#### As Introduced

# 134th General Assembly Regular Session 2021-2022

H. B. No. 128

## Representatives Hoops, Stein

## A BILL

Го	amend sections 4928.143, 4928.64, and 4928.645;	1
	to enact section 4906.105; and to repeal	2
	sections 3706.40, 3706.41, 3706.43, 3706.431,	3
	3706.45, 3706.46, 3706.49, 3706.53, 3706.55,	4
	3706.59, 3706.61, 3706.63, 3706.65, 4928.471,	5
	4928.642, and 5727.231 of the Revised Code to	6
	make changes regarding electric utility service	7
	law, to repeal certain provisions of H.B. 6 of	8
	the 133rd General Assembly, and to provide	9
	refunds to retail electric customers in the	10
	state.	11

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

<b>Section 1</b> . That sections 4928.143, 4928.64, and 4928.645	12
be amended and section 4906.105 of the Revised Code be enacted	13
to read as follows:	14
Sec. 4906.105. The power siting board shall submit a	15
report to the general assembly, not later than December 1, 2021,	16
on whether the current requirements for the planning of the	17
power transmission system and associated facilities investment	18
in this state are cost effective and in the interest of	19

consumers. The board shall hold at least one public meeting	20
before completing the report. The board shall complete the	21
report in consultation with JobsOhio and may consult with or	22
request the assistance of PJM interconnection regional	23
transmission organization, L.L.C., the independent market	24
monitor for PJM interconnection regional transmission	25
organization, L.L.C. and other interested stakeholders, such as	26
transmission owners. The report may include any recommendations	27
for legislative changes to ensure transmission planning is cost	28
effective and in the interest of consumers, including	29
recommendations regarding any of the following:	30
(A) Whether the definition of a major utility facility	31
should include an electric transmission line of a design	32
capacity at or above sixty-nine kilovolts and associated	33
facilities the costs of which are recovered as a transmission	34
asset by the transmission owners;	35
(B) Whether the criteria for an accelerated certificate	36
application should be modified;	37
(C) Whether the certification process is sufficiently	38
transparent;	39
(D) Whether the board should require the following for, or	40
determine if the following apply to, a transmission project	41
certification application:	42
(1) That alternative transmission projects were	43
considered;	44
(2) That the project was competitively bid or compared to	45
the results of a competitive bid;	46
(3) That the project has been considered in the context of	47
the utility's larger transmission plan;	48

(4) That the project has been considered in the context of	49
the regional transmission planning process of PJM	50
interconnection regional transmission organization, L.L.C.;	51
(5) That the project could not have been deferred or	52
redesigned to achieve the same operational result at a lower	53
<pre>overall cost;</pre>	54
(6) That the project has provided historical information	55
for an existing transmission project or information for a	56
planned or proposed project.	57
Sec. 4928.143. (A) For the purpose of complying with	58
section 4928.141 of the Revised Code, an electric distribution	59
utility may file an application for public utilities commission	60
approval of an electric security plan as prescribed under	61
division (B) of this section. The utility may file that	62
application prior to the effective date of any rules the	63
commission may adopt for the purpose of this section, and, as	64
the commission determines necessary, the utility immediately	65
shall conform its filing to those rules upon their taking	66
effect.	67
(B) Notwithstanding any other provision of Title XLIX of	68
the Revised Code to the contrary except division (D) of this	69
section, divisions (I), (J), and (K) of section $4928.20$ ,	70
division (E) of section 4928.64, and section 4928.69 of the	71
Revised Code:	72
(1) An electric security plan shall include provisions	73
relating to the supply and pricing of electric generation	74
service. In addition, if the proposed electric security plan has	75
a term longer than three years, it may include provisions in the	76
plan to permit the commission to test the plan pursuant to	77

division (E) of this section and any transitional conditions	78
that should be adopted by the commission if the commission	79
terminates the plan as authorized under that division.	80
(2) The plan may provide for or include, without	81
limitation, any of the following:	82
(a) Automatic recovery of any of the following costs of	83
the electric distribution utility, provided the cost is	84
prudently incurred: the cost of fuel used to generate the	85
electricity supplied under the offer; the cost of purchased	86
power supplied under the offer, including the cost of energy and	87
capacity, and including purchased power acquired from an	88
affiliate; the cost of emission allowances; and the cost of	89
federally mandated carbon or energy taxes;	90
(b) A reasonable allowance for construction work in	91
progress for any of the electric distribution utility's cost of	92
constructing an electric generating facility or for an	93
environmental expenditure for any electric generating facility	94
of the electric distribution utility, provided the cost is	95
incurred or the expenditure occurs on or after January 1, 2009.	96
Any such allowance shall be subject to the construction work in	97
progress allowance limitations of division (A) of section	98
4909.15 of the Revised Code, except that the commission may	99
authorize such an allowance upon the incurrence of the cost or	100
occurrence of the expenditure. No such allowance for generating	101
facility construction shall be authorized, however, unless the	102
commission first determines in the proceeding that there is need	103
for the facility based on resource planning projections	104
submitted by the electric distribution utility. Further, no such	105
allowance shall be authorized unless the facility's construction	106

was sourced through a competitive bid process, regarding which

process the commission may adopt rules. An allowance approved	108
under division (B)(2)(b) of this section shall be established as	109
a nonbypassable surcharge for the life of the facility.	110

- (c) The establishment of a nonbypassable surcharge for the 111 life of an electric generating facility that is owned or 112 operated by the electric distribution utility, was sourced 113 through a competitive bid process subject to any such rules as 114 the commission adopts under division (B)(2)(b) of this section, 115 and is newly used and useful on or after January 1, 2009, which 116 surcharge shall cover all costs of the utility specified in the 117 application, excluding costs recovered through a surcharge under 118 division (B)(2)(b) of this section. However, no surcharge shall 119 be authorized unless the commission first determines in the 120 proceeding that there is need for the facility based on resource 121 planning projections submitted by the electric distribution 122 utility. Additionally, if a surcharge is authorized for a 123 facility pursuant to plan approval under division (C) of this 124 section and as a condition of the continuation of the surcharge, 125 the electric distribution utility shall dedicate to Ohio 126 consumers the capacity and energy and the rate associated with 127 the cost of that facility. Before the commission authorizes any 128 surcharge pursuant to this division, it may consider, as 129 applicable, the effects of any decommissioning, deratings, and 130 retirements. 131
- (d) Terms, conditions, or charges relating to limitations

  on customer shopping for retail electric generation service,

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  bypassability, standby, back-up, or supplemental power service,

  default service, carrying costs, amortization periods, and

  accounting or deferrals, including future recovery of such

  deferrals, as would have the effect of stabilizing or providing

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  certainty regarding retail electric service;

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(e) Automatic increases or decreases in any component of	139
the standard service offer price;	140
(f) Consistent with sections 4928.23 to 4928.2318 of the	141
Revised Code, both of the following:	142
(i) Provisions for the electric distribution utility to	143
securitize any phase-in, inclusive of carrying charges, of the	144
utility's standard service offer price, which phase-in is	145
authorized in accordance with section 4928.144 of the Revised	146
Code;	147
(ii) Provisions for the recovery of the utility's cost of	148
securitization.	149
(g) Provisions relating to transmission, ancillary,	150
congestion, or any related service required for the standard	151
service offer, including provisions for the recovery of any cost	152
of such service that the electric distribution utility incurs on	153
or after that date pursuant to the standard service offer;	154
(h) Provisions regarding the utility's distribution	155
service, including, without limitation and notwithstanding any	156
provision of Title XLIX of the Revised Code to the contrary,	157
provisions regarding single issue ratemaking, a revenue	158
decoupling mechanism or any other incentive ratemaking, and	159
provisions regarding distribution infrastructure and	160
modernization incentives for the electric distribution utility.	161
The latter may include a long-term energy delivery	162
infrastructure modernization plan for that utility or any plan	163
providing for the utility's recovery of costs, including lost	164
revenue, shared savings, and avoided costs, and a just and	165
reasonable rate of return on such infrastructure modernization.	166
As part of its determination as to whether to allow in an	167

electric distribution utility's electric security plan inclusion	168
of any provision described in division (B)(2)(h) of this	169
section, the commission shall examine the reliability of the	170
electric distribution utility's distribution system and ensure	171
that customers' and the electric distribution utility's	172
expectations are aligned and that the electric distribution	173
utility is placing sufficient emphasis on and dedicating	174
sufficient resources to the reliability of its distribution	175
system.	176

- (i) Provisions under which the electric distribution 177
  utility may implement economic development, job retention, and 178
  energy efficiency programs, which provisions may allocate 179
  program costs across all classes of customers of the utility and 180
  those of electric distribution utilities in the same holding 181
  company system.
- (C)(1) The burden of proof in the proceeding shall be on 183 the electric distribution utility. The commission shall issue an 184 order under this division for an initial application under this 185 section not later than one hundred fifty days after the 186 application's filing date and, for any subsequent application by 187 the utility under this section, not later than two hundred 188 seventy-five days after the application's filing date. Subject 189 to division (D) of this section, the commission by order shall 190 approve or modify and approve an application filed under 191 division (A) of this section if it finds that the electric 192 security plan so approved, including its pricing and all other 193 terms and conditions, including any deferrals and any future 194 recovery of deferrals, is more favorable in the aggregate as 195 compared to the expected results that would otherwise apply 196 under section 4928.142 of the Revised Code. Additionally, if the 197 commission so approves an application that contains a surcharge 198

under division (B)(2)(b) or (c) of this section, the commission	199
shall ensure that the benefits derived for any purpose for which	200
the surcharge is established are reserved and made available to	201
those that bear the surcharge. Otherwise, the commission by	202
order shall disapprove the application.	203
(2)(a) If the commission modifies and approves an	204
application under division (C)(1) of this section, the electric	205
distribution utility may withdraw the application, thereby	206
terminating it, and may file a new standard service offer under	207
this section or a standard service offer under section 4928.142	208
of the Revised Code.	209
(b) If the utility terminates an application pursuant to	210
division (C)(2)(a) of this section or if the commission	211
disapproves an application under division (C)(1) of this	212
section, the commission shall issue such order as is necessary	213
to continue the provisions, terms, and conditions of the	214
utility's most recent standard service offer, along with any	215
expected increases or decreases in fuel costs from those	216
contained in that offer, until a subsequent offer is authorized	217
pursuant to this section or section 4928.142 of the Revised	218
Code, respectively.	219
(D) Regarding the rate plan requirement of division (A) of	220
section 4928.141 of the Revised Code, if an electric	221
distribution utility that has a rate plan that extends beyond	222
December 31, 2008, files an application under this section for	223
the purpose of its compliance with division (A) of section	224
4928.141 of the Revised Code, that rate plan and its terms and	225
conditions are hereby incorporated into its proposed electric	226
security plan and shall continue in effect until the date	227
scheduled under the rate plan for its expiration, and that	228

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portion of the electric security plan shall not be subject to	229
commission approval or disapproval under division (C) of this	230
section, and the earnings test provided for in division (F) of	231
this section shall not apply until after the expiration of the	232
rate plan. However, that utility may include in its electric	233
security plan under this section, and the commission may	234
approve, modify and approve, or disapprove subject to division	235
(C) of this section, provisions for the incremental recovery or	236
the deferral of any costs that are not being recovered under the	237
rate plan and that the utility incurs during that continuation	238
period to comply with section 4928.141, division (B) of section	239
4928.64, or division (A) of section 4928.66 of the Revised Code.	240

(E) If an electric security plan approved under division 241 (C) of this section, except one withdrawn by the utility as 242 authorized under that division, has a term, exclusive of phase-243 ins or deferrals, that exceeds three years from the effective 244 date of the plan, the commission shall test the plan in the 245 fourth year, and if applicable, every fourth year thereafter, to 246 determine whether the plan, including its then-existing pricing 247 and all other terms and conditions, including any deferrals and 248 any future recovery of deferrals, continues to be more favorable 249 in the aggregate and during the remaining term of the plan as 250 compared to the expected results that would otherwise apply 251 under section 4928.142 of the Revised Code. The commission shall 252 also determine the prospective effect of the electric security 253 plan to determine if that effect is substantially likely to 254 provide the electric distribution utility with a return on 255 common equity that is significantly in excess of the return on 256 common equity that is likely to be earned by publicly traded 2.57 companies, including utilities, that face comparable business 258 and financial risk, with such adjustments for capital structure 259

as may be appropriate. The burden of proof for demonstrating	260
that significantly excessive earnings will not occur shall be on	261
the electric distribution utility. For affiliated Ohio electric	262
distribution utilities that operate under a joint electric	263
security plan, their total earned return on common equity shall	264
be used for purposes of assessing significantly excessive	265
earnings. If the test results are in the negative or the	266
commission finds that continuation of the electric security plan	267
will result in a return on equity that is significantly in	268
excess of the return on common equity that is likely to be	269
earned by publicly traded companies, including utilities, that	270
will face comparable business and financial risk, with such	271
adjustments for capital structure as may be appropriate, during	272
the balance of the plan, the commission may terminate the	273
electric security plan, but not until it shall have provided	274
interested parties with notice and an opportunity to be heard.	275
The commission may impose such conditions on the plan's	276
termination as it considers reasonable and necessary to	277
accommodate the transition from an approved plan to the more	278
advantageous alternative. In the event of an electric security	279
plan's termination pursuant to this division, the commission	280
shall permit the continued deferral and phase-in of any amounts	281
that occurred prior to that termination and the recovery of	282
those amounts as contemplated under that electric security plan.	283
(F) With regard to the provisions that are included in an	284
electric security plan under this section, the commission shall	285
consider, following the end of each annual period of the plan,	286
if any such adjustments resulted in excessive earnings as	287
measured by whether the earned return on common equity of the	288
electric distribution utility is significantly in excess of the	289

return on common equity that was earned during the same period

by publicly traded companies, including utilities, that face	291
comparable business and financial risk, with such adjustments	292
for capital structure as may be appropriate. <del>In making its</del>	293
determination of significantly excessive earnings under this	294
division, the commission shall, for affiliated Ohio electric-	295
distribution utilities that operate under a joint electric	296
security plan, use the total of the utilities' earned return on	297
common equity. Consideration also shall be given to the capital	298
requirements of future committed investments in this state. The	299
burden of proof for demonstrating that significantly excessive	300
earnings did not occur shall be on the electric distribution	301
utility. If the commission finds that such adjustments, in the	302
aggregate, did result in significantly excessive earnings, it	303
shall require the electric distribution utility to return to	304
consumers the amount of the excess by prospective adjustments;	305
provided that, upon making such prospective adjustments, the	306
electric distribution utility shall have the right to terminate	307
the plan and immediately file an application pursuant to section	308
4928.142 of the Revised Code. Upon termination of a plan under	309
this division, rates shall be set on the same basis as specified	310
in division (C)(2)(b) of this section, and the commission shall	311
permit the continued deferral and phase-in of any amounts that	312
occurred prior to that termination and the recovery of those	313
amounts as contemplated under that electric security plan. In	314
making its determination of significantly excessive earnings	315
under this division, the commission shall not consider, directly	316
or indirectly, the revenue, expenses, or earnings of any	317
affiliate that is not an Ohio electric distribution utility or	318
parent company.	319

Sec. 4928.64. (A) (1) As used in this section, "qualifying 320 renewable energy resource" means a renewable energy resource, as 321

defined in section 4928.01 of the Revised Code that:	322
(a) Has a placed-in-service date on or after January 1,	323
1998;	324
(b) Is any run-of-the-river hydroelectric facility that	325
has an in-service date on or after January 1, 1980;	326
(c) Is a small hydroelectric facility;	327
(d) Is created on or after January 1, 1998, by the	328
modification or retrofit of any facility placed in service prior	329
to January 1, 1998; or	330
(e) Is a mercantile customer-sited renewable energy	331
resource, whether new or existing, that the mercantile customer	332
commits for integration into the electric distribution utility's	333
demand-response, energy efficiency, or peak demand reduction	334
programs as provided under division (A)(2)(c) of section 4928.66	335
of the Revised Code, including, but not limited to, any of the	336
following:	337
(i) A resource that has the effect of improving the	338
relationship between real and reactive power;	339
(ii) A resource that makes efficient use of waste heat or	340
other thermal capabilities owned or controlled by a mercantile	341
customer;	342
(iii) Storage technology that allows a mercantile customer	343
more flexibility to modify its demand or load and usage	344
characteristics;	345
(iv) Electric generation equipment owned or controlled by	346
a mercantile customer that uses a renewable energy resource.	347
(2) For the purpose of this section and as it considers	348

appropriate, the public utilities commission may classify any	349
new technology as such a qualifying renewable energy resource.	350
(B)(1) By the end of 2026, an electric distribution	351
utility shall have provided from qualifying renewable energy	352
resources, including, at its discretion, qualifying renewable	353
energy resources obtained pursuant to an electricity supply	354
contract, a portion of the electricity supply required for its	355
standard service offer under section 4928.141 of the Revised	356
Code, and an electric services company shall have provided a	357
portion of its electricity supply for retail consumers in this	358
state from qualifying renewable energy resources, including, at	359
its discretion, qualifying renewable energy resources obtained	360
pursuant to an electricity supply contract. That portion shall	361
equal eight and one-half per cent of the total number of	362
kilowatt hours of electricity sold by the subject utility or	363
company to any and all retail electric consumers whose electric	364
load centers are served by that utility and are located within	365
the utility's certified territory or, in the case of an electric	366
services company, are served by the company and are located	367
within this state. However, nothing in this section precludes a	368
utility or company from providing a greater percentage.	369
(2) Subject to section 4928.642 of the Revised Code, the	370
The portion required under division (B)(1) of this section shall	371
be generated from renewable energy resources in accordance with	372
the following benchmarks:	373

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В	2009	0.25%	0.004%
С	2010	0.50%	0.010%
D	2011	1%	0.030%
E	2012	1.5%	0.060%
F	2013	2%	0.090%
G	2014	2.5%	0.12%
Н	2015	2.5%	0.12%
I	2016	2.5%	0.12%
J	2017	3.5%	0.15%
K	2018	4.5%	0.18%
L	2019	5.5%	0.22%
М	2020	5.5%	0%
N	2021	6%	0%
0	2022	6.5%	0%
P	2023	7%	0%
Q	2024	7.5%	0%
R	2025	8%	0%
S	2026	8.5%	0%

(3) The qualifying renewable energy resources implemented	375
by the utility or company shall be met either:	376
(a) Through facilities located in this state; or	377
(b) With resources that can be shown to be deliverable	378
into this state.	379
(C)(1) The commission annually shall review an electric	380
distribution utility's or electric services company's compliance	381
with the most recent applicable benchmark under division (B)(2)	382
of this section and, in the course of that review, shall	383
identify any undercompliance or noncompliance of the utility or	384
company that it determines is weather-related, related to	385
equipment or resource shortages for qualifying renewable energy	386
resources as applicable, or is otherwise outside the utility's	387
or company's control.	388
(2) Subject to the cost cap provisions of division (C)(3)	389
of this section, if the commission determines, after notice and	390
opportunity for hearing, and based upon its findings in that	391
review regarding avoidable undercompliance or noncompliance, but	392
subject to division (C)(4) of this section, that the utility or	393
company has failed to comply with any such benchmark, the	394
commission shall impose a renewable energy compliance payment on	395
the utility or company.	396
(a) The compliance payment pertaining to the solar energy	397
resource benchmarks under division (B)(2) of this section shall	398
be an amount per megawatt hour of undercompliance or	399
noncompliance in the period under review, as follows:	400
(i) Three hundred dollars for 2014, 2015, and 2016;	401
(ii) Two hundred fifty dollars for 2017 and 2018;	402

(iii) Two hundred dollars for 2019.	403
(b) The compliance payment pertaining to the renewable	404
energy resource benchmarks under division (B)(2) of this section	405
shall equal the number of additional renewable energy credits	406
that the electric distribution utility or electric services	407
company would have needed to comply with the applicable	408
benchmark in the period under review times an amount that shall	409
begin at forty-five dollars and shall be adjusted annually by	410
the commission to reflect any change in the consumer price index	411
as defined in section 101.27 of the Revised Code, but shall not	412
be less than forty-five dollars.	413
(c) The compliance payment shall not be passed through by	414
the electric distribution utility or electric services company	415
to consumers. The compliance payment shall be remitted to the	416
commission, for deposit to the credit of the advanced energy	417
fund created under section 4928.61 of the Revised Code. Payment	418
of the compliance payment shall be subject to such collection	419
and enforcement procedures as apply to the collection of a	420
forfeiture under sections 4905.55 to 4905.60 and 4905.64 of the	421
Revised Code.	422
(3) An electric distribution utility or an electric	423
services company need not comply with a benchmark under division	424
(B)(2) of this section to the extent that its reasonably	425
expected cost of that compliance exceeds its reasonably expected	426
cost of otherwise producing or acquiring the requisite	427
electricity by three per cent or more. The cost of compliance	428
shall be calculated as though any exemption from taxes and	429
assessments had not been granted under section 5727.75 of the	430
Revised Code.	431
(4)(a) An electric distribution utility or electric	432

services company may request the commission to make a force	433
majeure determination pursuant to this division regarding all or	434
part of the utility's or company's compliance with any minimum	435
benchmark under division (B)(2) of this section during the	436
period of review occurring pursuant to division (C)(2) of this	437
section. The commission may require the electric distribution	438
utility or electric services company to make solicitations for	439
renewable energy resource credits as part of its default service	440
before the utility's or company's request of force majeure under	441
this division can be made.	442
(b) Within ninety days after the filing of a request by an	443
electric distribution utility or electric services company under	444
division (C)(4)(a) of this section, the commission shall	445
determine if qualifying renewable energy resources are	446
reasonably available in the marketplace in sufficient quantities	447
for the utility or company to comply with the subject minimum	448
benchmark during the review period. In making this	449
determination, the commission shall consider whether the	450
electric distribution utility or electric services company has	451
made a good faith effort to acquire sufficient qualifying	452
renewable energy or, as applicable, solar energy resources to so	453
comply, including, but not limited to, by banking or seeking	454
renewable energy resource credits or by seeking the resources	455
through long-term contracts. Additionally, the commission shall	456
consider the availability of qualifying renewable energy or	457
solar energy resources in this state and other jurisdictions in	458
the PJM interconnection regional transmission organization,	459
L.L.C., or its successor and the midcontinent independent system	460
operator or its successor.	461
(c) If, pursuant to division (C)(4)(b) of this section,	462

the commission determines that qualifying renewable energy or

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solar energy resources are not reasonably available to permit	464
the electric distribution utility or electric services company	465
to comply, during the period of review, with the subject minimum	466
benchmark prescribed under division (B)(2) of this section, the	467
commission shall modify that compliance obligation of the	468
utility or company as it determines appropriate to accommodate	469
the finding. Commission modification shall not automatically	470
reduce the obligation for the electric distribution utility's or	471
electric services company's compliance in subsequent years. If	472
it modifies the electric distribution utility or electric	473
services company obligation under division (C)(4)(c) of this	474
section, the commission may require the utility or company, if	475
sufficient renewable energy resource credits exist in the	476
marketplace, to acquire additional renewable energy resource	477
credits in subsequent years equivalent to the utility's or	478
company's modified obligation under division (C)(4)(c) of this	479
section.	480

(5) The commission shall establish a process to provide 481 for at least an annual review of the renewable energy resource 482 market in this state and in the service territories of the 483 regional transmission organizations that manage transmission 484 systems located in this state. The commission shall use the 485 results of this study to identify any needed changes to the 486 amount of the renewable energy compliance payment specified 487 under divisions (C)(2)(a) and (b) of this section. Specifically, 488 the commission may increase the amount to ensure that payment of 489 compliance payments is not used to achieve compliance with this 490 section in lieu of actually acquiring or realizing energy 491 derived from qualifying renewable energy resources. However, if 492 the commission finds that the amount of the compliance payment 493 should be otherwise changed, the commission shall present this 494

finding to the general assembly for legislative enactment.	495
(D) The commission annually shall submit to the general	496
assembly in accordance with section 101.68 of the Revised Code a	497
report describing all of the following:	498
(1) The compliance of electric distribution utilities and	499
electric services companies with division (B) of this section;	500
(2) The average annual cost of renewable energy credits	501
purchased by utilities and companies for the year covered in the	502
report;	503
(3) Any strategy for utility and company compliance or for	504
encouraging the use of qualifying renewable energy resources in	505
supplying this state's electricity needs in a manner that	506
considers available technology, costs, job creation, and	507
economic impacts.	508
The commission shall begin providing the information	509
described in division (D)(2) of this section in each report	510
described in division (D)(2) of this section in each report submitted after September 10, 2012. The commission shall allow	510 511
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submitted after September 10, 2012. The commission shall allow	511
submitted after September 10, 2012. The commission shall allow and consider public comments on the report prior to its	511 512
submitted after September 10, 2012. The commission shall allow and consider public comments on the report prior to its submission to the general assembly. Nothing in the report shall	511 512 513
submitted after September 10, 2012. The commission shall allow and consider public comments on the report prior to its submission to the general assembly. Nothing in the report shall be binding on any person, including any utility or company for	<ul><li>511</li><li>512</li><li>513</li><li>514</li></ul>
submitted after September 10, 2012. The commission shall allow and consider public comments on the report prior to its submission to the general assembly. Nothing in the report shall be binding on any person, including any utility or company for the purpose of its compliance with any benchmark under division	511 512 513 514 515
submitted after September 10, 2012. The commission shall allow and consider public comments on the report prior to its submission to the general assembly. Nothing in the report shall be binding on any person, including any utility or company for the purpose of its compliance with any benchmark under division (B) of this section, or the enforcement of that provision under	511 512 513 514 515 516
submitted after September 10, 2012. The commission shall allow and consider public comments on the report prior to its submission to the general assembly. Nothing in the report shall be binding on any person, including any utility or company for the purpose of its compliance with any benchmark under division (B) of this section, or the enforcement of that provision under division (C) of this section.	511 512 513 514 515 516 517
submitted after September 10, 2012. The commission shall allow and consider public comments on the report prior to its submission to the general assembly. Nothing in the report shall be binding on any person, including any utility or company for the purpose of its compliance with any benchmark under division (B) of this section, or the enforcement of that provision under division (C) of this section.  (E) All costs incurred by an electric distribution utility	511 512 513 514 515 516 517
submitted after September 10, 2012. The commission shall allow and consider public comments on the report prior to its submission to the general assembly. Nothing in the report shall be binding on any person, including any utility or company for the purpose of its compliance with any benchmark under division (B) of this section, or the enforcement of that provision under division (C) of this section.  (E) All costs incurred by an electric distribution utility in complying with the requirements of this section shall be	511 512 513 514 515 516 517 518 519
submitted after September 10, 2012. The commission shall allow and consider public comments on the report prior to its submission to the general assembly. Nothing in the report shall be binding on any person, including any utility or company for the purpose of its compliance with any benchmark under division (B) of this section, or the enforcement of that provision under division (C) of this section.  (E) All costs incurred by an electric distribution utility in complying with the requirements of this section shall be bypassable by any consumer that has exercised choice of supplier	511 512 513 514 515 516 517 518 519 520

with the requirements under divisions (B)(1) and (2) of section	524
4928.64 of the Revised Code, renewable energy credits any time	525
in the five calendar years following the date of their purchase	526
or acquisition from any entity, including, but not limited to,	527
the following:	528
(1) A mercantile customer;	529
(2) An owner or operator of a hydroelectric generating	530
facility that is located at a dam on a river, or on any water	531
discharged to a river, that is within or bordering this state or	532
within or bordering an adjoining state, or that produces power	533
that can be shown to be deliverable into this state;	534
(3) A seller of compressed natural gas that has been	535
-	
produced from biologically derived methane gas, provided that	536
the seller may only provide renewable energy credits for metered	537
amounts of gas.	538
(B)(1) The public utilities commission shall adopt rules	539
specifying that one unit of credit shall equal one megawatt hour	540
of electricity derived from renewable energy resources, except	541
that, for a generating facility of seventy-five megawatts or	542
greater that is situated within this state and has committed by	543
December 31, 2009, to modify or retrofit its generating unit or	544
units to enable the facility to generate principally from	545
biomass energy by June 30, 2013, each megawatt hour of	546
electricity generated principally from that biomass energy shall	547
equal, in units of credit, the product obtained by multiplying	548
the actual percentage of biomass feedstock heat input used to	549
generate such megawatt hour by the quotient obtained by dividing	550
the then existing unit dollar amount used to determine a	551
renewable energy compliance payment as provided under division	552

(C)(2)(b) of section 4928.64 of the Revised Code by the then

existing market value of one renewable energy credit, but such	554
megawatt hour shall not equal less than one unit of credit.	555
Renewable energy resources do not have to be converted to	556
electricity in order to be eligible to receive renewable energy	557
credits. The rules shall specify that, for purposes of	558
converting the quantity of energy derived from biologically	559
derived methane gas to an electricity equivalent, one megawatt	560
hour equals 3,412,142 British thermal units.	561
(2) The rules also shall provide for this state a system	562
of registering renewable energy credits by specifying which of	563
any generally available registries shall be used for that	564
purpose and not by creating a registry. That selected system of	565
registering renewable energy credits shall allow a hydroelectric	566
generating facility to be eligible for obtaining renewable	567
energy credits and shall allow customer-sited projects or	568
actions the broadest opportunities to be eligible for obtaining	569
renewable energy credits.	570
(C) Beginning January 1, 2020, a qualifying renewable	571
resource as defined in section 3706.40 of the Revised Code is	572
not eligible to obtain a renewable energy credit under this	573
section for any megawatt hour for which the resource has been	574
issued a renewable energy credit under section 3706.45 of the	575
Revised Code.	576
Section 2. That existing sections 4928.143, 4928.64, and	577
4928.645 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	578
Section 3. That sections 3706.40, 3706.41, 3706.43,	579
3706.431, 3706.45, 3706.46, 3706.49, 3706.53, 3706.55, 3706.59,	580
3706.61, 3706.63, 3706.65, 4928.471, 4928.642, and 5727.231 of	581
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	582

Section 4. On and after the effective date of this	583
section, and notwithstanding any provision in Title XLIX of the	584
Revised Code to the contrary, no decoupling mechanism	585
established under section 4928.471 of the Revised Code, as that	586
section existed prior to the effective date of this section,	587
shall remain in effect, and no amount, charge, mechanism, or	588
rider related to that section may be assessed or collected from	589
customers.	590
Section 5. Upon the effective date of this section, and	591
notwithstanding section 4905.32 of the Revised Code and any	592
other provision in Title XLIX of the Revised Code to the	593
contrary, the full amount of revenues collected from customers	594
through an amount, charge, mechanism, or rider established under	595
section 4928.471 of the Revised Code, as that section existed	596
prior to the effective date of this section, shall be promptly	597
refunded to customers from whom the revenues were collected.	598
Refunds paid to customers shall be allocated to customer classes	599
in the same proportion as originally collected.	600
Section 6. Upon the effective date of this section, and	601
notwithstanding section 4905.32 of the Revised Code and any	602
other provision in Title XLIX of the Revised Code to the	603
contrary, both of the following apply:	604
(A) The amounts of money collected from customers	605
resulting from, or attributable to, the amendments to divisions	606
(E) and (F) of section 4928.143 of the Revised Code by H.B. 166	607
of the 133rd General Assembly, shall be treated as follows:	608
(1) The amounts shall be promptly refunded to customers	609
from whom they were collected.	610

(2) The amounts refunded shall be allocated to customer

classes in the same proportion as originally collected.	612
(B) The public utilities commission shall reconsider any	613
order or determination it made in compliance with the amendments	614
to divisions (E) and (F) of section 4928.143 of the Revised Code	615
made by H.B. 166 of the 133rd General Assembly prior to the	616
effective date of this section and shall issue a new order or	617
determination in compliance with the provisions of divisions (E)	618
and (F) of section 4928.143 as amended by this act.	619