## **As Introduced**

**133rd General Assembly** 

Regular Session 2019-2020

H. B. No. 443

**Representatives Plummer, Russo** 

Cosponsors: Representatives Seitz, Boggs, Blair, Miranda, Leland, Sobecki, Strahorn, Skindell, Lepore-Hagan, Manning, D., Smith, K., Upchurch, Crossman, Lightbody, Robinson, Brent, Liston, Sweeney, Clites, Weinstein, Miller, A., Scherer, West, Boyd

# A BILL

То	amend see	ctions 173	39.05, 1751.01, 1751.92,	1
	3901.83,	3902.30,	3922.01, 3923.51, 3923.87,	2
	3959.20,	4723.94,	4731.2910, 4766.01, and	3
	5168.75;	to enact	sections 3901.57, 3902.50,	4
	3902.51,	5162.137,	, and 5167.47; and to repeal	5
	sections	3923.27,	3923.28, 3923.281, 3923.282,	6
	3923.29,	and 3923.	.30 of the Revised Code	7
	regarding	g mental h	health and substance use	8
	disorder	benefit p	parity.	9

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 1739.05, 1751.01, 1751.92,	10
3901.83, 3902.30, 3922.01, 3923.51, 3923.87, 3959.20, 4723.94,	11
4731.2910, 4766.01, and 5168.75 be amended and sections 3901.57,	12
3902.50, 3902.51, 5162.137, and 5167.47 of the Revised Code be	13
enacted to read as follows:	14

Sec. 1739.05. (A) A multiple employer welfare arrangement 15 that is created pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the 16

Revised Code and that operates a group self-insurance program	17
may be established only if any of the following applies:	18
(1) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment	19
of three hundred employees of two or more employers.	20
(2) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment	21
of three hundred self-employed individuals.	22
(3) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment	23
of three hundred employees or self-employed individuals in any	24
combination of divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section.	25
(B) A multiple employer welfare arrangement that is	26
created pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised	27
Code and that operates a group self-insurance program shall	28
comply with all laws applicable to self-funded programs in this	29
state, including sections 3901.04, 3901.041, 3901.19 to 3901.26,	30
3901.38, 3901.381 to 3901.3814, 3901.40, 3901.45, 3901.46,	31
3901.491, 3902.01 to 3902.14, 3923.041, 3923.24, <del>3923.282,</del>	32
<del>3923.30, </del> 3923.301, 3923.38, 3923.581, 3923.602, 3923.63,	33
3923.80, 3923.84, 3923.85, 3923.851, 3923.86, 3923.87, 3923.89,	34
3923.90, 3924.031, 3924.032, and 3924.27 of the Revised Code.	35
(C) A multiple employer welfare arrangement created	36
pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code	37
shall solicit enrollments only through agents or solicitors	38
licensed pursuant to Chapter 3905. of the Revised Code to sell	39
or solicit sickness and accident insurance.	40
(D) A multiple employer welfare arrangement created	41
pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code	42
shall provide benefits only to individuals who are members,	43
employees of members, or the dependents of members or employees,	44

or are eligible for continuation of coverage under section

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1751.53 or 3923.38 of the Revised Code or under Title X of the	46
"Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985," 100	47
Stat. 227, 29 U.S.C.A. 1161, as amended.	48
(E) A multiple employer welfare arrangement created	49
pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code is	50
subject to, and shall comply with, sections 3903.81 to 3903.93	51
of the Revised Code in the same manner as other life or health	52
insurers, as defined in section 3903.81 of the Revised Code.	53
Sec. 1751.01. As used in this chapter:	54
(A) <del>(1)</del> "Basic health care services" means the following	55
services when medically necessary:	56
(a) (1) Physician's services, except when such services	57
are supplemental under division (B) of this section;	58
(b) [2] Inpatient hospital services;	59
(c) Outpatient medical services;	60
(d) <u>(4)</u> Emergency health services;	61
(e) <u>(5)</u> Urgent care services;	62
(f)_(6) Diagnostic laboratory services and diagnostic and	63
therapeutic radiologic services;	64
(g)	65
prescription drug services, for biologically based mental	66
illnesseshealth and substance use disorders;	67
(h) (8) Preventive health care services, including, but	68
not limited to, voluntary family planning services, infertility	69
services, periodic physical examinations, prenatal obstetrical	70
care, and well-child care;	71
(i) <u>(9)</u> Routine patient care for patients enrolled in an	72

73 eligible cancer clinical trial pursuant to section 3923.80 of the Revised Code. 74 "Basic health care services" does not include experimental 75 procedures. 76 77 Except as provided by divisions (A) (2) and (3) of thissection in connection with the offering of coverage for 78 diagnostic and treatment services for biologically based mental 79 80 illnesses, a <u>A</u>health insuring corporation shall not offer coverage for a health care service, defined as a basic health 81 care service by this division, unless it offers coverage for all 82 listed basic health care services. However, this requirement 83 does not apply to the coverage of beneficiaries enrolled in 84 medicare pursuant to a medicare contract, or to the coverage of 85 beneficiaries enrolled in the federal employee health benefits 86 program pursuant to 5 U.S.C.A. 8905, or to the coverage of 87 medicaid recipients, or to the coverage of beneficiaries under 88 any federal health care program regulated by a federal 89 regulatory body, or to the coverage of beneficiaries under any 90 contract covering officers or employees of the state that has 91 been entered into by the department of administrative services. 92 (2) A health insuring corporation may offer coverage for 93 diagnostic and treatment services for biologically based mental 94 illnesses without offering coverage for all other basic health 95 care services. A health insuring corporation may offer coverage 96 for diagnostic and treatment services for biologically based 97 mental illnesses alone or in combination with one or more-98 supplemental health care services. However, a health insuring 99 corporation that offers coverage for any other basic health care 100 service shall offer coverage for diagnostic and treatment 101

services for biologically based mental illnesses in combination

with the offer of coverage for all other listed basic health 103 104 care services. (3) A health insuring corporation that offers coverage for 105 basic health care services is not required to offer coverage for-106 diagnostic and treatment services for biologically based mental 107 illnesses in combination with the offer of coverage for all-108 other listed basic health care services if all of the following 109 110 apply: (a) The health insuring corporation submits documentation 111 112 certified by an independent member of the American academy of actuaries to the superintendent of insurance showing that 113 incurred claims for diagnostic and treatment services for-114 biologically based mental illnesses for a period of at least six-115 months independently caused the health insuring corporation's 116 costs for claims and administrative expenses for the coverage of 117 118 basic health care services to increase by more than one per cent 119 per year. (b) The health insuring corporation submits a signed-120 letter from an independent member of the American academy of 121 actuaries to the superintendent of insurance opining that the 122 increase in costs described in division (A) (3) (a) of this-123 section could reasonably justify an increase of more than one 124 per cent in the annual premiums or rates charged by the health 125 insuring corporation for the coverage of basic health care 126 services. 127 (c) The superintendent of insurance makes the following 128 determinations from the documentation and opinion submitted 129 pursuant to divisions (A) (3) (a) and (b) of this section: 130

(i) Incurred claims for diagnostic and treatment services 131

for biologically based mental illnesses for a period of at least	132
six months independently caused the health insuring	133
corporation's costs for claims and administrative expenses for	134
the coverage of basic health care services to increase by more-	135
than one per cent per year.	136
(ii) The increase in costs reasonably justifies an-	137
increase of more than one per cent in the annual premiums or	138
rates charged by the health insuring corporation for the	139
coverage of basic health care services.	140
Any determination made by the superintendent under this	141
division is subject to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	142
(B)(1) "Supplemental health care services" means any	143
health care services other than basic health care services that	144
a health insuring corporation may offer, alone or in combination	145
with either basic health care services or other supplemental	146
health care services, and includes:	147
(a) Services of facilities for intermediate or long-term	148
care, or both;	149
(b) Dental care services;	150
(c) Vision care and optometric services including lenses	151
and frames;	152
(d) Podiatric care or foot care services;	153
(e) Mental health services, excluding diagnostic and	154
treatment services for biologically based mental illnesses;	155
(f) Short-term outpatient evaluative and crisis-	156
intervention mental health services;	157
(g) Medical or psychological treatment and referral	158

services for alcohol and drug abuse or addiction;	159
(h) Home health services;	160
(i) Prescription drug services;	161
(j) Nursing services;	162
(k) Services of a dietitian licensed under Chapter 4759. of the Revised Code;	163 164
(1) Physical therapy services;	165
(m) Chiropractic services;	166
(n) Any other category of services approved by the	167
superintendent of insurance.	168
(2) If a health insuring corporation offers prescription	169
drug services under this division, the coverage shall include	170
prescription drug services for the treatment of biologically	171
<del>based</del> mental <del>illnesses <u>health</u> and substance use disorders on the</del>	172
same terms and conditions as other physical diseases and	173
disorders.	174
(C) "Specialty health care services" means one of the	175
supplemental health care services listed in division (B) of this	176
section, when provided by a health insuring corporation on an	177
outpatient-only basis and not in combination with other	178
supplemental health care services.	179
(D) "Biologically based mental illnesses" means	180
schizophrenia, schizoaffective disorder, major depressive	181
disorder, bipolar disorder, paranoia and other psychotic	182
disorders, obsessive-compulsive disorder, and panic disorder, as	183
these terms are defined in the most recent edition of the-	184
diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders published	185

by the American psychiatric association.	186
<del>(E)</del> -"Closed panel plan" means a health care plan that	187
requires enrollees to use participating providers.	188
(F) (E) "Compensation" means remuneration for the	189
provision of health care services, determined on other than a	190
fee-for-service or discounted-fee-for-service basis.	191
<del>(G) <u>(F)</u> "Contractual periodic prepayment" means the</del>	192
formula for determining the premium rate for all subscribers of	193
a health insuring corporation.	194
<del>(H) (G)</del> "Corporation" means a corporation formed under	195
Chapter 1701. or 1702. of the Revised Code or the similar laws	196
of another state.	197
(I) (H) "Emergency health services" means those health	198
care services that must be available on a seven-days-per-week,	199
twenty-four-hours-per-day basis in order to prevent jeopardy to	200
an enrollee's health status that would occur if such services	201
were not received as soon as possible, and includes, where	202
appropriate, provisions for transportation and indemnity	203
payments or service agreements for out-of-area coverage.	204
<del>(J) <u>(</u>I) "</del> Enrollee" means any natural person who is	205
entitled to receive health care benefits provided by a health	206
insuring corporation.	207
(K) (J) "Evidence of coverage" means any certificate,	208
agreement, policy, or contract issued to a subscriber that sets	209
out the coverage and other rights to which such person is	210
entitled under a health care plan.	211
<del>(L) <u>(K)</u> "Health care facility" means any facility, except</del>	212
a health care practitioner's office, that provides preventive,	213

diagnostic, therapeutic, acute convalescent, rehabilitation, 214
mental health, intellectual disability, intermediate care, or 215
skilled nursing services. 216

(M) (L) "Health care services" means basic, supplemental, 217 and specialty health care services. 218

(N) (M)"Health delivery network" means any group of219providers or health care facilities, or both, or any220representative thereof, that have entered into an agreement to221offer health care services in a panel rather than on an222individual basis.223

(O) (N) "Health insuring corporation" means a corporation, as defined in division (H) (G) of this section, that, pursuant to a policy, contract, certificate, or agreement, pays for, reimburses, or provides, delivers, arranges for, or otherwise makes available, basic health care services, supplemental health care services, or specialty health care services, or a combination of basic health care services and either supplemental health care services or specialty health care services, through either an open panel plan or a closed panel plan.

"Health insuring corporation" does not include a limited 234 liability company formed pursuant to Chapter 1705. of the 235 Revised Code, an insurer licensed under Title XXXIX of the 236 Revised Code if that insurer offers only open panel plans under 237 which all providers and health care facilities participating 238 receive their compensation directly from the insurer, a 239 corporation formed by or on behalf of a political subdivision or 240 a department, office, or institution of the state, or a public 241 entity formed by or on behalf of a board of county 242 commissioners, a county board of developmental disabilities, an 243

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alcohol and drug addiction services board, a board of alcohol, 244 drug addiction, and mental health services, or a community 245 mental health board, as those terms are used in Chapters 340. 246 and 5126. of the Revised Code. Except as provided by division 247 (D) of section 1751.02 of the Revised Code, or as otherwise 248 provided by law, no board, commission, agency, or other entity 249 under the control of a political subdivision may accept 250 insurance risk in providing for health care services. However, 251 nothing in this division shall be construed as prohibiting such 252 entities from purchasing the services of a health insuring 253 corporation or a third-party administrator licensed under 254 Chapter 3959. of the Revised Code. 255

(P) (O) "Intermediary organization" means a health delivery network or other entity that contracts with licensed health insuring corporations or self-insured employers, or both, to provide health care services, and that enters into contractual arrangements with other entities for the provision of health care services for the purpose of fulfilling the terms of its contracts with the health insuring corporations and selfinsured employers.

(Q) (P) "Intermediate care" means residential care above the level of room and board for patients who require personal assistance and health-related services, but who do not require skilled nursing care.

(R) (Q)"Medical record" means the personal information268that relates to an individual's physical or mental condition,269medical history, or medical treatment.270

(S) (1) (R) (1)"Open panel plan" means a health care plan271that provides incentives for enrollees to use participating272providers and that also allows enrollees to use providers that273

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are not participating providers.

(2) No health insuring corporation may offer an open panel 275 plan, unless the health insuring corporation is also licensed as 276 an insurer under Title XXXIX of the Revised Code, the health 277 insuring corporation, on June 4, 1997, holds a certificate of 278 authority or license to operate under Chapter 1736. or 1740. of 279 the Revised Code, or an insurer licensed under Title XXXIX of 280 the Revised Code is responsible for the out-of-network risk as 281 evidenced by both an evidence of coverage filing under section 282 1751.11 of the Revised Code and a policy and certificate filing 283 under section 3923.02 of the Revised Code. 284

(T) (S) "Osteopathic hospital" means a hospital registered under section 3701.07 of the Revised Code that advocates osteopathic principles and the practice and perpetuation of osteopathic medicine by doing any of the following:

(1) Maintaining a department or service of osteopathic
 medicine or a committee on the utilization of osteopathic
 principles and methods, under the supervision of an osteopathic
 physician;

(2) Maintaining an active medical staff, the majority of293which is comprised of osteopathic physicians;294

(3) Maintaining a medical staff executive committee thathas osteopathic physicians as a majority of its members.296

(U) (T) "Panel" means a group of providers or health care297facilities that have joined together to deliver health care298services through a contractual arrangement with a health299insuring corporation, employer group, or other payor.300

(V) (U)"Person" has the same meaning as in section 1.59301of the Revised Code, and, unless the context otherwise requires,302

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includes any insurance company holding a certificate of 303
authority under Title XXXIX of the Revised Code, any subsidiary 304
and affiliate of an insurance company, and any government 305
agency. 306

(W) (V)"Premium rate" means any set fee regularly paid by307a subscriber to a health insuring corporation. A "premium rate"308does not include a one-time membership fee, an annual309administrative fee, or a nominal access fee, paid to a managed310health care system under which the recipient of health care311services remains solely responsible for any charges accessed for312those services by the provider or health care facility.313

(X) (W)"Primary care provider" means a provider that is314designated by a health insuring corporation to supervise,315coordinate, or provide initial care or continuing care to an316enrollee, and that may be required by the health insuring317corporation to initiate a referral for specialty care and to318maintain supervision of the health care services rendered to the319enrollee.320

(Y) (X) "Provider" means any natural person or partnership 321 of natural persons who are licensed, certified, accredited, or 322 otherwise authorized in this state to furnish health care 323 services, or any professional association organized under 324 Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code, provided that nothing in this 325 chapter or other provisions of law shall be construed to 326 preclude a health insuring corporation, health care 327 practitioner, or organized health care group associated with a 328 health insuring corporation from employing certified nurse 329 practitioners, certified nurse anesthetists, clinical nurse 330 specialists, certified nurse-midwives, pharmacists, dietitians, 3.31 physician assistants, dental assistants, dental hygienists, 332

optometric technicians, or other allied health personnel who are333licensed, certified, accredited, or otherwise authorized in this334state to furnish health care services.335

(Z) (Y) "Provider sponsored organization" means a 336 corporation, as defined in division  $\frac{(H)}{(G)}$  of this section, 337 that is at least eighty per cent owned or controlled by one or 338 more hospitals, as defined in section 3727.01 of the Revised 339 Code, or one or more physicians licensed to practice medicine or 340 surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery under Chapter 4731. 341 342 of the Revised Code, or any combination of such physicians and hospitals. Such control is presumed to exist if at least eighty 343 per cent of the voting rights or governance rights of a provider 344 sponsored organization are directly or indirectly owned, 345 controlled, or otherwise held by any combination of the 346 physicians and hospitals described in this division. 347

(AA) - (Z)"Solicitation document" means the written348materials provided to prospective subscribers or enrollees, or349both, and used for advertising and marketing to induce350enrollment in the health care plans of a health insuring351corporation.352

(BB) (AA)"Subscriber" means a person who is responsible353for making payments to a health insuring corporation for354participation in a health care plan, or an enrollee whose355employment or other status is the basis of eligibility for356enrollment in a health insuring corporation.357

(CC) (BB)"Urgent care services" means those health care358services that are appropriately provided for an unforeseen359condition of a kind that usually requires medical attention360without delay but that does not pose a threat to the life, limb,361or permanent health of the injured or ill person, and may362

include such health care services provided out of the health	363
insuring corporation's approved service area pursuant to	364
indemnity payments or service agreements.	365
Sec. 1751.92. Each health insuring corporation shall	366
comply with the requirements of section 3959.20 of the Revised	367
Code as they pertain to health plan issuers.	368
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As used in this section, "health plan issuer" has the same	369
meaning as in section $\frac{3922.01}{3902.50}$ of the Revised Code.	370
Sec. 3901.57. (A) As used in this section:	371
(1) "Generally recognized independent standards of current	372
practice" has the same meaning as in section 3902.50 of the	373
Revised Code.	374
(2) "Health bonefit plan" and "bealth plan issuer" have	375
(2) "Health benefit plan" and "health plan issuer" have	375
the same meanings as in section 3902.50 of the Revised Code.	570
(3) "Mental health benefits" means benefits with respect	377
to items or services for mental health conditions, as defined	378
under the terms of a health benefit plan and in accordance with	379
applicable federal and state law. Any condition defined by a	380
health benefit plan as being or as not being a mental health	381
condition shall be defined to be consistent with generally	382
recognized independent standards of current practice.	383
(4) "Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act" means	384
the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health	385
Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008, Pub. L. No. 110-343, as	386
amended, and any federal regulations implementing that act.	387
(5) "Substance use disorder benefits" means benefits with	388
respect to items or services for substance use disorders, as	389
defined under the terms of a health benefit plan and in	390

accordance with applicable federal and state law. Any condition	391
defined by a health benefit plan as being or as not being a	392
substance use disorder shall be defined to be consistent with	393
generally recognized independent standards of current practice.	394
(B) The superintendent of insurance shall implement and	395
enforce applicable provisions of the Mental Health Parity and	396
Addiction Equity Act and section 3902.51 of the Revised Code,	397
including all of the following:	398
(1) Proactively ensuring compliance by health plan	399
<u>issuers;</u>	400
(2) Evaluating all consumer or provider complaints	401
regarding mental health and substance use disorder benefits for	402
possible parity violations;	403
(3) Performing parity compliance market conduct	404
examinations of health plan issuers, particularly market conduct	405
examinations that focus on nonquantitative treatment	406
limitations;	407
(4) Requiring that health plan issuers submit the analyses	408
described in division (B) of section 3902.51 of the Revised Code	409
during the form review process;	410
(5) Adopting rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	411
Revised Code as necessary to do both of the following:	412
(a) Effectuate any provisions of the Mental Health Parity	413
and Addiction Equity Act that relate to the business of	414
insurance;	415
(b) Enforce, monitor compliance with, and ensure continued	416
compliance with section 3902.51 of the Revised Code.	417
(C) The superintendent shall issue an annual report that	418

is written in nontechnical, readily understandable language and	419
shall make the report available to the public by, among such	420
other means as the superintendent considers appropriate, posting	421
the report on the web site of the department of insurance. The	422
report shall do all of the following:	423
(1) Cover the methodology the superintendent is using to	424
check for compliance with the Mental Health Parity and Addiction	425
Equity Act and section 3902.51 of the Revised Code;	426
(2) Identify market conduct examinations conducted or	427
completed during the preceding twelve-month period regarding	428
compliance with parity in mental health and substance use	429
disorder benefits under state and federal laws and summarize the	430
results of such market conduct examinations;	431
(3) Detail any educational or corrective actions the	432
superintendent has taken to ensure health plan issuer compliance	433
with the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act and	434
section 3902.51 of the Revised Code.	435
Sec. 3901.83. As used in sections 3901.83 to 3901.833 of	436
the Revised Code:	437
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(A) "Clinical practice guidelines" means a systematically	438
developed statement to assist health care provider and patient	439
decisions with regard to appropriate health care for specific	440
clinical circumstances and conditions.	441
(B) "Clinical review criteria" means the written screening	442
procedures, decision abstracts, clinical protocols, and clinical	443
practice guidelines used by a health plan issuer or utilization	444
review organization to determine whether or not health care	445
services or drugs are appropriate and consistent with medical or	446
scientific evidence.	447

the same meanings as in section <del>3922.01</del> 3902.50 of the Revised 449 Code. 450 (D) "Medical or scientific evidence" has the same meaning 451 as in section 3922.01 of the Revised Code. 452 (E) "Step therapy exemption" means an overriding of a step 453 therapy protocol in favor of immediate coverage of the health 454 care provider's selected prescription drug. 455 (F) "Step therapy protocol" means a protocol or program 456 that establishes a specific sequence in which prescription drugs 457 that are for a specified medical condition and that are 458 consistent with medical or scientific evidence for a particular 459 patient are covered, under either a medical or prescription drug 460 benefit, by a health benefit plan, including both self-461 administered and physician-administered drugs. 462 (G) "Urgent care services" has the same meaning as in 463 section 3923.041 of the Revised Code. 464 (H) "Utilization review organization" has the same meaning 465 as in section 1751.77 of the Revised Code. 466 Sec. 3902.30. (A) As used in this section: 467 (1) "Health benefit plan," "health care services," and 468 "health plan issuer" have the same meanings as in section 469 3922.01 3902.50 of the Revised Code. 470 (2) "Health care professional" means any of the following: 471

(C) "Health benefit plan" and "health plan issuer" have

(a) A physician licensed under Chapter 4731. of the472Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic473medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery;474

(b) A physician assistant licensed under Chapter 4731. of 475 the Revised Code; 476 (c) An advanced practice registered nurse as defined in 477 section 4723.01 of the Revised Code. 478 (3) "In-person health care services" means health care 479 services delivered by a health care professional through the use 480 of any communication method where the professional and patient 481 are simultaneously present in the same geographic location. 482 (4) "Recipient" means a patient receiving health care 483 services or a health care professional with whom the provider of 484 health care services is consulting regarding the patient. 485 (5) "Telemedicine services" means a mode of providing 486 health care services through synchronous or asynchronous 487 information and communication technology by a health care 488 professional, within the professional's scope of practice, who 489 is located at a site other than the site where the recipient is 490 located. 491 (B) (1) A health benefit plan shall provide coverage for 492 telemedicine services on the same basis and to the same extent 493 that the plan provides coverage for the provision of in-person 494 health care services. 495 (2) A health benefit plan shall not exclude coverage for a 496 service solely because it is provided as a telemedicine service. 497

(C) A health benefit plan shall not impose any annual or
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lifetime benefit maximum in relation to telemedicine services
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other than such a benefit maximum imposed on all benefits
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offered under the plan.

(D) This section shall not be construed as doing any of 502

the following:	503
(1) Prohibiting a health benefit plan from assessing cost-	504
sharing requirements to a covered individual for telemedicine	505
services, provided that such cost-sharing requirements for	506
telemedicine services are not greater than those for comparable	507
in-person health care services;	508
(2) Requiring a health plan issuer to reimburse a health	509
care professional for any costs or fees associated with the	510
provision of telemedicine services that would be in addition to	511
or greater than the standard reimbursement for comparable in-	512
person health care services;	513
(3) Requiring a health plan issuer to reimburse a	514
telemedicine provider for telemedicine services at the same rate	515
as in-person services.	516
(E) This section applies to all health benefit plans	517
issued, offered, or renewed on or after January 1, 2021.	518
Sec. 3902.50. As used in sections 3902.50 and 3902.51 of	519
the Revised Code:	520
(A) "Benefits" means those health care services to which a	521
covered person is entitled under the terms of a health benefit	522
plan.	523
(B) "Covered person" means a policyholder, subscriber,	524
enrollee, member, or individual covered by a health benefit	525
<u>plan.</u>	526
(C) "Facility" means an institution providing health care	527
services, or a health care setting, including hospitals and	528
other licensed inpatient centers, ambulatory, surgical,	529
treatment, skilled nursing, residential treatment, diagnostic,	530

laboratory, and imaging centers, and rehabilitation and other	531
therapeutic health settings.	532
(D) "Generally recognized independent standards of current	533
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American society of addiction medicine, and state guiderines.	557
(E) "Health benefit plan" means a policy, contract,	538
certificate, or agreement offered by a health plan issuer to	539
provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the	540
costs of health care services, including benefit plans marketed	541
in the individual or group market by all associations, whether	542
bona fide or non-bona fide. "Health benefit plan" also means a	543
limited benefit plan, except as follows. "Health benefit plan"	544
does not mean any of the following types of coverage: a policy,	545
contract, certificate, or agreement that covers only a specified	546
accident, accident only, credit, dental, disability income,	547
long-term care, hospital indemnity, supplemental coverage, as	548
described in section 3923.37 of the Revised Code, specified	549
disease, or vision care; coverage issued as a supplement to	550
liability insurance; insurance arising out of workers'	551
compensation or similar law; automobile medical payment	552
insurance; or insurance under which benefits are payable with or	553
without regard to fault and which is statutorily required to be	554
contained in any liability insurance policy or equivalent self-	555
insurance; a medicare supplement policy of insurance, as defined	556
by the superintendent of insurance by rule, coverage under a	557
plan through medicare, medicaid, or the federal employees	558
benefit program; any coverage issued under Chapter 55 of Title	559
10 of the United States Code and any coverage issued as a	560
supplement to that coverage.	561

(F) "Health care professional" means a physician,	562
psychologist, nurse practitioner, or other health care	563
practitioner licensed, accredited, or certified to perform	564
health care services consistent with state law.	565
(G) "Health care provider" means a health care	566
professional or facility.	567
(H) "Health care services" means services for the	568
diagnosis, prevention, treatment, cure, or relief of a health	569
condition, illness, injury, or disease.	570
(I) "Health plan issuer" means an entity subject to the	571
insurance laws and rules of this state, or subject to the	572
jurisdiction of the superintendent of insurance, that contracts,	573
or offers to contract to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for,	574
or reimburse any of the costs of health care services under a	575
health benefit plan, including a sickness and accident insurance	576
company, a health insuring corporation, a fraternal benefit	577
society, a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement, or	578
a nonfederal, government health plan. "Health plan issuer"	579
includes a third-party administrator licensed under Chapter	580
3959. of the Revised Code to the extent that the benefits that	581
such an entity is contracted to administer under a health	582
benefit plan are subject to the insurance laws and rules of this	583
state or subject to the jurisdiction of the superintendent.	584
(J) "Medical and surgical benefits" means benefits with	585
respect to items or services for medical conditions or surgical	586
procedures, as defined under the terms of a health benefit plan	587
and in accordance with applicable federal and state law, but	588
does not include mental health or substance use disorder	589
benefits. Any condition defined by a health benefit plan as	590
being or as not being a medical or surgical condition shall be	591

defined to be consistent with generally recognized independent	592
standards of current practice.	593
(K) "Mental health benefits" has the same meaning as in	594
section 3901.57 of the Revised Code.	595
(L) "Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act" has	596
the same meaning as in section 3901.57 of the Revised Code.	597
(M) "Substance use disorder benefits" has the same meaning	598
as in section 3901.57 of the Revised Code.	599
(N) "Treatment limitations" means limits on benefits based	600
on the frequency of treatment, number of visits, days of	601
coverage, days in a waiting period, or other similar limits on	602
the scope or duration of treatment. "Treatment limitations"	603
includes all of the following:	604
(1) Financial restrictions;	605
(2) Quantitative treatment limitations, which are	606
expressed numerically, such as fifty outpatient visits per year;	607
(3) Nonquantitative treatment limitations, which otherwise	608
limit the scope or duration of benefits for treatment under a	609
<u>plan.</u>	610
"Treatment limitations" does not include a permanent_	611
exclusion of all benefits for a particular condition or	612
<u>disorder.</u>	613
Sec. 3902.51. (A)(1) Each health plan issuer and health	614
benefit plan subject to the Mental Health Parity and Addiction	615
Equity Act, other than an employee benefit plan exempt from	616
state regulation under 29 U.S.C. 1144, shall meet the	617
requirements of that act. The requirements of this section do	618

req 619 not apply to a health plan issuer or a health benefit plan that

is exempt from the requirements of that act. 620 (2) Any disorder defined by a health benefit plan subject 621 to the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act, other than 622 an employee benefit plan exempt from state regulation under 29 623 U.S.C. 1144, as being or as not being a substance use disorder 624 shall be defined to be consistent with generally recognized 625 independent standards of current practice. 626 (3) There shall be no separate nonquantitative treatment 627 limitations that apply to mental health and substance use 628 disorder benefits but not to medical and surgical benefits 629 within any classification of benefits. 630 (B) A health plan issuer subject to the Mental Health 631 Parity and Addiction Equity Act, other than an employee benefit 632 plan exempt from state regulation under 29 U.S.C. 1144, shall 633 submit an annual report to the superintendent of insurance 634 containing all of the following: 635 (1) A description of the process used to develop or select 636 the medical and clinical necessity criteria, including any 637 criteria established by the American society of addiction 638 medicine, for mental health benefits, substance use disorder 639 benefits, and medical and surgical benefits; 640 641 (2) Identification of all nonquantitative treatment limitations that are applied to both mental health and substance 642 use disorder benefits and medical and surgical benefits within 643 each classification of benefits. 644 (3) (a) The results of an analysis demonstrating whether, 645 as written and in operation: 646 647 (i) The processes, strategies, evidentiary standards, and other factors used in applying medical and clinical necessity 648

criteria to mental health and substance use disorder benefits	649
within each classification of benefits are comparable to, and	650
applied not more stringently than, those used in applying	651
medical and clinical necessity criteria to medical and surgical	652
benefits within the corresponding classification of benefits;	653
(ii) The processes, strategies, evidentiary standards, and	654
other factors used in applying nonquantitative treatment	655
limitations to mental health and substance use disorder benefits	656
within each classification of benefits are comparable to, and	657
applied not more stringently than, those used in applying	658
nonquantitative treatment limitations to medical and surgical	659
benefits within the corresponding classification of benefits.	660
(b) At a minimum, the results shall do all of the	661
following:	662
(i) Identify all factors used to determine whether each	663
nonquantitative treatment limitation applies to a benefit,	664
including factors that were considered but rejected;	665
(ii) Identify and define the specific evidentiary	666
standards used to determine the factors described in division	667
(B)(3)(a)(ii) of this section and any evidence relied upon in	668
applying each nonquantitative treatment limitation;	669
(iii) Provide all analyses and results of all analyses	670
that were performed to determine that the processes and	671
strategies used to apply each nonquantitative treatment	672
limitation, as written, for mental health and substance use	673
disorder benefits are comparable to, and applied not more_	674
stringently than, the processes and strategies used to apply_	675
each nonquantitative treatment limitation, as written, for	676
medical and surgical benefits;	677

(iv) Provide all analyses and results of all analyses that	678
were performed to determine that the processes and strategies	679
used to apply each nonquantitative treatment limitation, in	680
operation, for mental health and substance use disorder benefits	681
are comparable to, and applied not more stringently than, the	682
processes and strategies used to apply each nonquantitative	683
treatment limitation, in operation, for medical and surgical	684
<pre>benefits;</pre>	685
(v) Disclose the specific findings and conclusions reached	686
by the health plan issuer regarding compliance with this section	687
and the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act.	688
(C) In relation to any prescription medication prescribed	689
for the treatment of a substance use disorder, a health benefit	690
plan subject to the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity	691
Act, other than an employee benefit plan exempt from state	692
regulation under 29 U.S.C. 1144, is subject to all of the	693
following requirements:	694
(1) Except as otherwise provided in sections 1751.691 and	695
3923.851 of the Revised Code, the health benefit plan shall not	696
impose any prior authorization requirements on any such	697
prescription medication.	698
(2) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of sections	699
3901.83 to 3901.833 of the Revised Code, the health benefit plan	700
shall not impose any step therapy requirements before the health	701
plan issuer will authorize coverage for such a prescription	702
medication.	703
(3) The health benefit plan shall place all such	704
prescription medications on the lowest tier of the plan's drug	705
formulary.	706

(4) The health benefit plan shall not exclude coverage for	707
any such prescription medication or for any associated	708
counseling or wraparound services on the grounds that such	709
medications and services were court ordered.	710
(D) Nothing in division (C) of this section is subject to_	711
the requirements of section 3901.71 of the Revised Code.	712
togationenes of section assisted of the new section of the	, 12
(E) A covered person affected by a health plan issuer's or	713
health benefit plan's failure to provide parity as required by	714
this section and the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity	715
Act, or a health care provider on the covered person's behalf,	716
may file a complaint with the consumer services division of the	717
department of insurance.	718
Sec. 3922.01. As used in this chapter:	719
	, 19
(A) "Adverse benefit determination" means a decision by a	720
health plan issuer:	721
(1) To deny, reduce, or terminate a requested health care	722
service or payment in whole or in part, including all of the	723
following:	724
(a) A determination that the health care service does not	725
meet the health plan issuer's requirements for medical	726
necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of care,	727
or effectiveness, including experimental or investigational	728
treatments;	729
(b) A determination of an individual's eligibility for	730
individual health insurance coverage, including coverage offered	731
to individuals through a nonemployer group, to participate in a	732
plan or health insurance coverage;	733
(a) I determination that a barlth saw sawing is at	
(c) A determination that a health care service is not a	734

covered benefit; 735 (d) The imposition of an exclusion, including exclusions 736 for pre-existing conditions, source of injury, network, or any 737 other limitation on benefits that would otherwise be covered. 738 (2) Not to issue individual health insurance coverage to 739 an applicant, including coverage offered to individuals through 740 a nonemployer group; 741 742 (3) To rescind coverage on a health benefit plan. (B) "Ambulatory review" has the same meaning as in section 743 1751.77 of the Revised Code. 744 (C) "Authorized representative" means an individual who 745 represents a covered person in an internal appeal or external 746 review process of an adverse benefit determination who is any of 747 the following: 748 (1) A person to whom a covered individual has given 749 express, written consent to represent that individual in an 750 internal appeals process or external review process of an 751 adverse benefit determination: 752 (2) A person authorized by law to provide substituted 753 consent for a covered individual; 754 (3) A family member or a treating health care 755 professional, but only when the covered person is unable to 756 757 provide consent. (D) "Best evidence" means evidence based on all of the 758 following sources, listed according to priority, as they are 759 available: 760 (1) Randomized clinical trials; 761

(2) Cohort studies or case-control studies;	762
(3) Case series;	763
(4) Expert opinion.	764
(E) "Covered person" means a policyholder, subscriber,	765
enrollee, member, or individual covered by a health benefit	766
plan. "Covered person" does include the covered person's	767
authorized representative with regard to an internal appeal or	768
external review in accordance with division (C) of this section.	769
"Covered person" does not include the covered person's	770
representative in any other context.	771
(F) "Covered benefits" or "benefits" means those health-	772
care services to which a covered person is entitled under the	773
terms of a health benefit plan"benefits" as defined in section	774
3902.50 of the Revised Code.	775
(G) "Emergency medical condition" has the same meaning as	776
in section 1753.28 of the Revised Code.	777
(H) "Emergency services" has the same meaning as in	778
section 1753.28 of the Revised Code.	779
(I) "Evidence-based standard" means the conscientious,	780
explicit, and judicious use of the current best evidence, based	781
on a systematic review of the relevant research, in making	782
decisions about the care of individuals.	783
(J) "Facility" means an institution providing health care-	784
services, or a health care setting, including hospitals and	785
other licensed inpatient centers, ambulatory, surgical,	786
treatment, skilled nursing, residential treatment, diagnostic,	787
laboratory, and imaging centers, and rehabilitation and other	788
therapeutic health settingshas the same meaning as in section	789

#### 3902.50 of the Revised Code.

(K) "Final adverse benefit determination" means an adverse
benefit determination that is upheld at the completion of a
health plan issuer's internal appeals process.
793

794 (L) "Health benefit plan\_" means a policy, contract,certificate, or agreement offered by a health plan issuer to 795 796 provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs of health care services, including benefit plans marketed 797 in the individual or group market by all associations, whether 798 bona fide or non-bona fide. "Health benefit plan" also means a 799 limited benefit plan, except as follows. "Health benefit plan" 800 does not mean any of the following types of coverage: a policy, 801 contract, certificate, or agreement that covers only a specified 802 accident, accident only, credit, dental, disability income, 803 804 long-term care, hospital indemnity, supplemental coverage, as described in section 3923.37 of the Revised Code, specified 805 disease, or vision care; coverage issued as a supplement to 806 liability insurance; insurance arising out of workers'-807 compensation or similar law; automobile medical payment 808 809 insurance; or insurance under which benefits are payable with or without regard to fault and which is statutorily required to be 810 contained in any liability insurance policy or equivalent self-811 insurance; a medicare supplement policy of insurance, as defined 812 by the superintendent of insurance by rule, coverage under a 813 plan through medicare, medicaid, or the federal employees-814 benefit program; any coverage issued under Chapter 55 of Title 815 10 of the United States Code and any coverage issued as a 816 supplement to that coverage. 817

(M) "Health care professional" means a physician,818psychologist, nurse practitioner, or other health care819

practitioner licensed, accredited, or certified to perform 820 health care services consistent with state law. 821 (N) "Health care provider" or "provider" means a health 822 823 care professional or facility. (0) "Health care services" means services for the-824 825 diagnosis, prevention, treatment, cure, or relief of a health 826 condition, illness, injury, or disease. (P) "Health plan issuer" means an entity subject to the 827 insurance laws and rules of this state, or subject to the 828 jurisdiction of the superintendent of insurance, that contracts, 829 or offers to contract to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, 830 or reimburse any of the costs of health care services under a 831 health benefit plan, including a sickness and accident insurance-832 company, a health insuring corporation, a fraternal benefit 8.3.3 society, a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement, or 834 a nonfederal, government health plan. "Health plan issuer" 835 includes a third party administrator licensed under Chapter 836 3959. of the Revised Code to the extent that the benefits that 837 such an entity is contracted to administer under a health-838 benefit plan are subject to the insurance laws and rules of this 839 840 state or subject to the jurisdiction of thesuperintendent "health care professional," "health care 841 services," and "health plan issuer" have the same meanings as in 842 section 3902.50 of the Revised Code. 843 (Q) (M) "Health care provider" or "provider" means "health 844 care provider" as defined in section 3902.50 of the Revised 845 Code. 846 (N) "Health information" means information or data, 847

whether oral or recorded in any form or medium, and personal 848

facts or information about events or relationships that relates to all of the following:	849 850
(1) The past, present, or future physical, mental, or	851
behavioral health or condition of a covered person or a member of the covered person's family;	852 853
(2) The provision of health care services or health- related benefits to a covered person;	854 855
(3) Payment for the provision of health care services to or for a covered person.	856 857
(R) (O) "Independent review organization" means an entity	858
that is accredited to conduct independent external reviews of	859
adverse benefit determinations pursuant to section 3922.13 of	860
the Revised Code.	861
(S) (P) "Medical or scientific evidence" means evidence	862
found in any of the following sources:	863
(1) Peer-reviewed scientific studies published in, or	864
accepted for publication by, medical journals that meet	865
nationally recognized requirements for scientific manuscripts	866
and that submit most of their published articles for review by	867
experts who are not part of the editorial staff;	868
(2) Peer-reviewed medical literature, including literature	869
relating to therapies reviewed and approved by a qualified	870
institutional review board, biomedical compendia and other	871
medical literature that meet the criteria of the national	872
institutes of health's library of medicine for indexing in index	873
medicus and elsevier science ltd. for indexing in excerpta	874
medicus;	875

(3) Medical journals recognized by the secretary of health 876

and human services under section 1861(t)(2) of the federal	877
social security act;	878
(4) The following standard reference compendia:	879
(a) The American hospital formulary service drug	880
information;	881
(b) Drug facts and comparisons;	882
(c) The American dental association accepted dental	883
therapeutics;	884
(d) The United States pharmacopoeia drug information.	885
(5) Findings, studies or research conducted by or under	886
the auspices of a federal government agency or nationally	887
recognized federal research institute, including any of the	888
following:	889
(a) The federal agency for health care research and	890
quality;	891
(b) The national institutes of health;	892
(c) The national cancer institute;	893
(d) The national academy of sciences;	894
(e) The centers for medicare and medicaid services;	895
(f) The federal food and drug administration;	896
(g) Any national board recognized by the national	897
institutes of health for the purpose of evaluating the medical	898
value of health care services.	899
(6) Any other medical or scientific evidence that is	900
comparable.	901

(T) (0) "Person" has the same meaning as in section 902 3901.19 of the Revised Code. 903 (U) (R) "Protected health information" means health 904 information related to the identity of an individual, or 905 information that could reasonably be used to determine the 906 identity of an individual. 907 (V) (S) "Rescind" means to retroactively cancel or 908 discontinue coverage. "Rescind" does not include canceling or 909 discontinuing coverage that only has a prospective effect or 910 canceling or discontinuing coverage that is effective 911 retroactively to the extent it is attributable to a failure to 912 timely pay required premiums or contributions towards the cost 913 of coverage. 914 (W)-(T) "Retrospective review" means a review conducted 915 after services have been provided to a covered person. 916 (X) (U) "Superintendent" means the superintendent of 917 insurance. 918 (Y) (V) "Utilization review" has the same meaning as in 919 section 1751.77 of the Revised Code. 920 (Z) (W) "Utilization review organization" has the same 921 922 meaning as in section 1751.77 of the Revised Code. Sec. 3923.51. (A) As used in this section, "official 923 poverty line" means the poverty line as defined by the United 924 States office of management and budget and revised by the 925 secretary of health and human services under 95 Stat. 511, 42 926 U.S.C.A. 9902, as amended. 927 (B) Every insurer that is authorized to write sickness and 928 accident insurance in this state may offer group contracts of 929

sickness and accident insurance to any charitable foundation	930
that is certified as exempt from taxation under section 501(c)	931
(3) of the "Internal Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26	932
U.S.C.A. 1, as amended, and that has the sole purpose of issuing	933
certificates of coverage under these contracts to persons under	934
the age of nineteen who are members of families that have	935
incomes that are no greater than three hundred per cent of the	936
official poverty line.	937
(C) Contracts offered pursuant to division (B) of this	938
section are not subject to any of the following:	939
(1) Sections 3923.122 $_{ au}$ and 3923.24 $_{ au}$ 3923.28, 3923.281, and	940
<del>3923.29</del> of the Revised Code;	941
(2) Any other sickness and accident insurance coverage	942
required under this chapter on August 3, 1989. Any requirement	943
of sickness and accident insurance coverage enacted after that	944
date applies to this section only if the subsequent enactment	945
specifically refers to this section.	946
(3) Chapter 1751. of the Revised Code.	947
Sec. 3923.87. Each sickness and accident insurer or public	948
employee benefit plan shall comply with the requirements of	949
section 3959.20 of the Revised Code as they pertain to health	950
plan issuers.	951
As used in this section, "health plan issuer" has the same	952
meaning as in section $\frac{3922.01}{3902.50}$ of the Revised Code.	953
Sec. 3959.20. (A) As used in this section:	954
(1) "Cost-sharing" means the cost to an individual insured	955
under a health benefit plan according to any coverage limit,	956
copayment, coinsurance, deductible, or other out-of-pocket	957

expense requirements imposed by the plan.	958
(2) "Health benefit plan" and "health plan issuer" have	959
the same meanings as in section <del>3922.01 <u>3902.50</u> of the Revised</del>	960
Code.	961
(3) "Pharmacy audit" has the same meaning as in section	962
3901.81 of the Revised Code.	963
(4) "Pharmacy benefit manager" and "administrator" have	964
the same meanings as in section 3959.01 of the Revised Code.	965
(B) No health plan issuer, pharmacy benefit manager, or	966
any other administrator shall require cost-sharing in an amount,	967
or direct a pharmacy to collect cost-sharing in an amount,	968
greater than the lesser of either of the following from an	969
individual purchasing a prescription drug:	970
(1) The amount an individual would pay for the drug if the	971
drug were to be purchased without coverage under a health	972
benefit plan;	973
(2) The net reimbursement paid to the pharmacy for the	974
prescription drug by the health plan issuer, pharmacy benefit	975
manager, or administrator.	976
(C)(1) No health plan issuer, pharmacy benefit manager, or	977
administrator shall retroactively adjust a pharmacy claim for	978
reimbursement for a prescription drug unless the adjustment is	979
the result of either of the following:	980
(a) A pharmacy audit conducted in accordance with sections	981
3901.811 to 3901.814 of the Revised Code;	982
(b) A technical billing error.	983
(b) in declinical bitting crior.	200
(2) No health plan issuer, pharmacy benefit manager, or	984

administrator shall charge a fee related to a claim unless the 985 amount of the fee can be determined at the time of claim 986 adjudication. 987 (D) The department of insurance shall create a web form 988 that consumers can use to submit complaints relating to 989 violations of this section. 990 Sec. 4723.94. (A) As used in this section: 991 992 (1) "Facility fee" means any fee charged or billed for telemedicine services provided in a facility that is intended to 993 994 compensate the facility for its operational expenses and is 995 separate and distinct from a professional fee. 996 (2) "Health plan issuer" has the same meaning as in section 3922.01 3902.50 of the Revised Code. 997 (3) "Telemedicine services" has the same meaning as in 998 section 3902.30 of the Revised Code. 999 (B) An advanced practice registered nurse providing 1000 telemedicine services shall not charge a facility fee, an 1001 origination fee, or any fee associated with the cost of the 1002 equipment used to provide telemedicine services to a health plan 1003 issuer covering telemedicine services under section 3902.30 of 1004 the Revised Code. 1005 Sec. 4731.2910. (A) As used in this section: 1006 (1) "Facility fee" has the same meaning as in section 1007 4723.94 of the Revised Code. 1008 (2) "Health care professional" means: 1009 (a) A physician licensed under this chapter to practice 1010 medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or 1011

podiatric medicine and surgery; 1012 (b) A physician assistant licensed under Chapter 4730. of 1013 the Revised Code. 1014 (3) "Health plan issuer" has the same meaning as in 1015 section 3922.01 3902.50 of the Revised Code. 1016 (4) "Telemedicine services" has the same meaning as in 1017 section 3902.30 of the Revised Code. 1018 (B) A health care professional providing telemedicine 1019 services shall not charge a facility fee, an origination fee, or 1020 any fee associated with the cost of the equipment used to 1021 provide telemedicine services to a health plan issuer covering 1022 telemedicine services under section 3902.30 of the Revised Code. 1023 Sec. 4766.01. As used in this chapter: 1024 (A) "Advanced life support" means treatment described in 1025 section 4765.39 of the Revised Code that a paramedic is 1026 1027 certified to perform. (B) "Air medical service organization" means an 1028 organization that furnishes, conducts, maintains, advertises, 1029 promotes, or otherwise engages in providing medical services 1030 with a rotorcraft air ambulance or fixed wing air ambulance. 1031 (C) "Air medical transportation" means the transporting of 1032 a patient by rotorcraft air ambulance or fixed wing air 1033 1034 ambulance with appropriately licensed and certified medical personnel. 1035 (D) "Ambulance" means any motor vehicle that is 1036 specifically designed, constructed, or modified and equipped and 1037

is intended to be used to provide basic life support, 1038 intermediate life support, advanced life support, or mobile 1039

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intensive care unit services and transportation upon the streets
or highways of this state of persons who are seriously ill,
injured, wounded, or otherwise incapacitated or helpless.
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"Ambulance" does not include air medical transportation or a
vehicle designed and used solely for the transportation of
nonstretcher-bound persons, whether hospitalized or handicapped
or whether ambulatory or confined to a wheelchair.

(E) "Ambulette" means a motor vehicle that is specifically
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designed, constructed, or modified and equipped and is intended
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to be used for transportation upon the streets or highways of
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this state of persons who require use of a wheelchair or other
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mobility aid.

(F) "Basic life support" means treatment described in 1052section 4765.37 of the Revised Code that an EMT is certified to 1053perform. 1054

(G) "Disaster situation" means any condition or situation
described by rule of the state board of emergency medical, fire,
and transportation services as a mass casualty, major emergency,
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natural disaster, or national emergency.

(H) "Emergency medical service organization" means an
organization that uses EMTs, AEMTs, or paramedics, or a
combination of EMTs, AEMTs, and paramedics, to provide medical
care to victims of illness or injury. An emergency medical
service organization includes, but is not limited to, a
commercial ambulance service organization, a hospital, and a
funeral home.

(I) "EMT," "AEMT," and "paramedic" have the same meanings 1066 as in sections 4765.01 and 4765.011 of the Revised Code. 1067

(J) "Fixed wing air ambulance" means a fixed wing aircraft 1068

that is specifically designed, constructed, or modified and 1069 equipped and is intended to be used as a means of air medical 1070 transportation. 1071

(K) "Health care practitioner" has the same meaning as in1072section 3701.74 of the Revised Code.1073

(L) "Health care services" has the same meaning as in
 1074
 section <u>3922.01</u> <u>3902.50</u> of the Revised Code.
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(M) "Intermediate life support" means treatment described1076in section 4765.38 of the Revised Code that an AEMT is certified1077to perform.

(N) "Major emergency" means any emergency event that
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 cannot be resolved through the use of locally available
 emergency resources.
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(O) "Mass casualty" means an emergency event that results
 in ten or more persons being injured, incapacitated, made ill,
 1083
 or killed.

(P) "Medical emergency" means an unforeseen event1085affecting an individual in such a manner that a need for1086immediate care is created.1087

(Q) "Mobile intensive care unit" means an ambulance used
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only for maintaining specialized or intensive care treatment and
used primarily for interhospital transports of patients whose
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conditions require care beyond the scope of a paramedic as
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provided in section 4765.39 of the Revised Code.

(R) (1) "Nonemergency medical service organization" means a 1093person that does both of the following: 1094

(a) Provides services to the public on a regular basis for 1095the purpose of transporting individuals who require the use of a 1096

wheelchair or other mobility aid to receive health care services 1097 in nonemergency circumstances; 1098

(b) Provides the services for a fee, regardless of whether
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the fee is paid by the person being transported, a third party
payer, as defined in section 3702.51 of the Revised Code, or any
other person or government entity.

(2) "Nonemergency medical service organization" does not
include a health care facility, as defined in section 1751.01 of
the Revised Code, that provides ambulette services only to
patients of that facility.

(S) "Nontransport vehicle" means a motor vehicle operated
by a licensed emergency medical service organization not as an
ambulance, but as a vehicle for providing services in
conjunction with the ambulances operated by the organization or
other emergency medical service organizations.

(T) "Patient" means any individual who as a result of
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illness or injury needs medical attention, whose physical or
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mental condition is such that there is imminent danger of loss
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of life or significant health impairment, or who may be
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otherwise incapacitated or helpless as a result of a physical or
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mental condition, or any individual whose physical condition
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requires the use of a wheelchair or other mobility aid.

(U) "Rotorcraft air ambulance" means a helicopter or other
aircraft capable of vertical takeoffs, vertical landings, and
hovering that is specifically designed, constructed, or modified
and equipped and is intended to be used as a means of air
medical transportation.

(V) "Taxicab" means a taxicab vehicle operated by ataxicab service company, provided the company is not a1125

nonemergency medical service organization.	1126
(W) "Transportation network company driver" has the same	1127
meaning as in section 3942.01 of the Revised Code.	1128
(X) "Transportation network company services" has the same	1129
meaning as in section 3942.01 of the Revised Code.	1130
Sec. 5162.137. The medicaid director shall issue a	1131
biennial report about medicaid managed care organizations and	1132
parity in mental health and substance use disorder benefits	1133
provided to medicaid enrollees. The report shall be written in	1134
nontechnical, readily understandable language and shall be made	1135
available to the public by, among such other means as the	1136
director considers appropriate, posting the report on the	1137
department of medicaid's web site. The report shall do all of	1138
the following:	1139
(A) Cover the methodology the director is using to check	1140
for compliance with section 5167.47 of the Revised Code;	1141
(B) Identify market conduct examinations conducted or	1142
completed during the preceding two years regarding compliance	1143
with parity in mental health and substance use disorder benefits	1144
under state and federal laws and summarize the results of such	1145
market conduct examinations;	1146
(C) Detail any educational or corrective actions the	1147
director has taken to ensure medicaid managed care organization	1148
compliance with section 5167.47 of the Revised Code.	1149
Sec. 5167.47. (A) When contracting with a managed care	1150
organization, the department of medicaid shall require the	1151
managed care organization to provide to medicaid enrollees the	1152
same benefits and rights as required under section 3902.51 of	1153
the Revised Code.	1154

(B) Annually each medicaid managed care organization shall	1155
submit to the department a report that contains the information	1156
required by division (B) of section 3902.51 of the Revised Code	1157
as it pertains to medicaid enrollees.	1158
(C) A medicaid enrollee who is affected by the managed	1159
care organization's failure to provide parity as required by	1160
section 3902.51 of the Revised Code, or a health care provider	1161
on the enrollee's behalf, may file a complaint through the	1162
medicaid managed care organization's grievance process provided	1163
under section 5167.11 of the Revised Code.	1164
(D) The medicaid director shall do both of the following:	1165
(1) Implement and enforce section 3901.51 of the Revised	1166
Code with respect to medicaid managed care organizations;	1167
(2) Enforce, monitor compliance with, and ensure continued	1168
compliance with this section.	1169
(E) The director may adopt rules under section 5167.02 of	1170
the Revised Code as necessary to carry out the provisions of	1171
this section.	1172
Sec. 5168.75. As used in sections 5168.75 to 5168.86 of	1173
the Revised Code:	1174
(A) "Basic health care services" means all of the services	1175
listed in division <del>(A)(1) (A)</del> of section 1751.01 of the Revised	1176
Code.	1177
(B) "Care management system" has the same meaning as in	1178
section 5167.01 of the Revised Code.	1179
(C) "Dual eligible individual" has the same meaning as in	1100
	1180

(D) "Franchise fee" means the fee imposed on health1182insuring corporation plans under section 5168.76 of the RevisedCode.

(E) "Health insuring corporation" has the same meaning as
in section 1751.01 of the Revised Code, except it does not mean
a corporation that, pursuant to a policy, contract, certificate,
or agreement, pays for, reimburses, or provides, delivers,
arranges for, or otherwise makes available, only supplemental
health care services or only specialty health care services.

(F) "Health insuring corporation plan" means a policy, 1191
contract, certificate, or agreement of a health insuring 1192
corporation under which the corporation pays for, reimburses, 1193
provides, delivers, arranges for, or otherwise makes available 1194
basic health care services. "Health insuring corporation plan" 1195
does not mean any of the following: 1196

(1) A policy, contract, certificate, or agreement under
which a health insuring corporation pays for, reimburses,
provides, delivers, arranges for, or otherwise makes available
only supplemental health care services or only specialty health
care services;

(2) An approved health benefits plan described in 5 U.S.C.
8903 or 8903a, if imposing the franchise fee on the plan would
violate 5 U.S.C. 8909(f);

(3) A medicare advantage plan authorized by Part C of
Title XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 42 U.S.C. 1395w-21 et
seq.

(G) "Indirect guarantee percentage" means the percentage
specified in section 1903(w)(4)(C)(ii) of the "Social Security
Act," 42 U.S.C. 1396b(w)(4)(C)(ii), that is to be used in
1210

determining whether a health care class is indirectly held1211harmless for any portion of the costs of a broad-based health-1212care-related tax. If the indirect guarantee percentage changes1213during a fiscal year, the indirect guarantee percentage is the1214following:1215

(1) For the part of the fiscal year before the changetakes effect, the percentage in effect before the change;1217

(2) For the part of the fiscal year beginning with thedate the indirect guarantee percentage changes, the newpercentage.

(H) "Medicaid managed care organization" has the same 1221meaning as in section 5167.01 of the Revised Code. 1222

(I) "Medicaid provider" has the same meaning as in section 12235164.01 of the Revised Code. 1224

(J) "Ohio medicaid member month" means a month in which amedicaid recipient residing in this state is enrolled in ahealth insuring corporation plan.

(K) "Other Ohio member month" means a month in which a 1228resident of this state who is not a medicaid recipient is 1229enrolled in a health insuring corporation plan. 1230

(L) "Rate year" means the fiscal year for which afranchise fee is imposed.1232

Section 2. That existing sections 1739.05, 1751.01,12331751.92, 3901.83, 3902.30, 3922.01, 3923.51, 3923.87, 3959.20,12344723.94, 4731.2910, 4766.01, and 5168.75 of the Revised Code are1235hereby repealed.1236

Section 3. That sections 3923.27, 3923.28, 3923.281,12373923.282, 3923.29, and 3923.30 of the Revised Code are hereby1238

repealed.	1239
Section 4. This act shall apply to health benefit plans,	1240
an defined in continu 2002 EQ of the Deviced Code on excepted in	1041

as defined in section 3902.50 of the Revised Code, as enacted in	1241
this act, delivered, issued for delivery, modified, or renewed	1242
on or after the effective date of this act.	1243