As Passed by the House

134th General Assembly

Regular Session 2021-2022

Sub. H. B. No. 218

Representative Cutrona

Cosponsors: Representatives Cross, Seitz, Manchester, Jones, Brinkman, Callender, Carruthers, Click, Creech, Dean, Edwards, Ferguson, Fowler Arthur, Grendell, Gross, Hall, John, Johnson, Jordan, Kick, Lipps, Loychik, McClain, Merrin, Miller, K., Powell, Richardson, Riedel, Stein, Stephens, Stoltzfus, Swearingen, Wiggam, Zeltwanger

A BILL

То	amend section 4123.01 and to enact sections	1
	3792.05, 3792.06, 3792.07, 3792.08, 4123.87,	2
	4731.77, and 4765.60 of the Revised Code to	3
	address medical requirements for employees and	4
	students; to address qualified civil immunity	5
	regarding certain coronaviruses; to authorize	6
	emergency medical technicians to administer	7
	COVID-19 tests; to expressly cover COVID-19	8
	vaccine injuries under the workers' compensation	9
	system; and to repeal sections 3792.05, 3792.07,	10
	and 3792.08 of the Revised Code on September 30,	11
	2025.	12

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 4123.01 be amended and sections 3792.05, 3792.06, 3792.07, 3792.08, 4123.87, 4731.77, and	13
	14
4765.60 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	15

section 3/22.01 of the Revised Code.	18
(2) "Hospital" has the same meaning as in section 3722.01	19
of the Revised Code, except that a hospital does not include a	20
children's hospital.	21
(3) "Physician" means an individual authorized under	22
Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and	23
surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery.	24
(4) "Private college" has the same meaning as in section	25
3365.01 of the Revised Code.	26
(5) "School" means either or both of the following:	27
(a) A chartered nonpublic school as defined in section	28
3310.01 of the Revised Code;	29
	2.0
(b) A public school as defined in section 3792.04 of the	30
Revised Code.	31
(6) "State institution of higher education" has the same	32
meaning as in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code.	33
(B)(1) A school, private college, or state institution of	34
higher education shall not require a student to receive any of	35
the following utilizing messenger ribonucleic acid,	36
deoxyribonucleic acid, or any other genetic vaccine technology	37
and for which the United States food and drug administration has	38
not issued a biologics license or otherwise granted full	39
approval:	40
(a) A vaccine;	41
<u>, </u>	11
(b) A drug;	42

(c) A biological product;	43
(d) A form of genetic immunotherapy.	44
(2) For purposes of this section, neither a biologics	45
license issued by the United States food and drug administration	46
nor full approval granted by the United States food and drug	47
administration are the same as an emergency use authorization	48
granted by the United States food and drug administration.	49
(C) In the event a school, private college, or state	50
institution of higher education requires a student to receive a	51
vaccine, drug, biological product, or form of genetic	52
immunotherapy utilizing messenger ribonucleic acid,	53
deoxyribonucleic acid, or any other genetic vaccine technology	54
for which the United States food and drug administration has	55
issued a biologics license or otherwise granted full approval,	56
both of the following apply:	57
(1) The student may satisfy the requirement by doing	58
<pre>either of the following:</pre>	59
(a) Receiving the vaccine, drug, biological product, or	60
<pre>form of genetic immunotherapy;</pre>	61
(b) Receiving a vaccine, drug, biological product, or form	62
of genetic immunotherapy utilizing messenger ribonucleic acid,	63
deoxyribonucleic acid, or any other genetic vaccine technology	64
against the same disease that is available under an emergency	65
use authorization.	66
(2) Subject to divisions (D) and (E) of this section, the	67
student is exempt from the requirement for any of the following	68
reasons:	69
(a) Medical contraindications;	70

(b) Natural immunity;	71
(c) Reasons of personal conscience, including religious	72
convictions.	73
(D)(1) To claim an exemption as described in division (C)	74
(2) (a) of this section, a student shall submit to the school,	75
private college, or state institution of higher education a	76
written statement signed by a physician who has a bona fide	77
physician-patient relationship with the student as described in	78
section 4731.77 of the Revised Code. The student shall not be	79
required to submit any additional information beyond the written	80
statement.	81
(2) To claim an exemption as described in division (C)(2)	82
(b) of this section, a student shall submit written	83
documentation to the school, private college, or state	84
institution of higher education that the student has been tested	85
for the presence of antibodies against the same disease in a	86
form or manner recognized by the medical community and, at the	87
time of testing, had antibodies in an amount at least equal to	88
or greater than those conferred by a vaccine, drug, biological	89
product, or form of genetic immunotherapy utilizing messenger	90
ribonucleic acid, deoxyribonucleic acid, or any other genetic	91
vaccine technology that has been issued a biologics license or	92
otherwise granted full approval.	93
The department of health shall adopt rules establishing	94
the frequency with which a student shall be retested to	95
determine whether the student's antibody presence remains at	96
least equal to or greater than those conferred by a vaccine,	97
drug, biological product, or form of genetic immunotherapy	98
against the same disease utilizing messenger ribonucleic acid,	99
deoxyribonucleic acid, or any other genetic vaccine technology	100

that has been issued a biologics license or otherwise granted	101
full approval. In adopting the rules, the department shall not	102
require retesting more than once per year. Until the department	103
adopts the rules, the student shall not be required to submit	104
any additional information beyond the initial written	105
documentation.	106
(3) To claim an exemption as described in division (C)(2)	107
(c) of this section, a student shall submit to the school,	108
private college, or state institution of higher education a	109
written statement and shall not be required to submit any	110
additional information beyond the written statement. Once the	111
student submits the written statement, the school, private	112
college, or state institution of higher education shall accept	113
and honor the exemption and shall not expel the student because	114
the student claimed the exemption.	115
(4) A written statement or documentation described in	116
division (D)(1), (2), or (3) of this section that is submitted	117
to a school, private college, or state institution of higher	118
education is confidential and is not a public record under	119
section 149.43 of the Revised Code. A school, private college,	120
or state institution of higher education may share the contents	121
of the statement or documentation with authorized personnel only	122
to the extent necessary to comply with this section.	123
(E)(1)(a) The exemptions described in division (C)(2) of	124
this section do not apply to a student who, as part of the	125
student's course of study, undergoes instruction or training at	126
either of the following that is owned or operated by, or	127
affiliated with, a private college or state institution of	128
<pre>higher education:</pre>	129
(i) A children's hospital;	130

(ii) An intensive care or critical care unit of a	131
hospital.	132
(b) The private college or state institution shall make a	133
good faith effort to provide equitable instruction and training	134
for a student who refuses a COVID-19 vaccine and who cannot	135
claim an exemption because of division (E)(1)(a) of this	136
section.	137
(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit,	138
diminish, or otherwise affect any provision of federal law	139
relating to discrimination.	140
(F)(1) No student is responsible for any costs or fees	141
associated with measures to prevent the spread of disease	142
required of the student by the school, private college, or state	143
institution of higher education, including testing for active	144
infection and masking.	145
(2) In the case of a student who is exempt because of	146
natural immunity, the student is responsible for any costs or	147
fees associated with demonstrating natural immunity to the	148
school, private college, or state institution of higher	149
education.	150
(G) A school shall not deny a student the opportunity to	151
participate in activities affiliated with the school or on	152
school property based solely on the student's COVID-19	153
vaccination status.	154
(H) A student may commence a mandamus action in accordance	155
with Chapter 2731. of the Revised Code to obtain a judgment	156
ordering a school, private college, or state institution of	157
higher education to comply with this section. The court may	158
award reasonable attorney's fees to the prevailing party.	159

Sec. 3792.06. (A) As used in this section:	160
(1) "Business" means a corporation, association,	161
partnership, limited liability company, sole proprietorship,	162
joint venture, or other business entity composed of one or more	163
individuals, whether or not the entity is operated for profit.	164
(2) "Political subdivision" means a county, township,	165
municipal corporation, school district, or other body corporate	166
and politic responsible for governmental activities in a	167
geographic area smaller than that of the state. "Political	168
subdivision" also includes a board of health of a city or	169
general health district.	170
(3) "Public official" means any officer, employee, or duly	171
authorized agent or representative of a state agency or	172
political subdivision.	173
(4) "Proof of COVID-19 vaccination" means a paper document	174
or digital application available on a smartphone, tablet, or	175
other device, that demonstrates that an individual has been	176
vaccinated against COVID-19, including through the use of a	177
scannable code.	178
(5) "State agency" means any organized agency, board,	179
body, commission, department, institution, office, or other	180
entity established by the laws of the state for the exercise of	181
any function of state government. "State agency" does not	182
include a court.	183
(B) Except as otherwise permitted in sections 3792.05 and	184
3792.07 of the Revised Code, no individual shall be required to	185
show proof of COVID-19 vaccination for any reason, including the	186
<pre>following:</pre>	187
(1) To enter a building, facility, or place controlled,	188

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operated, or owned by any business, political subdivision,	189
<pre>public official, or state agency;</pre>	190
(2) To receive a service provided by any business,	191
political subdivision, public official, or state agency;	192
(3) To enter a building, facility, or place controlled,	193
operated, or owned by a court or to receive a service provided	194
in such a building, facility, or place, but only if the	195
individual enters for purposes other than attending a court	196
proceeding or event or the individual receives a service not	197
related to a court proceeding or event.	198
(C) In any action to enforce this section, a court may	199
award reasonable attorney's fees to the prevailing party.	200
Sec. 3792.07. (A) As used in this section and section	201
3792.08 of the Revised Code:	202
(1) "Employer" means any person who has one or more	203
employees. "Employer" includes an agent of an employer, the	204
state or any agency or instrumentality of the state, and any	205
municipal corporation, county, township, school district, or	206
other political subdivision or any agency or instrumentality	207
thereof.	207
<u>chereor.</u>	200
(2) "Children's hospital" has the same meaning as in	209
section 3722.01 of the Revised Code.	210
(3) "Hospital" has the same meaning as in section 3722.01	211
of the Revised Code, except that a hospital does not include a	212
<pre>children's hospital.</pre>	213
(4) "Physician" means an individual authorized under	214
Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and	215
surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery.	216

(B)(1) No employer shall require an employee to receive	217
any of the following utilizing messenger ribonucleic acid,	218
deoxyribonucleic acid, or any other genetic vaccine technology	219
and for which the United States food and drug administration has	220
not issued a biologics license or otherwise granted full	221
approval:	222
(a) A vaccine;	223
(b) A drug;	224
(c) A biological product;	225
(d) A form of genetic immunotherapy.	226
(2) For purposes of this section, neither a biologics	227
license issued by the United States food and drug administration	228
nor full approval granted by the United States food and drug	229
administration are the same as an emergency use authorization	230
granted by the United States food and drug administration.	231
(C) In the event an employer requires an employee to	232
receive a vaccine, drug, biological product, or form of genetic	233
immunotherapy utilizing messenger ribonucleic acid,	234
deoxyribonucleic acid, or any other genetic vaccine technology	235
and for which the United States food and drug administration has	236
issued a biologics license or otherwise granted full approval,	237
both of the following apply:	238
(1) The employee may satisfy the requirement by doing	239
<pre>either of the following:</pre>	240
(a) Receiving the vaccine, drug, biological product, or	241
<pre>form of genetic immunotherapy;</pre>	242
(b) Receiving a vaccine, drug, biological product, or form	243
of genetic immunotherapy utilizing messenger ribonucleic acid,	244

<u>deoxyribonucleic acid, or any other genetic vaccine technology</u>	245
against the same disease that is available under an emergency	246
use authorization.	247
(2) Except as provided in division (F) of this section,	248
and subject to divisions (D) and (E) of this section, an	249
employee is exempt from the requirement for any of the following	250
reasons:	251
(a) Medical contraindications;	252
(b) Natural immunity;	253
(c) Reasons of personal conscience, including religious	254
convictions.	255
(D) (1) To claim an exemption as described in division (C)	256
(2) (a) of this section, an employee shall submit to the employer	257
a written statement signed by a physician who has a bona fide	258
physician-patient relationship with the employee as described in	259
section 4731.77 of the Revised Code. The employee shall not be	260
required to submit any additional information beyond the written	261
statement.	262
(2) To claim an exemption described in division (C)(2)(b)	263
of this section, an employee shall submit written documentation	264
to the employer that the employee has been tested for the	265
presence of antibodies against the same disease in a form or	266
manner recognized by the medical community and at the time of	267
testing, had antibodies in an amount at least equal to or	268
greater than those conferred by a vaccine, drug, biological	269
product, or form of genetic immunotherapy utilizing messenger	270
ribonucleic acid, deoxyribonucleic acid, or any other genetic	271
vaccine technology that has been issued a biologics license or	272
otherwise granted full approval	273

The department of health shall adopt rules establishing	274
the frequency with which an employee shall be retested to	275
determine whether the employee's antibody presence remains at	276
least equal to or greater than those conferred by a vaccine,	277
drug, biological product, or form of genetic immunotherapy	278
utilizing messenger ribonucleic acid, deoxyribonucleic acid, or	279
any other genetic vaccine technology that has been issued a	280
biologics license or otherwise granted full approval. In	281
adopting the rules, the department shall not require retesting	282
more than once per year. Until such time as the department	283
adopts the rules, the employee shall not be required to submit	284
any additional information beyond the initial written	285
documentation.	286
(3) To claim an exemption described under division (C)(2)	287
(c) of this section, an employee shall submit to the employer a	288
written statement and shall not be required to submit any	289
additional information beyond the written statement. Once the	290
employee submits the written statement, the employer shall	291
accept and honor the exemption and shall not terminate the	292
employee's employment because the employee claimed the	293
exemption.	294
(4) A written statement or documentation described in	295
division (D)(1), (2), or (3) of this section that is submitted	296
to an employer is confidential and is not a public record under	297
section 149.43 of the Revised Code. An employer may share the	298
contents of the statement or documentation with authorized	299
personnel only to the extent necessary to comply with this	300
section.	301
(E) (1) No employee is responsible for any costs or fees	302
associated with any measures required of the employee by the	303

employer to prevent the spread of disease, including testing for	304
active infection and masking.	305
(2) In the case of an employee who is exempt because of	306
natural immunity, the employee is responsible for any costs or	307
fees associated with demonstrating natural immunity to the	308
<pre>employer.</pre>	309
(F)(1)(a) The exemptions in division (C)(2) of this	310
section do not apply to either of the following:	311
(i) An employee employed in a children's hospital;	312
(ii) An employee employed in an intensive care or critical	313
care unit of a hospital.	314
(b) The employer shall make a good faith effort to provide	315
equitable employment for an employee who refuses a COVID-19	316
vaccine and who cannot claim an exemption because of division	317
(F) (1) (a) of this section.	318
(2) This section does not apply to an employer that is not	319
a hospital and that, as a regular part of its business, conducts	320
research on, develops, handles, administers, transports, or	321
stores infectious organisms.	322
(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit,	323
diminish, or otherwise affect any provision of Chapter 4112. of	324
the Revised Code or any federal law relating to employment	325
discrimination.	326
(G) Nothing in this section impedes or in any way	327
diminishes the right of employees to bargain collectively with	328
their employers through representatives of their own choosing in	329
order to establish terms and other conditions of employment	330
related to vaccines, drugs, biological products, or forms of	331

genetic immunotherapy utilizing messenger ribonucleic acid,	332
deoxyribonucleic acid, or any other genetic vaccine technology.	333
However, no provision of a collective bargaining agreement	334
entered into before, on, or after the effective date of this	335
section that relates to vaccines, drugs, biological products, or	336
forms of genetic immunotherapy utilizing messenger ribonucleic	337
acid, deoxyribonucleic acid, or any other genetic vaccine	338
technology applies to a person who is not subject to the terms	339
of the agreement.	340
Sec. 3792.08. (A) A violation of section 3792.07 of the	341
Revised Code is an unlawful discriminatory practice relating to	342
employment as defined in section 4112.01 of the Revised Code.	343
Except as provided in division (B) of this section, an employee	344
who is injured by an alleged violation of section 3792.07 of the	345
Revised Code may file a complaint with the Ohio civil rights	346
commission in accordance with the requirements specified in	347
sections 4112.051 and 4112.052 of the Revised Code. The	348
commission shall follow the procedures specified in those	349
sections for complaints filed for violations of section 3792.07	350
of the Revised Code regarding that complaint, except, if the	351
commission determines after a hearing described in section	352
4112.051 of the Revised Code, that a violation has occurred, the	353
commission's order shall be limited to an order that the	354
employer cease and desist from the unlawful discriminatory	355
practice relating to employment and back pay, if applicable. The	356
commission may award reasonable attorney's fees to the	357
prevailing party.	358
(B) An employee of the state or a political subdivision of	359
the state may commence a mandamus action in accordance with	360
Chapter 2731. of the Revised Code to obtain a judgment ordering	361
the employer to comply with section 3792.07 of the Revised Code.	362

section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.

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The court may award reasonable attorney's fees to the prevailing	363
party. A person is prohibited from bringing an action under this	364
division if the person filed a complaint with the Ohio civil	365
rights commission under division (A) of this section.	366
Sec. 4123.01. As used in this chapter:	367
(A)(1) "Employee" means:	368
(a) Every person in the service of the state, or of any	369
county, municipal corporation, township, or school district	370
therein, including regular members of lawfully constituted	371
police and fire departments of municipal corporations and	372
townships, whether paid or volunteer, and wherever serving	373
within the state or on temporary assignment outside thereof, and	374
executive officers of boards of education, under any appointment	375
or contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written,	376
including any elected official of the state, or of any county,	377
municipal corporation, or township, or members of boards of	378
education.	379
As used in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the term	380
"employee" includes the following persons when responding to an	381
inherently dangerous situation that calls for an immediate	382
response on the part of the person, regardless of whether the	383
person is within the limits of the jurisdiction of the person's	384
regular employment or voluntary service when responding, on the	385
condition that the person responds to the situation as the	386
person otherwise would if the person were on duty in the	387
person's jurisdiction:	388
(i) Off-duty peace officers. As used in division (A)(1)(a)	389
(i) of this section, "peace officer" has the same meaning as in	390

to have particular training;

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(ii) Off-duty firefighters, whether paid or volunteer, of 392 a lawfully constituted fire department. 393 (iii) Off-duty first responders, emergency medical 394 technicians-basic, emergency medical technicians-intermediate, 395 or emergency medical technicians-paramedic, whether paid or 396 volunteer, of an ambulance service organization or emergency 397 medical service organization pursuant to Chapter 4765. of the 398 Revised Code. 399 (b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or 400 private corporation, including any public service corporation, 401 that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same 402 business or in or about the same establishment under any 403 contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including 404 aliens and minors, household workers who earn one hundred sixty 405 dollars or more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single 406 household and casual workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars 407 or more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single employer, 408 or (ii) is bound by any such contract of hire or by any other 409 written contract, to pay into the state insurance fund the 410 premiums provided by this chapter. 411 (c) Every person who performs labor or provides services 412 pursuant to a construction contract, as defined in section 413 4123.79 of the Revised Code, if at least ten of the following 414 criteria apply: 415 (i) The person is required to comply with instructions 416 from the other contracting party regarding the manner or method 417 of performing services; 418 (ii) The person is required by the other contracting party 419

(iii) The person's services are integrated into the	421
regular functioning of the other contracting party;	422
(iv) The person is required to perform the work	423
personally;	424
(v) The person is hired, supervised, or paid by the other	425
contracting party;	426
(vi) A continuing relationship exists between the person	427
and the other contracting party that contemplates continuing or	428
recurring work even if the work is not full time;	429
(vii) The person's hours of work are established by the	430
other contracting party;	431
(viii) The person is required to devote full time to the	432
business of the other contracting party;	433
(ix) The person is required to perform the work on the	434
premises of the other contracting party;	435
(x) The person is required to follow the order of work set	436
by the other contracting party;	437
(xi) The person is required to make oral or written	438
reports of progress to the other contracting party;	439
(xii) The person is paid for services on a regular basis	440
such as hourly, weekly, or monthly;	441
(xiii) The person's expenses are paid for by the other	442
contracting party;	443
(xiv) The person's tools and materials are furnished by	444
the other contracting party;	445
(xv) The person is provided with the facilities used to	446
perform services;	447

(xvi) The person does not realize a profit or suffer a	448
loss as a result of the services provided;	449
(xvii) The person is not performing services for a number	450
of employers at the same time;	451
(xviii) The person does not make the same services	452
available to the general public;	453
(xix) The other contracting party has a right to discharge	454
the person;	455
(xx) The person has the right to end the relationship with	456
the other contracting party without incurring liability pursuant	457
to an employment contract or agreement.	458
Every person in the service of any independent contractor	459
or subcontractor who has failed to pay into the state insurance	460
fund the amount of premium determined and fixed by the	461
administrator of workers' compensation for the person's	462
employment or occupation or who is a self-insuring employer and	463
who has failed to pay compensation and benefits directly to the	464
employer's injured and to the dependents of the employer's	465
killed employees as required by section 4123.35 of the Revised	466
Code, shall be considered as the employee of the person who has	467
entered into a contract, whether written or verbal, with such	468
independent contractor unless such employees or their legal	469
representatives or beneficiaries elect, after injury or death,	470
to regard such independent contractor as the employer.	471
(d) Every person who operates a vehicle or vessel in the	472
performance of services for or on behalf of a motor carrier	473
transporting property, unless all of the following factors apply	474
to the person:	475

(i) The person owns the vehicle or vessel that is used in

performing the services for or on behalf of the carrier, or the	477
person leases the vehicle or vessel under a bona fide lease	478
agreement that is not a temporary replacement lease agreement.	479
For purposes of this division, a bona fide lease agreement does	480
not include an agreement between the person and the motor	481
carrier transporting property for which, or on whose behalf, the	482
person provides services.	483
(ii) The person is responsible for supplying the necessary	484
personal services to operate the vehicle or vessel used to	485
provide the service.	486
(iii) The compensation paid to the person is based on	487
factors related to work performed, including on a mileage-based	488
rate or a percentage of any schedule of rates, and not solely on	489
the basis of the hours or time expended.	490
(iv) The person substantially controls the means and	491
manner of performing the services, in conformance with	492
regulatory requirements and specifications of the shipper.	493
(v) The person enters into a written contract with the	494
carrier for whom the person is performing the services that	495
describes the relationship between the person and the carrier to	496
be that of an independent contractor and not that of an	497
employee.	498
(vi) The person is responsible for substantially all of	499
the principal operating costs of the vehicle or vessel and	500
equipment used to provide the services, including maintenance,	501
fuel, repairs, supplies, vehicle or vessel insurance, and	502
personal expenses, except that the person may be paid by the	503
carrier the carrier's fuel surcharge and incidental costs,	504
including tolls, permits, and lumper fees.	505

(vii) The person is responsible for any economic loss or	506
economic gain from the arrangement with the carrier.	507
(2) "Employee" does not mean any of the following:	508
(a) A duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister or	509
assistant or associate minister of a church in the exercise of	510
ministry;	511
(b) Any officer of a family farm corporation;	512
(c) An individual incorporated as a corporation;	513
(d) An officer of a nonprofit corporation, as defined in	514
section 1702.01 of the Revised Code, who volunteers the person's	515
services as an officer;	516
(e) An individual who otherwise is an employee of an	517
employer but who signs the waiver and affidavit specified in	518
section 4123.15 of the Revised Code on the condition that the	519
administrator has granted a waiver and exception to the	520
individual's employer under section 4123.15 of the Revised Code;	521
(f)(i) A qualifying employee described in division (A)(14)	522
(a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code when the qualifying	523
employee is performing disaster work in this state during a	524
disaster response period pursuant to a qualifying solicitation	525
received by the employee's employer;	526
(ii) A qualifying employee described in division (A)(14)	527
(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code when the qualifying	528
employee is performing disaster work in this state during a	529
disaster response period on critical infrastructure owned or	530
used by the employee's employer;	531
(iii) As used in division (A)(2)(f) of this section,	532
"critical infrastructure," "disaster response period," "disaster	533

work,"	and "qu	alif	ying	employee	e" have	the	same	meanings	as	in	534
section	5703.9	4 of	the	Revised	Code.						535

Any employer may elect to include as an "employee" within 536 this chapter, any person excluded from the definition of 537 "employee" pursuant to division (A)(1)(d) or (A)(2)(a), (b), 538 (c), or (e) of this section in accordance with rules adopted by 539 the administrator, with the advice and consent of the bureau of 540 workers' compensation board of directors. If an employer is a 541 partnership, sole proprietorship, individual incorporated as a 542 corporation, or family farm corporation, such employer may elect 543 to include as an "employee" within this chapter, any member of 544 such partnership, the owner of the sole proprietorship, the 545 individual incorporated as a corporation, or the officers of the 546 family farm corporation. Nothing in this section shall prohibit 547 a partner, sole proprietor, or any person excluded from the 548 definition of "employee" pursuant to division (A)(2)(a), (b), 549 (c), or (e) of this section from electing to be included as an 550 "employee" under this chapter in accordance with rules adopted 551 by the administrator, with the advice and consent of the board. 552

In the event of an election, the employer or person 553 electing coverage shall serve upon the bureau of workers' 554 compensation written notice naming the person to be covered and 555 include the person's remuneration for premium purposes in all 556 557 future payroll reports. No partner, sole proprietor, or person excluded from the definition of "employee" pursuant to division 558 (A) (1) (d) or (A) (2) (a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section, shall 559 receive benefits or compensation under this chapter until the 560 bureau receives written notice of the election permitted by this 561 section. 562

For informational purposes only, the bureau shall

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prescribe such language as it considers appropriate, on such of	564
its forms as it considers appropriate, to advise employers of	565
their right to elect to include as an "employee" within this	566
chapter a sole proprietor, any member of a partnership, or a	567
person excluded from the definition of "employee" under division	568
(A)(1)(d) or (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section, that	569
they should check any health and disability insurance policy, or	570
other form of health and disability plan or contract, presently	571
covering them, or the purchase of which they may be considering,	572
to determine whether such policy, plan, or contract excludes	573
benefits for illness or injury that they might have elected to	574
have covered by workers' compensation.	575

(B)(1) "Employer" means:

- (a) The state, including state hospitals, each county,

 municipal corporation, township, school district, and hospital

 owned by a political subdivision or subdivisions other than the

 state;

 580
- (b) Every person, firm, professional employer 581 organization, alternate employer organization, and private 582 corporation, including any public service corporation, that (i) 583 has in service one or more employees or shared employees 584 regularly in the same business or in or about the same 585 establishment under any contract of hire, express or implied, 586 oral or written, or (ii) is bound by any such contract of hire 587 or by any other written contract, to pay into the insurance fund 588 the premiums provided by this chapter. 589

All such employers are subject to this chapter. Any member of a firm or association, who regularly performs manual labor in or about a mine, factory, or other establishment, including a household establishment, shall be considered an employee in

determining whether such person, firm, or private corporation,	594
or public service corporation, has in its service, one or more	595
employees and the employer shall report the income derived from	596
such labor to the bureau as part of the payroll of such	597
employer, and such member shall thereupon be entitled to all the	598
benefits of an employee.	599
(2) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect	600
to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an	601
employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume	602
that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction	603
determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of	604
control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that	605
is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of	606
protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For	607
purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have	608
the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.	609
(C) "Injury" includes any injury, whether caused by	610
external accidental means or accidental in character and result,	611
received in the course of, and arising out of, the injured	612
employee's employment. "Injury" includes an injury or disability	613
caused by a COVID-19 vaccine, if the employer required the	614
employee to receive the vaccine as a condition of employment.	615
"Injury" does not include:	616
(1) Psychiatric conditions except where the claimant's	617
psychiatric conditions have arisen from an injury or	618
occupational disease sustained by that claimant or where the	619
claimant's psychiatric conditions have arisen from sexual	620
conduct in which the claimant was forced by threat of physical	621
harm to engage or participate;	622

(2) Injury or disability caused primarily by the natural

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(3) Injury or disability incurred in voluntary	625
participation in an employer-sponsored recreation or fitness	626
activity if the employee signs a waiver of the employee's right	627
to compensation or benefits under this chapter prior to engaging	628
in the recreation or fitness activity;	629
(4) A condition that pre-existed an injury unless that	630
pre-existing condition is substantially aggravated by the	631
injury. Such a substantial aggravation must be documented by	632
objective diagnostic findings, objective clinical findings, or	633
objective test results. Subjective complaints may be evidence of	634
such a substantial aggravation. However, subjective complaints	635
without objective diagnostic findings, objective clinical	636
findings, or objective test results are insufficient to	637
substantiate a substantial aggravation.	638
(D) "Child" includes a posthumous child and a child	639
legally adopted prior to the injury.	640
(E) "Family farm corporation" means a corporation founded	641
for the purpose of farming agricultural land in which the	642
majority of the voting stock is held by and the majority of the	643
stockholders are persons or the spouse of persons related to	644
each other within the fourth degree of kinship, according to the	645

rules of the civil law, and at least one of the related persons

stockholders are a corporation. A family farm corporation does

devise, bequest, or the operation of the laws of descent or

distribution, the ownership of shares of voting stock is

the degree of kinship stipulated in this division.

is residing on or actively operating the farm, and none of whose

not cease to qualify under this division where, by reason of any

transferred to another person, as long as that person is within

deterioration of tissue, an organ, or part of the body;

(F) "Occupational disease" means a disease contracted in	654
the course of employment, which by its causes and the	655
characteristics of its manifestation or the condition of the	656
employment results in a hazard which distinguishes the	657
employment in character from employment generally, and the	658
employment creates a risk of contracting the disease in greater	659
degree and in a different manner from the public in general.	660
(G) "Self-insuring employer" means an employer who is	661
granted the privilege of paying compensation and benefits	662
directly under section 4123.35 of the Revised Code, including a	663
board of county commissioners for the sole purpose of	664
constructing a sports facility as defined in section 307.696 of	665
the Revised Code, provided that the electors of the county in	666
which the sports facility is to be built have approved	667
construction of a sports facility by ballot election no later	668
than November 6, 1997.	669
(H) "Private employer" means an employer as defined in	670
division (B)(1)(b) of this section.	671
(I) "Professional employer organization" has the same	672
meaning as in section 4125.01 of the Revised Code.	673
(J) "Public employer" means an employer as defined in	674
division (B)(1)(a) of this section.	675
(K) "Sexual conduct" means vaginal intercourse between a	676
male and female; anal intercourse, fellatio, and cunnilingus	677
between persons regardless of gender; and, without privilege to	678
do so, the insertion, however slight, of any part of the body or	679
any instrument, apparatus, or other object into the vaginal or	680
anal cavity of another. Penetration, however slight, is	681

sufficient to complete vaginal or anal intercourse.

(L) "Other-states' insurer" means an insurance company	683
that is authorized to provide workers' compensation insurance	684
coverage in any of the states that permit employers to obtain	685
insurance for workers' compensation claims through insurance	686
companies.	687
(M) "Other-states' coverage" means both of the following:	688
(1) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for	689
workers' compensation claims of employees who are in employment	690
relationships localized in a state other than this state or	691
those employees' dependents;	692
(2) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for	693
workers' compensation claims that arise in a state other than	694
this state where an employer elects to obtain coverage through	695
either the administrator or an other-states' insurer.	696
(N) "Limited other-states coverage" means insurance	697
coverage provided by the administrator to an eligible employer	698
for workers' compensation claims of employees who are in an	699
employment relationship localized in this state but are	700
temporarily working in a state other than this state, or those	701
employees' dependents.	702
(O) "Motor carrier" has the same meaning as in section	703
4923.01 of the Revised Code.	704
(P) "Alternate employer organization" has the same meaning	705
as in section 4133.01 of the Revised Code.	706
Sec. 4123.87. For claims arising during the period	707
beginning on the effective date of this section and ending	708
September 30, 2025, both of the following apply:	709
(A) No claimant is entitled to compensation or benefits	710

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under this chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the	711
Revised Code for an injury caused by a vaccine that utilizes	712
messenger ribonucleic acid, deoxyribonucleic acid, or any other	713
genetic vaccine technology if both of the following apply:	714
(1) The vaccine was required by an employer as a condition	715
of employment.	716
(2) The claimant received compensation under the "National	717
Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986," 42 U.S.C. 300aa-1, et	718
seq. or the "The Public Readiness and Emergency Preparedness	719
(PREP) Act," 42 U.S.C. 247d-6d.	720
(B) If a claimant receives an award of compensation or	721
benefits under this chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of	722
the Revised Code for an injury described in division (A) of this	723
section and also received compensation as described in division	724
(A) (2) of this section, the administrator of workers'	725
compensation or any self-insuring employer, by any lawful means,	726
may collect from the claimant any of the following:	727
(1) The amount of compensation or benefits paid to or on	728
behalf of the claimant by the administrator or a self-insuring	729
employer pursuant to this chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or	730
4131. of the Revised Code for that award;	731
(2) Any interest, attorney's fees, and costs the	732
administrator or the self-insuring employer incurs in collecting	733
that payment.	734
Sec. 4731.77. (A) As used in this section, "physician"	735
means an individual authorized to practice medicine and surgery	736
or osteopathic medicine and surgery.	737
(B) To be eligible to sign a written statement to be	738
submitted by a student or employee as described in section_	739

3792.05 or section 3792.07 of the Revised Code, a physician must	740
have a bona fide physician-patient relationship with the student	741
or employee.	742
A bona fide physician-patient relationship is established	743
if all of the following are the case:	744
(1) The physician has conducted an in-person examination	745
of the student or employee.	746
(2) The physician has reviewed the student's or employee's	747
medical history.	748
(3) The physician expects to provide care to the student	749
or employee on an ongoing basis.	750
(4) The student or employee expects to receive care from	751
the physician on an ongoing basis.	752
Sec. 4765.60. Notwithstanding any conflicting provision of	753
the Revised Code, an emergency medical technician-basic,	754
emergency medical technician-intermediate, and emergency medical	755
technician-paramedic who has received proper training may	756
administer a test for COVID-19 and collect and label test	757
specimens.	758
Section 2. That existing section 4123.01 of the Revised	759
Code is hereby repealed.	760
Section 3. That sections 3792.05, 3792.07, and 3792.08 of	761
the Revised Code are hereby repealed, effective September 30,	762
2025.	763
Section 4. (A) As used in this section:	764
(1) "Advanced practice registered nurse" means an	765
individual who holds a current walld license issued under	766

Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code to practice as an advanced	767
practice registered nurse.	768
(2) "Athletic trainer" means an individual licensed under	769
Chapter 4755. of the Revised Code to practice athletic training.	770
(3) "Audiologist" means an individual licensed under	771
Chapter 4753. of the Revised Code to practice audiology.	772
(4) "Behavioral health provider" means a provider of	773
alcohol and drug addiction services, mental health services, or	774
other behavioral health services and includes the following	775
providers:	776
(a) An independent chemical dependency counselor-clinical	777
supervisor, independent chemical dependency counselor, chemical	778
dependency counselor III, and chemical dependency counselor II,	779
licensed under Chapter 4758. of the Revised Code, and a chemical	780
dependency counselor assistant, prevention consultant,	781
prevention specialist, prevention specialist assistant, and	782
registered applicant, certified under that chapter;	783
(b) A licensed professional clinical counselor, licensed	784
professional counselor, independent social worker, social	785
worker, independent marriage and family therapist, or marriage	786
and family therapist who holds a current, valid license issued	787
under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code;	788
(c) A psychologist.	789
(5) "Board of health" means the board of health of a city	790
or general health district or the authority having the duties of	791
a board of health under section 3709.05 of the Revised Code.	792
(6) "Chiropractor" means an individual who is authorized	793
under Chapter 4734. of the Revised Code to practice	794

chiropractic.	795
(7) "Dental hygienist" means an individual licensed under	796
Chapter 4715. of the Revised Code to practice as a dental	797
hygienist.	798
(8) "Dentist" has the same meaning as in section 2305.231	799
of the Revised Code.	800
(9) "Direct support professional" means an individual	801
employed by an agency to provide direct care to individuals with	802
developmental disabilities.	803
(10) "Emergency medical technician" means an EMT-basic, an	804
EMT-I, or a paramedic.	805
(11) "EMT-basic" means an individual who holds a current,	806
valid certificate issued under section 4765.30 of the Revised	807
Code to practice as an emergency medical technician-basic.	808
(12) "EMT-I" means an individual who holds a current,	809
valid certificate issued under section 4765.30 of the Revised	810
Code to practice as an emergency medical technician-	811
intermediate.	812
(13) "Facility" means an institution or setting where	813
health care services are provided, including, without	814
limitation, a hospital, inpatient, ambulatory, surgical,	815
emergency care, urgent care, treatment, laboratory, adult day-	816
care, residential care, residential treatment, long-term care,	817
or intermediate care facility, or a facility for individuals	818
with developmental disabilities; a physician's office; a	819
developmental, diagnostic, or imaging center; a rehabilitation	820
or therapeutic health setting; a federally qualified health	821
center or federally qualified health center look-alike; or any	822
modular field treatment facility or alternative care site	823

designated for temporary use for the purposes of providing	824
health care services in response to an outbreak of MERS-CoV,	825
SARS-CoV, or SARS-CoV-2, or any mutation thereof.	826
(14) "Facility for individuals with developmental	827
disabilities" means a facility that provides services to two or	828
more unrelated individuals with developmental disabilities in a	829
residential setting, such as an institution for mental disease	830
or a residential facility licensed under section 5123.19 of the	831
Revised Code.	832
(15) "Federally qualified health center" and "federally	833
qualified health center look-alike" have the same meanings as in	834
section 3701.047 of the Revised Code.	835
(16) "Gross negligence" means a lack of care so great that	836
it appears to be a conscious indifference to the rights of	837
others.	838
(17) "Health care professional" means an advanced practice	839
registered nurse, a registered nurse, a licensed practical	840
nurse, a pharmacist, a dentist, a dental hygienist, an	841
optometrist, a physician, a physician assistant, a chiropractor,	842
a physical therapist, an occupational therapist, an athletic	843
trainer, a speech-language pathologist, an audiologist, a	844
laboratory worker, a massage therapist, or a respiratory care	845
professional.	846
(18) "Health care provider" means a health care	847
professional, health care worker, direct support professional,	848
behavioral health provider, hearing aid dealer, hearing aid	849
fitter, or emergency medical technician or a home health agency,	850
hospice care program, home and community-based services	851
provider, or facility, including any agent, board member,	852

committee member, employee, employer, officer, or volunteer of	853
the agency, program, provider, or facility acting in the course	854
of the agent's, board member's, committee member's, employee's,	855
employer's, officer's, or volunteer's service or employment.	856
(19) "Health care services" means services rendered by a	857
health care provider for the diagnosis, prevention, treatment,	858
cure, or relief of a health condition, illness, injury, or	859
disease, including the provision of any medication, medical	860
equipment, or other medical product. "Health care services"	861
includes personal care services and experimental treatments.	862
(20) "Health care worker" means a person other than a	863
health care professional or emergency medical technician who	864
provides medical, dental, or other health care services under	865
the direction of a health care professional authorized to direct	866
the individual's activities. "Health care worker" includes a	867
medical technician, medical assistant, dental assistant,	868
occupational therapy assistant, physical therapist assistant,	869
orderly, nurse aide, and any other individual acting in a	870
similar capacity.	871
(21) "Hearing aid dealer" and "hearing aid fitter" have	872
the same meanings as in section 4747.01 of the Revised Code.	873
(22) "Home and community-based services provider" means a	874
provider of services under a home and community-based services	875
medicaid waiver component.	876
(23) "Home health agency" has the same meaning as in	877
section 3701.881 of the Revised Code.	878
(24) "Hospice care program" has the same meaning as in	879
section 3712.01 of the Revised Code.	880

(25) "Hospital" and "medical claim" have the same meanings

as in section 2305.113 of the Revised Code.	882
(26) "Licensed practical nurse" means an individual who	883
holds a current, valid license issued under Chapter 4723. of the	884
Revised Code to practice as a licensed practical nurse.	885
(27) "Long-term care facility" has the same meaning as in	886
section 3701.74 of the Revised Code.	887
(28) "Massage therapist" means an individual licensed	888
under section 4731.15 of the Revised Code to practice massage	889
therapy.	890
(29) "Medicaid waiver component" has the same meaning as	891
in section 5166.01 of the Revised Code.	892
(30) "Occupational therapist" means an individual who	893
holds a current license or limited certificate under Chapter	894
4755. of the Revised Code to practice occupational therapy.	895
(31) "Occupational therapy assistant" means an individual	896
who holds a license or limited permit under Chapter 4755. of the	897
Revised Code to practice as an occupational therapy assistant.	898
(32) "Optometrist" means a person who is licensed under	899
Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code to practice optometry.	900
(33) "Paramedic" means an individual who holds a current,	901
valid certificate issued under section 4765.30 of the Revised	902
Code to practice as an emergency medical technician-paramedic.	903
(34) "Personal care services" has the same meaning as in	904
section 3721.01 of the Revised Code.	905
(35) "Pharmacist" means an individual who holds a current,	906
valid license issued under Chapter 4729. of the Revised Code to	907
practice as a pharmacist.	908

(36) "Physical therapist" means an individual licensed	909
under Chapter 4755. of the Revised Code to practice physical	910
therapy.	911
(37) "Physical therapist assistant" means an individual	912
licensed under Chapter 4755. of the Revised Code to practice as	913
a physical therapist assistant.	914
(38) "Physician" means an individual who is authorized	915
under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and	916
surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine	917
and surgery.	918
(39) "Physician assistant" means an individual who is	919
authorized under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code to practice	920
as a physician assistant.	921
(40) "Psychologist" means an individual who is licensed as	922
a psychologist or school psychologist under Chapter 4732. of the	923
Revised Code.	924
(41) "Reckless disregard" means, as it applies to a given	925
health care provider rendering health care services, emergency	926
medical services, first-aid treatment, or other emergency	927
professional care, conduct by which, with heedless indifference	928
to the consequences, the health care provider disregards a	929
substantial and unjustifiable risk that the health care	930
provider's conduct is likely to cause, at the time those	931
services or that treatment or care were rendered, an	932
unreasonable risk of injury, death, or loss to person or	933
property.	934
(42) "Registered nurse" means an individual who holds a	935
current, valid license issued under Chapter 4723. of the Revised	936
Code to practice as a registered nurse	937

(43) "Respiratory care professional" has the same meaning	938
as in section 4761.01 of the Revised Code.	939
(44) "Speech-language pathologist" means an individual	940
licensed under Chapter 4753. of the Revised Code to practice	941
speech-language pathology.	942
(45) "Tort action" means a civil action for damages for	943
injury, death, or loss to person or property and includes claims	944
arising under resident or patient bills of rights and	945
contractual claims arising out of statutory or regulatory	946
requirements applicable to health care providers. "Tort action"	947
includes an action on a medical claim.	948
(B)(1) Subject to division (C)(3) of this section, a	949
health care provider that provides health care services,	950
emergency medical services, first-aid treatment, or other	951
emergency professional care, including the provision of any	952
medication or other medical equipment or product, as a result of	953
and in response to an outbreak of MERS-CoV, SARS-CoV, or SARS-	954
CoV-2, or any mutation thereof is not subject to professional	955
disciplinary action and is not liable in damages to any person	956
or government agency in a tort action for injury, death, or loss	957
to person or property that arises from any of the following:	958
(a) An act or omission of the health care provider in the	959
health care provider's provision, withholding, or withdrawal of	960
those services;	961
(b) Any decision related to the provision, withholding, or	962
withdrawal of those services;	963
(c) Compliance with an executive order or director's order	964
issued during and in response to an outbreak of MERS-CoV, SARS-	965
CoV, or SARS-CoV-2, or any mutation thereof.	966

- (2) Division (B)(1) of this section does not apply in a 967 tort action if the health care provider's action, omission, 968 decision, or compliance constitutes a reckless disregard for the 969 consequences so as to affect the life or health of the patient 970 or intentional misconduct or willful or wanton misconduct on the 971 part of the person against whom the action is brought. 972
- (3) Division (B)(1) of this section does not apply in a professional disciplinary action if the health care provider's action, omission, decision, or compliance constitutes gross negligence.
- (4) A health care provider is not subject to professional disciplinary action and is not liable in damages to any person or government agency in a tort action for injury, death, or loss to person or property that arises because the provider was unable to treat, diagnose, or test the person for any illness, disease, or condition, including the inability to perform any elective procedure, due to an executive or director's order or an order of a board of health of a city or general health district issued in relation to an outbreak of MERS-CoV, SARS-CoV, or SARS-CoV-2, or any mutation thereof.
- (C) (1) This section does not create a new cause of action or substantive legal right against a health care provider.
- (2) This section does not affect any immunities from civil liability or defenses established by another section of the Revised Code or available at common law to which a health care provider may be entitled in connection with the provision of health care services, emergency medical services, first-aid treatment, or other emergency professional care, including the provision of medication, medical equipment, or other medical product.

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(3) This section does not grant an immunity from tort or	997
other civil liability or a professional disciplinary action to a	998
health care provider for actions that are outside the skills,	999
education, and training of the health care provider, unless the	1000
health care provider undertakes the action in good faith and in	1001
response to a lack of resources caused by an outbreak of MERS-	1002
CoV, SARS-CoV, or SARS-CoV-2, or any mutation thereof.	1003
(4) This section does not affect any legal responsibility	1004
of a health care provider to comply with any applicable law of	1005
this state or rule of an agency of this state.	1006
(5) Division (B) of this section applies only to the	1007
provision, withholding, or withdrawal of health care services,	1008
emergency medical services, first-aid treatment, or other	1009
emergency professional care, including the provision of any	1010
medication or other medical equipment or product, decisions	1011
related to such services or care, or compliance with an	1012
executive order or director's order by a health care provider as	1013
a result of and in response to an outbreak of MERS-CoV, SARS-	1014
CoV, or SARS-CoV-2, or any mutation thereof and through the	1015
duration of the outbreak.	1016
(D) If the immunity described in division (B) of this	1017
section does not apply, no class action shall be brought against	1018
any health care provider alleging liability for damages for	1019
injury, death, or loss to person or property on a cause of	1020
action specified in that division.	1021
(E) This section applies from September 30, 2021, through	1022
June 30, 2023.	1023

Section 5. (A) No civil action for damages for injury,

death, or loss to person or property shall be brought against

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any person if the cause of action on which the civil action is	1026
based, in whole or in part, is that the injury, death, or loss	1027
to person or property is caused by the exposure to, or the	1028
transmission or contraction of, MERS-CoV, SARS-CoV, or SARS-CoV-	1029
2, or any mutation thereof, unless it is established that the	1030
exposure to, or the transmission or contraction of, any of those	1031
viruses or mutations was by reckless conduct or intentional	1032
misconduct or willful or wanton misconduct on the part of the	1033
person against whom the action is brought.	1034
(B) For purposes of division (A) of this section, a	1035
government order, recommendation, or guideline shall neither	1036
create nor be construed as creating a duty of care upon any	1037
person that may be enforced in a cause of action or that may	1038
create a new cause of action or substantive legal right against	1039
any person with respect to the matters contained in the	1040
government order, recommendation, or guideline. A presumption	1041
exists that any such government order, recommendation, or	1042
guideline is not admissible as evidence that a duty of care, a	1043
new cause of action, or a substantive legal right has been	1044
established.	1045
(C) If the immunity described in division (A) of this	1046
section does not apply, no class action shall be brought against	1047
any person alleging liability for damages for injury, death, or	1048
loss to person or property on a cause of action specified in	1049
that division.	1050

(1) "MERS-CoV" means the coronavirus that causes middle

(2) "Person" has the same meaning as in section 1.59 of

(D) As used in this section:

east respiratory syndrome.

the Revised Code and includes a school, a for-profit or	1055
nonprofit entity, a governmental entity, a religious entity, or	1056
a state institution of higher education.	1057
(3) "Reckless conduct" means conduct by which, with	1058
heedless indifference to the consequences, the person disregards	1059
a substantial and unjustifiable risk that the person's conduct	1060
is likely to cause an exposure to, or a transmission or	1061
contraction of, MERS-CoV, SARS-CoV, or SARS-CoV-2, or any	1062
mutation thereof, or is likely to be of a nature that results in	1063
an exposure to, or a transmission or contraction of, any of	1064
those viruses or mutations. A person is reckless with respect to	1065
circumstances in relation to causing an exposure to, or a	1066
transmission or contraction of, MERS-CoV, SARS-CoV, or SARS-CoV-	1067
2, or any mutation thereof, when, with heedless indifference to	1068
the consequences, the person disregards a substantial and	1069
unjustifiable risk that such circumstances are likely to exist.	1070
(4) "SARS-CoV" means the coronavirus that causes severe	1071
acute respiratory syndrome.	1072
(5) "SARS-CoV-2" means the novel coronavirus that causes	1073
coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19).	1074
(6) "State institution of higher education" has the same	1075
meaning as in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code.	1076
(E) This section applies from September 30, 2021, through	1077
June 30, 2023.	1078
Section 6. Sections 4 and 5 of this act, regarding	1079
temporary qualified civil immunities, are remedial in nature and	1080
apply retroactively to acts, omissions, conduct, decisions, or	1081
compliance from September 30, 2021, through June 30, 2023.	1082
Section 7. The items of law contained in this act, and	1083

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their applications, are severable. If any item of law contained	1084
in this act, or if any application of any item of law contained	1085
in this act, is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect	1086
other items of law contained in this act and their applications	1087
that can be given effect without the invalid item of law or	1088
application.	1089

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