers	526
or health care facilities, or both, or any representative	527
thereof, that have entered into an agreement to offer health	528
care services in a panel rather than on an individual basis.	529
(O) "Health insuring corporation" means a corporation, as	530
defined in division (H) of this section, that, pursuant to a	531

policy, contract, certificate, or agreement, pays for,

reimburses, or provides, delivers, arranges for, or otherwise 533 makes available, basic health care services, supplemental health 534 care services, or specialty health care services, or a 535 combination of basic health care services and either 536 supplemental health care services or specialty health care 537 services, through either an open panel plan or a closed panel 538 plan. 539

"Health insuring corporation" does not include a limited 540 liability company formed pursuant to Chapter 1705. of the 541 Revised Code, an insurer licensed under Title XXXIX of the 542 Revised Code if that insurer offers only open panel plans under 543 which all providers and health care facilities participating 544 receive their compensation directly from the insurer, a 545 corporation formed by or on behalf of a political subdivision or 546 a department, office, or institution of the state, or a public 547 entity formed by or on behalf of a board of county 548 commissioners, a county board of developmental disabilities, an 549 alcohol and drug addiction services board, a board of alcohol, 550 drug addiction, and mental health services, or a community 551 mental health board, as those terms are used in Chapters 340. 552 and 5126. of the Revised Code. Except as provided by division 553 (D) of section 1751.02 of the Revised Code, or as otherwise 554 provided by law, no board, commission, agency, or other entity 555 under the control of a political subdivision may accept 556 insurance risk in providing for health care services. However, 557 nothing in this division shall be construed as prohibiting such 558 entities from purchasing the services of a health insuring 559 corporation or a third-party administrator licensed under 560 Chapter 3959. of the Revised Code. 561

(P) "Intermediary organization" means a health delivery 562network or other entity that contracts with licensed health 563

insuring corporations or self-insured employers, or both, to 564 provide health care services, and that enters into contractual 565 arrangements with other entities for the provision of health 566 care services for the purpose of fulfilling the terms of its 567 contracts with the health insuring corporations and self-insured 568 employers. 569

(Q) "Intermediate care" means residential care above the
level of room and board for patients who require personal
assistance and health-related services, but who do not require
skilled nursing care.

(R) "Medical record" means the personal information that
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 relates to an individual's physical or mental condition, medical
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 history, or medical treatment.
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(S)(1) "Open panel plan" means a health care plan that provides incentives for enrollees to use participating providers and that also allows enrollees to use providers that are not participating providers.

(2) No health insuring corporation may offer an open panel 581 plan, unless the health insuring corporation is also licensed as 582 an insurer under Title XXXIX of the Revised Code, the health 583 insuring corporation, on June 4, 1997, holds a certificate of 584 authority or license to operate under Chapter 1736. or 1740. of 585 the Revised Code, or an insurer licensed under Title XXXIX of 586 the Revised Code is responsible for the out-of-network risk as 587 evidenced by both an evidence of coverage filing under section 588 1751.11 of the Revised Code and a policy and certificate filing 589 under section 3923.02 of the Revised Code. 590

(T) "Osteopathic hospital" means a hospital registeredunder section 3701.07 of the Revised Code that advocates592

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osteopathic principles and the practice and perpetuation of 593 osteopathic medicine by doing any of the following: 594 (1) Maintaining a department or service of osteopathic 595 medicine or a committee on the utilization of osteopathic 596 principles and methods, under the supervision of an osteopathic 597 598 physician; (2) Maintaining an active medical staff, the majority of 599 which is comprised of osteopathic physicians; 600 (3) Maintaining a medical staff executive committee that 601 has osteopathic physicians as a majority of its members. 602 (U) "Panel" means a group of providers or health care 603 facilities that have joined together to deliver health care 604 services through a contractual arrangement with a health 605 insuring corporation, employer group, or other payor. 606 (V) "Person" has the same meaning as in section 1.59 of 607 the Revised Code, and, unless the context otherwise requires, 608 includes any insurance company holding a certificate of 609 authority under Title XXXIX of the Revised Code, any subsidiary 610 and affiliate of an insurance company, and any government 611 612 agency. (W) "Premium rate" means any set fee regularly paid by a 613 subscriber to a health insuring corporation. A "premium rate" 614 does not include a one-time membership fee, an annual 615 administrative fee, or a nominal access fee, paid to a managed 616 health care system under which the recipient of health care 617 services remains solely responsible for any charges accessed for 618

(X) "Primary care provider" means a provider that isdesignated by a health insuring corporation to supervise,621

those services by the provider or health care facility.

coordinate, or provide initial care or continuing care to an622enrollee, and that may be required by the health insuring623corporation to initiate a referral for specialty care and to624maintain supervision of the health care services rendered to the625enrollee.626

(Y) "Provider" means any natural person or partnership of 627 natural persons who are licensed, certified, accredited, or 628 otherwise authorized in this state to furnish health care 629 services, or any professional association organized under 630 631 Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code, provided that nothing in this 632 chapter or other provisions of law shall be construed to preclude a health insuring corporation, health care 633 practitioner, or organized health care group associated with a 634 health insuring corporation from employing certified nurse 635 practitioners, certified nurse anesthetists, clinical nurse 636 specialists, certified nurse-midwives, pharmacists, dietitians, 637 physician assistants, dental assistants, dental hygienists, 638 optometric technicians, or other allied health personnel who are 639 licensed, certified, accredited, or otherwise authorized in this 640 state to furnish health care services. 641

(Z) "Provider sponsored organization" means a corporation, 642 as defined in division (H) of this section, that is at least 643 eighty per cent owned or controlled by one or more hospitals, as 644 defined in section 3727.01 of the Revised Code, or one or more 645 physicians licensed to practice medicine or surgery or 646 osteopathic medicine and surgery under Chapter 4731. of the 647 Revised Code, or any combination of such physicians and 648 hospitals. Such control is presumed to exist if at least eighty 649 per cent of the voting rights or governance rights of a provider 650 sponsored organization are directly or indirectly owned, 651 controlled, or otherwise held by any combination of the 652

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physicians and hospitals described in this division.

(AA) "Solicitation document" means the written materials
provided to prospective subscribers or enrollees, or both, and
used for advertising and marketing to induce enrollment in the
health care plans of a health insuring corporation.

(BB) "Subscriber" means a person who is responsible for
making payments to a health insuring corporation for
participation in a health care plan, or an enrollee whose
employment or other status is the basis of eligibility for
enrollment in a health insuring corporation.

(CC) "Urgent care services" means those health care 663 services that are appropriately provided for an unforeseen 664 condition of a kind that usually requires medical attention 665 without delay but that does not pose a threat to the life, limb, 666 or permanent health of the injured or ill person, and may 667 include such health care services provided out of the health 668 insuring corporation's approved service area pursuant to 669 indemnity payments or service agreements. 670

Sec. 1751.05. (A) The superintendent of insurance shall 671 issue or deny a certificate of authority to a health insuring 672 corporation filing an application pursuant to section 1751.03 of 673 the Revised Code, one hundred thirty-five days from the 674 superintendent's receipt of a complete application and 675 accompanying documents. 676

(B) A certificate of authority shall be issued upon
payment of the application fee prescribed in section 1751.44 of
the Revised Code if the superintendent is satisfied that the
following conditions are met:

(1) The persons responsible for the conduct of the affairs 681

of the applicant are competent, trustworthy, and possess good 682 reputations. 683 (2) The superintendent determines, in accordance with 684 division (B) of section 1751.04 of the Revised Code, that the 685 organization's proposed plan of operation meets the requirements 686 of division (A) of that section. 687 (3) The applicant constitutes an appropriate mechanism to 688 effectively provide or arrange for the provision of the basic 689 690 health care services, supplemental health care services, or specialty health care services to be provided to enrollees. 691 (4) The applicant is financially responsible, complies 692 with section 1751.28 of the Revised Code, and may reasonably be 693 expected to meet its obligations to enrollees and prospective 694 enrollees. In making this determination, the superintendent may 695 consider: 696 (a) The financial soundness of the applicant's 697 arrangements for health care services, including the applicant's 698 proposed contractual periodic prepayments or premiums and the 699 use of copayments and deductibles; 700 (b) The adequacy of working capital; 701 (c) Any agreement with an insurer, a government, or any 702 other person for insuring the payment of the cost of health care 703 704 services or providing for automatic applicability of an alternative coverage in the event of discontinuance of the 705 health insuring corporation's operations; 706 (d) Any agreement with providers or health care facilities 707 for the provision of health care services; 708

(e) Any deposit of securities submitted in accordance with 709

obligations will be performed. 711 (5) The applicant has submitted documentation of an 712 arrangement to provide health care services to its enrollees 713 until the expiration of the enrollees' contracts with the 714 applicant if a health care plan or the operations of the health 715 insuring corporation are discontinued prior to the expiration of 716 the enrollees' contracts. An arrangement to provide health care 717 services may be made by using any one, or any combination, of 718 719 the following methods: (a) The maintenance of insolvency insurance; 720 (b) A provision in contracts with providers and health 721 care facilities, but no health insuring corporation shall rely 722 solely on such a provision for more than thirty days; 723 (c) An agreement with other health insuring corporations 724 or insurers, providing enrollees with automatic conversion 725 rights upon the discontinuation of a health care plan or the 726 health insuring corporation's operations; 727 (d) Such other methods as approved by the superintendent. 728 (6) Nothing in the applicant's proposed method of 729 operation, as shown by the information submitted pursuant to 730 section 1751.03 of the Revised Code or by independent 731 investigation, will cause harm to an enrollee or to the public 732 at large, as determined by the superintendent. 733 (7) Any deficiencies identified by the superintendent 734 under section 1751.04 of the Revised Code have been corrected. 735 (8) The applicant has deposited securities as set forth in 736

section 1751.27 of the Revised Code as a guarantee that the

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(C) If an applicant elects to fulfill the requirements of 738 division (B) (5) of this section through an agreement with other 739 health insuring corporations or insurers, the agreement shall 740 require those health insuring corporations or insurers to give 741 thirty days' notice to the superintendent prior to cancellation 742 or discontinuation of the agreement for any reason. 743

(D) A certificate of authority shall be denied only after
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 compliance with the requirements of section 1751.36 of the
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 Revised Code.
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Sec. 1751.06. Upon obtaining a certificate of authority as 747 required under this chapter, a health insuring corporation may 748 do all of the following: 749

(A) Enroll individuals and their dependents in either of the following circumstances:

(1) The individual resides or lives in the approved752service area.753

(2) The individual's place of employment is located in the754approved service area.755

(B) Contract with providers and health care facilities for
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(C) Contract with insurance companies authorized to do
business in this state for insurance, indemnity, or
reimbursement against the cost of providing emergency and
nonemergency health care services for enrollees, subject to the
provisions set forth in this chapter and the limitations set
forth in the Revised Code;

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(D) Contract with any person pursuant to the requirements 766 of division (A)(18) of section 1751.03 of the Revised Code for 767 managerial or administrative services, or for data processing, 768 actuarial analysis, billing services, or any other services 769 authorized by the superintendent of insurance. However, a health 770 insuring corporation shall not enter into a contract for any of 771 the services listed in this division with an insurance company 772 that is not authorized to engage in the business of insurance in 773 this state. 774

(E) Accept from governmental agencies, private agencies, 775
corporations, associations, groups, individuals, or other 776
persons, payments covering all or part of the costs of planning, 777
development, construction, and the provision of health care 778
services; 779

(F) Purchase, lease, construct, renovate, operate, or
maintain health care facilities, and their ancillary equipment,
and any property necessary in the transaction of the business of
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the health insuring corporation;
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(G) In the employer group market, impose an affiliation 784 period of not more than sixty days, or for late enrollees an 785 affiliation period of not more than ninety days, which period 786 begins on the individual's date of enrollment and runs 787 concurrently with any waiting period imposed under the coverage. 788 For purposes of this division, "affiliation period" means a 789 period of time which, under the terms of the coverage offered, 790 must expire before the coverage becomes effective. No health 791 care services or benefits need to be provided during an 792 affiliation period, and no periodic prepayments can be charged 793 for any coverage during that period. 794

(H) If a health insuring corporation offers coverage in 795

the small employer group market through a network plan, limit or 796 deny the coverage in accordance with section 3924.031 of the 797 Revised Code; 798

(I) Refuse to issue coverage in the small employer group799market pursuant to section 3924.032 of the Revised Code;800

(J) Establish employer contribution rules or group
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 participation rules for the offering of coverage in connection
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 with a group contract in the small employer group market, as
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 provided in division (E) (D) (1) of section 3924.03 of the Revised
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 Code.

Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting806a health insuring corporation without other commercial807enrollment from contracting solely with federal health care808programs regulated by federal regulatory bodies.809

Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the810authority of a health insuring corporation to perform those811functions not otherwise prohibited by law.812

Sec. 1751.12. (A) (1) No contractual periodic prepayment 813 and no premium rate for nongroup and conversion policies for 814 health care services, or any amendment to them, may be used by 815 any health insuring corporation at any time until the 816 contractual periodic prepayment and premium rate, or amendment, 817 have been filed with the superintendent of insurance, and shall 818 not be effective until the expiration of sixty days after their 819 filing unless the superintendent sooner gives approval. The 820 filing shall be accompanied by an actuarial certification in the 821 form prescribed by the superintendent. The superintendent shall 822 disapprove the filing, if the superintendent determines within 823 the sixty-day period that the contractual periodic prepayment or 824

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premium rate, or amendment, is not in accordance with sound825actuarial principles or is not reasonably related to the826applicable coverage and characteristics of the applicable class827of enrollees. The superintendent shall notify the health828insuring corporation of the disapproval, and it shall thereafter829be unlawful for the health insuring corporation to use the830contractual periodic prepayment or premium rate, or amendment.831

(2) No contractual periodic prepayment for group policies 832 for health care services shall be used until the contractual 833 periodic prepayment has been filed with the superintendent. The 834 filing shall be accompanied by an actuarial certification in the 835 form prescribed by the superintendent. The superintendent may 836 reject a filing made under division (A) (2) of this section at 837 any time, with at least thirty days' written notice to a health 838 insuring corporation, if the contractual periodic prepayment is 839 not in accordance with sound actuarial principles or is not 840 reasonably related to the applicable coverage and 841 characteristics of the applicable class of enrollees. 842

(3) At any time, the superintendent, upon at least thirty
days' written notice to a health insuring corporation, may
withdraw the approval given under division (A) (1) of this
section, deemed or actual, of any contractual periodic
prepayment or premium rate, or amendment, based on information
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that either of the following applies:

(a) The contractual periodic prepayment or premium rate, 849or amendment, is not in accordance with sound actuarial 850principles. 851

(b) The contractual periodic prepayment or premium rate,
or amendment, is not reasonably related to the applicable
coverage and characteristics of the applicable class of
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enrollees.

(4) Any disapproval under division (A) (1) of this section,
any rejection of a filing made under division (A) (2) of this
section, or any withdrawal of approval under division (A) (3) of
this section, shall be effected by a written notice, which shall
state the specific basis for the disapproval, rejection, or
withdrawal and shall be issued in accordance with Chapter 119.
of the Revised Code.

(B) Notwithstanding division (A) of this section, a health 863 insuring corporation may use a contractual periodic prepayment 864 or premium rate for policies used for the coverage of 865 beneficiaries enrolled in medicare pursuant to a medicare risk 866 contract or medicare cost contract, or for policies used for the 867 coverage of beneficiaries enrolled in the federal employees 868 health benefits program pursuant to 5 U.S.C.A. 8905, or for 869 policies used for the coverage of medicaid recipients, or for 870 policies used for the coverage of beneficiaries under any other 871 federal health care program regulated by a federal regulatory 872 body, or for policies used for the coverage of beneficiaries 873 under any contract covering officers or employees of the state 874 875 that has been entered into by the department of administrative services, if both of the following apply: 876

(1) The contractual periodic prepayment or premium rate
has been approved by the United States department of health and
human services, the United States office of personnel
management, the department of medicaid, or the department of
administrative services.

(2) The contractual periodic prepayment or premium rate is
filed with the superintendent prior to use and is accompanied by
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documentation of approval from the United States department of
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health and human services, the United States office of personnel 885 management, the department of medicaid, or the department of 886 administrative services. 887 (C) The administrative expense portion of all contractual 888 periodic prepayment or premium rate filings submitted to the 889 superintendent for review must reflect the actual cost of 890 administering the product. The superintendent may require that 891 the administrative expense portion of the filings be itemized 892 and supported. 893 (D) (1) Copayments, cost sharing, and deductibles must be 894 reasonable and must not be a barrier to the necessary 895 utilization of services by enrollees. 896 (2) A health insuring corporation, in order to ensure that 897 copayments, cost sharing, and deductibles are reasonable and not 898 a barrier to the necessary utilization of basic health care 899 services by enrollees shall impose copayment charges, cost 900 sharing, and deductible charges that annually do not exceed 901 forty per cent of the total annual cost to the health insuring 902 corporation of providing all covered health care services when 903 904 applied to a standard population expected to be covered under the filed product in question. The total annual cost of 905 providing a health care service is the cost to the health 906 insuring corporation of providing the health care service to its 907 enrollees as reduced by any applicable provider discount. This 908 requirement shall be demonstrated by an actuary who is a member 909 of the American academy of actuaries and qualified to provide 910 such certifications as described in the United States 911 qualification standards promulgated by the American academy of 912

(3) For purposes of division (D) of this section, all of 914

actuaries pursuant to the code of professional conduct.

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the following apply: 915 (a) Copayments imposed by health insuring corporations in 916 connection with a high deductible health plan that is linked to 917 a health savings account are reasonable and are not a barrier to 918 the necessary utilization of services by enrollees. 919 (b) Division (D)(2) of this section does not apply to a 920 high deductible health plan that is linked to a health savings 921 account. 922 (c) Catastrophic-only plans, as <u>described in division (D)</u> 923 (2) of section 3902.53 of the Revised Code and defined under the 924 "Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act," 124 Stat. 119, 42 925 U.S.C. 18022 and any related regulations, are not subject to the 926 limits prescribed in division (D) of this section, provided that 927 such plans meet all applicable minimum federal requirements. 928 (E) A health insuring corporation shall not impose 929 lifetime maximums on basic health care services. However, a 930 health insuring corporation may establish a benefit limit for 931 inpatient hospital services that are provided pursuant to a 932 policy, contract, certificate, or agreement for supplemental 933 health care services. 934 (F) The superintendent may adopt rules allowing different 935

(r) The superintendent may adopt fulles allowing different555copayment, cost sharing, and deductible amounts for plans with a936medical savings account, health reimbursement arrangement,937flexible spending account, or similar account;938

(G) A health insuring corporation may impose higher
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copayment, cost sharing, and deductible charges under health
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plans if requested by the group contract, policy, certificate,
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or agreement holder, or an individual seeking coverage under an
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individual health plan. This shall not be construed as requiring
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the health insuring corporation to create customized health 944 plans for group contract holders or individuals. 945

(H) As used in this section, "health savings account" and
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"high deductible health plan" have the same meanings as in the
"Internal Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C. 223,
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as amended.

Sec. 1751.16. (A) Except as provided in division (F) of 950 this section, every group contract issued by a health insuring 951 corporation shall provide an option for conversion to an 952 individual contract issued on a direct-payment basis to any 953 subscriber covered by the group contract who terminates 954 employment or membership in the group, unless: 955

(1) Termination of the conversion option or contract is
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 based upon nonpayment of premium after reasonable notice in
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 writing has been given by the health insuring corporation to the
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 subscriber.

(2) The subscriber is, or is eligible to be, covered forbenefits at least comparable to the group contract under any of961the following:962

(a) Medicare; 963

(b) Any act of congress or law under this or any other
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state of the United States providing coverage at least
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comparable to the benefits under division (A) (2) (a) of this
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section;

(c) Any policy of insurance or health care plan providing
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coverage at least comparable to the benefits under division (A)
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(2) (a) of this section.
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(B) (1) The direct-payment contract offered by the health

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insuring corporation pursuant to division (A) of this section	972
shall provide the following:	973
(a) In the case of an individual who is not a federally-	974
eligible individual, benefits comparable to benefits in any of	975
the individual contracts then being issued to individual	976
subscribers by the health insuring corporation;	977
(b) In the case of a federally eligible individual, a-	978
basic and standard plan established under section 3924.10 of the	979
Revised Code or plans substantially similar to the basic and	980
standard plan in benefit design and scope of covered services.	981
For purposes of division (B)(1)(b) of this section, the-	982
superintendent of insurance shall determine whether a plan is	983
substantially similar to the basic or standard plan in benefit	984
design and scope of covered services. The contractual periodic-	985
prepayments charged for such plans may not exceed the amounts	986
specified below:	987
(i) For calendar years 2010 and 2011, an amount that is	988
two times the base rate charged any other individual of a group-	989
to which the organization is currently accepting new business	990
and for which similar copayments and deductibles are applied;	991
(ii) For calendar year 2012 and every calendar year	992
thereafter, an amount that is one and one-half times the base-	993
rate charged any other individual of a group to which the health-	994
insuring corporation is currently accepting new business and for	995
which similar copayments and deductibles are applied, unless the	996
superintendent of insurance determines that the amendments by	997
this act to sections 3923.58 and 3923.581 of the Revised Code,	998
have resulted in the market-wide average medical loss ratio for-	999
coverage sold to individual insureds and nonemployer group	1000
insureds in this state, including open enrollment insureds, to-	1001

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increase by more than five and one quarter percentage points	1002
during calendar year 2010. If the superintendent makes that	
determination, the premium limit established by division (B)(1)	1004
(b) (i) of this section shall remain in effect.	1005
(2) The direct payment contract offered pursuant to	1006
division (A) of this section may include a coordination of	1007
benefits provision as approved by the superintendent.	1008
(3) For purposes of division (B) of this section:	1009
(a) "Federally eligible individual" means an eligible	1010
individual as defined in 45 C.F.R. 148.103.	1011
(b) "Base rate" means, as to any health benefit plan that	1012
is issued by a health insuring corporation, the lowest premium-	1013
rate for new or existing business prescribed by the health-	1014
insuring corporation for the same or similar coverage under a	1015
plan or arrangement covering any individual in a group with-	1016
similar case characteristics.	1017
(C) The option for conversion shall be available:	1018
(1) Upon the death of the subscriber, to the surviving	1019
spouse with respect to such of the spouse and dependents as are	1020
then covered by the group contract;	1021
(2) To a child solely with respect to the child upon the	1022
child's attaining the limiting age of coverage under the group	1023
contract while covered as a dependent under the contract;	1024
(3) Upon the divorce, dissolution, or annulment of the	1025
marriage of the subscriber, to the divorced spouse, or, in the	1026
event of annulment, to the former spouse of the subscriber.	1027
(D) No health insuring corporation shall use age or health	1028
status as the basis for refusing to renew a converted contract.	1029

(E) Written notice of the conversion option provided by 1030 this section shall be given to the subscriber by the health 1031 insuring corporation by mail. The notice shall be sent to the 1032 subscriber's address in the records of the employer upon receipt 1033 of notice from the employer of the event giving rise to the 1034 conversion option. If the subscriber has not received notice of 1035 the conversion privilege at least fifteen days prior to the 1036 expiration of the thirty-day conversion period, then the 1037 subscriber shall have an additional period within which to 1038 exercise the privilege. This additional period shall expire 1039 fifteen days after the subscriber receives notice, but in no 1040 event shall the period extend beyond sixty days after the 1041 expiration of the thirty-day conversion period. 1042

(F) This section does not apply to any group contractoffering only supplemental health care services or specialtyhealth care services.

Sec. 1751.18. (A) (1) No health insuring corporation shall 1046 cancel or fail to renew the coverage of a subscriber or enrollee 1047 because of any health status-related factor in relation to the 1048 subscriber or enrollee, the subscriber's or enrollee's 1049 requirements for health care services, or for any other reason 1050 designated under rules adopted by the superintendent of 1051 insurance. 1052

(2) Unless otherwise required by state or federal law, no
health insuring corporation, or health care facility or provider
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through which the health insuring corporation has made
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arrangements to provide health care services, shall discriminate
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against any individual with regard to enrollment, disenrollment,
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or the quality of health care services rendered, on the basis of
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the individual's race, color, sex, age, religion, military

status as defined in section 4112.01 of the Revised Code, or 1060 status as a recipient of medicare or medicaid, or any health 1061 status-related factor in relation to the individual. However, a 1062 health insuring corporation shall not be required to accept a 1063 recipient of medicare or medical assistance, if an agreement has 1064 not been reached on appropriate payment mechanisms between the 1065 1066 health insuring corporation and the governmental agency administering these programs. Further, except for open 1067 enrollment coverage under sections 3923.58 and 3923.581 of the 1068 Revised Code and except as provided in section 1751.65 of the 1069 Revised Code, a health insuring corporation may reject an-1070 applicant for nongroup enrollment on the basis of any health 1071 status-related factor in relation to the applicant. 1072

(B) A health insuring corporation may cancel or decide not
to renew the coverage of an enrollee if the enrollee has
performed an act or practice that constitutes fraud or
intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms
of the coverage and if the cancellation or nonrenewal is not
based, either directly or indirectly, on any health statusrelated factor in relation to the enrollee.

(C) An enrollee may appeal any action or decision of a 1080 health insuring corporation taken pursuant to section 2742(b) to 1081 (e) of the "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act 1082 of 1996," Pub. L. No. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1955, 42 U.S.C.A. 1083 300qq-42, as amended. To appeal, the enrollee may submit a 1084 written complaint to the health insuring corporation pursuant to 1085 section 1751.19 of the Revised Code. The enrollee may, within 1086 thirty days after receiving a written response from the health 1087 insuring corporation, appeal the health insuring corporation's 1088 action or decision to the superintendent. 1089

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(D) As used in this section, "health status-related 1090 factor" means any of the following: 1091 (1) Health status; 1092 (2) Medical condition, including both physical and mental 1093 1094 illnesses; (3) Claims experience; 1095 (4) Receipt of health care; 1096 1097 (5) Medical history; (6) Genetic information; 1098 (7) Evidence of insurability, including conditions arising 1099 out of acts of domestic violence; 1100 (8) Disability. 1101 Sec. 1751.58. Except as otherwise provided in section 2721 1102 of the "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1103 1996," Pub. L. No. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1955, 42 U.S.C.A. 300gg-1104 21, as amended, the following conditions apply to all group 1105 health insuring corporation contracts that are sold in 1106 connection with an employment-related group health care plan and 1107 that are not subject to section 3924.03 of the Revised Code: 1108 (A) (1) Except as provided in section 2712(b) to (e) of the 1109 "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996," 1110 if a health insuring corporation offers coverage in the small or 1111 large group market in connection with a group contract, the 1112 corporation shall renew or continue in force such coverage at 1113 the option of the contract holder. 1114 (2) A health insuring corporation may cancel or decide not 1115

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to renew the coverage of any eligible employee or of a dependent 1116

of an eligible employee under the group contract in accordance 1117 with division (B) of section 1751.18 of the Revised Code. 1118

(B) Such group contracts are subject to division (A) (3) of
 section 3924.03 and sections 3924.033 and 3924.27 of the Revised
 Code.

(C) Such group contracts shall provide for the special
enrollment periods described in section 2701(f) of the "Health
Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996."

(D) At least once in every twelve-month period, a health 1125 insuring corporation shall provide to all late enrollees, as 1126 defined in section 3924.01 of the Revised Code, who are 1127 identified by the contract holder, the option to enroll in the 1128 group contract. The enrollment option shall be provided for a 1129 minimum period of thirty consecutive days. All delays of 1130 coverage imposed under the group contract, including any 1131 affiliation period, shall begin on the date the health insuring 1132 corporation receives notice of the late enrollee's application 1133 or request for coverage, and shall run concurrently with each 1134 other. 1135

Sec. 1751.69. (A) As used in this section, "cost sharing" 1136 means the cost to an individual insured under an individual or 1137 group health insuring corporation policy, contract, or agreement 1138 according to any coverage limit, copayment, coinsurance, 1139 deductible, or other out-of-pocket expense requirements imposed 1140 by the policy, contract, or agreement. 1141

(B) Notwithstanding section 3901.71 of the Revised Code
and subject to division (D) of this section, no individual or
group health insuring corporation policy, contract, or agreement
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providing basic health care services or prescription drug
1145

services that is delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in 1146 this state, if the policy, contract, or agreement provides 1147 coverage for cancer chemotherapy treatment, shall fail to comply 1148 with either of the following: 1149

(1) The policy, contract, or agreement shall not provide
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(2) The policy, contract, or agreement shall not comply
with division (B)(1) of this section by imposing an increase in
cost sharing solely for orally administered, intravenously
administered, or injected cancer medications.

(C) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the 1159 contrary, an individual or group health insuring corporation 1160 policy, contract, or agreement shall be deemed to be in 1161 compliance with this section if the cost sharing imposed under 1162 such a policy, contract, or agreement for orally administered 1163 cancer treatments does not exceed one hundred dollars per 1164 prescription fill. The cost\_sharing limit of one hundred dollars 1165 per prescription fill shall apply to a high deductible plan, as 1166 defined in 26 U.S.C. 223, or a catastrophic plan, as <u>described</u> 1167 in division (D)(2) of section 3902.53 of the Revised Code and 1168 defined in 42 U.S.C. 18022, only after the deductible has been 1169 met. 1170

(D) The prohibitions in division (B) of this section do
 1171
 not preclude an individual or group health insuring corporation
 1172
 policy, contract, or agreement from requiring an enrollee to
 1173
 obtain prior authorization before orally administered cancer
 1174
 medication is dispensed to the enrollee.

## H. B. No. 390 As Introduced

(E) A health insuring corporation that offers coverage for 1176basic health care services is not required to comply with 1177division (B) of this section if all of the following apply: 1178

(1) The health insuring corporation submits documentation 1179 certified by an independent member of the American academy of 1180 actuaries to the superintendent of insurance showing that 1181 compliance with division (B)(1) of this section for a period of 1182 at least six months independently caused the health insuring 1183 corporation's costs for claims and administrative expenses for 1184 the coverage of basic health care services to increase by more 1185 1186 than one per cent per year.

(2) The health insuring corporation submits a signed
1187
letter from an independent member of the American academy of
actuaries to the superintendent of insurance opining that the
increase in costs described in division (E) (1) of this section
could reasonably justify an increase of more than one per cent
in the annual premiums or rates charged by the health insuring
corporation for the coverage of basic health care services.

(3) (a) The superintendent of insurance makes the following
determinations from the documentation and opinion submitted
pursuant to divisions (E) (1) and (2) of this section:

(i) Compliance with division (B) (1) of this section for a 1197
period of at least six months independently caused the health 1198
insuring corporation's costs for claims and administrative 1199
expenses for the coverage of basic health care services to 1200
increase more than one per cent per year. 1201

(ii) The increase in costs reasonably justifies an1202increase of more than one per cent in the annual premiums or1203rates charged by the health insuring corporation for the1204

coverage of basic health care services. 1205 (b) Any determination made by the superintendent under 1206 division (E)(3) of this section is subject to Chapter 119. of 1207 the Revised Code. 1208 Sec. 3902.50. As used in sections 3902.50 to 3902.54 of 1209 the Revised Code: 1210 (A) "Cost-sharing" means the cost to a covered person 1211 under a health benefit plan according to any coverage limit, 1212 copayment, coinsurance, deductible, or other out-of-pocket 1213 <u>expense requirement.</u> 1214 (B) "Covered person," "health benefit plan," "health care 1215 provider" or "provider," "health care services," and "health 1216 plan issuer" have the same meanings as in section 3922.01 of the 1217 Revised Code. 1218 (C) "Preexisting condition exclusion" means, with respect 1219 to a health benefit plan, a limitation or exclusion of benefits 1220 relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was 1221 present before the date of enrollment in the plan, whether or 1222 not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was 1223 recommended or received before such date. "Condition" does not 1224 include genetic information in the absence of a diagnosis of the 1225 condition related to such information. 1226 Sec. 3902.51. (A) With respect to the premium rate charged 1227 by a health plan issuer for a health benefit plan offered in the 1228 individual or small group market, all of the following apply: 1229 (1) The premium rate shall vary with respect to the health 1230 benefit plan involved only by the following: 1231 (a) Whether the health benefit plan covers an individual 1232

<u>or family;</u>	1233
(b) Rating area, as established in accordance with	1234
division (C)(1) of this section;	1235
(c) Age, except that such rate shall not vary by more than	1236
three to one for adults;	1237
(d) Tobacco use, except that such rate shall not vary by	1238
more than one and one-half to one.	1239
(2) The premium rate shall not vary with respect to the	1240
health benefit plan involved by any other factor not described	1241
in division (A) of this section.	1242
(B) With respect to family coverage under a health benefit	1243
plan, the rating variations permitted under divisions (A)(1)(c)	1244
and (d) of this section shall be applied based on the portion of	1245
the premium that is attributable to each family member covered	1246
under the health benefit plan.	1247
(C) The superintendent of insurance shall adopt rules to	1248
<u>do the following:</u>	1249
(1) Establish one or more rating areas within the state;	1250
(2) Define the permissible age bands for rating purposes	1251
under division (A)(3) of this section.	1252
(D) A health plan issuer shall not establish lifetime or	1253
annual limits on the dollar value of benefits described in	1254
section 3902.53 of the Revised Code for any covered person.	1255
Sec. 3902.52. (A) Every individual health benefit plan_	1256
shall accept every individual in this state who applies for	1257
coverage and every group health benefit plan shall accept every	1258
employer in this state that applies for coverage, regardless of	1259

whether any individual or employee has a preexisting condition.	1260
A health benefit plan may restrict enrollment in coverage to	1261
open or special enrollment periods under division (C) of this	1262
section.	1263
(B) A health plan issuer shall not impose any preexisting	1264
condition exclusion on any person.	1265
(C)(1) The superintendent of insurance shall adopt rules	1266
to ensure that each individual health benefit plan has open	1267
enrollment during a statewide open enrollment period to allow	1268
individuals, including individuals who are not covered persons,	1269
to enroll in the health benefit plan.	1270
(2) A health plan issuer shall provide special enrollment	1271
periods for individuals who lose coverage as a result of a	1272
qualifying event under 42 U.S.C. 9801(f) or 29 U.S.C. 1163.	1273
Sec. 3902.53. (A) For purposes of this section, "essential_	1274
health benefits package" means, with respect to a health benefit	1275
plan, coverage that does all of the following:	1276
	1276 1277
plan, coverage that does all of the following:	-
plan, coverage that does all of the following: (1) Provides for the essential health benefits defined by	1277
<pre>plan, coverage that does all of the following:     (1) Provides for the essential health benefits defined by     the superintendent of insurance under division (B) of this</pre>	1277 1278
<pre>plan, coverage that does all of the following:     (1) Provides for the essential health benefits defined by     the superintendent of insurance under division (B) of this     section;</pre>	1277 1278 1279
<pre>plan, coverage that does all of the following:     (1) Provides for the essential health benefits defined by     the superintendent of insurance under division (B) of this     section;     (2) Limits cost sharing for such coverage in accordance</pre>	1277 1278 1279 1280
<pre>plan, coverage that does all of the following: (1) Provides for the essential health benefits defined by the superintendent of insurance under division (B) of this section; (2) Limits cost sharing for such coverage in accordance with division (C) of this section;</pre>	1277 1278 1279 1280 1281
<pre>plan, coverage that does all of the following:     (1) Provides for the essential health benefits defined by     the superintendent of insurance under division (B) of this     section;     (2) Limits cost sharing for such coverage in accordance     with division (C) of this section;     (3) Provides the level of coverage described in division</pre>	1277 1278 1279 1280 1281 1282
<pre>plan, coverage that does all of the following: (1) Provides for the essential health benefits defined by the superintendent of insurance under division (B) of this section; (2) Limits cost sharing for such coverage in accordance with division (C) of this section; (3) Provides the level of coverage described in division (D) of this section.</pre>	1277 1278 1279 1280 1281 1282 1283
<pre>plan, coverage that does all of the following:     (1) Provides for the essential health benefits defined by     the superintendent of insurance under division (B) of this     section;     (2) Limits cost sharing for such coverage in accordance     with division (C) of this section;     (3) Provides the level of coverage described in division     (D) of this section.     (B) (1) Subject to division (B) (2) of this section, the</pre>	1277 1278 1279 1280 1281 1282 1283 1283

<pre>categories:</pre>	1288
(a) Ambulatory patient services;	1289
(b) Emergency services;	1290
(c) Hospitalization;	1291
(d) Maternity and newborn care;	1292
(e) Mental health and substance use disorder services,	1293
including behavioral health treatment;	1294
(f) Prescription drugs;	1295
(g) Rehabilitative and habilitative services and devices;	1296
(h) Laboratory services;	1297
(i) Preventive and wellness services and chronic disease	1298
management;	1299
(j) Pediatric services, including oral and vision care.	1300
(2) (a) The superintendent shall ensure that the scope of	1301
the essential health benefits under division (B)(1) of this	1302
section is equal to the scope of benefits provided under a	1303
typical employer plan, as determined by the superintendent. To	1304
inform this determination, the superintendent shall conduct a	1305
survey of employer-sponsored coverage to determine the benefits	1306
typically covered by employers, including multi-employer plans.	1307
(b) In defining the essential health benefits described in	1308

(b) In defining the essential health benefits described in1308division (B) (1) of this section, and in revising the benefits1309under division (B) (3) (g) of this section, the superintendent1310shall submit a report to the general assembly containing a1311certification that such essential health benefits meet the1312requirements described in division (B) (2) (a) of this section.1313

(3) In defining the essential health benefits under	1314
division (B)(1) of this section, the superintendent shall do all	1315
of the following:	1316
	1017
(a) Ensure that such essential health benefits reflect an	1317
appropriate balance among the categories described in division	1318
(B)(1) of this section, so that benefits are not unduly weighted	1319
toward any category;	1320
(b) Not make coverage decisions, determine reimbursement	1321
rates, establish incentive programs, or design benefits in ways	1322
that discriminate against individuals because of their age,	1323
disability, or expected length of life;	1324
(c) Take into account the health care needs of diverse	1325
segments of the population, including women, children, persons_	1326
with disabilities, and other groups;	1327
with disabilities, and other groups,	1927
(d) Ensure that health benefits established as essential	1328
not be subject to denial to individuals against their wishes on	1329
the basis of the individuals' age or expected length of life or	1330
of the individuals' present or predicted disability, degree of	1331
medical dependency, or quality of life;	1332
(e) Provide that a qualified health benefit plan shall not	1333
be treated as providing coverage for the essential health	1334
benefits described in division (B)(1) of this section unless the	1335
plan does both of the following:	1336
(i) Provides that coverage for emergency services, as	1337
defined in section 3923.65 of the Revised Code, will be provided	1338
without imposing any requirement under the plan for prior_	1339
authorization of services or any limitation on coverage where	1340
the provider of services does not have a contractual	1341
relationship with the plan for the providing of services that is	1342

more restrictive than the requirements or limitations that apply 1343 to emergency services received from providers who do have such a 1344 contractual relationship with the plan; 1345 (ii) Provides that if emergency services are provided out-1346 of-network, the cost-sharing requirement is the same requirement 1347 that would apply if such services were provided in-network. 1348 (f) Periodically review the essential health benefits 1349 under division (B)(1) of this section and provide a report to 1350 the general assembly and the public that contains all of the 1351 following: 1352 (i) An assessment of whether covered persons are facing 1353 any difficulty accessing needed services for reasons of coverage 1354 1355 or cost; (ii) An assessment of whether the essential health 1356 benefits needs to be modified or updated to account for changes 1357 in medical evidence or scientific advancement; 1358 (iii) Information on how the essential health benefits 1359 will be modified to address any such gaps in access or changes 1360 in the evidence base; 1361 1362 (iv) An assessment of the potential of additional or expanded benefits to increase costs and the interactions between 1363 the addition or expansion of benefits and reductions in existing 1364 benefits to meet the requirements of division (B)(2)(a) of this 1365 section. 1366 (g) Periodically update the essential health benefits 1367 under division (B)(1) of this section to address any gaps in 1368 access to coverage or changes in the evidence base the 1369 superintendent identifies in the review conducted under division 1370 1371 (B)(3)(f) of this section.

(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit	1372
a health benefit plan from providing benefits in excess of the	1373
essential health benefits described in this section.	1374
(C)(1) A health plan issuer shall not require cost sharing_	1375
	1375
in an amount greater than seven thousand nine hundred dollars	
for self-only coverage and fifteen thousand eight hundred	1377
dollars for other than self-only coverage for plan years	1378
<u>beginning in 2020.</u>	1379
(2) For plan years beginning in a calendar year after	1380
2020, the cost-sharing limit shall be as follows:	1381
(a) In the case of self-only coverage, be equal to the	1382
dollar amount in division (C)(1) of this section, increased by	1383
the product of that amount and the premium adjustment percentage	1384
under division (C)(3) of this section for the calendar year;	1385
(b) In the case of other than self-only coverage, twice	1386
the amount in effect under division (C)(2)(a) of this section.	1387
If the amount of any increase under division (C)(2)(a) of this	1388
section is not a multiple of fifty dollars, such increase shall	1389
be rounded to the next lowest multiple of fifty dollars.	1390
(3) The premium adjustment percentage for any calendar	1391
year shall be the percentage by which the average per capita	1392
premium for health benefit plans in this state for the preceding	1393
calendar year, as estimated by the superintendent not later than	1394
the first day of October of such preceding calendar year,	1395
exceeds such average per capita premium for 2019, as determined	1396
by the superintendent.	1397
(D)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (D)(2) of this	1398
section, a health benefit plan shall provide a level of coverage	1399
that is designed to provide benefits that are actuarially	1400

to.

benefits provided under the plan.

equivalent to sixty per cent of the full actuarial value of the 1401 1402 (b) Under rules issued by the superintendent, the level of 1403 coverage of a plan shall be determined on the basis that the 1404 essential health benefits described in division (B)(1) of this 1405 section shall be provided to a standard population, without 1406 regard to the population the plan may actually provide benefits 1407 1408

(2) A health benefit plan that does not provide the level 1409 of coverage described in division (D)(1) of this section shall 1410 be considered as meeting the requirements of that division with 1411 respect to any plan year if both of the following apply: 1412

(a) An individual is only eligible to enroll in the health	1413
benefit plan if the individual meets either of the following	1414
conditions:	1415

(i) The individual has not attained the age of thirty 1416 before the beginning of the plan year. 1417

(ii) The individual meets a hardship exemption as determined by the superintendent.

(b) The health benefit plan provides both of the 1420 1421 following:

(i) Except as provided in division (D)(2)(b)(ii) of this 1422 section, the essential health benefits listed in division (B)(1) 1423 of this section, except that the health benefit plan provides no 1424 benefits for any plan year until the individual has incurred 1425 cost-sharing expenses in an amount equal to the annual 1426 limitation in effect under division (C) of this section for the 1427 plan year except as provided for in section 3902.54 of the 1428 1429 Revised Code;

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1418

(ii) Coverage for at least three primary care visits.	1430
(3) If a health plan issuer offers a health benefit plan	1431
described in division (D)(2) of this section, the issuer shall	1432
only offer the plan in the individual market.	1433
(E) The requirements of this section do not apply to	1434
health benefit plans offered in the large group market.	1435
noaten zenerte pland offerea in ene large group marnet.	1100
(F) Nothing in this section is subject to the requirements	1436
of section 3901.71 of the Revised Code.	1437
Sec. 3902.54. (A) A health benefit plan shall provide	1438
coverage for and shall not impose any cost-sharing requirements	1439
for the following:	1440
(1) Evidence-based items or services that have in effect a	1441
rating of "A" or "B" in the current recommendations of the	1442
United States preventive services task force;	1443
	1110
(2) Immunizations that have in effect a recommendation	1444
from the advisory committee on immunization practices of the	1445
United States centers for disease control and prevention with	1446
respect to the individual involved;	1447
(3) With respect to infants, children, and adolescents,	1448
evidence-informed preventive care and screenings provided for in	1449
the comprehensive guidelines supported by the United States	1450
health resources and services administration;	1451
(4) With respect to women, such additional preventive care	1452
and screenings not described in division (A)(1) of this section	1453
as provided for in comprehensive guidelines supported by the	1454
United States health resources and services administration.	1455
(B) The superintendent shall adopt rules to implement	1456
	1456 1457
sections 3902.50 to 3902.54 of the Revised Code.	143/

Sec. 3922.01. As used in this chapter: 1458 (A) "Adverse benefit determination" means a decision by a 1459 health plan issuer: 1460 (1) To deny, reduce, or terminate a requested health care 1461 service or payment in whole or in part, including all of the 1462 following: 1463 (a) A determination that the health care service does not 1464 meet the health plan issuer's requirements for medical 1465 necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of care, 1466 or effectiveness, including experimental or investigational 1467 1468 treatments; (b) A determination of an individual's eligibility for 1469 individual health insurance coverage, including coverage offered 1470 to individuals through a nonemployer group, to participate in a 1471 plan or health insurance coverage; 1472 (c) A determination that a health care service is not a 1473 covered benefit; 1474 (d) The imposition of an exclusion, including exclusions 1475 for pre existing conditions, source of injury, network, or any 1476 other limitation on benefits that would otherwise be covered. 1477 (2) Not to issue individual health insurance coverage to 1478 an applicant, including coverage offered to individuals through 1479 1480 a nonemployer group; (3) To rescind coverage on a health benefit plan. 1481 (B) "Ambulatory review" has the same meaning as in section 1482 1751.77 of the Revised Code. 1483 (C) "Authorized representative" means an individual who 1484

represents a covered person in an internal appeal or external 1485 review process of an adverse benefit determination who is any of 1486 the following: 1487 (1) A person to whom a covered individual has given 1488 express, written consent to represent that individual in an 1489 internal appeals process or external review process of an 1490 adverse benefit determination; 1491 1492 (2) A person authorized by law to provide substituted consent for a covered individual; 1493 1494 (3) A family member or a treating health care 1495 professional, but only when the covered person is unable to provide consent. 1496 (D) "Best evidence" means evidence based on all of the 1497 following sources, listed according to priority, as they are 1498 available: 1499 (1) Randomized clinical trials; 1500 (2) Cohort studies or case-control studies; 1501 (3) Case series; 1502 (4) Expert opinion. 1503 (E) "Covered person" means a policyholder, subscriber, 1504 enrollee, member, or individual covered by a health benefit 1505 plan. "Covered person" does include the covered person's 1506 authorized representative with regard to an internal appeal or 1507 external review in accordance with division (C) of this section. 1508 "Covered person" does not include the covered person's 1509 representative in any other context. 1510

(F) "Covered benefits" or "benefits" means those health 1511

care services to which a covered person is entitled under the 1512 terms of a health benefit plan. 1513 (G) "Emergency medical condition" has the same meaning as 1514 in section 1753.28 of the Revised Code. 1515 (H) "Emergency services" has the same meaning as in 1516 section 1753.28 of the Revised Code. 1517 (I) "Evidence-based standard" means the conscientious, 1518 explicit, and judicious use of the current best evidence, based 1519 on a systematic review of the relevant research, in making 1520 decisions about the care of individuals. 1521 (J) "Facility" means an institution providing health care 1522 services, or a health care setting, including hospitals and 1523 other licensed inpatient centers, ambulatory, surgical, 1524 treatment, skilled nursing, residential treatment, diagnostic, 1525 laboratory, and imaging centers, and rehabilitation and other 1526 therapeutic health settings. 1527 (K) "Final adverse benefit determination" means an adverse 1528 benefit determination that is upheld at the completion of a 1529 health plan issuer's internal appeals process. 1530 (L) "Health benefit plan" means a policy, contract, 1531 certificate, or agreement offered by a health plan issuer to 1532 provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the 1533

costs of health care services, including benefit plans marketed1534in the individual or group market by all associations, whether1535bona fide or non-bona fide. "Health benefit plan" also means a1536limited benefit plan, except as follows. "Health benefit plan"1537does not mean any of the following types of coverage: a policy,1538contract, certificate, or agreement that covers only a specified1539accident, accident only, credit, dental, disability income,1540

long-term care, hospital indemnity, supplemental coverage, as 1541 described in section 3923.37 of the Revised Code, specified 1542 disease, or vision care; coverage issued as a supplement to 1543 liability insurance; insurance arising out of workers' 1544 1545 compensation or similar law; automobile medical payment insurance; or insurance under which benefits are payable with or 1546 without regard to fault and which is statutorily required to be 1547 contained in any liability insurance policy or equivalent self-1548 insurance; a medicare supplement policy of insurance, as defined 1549 by the superintendent of insurance by rule, coverage under a 1550 plan through medicare, medicaid, or the federal employees 1551 benefit program; any coverage issued under Chapter 55 of Title 1552 10 of the United States Code and any coverage issued as a 1553 supplement to that coverage. 1554

(M) "Health care professional" means a physician,
psychologist, nurse practitioner, or other health care
practitioner licensed, accredited, or certified to perform
health care services consistent with state law.

(N) "Health care provider" or "provider" means a healthcare professional or facility.1560

(O) "Health care services" means services for the
 diagnosis, prevention, treatment, cure, or relief of a health
 condition, illness, injury, or disease.
 1563

(P) "Health plan issuer" means an entity subject to the
insurance laws and rules of this state, or subject to the
jurisdiction of the superintendent of insurance, that contracts,
or offers to contract to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for,
or reimburse any of the costs of health care services under a
health benefit plan, including a sickness and accident insurance
company, a health insuring corporation, a fraternal benefit

society, a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement, or 1571 a nonfederal, government health plan. "Health plan issuer" 1572 includes a third party administrator licensed under Chapter 1573 3959. of the Revised Code to the extent that the benefits that 1574 such an entity is contracted to administer under a health 1575 benefit plan are subject to the insurance laws and rules of this 1576 state or subject to the jurisdiction of the superintendent. 1577

(Q) "Health information" means information or data,
whether oral or recorded in any form or medium, and personal
facts or information about events or relationships that relates
to all of the following:

(1) The past, present, or future physical, mental, or
behavioral health or condition of a covered person or a member
of the covered person's family;
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(2) The provision of health care services or health-1585related benefits to a covered person;1586

(3) Payment for the provision of health care services to1587or for a covered person.1588

(R) "Independent review organization" means an entity that
is accredited to conduct independent external reviews of adverse
benefit determinations pursuant to section 3922.13 of the
Revised Code.

(S) "Medical or scientific evidence" means evidence found1593in any of the following sources:1594

(1) Peer-reviewed scientific studies published in, or
accepted for publication by, medical journals that meet
nationally recognized requirements for scientific manuscripts
and that submit most of their published articles for review by
1598
experts who are not part of the editorial staff;

(2) Peer-reviewed medical literature, including literature 1600 relating to therapies reviewed and approved by a gualified 1601 institutional review board, biomedical compendia and other 1602 medical literature that meet the criteria of the national 1603 institutes of health's library of medicine for indexing in index 1604 medicus and elsevier science ltd. for indexing in excerpta 1605 medicus; 1606 (3) Medical journals recognized by the secretary of health 1607 and human services under section 1861(t)(2) of the federal 1608 social security act; 1609 (4) The following standard reference compendia: 1610 (a) The American hospital formulary service drug 1611 information; 1612 (b) Drug facts and comparisons; 1613 1614 (c) The American dental association accepted dental therapeutics; 1615 1616 (d) The United States pharmacopoeia drug information. (5) Findings, studies or research conducted by or under 1617 the auspices of a federal government agency or nationally 1618 recognized federal research institute, including any of the 1619 following: 1620 (a) The federal agency for health care research and 1621 1622 quality; (b) The national institutes of health; 1623 (c) The national cancer institute; 1624 (d) The national academy of sciences; 1625 (e) The centers for medicare and medicaid services; 1626

(f) The federal food and drug administration; 1627 (g) Any national board recognized by the national 1628 institutes of health for the purpose of evaluating the medical 1629 value of health care services. 1630 (6) Any other medical or scientific evidence that is 1631 comparable. 1632 (T) "Person" has the same meaning as in section 3901.19 of 1633 the Revised Code. 1634 1635 (U) "Protected health information" means health information related to the identity of an individual, or 1636 information that could reasonably be used to determine the 1637 identity of an individual. 1638 (V) "Rescind" means to retroactively cancel or discontinue 1639 coverage. "Rescind" does not include canceling or discontinuing 1640 coverage that only has a prospective effect or canceling or 1641 discontinuing coverage that is effective retroactively to the 1642 extent it is attributable to a failure to timely pay required 1643 premiums or contributions towards the cost of coverage. 1644 1645 (W) "Retrospective review" means a review conducted after services have been provided to a covered person. 1646 1647 (X) "Superintendent" means the superintendent of insurance. 1648 (Y) "Utilization review" has the same meaning as in 1649 section 1751.77 of the Revised Code. 1650 (Z) "Utilization review organization" has the same meaning 1651 as in section 1751.77 of the Revised Code. 1652 Sec. 3923.122. (A) Every policy of group sickness and 1653 accident insurance providing hospital, surgical, or medical1654expense coverage for other than specific diseases or accidents1655only, and delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this1656state on or after January 1, 1976, shall include a provision1657giving each insured the option to convert to the following:1658

(1) In the case of an individual who is not a federally 1659
eligible individual, any of the individual policies of hospital, 1660
surgical, or medical expense insurance then being issued by the 1661
insurer with benefit limits not to exceed those in effect under 1662
the group policy; 1663

1664 (2) In the case of a federally eligible individual, abasic or standard plan established in accordance with section 1665 3924.10 of the Revised Code or plans substantially similar to 1666 the basic and standard plan in benefit design and scope of 1667 1668 covered services. For purposes of division (A) (2) of this section, the superintendent of insurance shall determine whether 1669 a plan is substantially similar to the basic or standard plan in 1670 benefit design and scope of covered services. 1671

(B) An option for conversion to an individual policy shall
be available without evidence of insurability to every insured,
including any person eligible under division (D) of this
section, who terminates employment or membership in the group
holding the policy after having been continuously insured
thereunder for at least one year.

Upon receipt of the insured's written application and upon 1678 payment of at least the first quarterly premium not later than 1679 thirty-one days after the termination of coverage under the 1680 group policy, the insurer shall issue a converted policy on a 1681 form then available for conversion. The premium shall be in 1682 accordance with the insurer's table of premium rates in effect 1683

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on the later of the following dates:	1684
(1) The effective date of the converted policy;	1685
(2) The date of application therefor; and shall be	1686
applicable to the class of risk to which each person covered	1687
belongs and to the form and amount of the policy at the person's	1688
then attained age. However, premiums charged federally eligible	1689
individuals may not exceed the amounts specified below:	1690
(a) For calendar years 2010 and 2011, an amount that is	1691
two times the base rate charged any other individual of a group-	1692
to which the insurer is currently accepting new business and for-	1693
which similar copayments and deductibles are applied;	1694
(b) For calendar year 2012 and every year thereafter, an-	1695
amount that is one and one-half times the base rate charged any-	1696
other individual of a group to which the insurer is currently	1697
accepting new business and for which similar copayments and	1698
deductibles are applied, unless the superintendent of insurance	1699
determines that the amendments by this act to sections 3923.58	1700
and 3923.581 of the Revised Code, have resulted in the market-	1701
wide average medical loss ratio for coverage sold to individual	1702
insureds and nonemployer group insureds in this state, including-	1703
open enrollment insureds, to increase by more than five and one-	1704
quarter percentage points during calendar year 2010. If the	1705
superintendent makes that determination, the premium limit	1706
established by division (B)(2)(a) of this section shall remain	1707
in effect.	1708
At the election of the insurer, a separate converted	1709
policy may be issued to cover any dependent of an employee or	1710
member of the group.	1711

Except as provided in division (H) of this section, any 1712

converted policy shall become effective as of the day following 1713 the date of termination of insurance under the group policy. 1714 Any probationary or waiting period set forth in the 1715 converted policy is deemed to commence on the effective date of 1716 the insured's coverage under the group policy. 1717 (C) No insurer shall be required to issue a converted 1718 policy to any person who is, or is eligible to be, covered for 1719 benefits at least comparable to the group policy under: 1720 (1) Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, as amended or 1721 superseded; 1722 (2) Any act of congress or law under this or any other 1723 state of the United States that duplicates coverage offered 1724 under division (C)(1) of this section; 1725 (3) Any policy that duplicates coverage offered under 1726 division (C)(1) of this section; 1727 (4) Any other group sickness and accident insurance 1728 providing hospital, surgical, or medical expense coverage for 1729 other than specific diseases or accidents only. 1730 (D) The option for conversion shall be available: 1731 (1) Upon the death of the employee or member, to the 1732 surviving spouse with respect to such of the spouse and 1733 dependents as are then covered by the group policy; 1734 (2) To a child solely with respect to the child upon 1735 attaining the limiting age of coverage under the group policy 1736 while covered as a dependent thereunder; 1737 (3) Upon the divorce, dissolution, or annulment of the 1738 marriage of the employee or member, to the divorced spouse, or 1739

former spouse in the event of annulment, of such employee or1740member, or upon the legal separation of the spouse from such1741employee or member, to the spouse.1742

Persons possessing the option for conversion pursuant to1743this division shall be considered members for the purposes of1744division (H) of this section.1745

(E) If coverage is continued under a group policy on an 1746
employee following retirement prior to the time the employee is, 1747
or is eligible to be, covered by Title XVIII of the Social 1748
Security Act, the employee may elect, in lieu of the continuance 1749
of group insurance, to have the same conversion rights as would 1750
apply had the employee's insurance terminated at retirement by 1751
reason of termination of employment. 1752

(F) If the insurer and the group policyholder agree upon
one or more additional plans of benefits to be available for
converted policies, the applicant for the converted policy may
elect such a plan in lieu of a converted policy.

(G) The converted policy may contain provisions for 1757
avoiding duplication of benefits provided pursuant to divisions 1758
(C) (1), (2), (3), and (4) of this section or provided under any 1759
other insured or noninsured plan or program. 1760

(H) If an employee or member becomes entitled to obtain a 1761 converted policy pursuant to this section, and if the employee 1762 or member has not received notice of the conversion privilege at 1763 least fifteen days prior to the expiration of the thirty-one-day 1764 conversion period provided in division (B) of this section, then 1765 the employee or member has an additional period within which to 1766 exercise the privilege. This additional period shall expire 1767 fifteen days after the employee or member receives notice, but 1768

in no event shall the period extend beyond sixty days after the 1769 expiration of the thirty-one-day conversion period. 1770

Written notice presented to the employee or member, or 1771 mailed by the policyholder to the last known address of the 1772 employee or member as indicated on its records, constitutes 1773 notice for the purpose of this division. In the case of a person 1774 who is eligible for a converted policy under division (D)(2) or 1775 (D) (3) of this section, a policyholder shall not be responsible 1776 for presenting or mailing such notice, unless such policyholder 1777 has actual knowledge of the person's eligibility for a converted 1778 policy. 1779

If an additional period is allowed by an employee or 1780 member for the exercise of a conversion privilege, and if 1781 written application for the converted policy, accompanied by at 1782 least the first quarterly premium, is made after the expiration 1783 of the thirty-one-day conversion period, but within the 1784 additional period allowed an employee or member in accordance 1785 with this division, the effective date of the converted policy 1786 shall be the date of application. 1787

(I) The converted policy may provide that any hospital,
surgical, or medical expense benefits otherwise payable with
respect to any person may be reduced by the amount of any such
benefits payable under the group policy for the same loss after
termination of coverage.

(J) The converted policy may contain: 1793

(1) Any exclusion, reduction, or limitation contained in 1794
the group policy or customarily used in individual policies 1795
issued by the insurer; 1796

(2) Any provision permitted in this section; 1797

Any provision required or permitted in this section may be 1799 made a part of any converted policy by means of an endorsement 1800 or rider. 1801 (K) The time limit specified in a converted policy for 1802 certain defenses with respect to any person who was covered by a 1803 group policy shall commence on the effective date of such 1804 person's coverage under the group policy. 1805 (L) No insurer shall use deterioration of health as the 1806 basis for refusing to renew a converted policy. 1807 (M) No insurer shall use age or health status as the basis 1808 for refusing to renew a converted policy. 1809 (N) A converted policy made available pursuant to this 1810 section shall, if delivery of the policy is to be made in this 1811 state, comply with this section. If delivery of a converted 1812 policy is to be made in another state, it may be on a form 1813 offered by the insurer in the jurisdiction where the delivery is 1814 to be made and which provides benefits substantially in 1815 compliance with those required in a policy delivered in this 1816 1817 state. (O) As used in this section: 1818 (1) "Base rate" means, as to any health benefit plan that 1819 is issued by an insurer in the individual market, the lowest 1820 premium rate for new or existing business prescribed by the 1821 insurer for the same or similar coverage under a plan or 1822 arrangement covering any individual of a group with similar case 1823 characteristics. 1824

(3) Any other provision not prohibited by law.

(2) "Federally eligible individual" means an eligible 1825

individual as defined in 45 C.F.R. 148.103.

Sec. 3923.57. Notwithstanding any provision of this 1827 chapter, every individual policy of sickness and accident 1828 insurance that is delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in 1829 this state is subject to the following conditions, as 1830 1831 applicable:

(A) Pre-existing conditions provisions shall not exclude 1832 or limit coverage for a period beyond twelve months following 1833 the policyholder's effective date of coverage and may only-1834 relate to conditions during the six months immediately preceding 1835 the effective date of coverage.

(B) In determining whether a pre-existing conditions-1837 provision applies to a policyholder or dependent, each policy-1838 shall credit the time the policyholder or dependent was covered 1839 under a previous policy, contract, or plan if the previous-1840 coverage was continuous to a date not more than thirty days 1841 prior to the effective date of the new coverage, exclusive of 1842 any applicable service waiting period under the policy. 1843

(C) (1) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (A) of 1844 1845 this section, an insurer that provides an individual sickness and accident insurance policy to an individual shall renew or 1846 continue in force such coverage at the option of the individual. 1847

(2) An insurer may nonrenew or discontinue coverage of an 1848 individual in the individual market based only on one or more of 1849 the following reasons: 1850

(a) The individual failed to pay premiums or contributions 1851 in accordance with the terms of the policy or the insurer has 1852 not received timely premium payments. 1853

(b) The individual performed an act or practice that 1854

1826

constitutes fraud or made an intentional misrepresentation of 1855 material fact under the terms of the policy. 1856

(c) The insurer is ceasing to offer coverage in the
 1857
 individual market in accordance with division (D) (B) of this
 section and the applicable laws of this state.
 1859

(d) If the insurer offers coverage in the market through a
network plan, the individual no longer resides, lives, or works
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in the service area, or in an area for which the insurer is
authorized to do business; provided, however, that such coverage
1863
is terminated uniformly without regard to any health status1864
related factor of covered individuals.

(e) If the coverage is made available in the individual 1866
market only through one or more bona fide associations, the 1867
membership of the individual in the association, on the basis of 1868
which the coverage is provided, ceases; provided, however, that 1869
such coverage is terminated under division (C) (A) (2) (e) of this 1870
section uniformly without regard to any health status-related 1871
factor of covered individuals. 1872

An insurer offering coverage to individuals solely through-1873 membership in a bona fide association shall not be deemed, by 1874 virtue of that offering, to be in the individual market for 1875 purposes of sections 3923.58 and 3923.581 of the Revised Code. 1876 1877 Such an insurer shall not be required to accept applicants forcoverage in the individual market pursuant to sections 3923.58 1878 and 3923.581 of the Revised Code unless the insurer also offers 1879 coverage to individuals other than through bona fide-1880 associations. 1881

(3) An insurer may cancel or decide not to renew the1882coverage of a dependent of an individual if the dependent has1883

performed an act or practice that constitutes fraud or made an1884intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms1885of the coverage and if the cancellation or nonrenewal is not1886based, either directly or indirectly, on any health status-1887related factor in relation to the dependent.1888

(D) (B) (1) If an insurer decides to discontinue offering a 1889 particular type of health insurance coverage offered in the 1890 individual market, coverage of such type may be discontinued by 1891 the insurer if the insurer does all of the following: 1892

(a) Provides notice to each individual provided coverage
of this type in such market of the discontinuation at least
ninety days prior to the date of the discontinuation of the
coverage;

(b) Offers to each individual provided coverage of this
type in such market, the option to purchase any other individual
health insurance coverage currently being offered by the insurer
for individuals in that market;

(c) In exercising the option to discontinue coverage of
 1901
 this type and in offering the option of coverage under division
 (D) (B) (1) (b) of this section, acts uniformly without regard to
 any health status-related factor of covered individuals or of
 1903
 individuals who may become eligible for such coverage.

(2) If an insurer elects to discontinue offering all
health insurance coverage in the individual market in this
state, health insurance coverage may be discontinued by the
insurer only if both of the following apply:

(a) The insurer provides notice to the department of
insurance and to each individual of the discontinuation at least
one hundred eighty days prior to the date of the expiration of
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the coverage.	1913
(b) All health insurance delivered or issued for delivery	1914
in this state in such market is discontinued and coverage under	1915
that health insurance in that market is not renewed.	1916
(3) In the event of a discontinuation under division $(D)$	1917
(B)(2) of this section in the individual market, the insurer	1918
shall not provide for the issuance of any health insurance	1919
coverage in the market and this state during the five-year	1920
period beginning on the date of the discontinuation of the last	1921
health insurance coverage not so renewed.	1922
<del>(E) <u>(</u>C) Notwithstanding divisions <del>(C) <u>(</u>A) and <del>(D) <u>(</u>B)</del> of</del></del>	1923
this section, an insurer may, at the time of coverage renewal,	1924
modify the health insurance coverage for a policy form offered	1925
to individuals in the individual market if the modification is	1926
consistent with the law of this state and effective on a uniform	1927
basis among all individuals with that policy form.	1928
$\frac{(F)}{(D)}$ Such policies are subject to sections 2743 and	1929
2747 of the "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act	1930
of 1996," Pub. L. No. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1955, 42 U.S.C.A.	1931
300gg-43 and 300gg-47, as amended.	1932
(G) (E) Sections 3924.031 and 3924.032 of the Revised Code	1933
shall apply to sickness and accident insurance policies offered	1934
in the individual market in the same manner as they apply to	1935
health benefit plans offered in the small employer market.	1936
In accordance with 45 C.F.R. 148.102, divisions <del>(C) (A)</del> to	1937
(G) (E) of this section also apply to all group sickness and	1938
accident insurance policies that are not sold in connection with	1939
an employment-related group health plan and that provide more	1940
than short-term, limited duration coverage.	1941

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In applying divisions (C) (A) to (G) (E) of this section 1942 with respect to health insurance coverage that is made available 1943 by an insurer in the individual market to individuals only 1944 through one or more associations, the term "individual" includes 1945 the association of which the individual is a member. 1946

For purposes of this section, any policy issued pursuant1947to division (C) of section 3923.13 of the Revised Code in1948connection with a public or private college or university1949student health insurance program is considered to be issued to a1950bona fide association.1951

As used in this section, "bona fide association" has the 1952 same meaning as in section 3924.03 of the Revised Code, and 1953 "health status-related factor" and "network plan" have the same 1954 meanings as in section 3924.031 of the Revised Code. 1955

This section does not apply to any policy that provides1956coverage for specific diseases or accidents only, or to any1957hospital indemnity, medicare supplement, long-term care,1958disability income, one-time-limited-duration policy that is less1959than twelve months, or other policy that offers only1960supplemental benefits.1961

Sec. 3923.571. Except as otherwise provided in section 1962 2721 of the "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act 1963 of 1996," Pub. L. No. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1955, 42 U.S.C.A. 1964 300gg-21, as amended, the following conditions apply to all 1965 group policies of sickness and accident insurance that are sold 1966 in connection with an employment-related group health plan and 1967 that are not subject to section 3924.03 of the Revised Code: 1968

(A) Any such policy shall comply with the requirements of 1969division (A) of section 3924.03 and section 3924.033 of the 1970

Revised Code.

(B) (1) Except as provided in section 2712(b) to (e) of the 1972
"Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996," 1973
if an insurer offers coverage in the small or large group market 1974
in connection with a group policy, the insurer shall renew or 1975
continue in force such coverage at the option of the 1976
policyholder. 1977

(2) An insurer may cancel or decide not to renew the 1978 coverage of an employee or of a dependent of an employee if the 1979 employee or dependent, as applicable, has performed an act or 1980 practice that constitutes fraud or made an intentional 1981 misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the 1982 coverage and if the cancellation or nonrenewal is not based, 1983 either directly or indirectly, on any health status-related 1984 factor in relation to the employee or dependent. 1985

As used in division (B)(2) of this section, "health 1986 status-related factor" has the same meaning as in section 1987 3924.031 of the Revised Code. 1988

(C)(1) No such policy, or insurer offering health 1989 insurance coverage in connection with such a policy, shall 1990 require any individual, as a condition of coverage or continued 1991 coverage under the policy, to pay a premium or contribution that 1992 is greater than the premium or contribution for a similarly 1993 situated individual covered under the policy on the basis of any 1994 health status-related factor in relation to the individual or to 1995 an individual covered under the policy as a dependent of the 1996 individual. 1997

(2) Nothing in division (C) (1) of this section shall be1998construed to restrict the amount that an employer may be charged1999

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for coverage under a group policy, or to prevent a group policy, 2000 and an insurer offering group health insurance coverage, from 2001 establishing premium discounts or rebates or modifying otherwise 2002 applicable copayments or deductibles in return for adherence to 2003 2004 programs of health promotion and disease prevention.

(D) Such policies shall provide for the special enrollment 2005 periods described in section 2701(f) of the "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996."

(E) At least once in every twelve-month period, an insurer 2008 shall provide to all late enrollees, as defined in section 2009 3924.01 of the Revised Code, who are identified by the 2010 policyholder, the option to enroll in the group policy. The 2011 enrollment option shall be provided for a minimum period of 2012 thirty consecutive days. All delays of coverage imposed under 2013 the group policy, including any pre-existing condition exclusion 2014 period or service waiting period, shall begin on the date the 2015 insurer receives notice of the late enrollee's application or 2016 request for coverage, and shall run concurrently with each 2017 other. 2018

Sec. 3923.85. (A) As used in this section, "cost sharing" 2019 means the cost to an individual insured under an individual or 2020 group policy of sickness and accident insurance or a public 2021 employee benefit plan according to any coverage limit, 2022 copayment, coinsurance, deductible, or other out-of-pocket 2023 expense requirements imposed by the policy or plan. 2024

(B) Notwithstanding section 3901.71 of the Revised Code 2025 and subject to division (D) of this section, no individual or 2026 group policy of sickness and accident insurance that is 2027 delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this state and no 2028 public employee benefit plan that is established or modified in 2029

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this state shall fail to comply with either of the following:	2030
(1) The policy or plan shall not provide coverage or	2031
impose cost sharing for a prescribed, orally administered cancer	2032
medication on a less favorable basis than the coverage it	2033
provides or cost sharing it imposes for intraveneously	2034
administered or injected cancer medications.	2035
(2) The policy or plan shall not comply with division (B)	2036
(1) of this section by imposing an increase in cost sharing	2037

solely for orally administered, intravenously administered, or 2038 2039 injected cancer medications.

(C) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the 2040 contrary, a policy or plan shall be deemed to be in compliance 2041 with this section if the cost sharing imposed under such a 2042 policy or plan for orally administered cancer treatments does 2043 not exceed one hundred dollars per prescription fill. The cost-2044 sharing limit of one hundred dollars per prescription fill shall 2045 apply to a high deductible plan, as defined in 26 U.S.C. 223, or 2046 a catastrophic plan, <u>described in division (D)(2) of section</u> 2047 3902.53 of the Revised Code and as defined in 42 U.S.C. 18022, 2048 only after the deductible has been met. 2049

(D)(1) The prohibitions in division (B) of this section do 2050 not preclude an individual or group policy of sickness and 2051 2052 accident insurance or public employee benefit plan from requiring an insured or plan member to obtain prior 2053 authorization before orally administered cancer medication is 2054 dispensed to the insured or plan member. 2055

(2) Division (B) of this section does not apply to the 2056 offer or renewal of any individual or group policy of sickness 2057 and accident insurance that provides coverage for specific 2058

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diseases or accidents only, or to any hospital indemnity,2059medicare supplement, disability income, or other policy that2060offers only supplemental benefits.2061

(E) An insurer that offers any sickness and accident
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insurance or any public employee benefit plan that offers
coverage for basic health care services is not required to
comply with division (B) of this section if all of the following
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apply:

(1) The insurer or plan submits documentation certified by 2067 an independent member of the American academy of actuaries to 2068 the superintendent of insurance showing that compliance with 2069 division (B)(1) of this section for a period of at least six 2070 months independently caused the insurer or plan's costs for 2071 claims and administrative expenses for the coverage of basic 2072 health care services to increase by more than one per cent per 2073 2074 year.

(2) The insurer or plan submits a signed letter from an
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independent member of the American academy of actuaries to the
superintendent of insurance opining that the increase in costs
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described in division (E) (1) of this section could reasonably
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justify an increase of more than one per cent in the annual
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premiums or rates charged by the insurer or plan for the
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coverage of basic health care services.

(3) (a) The superintendent of insurance makes the following 2082
determinations from the documentation and opinion submitted 2083
pursuant to divisions (E) (1) and (2) of this section: 2084

(i) Compliance with division (B) (1) of this section for a 2085
period of at least six months independently caused the insurer 2086
or plan's costs for claims and administrative expenses for the 2087

per cent per year. 2089 (ii) The increase in costs reasonably justifies an 2090 increase of more than one per cent in the annual premiums or 2091 rates charged by the insurer or plan for the coverage of basic 2092 health care services. 2093 (b) Any determination made by the superintendent under 2094 division (E)(3) of this section is subject to Chapter 119. of 2095 the Revised Code. 2096 Sec. 3924.01. As used in sections 3924.01 to 3924.14 2097 3924.06 of the Revised Code: 2098 (A) "Actuarial certification" means a written statement 2099 prepared by a member of the American academy of actuaries, or by 2100 any other person acceptable to the superintendent of insurance, 2101 that states that, based upon the person's examination, a carrier 2102 offering health benefit plans to small employers is in 2103 compliance with sections 3924.01 to 3924.14 3924.06 of the 2104 Revised Code. "Actuarial certification" shall include a review 2105 of the appropriate records of, and the actuarial assumptions and 2106 2107 methods used by, the carrier relative to establishing premium rates for the health benefit plans. 2108 2109 (B) "Adjusted average market premium price" means the average market premium price as determined by the board of-2110 directors of the Ohio health reinsurance program either on the 2111 basis of the arithmetic mean of all carriers' premium rates for 2112

coverage of basic health care services to increase more than one

an OHC plan sold to groups with similar case characteristics by2113all carriers selling OHC plans in the state, or on any other2114equitable basis determined by the board.2115

(C)-"Base premium rate" means, as to any health benefit

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plan that is issued by a carrier and that covers at least two2117but no more than fifty employees of a small employer, the lowest2118premium rate for a new or existing business prescribed by the2119carrier for the same or similar coverage under a plan or2120arrangement covering any small employer with similar case2121characteristics.2122

(D) (C) "Carrier" means any sickness and accident 2123 insurance company or health insuring corporation authorized to 2124 issue health benefit plans in this state or a MEWA. A sickness 2125 2126 and accident insurance company that owns or operates a health 2127 insuring corporation, either as a separate corporation or as a line of business, shall be considered as a separate carrier from 2128 that health insuring corporation for purposes of sections 2129 3924.01 to <del>3924.14</del>-3924.06 of the Revised Code. 2130

(E) (D) "Case characteristics" means, with respect to a 2131 small employer, the geographic area in which the employees work; 2132 2133 the age and sex of the individual employees and their 2134 dependents; the appropriate industry classification as determined by the carrier; the number of employees and 2135 dependents; and such other objective criteria as may be 2136 established by the carrier. "Case characteristics" does not 2137 include claims experience, health status, or duration of 2138 coverage from the date of issue. 2139

(F) (E)"Dependent" means the spouse or child of an2140eligible employee, subject to applicable terms of the health2141benefits plan covering the employee.2142

(G) (F)"Eligible employee" means an employee who works a2143normal work week of thirty or more hours. "Eligible employee"2144does not include a temporary or substitute employee, or a2145seasonal employee who works only part of the calendar year on2146

the basis of natural or suitable times or circumstances. 2147

(H) (G) "Health benefit plan" means any hospital or 2148 medical expense policy or certificate or any health plan 2149 provided by a carrier, that is delivered, issued for delivery, 2150 renewed, or used in this state on or after the date occurring 2151 six months after November 24, 1995. "Health benefit plan" does 2152 not include policies covering only accident, credit, dental, 2153 disability income, long-term care, hospital indemnity, medicare 2154 supplement, specified disease, or vision care; coverage under a 2155 one-time-limited-duration policy that is less than twelve 2156 2157 months; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; insurance arising out of a workers' compensation or similar law; 2158 automobile medical-payment insurance; or insurance under which 2159 benefits are payable with or without regard to fault and which 2160 is statutorily required to be contained in any liability 2161 insurance policy or equivalent self-insurance. 2162

(I) (H) "Late enrollee" means an eligible employee or 2163 dependent who enrolls in a small employer's health benefit plan 2164 other than during the first period in which the employee or 2165 dependent is eligible to enroll under the plan or during a 2166 special enrollment period described in section 2701(f) of the 2167 "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996," 2168 Pub. L. No. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1955, 42 U.S.C.A. 300gg, as 2169 amended. 2170

(J) (I)"MEWA" means any "multiple employer welfare2171arrangement" as defined in section 3 of the "Federal Employee2172Retirement Income Security Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 832, 292173U.S.C.A. 1001, as amended, except for any arrangement which is2174fully insured as defined in division (b) (6) (D) of section 514 of2175that act.2176

(K) (J)"Midpoint rate" means, for small employers with2177similar case characteristics and plan designs and as determined2178by the applicable carrier for a rating period, the arithmetic2179average of the applicable base premium rate and the2180corresponding highest premium rate.2181

(L) "Pre-existing conditions provision" means a policy 2182 provision that excludes or limits coverage for charges or-2183 expenses incurred during a specified period following the 2184 insured's enrollment date as to a condition for which medical 2185 2186 advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during a specified period immediately preceding the 2187 enrollment date. Genetic information shall not be treated as 2188 such a condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition-2189 related to such information. 2190

For purposes of this division, "enrollment date" means,2191with respect to an individual covered under a group health2192benefit plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the2193plan or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for2194such enrollment.2195

(M) (K)"Service waiting period" means the period of time2196after employment begins before an employee is eligible to be2197covered for benefits under the terms of any applicable health2198benefit plan offered by the small employer.2199

(N)(L)(1) "Small employer" means, in connection with a 2200 group health benefit plan and with respect to a calendar year 2201 and a plan year, an employer who employed an average of at least 2202 two but no more than fifty eligible employees on business days 2203 during the preceding calendar year and who employs at least two 2204 employees on the first day of the plan year. 2205

(2) For purposes of division (N)(1) of this section, all 2206 persons treated as a single employer under subsection (b), (c), 2207 (m), or (o) of section 414 of the "Internal Revenue Code of 2208 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended, shall be 2209 considered one employer. In the case of an employer that was not 2210 in existence throughout the preceding calendar year, the 2211 determination of whether the employer is a small or large 2212 employer shall be based on the average number of eligible 2213 employees that it is reasonably expected the employer will 2214 employ on business days in the current calendar year. Any 2215 reference in division (N) of this section to an "employer" 2216 includes any predecessor of the employer. Except as otherwise 2217 specifically provided, provisions of sections 3924.01 to 3924.14 2218 <u>3924.06</u> of the Revised Code that apply to a small employer that 2219 has a health benefit plan shall continue to apply until the plan 2220 anniversary following the date the employer no longer meets the 2221 requirements of this division. 2222

(O) "OHC plan" means an Ohio health care plan, which is2223the basic, standard, or carrier reimbursement plan for small2224employers and individuals established in accordance with section22253924.10 of the Revised Code.2226

Sec. 3924.02. (A) An individual or group health benefit2227plan is subject to sections 3924.01 to 3924.14 3924.06 of the2228Revised Code if it provides health care benefits covering at2229least two but no more than fifty employees of a small employer,2230and if it meets either of the following conditions:2231

(1) Any portion of the premium or benefits is paid by a 2232
small employer, or any covered individual is reimbursed, whether 2233
through wage adjustments or otherwise, by a small employer for 2234
any portion of the premium. 2235

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(2) The health benefit plan is treated by the employer or
any of the covered individuals as part of a plan or program for
purposes of section 106 or 162 of the "Internal Revenue Code of
1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended.

(B) Notwithstanding division (A) of this section, 2240 divisions  $\frac{(D)}{(C)}$ ,  $\frac{(E)}{(D)}(2)$ ,  $\frac{(F)}{(E)}$ , and  $\frac{(G)}{(F)}$  of section 2241 3924.03 of the Revised Code and section 3924.04 of the Revised 2242 Code do not apply to health benefit policies that are not sold 2243 to owners of small businesses as an employment benefit plan. 2244 2245 Such policies shall clearly state that they are not being sold as an employment benefit plan and that the owner of the business 2246 is not responsible, either directly or indirectly, for paying 2247 the premium or benefits. 2248

(C) Every health benefit plan offered or delivered by a 2249 carrier, other than a health insuring corporation, to a small 2250 employer is subject to sections 3923.23, 3923.231, 3923.232, 2251 3923.233, and 3923.234 of the Revised Code and any other 2252 provision of the Revised Code that requires the reimbursement, 2253 utilization, or consideration of a specific category of a 2254 licensed or certified health care practitioner. 2255

(D) Except as expressly provided in sections 3924.01 to 2256
 3924.14 3924.06 of the Revised Code, no health benefit plan 2257
 offered to a small employer is subject to any of the following: 2258

(1) Any law that would inhibit any carrier from 2259
contracting with providers or groups of providers with respect 2260
to health care services or benefits; 2261

(2) Any law that would impose any restriction on the
ability to negotiate with providers regarding the level or
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method of reimbursing care or services provided under the health
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benefit plan;	2265
(3) Any law that would require any carrier to either	2266
include a specific provider or class of provider when	2267
contracting for health care services or benefits, or to exclude	2268
any class of provider that is generally authorized by statute to	2269
provide such care.	2270
Sec. 3924.03. Except as otherwise provided in section 2721	2271
of the "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of	2272
1996," Pub. L. No. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1955, 42 U.S.C.A. 300gg-	2273
21, as amended, health benefit plans covering small employers	2274
are subject to the following conditions, as applicable:	2275
(A) (1) Pre-existing conditions provisions shall not	2276
exclude or limit coverage for a period beyond twelve months, or	2277
eighteen months in the case of a late enrollee, following the	2278
individual's enrollment date and may only relate to a physical	2279
or mental condition, regardless of the cause of the condition,	2280
for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was	2281
recommended or received within the six months immediately	2282
preceding the enrollment date.	2283
Division (A)(1) of this section is subject to the	2284
exceptions set forth in section 2701(d) of the "Health Insurance-	2285
Portability and Accountability Act of 1996."	2286
(2) The period of any such pre-existing condition-	2287
exclusion shall be reduced by the aggregate of the periods of	2288
creditable coverage, if any, applicable to the employee or	2289
dependent as of the enrollment date.	2290
(3) A period of creditable coverage shall not be counted,	2291
with respect to enrollment of an individual under a group health-	2292
benefit plan, if, after that period and before the enrollment-	2293

date, there was a sixty three day period during all of which the	2294
individual was not covered under any creditable coverage.	2295
Subsections (c)(2) to (4) and (c) of section 2701 of the "Health	2296
Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996" apply with	2297
respect to crediting previous coverage.	2298
(4) As used in division (A) of this section:	2299
(a) "Creditable coverage" has the same meaning as in-	2300
section 2701(c)(1) of the "Health Insurance Portability and	2301
Accountability Act of 1996."	2302
(b) "Enrollment date" means, with respect to an individual-	2303
covered under a group health benefit plan, the date of	2304
enrollment of the individual in the plan or, if earlier, the	2305
first day of the waiting period for such enrollment.	2306
<del>(B)(1)</del> Except as provided in section 2712(b) to (e) of the	2307
"Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996,"	2308
if a carrier offers coverage in the small employer market in	2309
connection with a group health benefit plan, the carrier shall	2310
renew or continue in force such coverage at the option of the	2311
plan sponsor of the plan.	2312
(2) A carrier may cancel or decide not to renew the	2313
coverage of any eligible employee or of a dependent of an	2314
eligible employee if the employee or dependent, as applicable,	2315
has performed an act or practice that constitutes fraud or made	2316
an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the	2317
terms of the coverage and if the cancellation or nonrenewal is	2318
not based, either directly or indirectly, on any health status-	2319
related factor in relation to the employee or dependent.	2320
As used in division $\frac{(B)}{(A)}(2)$ of this section, "health	2321
status-related factor" has the same meaning as in section	2322

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3924.031 of the Revised Code.

(C) (B) A carrier shall not exclude any eligible employee2324or dependent, who would otherwise be covered under a health2325benefit plan, on the basis of any actual or expected health2326condition of the employee or dependent.2327

If, prior to November 24, 1995, a carrier excluded an 2328 eligible employee or dependent, other than a late enrollee, on 2329 the basis of an actual or expected health condition, the carrier 2330 shall, upon the initial renewal of the coverage on or after that 2331 date, extend coverage to the employee or dependent if all other 2332 eligibility requirements are met. 2333

(D) No health benefit plan issued by a carrier shall 2334 limit or exclude, by use of a rider or amendment applicable to a 2335 specific individual, coverage by type of illness, treatment, 2336 medical condition, or accident, except for pre-existing-2337 conditions as permitted under division (A) of this section. If a 2338 health benefit plan that is delivered or issued for delivery 2339 prior to April 14, 1993, contains such limitations or 2340 exclusions, by use of a rider or amendment applicable to a 2341 specific individual, the plan shall eliminate the use of such 2342 riders or amendments within eighteen months after April 14, 2343 1993. 2344

(E)(D)(1) Except as provided in sections 3924.031 and 2345 3924.032 of the Revised Code, and subject to such rules as may 2346 be adopted by the superintendent of insurance in accordance with 2347 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, a carrier shall offer and make 2348 available every health benefit plan that it is actively 2349 marketing to every small employer that applies to the carrier 2350 for such coverage. 2351

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Division (E) (D) (1) of this section does not apply to a2352health benefit plan that a carrier makes available in the small2353employer market only through one or more bona fide associations.2354

Division (E) (D) (1) of this section shall not be construed 2355 to preclude a carrier from establishing employer contribution 2356 rules or group participation rules for the offering of coverage 2357 in connection with a group health benefit plan in the small 2358 employer market, as allowed under the law of this state. As used 2359 in division  $\frac{(E)(D)}{(D)}(1)$  of this section, "employer contribution 2360 rule" means a requirement relating to the minimum level or 2361 2362 amount of employer contribution toward the premium for enrollment of employees and dependents and "group participation 2363 rule" means a requirement relating to the minimum number of 2364 employees or dependents that must be enrolled in relation to a 2365 specified percentage or number of eligible individuals or 2366 employees of an employer. 2367

(2) Each health benefit plan, at the time of initial group
enrollment, shall make coverage available to all the eligible
employees of a small employer without a service waiting period.
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The decision of whether to impose a service waiting period shall
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be made by the small employer. Such waiting periods shall not be
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greater than ninety days.

(3) Each health benefit plan shall provide for the special
enrollment periods described in section 2701(f) of the "Health
Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996."

(4) At least once in every twelve-month period, a carrier
shall provide to all late enrollees who are identified by the
small employer, the option to enroll in the health benefit plan.
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The enrollment option shall be provided for a minimum period of
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thirty consecutive days. All delays of coverage imposed under
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the health benefit plan, including any pre-existing condition2382exclusion period, affiliation period, or service waiting period,2383shall begin on the date the carrier receives notice of the late2384enrollee's application or request for coverage, and shall run2385concurrently with each other.2386

(F) (E) The benefit structure of any health benefit plan 2387 may, at the time of coverage renewal, be changed by the carrier 2388 to make it consistent with the benefit structure contained in 2389 health benefit plans being marketed to new small employer 2390 2391 groups. If the health benefit plan is available in the small employer market other than only through one or more bona fide 2392 associations, the modification must be consistent with the law 2393 of this state and effective on a uniform basis among small 2394 employer group plans. 2395

(G) (F) A carrier may obtain any facts and information necessary to apply this section, or supply those facts and information to any other third-party payer, without the consent of the beneficiary. Each person claiming benefits under a health benefit plan shall provide any facts and information necessary to apply this section.

For purposes of this section, "bona fide association" 2402 means an association that has been actively in existence for at 2403 least five years; has been formed and maintained in good faith 2404 for purposes other than obtaining insurance; does not condition 2405 membership in the association on any health status-related 2406 factor, as defined in section 3924.031 of the Revised Code, 2407 relating to an individual, including an employee or dependent; 2408 makes health insurance coverage offered through the association 2409 available to all members regardless of any health status-related 2410 factor, as defined in section 3924.031 of the Revised Code, 2411

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relating to such members or to individuals eligible for coverage 2412 through a member; does not make health insurance coverage 2413 offered through the association available other than in 2414 connection with a member of the association; and meets any other 2415 requirement imposed by the superintendent. To maintain its 2416 status as a "bona fide association," each association shall 2417 annually certify to the superintendent that it meets the 2418 requirements of this paragraph. 2419 Sec. 3924.033. (A) Each carrier, in connection with the 2420 offering of a health benefit plan to a small employer, shall 2421 2422 disclose to the employer, as part of its solicitation and sales materials, the following information: 2423 2424 (1) The provisions of the plan concerning the carrier's right to change premium rates and the factors that may affect 2425 changes in premium rates; 2426 (2) The provisions of the plan relating to renewability of 2427 coverage; 2428 2429 (3) The provisions of the plan relating to any preexisting condition exclusion; 2430 (4) The benefits and premiums available under all health 2431 benefit plans for which the employer is qualified. 2432 (B) The information described in division (A) of this 2433 section shall be provided in a manner determined to be 2434 understandable by the average small employer, and in a manner 2435 sufficient to reasonably inform a small employer regarding the 2436 employer's rights and obligations under the health benefit plan. 2437 (C) Nothing in this section requires a carrier to disclose 2438 any information that is by law proprietary and trade secret 2439

information.

Sec. 3924.06. (A) Compliance with the underwriting and	2441
rating requirements contained in sections 3924.01 to <del>3924.14</del>	2442
<u>3924.06</u> of the Revised Code shall be demonstrated through	2443
actuarial certification. Carriers offering health benefit plans	2444
to small employers shall file annually with the superintendent	2445
of insurance an actuarial certification stating that the	2446
underwriting and rating methods of the carrier do all of the	2447
following:	2448
(1) Comply with accepted actuarial practices;	2449
(2) Are uniformly applied to health benefit plans covering	2450
<pre>small employers;</pre>	2451
(3) Comply with the applicable provisions of sections	2452
3924.01 to <del>3924.14 <u>3924.06</u> of the Revised Code.</del>	2453
(B) If a carrier has established a separate class of	2454
business for one or more small employer health care alliances in	2455
accordance with section 1731.09 of the Revised Code, this	2456
section shall apply in accordance with section 1731.09 of the	2457
Revised Code.	2458
(C) Carriers offering health benefit plans to small	2459
employers shall file premium rates with the superintendent in	2460
accordance with section 3923.02 of the Revised Code with respect	2461
to the carrier's sickness and accident insurance policies sold	2462
to small employers and in accordance with section 1751.12 of the	2463
Revised Code with respect to the carrier's health insuring	2464
corporation policies sold to small employers.	2465
Sec. 3924.51. (A) As used in this section:	2466
(1) "Child" means, in connection with any adoption or	2467
placement for adoption of the child, an individual who has not	2468

attained age eighteen as of the date of the adoption or

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placement for adoption. 2470 (2) "Health insurer" has the same meaning as in section 2471 3924.41 of the Revised Code. 2472 (3) "Placement for adoption" means the assumption and 2473 retention by a person of a legal obligation for total or partial 2474 support of a child in anticipation of the adoption of the child. 2475 The child's placement with a person terminates upon the 2476 2477 termination of that legal obligation. (B) If an individual or group health plan of a health 2478 insurer makes coverage available for dependent children of 2479 participants or beneficiaries, the plan shall provide benefits 2480 to dependent children placed with participants or beneficiaries 2481 for adoption under the same terms and conditions as apply to the 2482 natural, dependent children of the participants and 2483 beneficiaries, irrespective of whether the adoption has become 2484 final. 2485 (C) A health plan described in division (B) of this-2486 2487 section shall not restrict coverage under the plan of any dependent child adopted by a participant or beneficiary, or-2488 placed with a participant or beneficiary for adoption, solely on-2489 the basis of a pre-existing condition of the child at the time-2490 that the child would otherwise become eligible for coverage 2491 under the plan, if the adoption or placement for adoption occurs-2492 while the participant or beneficiary is eligible for coverage-2493 under the plan. 2494 Sec. 3924.73. (A) As used in this section: 2495

(1) "Health care insurer" means any person legally engaged
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 in the business of providing sickness and accident insurance
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 contracts in this state, a health insuring corporation organized
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under Chapter 1751. of the Revised Code, or any legal entity2499that is self-insured and provides health care benefits to its2500employees or members.2501

(2) "Small employer" has the same meaning as in section 3924.01 of the Revised Code.

(B) (1) Subject to division (B) (2) of this section, nothing
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in sections 3924.61 to 3924.74 of the Revised Code shall be
construed to limit the rights, privileges, or protections of
employees or small employers under sections 3924.01 to 3924.14
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3924.06 of the Revised Code.

(2) If any account holder enrolls or applies to enroll in 2509 a policy or contract offered by a health care insurer providing 2510 sickness and accident coverage that is more comprehensive than, 2511 and has a deductible amount that is less than, the coverage and 2512 deductible amount of the policy under which the account holder 2513 currently is enrolled, the health care insurer to which the 2514 account holder applies may subject the account holder to the 2515 same medical review, waiting periods, and underwriting 2516 requirements to which the health care insurer generally subjects 2517 other enrollees or applicants, unless the account holder enrolls 2518 or applies to enroll during a designated period of open 2519 enrollment. 2520

Section 2. That existing sections 1731.03, 1731.04,25211731.05, 1731.09, 1739.05, 1751.01, 1751.06, 1751.12, 1751.16,25221751.18, 1751.58, 1751.69, 3922.01, 3923.122, 3923.57, 3923.571,25233923.85, 3924.01, 3924.02, 3924.03, 3924.033, 3924.06, 3924.51,2524and 3924.73 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.2525

Section 3. That sections 1751.15, 3923.58, 3923.581,25263923.582, 3923.59, 3924.07, 3924.08, 3924.09, 3924.10, 3924.11,2527

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3924.111, 3924.12, 3924.13, and 3924.14 of the Revised Code are 2528 hereby repealed. 2529 Section 4. The amendments to sections 1751.16, 1751.17, 2530 and 3923.122 of the Revised Code in Section 1 of this act, which 2531 were suspended by Section 3 of Sub. S.B. 9 of the 130th General 2532 Assembly and which suspension was extended by Section 610.53 of 2533 Am. Sub. H.B. 49 of the 132nd General Assembly, do not affect 2534 the suspension of those sections. If sections 1751.16, 1751.17, 2535 and 3923.122 of the Revised Code become operational, they will 2536 be so in either their form as amended by this act or as they are 2537 later amended. 2538 Section 5. This act shall apply to health benefit plans, 2539 as defined in section 3922.01 of the Revised Code, delivered, 2540 issued for delivery, modified, or renewed on or after the 2541 effective date of this act. 2542 Section 6. The General Assembly, applying the principle 2543 stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that 2544 amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of 2545 simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections, 2546 presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended 2547 by the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the 2548 sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections 2549 2550 as presented in this act: Section 1739.05 of the Revised Code as amended by Sub. 2551 H.B. 156, Sub. S.B. 259, and Sub. S.B. 265, all of the 132nd 2552 General Assembly. 2553 Section 1751.12 of the Revised Code as amended by both Am. 2554

Sub. H.B. 59 and Sub. H.B. 3 of the 130th General Assembly.