# As Referred by the House Rules and Reference Committee

133rd General Assembly

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S. B. No. 26

Senator Kunze

Cosponsors: Senators Maharath, Thomas, Roegner, Sykes, Williams, Fedor, Manning, Antonio, Coley, Craig, Eklund, Gavarone, Hackett, Hoagland, Hottinger, Huffman, S., Lehner, McColley, Obhof, Peterson, Rulli, Schaffer, Schuring, Terhar, Uecker, Wilson, Yuko Representatives Butler, Edwards

# A BILL

То	amend section 5747.01 of the Revised Code to	1
	authorize a state income tax deduction for	2
	teachers' out-of-pocket expenses for	3
	professional development and classroom supplies.	4

# BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 5747.01 of the Revised Code be	5
amended to read as follows:	6
Sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or	7
clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this	8
chapter that is not otherwise defined in this section has the	9
same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of	10
the United States relating to federal income taxes or if not	11
used in a comparable context in those laws, has the same meaning	12
as in section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. Any reference in this	13
chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the	14
United States relating to federal income taxes.	15

As used in this chapter:

(A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross
income" means federal adjusted gross income, as defined and used
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in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this
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section:

(1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities of any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any state, other than this state and its subdivisions and authorities.

(2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from federal income taxes but not from state income taxes.

(3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the
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United States and its territories and possessions or of any
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in
federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes
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under the laws of the United States.

(4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to theextent included in federal adjusted gross income.37

(5) Deduct benefits under Title II of the Social Security
Act and tier 1 railroad retirement benefits to the extent
included in federal adjusted gross income under section 86 of
the Internal Revenue Code.

(6) In the case of a taxpayer who is a beneficiary of a
trust that makes an accumulation distribution as defined in
section 665 of the Internal Revenue Code, add, for the
beneficiary's taxable years beginning before 2002, the portion,
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if any, of such distribution that does not exceed the 46 undistributed net income of the trust for the three taxable 47 years preceding the taxable year in which the distribution is 48 made to the extent that the portion was not included in the 49 trust's taxable income for any of the trust's taxable years 50 beginning in 2002 or thereafter. "Undistributed net income of a 51 trust" means the taxable income of the trust increased by (a) (i) 52 the additions to adjusted gross income required under division 53 (A) of this section and (ii) the personal exemptions allowed to 54 the trust pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue 55 Code, and decreased by (b) (i) the deductions to adjusted gross 56 income required under division (A) of this section, (ii) the 57 amount of federal income taxes attributable to such income, and 58 (iii) the amount of taxable income that has been included in the 59 adjusted gross income of a beneficiary by reason of a prior 60 accumulation distribution. Any undistributed net income included 61 in the adjusted gross income of a beneficiary shall reduce the 62 undistributed net income of the trust commencing with the 63 earliest years of the accumulation period. 64

(7) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been
allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross
income for the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit
allowed and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the
Internal Revenue Code not been in effect.

(8) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public
 obligations and purchase obligations to the extent that the
 interest or interest equivalent is included in federal adjusted
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 gross income.

(9) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the

sale, exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to
the extent that the loss has been deducted or the gain has been
included in computing federal adjusted gross income.

(10) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section
5747.70 of the Revised Code, related to contributions to
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variable college savings program accounts made or tuition units
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purchased pursuant to Chapter 3334. of the Revised Code.
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(11) (a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 83 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted 84 gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid 85 during the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified 86 long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 87 spouse, and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance 88 under division (A)(11) of this section shall be allowed either 89 to any taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any subsidized 90 health plan maintained by any employer of the taxpayer or of the 91 taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is entitled to, or on 92 application would be entitled to, benefits under part A of Title 93 XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 94 U.S.C. 301, as amended. For the purposes of division (A)(11)(a) 95 of this section, "subsidized health plan" means a health plan 96 for which the employer pays any portion of the plan's cost. The 97 deduction allowed under division (A)(11)(a) of this section 98 shall be the net of any related premium refunds, related premium 99 reimbursements, or related insurance premium dividends received 100 during the taxable year. 101

(b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income
during the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the
taxable year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise,
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for medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and 106 dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half 107 per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. 108

(c) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 109 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income, any 110 amount included in federal adjusted gross income under section 111 105 or not excluded under section 106 of the Internal Revenue 112 Code solely because it relates to an accident and health plan 113 for a person who otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and 114 thus a "dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue 115 Code but for the fact that the person fails to meet the income 116 and support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of 117 the Internal Revenue Code. 118

(d) For purposes of division (A)(11) of this section, 119 "medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the 120 Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules, 121 limitations, and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified 122 long-term care" has the same meaning given in section 7702B(c) 123 of the Internal Revenue Code. Solely for purposes of divisions 124 (A) (11) (a) and (c) of this section, "dependent" includes a 125 person who otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a 126 "dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but 127 for the fact that the person fails to meet the income and 128 129 support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the Internal Revenue Code. 130

(12) (a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted
gross income solely because the amount represents a
reimbursement or refund of expenses that in any year the
taxpayer had deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to
section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable United

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States department of the treasury regulations. The deduction136otherwise allowed under division (A)(12)(a) of this section137shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is attributable138to an amount the taxpayer deducted under this section in any139taxable year.140

(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income in any taxable year.

(13) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in 146 section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying 147 previously reported income received under a claim of right, that 148 meets both of the following requirements: 149

(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was
 included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a prior
 taxable year and did not qualify for a credit under division (A)
 or (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year;

(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the current or any other taxable year.

(14) Deduct an amount equal to the deposits made to, and 156 net investment earnings of, a medical savings account during the 157 taxable year, in accordance with section 3924.66 of the Revised 158 Code. The deduction allowed by division (A) (14) of this section 159 does not apply to medical savings account deposits and earnings 160 otherwise deducted or excluded for the current or any other 161 taxable year from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. 162

(15) (a) Add an amount equal to the funds withdrawn from amedical savings account during the taxable year, and the net164

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investment earnings on those funds, when the funds withdrawn 165 were used for any purpose other than to reimburse an account 166 holder for, or to pay, eligible medical expenses, in accordance 167 with section 3924.66 of the Revised Code; 168

(b) Add the amounts distributed from a medical savings account under division (A)(2) of section 3924.68 of the Revised Code during the taxable year.

(16) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section
5747.059 or 5747.65 of the Revised Code to the extent that such
amount satisfies either of the following:
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(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the 175
computation of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as 176
required to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under 177
the Internal Revenue Code; 178

(b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's 179
federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any 180
of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code. 181

(17) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an 182 individual development account program established by a county 183 department of job and family services pursuant to sections 184 329.11 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching 185 funds deposited by program participants. On request of the tax 186 commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that, 187 in the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the 188 amount deducted under division (A) (17) of this section. 189

(18) Beginning in taxable year 2001 but not for any
taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, if the taxpayer
is married and files a joint return and the combined federal
adjusted gross income of the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse
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for the taxable year does not exceed one hundred thousand 194 dollars, or if the taxpayer is single and has a federal adjusted 195 gross income for the taxable year not exceeding fifty thousand 196 dollars, deduct amounts paid during the taxable year for 197 qualified tuition and fees paid to an eligible institution for 198 the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or any dependent of the 199 taxpayer, who is a resident of this state and is enrolled in or 200 attending a program that culminates in a degree or diploma at an 201 eligible institution. The deduction may be claimed only to the 202 extent that qualified tuition and fees are not otherwise 203 deducted or excluded for any taxable year from federal or Ohio 204 adjusted gross income. The deduction may not be claimed for 205 educational expenses for which the taxpayer claims a credit 206 under section 5747.27 of the Revised Code. 207

(19) Add any reimbursement received during the taxable 208 year of any amount the taxpayer deducted under division (A) (18) 209 of this section in any previous taxable year to the extent the 210 amount is not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted gross income. 211

(20) (a) (i) Subject to divisions (A) (20) (a) (iii), (iv), and 212 (v) of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of 213 depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of 214 215 the Internal Revenue Code, including the taxpayer's proportionate or distributive share of the amount of 216 depreciation expense allowed by that subsection to a pass-217 through entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect 218 ownership interest. 219

(ii) Subject to divisions (A) (20) (a) (iii), (iv), and (v)
of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying
section 179 depreciation expense, including the taxpayer's
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of qualifying
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section 179 depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through 224 entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect ownership 225 interest. 226

(iii) Subject to division (A) (20) (a) (v) of this section, 227
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, if the 228
increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer is equal to or 229
greater than ten per cent of income taxes withheld by the 230
taxpayer during the taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable 231
year, "two-thirds" shall be substituted for "five-sixths" for 232
the purpose of divisions (A) (20) (a) (i) and (ii) of this section. 233

(iv) Subject to division (A) (20) (a) (v) of this section, 234 for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, a taxpayer is 235 not required to add an amount under division (A) (20) of this 236 section if the increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer 237 and by any pass-through entity in which the taxpayer has a 238 direct or indirect ownership interest is equal to or greater 239 than the sum of (I) the amount of qualifying section 179 240 depreciation expense and (II) the amount of depreciation expense 241 allowed to the taxpayer by subsection (k) of section 168 of the 242 Internal Revenue Code, and including the taxpayer's 243 proportionate or distributive shares of such amounts allowed to 244 245 any such pass-through entities.

(v) If a taxpayer directly or indirectly incurs a net 246 operating loss for the taxable year for federal income tax 247 purposes, to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation 248 expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal 249 Revenue Code and by qualifying section 179 depreciation expense, 250 "the entire" shall be substituted for "five-sixths of the" for 251 the purpose of divisions (A) (20) (a) (i) and (ii) of this section. 252

The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the

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commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through254entity if the taxpayer owns, directly or indirectly, less than255five per cent of the pass-through entity.256

(b) Nothing in division (A) (20) of this section shall beconstrued to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset.258

(c) To the extent the add-back required under division (A) 259 (20) (a) of this section is attributable to property generating 260 nonbusiness income or loss allocated under section 5747.20 of 261 the Revised Code, the add-back shall be sitused to the same 262 location as the nonbusiness income or loss generated by the 263 property for the purpose of determining the credit under 264 division (A) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Otherwise, 265 the add-back shall be apportioned, subject to one or more of the 266 four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in section 267 5747.21 of the Revised Code. 268

(d) For the purposes of division (A)(20)(a)(v) of this section, net operating loss carryback and carryforward shall not include the allowance of any net operating loss deduction carryback or carryforward to the taxable year to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation allowed by section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 179 depreciation expense amount.

(e) For the purposes of divisions (A)(20) and (21) of this 276 section: 277

(i) "Income taxes withheld" means the total amount
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withheld and remitted under sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the
Revised Code by an employer during the employer's taxable year.
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(ii) "Increase in income taxes withheld" means the amountby which the amount of income taxes withheld by an employer282

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during the employer's current taxable year exceeds the amount of283income taxes withheld by that employer during the employer's284immediately preceding taxable year.285

(iii) "Qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" means 286 the difference between (I) the amount of depreciation expense 287 directly or indirectly allowed to a taxpayer under section 179 288 of the Internal Revised Code, and (II) the amount of 289 depreciation expense directly or indirectly allowed to the 290 taxpayer under section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code as that 291 section existed on December 31, 2002. 292

(21)(a) If the taxpayer was required to add an amount under division (A)(20)(a) of this section for a taxable year, deduct one of the following:

 (i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds
of such depreciation expense;
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(iii) One-sixth of the amount so added for each of the six
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succeeding taxable years if the entire amount of such
depreciation expense was so added.
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(b) If the amount deducted under division (A) (21) (a) of
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this section is attributable to an add-back allocated under
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division (A) (20) (c) of this section, the amount deducted shall
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be sitused to the same location. Otherwise, the add-back shall
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be apportioned using the apportionment factors for the taxable
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year in which the deduction is taken, subject to one or more of 312 the four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in 313 section 5747.21 of the Revised Code. 314

(c) No deduction is available under division (A) (21) (a) of 315 this section with regard to any depreciation allowed by section 316 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying 317 section 179 depreciation expense amount to the extent that such 318 depreciation results in or increases a federal net operating 319 loss carryback or carryforward. If no such deduction is 320 available for a taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the 321 amount not deducted in such taxable year to the next taxable 322 year and add that amount to any deduction otherwise available 323 under division (A) (21) (a) of this section for that next taxable 324 year. The carryforward of amounts not so deducted shall continue 325 until the entire addition required by division (A) (20) (a) of 326 this section has been deducted. 327

(d) No refund shall be allowed as a result of adjustments made by division (A)(21) of this section.

(22) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
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excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the
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taxable year as reimbursement for life insurance premiums under
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section 5919.31 of the Revised Code.

(23) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
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excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
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the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the
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taxable year as a death benefit paid by the adjutant general
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under section 5919.33 of the Revised Code.

(24) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted

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gross income and not otherwise allowable as a deduction or 341 exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 342 the taxable year, military pay and allowances received by the 343 taxpayer during the taxable year for active duty service in the 344 United States army, air force, navy, marine corps, or coast 345 guard or reserve components thereof or the national guard. The 346 deduction may not be claimed for military pay and allowances 347 received by the taxpayer while the taxpayer is stationed in this 348 349 state.

(25) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 350 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted 351 gross income for the taxable year and not otherwise compensated 352 for by any other source, the amount of qualified organ donation 353 expenses incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year, not 354 to exceed ten thousand dollars. A taxpayer may deduct qualified 355 organ donation expenses only once for all taxable years 356 beginning with taxable years beginning in 2007. 357

For the purposes of division (A)(25) of this section:

(a) "Human organ" means all or any portion of a human liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, or lung, and any portion of human bone marrow.

(b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel
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expenses, lodging expenses, and wages and salary forgone by a
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taxpayer in connection with the taxpayer's donation, while
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living, of one or more of the taxpayer's human organs to another
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human being.

(26) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
accluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as retired

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personnel pay for service in the uniformed services or reserve 370 components thereof, or the national guard, or received by the 371 surviving spouse or former spouse of such a taxpayer under the 372 survivor benefit plan on account of such a taxpayer's death. If 373 the taxpayer receives income on account of retirement paid under 374 the federal civil service retirement system or federal employees 375 376 retirement system, or under any successor retirement program enacted by the congress of the United States that is established 377 and maintained for retired employees of the United States 378 government, and such retirement income is based, in whole or in 379 part, on credit for the taxpayer's uniformed service, the 380 deduction allowed under this division shall include only that 381 portion of such retirement income that is attributable to the 382 taxpayer's uniformed service, to the extent that portion of such 383 retirement income is otherwise included in federal adjusted 384 gross income and is not otherwise deducted under this section. 385 Any amount deducted under division (A) (26) of this section is 386 not included in a taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the 387 purposes of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code. No amount may 388 be deducted under division (A) (26) of this section on the basis 389 of which a credit was claimed under section 5747.055 of the 390 Revised Code. 391

(27) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
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excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
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the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the
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taxable year from the military injury relief fund created in
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section 5902.05 of the Revised Code.

(28) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
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income;

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veterans services as authorized by Section 2r of Article VIII,	401
Ohio Constitution.	402
(29) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	403
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	404
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the taxable year, any income derived from a transfer agreement	405
or from the enterprise transferred under that agreement under	406
section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.	407
(30) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	408
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	409
the taxable year, Ohio college opportunity or federal Pell grant	410
amounts received by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or	411
dependent pursuant to section 3333.122 of the Revised Code or 20	412
U.S.C. 1070a, et seq., and used to pay room or board furnished	413
by the educational institution for which the grant was awarded	414
at the institution's facilities, including meal plans	415
administered by the institution. For the purposes of this	416
division, receipt of a grant includes the distribution of a	417
grant directly to an educational institution and the crediting	418
of the grant to the enrollee's account with the institution.	419
(31)(a) For taxable years beginning in 2015, deduct from	420
the portion of an individual's adjusted gross income that is	421
business income, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	422
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	423
the taxable year, the lesser of the following amounts:	424
(i) Seventy-five per cent of the individual's business	425

(ii) Ninety-three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars for
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each spouse if spouses file separate returns under section
5747.08 of the Revised Code or one hundred eighty-seven thousand
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five hundred dollars for all other individuals.

(b) For taxable years beginning in 2016 or thereafter, 431 deduct from the portion of an individual's adjusted gross income 432 that is business income, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 433 excluded in computing federal adjusted gross income for the 434 taxable year, one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars for each 435 spouse if spouses file separate returns under section 5747.08 of 436 the Revised Code or two hundred fifty thousand dollars for all 437 other individuals. 438

(32) Deduct, as provided under section 5747.78 of the
Revised Code, contributions to ABLE savings accounts made in
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accordance with sections 113.50 to 113.56 of the Revised Code.
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(33) (a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income
during the taxable year, all of the following:
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(i) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described
(i) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described
(i) (14) (a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to
(i) the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in
(i) this state during a disaster response period pursuant to a
(i) the employee's employer;
(i) the employee's employer;

(ii) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described 450 in division (A) (14) (b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to 451 the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in 452 this state by the employee during the disaster response period 453 on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's 454 employer; 455

(iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business
for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster
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response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a
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pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the pass-through entity's income from the business conducting disaster work in this state during a disaster response period,

if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a462qualifying solicitation received by the business.463

(b) All terms used in division (A) (33) of this section
have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised
Code.
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467 (34) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator, deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in 468 computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable 469 year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of 470 expenses described in subsections (a) (2) (D) (i) and (ii) of 471 section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the 472 taxpayer during the taxpayer's taxable year in excess of the 473 amount the taxpayer is authorized to deduct for that taxable 474 year under subsection (a) (2) (D) of that section. 475

(B) "Business income" means income, including gain or 476 loss, arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the 477 regular course of a trade or business and includes income, gain, 478 or loss from real property, tangible property, and intangible 479 property if the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition 480 of the property constitute integral parts of the regular course 481 of a trade or business operation. "Business income" includes 482 income, including gain or loss, from a partial or complete 483 liquidation of a business, including, but not limited to, gain 484 or loss from the sale or other disposition of goodwill. 485

(C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than
business income and may include, but is not limited to,
compensation, rents and royalties from real or tangible personal
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property, capital gains, interest, dividends and distributions,	489
patent or copyright royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and	490
awards.	491
(D) "Compensation" means any form of remuneration paid to	492
an employee for personal services.	493
(E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor,	494
administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting	495
in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate.	496
(F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve	497
months ending on the last day of any month other than December.	498
(G) "Individual" means any natural person.	499
(H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue	500
Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended.	501
(I) "Resident" means any of the following, provided that	502
division (I)(3) of this section applies only to taxable years of	503
a trust beginning in 2002 or thereafter:	504
(1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subject	505
to section 5747.24 of the Revised Code;	506
(2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was	507
domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24	508
of the Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division	509
(I)(2) of this section.	510
(3) A trust that, in whole or part, resides in this state.	511
If only part of a trust resides in this state, the trust is a	512
resident only with respect to that part.	513
For the purposes of division (I)(3) of this section:	514
(a) A trust resides in this state for the trust's current	515

taxable year to the extent, as described in division (I)(3)(d) 516
of this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly, 517
in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities, 518
that were transferred, or caused to be transferred, directly or 519
indirectly, to the trust by any of the following: 520

(i) A person, a court, or a governmental entity or
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instrumentality on account of the death of a decedent, but only
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if the trust is described in division (I) (3) (e) (i) or (ii) of
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this section;

(ii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the 525 purposes of this chapter when the person directly or indirectly 526 transferred assets to an irrevocable trust, but only if at least 527 one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this 528 state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some 529 portion of the trust's current taxable year; 530

(iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the 531 purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument 532 or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable, 533 but only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries 534 is a resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this 535 chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current 536 taxable year. If a trust document or instrument became 537 irrevocable upon the death of a person who at the time of death 538 was domiciled in this state for purposes of this chapter, that 539 person is a person described in division (I)(3)(a)(iii) of this 540 section. 541

(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the
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transferor is not considered to be the owner of the net assets
of the trust under sections 671 to 678 of the Internal Revenue
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Code.

(c) With respect to a trust other than a charitable lead 546 trust, "qualifying beneficiary" has the same meaning as 547 "potential current beneficiary" as defined in section 1361(e)(2) 548 of the Internal Revenue Code, and with respect to a charitable 549 lead trust "qualifying beneficiary" is any current, future, or 550 contingent beneficiary, but with respect to any trust 551 "qualifying beneficiary" excludes a person or a governmental 552 entity or instrumentality to any of which a contribution would 553 qualify for the charitable deduction under section 170 of the 554 Internal Revenue Code. 555

556 (d) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a) of this section, the extent to which a trust consists directly or 557 indirectly, in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related 558 liabilities, that were transferred directly or indirectly, in 559 whole or part, to the trust by any of the sources enumerated in 560 that division shall be ascertained by multiplying the fair 561 market value of the trust's assets, net of related liabilities, 562 by the qualifying ratio, which shall be computed as follows: 563

(i) The first time the trust receives assets, the 564
numerator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of 565
those assets at that time, net of any related liabilities, from 566
sources enumerated in division (I) (3) (a) of this section. The 567
denominator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of 568
all the trust's assets at that time, net of any related 569
liabilities. 570

(ii) Each subsequent time the trust receives assets, a
revised qualifying ratio shall be computed. The numerator of the
revised qualifying ratio is the sum of (1) the fair market value
of the trust's assets immediately prior to the subsequent
transfer, net of any related liabilities, multiplied by the

Page 20

qualifying ratio last computed without regard to the subsequent576transfer, and (2) the fair market value of the subsequently577transferred assets at the time transferred, net of any related578liabilities, from sources enumerated in division (I) (3) (a) of579this section. The denominator of the revised qualifying ratio is580the fair market value of all the trust's assets immediately581after the subsequent transfer, net of any related liabilities.582

(iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of 583 the sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section 584 shall be ascertained without regard to the domicile of the 585 trust's beneficiaries. 586

(e) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a)(i) of this section:

(i) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) of this section if the trust is a testamentary trust and the testator of that testamentary trust was domiciled in this state at the time of the testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code.

(ii) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this section if the transfer is a qualifying transfer described in any of divisions (I)(3)(f)(i) to (vi) of this section, the trust is an irrevocable inter vivos trust, and at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this state for purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current taxable year.

(f) For the purposes of division (I) (3) (e) (ii) of this
section, a "qualifying transfer" is a transfer of assets, net of
any related liabilities, directly or indirectly to a trust, if
the transfer is described in any of the following:

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(i) The transfer is made to a trust, created by the
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decedent before the decedent's death and while the decedent was
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domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter, and,
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prior to the death of the decedent, the trust became irrevocable
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while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes
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of this chapter.

(ii) The transfer is made to a trust to which the
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decedent, prior to the decedent's death, had directly or
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indirectly transferred assets, net of any related liabilities,
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while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes
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of this chapter, and prior to the death of the decedent the
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trust became irrevocable while the decedent was domiciled in
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this state for the purposes of this chapter.
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(iii) The transfer is made on account of a contractual
relationship existing directly or indirectly between the
transferor and either the decedent or the estate of the decedent
at any time prior to the date of the decedent's death, and the
decedent was domiciled in this state at the time of death for
purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised
Code.

(iv) The transfer is made to a trust on account of a
contractual relationship existing directly or indirectly between
the transferor and another person who at the time of the
decedent's death was domiciled in this state for purposes of
this chapter.

(v) The transfer is made to a trust on account of the will
of a testator who was domiciled in this state at the time of the
testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter
5731. of the Revised Code.

(vi) The transfer is made to a trust created by or caused
to be created by a court, and the trust was directly or
indirectly created in connection with or as a result of the
death of an individual who, for purposes of the taxes levied
of the Revised Code, was domiciled in this
state at the time of the individual's death.

(g) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to ascertain the part of a trust residing in this state.

(J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is
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not a resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of
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a taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that
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taxable year.

(K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in646section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.647

(L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required
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to be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of
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reporting the tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax
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when so required.

(M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the
taxpayer's fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or
fractional part thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is
calculated pursuant to this chapter.

(N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed
by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through
entity that makes the election under division (D) of section
5747.08 of the Revised Code.

(O) "Dependents" means dependents as defined in the
Internal Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's federal
income tax return for the taxable year or which the taxpayer
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would have been permitted to claim had the taxpayer filed a	663
federal income tax return.	664
(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of	665
a nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer	666
performs services for an employer or, if those services are	667
performed in more than one county, the county in which the major	668
portion of the services are performed.	669
(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised	670
Code:	671
(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation,	672
park district, or township.	673
(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all	674
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to	675
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a	676
charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.	677
(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that	678
exceeds the figure determined to be the correct amount of the	679
tax.	680
(S) "Taxable income" or "Ohio taxable income" applies only	681
to estates and trusts, and means federal taxable income, as	682
defined and used in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as	683
follows:	684
(1) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	685
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	686
taxable income, on obligations or securities of any state or of	687
any political subdivision or authority of any state, other than	688
this state and its subdivisions and authorities, but only to the	689
extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio	690
taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or	691

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(b) of this section:

(a) The net amount is not attributable to the S portion of
an electing small business trust and has not been distributed to
beneficiaries for the taxable year;

(b) The net amount is attributable to the S portion of an696electing small business trust for the taxable year.697

(2) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary, 698 and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal 699 taxable income, on obligations of any authority, commission, 700 instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States 701 to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from 702 federal income taxes but not from state income taxes, but only 703 to the extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible 704 in Ohio taxable income and is described in either division (S) 705 (1) (a) or (b) of this section; 706

(3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(4) Deduct interest or dividends, net of related expenses 709 deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations of 710 the United States and its territories and possessions or of any 711 authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States 712 to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from 713 state taxes under the laws of the United States, but only to the 714 extent that such amount is included in federal taxable income 715 and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this 716 section; 717

(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been
allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for
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the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed under721sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not been in722effect, but only to the extent such amount relates either to723income included in federal taxable income for the taxable year724or to income of the S portion of an electing small business725trust for the taxable year;726

(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income, on public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the extent that such net amount relates either to income included in federal taxable income for the taxable year or to income of the S portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable year;

(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale, exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the extent that such loss has been deducted or such gain has been included in computing either federal taxable income or income of the S portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable year;

(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate,
add any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate
tax return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and
on its federal income tax return in determining federal taxable
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income;

(9) (a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable
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income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or
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refund of expenses that in a previous year the decedent had
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deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the
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Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury regulations. The
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deduction otherwise allowed under division (S) (9) (a) of this
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section shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is 751 attributable to an amount the taxpayer or decedent deducted 752 under this section in any taxable year. 753

(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable
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income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is
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attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any
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amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable
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income in any taxable year, but only to the extent such amount
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has not been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year.

(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in 760 section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying 761 previously reported income received under a claim of right, that 762 meets both of the following requirements: 763

(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was
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included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's
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adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not
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qualify for a credit under division (A) or (B) of section
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5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year.

(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable
income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current
or any other taxable year.
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(11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section
5747.059 or 5747.65 of the Revised Code to the extent that the
amount satisfies either of the following:
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(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the 775
computation of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required 776
to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the 777
Internal Revenue Code; 778

(b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's 779

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federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the 780 taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code. 781 (12) Deduct any amount, net of related expenses deducted 782 in computing federal taxable income, that a trust is required to 783 report as farm income on its federal income tax return, but only 784 if the assets of the trust include at least ten acres of land 785 satisfying the definition of "land devoted exclusively to 786 agricultural use" under section 5713.30 of the Revised Code, 787 regardless of whether the land is valued for tax purposes as 788 such land under sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised Code. 789 If the trust is a pass-through entity investor, section 5747.231 790 of the Revised Code applies in ascertaining if the trust is 791 eligible to claim the deduction provided by division (S) (12) of 792 this section in connection with the pass-through entity's farm 793 income. 794

Except for farm income attributable to the S portion of an electing small business trust, the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of this section is allowed only to the extent that the trust has not distributed such farm income. Division (S)(12) of this section applies only to taxable years of a trust beginning in 2002 or thereafter.

(13) Add the net amount of income described in section
641(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that amount is
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not included in federal taxable income.
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(14) Add or deduct the amount the taxpayer would be 804 required to add or deduct under division (A)(20) or (21) of this 805 section if the taxpayer's Ohio taxable income were computed in 806 the same manner as an individual's Ohio adjusted gross income is 807 computed under this section. In the case of a trust, division 808 (S)(14) of this section applies only to any of the trust's 809

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taxable years beginning in 2002 or thereafter.	810
(T) "School district income" and "school district income	811
tax" have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised	812
Code.	813
(U) As used in divisions (A)(8), (A)(9), (S)(6), and (S)	814
<ul><li>(0) As used in divisions (A) (0), (A) (3), (b) (0), and (b)</li><li>(7) of this section, "public obligations," "purchase</li></ul>	815
obligations," and "interest or interest equivalent" have the	816
same meanings as in section 5709.76 of the Revised Code.	817
bane meanings as in section systers of the newisea code.	017
(V) "Limited liability company" means any limited	818
liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised Code	819
or under the laws of any other state.	820
(W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who,	821
during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity,	822
is a partner, member, shareholder, or equity investor in that	823
pass-through entity.	824
(X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section	825
1304.01 of the Revised Code.	826
(Y) "Month" means a calendar month.	827
(Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second	828
three months, the third three months, or the last three months	829
of the taxpayer's taxable year.	830
(AA)(1) "Eligible institution" means a state university or	831
state institution of higher education as defined in section	832
3345.011 of the Revised Code, or a private, nonprofit college,	833
university, or other post-secondary institution located in this	834
state that possesses a certificate of authorization issued by	835
the chancellor of higher education pursuant to Chapter 1713. of	836
the Revised Code or a certificate of registration issued by the	837

state board of career colleges and schools under Chapter 3332.	838
of the Revised Code.	839
(2) "Qualified tuition and fees" means tuition and fees	840
imposed by an eligible institution as a condition of enrollment	841
or attendance, not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars	842
in each of the individual's first two years of post-secondary	843
education. If the individual is a part-time student, "qualified	844
tuition and fees" includes tuition and fees paid for the	845
academic equivalent of the first two years of post-secondary	846
education during a maximum of five taxable years, not exceeding	847
a total of five thousand dollars. "Qualified tuition and fees"	848
does not include:	849
(a) Expenses for any course or activity involving sports,	850
games, or hobbies unless the course or activity is part of the	851
individual's degree or diploma program;	852
(b) The cost of books, room and board, student activity	853
fees, athletic fees, insurance expenses, or other expenses	854
unrelated to the individual's academic course of instruction;	855
(c) Tuition, fees, or other expenses paid or reimbursed	856
through an employer, scholarship, grant in aid, or other	857
educational benefit program.	858
(BB)(1) "Modified business income" means the business	859
income included in a trust's Ohio taxable income after such	860
taxable income is first reduced by the qualifying trust amount,	861
if any.	862
(2) "Ouglifying truct amount" of a truct means conital	060

(2) "Qualifying trust amount" of a trust means capital
gains and losses from the sale, exchange, or other disposition
of equity or ownership interests in, or debt obligations of, a
gualifying investee to the extent included in the trust's Ohio

taxable income, but only if the following requirements are	867
satisfied:	868
(a) The book value of the qualifying investee's physical	869
assets in this state and everywhere, as of the last day of the	870
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately	871
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or	872
loss, is available to the trust.	873
(b) The requirements of section 5747.011 of the Revised	874
Code are satisfied for the trust's taxable year in which the	875
trust recognizes the gain or loss.	876
Any gain or loss that is not a qualifying trust amount is	877
modified business income, qualifying investment income, or	878
modified nonbusiness income, as the case may be.	879
(3) "Modified nonbusiness income" means a trust's Ohio	880
taxable income other than modified business income, other than	881
the qualifying trust amount, and other than qualifying	882
investment income, as defined in section 5747.012 of the Revised	883
Code, to the extent such qualifying investment income is not	884
otherwise part of modified business income.	885
(4) "Modified Ohio taxable income" applies only to trusts,	886
and means the sum of the amounts described in divisions (BB)(4)	887
(a) to (c) of this section:	888
(a) The fraction, calculated under section 5747.013, and	889
applying section 5747.231 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the	890
sum of the following amounts:	891
(i) The trust's modified business income;	892
(ii) The trust's qualifying investment income, as defined	893

in section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent 894

the qualifying investment income does not otherwise constitute 895 modified business income and does not otherwise constitute a 896 qualifying trust amount. 897

(b) The qualifying trust amount multiplied by a fraction, 898 the numerator of which is the sum of the book value of the 899 qualifying investee's physical assets in this state on the last 900 day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending 901 immediately prior to the day on which the trust recognizes the 902 qualifying trust amount, and the denominator of which is the sum 903 of the book value of the qualifying investee's total physical 904 assets everywhere on the last day of the qualifying investee's 905 fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the day on 906 which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. If, for 907 a taxable year, the trust recognizes a qualifying trust amount 908 with respect to more than one qualifying investee, the amount 909 described in division (BB) (4) (b) of this section shall equal the 910 sum of the products so computed for each such qualifying 911 investee. 912

(c) (i) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that
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is a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I) (3)
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(d) of this section, its modified nonbusiness income.
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(ii) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is 916 not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3) 917 (d) of this section, the amount of its modified nonbusiness 918 income satisfying the descriptions in divisions (B)(2) to (5) of 919 section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise 920 provided in division (BB) (4) (c) (ii) of this section. With 921 respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is not a resident 922 as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this 923 section, the trust's portion of modified nonbusiness income 924

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recognized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a 925 debt interest in or equity interest in a section 5747.212 926 entity, as defined in section 5747.212 of the Revised Code, 927 without regard to division (A) of that section, shall not be 928 allocated to this state in accordance with section 5747.20 of 929 the Revised Code but shall be apportioned to this state in 930 accordance with division (B) of section 5747.212 of the Revised 931 Code without regard to division (A) of that section. 932

If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income 933 under divisions (BB)(4)(a) and (c) of this section do not fairly 934 represent the modified Ohio taxable income of the trust in this 935 state, the alternative methods described in division (C) of 936 section 5747.21 of the Revised Code may be applied in the manner 937 and to the same extent provided in that section. 938

(5) (a) Except as set forth in division (BB) (5) (b) of this 939 section, "qualifying investee" means a person in which a trust 940 has an equity or ownership interest, or a person or unit of 941 government the debt obligations of either of which are owned by 942 a trust. For the purposes of division (BB) (2) (a) of this section 943 and for the purpose of computing the fraction described in 944 division (BB) (4) (b) of this section, all of the following apply: 945

(i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying
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controlled group on the last day of the qualifying investee's
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fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on
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which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, then "qualifying
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investee" includes all persons in the qualifying controlled
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group on such last day.

(ii) If the qualifying investee, or if the qualifying
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investee and any members of the qualifying controlled group of
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which the qualifying investee is a member on the last day of the
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qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately 955 prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or 956 loss, separately or cumulatively own, directly or indirectly, on 957 the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar 958 year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust 959 recognizes the qualifying trust amount, more than fifty per cent 960 of the equity of a pass-through entity, then the qualifying 961 investee and the other members are deemed to own the 962 proportionate share of the pass-through entity's physical assets 963 which the pass-through entity directly or indirectly owns on the 964 last day of the pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year 965 ending within or with the last day of the qualifying investee's 966

(iii) For the purposes of division (BB) (5) (a) (iii) of this 969 section, "upper level pass-through entity" means a pass-through 970 entity directly or indirectly owning any equity of another passthrough entity, and "lower level pass-through entity" means that 972 other pass-through entity. 973

fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on

which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount.

An upper level pass-through entity, whether or not it is 974 also a qualifying investee, is deemed to own, on the last day of 975 the upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year, 976 the proportionate share of the lower level pass-through entity's 977 physical assets that the lower level pass-through entity 978 directly or indirectly owns on the last day of the lower level 979 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or 980 with the last day of the upper level pass-through entity's 981 fiscal or calendar year. If the upper level pass-through entity 982 directly and indirectly owns less than fifty per cent of the 983 equity of the lower level pass-through entity on each day of the 984 upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in 985

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which or with which ends the calendar or fiscal year of the 986 lower level pass-through entity and if, based upon clear and 987 convincing evidence, complete information about the location and 988 cost of the physical assets of the lower pass-through entity is 989 not available to the upper level pass-through entity, then 990 solely for purposes of ascertaining if a gain or loss 991 constitutes a qualifying trust amount, the upper level pass-992 through entity shall be deemed as owning no equity of the lower 993 level pass-through entity for each day during the upper level 994 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in which or with 995

which ends the lower level pass-through entity's calendar or 996
fiscal year. Nothing in division (BB)(5)(a)(iii) of this section 997
shall be construed to provide for any deduction or exclusion in 998
computing any trust's Ohio taxable income. 999

(b) With respect to a trust that is not a resident for the 1000 taxable year and with respect to a part of a trust that is not a 1001 resident for the taxable year, "qualifying investee" for that 1002 taxable year does not include a C corporation if both of the 1003 following apply: 1004

(i) During the taxable year the trust or part of the trust
recognizes a gain or loss from the sale, exchange, or other
disposition of equity or ownership interests in, or debt
obligations of, the C corporation.

(ii) Such gain or loss constitutes nonbusiness income. 1009

(6) "Available" means information is such that a person is
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able to learn of the information by the due date plus
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extensions, if any, for filing the return for the taxable year
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in which the trust recognizes the gain or loss.

(CC) "Qualifying controlled group" has the same meaning as 1014

S. B. No. 26 As Referred by the House Rules and Reference Committee	Page 36
in section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	1015
(DD) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section	1016
5733.042 of the Revised Code.	1017
(EE)(1) For the purposes of division (EE) of this section:	1018
(a) "Qualifying person" means any person other than a	1019
qualifying corporation.	1020
(b) "Qualifying corporation" means any person classified	1021
for federal income tax purposes as an association taxable as a	1022
corporation, except either of the following:	1023
(i) A corporation that has made an election under	1024
subchapter S, chapter one, subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue	1025
Code for its taxable year ending within, or on the last day of,	1026
the investor's taxable year;	1027
(ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation	1028
that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one,	1029
subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year	1030
ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's taxable	1031
year.	1032
(2) For the purposes of this chapter, unless expressly	1033
stated otherwise, no qualifying person indirectly owns any asset	1034
directly or indirectly owned by any qualifying corporation.	1035
(FF) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 5751. of the	1036
Revised Code:	1037
(1) "Trust" does not include a qualified pre-income tax	1038
trust.	1039
(2) A "qualified pre-income tax trust" is any pre-income	1040
tax trust that makes a qualifying pre-income tax trust election	1041

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as described in division (FF)(3) of this section.

(3) A "qualifying pre-income tax trust election" is an 1043 election by a pre-income tax trust to subject to the tax imposed 1044 by section 5751.02 of the Revised Code the pre-income tax trust 1045 and all pass-through entities of which the trust owns or 1046 controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through 1047 related interests, five per cent or more of the ownership or 1048 equity interests. The trustee shall notify the tax commissioner 1049 in writing of the election on or before April 15, 2006. The 1050 election, if timely made, shall be effective on and after 1051 January 1, 2006, and shall apply for all tax periods and tax 1052 years until revoked by the trustee of the trust. 1053

(4) A "pre-income tax trust" is a trust that satisfies all1054of the following requirements:1055

(a) The document or instrument creating the trust wasexecuted by the grantor before January 1, 1972;1057

(b) The trust became irrevocable upon the creation of the 1058 trust; and 1059

(c) The grantor was domiciled in this state at the time1060the trust was created.

(GG) "Uniformed services" has the same meaning as in 10 1062 U.S.C. 101.

(HH) "Taxable business income" means the amount by which 1064 an individual's business income that is included in federal 1065 adjusted gross income exceeds the amount of business income the 1066 individual is authorized to deduct under division (A) (31) of 1067 this section for the taxable year. 1068

(II) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect 1069

to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an 1070 employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume 1071 that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction 1072 determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of 1073 control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that 1074 is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of 1075 protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For 1076 purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have 1077 the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1. 1078 (JJ) "Qualifying Ohio educator" means an individual who, 1079 for a taxable year, qualifies as an eligible educator, as that 1080

term is defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, and1081who holds a certificate, license, or permit described in Chapter10823319. or section 3301.071 of the Revised Code.1083

Section 2. That existing section 5747.01 of the Revised Code is hereby repealed.

Section 3. The amendment by this act of section 5747.01 of1086the Revised Code applies to taxable years beginning on or after1087January 1, 2020.1088

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