As Introduced

133rd General Assembly

Regular Session 2019-2020

H. B. No. 649

Representatives Stoltzfus, Hood

Cosponsors: Representatives Becker, Brinkman, Dean, Jones, Jordan, Keller, Kick, Lang, Lipps, Powell, Riedel, Vitale, Wiggam, Zeltwanger

A BILL

То	amend sections 161.09, 3701.13, 3701.23,	1
	3701.99, 3707.04, 3707.05, 3707.26, 3709.20, and	2
	3709.21 and to enact section 3701.234 of the	3
	Revised Code regarding the authority of the	4
	Department of Health and local boards of health	5
	to make certain orders and regarding the testing	6
	of individuals for certain communicable	7
	diseases.	8

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 161.09, 3701.13, 3701.23,	9
3701.99, 3707.04, 3707.05, 3707.26, 3709.20, and 3709.21 be	10
amended and section 3701.234 of the Revised Code be enacted to	11
read as follows:	12
Sec. 161.09. In the event of an emergency resulting from	13
enemy attack, the governor, his successor, or interim successor,	14
shall, when in his judgment the public interest requires,	15
general assembly may postpone any state or local election for a	16
period not exceeding six monthsninety days. When, because of	17
conditions resulting from an enemy attack, a scheduled election	18

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is not held or scheduled appointments cannot be made, the	19
elected or appointed incumbents of affected offices, or their	20
emergency interim successors, shall continue to hold office	21
until their successors are elected or appointed and duly	22
qualified. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of the Revised	23
Code, in no other circumstance shall an election be postponed or	24
canceled or be conducted in any manner other than the manner	25
prescribed in the Revised Code.	26
Sec. 3701.13. (A)(1) The department of health shall have	27
supervision of all matters relating to the preservation of the	28
life and health of the people and, subject to division (A)(2) of	29
this section, shall have ultimate authority administrative	30
responsibility in matters of quarantine and isolation, which it	31
may declare and enforce, when neither exists, and modify, relax,	32
or abolish, when either has been established. The	33
(2) When exercising administrative responsibility in	34
(2) When exercising administrative responsibility in matters of quarantine and isolation as described in division (A)	34 35
matters of quarantine and isolation as described in division (A)	35
matters of quarantine and isolation as described in division (A) (1) of this section, in the event of an epidemic or pandemic of	35 36
matters of quarantine and isolation as described in division (A) (1) of this section, in the event of an epidemic or pandemic of a communicable, life-threatening disease, the department of	35 36 37
matters of quarantine and isolation as described in division (A) (1) of this section, in the event of an epidemic or pandemic of a communicable, life-threatening disease, the department of health may recommend to the general assembly a plan for	35 36 37 38
matters of quarantine and isolation as described in division (A) (1) of this section, in the event of an epidemic or pandemic of a communicable, life-threatening disease, the department of health may recommend to the general assembly a plan for quarantine or isolation procedures for individuals directly	35 36 37 38 39
matters of quarantine and isolation as described in division (A) (1) of this section, in the event of an epidemic or pandemic of a communicable, life-threatening disease, the department of health may recommend to the general assembly a plan for quarantine or isolation procedures for individuals directly exposed to or diagnosed with the disease. The plan shall not	35 36 37 38 39 40
matters of quarantine and isolation as described in division (A) (1) of this section, in the event of an epidemic or pandemic of a communicable, life-threatening disease, the department of health may recommend to the general assembly a plan for quarantine or isolation procedures for individuals directly exposed to or diagnosed with the disease. The plan shall not take effect unless it receives the approval of the general	35 36 37 38 39 40 41
matters of quarantine and isolation as described in division (A) (1) of this section, in the event of an epidemic or pandemic of a communicable, life-threatening disease, the department of health may recommend to the general assembly a plan for quarantine or isolation procedures for individuals directly exposed to or diagnosed with the disease. The plan shall not take effect unless it receives the approval of the general assembly. To be approved, the plan must provide for cooperation	35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42
matters of quarantine and isolation as described in division (A) (1) of this section, in the event of an epidemic or pandemic of a communicable, life-threatening disease, the department of health may recommend to the general assembly a plan for quarantine or isolation procedures for individuals directly exposed to or diagnosed with the disease. The plan shall not take effect unless it receives the approval of the general assembly. To be approved, the plan must provide for cooperation with boards of health of city and general health districts. Once	35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43
matters of quarantine and isolation as described in division (A) (1) of this section, in the event of an epidemic or pandemic of a communicable, life-threatening disease, the department of health may recommend to the general assembly a plan for quarantine or isolation procedures for individuals directly exposed to or diagnosed with the disease. The plan shall not take effect unless it receives the approval of the general assembly. To be approved, the plan must provide for cooperation with boards of health of city and general health districts. Once approved, the plan shall remain in effect for a period not to	35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43
matters of quarantine and isolation as described in division (A) (1) of this section, in the event of an epidemic or pandemic of a communicable, life-threatening disease, the department of health may recommend to the general assembly a plan for quarantine or isolation procedures for individuals directly exposed to or diagnosed with the disease. The plan shall not take effect unless it receives the approval of the general assembly. To be approved, the plan must provide for cooperation with boards of health of city and general health districts. Once approved, the plan shall remain in effect for a period not to exceed thirty days.	35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45

that section and take such actions as are necessary to encourage	49
vaccination against those diseases.	50
The (B) (1) Subject to division (B) (2) of this section, the	51
department may make special or standing orders or rules for	52
preventing the use of fluoroscopes for nonmedical purposes that	53
emit doses of radiation likely to be harmful to any person, for	54
preventing the spread of contagious or infectious diseases, for	55
	56
governing .	36
(2) All of the following apply to a special or standing	57
order or rule for preventing the spread of contagious or	58
<pre>infectious diseases:</pre>	59
(a) The order or rule shall not be valid unless approved	60
by the general assembly. Within five calendar days of the	61
order's or rule's submission to the general assembly for	62
approval, the general assembly may approve, modify, or limit the	63
order or rule or deny the order's or rule's approval.	64
(b) If approved, the order or rule shall be valid for not	65
more than thirty days.	66
(c) The order shall not do any of the following:	67
(c) The order sharr not do any or the rorrowing.	0 7
(i) Prescribe the time, place, and manner for holding an	68
<pre>election;</pre>	69
(ii) Cause impairment of contracts without due process of	70
law;	71
(iii) Cause the seizure of property or a business closure	72
or prevent access to a business without due process of law;	73
(iv) Result in a general mandatory statewide quarantine or	74
isolation that applies to individuals neither directly exposed	75
to nor medically diagnosed with the disease that is the subject	76

of the epidemic or pandemic;	77
(v) Require testing of any kind or the use of masks,	78
gloves, or any other covering without an individual's consent.	79
(C) In addition to the authority granted by division (B)	80
(1) of this section, the department may make special or standing	81
orders or rules for any of the following purposes:	82
(1) To prevent the use of fluoroscopes for nonmedical	83
purposes that emit doses of radiation likely to be harmful to	84
any person;	85
(2) To govern the receipt and conveyance of remains of	86
deceased persons, and for such;	87
(3) To address such other sanitary matters as are best	88
controlled by a general rule. Whenever	89
(D) Whenever possible, the department shall work in	90
cooperation with the health commissioner of a general or city	91
health district. The	92
In any of the following circumstances, the department may	93
make and enforce orders in local matters or reassign substantive	94
authority for mandatory programs from a general or city health	95
district to another general or city health district: when an	96
emergency exists, or when the board of health of a general or	97
city health district has neglected or refused to act with	98
sufficient promptness or efficiency, or when such board has not	99
been established as provided by sections 3709.02, 3709.03,	100
3709.05, 3709.06, 3709.11, 3709.12, and 3709.14 of the Revised	101
Code. In such cases, the necessary expense incurred shall be	102
paid by the general health district or city for which the	103
services are rendered.	104

The department of health may require general or city	105
health districts to enter into agreements for shared services	106
under section 9.482 of the Revised Code. The department shall	107
prepare and offer to boards of health a model contract and	108
memorandum of understanding that are easily adaptable for use by	109
ooards of health when entering into shared services agreements.	110
The department also may offer financial and other technical	111
assistance to boards of health to encourage the sharing of	112
services.	113

As a condition precedent to receiving funding from the department of health, the director of health may require general or city health districts to apply for accreditation by July 1, 2018, and be accredited by July 1, 2020, by an accreditation body approved by the director. The director of health, by July 1, 2016, shall conduct an evaluation of general and city health district preparation for accreditation, including an evaluation of each district's reported public health quality indicators as provided for in section 3701.98 of the Revised Code.

(E) The department may make evaluative studies of the nutritional status of Ohio residents, and of the food and nutrition-related programs operating within the state. Every agency of the state, at the request of the department, shall provide information and otherwise assist in the execution of such studies.

Sec. 3701.23. (A) As used in this section, "health care 129 provider" means any person or government entity that provides 130 health care services to individuals. "Health care provider" 131 includes, but is not limited to, hospitals, medical clinics and 132 offices, special care facilities, medical laboratories, 133 physicians, pharmacists, dentists, physician assistants, 134

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registered and licensed practical nurses, laboratory	135
technicians, emergency medical service organization personnel,	136
and ambulance service organization personnel.	137
(B) Boards of health, health authorities or officials,	138
health care providers in localities in which there are no health	139
authorities or officials, and coroners or medical examiners	140
shall report promptly to the department of health the existence	141
of any of the following:	142
(1) Asiatic cholera;	143
(2) Yellow fever;	144
(3) Diphtheria;	145
(4) Typhus or typhoid fever;	146
(5) As specified by the director of health, other	147
contagious or infectious diseases, illnesses, health conditions,	148
or unusual infectious agents or biological toxins posing a risk	149
of human fatality or disability.	150
(C) No person shall fail to comply with the reporting	151
requirements established under division (B) of this section.	152
(D) The reports required by this section shall be	153
submitted on forms, as required by statute or rule, and in the	154
manner the director of health prescribes.	155
(E) Information reported under this section that is	156
protected health information pursuant to section 3701.17 of the	157
Revised Code shall be released only in accordance with that	158
section. Information that does not identify an individual may be	159
released, but only in summary, statistical, or aggregate form.	160
Sec. 3701.234. (A) Before administering to an individual a	161

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test for the presence or absence of a communicable, life-	162
threatening disease or infection or an immune response to such a	163
disease or infection that is the subject of an epidemic or	164
pandemic, a health care provider shall obtain the individual's	165
informed consent. In the case of a minor individual, the health	166
care provider shall obtain the informed consent of the minor	167
individual's parent or legal guardian. In either circumstance,	168
the consent shall be in writing.	169
(B) The physical results of an individual's test,	170
including any partial or complete biometric record of the	171
individual's DNA sequence, shall be the property of the	172
individual and shall be transmitted only to the individual	173
tested, or in the case of a minor individual, the minor	174
individual's parent or legal guardian.	175
(C) In the event the individual or minor individual's	176
parent or legal guardian does not take possession of the	177
physical results of a test, the laboratory responsible for	178
conducting the test shall destroy those results when they are no	179
longer needed for the limited purpose of diagnosing the	180
individual or determining the presence of an immune response to	181
the disease or infection identified in the individual's written	182
consent.	183
Any DNA collected for the limited purpose of this test	184
shall not be maintained by the laboratory conducting the test or	185
any other public or private entity. Such biological material or	186
related record of such material shall not be stored, held, or	187
transmitted in any format, including an electronic, digital, or	188
paper format, by the laboratory conducting the test or any other	189
public or private entity. The laboratory conducting the test	190
shall certify in writing to the individual tested that any	191

blometric record has been destroyed and that no related record	192
has been stored, held, or transmitted to a third party.	193
(D) A health care provider, laboratory, or public or	194
private entity shall be liable in damages to any person in a	195
civil action for injury or loss to person or property that	196
allegedly arises from the provider's, laboratory's, or entity's	197
failure to comply with the requirements of this section.	198
Sec. 3701.99. (A) Whoever violates division (C) of section	199
3701.23, division (C) of section 3701.232, division (C) of	200
section 3701.24, division (D)(2) of section 3701.262, or	201
sections 3701.46 to 3701.55 of the Revised Code is guilty of a	202
minor misdemeanor on a first offense; on each subsequent	203
offense, the person is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth	204
degree.	205
(B) Whoever violates section 3701.82 of the Revised Code	206
is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	207
(C) Whoever violates section 3701.352 or 3701.81 of the	208
Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree.	209
(D) Whoever violates section 3701.234 shall be fined not	210
less than one hundred thousand dollars per incident.	211
Sec. 3707.04. In Subject to division (C) of section	212
3709.20 of the Revised Code, in time of epidemic or threatened	213
epidemic, or when a dangerous communicable disease is unusually	214
prevalent, the board of health of a city or general health	215
district, after a personal investigation by its members or	216
executive officer to establish the facts in the case, and not	217
otherwise, may impose a quarantine on vessels, railroads, or	218
other public or private vehicles conveying persons, baggage, or	219
freight, or used for such purpose. The board may make and	220

enforce such rules and regulations as are wise and necessary for	221
the protection of the health of the people of the community or	222
state, but the running of any train or car on any steam or	223
electric railroad, or of steamboats, vessels, or other public	224
conveyances shall not be prohibited.	225
A true copy of such quarantine rules and regulations shall	226
be immediately furnished by such board to the department of	227
health, and thereafter no change shall be made except by the	228
order of the department or the board to meet a new and sudden	229
emergency.	230
Sec. 3707.05. The Subject to division (C) of section	231
3709.20 of the Revised Code, the board of health of a city or	232
general health district shall not close public highways or	233
prohibit travel thereon, interfere with public officers not	234
afflicted with or directly exposed to a contagious or infectious	235
disease, in the discharge of their official duties, or establish	236
a quarantine of one municipal corporation or township against	237
another municipal corporation or township, as such, without	238
permission first obtained from the department of health and	239
under regulations established by the department.	240
Sec. 3707.26. Semiannually, and more often, if in its	241
judgment necessary, the board of health of a city or general	242
health district shall inspect the sanitary condition of all	243
schools and school buildings within its jurisdiction, and may	244
disinfect any school building. During Subject to division (C) of	245
section 3709.20 of the Revised Code, during an epidemic or	246
threatened epidemic, or when a dangerous communicable disease is	247
unusually prevalent, the board may close any school and prohibit	248
public gatherings for such time as is necessary.	249
Sec. 3709.20. (A) The Subject to division (C) of this	250

section, the board of health of a city health district may make	251
such orders and regulations as are necessary for its own	252
government, for the public health, the prevention <u>of</u> or	253
restriction of disease, and the prevention, abatement, or	254
suppression of nuisances. Orders and regulations not for the	255
government of the board, but intended for the general public,	256
shall be adopted, advertised, recorded, and certified as are	257
ordinances of municipal corporations and the record thereof	258
shall be given in all courts the same effect as is given such	259
ordinances. In	260
<u>In</u> cases of emergency caused by epidemics of contagious or	261
infectious diseases, or conditions or events endangering the	262
public health, the board may declare such orders and regulations	263
to be emergency measures, and such orders and regulations shall	264
become effective immediately without such advertising,	265
recording, and certifying after conducting at least one public	266
hearing, which shall include an opportunity for public testimony	267
and shall not be conducted in accordance with division (B) of	268
this section. Such orders or rules shall be valid for not more	269
than thirty days. After thirty days have elapsed, the board may	270
declare new orders or rules as emergency measures, but only in	271
accordance with the requirements of division (A) of this	272
section.	273
(B) In any hearing conducted by the board of health of a	274
city health district, general health district, or combined	275
health district, the board may appoint a referee or examiner to	276
conduct the hearing. In a hearing conducted by a board of health	277
of a city health district, a combined health district, or a	278
general health district at least one member of the board shall	279

be present.

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The referee or examiner appointed to conduct the hearing	281
shall have the same powers and authority in conducting the	282
hearing as is granted to the board. The referee or examiner	283
shall have been admitted to the practice of law in the state and	284
be possessed of such additional qualifications as the board may	285
require. The referee or examiner shall submit to the board a	286
written report setting forth <u>his</u> the referee's or examiner's	287
findings of fact and conclusions of law and a recommendation of	288
the action to be taken by the board. A copy of such written	289
report and recommendation of the referee or examiner shall,	290
within five days of the date of filing thereof, be served upon	291
the party or his the party's attorney or other representative of	292
record, by certified mail. The party may, within ten days of	293
receipt of the copy of the written report or recommendation,	294
file with the board written objections to the report and	295
recommendation, which objections shall be considered by the	296
board before approving, modifying, or disapproving the	297
recommendation. The board may grant extensions of time to the	298
party within which to file such objections.	299
No recommendation of the referee or examiner shall be	300
approved, modified, or disapproved by the board until ten days	301
after the service of the report and recommendation as provided	302
in this section. The board may order additional testimony to be	303
taken or permit the introduction of further documentary	304
evidence. No recommendation shall be final until approved by a	305
quorum of the entire board as indicated by an order on its	306
record of proceedings.	307
(C) The board of health of a city health district, general	308
health district, or combined health district shall not make any	309

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order or regulation that does any of the following:

(1) Prescribes the time, place, and manner for holding an	311
<pre>election;</pre>	312
(2) Causes an impairment of contracts without due process	313
of law;	314
(3) Causes the seizure of property or a business closure	315
or prevents access to a business without due process of law;	316
(4) Results in a general mandatory quarantine or isolation	317
that applies to individuals neither directly exposed to nor	318
medically diagnosed with the disease that is the subject of the	319
epidemic or pandemic;	320
(5) Require testing of any kind or the use of masks,	321
gloves, or any other covering without an individual's consent.	322
Sec. 3709.21. The Subject to division (C) of section	323
3709.20 of the Revised Code, the board of health of a general	324
health district may make such orders and regulations as are	325
necessary for its own government, for the public health, the	326
prevention or restriction of disease, and the prevention,	327
abatement, or suppression of nuisances. Such board may require	328
that no human, animal, or household wastes from sanitary	329
installations within the district be discharged into a storm	330
sewer, open ditch, or watercourse without a permit therefor	331
having been secured from the board under such terms as the board	332
requires. All orders and regulations not for the government of	333
the board, but intended for the general public, shall be	334
adopted, recorded, and certified as are ordinances of municipal	335
corporations and the record thereof shall be given in all courts	336
the same effect as is given such ordinances, but the	337
advertisements of such orders and regulations shall be by	338
publication in a newspaper of general circulation within the	339

district. Publication shall be made once a week for two	340
consecutive weeks or as provided in section 7.16 of the Revised	341
Code, and such orders and regulations shall take effect and be	342
in force ten days from the date of the first publication. $\frac{1}{1}$	343
<u>In</u> cases of emergency caused by epidemics of contagious or	344
infectious diseases, or conditions or events endangering the	345
public health, the board may declare such orders and regulations	346
to be emergency measures, and such orders and regulations shall	347
become effective immediately without such advertising,	348
recording, and certifying after conducting at least one public	349
hearing, which shall include an opportunity for public	350
testimony. Such orders or rules shall be valid for not more than	351
thirty days. After the thirty days have elapsed, the board may	352
declare new orders or rules as emergency measures, but only in	353
accordance with the requirements of this section.	354
Section 2. That existing sections 161.09, 3701.13,	355
3701.23, 3701.99, 3707.04, 3707.05, 3707.26, 3709.20, and	356
3709.21 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	357