As Introduced

133rd General Assembly Regular Session 2019-2020

S. B. No. 12

Senator Craig

A BILL

| Т | o amend sections 1901.20, 1907.02, and 4511.093 | 1 |
|---|---|---|
| | and to enact section 4511.072 of the Revised | 2 |
| | Code to make changes to the laws governing | 3 |
| | traffic law photo-monitoring devices, other | 4 |
| | civil traffic violations, and related fines and | 5 |
| | fees. | 6 |

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

| Section 1. That sections 1901.20, 1907.02, and 4511.093 be | 7 |
|--|----|
| amended and section 4511.072 of the Revised Code be enacted to | 8 |
| read as follows: | 9 |
| Sec. 1901.20. (A)(1) The municipal court has jurisdiction | 10 |
| to hear misdemeanor cases committed within its territory and has | 11 |
| jurisdiction over the violation of any ordinance of any | 12 |
| municipal corporation within its territory. | 13 |
| (2) The municipal court has exclusive jurisdiction over | 14 |
| all civil violations of every state traffic law or municipal | 15 |
| traffic ordinance of each municipal corporation within the | 16 |
| territory of the court unless: | 17 |
| (a) The mayor of the municipal corporation has | 18 |
| jurisdiction over the violation pursuant to section 1905.01 of | 19 |

the Revised Code . unless

the (b) The violation is a civil violation based upon evidence recorded by a traffic law photo-monitoring device and <u>a</u> <u>ticket is</u> issued pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 4511.093 of the Revised Code or the .

violation is required to be handled by a parking-25 26 violations bureau or joint parking violations bureau pursuant to Chapter 4521. of the Revised Code. However, the (3) The 27 municipal court has jurisdiction over the violation of a vehicle 28 29 parking or standing resolution or regulation if a local authority, as defined in division (D) of section 4521.01 of the 30 Revised Code, has specified that it is not to be considered a 31 criminal offense, if the violation is committed within the 32 limits of the court's territory, and if the violation is not 33 required to be handled by a parking violations bureau or joint 34 parking violations bureau pursuant to Chapter 4521. of the 35 Revised Code. However, a municipal court does not have 36 jurisdiction over a violation required to be handled by a 37 parking violations bureau or joint parking violations bureau 38 pursuant to Chapter 4521. of the Revised Code. 39

40 (4) The municipal court, if it has a housing or environmental division, has jurisdiction over any criminal 41 action over which the housing or environmental division is given 42 jurisdiction by section 1901.181 of the Revised Code, provided 43 that, except as specified in division (B) of that section, no 44 judge of the court other than the judge of the division shall 45 hear or determine any action over which the division has 46 jurisdiction. In all such prosecutions and cases, the court 47 shall proceed to a final determination of the prosecution or 48 49 case.

20

21

22

23

S. B. No. 12 As Introduced

(2) (B) A judge of a municipal court does not have the50authority to dismiss a criminal complaint, charge, information,51or indictment solely at the request of the complaining witness52and over the objection of the prosecuting attorney, village53solicitor, city director of law, or other chief legal officer54who is responsible for the prosecution of the case.55

(B) (C) The municipal court has jurisdiction to hear 56 felony cases committed within its territory. In all felony 57 cases, the court may conduct preliminary hearings and other 58 necessary hearings prior to the indictment of the defendant or 59 prior to the court's finding that there is probable and 60 reasonable cause to hold or recognize the defendant to appear 61 before a court of common pleas and may discharge, recognize, or 62 commit the defendant. 63

(C)(D)(1) A municipal court has jurisdiction over an appeal from a judgment or default judgment entered pursuant to Chapter 4521. of the Revised Code, as authorized by division (D) of section 4521.08 of the Revised Code. The appeal shall be placed on the regular docket of the court and shall be determined by a judge of the court.

(2) A municipal court has jurisdiction over an appeal of a
written decision rendered by a hearing officer under section
4511.099 of the Revised Code if the hearing officer that
rendered the decision was appointed by a local authority within
73
the jurisdiction of the court.

Sec. 1907.02. (A) (1) In addition to other jurisdiction 75 granted a county court in the Revised Code, a county court has 76 jurisdiction of all misdemeanor cases. A county court has 77 jurisdiction to conduct preliminary hearings in felony cases, to 78 bind over alleged felons to the court of common pleas, and to 79

Page 3

64

65

66

67

68

take other action in felony cases as authorized by Criminal Rule 5.

(2) A judge of a county court does not have the authority
to dismiss a criminal complaint, charge, information, or
indictment solely at the request of the complaining witness and
84
over the objection of the prosecuting attorney, village
solicitor, city director of law, or other chief legal officer
who is responsible for the prosecution of the case.

(B) A county court has jurisdiction of the violation of a vehicle parking or standing ordinance, resolution, or regulation if a local authority, as defined in division (D) of section 4521.01 of the Revised Code, has specified that it is not to be considered a criminal offense, if the violation is committed within the limits of the court's territory, and if the violation is not required to be handled by a parking violations bureau or joint parking violations bureau pursuant to Chapter 4521. of the Revised Code. A county court does not have jurisdiction over violations of ordinances, resolutions, or regulations that are required to be handled by a parking violations bureau or joint parking violations bureau pursuant to that chapter.

A county court also has jurisdiction of an appeal from a 100 judgment or default judgment entered pursuant to Chapter 4521. 101 of the Revised Code, as authorized by division (D) of section 102 4521.08 of the Revised Code. Any such appeal shall be placed on 103 the regular docket of the court and shall be determined by a 104 judge of the court. 105

(C) A county court has jurisdiction over an appeal of a
written decision rendered by a hearing officer under section
4511.099 of the Revised Code if the hearing officer that
rendered the decision was appointed by a local authority within

Page 4

80

81

88

89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

the jurisdiction of the court.

Page 5

| (D) Except as provided in division (B) of this section, a | 111 |
|--|-----|
| county court has exclusive jurisdiction over all civil | 112 |
| violations of every state traffic law or municipal traffic | 113 |
| ordinance within the territory of the court, unless the | 114 |
| violation is a civil violation based upon evidence recorded by a | 115 |
| traffic law photo-monitoring device and a ticket is issued | 116 |
| pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 4511.093 of the Revised | 117 |
| Code or the mayor of a municipal corporation has jurisdiction | 118 |
| over the violation pursuant to section 1905.01 of the Revised | 119 |
| Code. | 120 |
| Sec. 4511.072. (A) A municipal corporation that does not | 121 |
| have the authority to establish a mayor's court under section | 122 |
| 1905.01 of the Revised Code shall not impose a fine, fee, or | 123 |
| other charge for a traffic violation that exceeds the applicable | 124 |
| fine, fee, or other charge for the substantially equivalent | 125 |
| state violation established pursuant to Traffic Rule 13(C) by | 126 |
| the municipal or county court having territorial jurisdiction | 127 |
| over the location of the violation. | 128 |
| (B) A municipal corporation that does not have the | 129 |
| authority to establish a mayor's court under section 1905.01 of | 130 |
| the Revised Code shall not charge a fine, fee, or other charge | 131 |
| for a traffic violation that is not included in the schedule of | 132 |
| fines for state violations established pursuant to Traffic Rule | 133 |
| 13(C) by the municipal or county court having territorial | 134 |
| jurisdiction over the location of the violation. | 135 |
| Sec. 4511.093. (A) A local authority may utilize a traffic | 136 |
| law photo-monitoring device for the purpose of detecting traffic | 137 |
| law violations. If the local authority is a county or township, | 138 |
| the board of county commissioners or the board of township | 139 |
| | |

trustees may adopt such resolutions as may be necessary to enable the county or township to utilize traffic law photomonitoring devices.

(B) The use of a traffic law photo-monitoring device is143subject to the following conditions:144

(1) A local authority shall use a traffic law photo-145 monitoring device to detect and enforce traffic law violations 146 only if a law enforcement officer is present at the location of 147 the device at all times during the operation of the device and 148 if the local authority complies with sections 4511.094 and 149 4511.095 of the Revised Code. 150

(2) A law enforcement officer who is present at the
location of any traffic law photo-monitoring device and who
personally witnesses a traffic law violation may issue a ticket
for the violation. Such a ticket shall be issued in accordance
with section 2935.25 of the Revised Code and is not subject to
sections 4511.096 to 4511.0910 and section 4511.912 of the
Revised Code.

(3) If a traffic law photo-monitoring device records a
traffic law violation and the law enforcement officer who was
present at the location of the traffic law photo-monitoring
device does not issue a ticket as provided under division (B) (2)
161
of this section, the local authority may only issue a ticket in
accordance with sections 4511.096 to 4511.0912 of the Revised
Code.

| <u>(C) No township constable appointed under section 509.01</u> | 165 |
|--|-----|
| of the Revised Code, member of a police force of a township or | 166 |
| joint police district created under section 505.48 or 505.482 of | 167 |
| the Revised Code, or other representative of a township shall | 168 |

Page 6

140

141

| utilize a traffic law photo-monitoring device to detect and | 169 |
|---|-----|
| enforce traffic law violations on an interstate highway. | 170 |
| Section 2. That existing sections 1901.20, 1907.02, and | 171 |
| 4511.093 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. | 172 |