As Introduced

134th General Assembly

Regular Session 2021-2022

H. B. No. 320

Representatives Weinstein, West

Cosponsors: Representatives Blackshear, Boyd, Brent, Crawley, Crossman, Denson, Galonski, Ingram, Lepore-Hagan, Miller, A., Smith, M., Upchurch

A BILL

То	amend sections 128.32 and 128.99 and to enact	1
	section 2307.68 of the Revised Code to permit	2
	the subject of a false 9-1-1 report made by a	3
	person for a discriminatory reason against the	4
	subject of the report to bring a civil action	5
	for damages against the person, and to name the	6
	act Darren's Law.	7

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 128.32 and 128.99 be amended and	8
section 2307.68 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as	9
follows:	10
Sec. 128.32. (A)(1) The state, the state highway patrol, a	11
subdivision, or a regional council of governments participating	12
in a 9-1-1 system established under this chapter and any	13
officer, agent, employee, or independent contractor of the	14
state, the state highway patrol, or such a participating	15
subdivision or regional council of governments is not liable in	16
damages in a civil action for injuries, death, or loss to	17
persons or property arising from any act or omission, except	18

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willful or wanton misconduct, in connection with developing,

adopting, or approving any final plan or any agreement made

under section 128.09 of the Revised Code or otherwise bringing

into operation the 9-1-1 system pursuant to this chapter.

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(2) The steering committee and any member of the steering

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- (2) The steering committee and any member of the steering 23 committee are not liable in damages in a civil action for 24 injuries, death, or loss to persons or property arising from any 25 act or omission, except willful or wanton misconduct, in 26 connection with the development or operation of a 9-1-1 system 27 established under this chapter. 28
- (B) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an 29 individual who gives emergency instructions through a 9-1-1 30 system established under this chapter, and the principals for 31 whom the person acts, including both employers and independent 32 contractors, public and private, and an individual who follows 33 emergency instructions and the principals for whom that person 34 acts, including both employers and independent contractors, 35 public and private, are not liable in damages in a civil action 36 for injuries, death, or loss to persons or property arising from 37 the issuance or following of emergency instructions, except 38 where the issuance or following of the instructions constitutes 39 willful or wanton misconduct. 40
- (C) Except for willful or wanton misconduct, a telephone 41 company, and any other installer, maintainer, or provider, 42 through the sale or otherwise, of customer premises equipment, 43 or service used for or with a 9-1-1 system, and their respective 44 officers, directors, employees, agents, suppliers, corporate 45 parents, and affiliates are not liable in damages in a civil 46 action for injuries, death, or loss to persons or property 47 incurred by any person resulting from any of the following: 48

(1) Such an entity's or its officers', directors',	49
employees', agents', or suppliers' participation in or acts or	50
omissions in connection with participating in or developing,	51
maintaining, or operating a 9-1-1 system;	52
(2) Such an entity's or its officers', directors',	53
employees', agents', or suppliers' provision of assistance to a	54
public utility, municipal utility, or state or local government	55
as authorized by divisions $(G)(4)$ and (5) of this section.	56
(D) Except for willful or wanton misconduct, a provider of	57
and a seller of a prepaid wireless calling service and their	58
respective officers, directors, employees, agents, and suppliers	59
are not liable in damages in a civil action for injuries, death,	60
or loss to persons or property incurred by any person resulting	61
from anything described in division (C) of this section.	62
(E) (1) No person shall knowingly use the telephone number	63
of a 9-1-1 system established under this chapter to report an	64
emergency if the person knows that no emergency exists.	65
(2)(a) If a person violates division (E)(1) of this	66
section and the reason for the use of the telephone number is	67
based on the race, color, religion, or national origin of	68
another person who is the subject of the nonexistent emergency,	69
the person who is the subject of the nonexistent emergency may	70
bring a civil action for damages under section 2307.68 of the	71
Revised Code against the person who used the telephone number	72
under this division.	73
(b) Division (E)(2)(a) of this section applies to the use	74
of the telephone number of a 9-1-1 system either by dialing that	75
number or by texting that number.	76
(3) If a person knowingly uses a telephone number, other	77

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than a telephone number of a 9-1-1 system, to call for a police	78
dispatch to respond to an emergency, the person knows that no	79
emergency exists, and the reason for the call is based on the	80
race, color, religion, or national origin of another person who	81
is the subject of the nonexistent emergency, the person who is	82
the subject of the nonexistent emergency may bring a civil	83
action for damages under section 2307.68 of the Revised Code	84
against the person who used the telephone number for a call	85
under division (E)(3) of this section.	86
(F) No person shall knowingly use a 9-1-1 system for a	87
purpose other than obtaining emergency service.	88
(G) No person shall disclose or use any information	89
concerning telephone numbers, addresses, or names obtained from	90
the data base that serves the public safety answering point of a	91
9-1-1 system established under this chapter, except for any of	92
the following purposes or under any of the following	93
circumstances:	94
(1) For the purpose of the 9-1-1 system;	95
(2) For the purpose of responding to an emergency call to	96
an emergency service provider;	97
(3) In the circumstance of the inadvertent disclosure of	98
such information due solely to technology of the wireline	99
telephone network portion of the 9-1-1 system not allowing	100
access to the data base to be restricted to 9-1-1 specific	101
answering lines at a public safety answering point;	102
(4) In the circumstance of access to a data base being	103
given by a telephone company that is a wireline service provider	104
to a public utility or municipal utility in handling customer	105
calls in times of public emergency or service outages. The	106

charge, terms, and conditions for the disclosure or use of such	107
information for the purpose of such access to a data base shall	108
be subject to the jurisdiction of the steering committee.	109
(5) In the circumstance of access to a data base given by	110
a telephone company that is a wireline service provider to a	111
state and local government in warning of a public emergency, as	112
determined by the steering committee. The charge, terms, and	113
conditions for the disclosure or use of that information for the	114
purpose of access to a data base is subject to the jurisdiction	115
of the steering committee.	116
Sec. 128.99. (A) Whoever violates division (E) (1) of	117
section 128.32 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of	118
the fourth degree.	119
(B) Whoever violates division (F) or (G) of section 128.32	120
or division (B)(2) of section 128.60 of the Revised Code is	121
guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree on a first offense	122
and a felony of the fifth degree on each subsequent offense.	123
(C) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller	124
violates division (B)(1)(a) of section 128.46 of the Revised	125
Code, and does not comply with any extensions granted under	126
division (B)(2) of that section, the tax commissioner may impose	127
a late-filing penalty of not more than the greater of fifty	128
dollars or five per cent of the amount required to be remitted	129
as described in division (B)(1)(b) of that section.	130
(D) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller	131
fails to comply with division (B)(1)(b) of section 128.46 of the	132
Revised Code, the tax commissioner may impose a late-payment	133
penalty of not more than the greater of fifty dollars or five	134
per cent of the wireless 9-1-1 charge required to be remitted	135

for the reporting period minus any partial remittance made on or	136
before the due date, including any extensions granted under	137
division (B)(2) of section 128.46 of the Revised Code.	138
(E) The tax commissioner may impose an assessment penalty	139
of not more than the greater of one hundred dollars or thirty-	140
five per cent of the wireless 9-1-1 charges due after the tax	141
commissioner notifies the person of an audit, an examination, a	142
delinquency, assessment, or other notice that additional	143
wireless 9-1-1 charges are due.	144
(F) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller	145
fails to comply with either electronic requirement of division	146
(B)(5) of section 128.46 of the Revised Code, the tax	147
commissioner may impose an electronic penalty, for either or	148
both failures to comply, of not more than the lesser of the	149
following:	150
(1) The greater of one hundred dollars or ten per cent of	151
the amount required to be, but not, remitted electronically;	152
(2) Five thousand dollars.	153
(G) Each penalty described in divisions (C) to (F) of this	154
section is in addition to any other penalty described in those	155
divisions. The tax commissioner may abate all or any portion of	156
any penalty described in those divisions.	157
Sec. 2307.68. (A) Any person who suffers injury or loss to	158
person or property as a result of an act described in division	159
(E)(2) or (3) of section 128.32 of the Revised Code may bring a	160
civil action against the person who engaged in that act. In such	161
an action, the person may recover all of the following:	162
(1) Full compensatory damages, including damages for	163
<pre>emotional distress;</pre>	164

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(2) Punitive or exemplary damages;	165
(3) Court costs, reasonable attorneys' fees, and other	166
reasonable expenses incurred in maintaining that action.	167
(B) If the court finds in favor of the person who brought	168
the civil action under division (A) of this section, the court	169
shall order the person against whom the action was brought to	170
receive implicit bias training that is offered by the Kirwan	171
institute for the study of race and ethnicity at the Ohio state	172
university or by any local implicit bias training program as	173
determined by the court. The person shall receive the implicit	174
bias training at the earliest time that the training is offered	175
under this division. The person shall provide to the court	176
written proof that the training was completed.	177
Section 2. That existing sections 128.32 and 128.99 of the	178
Revised Code are hereby repealed.	179
Section 3. This act shall be named Darren's Law.	180