#### As Introduced

# 134th General Assembly

# Regular Session 2021-2022

H. B. No. 445

## Representatives Carfagna, Smith, K.

Cosponsors: Representatives Kelly, Johnson, Stewart, Lightbody, Troy, West, Plummer

#### A BILL

ГО	amend sections 128.01, 128.02, 128.021, 128.022,	1
	128.03, 128.06, 128.07, 128.08, 128.12, 128.18,	2
	128.22, 128.25, 128.26, 128.27, 128.32, 128.34,	3
	128.40, 128.42, 128.44, 128.45, 128.46, 128.461,	4
	128.462, 128.47, 128.52, 128.54, 128.55, 128.57,	5
	128.60, 128.63, 128.99, 149.43, 4776.20,	6
	5703.052, 5733.55, and 5751.01; to amend, for	7
	the purpose of adopting new section numbers as	8
	indicated in parentheses, sections 128.18	9
	(128.33), 128.22 (128.35), 128.25 (128.37),	10
	128.26 (128.38), 128.27 (128.39), 128.32	11
	(128.96), 128.34 (128.98), 128.40 (128.20),	12
	128.42 (128.40), and 128.45 (128.451); to enact	13
	new sections 128.22, 128.25, 128.26, 128.27,	14
	128.42, and 128.45 and sections 128.05, 128.21,	15
	128.211, 128.212, 128.221, 128.23, 128.24,	16
	128.241, 128.242, 128.243, 128.28, 128.41,	17
	128.411, 128.412, 128.413, 128.414, 128.415,	18
	128.416, 128.417, 128.418, 128.421, 128.422, and	19
	128.43; and to repeal sections 128.04, 128.09,	20
	128.15, 128.571, 4742.01, 4742.02, 4742.03,	21
	4742.04, 4742.05, 4742.06, and 4742.07 of the	22

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As Introduced	_

Revised Code to make changes to the law	23
governing 9-1-1 service and to repeal program	24
requirements for emergency-service-	25
telecommunicator training.	26

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 128.01, 128.02, 128.021, 128.022,	27
128.03, 128.06, 128.07, 128.08, 128.12, 128.18, 128.22, 128.25,	28
128.26, 128.27, 128.32, 128.34, 128.40, 128.42, 128.44, 128.45,	29
128.46, 128.461, 128.462, 128.47, 128.52, 128.54, 128.55,	30
128.57, 128.60, 128.63, 128.99, 149.43, 4776.20, 5703.052,	31
5733.55, and 5751.01 be amended; sections 128.18 (128.33),	32
128.22 (128.35), 128.25 (128.37), 128.26 (128.38), 128.27	33
(128.39), 128.32 (128.96), 128.34 (128.98), 128.40 (128.20),	34
128.42 (128.40), and 128.45 (128.451) be amended for the purpose	35
of adopting new section numbers as indicated in parentheses; and	36
new sections 128.22, 128.25, 128.26, 128.27, 128.42, and 128.45	37
and sections 128.05, 128.21, 128.211, 128.212, 128.221, 128.23,	38
128.24, 128.241, 128.242, 128.243, 128.28, 128.41, 128.411,	39
128.412, 128.413, 128.414, 128.415, 128.416, 128.417, 128.418,	4 C
128.421, 128.422, and 128.43 of the Revised Code be enacted to	41
read as follows:	42
Sec. 128.01. As used in this chapter:	43
(A) "9-1-1 system" means a system through which	44
individuals can request emergency service using the telephone	45
<u>access</u> number 9-1-1.	46
(B) "Basic 9-1-1" means a 9-1-1 an emergency telephone	47

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system in to which all of the following apply:

(1) The system automatically connects a caller provides	49
information on the nature of and the location of an emergency,	50
and the personnel receiving the call must determine the	51
appropriate emergency service provider to respond at that	52
location to a designated public safety answering point.	53
(2) Call routing is determined by a central office only.	54
(3) Automatic number identification and automatic location	55
information may or may not be supported.	56
(C) "Enhanced 9-1-1" means a 9-1-1 an emergency telephone	57
system <del>capable of providing both enhanced wireline 9 1 1 and</del>	58
wireless enhanced 9-1-1that includes both of the following:	59
(1) Network switching;	60
(2) Database- and public-safety-answering-point premise	61
elements capable of providing automatic location identification	62
data, selective routing, selective transfer, fixed transfer, and	63
a call back number.	64
(D) "Enhanced wireline 9-1-1" means a 9-1-1 system in	65
which the wireline telephone network, in providing wireline 9-1-	66
1, does either of the following:	67
(1) Automatically routes the call to emergency service	68
providers that serve the location from which the call is made	69
and immediately provides to personnel answering the 9-1-1 call	70
information on the location and the telephone number from which	71
the call is being made;	72
(2) Receives, develops, collects, or processes requests	73
for emergency assistance and relays, transfers, operates,	74
maintains, or provides emergency notification services or system	75
capabilities.	76

(E) William long appearant 0 1 1 manage 0 1 1 greater that	77
(E) "Wireless enhanced 9-1-1" means a 9-1-1 system that,	
in providing wireless 9-1-1, has the capabilities of phase I	78
and, to the extent available, phase II enhanced 9-1-1 services	79
as described in 47 C.F.R. 20.18 (d) to (h).	80
(F)(1) "Wireless service" means federally licensed	81
commercial mobile service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 332(d) and	82
further defined as commercial mobile radio service in 47 C.F.R.	83
20.3, and includes services for communicating voice, text, data,	84
and video and service provided by any wireless, two-way	85
communications device, including a radio-telephone	86
communications line used in cellular telephone service or	87
personal communications service, a network radio access line, or	88
any functional or competitive equivalent of such a radio-	89
telephone communications or network radio access line.	90
(2) Nothing in this chapter applies to paging or any	91
service that cannot be used to call 9-1-1.	92
(G) "Wireless service provider" means <del>a facilities based</del>	93
provider of any of the following that provides wireless service	94
to one or more end users in this state:	95
(1) A facilities-based provider;	96
(2) A mobile virtual network operator;	97
(3) A virtual network operator;	98
(4) A mobile other licensed operator.	99
(H) "Wireless 9-1-1" means the emergency calling service	100
provided by a 9-1-1 system pursuant to a call originating in the	101
network of a wireless service provider.	102
(I) "Wireline 9-1-1" means the emergency calling service	103
provided by a 9-1-1 system pursuant to a call originating in the	104
provided by a 9-1-1 system pursuant to a call originating in the	104

network of a wireline service provider.	105
(J) "Wireline service provider" means a facilities-based	106
provider of wireline service to one or more end-users end users	107
in this state.	108
(K) "Wireline service" means basic local exchange service,	109
as defined in section 4927.01 of the Revised Code, that is	110
transmitted by means of interconnected wires or cables by a	111
wireline service provider authorized by the public utilities	112
commission.	113
(L) "Wireline telephone network" means the selective	114
router and data base processing systems, trunking and data	115
wiring cross connection points at the public safety answering	116
point, and all other voice and data components of the 9-1-1	117
system.	118
(M) "Subdivision" means a county, municipal corporation,	119
township, township fire district, joint fire district, township	120
police district, joint police district, joint ambulance	121
district, or joint emergency medical services district that	122
provides emergency service within its territory, or that	123
contracts with another municipal corporation, township, or	124
district or with a private entity to provide such service; and a	125
state college or university, port authority, or park district of	126
any kind that employs law enforcement officers that act as the	127
primary police force on the grounds of the college or university	128
or port authority or in the parks operated by the district.	129
(N) "Emergency service" means emergency law enforcement,	130
firefighting, ambulance, rescue, and medical service.	131
(O) "Emergency service provider" means the state highway	132

subdivision or that provides emergency service to a subdivision	134
under contract with the subdivision.	135
(P) "Public safety answering point" means a facility to	136
which an entity responsible for receiving requests for emergency	137
services sent by dialing 9-1-1 system calls for within a	138
specific specified territory are initially routed for response	139
and where personnel respond to specific and processing those	140
requests for emergency service by services according to a	141
specific operational policy that includes directly dispatching	142
the appropriate emergency service provider, relaying a message	143
to the appropriate <u>emergency service</u> provider, or transferring	144
the <del>call</del> request for emergency services to the appropriate	145
emergency service provider. A public safety answering point may	146
be either of the following:	147
(1) Located in a specific facility;	148
(2) Virtual, if telecommunicators are geographically	149
dispersed and do not work from the same facility. The virtual	150
workplace may be a logical combination of physical facilities,	151
an alternate work environment such as a satellite facility, or a	152
combination of the two. Workers may be connected and	153
interoperate via internet-protocol connectivity.	154
(Q) "Customer premises equipment" means telecommunications	155
equipment, including telephone instruments, on the premises of a	156
public safety answering point that is used in answering and	157
responding to 9-1-1 system calls.	158
(R) "Municipal corporation in the county" includes any	159
municipal corporation that is wholly contained in the county and	160
each municipal corporation located in more than one county that	161
has a greater proportion of its territory in the county to which	162

the term refers than in any other county.	163
(S) "Board of county commissioners" includes the	164
legislative authority of a county established under Section 3 of	165
Article X, Ohio Constitution, or Chapter 302. of the Revised	166
Code.	167
(T) "Final plan" means a final plan adopted under division	168
(B) of section 128.08 of the Revised Code and, except as	169
otherwise expressly provided, an amended final plan adopted	170
under section 128.12 of the Revised Code.	171
(U) "Subdivision served by a public safety answering	172
point" means a subdivision that provides emergency service for	173
any part of its territory that is located within the territory	174
of a public safety answering point whether the subdivision	175
provides the emergency service with its own employees or	176
pursuant to a contract.	177
(V) A township's population includes only population of	178
the unincorporated portion of the township.	179
(W) "Telephone company" means a company engaged in the	180
business of providing local exchange telephone service by making	181
available or furnishing access and a dial tone to persons within	182
a local calling area for use in originating and receiving voice	183
grade communications over a switched network operated by the	184
provider of the service within the area and gaining access to	185
other telecommunications services. Unless otherwise specified,	186
"telephone company" includes a wireline service provider, a	187
wireless service provider, and any entity that is a covered 9-1-	188
1 service provider under 47 C.F.R. 12.4. For purposes of	189
sections $\frac{128.25}{128.37}$ and $\frac{128.26}{128.38}$ of the Revised Code,	190
"telephone company" means a wireline service provider.	191

(X) "Prepaid wireless calling service" has the same	192
meaning as in division (AA)(5) of section 5739.01 of the Revised	193
Code.	194
(Y) "Provider of a prepaid wireless calling service" means	195
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	197
calling Service.	197
(Z) "Retail sale" has the same meaning as in section	198
5739.01 of the Revised Code.	199
(AA) "Seller" means a person that sells a prepaid wireless	200
calling service to another person by retail sale.	201
(BB) "Consumer" means the person for whom the prepaid	202
wireless calling service is provided, to whom the transfer	203
effected or license given by a sale is or is to be made or	204
given, to whom the prepaid wireless calling service is charged,	205
meaning as in division (AA)(5) of section 5739.01 of the Revised Code.  (Y) "Provider of a prepaid wireless calling service" means a wireless service provider that provides a prepaid wireless calling service.  (Z) "Retail sale" has the same meaning as in section 5739.01 of the Revised Code.  (AA) "Seller" means a person that sells a prepaid wireless calling service to another person by retail sale.  (BB) "Consumer" means the person for whom the prepaid wireless calling service is provided, to whom the transfer effected or license given by a sale is or is to be made or	206
(CC) "Reseller" means a nonfacilities-based provider of	207
wireless service that provides wireless service under its own	208
name to one or more end users in this state using the network of	209
a wireless service provider.	210
(DD) "Steering committee" means the statewide emergency	211
services internet protocol network 9-1-1 steering committee	212
established by division (A)(1) of section 128.02 of the Revised	213
Code.	214
(EE) "Communications device or service" includes wired or	215
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on the effective date of the amendments to this section by	221
B of the 134th general assembly.	222
(FF) "Next generation 9-1-1" means an internet-protocol-	223
based system comprised of managed emergency services internet	224
protocol networks, functional elements, and databases that	225
replicate traditional enhanced 9-1-1 features and functions and	226
provide additional capabilities.	227
(GG) "Emergency services internet-protocol network" means	228
a managed internet-protocol network that is used for emergency	229
services communications and provides the internet-protocol	230
transport infrastructure upon which independent application	231
platforms and core services can be deployed, including those	232
necessary for providing next generation 9-1-1 services. The term	233
designates the network and not the services that ride on the	234
<pre>network.</pre>	235
(HH) "9-1-1 system service provider" means a company or	236
entity engaged in the business of providing all or part of the	237
emergency services internet-protocol network, software	238
applications, hardware, databases, customer premises equipment	239
components and operations, and management procedures required to	240
support basic 9-1-1, enhanced 9-1-1, enhanced wireline 9-1-1,	241
wireless enhanced 9-1-1, or next generation 9-1-1 systems.	242
(II) "Voice over internet protocol" means technologies for	243
the delivery of voice communications and multimedia sessions	244
over internet-protocol networks, including private networks or	245
the internet.	246
(JJ) "Multiline telephone system" means a system to which	247
both of the following apply:	248
(1) The system consists of common control units, telephone	249

sets, control hardware and software, and adjunct systems,	250
including network and premises-based systems.	251
(2) The system is designed to aggregate more than one	252
incoming voice communication channel for use by more than one	253
<u>telephone.</u>	254
(KK) "Business service user" means a user of business_	255
service that provides telecommunications service, including 9-1-	256
1 service, to end users through a publicly or privately owned or	257
controlled telephone switch.	258
(LL) "Emergency response location" means an additional	259
location identification that provides a specific location. It	260
may include information regarding a specific location within a	261
building, structure, complex, or campus, including a building	262
name, floor number, wing name or number, unit name or number,	263
room name or number, or office or cubicle name or number.	264
(MM) "Operator of a multiline telephone system" means an	265
entity to which both of the following apply:	266
(1) The entity manages or operates a multiline telephone	267
system through which an end user may initiate communication	268
using the 9-1-1 system.	269
(2) The entity owns, leases, or rents a multiline	270
telephone system through which an end user may initiate	271
communication using the 9-1-1 system.	272
(NN) "Core services" means the base set of services needed	273
to process a 9-1-1 call on an emergency services internet-	274
<pre>protocol network. It includes all of the following:</pre>	275
(1) Emergency services routing proxy;	276
(2) Emergency call routing function;	277

(3) Location validation function;	278
(4) Border control function;	279
(5) Bridge, policy-store, and logging services;	280
(6) Typical internet-protocol services such as domain name	281
system and dynamic host configuration protocol.	282
The term includes the services and not the network on	283
which they operate.	284
(00) "Bill and keep arrangements" has the same meaning as	285
<u>in 47 C.F.R. 51.713.</u>	286
Sec. 128.02. (A)(1) There is hereby created the statewide	287
<pre>emergency services internet protocol network 9-1-1 steering</pre>	288
committee, consisting of the following ten members:	289
(a) The state chief information officer or the officer's	290
designee;	291
(b) Two members of the house of representatives appointed	292
by the speaker, one from the majority party and one from the	293
minority party;	294
(c) Two members of the senate appointed by the president,	295
one from the majority party and one from the minority party;	296
(d) Five members appointed by the governor.	297
(2) In appointing the five members under division (A)(1)	298
(d) of this section, the governor shall appoint two	299
representatives of the county commissioners' association of Ohio	300
or a successor organization, two representatives of the Ohio	301
municipal league or a successor organization, and one	302
representative of the Ohio township association or a successor	303
organization. For each of these appointments, the governor shall	304

consider a nominee proposed by the association or successor	305
organization. The governor may reject any of the nominees and	306
may request that a nominating entity submit alternative	307
nominees.	308
(3) Initial appointments shall be made not later than ten-	309
days after September 28, 2012.	310
(B)(1) The state chief information officer or the	311
officer's designee shall serve as the chairperson of the	312
steering committee and shall be a nonvoting member. All other	313
members shall be voting members.	314
(2) A member of the steering committee appointed from the	315
membership of the senate or the house of representatives shall	316
serve during the member's term as a member of the general	317
assembly and until a successor is appointed and qualified,	318
notwithstanding adjournment of the general assembly or the	319
expiration of the member's term as a member of the general	320
assembly.	321
(3) The initial terms of one of the representatives of the	322
county commissioners' association of Ohio, one of the	323
representatives of the Ohio municipal league, and the	324
representative of the Ohio township association shall all expire	325
on December 31, 2016. The initial terms of the other	326
representatives of the county commissioners' association of Ohio	327
and the Ohio municipal league shall expire on December 31, 2014.	328
Thereafter, terms of the members appointed by the governor shall	329
be for four years, with each term ending on the same day of the	330
same month as the term it succeeds. Each member appointed by the	331
governor shall hold office from the date of the member's	332
appointment until the end of the term for which the member was	333
appointed, and may be reappointed. A member appointed by the	334

governor shall continue in office after the expiration date of	335
the member's term until the member's successor takes office or	336
until a period of sixty days has elapsed, whichever occurs	337
first. Members appointed by the governor shall serve without	338
compensation and shall not be reimbursed for expenses.	339
(4) A vacancy in the position of any member of the	340
steering committee shall be filled for the unexpired term in the	341
same manner as the original appointment.	342
(C) The steering committee shall generally advise the	343
state on the implementation, operation, and maintenance of a	344
statewide emergency services internet protocol network—that—	345
would support state and local government, a statewide next-	346
generation 9-1-1 core-services system, and the dispatch of	347
emergency service providers. The steering committee shall do all	348
of the following:	349
(1) On or before May 15, 2013, deliver an initial report	350
to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of	351
the senate, and the governor providing recommendations for the-	352
state to address the development of a statewide emergency-	353
services internet protocol network, which recommendations shall	354
include a review of the current funding model for this state's-	355
9-1-1 systems and may include a recommendation for a reduction-	356
in wireless 9-1-1 charges;	357
(2) Examine the readiness of the state's current	358
technology infrastructure for a statewide emergency services	359
<pre>internet protocol network;</pre>	360
$\frac{(3)}{(2)}$ Research legislative authority with regard to	361
governance and funding of a statewide emergency services	362
internet protocol network, and provide recommendations on best	363

practices to limit duplicative efforts to ensure an effective	364
transition to-next-generation next generation 9-1-1;	365
(4) Make recommendations for consolidation of public-	366
safety-answering-point operations in this state, including	367
recommendations for accelerating the consolidation schedule	368
established in section 128.571 of the Revised Code, to	369
accommodate next-generation 9-1-1 technology and to facilitate a	370
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more efficient and effective emergency services system;	3/1
(5) (3) Recommend policies, procedures, and statutory or	372
regulatory authority to effectively govern a statewide emergency	373
services internet protocol network next generation 9-1-1 system;	374
(6) (4) Designate a next-generation next generation 9-1-1	375
statewide coordinator to serve as the primary point of contact	376
for federal initiatives;	377
$\frac{(7)}{(5)}$ Coordinate with statewide initiatives and	378
associations such as the state interoperable executive	379
committee, the Ohio geographically referenced information	380
program council, the Ohio multi-agency radio communications	381
system steering committee, and other interested parties;	382
$\frac{(8)}{(6)}$ Serve as the entity responsible for the	383
administration of Chapter 128. of the Revised Code.	384
(D)(1) A 9-1-1 service provider shall provide to the	385
steering committee:	386
(a) The aggregate number of access lines that the provider	387
maintains within the state of Ohio;	388
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(b) The aggregate amount of costs and cost recovery	389
associated with providing 9-1-1 service, including coverage	390
under tariffs and bill and keep arrangements within this state;	391

(c) Any other information requested by the steering	392
committee deemed necessary to support the transition to next	393
generation 9-1-1.	394
(2) Any <del>political subdivision or governmental</del> entity	395
operating a public safety answering point shall provide to the	396
steering committee:	397
(a) The geographic location and population of the area for	398
which the planning committee entity is responsible;	399
(b) Statistics detailing the number of 9-1-1 calls	400
received;	401
(c) A report of expenditures made from disbursements for	402
9-1-1;	403
(d) An inventory of and the technical specifications for	404
the current 9-1-1 network and equipment;	405
(e) Any other information requested by the steering	406
committee that is deemed necessary to support the transition to	407
next generation 9-1-1.	408
(3) The information requested under divisions (D)(1) and	409
(2) of this section shall be provided by the 9-1-1 service	410
provider, political subdivision, or governmental entity within	411
forty-five days of the request of the steering committee.	412
(E) The steering committee shall hold its inaugural	413
meeting not later than thirty days after September 28, 2012.	414
Thereafter, the steering committee shall meet at least once a	415
month quarter, either in person or utilizing telecommunication-	416
conferencing technology. A majority of the voting members shall	417
constitute a quorum.	418
(F)(1) The steering committee shall have a permanent	419

technical-standards subcommittee and a permanent public-safety-	420
answering-point-operations subcommittee, and may, from time to	421
time, establish additional subcommittees, to advise and assist	422
the steering committee based upon the subcommittees' areas of	423
expertise. The subcommittees may meet either in person or	424
utilizing telecommunication-conferencing technology. A majority	425
of the voting members shall constitute a quorum.	426
(2) The membership of subcommittees shall be determined by	427
the steering committee.	428
(a) The technical-standards subcommittee shall include one	429
member representing a wireline or wireless service provider that	430
participates in the state's 9-1-1 system, one representative of	431
the Ohio academic resources network, one representative of the	432
Ohio multi-agency radio communications system steering	433
committee, one representative of the Ohio geographically	434
referenced information program, and one member representing each	435
of the following associations selected by the steering committee	436
from nominations received from that association:	437
(i) The Ohio telephone association;	438
(ii) The Ohio chapter of the association of public-safety	439
communications officials;	440
(iii) The Ohio chapter of the national emergency number	441
association.	442
(b) The public-safety-answering-point-operations	443
subcommittee shall include one member representing the division	444
of emergency management of the department of public safety, one	445
member representing the state highway patrol, one member	446
representing the division of emergency medical services of the	447
department of public safety, two members recommended by the	448

county commissioners' association of Ohio who are managers of	449
public safety answering points, two members recommended by the	450
Ohio municipal league who are managers of public safety	451
answering points, and one member from each of the following	452
associations selected by the steering committee from nominations	453
received from that association:	454
(i) The buckeye state sheriffs' association;	455
(ii) The Ohio association of chiefs of police;	456
(iii) The Ohio association of fire chiefs association;	457
(iv) The Ohio chapter of the association of public-safety	458
communications officials;	459
(v) The Ohio chapter of the national emergency number	460
association.	461
(G) The committee is not an agency, as defined in section	462
101.82 of the Revised Code, for purposes of sections 101.82 to	463
101.87 of the Revised Code.	464
(H) As used in this section, "9-1-1 system," "wireless-	465
service provider," "wireline service provider," "emergency	466
service provider," and "public safety answering point" have the	467
same meanings as in section 128.01 of the Revised Code.	468
(I) As used in this section, "bill and keep arrangements"	469
has the same meaning as in 47 C.F.R. 51.713.	470
Sec. 128.021. (A) Not later than January 1, 2014, and in	471
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the steering	472
committee shall adopt rules that establish technical and	473
operational standards for public safety answering points	474
eligible to receive disbursements under section 128.55 of the	475
Revised Code. The rules shall incorporate industry standards and	476

best practices for wireless-9-1-1 services. Public safety	4.7.7
answering points shall comply with the standards not later than	478
two years after the effective date of the rules adopting the	479
standards. A public safety answering point may be deemed	480
compliant with rules for minimum staffing standards, if it can	481
demonstrate compliance with all other rules for operational	482
standards.	483
(B) Not later than one year after September 29, 2015, and	484
in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the	485
steering committee shall conduct an assessment of the	486
operational standards for public safety answering points	487
developed under division (A) of this section and revise the	488
standards as necessary to ensure that the operational standards	489
contain the following:	490
(1) Policies to ensure that public safety answering point	491
personnel prioritize life-saving questions in responding to each	492
call to a 9-1-1 system established under this chapter;	493
(2) A requirement that all public safety answering point	494
personnel complete proper training or provide proof of prior	495
training to give instructions regarding emergency situations.	496
(C) Upon the effective date of the amendments to this	497
section byB of the 134th general assembly, all public	498
safety answering points that answer 9-1-1 calls for service from	499
communications devices and services shall be subject to the	500
public safety answering point operations rules. Public safety	501
answering points not originally required to be compliant shall	502
comply with the standards not later than two years after the	503
effective date of the amendments to this section byB of	504
the 134th general assembly.	505

Sec. 128.022. (A) The steering committee shall establish	506
guidelines for the tax commissioner to use when disbursing money	507
from the <del>next generation 9-1-1</del> government assistance fund to	508
countywide 9-1-1 systems in the state, as well as guidelines for	509
the use of funds from the next generation 9-1-1 fund. The	510
guidelines shall be consistent with the standards adopted in	511
section 128.021 of the Revised Code and shall specify that	512
disbursements may be used for costs associated with the	513
operation of and equipment for phase II wireless systems and for	514
costs associated with a county's migration to next generation 9-	515
1-1 systems and technology. The committee shall periodically	516
review the guidelines described in this division and adjust them	517
as needed.	518
(B) The committee shall report any adjustments to the	519
guidelines described in division (A) of this section to the	520
department of taxation. The adjustments shall take effect six	521
months from the date the department is notified of the	522
adjustments.	523
<b>Sec. 128.03.</b> (A) <del>(1)</del> A countywide 9-1-1 system shall	524
include all of the territory of the townships and municipal	525
corporations in the county and any portion of such a municipal	526
corporation that extends into an adjacent county.	527
(2) The system shall exclude any territory served by a	528
( )	
wireline service provider that is not capable of reasonably	529
meeting the technical and economic requirements of providing the	530
wireline telephone network portion of the countywide system for	531
that territory. The system shall exclude from enhanced 9-1-1 any	532
territory served by a wireline service provider that is not	533
capable of reasonably meeting the technical and economic	534
requirements of providing the wireline telephone network portion	535

of enhanced 9 1-1 for that territory. If a 9-1-1 planning	536
committee and a wireline service provider do not agree on-	537
whether the provider is so capable, the planning committee shall-	538
notify the steering committee, and the steering committee shall-	539
determine whether the wireline service provider is so capable.	540
The planning committee shall ascertain whether such disagreement	541
exists before making its implementation proposal under division-	542
(A) of section 128.07 of the Revised Code. The steering	543
committee's determination shall be in the form of an order. No	544
final plan shall require a wireline service provider to provide-	545
the wireline telephone network portion of a 9-1-1 system that	546
the steering committee has determined the provider is not-	547
reasonably capable of providing.	548
(B) A countywide 9-1-1 system may be <del>a basic or an</del>	549
enhanced or next generation 9-1-1 system, or a combination of	550
the two, and shall be <del>for the purpose of providing both wireline</del>	551
9-1-1 and wireless 9-1-1designed to provide access to emergency	552
services from all connected communications sources.	553
(C) $\underline{(1)}$ Every emergency service provider that provides	554
emergency service within the territory of a countywide 9-1-1	555
system shall participate in the countywide system.	556
(2) A countywide 9-1-1 system may be provided directly by	557
the county, by a regional council of governments, or by	558
connecting directly to the statewide next generation 9-1-1	559
system for call routing and core services.	560
(D) (1) Each public cofety approximation which the little	E C 1
(D) (1) Each public safety answering point shall be	561
operated by a subdivision or a regional council of governments	562
and shall be operated constantly.	563

(2) A subdivision or a regional council of governments

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that operates a public safety answering point shall pay all of	565
the costs associated with establishing, equipping, furnishing,	566
operating, and maintaining that facility and shall allocate	567
those costs among itself and the subdivisions served by the	568
answering point based on the allocation formula in a final plan.	569
The wireline service provider or other entity that provides or	570
maintains the customer premises equipment shall bill the	571
operating subdivision or the operating regional council of	572
governments for the cost of providing such equipment, or its	573
maintenance. A wireless service provider and a subdivision or	574
regional council of governments operating a public safety	575
answering point may enter into a service agreement for providing	576
wireless enhanced 9-1-1 pursuant to a final plan adopted under	577
this chapter.	578

- (E) Except to the extent provided in a final plan that 579 provides for funding of a 9-1-1 system in part through charges 580 imposed under section 128.22—128.35 of the Revised Code, each 581 subdivision served by a public safety answering point shall pay 582 the subdivision or regional council of governments that operates 583 the answering point the amount computed in accordance with the 584 allocation formula set forth in the final plan. 585
- (F) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 586 purchase or other acquisition, installation, and maintenance of 587 the telephone network for a 9-1-1 system and the purchase or 588 other acquisition, installation, and maintenance of customer 589 premises equipment at a public safety answering point made in 590 compliance with a final plan-or an agreement under section 591 128.09 of the Revised Code, including customer premises 592 equipment used to provide wireless enhanced 9-1-1, are not 593 subject to any requirement of competitive bidding. 594

(G) Each emergency service provider participating in a	595
countywide 9-1-1 system shall maintain a telephone number in	596
addition to 9-1-1.	597
(H) Whenever a final plan provides for the implementation	598
of basic 9-1-1, the planning committee shall so notify the	599
steering committee, which shall determine whether the wireline	600
service providers serving the territory covered by the plan are	601
capable of reasonably meeting the technical and economic-	602
requirements of providing the wireline telephone network portion-	603
of an enhanced 9-1-1 system. The determination shall be made	604
solely for purposes of division (C)(2) of section 128.18 of the	605
Revised Code.	606
(I)—If the public safety answering point personnel	607
reasonably determine that a 9-1-1 call is not an emergency, the	608
personnel shall provide the caller with the telephone number of	609
an appropriate subdivision agency as applicable.	610
(J) (I) A final plan adopted under this chapter, or an	611
agreement under section 128.09 of the Revised Code, may provide	612
that, by further agreement included in the plan <del>or agreement</del> ,	613
the state highway patrol or one or more public safety answering	614
points of another 9-1-1 system is the public safety answering	615
point or points for the provision of wireline or wireless 9-1-1	616
for all or part of the territory of the 9-1-1 system established	617
under the plan <del>or agreement</del> . In that event, the subdivision for	618
which the wireline or wireless 9-1-1 is provided as named in the	619
agreement shall be deemed the subdivision operating the public	620
safety answering point or points for purposes of this chapter,	621
except that, for the purpose of division (D)(2) of this section,	622
that subdivision shall pay only so much of the costs of	623
establishing, equipping, furnishing, operating, or maintaining	624

any such public safety answering point as are specified in the	625
agreement with the patrol or other system.	626
$\frac{K}{K}$ A final plan for the provision of wireless	627
enhanced 9-1-1 shall provide that any wireless 9-1-1 calls	628
routed to a state highway patrol-operated public safety	629
answering point by default, due to a wireless service provider	630
so routing all such calls of its subscribers without prior	631
permission, are instead to be routed as provided under the plan.	632
Upon the implementation of countywide wireless enhanced 9-1-1	633
pursuant to a final plan, the state highway patrol shall cease	634
any functioning as a public safety answering point providing	635
wireless 9-1-1 within the territory covered by the countywide 9-	636
1-1 system so established, unless the patrol functions as a	637
public safety answering point providing wireless enhanced 9-1-1	638
pursuant to an agreement included in the plan as authorized	639
under division $\frac{(J)-(I)}{(I)}$ of this section.	640
Sec. 128.05. Each county shall appoint a county 9-1-1	641
coordinator to serve as the administrative coordinator for all	642
public safety answering points participating in the countywide	643
9-1-1 final plan described in section 128.03 of the Revised Code	644
and shall also serve as a liaison with other county coordinators	645
and the 9-1-1 program office.	646
Sec. 128.06. (A) A board of Except as provided in division	647
(B) of this section, every county commissioners or the	648
legislative authority of any municipal corporation in the county	649
that contains at least thirty per cent of the county's	650
population may adopt a resolution to convene shall maintain a	651
<pre>county 9-1-1 planning program review committee, which shall</pre>	652
serve without compensation and shall consist of <a href="mailto:three-six">three-six</a> voting	653
members as follows:	654

(1) The president or other presiding officer A member of	655
the board of county commissioners, who shall serve as	656
chairperson of the committee;	657
(2) The chief executive officer of the most populous	658
municipal corporation in the county;	659
manifolipal colipolation in the country,	000
(3) From the more populous of the following, either the	660
chief executive officer of the second most populous municipal	661
corporation in the county or a A member of the board of township	662
trustees of the most populous township in the county as selected	663
by majority vote of the board of trustees.	664
In counties with a population of one hundred seventy-five-	665
thousand or more, the planning committee shall consist of two-	666
additional voting members as follows: a;	667
(4) A member of a board of township trustees selected by	668
the majority of boards of township trustees in the county	669
pursuant to resolutions they adopt, and the chief executive	670
officer;	671
(E) A members of the legislative sutherity of a municipal	672
(5) A member of the legislative authority of a municipal	
corporation in the county selected by the majority of the	673
legislative authorities of municipal corporations in the county	674
pursuant to resolutions they adopt;	675
(6) An elected official from within the county appointed	676
by the board of county commissioners.	677
When determining population under this division (A)(2) of	678
this section, population residing outside the county shall be	679
excluded.	680
(B) <u>In counties with fewer than five townships and a</u>	681
population in excess of seven hundred fifty thousand, the	682

composition of the 9-1-1 program review committee shall consist	683
of five members as follows:	684
(1) A member of the board of county commissioners, who	685
shall serve as chairperson of the committee;	686
(2) The chief executive officer of the most populous	687
municipal corporation in the county. Population residing outside	688
the county shall be excluded when making this determination.	689
(3) A member from one of the following, whichever is more	690
populous:	691
(a) The chief executive officer of the second most	692
populous municipal corporation in the county;	693
(b) A member of the board of township trustees of the most	694
populous township in the county as selected by majority vote of	695
the board of trustees.	696
(4) The chief executive officer of a municipal corporation	697
in the county selected by the majority of the legislative	698
authorities of municipal corporations in the county pursuant to	699
resolutions they adopt;	700
(5) A member of a board of township trustees selected by	701
the majority of boards of township trustees in the county	702
pursuant to resolutions they adopt.	703
(C) Within thirty days after the adoption of a resolution-	704
to convene the <u>Each</u> committee under division (A) of this	705
section, the committee shall convene for the sole purpose of	706
developing maintain and amend a final plan for implementing and	707
operating a countywide 9-1-1 system. The Any amendment to the	708
final plan shall require a two-thirds vote of the committee.	709
Each committee shall convene at least once annually for the	710

purposes of maintaining or amending a final plan described in	711
this section.	712
(D) Each committee shall, not later than the first day of	713
March of each year, submit a report to the political	714
subdivisions within the county and to the 9-1-1 program office	715
detailing the sources and amounts of revenue expended to support	716
and all costs incurred to operate the countywide 9-1-1 system	717
and the public safety answering points that are a part of that	718
system for the previous calendar year. A county shall provide	719
the <pre>county's committee with any clerical, legal, and other staff</pre>	720
assistance necessary to develop the final plan and shall pay for	721
copying, mailing, and any other such expenses incurred by the	722
committee in developing the final plan and in meeting the	723
requirements imposed by sections 128.06 to 128.08 of the Revised	724
Code.	725
(C) The 9-1-1 planning committee shall appoint a 9-1-1	726
(C) The 9-1-1 planning committee shall appoint a 9-1-1-technical advisory committee to assist it in planning the	726 727
technical advisory committee to assist it in planning the	727
technical advisory committee to assist it in planning the countywide 9-1-1 system. The advisory committee shall include at	727 728
technical advisory committee to assist it in planning the countywide 9-1-1 system. The advisory committee shall include at least one fire chief and one police chief serving in the county,	727 728 729
technical advisory committee to assist it in planning the countywide 9-1-1 system. The advisory committee shall include at least one fire chief and one police chief serving in the county, the county sheriff, a representative of the state highway patrol	727 728 729 730
technical advisory committee to assist it in planning the countywide 9-1-1 system. The advisory committee shall include at least one fire chief and one police chief serving in the county, the county sheriff, a representative of the state highway patrol selected by the patrol, one representative of each telephone	727 728 729 730 731
technical advisory committee to assist it in planning the countywide 9-1-1 system. The advisory committee shall include at least one fire chief and one police chief serving in the county, the county sheriff, a representative of the state highway patrol selected by the patrol, one representative of each telephone company in each case selected by the telephone company	727 728 729 730 731 732
technical advisory committee to assist it in planning the countywide 9-1-1 system. The advisory committee shall include at least one fire chief and one police chief serving in the county, the county sheriff, a representative of the state highway patrol selected by the patrol, one representative of each telephone company in each case selected by the telephone company represented, the director/coordinator of emergency management	727 728 729 730 731 732 733
technical advisory committee to assist it in planning the countywide 9-1-1 system. The advisory committee shall include at least one fire chief and one police chief serving in the county, the county sheriff, a representative of the state highway patrol selected by the patrol, one representative of each telephone company in each case selected by the telephone company represented, the director/coordinator of emergency management appointed under section 5502.26, 5502.27, or 5502.271 of the	727 728 729 730 731 732 733
technical advisory committee to assist it in planning the countywide 9-1-1 system. The advisory committee shall include at least one fire chief and one police chief serving in the county, the county sheriff, a representative of the state highway patrol selected by the patrol, one representative of each telephone company in each case selected by the telephone company represented, the director/coordinator of emergency management appointed under section 5502.26, 5502.27, or 5502.271 of the Revised Code, as appropriate, and a member of a board of	727 728 729 730 731 732 733 734
technical advisory committee to assist it in planning the countywide 9-1-1 system. The advisory committee shall include at least one fire chief and one police chief serving in the county, the county sheriff, a representative of the state highway patrol selected by the patrol, one representative of each telephone company in each case selected by the telephone company represented, the director/coordinator of emergency management appointed under section 5502.26, 5502.27, or 5502.271 of the Revised Code, as appropriate, and a member of a board of township trustees of a township in the county selected by a	727 728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735
technical advisory committee to assist it in planning the countywide 9-1-1 system. The advisory committee shall include at least one fire chief and one police chief serving in the county, the county sheriff, a representative of the state highway patrol selected by the patrol, one representative of each telephone company in each case selected by the telephone company represented, the director/coordinator of emergency management appointed under section 5502.26, 5502.27, or 5502.271 of the Revised Code, as appropriate, and a member of a board of township trustees of a township in the county selected by a majority of boards of township trustees in the county pursuant	727 728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737

system and shall hold a public meeting on the proposal to	741
explain the system to and receive comments from public-	742
officials. At least thirty but not more than sixty days before-	743
the meeting, the committee shall send a copy of the	744
<pre>implementation proposal and written notice of the meeting:</pre>	745
(1) To the board of county commissioners, the legislative	746
authority of each municipal corporation in the county, and to	747
the board of trustees of each township in the county, either by	748
certified mail or, if the committee has record of an internet	749
identifier of record associated with the board or legislative-	750
authority, by ordinary mail and by that internet identifier of	751
record; and	752
(2) To the board of trustees, directors, or park	753
commissioners of each subdivision that will be served by a	754
public safety answering point under the plan.	755
(B) The proposal and the final plan adopted by the	756
committee required under section 128.06 of the Revised Code	757
shall specify:	758
(1) Which telephone companies serving customers in the	759
county and, as authorized in division (A) $\frac{\text{(1)}}{\text{(1)}}$ of section 128.03	760
of the Revised Code, in an adjacent county will participate in	761
the 9-1-1 system;	762
(2) The location and number of public safety answering	763
points; how they the public safety answering points will be	764
connected to a company's telephone network county's preferred	765
next generation 9-1-1 system; from what geographic territory	766
each public safety answering point will receive 9-1-1 calls;	767
whether <del>basic or</del> enhanced 9-1-1 <u>or next generation 9-1-1</u> service	768
will be provided within such territory; what subdivisions will	769

be served by the <u>public safety</u> answering point; and whether an a	770
<pre>public safety answering point will respond to calls by directly</pre>	771
dispatching an emergency service provider, by relaying a message	772
to the appropriate <a href="mailto:emergency service">emergency service</a> provider, or by	773
transferring the call to the appropriate <u>emergency service</u>	774
provider;	775
(3) How originating service providers must connect to the	776
core 9-1-1 system identified by the final plan and what methods	777
will be utilized by the originating service providers to provide	778
9-1-1 voice, text, other forms of messaging media, and caller	779
<pre>location to the core 9-1-1 system;</pre>	780
(4) That in instances where a public safety answering	781
point, even if capable, does not directly dispatch all entities	782
that provide the emergency services potentially needed for an	783
incident, without significant delay, that request shall be	784
transferred or the information electronically relayed to the	785
entity that directly dispatches the potentially needed emergency	786
services;	787
(5) Which subdivision or regional council of governments	788
will establish, equip, furnish, operate, and maintain a	789
particular public safety answering point;	790
$\frac{(4)-(6)}{(6)}$ A projection of the initial cost of establishing,	791
equipping, and furnishing and of the annual cost of the first	792
five years of operating and maintaining each public safety	793
answering point;	794
$\frac{(5)}{(7)}$ Whether the cost of establishing, equipping,	795
furnishing, operating, or maintaining each public safety	796
answering point should be funded through charges imposed under	797
section 128.22 128.35 of the Revised Code or will be allocated	798

among the subdivisions served by the answering point and, if any	799
such cost is to be allocated, the formula for so allocating it;	800
(6) (8) How each emergency service provider will respond	801
to a misdirected call or the provision of a caller location that	802
is either misrepresentative of the actual location or does not	803
meet requirements of the federal communications commission or	804
other accepted national standards as they exist on the date of	805
the call origination.	806
(C) Following the meeting required by this section, the 9	807
1-1 planning committee may modify the implementation proposal-	808
and, no later than nine months after the resolution authorized-	809
by section 128.06 of the Revised Code is adopted, may adopt, by	810
majority vote, a final plan for implementing a countywide 9-1-1	811
system. If a planning committee and wireline service provider do-	812
not agree on whether the wireline service provider is capable of	813
providing the wireline telephone network as described under	814
division (A) of section 128.03 of the Revised Code and the	815
planning committee refers that question to the steering	816
committee, the steering committee may extend the nine-month	817
deadline established by this division to twelve months.	818
Immediately on completion of the plan, the planning (B) (1) The	819
9-1-1 program review committee shall send a copy of the final	820
plan:	821
$\frac{(1)}{(a)}$ To the board of county commissioners of the	822
county, to the legislative authority of each municipal	823
corporation in the county, and to the board of township trustees	824
of each township in the county either by certified mail or, if	825
the committee has record of an internet identifier of record	826
associated with the board or legislative authority, by ordinary	827
mail and by that internet identifier of record; and	828

(2) (b) To the board of trustees, directors, or park	829
commissioners of each subdivision that will be served by a	830
public safety answering point under the plan.	831
(D) (2) The 9-1-1 program review committee shall file a	832
copy of its current final plan with the Ohio 9-1-1 program	833
office not later than six months after the effective date of	834
this amendment. Any revisions or amendments shall be filed not	835
later than ninety days after adoption.	836
(C) As used in this section, "internet identifier of	837
record" has the same meaning as in section 9.312 of the Revised	838
Code.	839
Sec. 128.08. (A) Within sixty days after receipt of the	840
final plan pursuant to division $\frac{(C)-(B)(1)}{(C)}$ of section 128.07 of	841
the Revised Code, the board of county commissioners of the	842
county and the legislative authority of each municipal	843
corporation in the county and of each township whose territory	844
is proposed to be included in a countywide 9-1-1 system shall	845
act by resolution to approve or disapprove the plan, except	846
that, with respect to a final plan that provides for funding of	847
the 9-1-1 system in part through charges imposed under section	848
128.22 128.35 of the Revised Code, the board of county	849
commissioners shall not act by resolution to approve or	850
disapprove the plan until after a resolution adopted under	851
section <del>128.22</del> <u>128.35</u> of the Revised Code has become effective	852
as provided in division (D) of that section. A municipal	853
corporation or township whose territory is proposed to be	854
included in the system includes any municipal corporation or	855
township in which a part of its territory is excluded pursuant	856
to division (A)(2) of section 128.03 of the Revised Code. Each	857
such authority immediately shall notify the board of county	858

commissioners in writing of its approval or disapproval of the	859
final plan. Failure by a board or legislative authority to	860
notify the board of county commissioners of approval or	861
disapproval within such sixty-day period shall be deemed	862
disapproval by the board or authority.	863
(B) As used in this division, "county's population"	864
excludes the population of any municipal corporation or township	865
that, under the plan, is completely excluded from 9-1-1 service	866
in the county's final plan. A countywide plan is effective if	867
all of the following entities approve the plan in accordance	868
with this section:	869
(1) The board of county commissioners;	870
(2) The legislative authority of a municipal corporation	871
that contains at least thirty per cent of the county's	872
population, if any;	873
(3) The legislative authorities of municipal corporations	874
and townships that contain at least sixty per cent of the	875
county's population or, if the plan has been approved by a	876
municipal corporation that contains at least sixty per cent of	877
the county's population, by the legislative authorities of	878
municipal corporations and townships that contain at least	879
seventy-five per cent of the county's population.	880
(C) After a countywide plan approved in accordance with	881
this section is adopted, all of the telephone companies,	882
subdivisions, and regional councils of governments included in	883
the plan are subject to the specific requirements of the plan	884
and to this chapter.	885
Sec. 128.12. (A) An amended final plan is required for any	886
of the following purposes:	887

(1) Expanding the territory included in the countywide 9-	888
1-1 system;	889
(2) Upgrading any part or all of $\frac{1}{2}$ the countywide $\frac{1}{2}$	890
system—from basic to enhanced wireline 9-1-1;	891
(3) Adjusting the territory served by a public safety	892
answering point;	893
(4) Permitting a regional council of governments to	894
operate a public safety answering point;	895
(5) Represcribing the funding of public safety answering	896
points as between the alternatives set forth in division (B)(5)	897
(A) (7) of section 128.07 of the Revised Code;	898
(6) Providing for wireless enhanced 9-1-1;	899
(7) Adding, changing, or removing a telephone company 9-1-	900
1 system service provider as a participant in a the countywide	901
9-1-1 system—after the implementation of wireline 9-1-1 or	902
wireless enhanced 9-1-1;	903
(8) Providing that the state highway patrol or one or more	904
public safety answering points of another 9-1-1 system function	905
as a public safety answering point or points for the provision	906
of wireline or wireless 9-1-1 for all or part of the territory	907
of the system established under the final plan, as contemplated	908
under division $\frac{(J)}{(I)}$ of section 128.03 of the Revised Code;	909
(9) Making any other necessary adjustments to the plan.	910
(B)(1) To amend a final plan for the purpose described in-	911
division (A) (7) of this section, an entity that wishes to be	912
added as a participant in a 9-1-1 system shall file a written-	913
letter of that intent with the board of county commissioners of	914
the county that approved the final plan. The final plan is	915

deemed amended upon the filing of that letter. The entity that	916
files the letter shall send written notice of that filing to all-	917
subdivisions, regional councils of governments, and telephone	918
companies participating in the system.	919
(2)—An amendment to a final plan for any other purpose set	920
forth in division (A) of this section may be made by an addendum	921
approved by a majority of the 9-1-1 planning program review	922
committee. The board of county commissioners shall call a	923
meeting of the 9-1-1 planning program review committee for the	924
purpose of considering an addendum pursuant to this division.	925
(3) (2) Adoption of any resolution under section 128.22	926
128.35 of the Revised Code pursuant to a final plan that both	927
has been adopted and provides for funding through charges	928
imposed under that section is not an amendment of a final plan	929
for the purpose of this division.	930
(C) When a final plan is amended for a purpose described	931
in division (A)(1), (2), or (7) of this section, sections $\frac{128.18}{1}$	932
128.33 and 5733.55 of the Revised Code apply with respect to the	933
128.33 and 5733.55 of the Revised Code apply with respect to the	933
128.33 and 5733.55 of the Revised Code apply with respect to the receipt of the nonrecurring and recurring rates and charges for	933 934
128.33 and 5733.55 of the Revised Code apply with respect to the receipt of the nonrecurring and recurring rates and charges for the wireline telephone network portion of the 9-1-1 system.	933 934 935
128.33 and 5733.55 of the Revised Code apply with respect to the receipt of the nonrecurring and recurring rates and charges for the wireline telephone network portion of the 9-1-1 system.  Sec. 128.40 128.20. There is hereby created within the	933 934 935 936
128.33 and 5733.55 of the Revised Code apply with respect to the receipt of the nonrecurring and recurring rates and charges for the wireline telephone network portion of the 9-1-1 system.  Sec. 128.40—128.20. There is hereby created within the department of administrative services the 9-1-1 program office,	933 934 935 936 937
128.33 and 5733.55 of the Revised Code apply with respect to the receipt of the nonrecurring and recurring rates and charges for the wireline telephone network portion of the 9-1-1 system.  Sec. 128.40 128.20. There is hereby created within the department of administrative services the 9-1-1 program office, headed by an administrator in the unclassified civil service	933 934 935 936 937 938
128.33 and 5733.55 of the Revised Code apply with respect to the receipt of the nonrecurring and recurring rates and charges for the wireline telephone network portion of the 9-1-1 system.  Sec. 128.40 128.20. There is hereby created within the department of administrative services the 9-1-1 program office, headed by an administrator in the unclassified civil service pursuant to division (A) (9) of section 124.11 of the Revised	933 934 935 936 937 938
128.33 and 5733.55 of the Revised Code apply with respect to the receipt of the nonrecurring and recurring rates and charges for the wireline telephone network portion of the 9-1-1 system.  Sec. 128.40—128.20. There is hereby created within the department of administrative services the 9-1-1 program office, headed by an administrator in the unclassified civil service pursuant to division (A) (9) of section 124.11 of the Revised Code. The administrator shall be appointed by and serve at the	933 934 935 936 937 938 939
128.33 and 5733.55 of the Revised Code apply with respect to the receipt of the nonrecurring and recurring rates and charges for the wireline telephone network portion of the 9-1-1 system.  Sec. 128.40—128.20. There is hereby created within the department of administrative services the 9-1-1 program office, headed by an administrator in the unclassified civil service pursuant to division (A)(9) of section 124.11 of the Revised Code. The administrator shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the director of administrative services and shall	933 934 935 936 937 938 939 940
128.33 and 5733.55 of the Revised Code apply with respect to the receipt of the nonrecurring and recurring rates and charges for the wireline telephone network portion of the 9-1-1 system.  Sec. 128.40—128.20. There is hereby created within the department of administrative services the 9-1-1 program office, headed by an administrator in the unclassified civil service pursuant to division (A)(9) of section 124.11 of the Revised Code. The administrator shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the director of administrative services and shall report directly to the state chief information officer. The	933 934 935 936 937 938 939 940 941 942

Sec. 128.21. (A) The 9-1-1 program office shall coordinate	946
and manage a statewide next generation 9-1-1 core services	947
system. The office shall interoperate the system with Canada and	948
the states that border this state. The office shall also manage	949
the vendors supplying the equipment and services for the system	950
to the department of administrative services.	951
(B)(1) The statewide next generation 9-1-1 core services	952
system shall be capable of providing 9-1-1 core services for all	953
of the territory of all the counties within this state, over	954
both land and water. The system shall route all 9-1-1 traffic	955
using location and policy-based routing to legacy enhanced 9-1-1	956
public safety answering points, next generation 9-1-1 public	957
safety answering points, and local next generation 9-1-1	958
systems. The system shall be designed to provide access to	959
emergency services from all connected communications sources and	960
provide multimedia data capabilities for public safety answering	961
points and other emergency service organizations.	962
(2) The emergency services internet protocol network that	963
supports the statewide next generation 9-1-1 core services	964
system shall be capable of being shared by all public safety	965
agencies. It may be constructed from a mix of dedicated and	966
shared facilities. It may be interconnected at local, regional,	967
state, federal, national, and international levels to form an	968
<pre>internet-protocol-based inter-network, or network of networks.</pre>	969
Sec. 128.211. (A) Not later than six months after the	970
effective date of this section, the 9-1-1 program office shall	971
draft, submit, or update a state of Ohio 9-1-1 plan to the	972
steering committee. The plan shall include all of the following:	973
(1) A specific plan to address the amendments to this	974
<pre>chapter by B of the 134th general assembly;</pre>	975

(2) Specific system details describing interoperability	976
among counties, the states bordering this state, and Canada;	977
(3) A progression plan for the system and sustainability	978
within the funding method encompassed by sections 128.41 to	979
128.422 of the Revised Code.	980
(B) Not later than six months after the plan is submitted	981
under division (A) of this section, the steering committee shall	982
review and may approve the plan.	983
Sec. 128.212. (A) Any entity in this state that operates a	984
9-1-1 system, emergency services internet-protocol network, or	985
public safety answering point and that pursues a 9-1-1 grant	986
from the state or federal government shall present a letter of	987
coordination from the 9-1-1 program office.	988
(B) The letter of coordination shall state all of the	989
following:	990
(1) The entity described in division (A) of this section;	991
(2) The specific grantor identification;	992
(3) The dollar amount of the grant;	993
(4) The intended use of the grant;	994
(5) The system, equipment, software, or any component to	995
be procured with the grant and the purpose of the grant do not	996
inhibit, conflict, or reduce interoperability with the statewide	997
next generation 9-1-1 core services system and emergency	998
services internet-protocol network and is consistent with the	999
state of Ohio 9-1-1 plan.	1000
Sec. 128.22. The 9-1-1 program office may do all of the	1001
<pre>following:</pre>	1002

(A) Expend funds from the 9-1-1 program fund for the	1003
<pre>purposes of 9-1-1 public education;</pre>	1004
(B) Coordinate, adopt, and communicate all necessary	1005
technical and operational standards and requirements to ensure	1006
an effective model for a statewide interconnected 9-1-1 system;	1007
(C) Collect and distribute data from and to public safety	1008
answering points, service providers, and emergency service	1009
providers regarding both of the following:	1010
(1) The status and operation of the components of the	1011
statewide 9-1-1 system, including all of the following:	1012
(a) The aggregate number of access lines that the provider	1013
maintains within this state;	1014
(b) The aggregate amount of costs and cost recovery	1015
associated with providing 9-1-1 service, including coverage	1016
under tariffs and bill and keep arrangements within this state;	1017
(c) Any other information requested by the steering	1018
committee and deemed necessary to support the transition to next	1019
generation 9-1-1.	1020
(2) Location information necessary for the reconciliation	1021
and synchronization of next generation 9-1-1 location	1022
information, including all of the following:	1023
(a) Address location information;	1024
(b) Master street address guide;	1025
(c) Service order inputs;	1026
(d) Geographic information system files;	1027
(e) Street center lines;	1028

(f) Response boundaries;	1029
(g) Administrative boundaries;	1030
(h) Address points.	1031
(D) Require, coordinate, oversee, and limit data	1032
collection and distribution to ensure that data collection and	1033
distribution meets legal privacy and confidentiality	1034
requirements;	1035
(E) With advice from the 9-1-1 steering committee, enter	1036
<pre>into interlocal contracts, interstate contracts, intrastate</pre>	1037
contracts, and federal contracts for the purpose of implementing	1038
statewide 9-1-1 services.	1039
Sec. 128.221. (A) The data described in section 128.22 of	1040
the Revised Code shall be protected in accordance with	1041
applicable provisions of the Revised Code. Charges, terms, and	1042
conditions for the disclosure or use of that data provided by	1043
public safety answering points, service providers, and emergency	1044
service providers for the purpose of 9-1-1 shall be subject to	1045
the jurisdiction of the steering committee.	1046
(B) Data and information that contribute to more effective	1047
9-1-1 services and emergency response may be accessed and shared	1048
among 9-1-1 and emergency response functions specifically for	1049
the purposes of effective emergency response, while ensuring the	1050
overall privacy and confidentiality of the data and information	1051
involved.	1052
Sec. 128.23. (A) Every telecommunication service provider	1053
able to generate 9-1-1 traffic within the state shall do all of	1054
the following:	1055
(1) Register with the 9-1-1 program office;	1056

(2) Provide a single point of contact to the 9-1-1 program	1057
office who has the authority to assist in location-data	1058
discrepancies, including 9-1-1 traffic misroutes and no-record-	1059
<pre>found errors;</pre>	1060
(3) Provide location data for all 9-1-1 traffic with the	1061
accuracy and validity necessary to ensure proper routing to the	1062
most appropriate public safety answering point or local next	1063
generation 9-1-1 system. Provision of this location data may	1064
<pre>include both of the following:</pre>	1065
(a) Preprovisioning of location data into a state-operated	1066
database utilizing industry standard protocols;	1067
(b) Providing a routable location with the 9-1-1 traffic	1068
at call time, utilizing approved standards for both legacy and	1069
<pre>next generation 9-1-1.</pre>	1070
(B) If a service provider subject to division (A) of this	1071
section is notified by the 9-1-1 program office of a discrepancy	1072
in location data, the service provider shall correct the	1073
discrepancy during the next business day.	1074
(C) All data provided under this section is private and	1075
subject to applicable privacy laws and shall not be considered a	1076
"public record" for purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised	1077
Code.	1078
Sec. 128.24. (A) Except as provided in division (C) of	1079
<pre>this section:</pre>	1080
(1) Each operator of a multiline telephone system that was	1081
installed or substantially renovated on or after the effective	1082
date ofB of the 134th general assembly, shall provide to_	1083
the end user the same level of 9-1-1 service that is provided to	1084
other end users of 9-1-1 within the state. That service shall	1085

include the provision of either of the following, which shall	1086
satisfy the requirements of division (A)(3) of this section:	1087
(a) Legacy automatic number identification and automatic	1088
<pre>location identification;</pre>	1089
(b) Next generation 9-1-1 location data.	1090
(2) Each operator of a multiline telephone system that was	1091
installed or substantially renovated on or after the effective	1092
date ofB of the 134th general assembly, shall provide an	1093
emergency-response-location identifier as part of the location	1094
transmission to the public safety answering point, using either	1095
legacy private-switch automatic location identification or next	1096
generation 9-1-1 methodologies.	1097
(3) Each operator of a multiline telephone system that was	1098
installed or substantially renovated on or after the effective	1099
date ofB_ of the 134th general assembly, shall identify	1100
the specific location of the caller using an emergency response	1101
location that includes the public street address of the building	1102
from which the call originated, a suite or room number, the	1103
building floor, and a building identifier, if applicable.	1104
(B) All locations provided under this section shall be	1105
either master-street-address-quide or next-generation-9-1-1-	1106
location-validation-function valid.	1107
(C) The requirements of divisions (A)(1), (2), and (3) of	1108
this section do not apply to a multiline telephone system in a	1109
workspace of less than seven thousand square feet in a single	1110
building, on a single level of a structure, having a single	1111
<pre>public street address.</pre>	1112
Sec. 128.241. Beginning not later than one year after the	1113
effective date of this section and except as provided in	1114

sections 128.242 and 128.243 of the Revised Code, a business	1115
service user that provides residential or business facilities,	1116
owns or controls a multiline telephone system or voice over	1117
internet protocol system in those facilities, and provides	1118
outbound dialing capacity from those facilities shall ensure	1119
both of the following:	1120
(A) In the case of a multiline telephone system that is	1121
capable of initiating a 9-1-1 call, the system is connected to	1122
the public switched telephone network in such a way that when an	1123
individual using the system dials 9-1-1, the call connects to	1124
the public safety answering point without requiring the user to	1125
dial any additional digit or code.	1126
(B) The system is configured to provide notification of	1127
any 9-1-1 call made through the system to a centralized location	1128
on the same site as the system. The business service user is not	1129
required to have a person available at the location to receive a	1130
notification.	1131
Sec. 128.242. Except as provided in section 128.243 of the	1132
Revised Code, a business service user to which all of the	1133
following apply is exempt from the requirements of section	1134
128.241 of the Revised Code until two years after the effective	1135
<pre>date of this section:</pre>	1136
(A) The requirements would be unduly and unreasonably	1137
burdensome.	1138
(B) The multiline telephone system or voice over internet	1139
protocol system needs to be reprogrammed or replaced.	1140
(C) The business service user made a good-faith attempt to	1141
reprogram or replace the system.	1142
(D) The business service user agrees to place an	1143

instructional sticker next to the telephones that explains how	1144
to access 9-1-1 in case of emergency, provides the specific	1145
location where the device is installed, and reminds the caller	1146
to give the location information to the 9-1-1 call taker.	1147
(E) The instructions described in division (D) of this	1148
section are printed in at least sixteen-point boldface type in a	1149
contrasting color using a font that is easily readable.	1150
(F) The business service user affirms in an affidavit the	1151
conditions specified in divisions (B), (C), (D), and (E) of this	1152
section.	1153
(G) The affidavit described in division (F) of this	1154
section includes the manufacturer and model number of the	1155
<pre>system.</pre>	1156
Sec. 128.243. Sections 128.241 and 128.242 of the Revised	1157
<pre>Code shall not apply if they are preempted by or in conflict</pre>	1158
with federal law.	1159
Sec. 128.25. Each county shall provide a single point of	1160
contact to the 9-1-1 program office who has the authority to	1161
assist in location-data discrepancies, 9-1-1 traffic misroutes,	1162
and boundary disputes between public safety answering points.	1163
Sec. 128.26. Not later than five years after the date that	1164
the statewide next generation 9-1-1 core services system is	1165
operationally available to all counties in the state, each	1166
county or, as applicable, each regional council of governments,	1167
shall provide next generation 9-1-1 service for all areas to be	1168
covered as set forth in the county's final plan or the council's	1169
<pre>agreement.</pre>	1170
Sec. 128.27. A service provider that operates within a	1171
county that participates in the statewide next generation 9-1-1	1172

core services system or within the area served by a regional	1173
council of governments that participates in that system shall	1174
deliver the 9-1-1 traffic that originates in that geographic	1175
area to the next generation 9-1-1 core for that geographic area.	1176
Sec. 128.28. If a service provider or county participates	1177
in the statewide next generation 9-1-1 core services system, the	1178
service provider or county shall adhere to standards of the 9-1-	1179
1 program office, which may include standards created by the	1180
national emergency number association and the internet	1181
engineering task force.	1182
Sec. 128.18 128.33. (A) In accordance with this chapter	1183
and Chapters 4901., 4903., 4905., and 4909. of the Revised Code,	1184
the public utilities commission shall determine the just,	1185
reasonable, and compensatory rates, tolls, classifications,	1186
charges, or rentals to be observed and charged for the wireline	1187
telephone network portion of a basic or enhanced 9-1-1 system,	1188
and each telephone company that is a wireline service provider	1189
participating in the system shall be subject to those chapters,	1190
to the extent they apply, as to the service provided by its	1191
portion of the wireline telephone network for the system as	1192
described in the final plan-or to be installed pursuant to-	1193
agreements under section 128.09 of the Revised Code, and as to	1194
the rates, tolls, classifications, charges, or rentals to be	1195
observed and charged for that service.	1196
(B) Only the customers of a participating telephone	1197
company described in division (A) of this section that are	1198
served within the area covered by a 9-1-1 system shall pay the	1199
recurring rates for the maintenance and operation of the	1200
company's portion of the wireline telephone network of the	1201
system. Such rates shall be computed by dividing the total	1202

monthly recurring rates set forth in the company's schedule as	1203
filed in accordance with section 4905.30 of the Revised Code, by	1204
the total number of residential and business customer access	1205
lines, or their equivalent, within the area served. Each	1206
residential and business customer within the area served shall	1207
pay the recurring rates based on the number of its residential	1208
and business customer access lines or their equivalent. No	1209
company shall include such amount on any customer's bill until	1210
the company has completed its portion of the wireline telephone	1211
network in accordance with the terms, conditions, requirements,	1212
and specifications of the final plan <del>or an agreement made under</del>	1213
section 128.09 of the Revised Code.	1214

- (C)(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2) of 1215 this section, a participating telephone company described in 1216 division (A) of this section may receive through the credit 1217 authorized by section 5733.55 of the Revised Code the total 1218 nonrecurring charges for its portion of the wireline telephone 1219 network of the system and the total nonrecurring charges for any 1220 updating or modernization of that wireline telephone network in 1221 accordance with the terms, conditions, requirements, and 1222 specifications of the final plan-or pursuant to agreements under-1223 section 128.09 of the Revised Code, as such charges are set 1224 forth in the schedule filed by the telephone company in 1225 accordance with section 4905.30 of the Revised Code. However, 1226 that portion, updating, or modernization shall not be for or 1227 include the provision of wireless 9-1-1. As applicable, the 1228 receipt of permissible charges shall occur only upon the 1229 completion of the installation of the network or the completion 1230 of the updating or modernization. 1231
- (2) The credit shall not be allowed under division (C)(1) 1232 of this section for the upgrading of a system from basic to 1233

enhanced wireline 9-1-1 if both of the following apply:	1234
(a) The telephone company received the credit for the	1235
wireline telephone network portion of the basic 9-1-1 system now	1236
proposed to be upgraded.	1237
(b) At the time the final plan or agreement pursuant to	1238
section 128.09 of the Revised Code calling for the basic 9-1-1	1239
system was agreed to, the telephone company was capable of	1240
reasonably meeting the technical and economic requirements of	1241
providing the wireline telephone network portion of an enhanced	1242
9-1-1 system within the territory proposed to be upgraded, as	1243
determined by the steering committee under division (A) or (H)	1244
of section 128.03 or division (C) of section 128.09 of the-	1245
Revised Code.	1246
(3) If the credit is not allowed under division (C)(2) of	1247
this section, the total nonrecurring charges for the wireline	1248
telephone network used in providing 9-1-1 service, as set forth	1249
in the schedule filed by a telephone company in accordance with	1250
section 4905.30 of the Revised Code, on completion of the	1251
installation of the network in accordance with the terms,	1252
conditions, requirements, and specifications of the final plan	1253
or pursuant to section 128.09 of the Revised Code, shall be paid	1254
by the municipal corporations and townships with any territory	1255
in the area in which such upgrade from basic to enhanced $9-1-1$	1256
is made.	1257
(D) If customer premises equipment for a public safety	1258
answering point is supplied by a telephone company that is	1259
required to file a schedule under section 4905.30 of the Revised	1260
Code pertaining to customer premises equipment, the recurring	1261
and nonrecurring rates and charges for the installation and	1262
maintenance of the equipment specified in the schedule shall	1263

apply.	1264
Sec. 128.22 128.35. (A) (1) For the purpose of paying the	1265
costs of establishing, equipping, and furnishing one or more	1266
public safety answering points as part of a countywide 9-1-1	1267
system effective under division (B) of section 128.08 of the	1268
Revised Code and paying the expense of administering and	1269
enforcing this section, the board of county commissioners of a	1270
county, in accordance with this section, may fix and impose, on	1271
each lot or parcel of real property in the county that is owned	1272
by a person, municipal corporation, township, or other political	1273
subdivision and is improved, or is in the process of being	1274
improved, reasonable charges to be paid by each such owner. The	1275
charges shall be sufficient to pay only the estimated allowed	1276
costs and shall be equal in amount for all such lots or parcels.	1277
(2) For the purpose of paying the costs of operating and	1278
maintaining the answering points and paying the expense of	1279
administering and enforcing this section, the board, in	1280
accordance with this section, may fix and impose reasonable	1281
charges to be paid by each owner, as provided in division (A)(1)	1282
of this section, that shall be sufficient to pay only the	1283
estimated allowed costs and shall be equal in amount for all	1284
such lots or parcels. The board may fix and impose charges under	1285
this division pursuant to a resolution adopted for the purposes	1286
of both divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section or pursuant to	1287
a resolution adopted solely for the purpose of division (A)(2)	1288
of this section, and charges imposed under division (A)(2) of	1289
this section may be separately imposed or combined with charges	1290
imposed under division (A)(1) of this section.	1291

(B) Any board adopting a resolution under this section

pursuant to a final plan initiating the establishment of a 9-1-1

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1293

system or pursuant to an amendment to a final plan shall adopt	1294
the resolution within sixty days after the board receives the	1295
final plan for the 9-1-1 system pursuant to division $\frac{(C)-(B)}{(D)}$	1296
of section 128.07 of the Revised Code. The board by resolution	1297
may change any charge imposed under this section whenever the	1298
board considers it advisable. Any resolution adopted under this	1299
section shall declare whether securities will be issued under	1300
Chapter 133. of the Revised Code in anticipation of the	1301
collection of unpaid special assessments levied under this	1302
section.	1303

- (C) The board shall adopt a resolution under this section 1304 at a public meeting held in accordance with section 121.22 of 1305 the Revised Code. Additionally, the board, before adopting any 1306 such resolution, shall hold at least two public hearings on the 1307 proposed charges. Prior to the first hearing, the board shall 1308 publish notice of the hearings once a week for two consecutive 1309 weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or as 1310 provided in section 7.16 of the Revised Code. The notice shall 1311 include a listing of the charges proposed in the resolution and 1312 the date, time, and location of each of the hearings. The board 1313 shall hear any person who wishes to testify on the charges or 1314 the resolution. 1315
- (D) No resolution adopted under this section shall be 1316 effective sooner than thirty days following its adoption nor 1317 shall any such resolution be adopted as an emergency measure. 1318 The resolution is subject to a referendum in accordance with 1319 sections 305.31 to 305.41 of the Revised Code unless, in the 1320 resolution, the board of county commissioners directs the board 1321 of elections of the county to submit the question of imposing 1322 the charges to the electors of the county at the next primary or 1323 general election in the county occurring not less than ninety 1324

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days after the resolution is certified to the board. No	1325
resolution shall go into effect unless approved by a majority of	1326
those voting upon it in any election allowed under this	1327
division.	1328
(E) To collect charges imposed under division (A) of this	1329
section, the board of county commissioners shall certify them to	1330
the county auditor of the county who then shall place them upon	1331
the real property duplicate against the properties to be	1332
assessed, as provided in division (A) of this section. Each	1333
assessment shall bear interest at the same rate that securities	1334
issued in anticipation of the collection of the assessments	1335
bear, is a lien on the property assessed from the date placed	1336
upon the real property duplicate by the auditor, and shall be	1337
collected in the same manner as other taxes.	1338
(F) All money collected by or on behalf of a county under	1339
this section shall be paid to the county treasurer of the county	1340
and kept in a separate and distinct fund to the credit of the	1341
county. The fund shall be used to pay the costs allowed in	1342
division (A) of this section and specified in the resolution	1343
adopted under that division. In no case shall any surplus so	1344
collected be expended for other than the use and benefit of the	1345
county.	1346
Sec. 128.25 128.37. (A) This section applies only to a	1347
county that meets both of the following conditions:	1348
(1) A final plan for a countywide 9-1-1 system either has	1349
not been approved in the county under section 128.08 of the	1350
Revised Code or has been approved but has not been put into	1351
operation because of a lack of funding;	1352
(2) The board of county commissioners, at least once, has	1353

submitted to the electors of the county the question of raising	1354
funds for a 9-1-1 system under section 128.22128.35, 5705.19, or	1355
5739.026 of the Revised Code, and a majority of the electors has	1356
disapproved the question each time it was submitted.	1357
(B) (1) A board of county commissioners may adopt a	1358
resolution imposing a monthly charge on telephone access lines-	1359
to pay for the equipment costs of establishing and maintaining	1360
no more than three public safety answering points of a	1361
countywide 9-1-1 system, which public safety answering points	1362
shall be only twenty-four-hour dispatching points already	1363
existing in the county.—The	1364
(2) The charge may be imposed on either of the following:	1365
(a) Telephone access lines;	1366
(b) Each communications device or service to which both of	1367
the following apply:	1368
(i) The communications device or service is sold in the	1369
county, registered to a service address or location within the	1370
county, or the subscriber's primary place of using the	1371
communications device or service is in the county.	1372
(ii) The communications device or service is capable of	1373
initiating a direct connection to 9-1-1.	1374
(3) If the board imposes the charge on communications	1375
devices and services as described in division (B)(2)(b) of this	1376
section, the charge shall be paid in the same manner as in	1377
section 128.412 of the Revised Code.	1378
(C) The resolution shall state the amount of the charge,	1379
which shall not exceed fifty cents per month, and the month the	1380
charge will first be imposed, which shall be no earlier than	1381

four months after the special election held pursuant to this	1382
section. Each residential and business telephone company-	1383
customer within the area served by the 9-1-1 system shall pay-	1384
the monthly charge for each of its residential or business-	1385
customer access lines or their equivalent.	1386

Before adopting a resolution under this division, the 1387 board of county commissioners shall hold at least two public 1388 hearings on the proposed charge. Before the first hearing, the 1389 board shall publish notice of the hearings once a week for two 1390 consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the 1391 county or as provided in section 7.16 of the Revised Code. The 1392 notice shall state the amount of the proposed charge, an 1393 explanation of the necessity for the charge, and the date, time, 1394 and location of each of the hearings. 1395

 $\frac{(C)-(D)}{(D)}$  A resolution adopted under division (B) of this 1396 section shall direct the board of elections to submit the 1397 question of imposing the charge to the electors of the county at 1398 a special election on the day of the next primary or general 1399 election in the county. The board of county commissioners shall 1400 certify a copy of the resolution to the board of elections not 1401 less than ninety days before the day of the special election. No 1402 resolution adopted under division (B) of this section shall take 1403 effect unless approved by a majority of the electors voting upon 1404 the resolution at an election held pursuant to this section. 1405

In any year, the board of county commissioners may impose 1406 a lesser charge than the amount originally approved by the 1407 electors. The board may change the amount of the charge no more 1408 than once a year. The board may not impose a charge greater than 1409 the amount approved by the electors without first holding an 1410 election on the question of the greater charge.

(D) (E) Money raised from a monthly charge on telephone	1412
access lines under this section shall be deposited into a	1413
special fund created in the county treasury by the board of	1414
county commissioners pursuant to section 5705.12 of the Revised	1415
Code, to be used only for the necessary equipment costs of	1416
establishing and maintaining no more than three public safety	1417
answering points of a countywide 9-1-1 system pursuant to a	1418
resolution adopted under division (B) of this section. In	1419
complying with this division, any county may seek the assistance	1420
of the steering committee with regard to operating and	1421
maintaining a 9-1-1 system.	1422
$\frac{(E)-(F)}{(F)}$ Pursuant to the voter approval required by	1423
division $\frac{(C)-(D)}{(D)}$ of this section, the final plan for a	1424
countywide 9-1-1 system that will be funded through a monthly	1425
charge imposed in accordance with this section shall be amended	1426
by the existing 9-1-1 <del>planning program review committee</del> , and the	1427
amendment of such a final plan is not an amendment of a final	1428
plan for the purpose of division (A) of section 128.12 of the	1429
Revised Code.	1430
Sec. 128.26 128.38. (A) This section applies only to a	1431
county that has a final plan for a countywide 9-1-1 system that	1432
either has not been approved in the county under section 128.08	1433
of the Revised Code or has been approved but has not been put	1434
into operation because of a lack of funding.	1435
(B) (1) A board of county commissioners may adopt a	1436
resolution imposing a monthly charge <del>on telephone access lines</del>	1437
to pay for the operating and equipment costs of establishing and	1438
maintaining no more than one public safety answering point of a	1439
countywide 9-1-1 system.—The	1440
(2) The charge may be imposed on either of the following:	1441

(a) Telephone access lines;	1442
(b) Each communications device or service to which both of	1443
the following apply:	1444
(i) The communications device or service is sold in the	1445
county, registered to a service address or location within the	1446
county, or the subscriber's primary place of using the	1447
communications device or service is in the county.	1448
(ii) The communications device or service is capable of	1449
initiating a direct connection to 9-1-1.	1450
(3) If the board imposes the charge on communications	1451
devices and services as described in division (B)(2)(b) of this	1452
section, the charge shall be paid in the same manner as in	1453
section 128.412 of the Revised Code.	1454
(C) The resolution shall state the amount of the charge,	1455
which shall not exceed fifty cents per month, and the month the	1456
charge will first be imposed, which shall be no earlier than	1457
four months after the special election held pursuant to this	1458
section. Each residential and business telephone company	1459
customer within the area of the county served by the 9-1-1	1460
system shall pay the monthly charge for each of its residential	1461
or business customer access lines or their equivalent.	1462
Before adopting a resolution under this division, the	1463
board of county commissioners shall hold at least two public	1464
hearings on the proposed charge. Before the first hearing, the	1465
board shall publish notice of the hearings once a week for two	1466
consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the	1467
county or as provided in section 7.16 of the Revised Code. The	1468
notice shall state the amount of the proposed charge, an	1469
explanation of the necessity for the charge, and the date, time,	1470

and location of each of the hearings.	1471
$\frac{(C)}{(D)}$ A resolution adopted under division (B) of this	1472
section shall direct the board of elections to submit the	1473
question of imposing the charge to the electors of the county at	1474
a special election on the day of the next primary or general	1475
election in the county. The board of county commissioners shall	1476
certify a copy of the resolution to the board of elections not	1477
less than ninety days before the day of the special election. No	1478
resolution adopted under division (B) of this section shall take	1479
effect unless approved by a majority of the electors voting upon	1480
the resolution at an election held pursuant to this section.	1481
In any year, the board of county commissioners may impose	1482
a lesser charge than the amount originally approved by the	1483
electors. The board may change the amount of the charge no more	1484
than once a year. The board shall not impose a charge greater	1485
than the amount approved by the electors without first holding	1486
an election on the question of the greater charge.	1487
(D) (E) Money raised from a monthly charge on telephone	1488
access lines under this section shall be deposited into a	1489
special fund created in the county treasury by the board of	1490
county commissioners pursuant to section 5705.12 of the Revised	1491
Code, to be used only for the necessary operating and equipment	1492
costs of establishing and maintaining no more than one public	1493
safety answering point of a countywide 9-1-1 system pursuant to	1494
a resolution adopted under division (B) of this section. In	1495
complying with this division, any county may seek the assistance	1496
of the steering committee with regard to operating and	1497
maintaining a 9-1-1 system.	1498
(E) (F) Nothing in sections 128.01 to 128.34 of the	1499

Revised Code this chapter precludes a final plan adopted in

1500

accordance with those sections from being amended to provide	1501
that, by agreement included in the plan, a public safety	1502
answering point of another countywide 9-1-1 system is the public	1503
safety answering point of a countywide 9-1-1 system funded	1504
through a monthly charge imposed in accordance with this	1505
section. In that event, the county for which the public safety	1506
answering point is provided shall be deemed the subdivision	1507
operating the public safety answering point for purposes of	1508
sections 128.01 to 128.34 of the Revised Code this chapter,	1509
except that, for the purpose of division (D) of section 128.03	1510
of the Revised Code, the county shall pay only so much of the	1511
costs associated with establishing, equipping, furnishing,	1512
operating, or maintaining the public safety answering point	1513
specified in the agreement included in the final plan.	1514

(F) (G) Pursuant to the voter approval required by 1515 division  $\frac{(C)}{(D)}$  of this section, the final plan for a 1516 countywide 9-1-1 system that will be funded through a monthly 1517 charge imposed in accordance with this section, or that will be 1518 amended to include an agreement described in division  $\frac{(E)}{(E)}$  (F) of 1519 this section, shall be amended by the existing 9-1-1 planning-1520 program review committee, and the amendment of such a final plan 1521 is not an amendment of a final plan for the purpose of division 1522 (A) of section 128.12 of the Revised Code. 1523

Sec. 128.27 128.39. (A) As part of its normal monthly 1524 billing process, each telephone company with customers in the 1525 area served by a 9-1-1 system shall bill and collect from those 1526 customers any charge imposed under section 128.25-128.37 or 1527 128.26-128.38 of the Revised Code. The company may list the 1528 charge as a separate entry on each bill and may indicate on the 1529 bill that the charge is made pursuant to approval of a ballot 1530 issue by county voters. Any customer billed by a company for a 1531

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charge imposed under section $\frac{128.25}{128.37}$ or $\frac{128.26}{128.38}$ of	1532
the Revised Code is liable to the county for the amount billed.	1533
The company shall apply any partial payment of a customer's bill	1534
first to the amount the customer owes the company. The company	1535
shall keep complete records of charges it bills and collects,	1536
and such records shall be open during business hours for	1537
inspection by the county commissioners or their agents or	1538
employees. If a company fails to bill any customer for the	1539
charge, it is liable to the county for the amount that was not	1540
billed.	1541
(B) A telephone company that collects charges under this	1542
section shall remit the money to the county on a quarterly	1543
basis. The company may retain three per cent of any charge it	1544
collects as compensation for the costs of such collection. If a	1545
company collects charges under this section and fails to remit	1546
the money to the county as prescribed, it is liable to the	1547
county for any amount collected and not remitted.	1548
Sec. 128.42 128.40. (A) There Ending three months after	1549
the effective date of this section, there is hereby imposed a	1550
wireless 9-1-1 charge of twenty-five cents per month as follows:	1551
(1) On each wireless telephone number of a wireless	1552
service subscriber who has a billing address in this state. The	1553
subscriber shall pay the wireless 9-1-1 charge for each such	1554
wireless telephone number assigned to the subscriber. Each	1555
wireless service provider and each reseller shall collect the	1556
wireless 9-1-1 charge as a specific line item on each	1557
subscriber's monthly bill. The line item shall be expressly	1558
designated "State/Local Wireless-E911 Costs (\$0.25/billed	1559
number)." If a provider bills a subscriber for any wireless	1560
enhanced 9-1-1 costs that the provider may incur, the charge or	1561

amount is not to appear in the same line item as the state/local	1562
line item. If the charge or amount is to appear in its own,	1563
separate line item on the bill, the charge or amount shall be	1564
expressly designated "[Name of Provider] Federal Wireless-E911	1565
Costs."	1566
(2) (a) Prior to January 1, 2014, on each subscriber of	1567
prepaid wireless service. A wireless service provider or	1568
reseller shall collect the wireless 9-1-1 charge in either of	1569
the following manners:	1570
(i) If the subscriber has a positive account balance on-	1571
the last day of the month and has used the service during that-	1572
month, by reducing that balance not later than the end of the	1573
first week of the following month by twenty-five cents or an	1574
equivalent number of airtime minutes;	1575
(ii) By dividing the total earned prepaid wireless	1576
telephone revenue from sales within this state received by the	1577
wireless service provider or reseller during the month by fifty,	1578
multiplying the quotient by twenty-five cents.	1579
(b) Amounts collected under division (A) (2) of this	1580
section shall be remitted pursuant to division (A)(1) of section-	1581
128.46 of the Revised Code.	1582
The wireless 9-1-1 charges authorized under this section	1583
shall not be imposed on a subscriber of wireless lifeline-	1584
service or a provider of that service.	1585
(B) Beginning January 1, 2014:	1586
(1) There is hereby imposed, on On each retail sale of a	1587
prepaid wireless calling service occurring in this state, a	1588
wireless 9-1-1 charge of five-tenths of one per cent of the sale	1589
price.	1590

$\frac{(2)-(B)}{(B)}$ For purposes of division $\frac{(B)}{(1)}$ $\frac{(A)}{(A)}$ of this	1591
section, a retail sale occurs in this state if it is effected by	1592
the consumer appearing in person at a seller's business location	1593
in this state, or if the sale is sourced to this state under	1594
division (E)(3) of section 5739.034 of the Revised Code, except	1595
that under that division, in lieu of sourcing a sale under	1596
division (C)(5) of section 5739.033 of the Revised Code, the	1597
seller, rather than the service provider, may elect to source	1598
the sale to the location associated with the mobile telephone	1599
number.	1600
<del>(3)(a)</del> (C)(1) Except as provided in division <del>(B)(4)(c)</del> (D)	1601
(3) of this section, the seller of the prepaid wireless calling	1602
service shall collect the charge imposed under division (A) of	1603
this section from the consumer at the time of each retail sale	1604
and disclose the amount of the charge to the consumer at the	1605
time of the sale by itemizing the charge on the receipt,	1606
invoice, or similar form of written documentation provided to	1607
the consumer.	1608
(b) (2) The seller that collects the charge imposed under	1609
division (A) of this section shall comply with the reporting and	1610
remittance requirements under section 128.46 of the Revised	1611
Code.	1612
(4) (D) When a prepaid wireless calling service is sold	1613
with one or more other products or services for a single,	1614
nonitemized price, the wireless 9-1-1 charge imposed under	1615
division $\frac{(B)(1)-(A)(2)}{(A)(2)}$ of this section shall apply to the entire	1616
nonitemized price, except as provided in divisions (B)(4)(a)(D)	1617
(1) to $(e)$ $(3)$ of this section.	1618
(a) (1) If the amount of the prepaid wireless calling	1619
service is disclosed to the consumer as a dollar amount, the	1620

seller may elect to apply the charge only to that dollar amount.	1621
$\frac{(b)-(2)}{(2)}$ If the seller can identify the portion of the	1622
nonitemized price that is attributable to the prepaid wireless	1623
calling service, by reasonable and verifiable standards from the	1624
seller's books and records that are kept in the regular course	1625
of business for other purposes, including nontax purposes, the	1626
seller may elect to apply the charge only to that portion.	1627
(c) (3) If a minimal amount of a prepaid wireless calling	1628
service is sold with a prepaid wireless calling device for the	1629
single, nonitemized price, the seller may elect not to collect	1630
the charge. As used in this division, "minimal" means either ten	1631
minutes or less or five dollars or less.	1632
(C) (E) The wireless 9-1-1 charges authorized under this	1633
section shall not be imposed on a subscriber of wireless	1634
lifeline service or a provider of that service.	1635
(F) The wireless 9-1-1 charges shall be exempt from state	1636
or local taxation.	1637
Sec. 128.41. Except as provided in sections 128.413 and	1638
128.42 of the Revised Code:	1639
(A) For a two-year period after the expiration of the fee	1640
described in section 128.40 of the Revised Code, there is	1641
<pre>imposed a next generation 9-1-1 access fee of twenty-five cents</pre>	1642
per month on each communications device or service to which both	1643
of the following apply:	1644
(1) The communications device or service is sold in this	1645
state, registered to a service address or location within this	1646
state, or the subscriber's primary place of using the	1647
communications device or service is in this state.	1648

(2) The communications device or service is capable of	1649
initiating a direct connection to 9-1-1.	1650
(B) For a five-year period after the period described in	1651
division (A) of this section, there is imposed a next generation	1652
9-1-1 access fee on each communications device or service	1653
described in that division. The amount of the fee shall be	1654
twenty-five cents per month or, if the steering committee	1655
designates an alternate amount under section 128.411 of the	1656
Revised Code, that alternate amount.	1657
(C) After the five-year period described in division (B)	1658
of this section, there is imposed a next generation 9-1-1 access	1659
fee of twenty-five cents per month on each communications device	1660
or service described in division (A) of this section.	1661
Sec. 128.411. (A) For purposes of division (B) of section	1662
128.41 of the Revised Code, the steering committee may, on the	1663
first day of January of each year and subject to division (B) of	1664
this section, designate an alternate amount for the monthly next	1665
generation 9-1-1 access fee. The alternative amount shall	1666
satisfy both of the following requirements:	1667
(1) It may not be more than two cents above the fee amount	1668
for the previous year.	1669
(2) It may not be higher than thirty cents.	1670
(B) The steering committee may designate a fee amount that	1671
is higher than the previous year's fee amount only if there are	1672
outstanding transitional costs associated with the next	1673
generation 9-1-1 system.	1674
(C) The steering committee shall report to the general	1675
assembly any action to increase the next generation 9-1-1 access	1676
fee. The report shall state the remaining amount of the	1677

counties' transitional costs of connecting to the statewide	1678
emergency services internet protocol network.	1679
Sec. 128.412. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of	1680
this section and division (A) of section 128.413 of the Revised	1681
Code, the subscriber who is billed for a communications device	1682
or service described in division (A) of section 128.41 of the	1683
Revised Code shall pay a separate next generation 9-1-1 access	1684
fee for each such communications device or service for which the	1685
subscriber is billed.	1686
(B) In the case of a multiline telephone system, the	1687
subscriber shall pay a separate fee for each line. In the case	1688
of a voice over internet protocol system, the subscriber shall	1689
pay a separate fee for each call path available to the system to	1690
<pre>make an outside call.</pre>	1691
Sec. 128.413. (A) A subscriber of wireless lifeline	1692
service is exempt from the next generation 9-1-1 access fee	1693
imposed under section 128.41 of the Revised Code.	1694
(B) The next generation 9-1-1 access fee does not apply to	1695
wholesale transactions between telecommunications service	1696
providers where the service is a component of a service provided	1697
to an end user. This exemption includes network access charges	1698
and interconnection charges paid to a local exchange carrier.	1699
Sec. 128.414. Each service provider and each reseller	1700
shall collect the next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed under	1701
section 128.41 of the Revised Code as a specific line item on	1702
each subscriber's monthly bill or point of sale invoice. The	1703
line item shall be expressly designated "Ohio Next Generation 9-	1704
1-1 Access Fee ([amount]/device or service/month)." If a	1705
provider bills a subscriber for any other 9-1-1 costs that the	1706

provider may incur, the charge or amount is not to appear in the	1707
same line item as the next generation 9-1-1 access fee line	1708
item. If the charge or amount is to appear in a separate line	1709
item on the bill, the charge or amount shall be expressly	1710
designated "[Name of Provider] [Description of charge or	1711
amount]."	1712
Sec. 128.415. If the amount of the next generation 9-1-1	1713
access fee exceeds twenty-five cents per month, the amount	1714
collected that is attributable to the difference between the	1715
actual amount and twenty-five cents shall be deposited into the	1716
9-1-1 government assistance fund created under section 128.54 of	1717
the Revised Code.	1718
Sec. 128.416. (A) Not later than twelve months after the	1719
effective date of this section, the steering committee shall	1720
submit a report to the general assembly on the effectiveness of	1721
the next generation 9-1-1 access fee at twenty-five cents per	1722
month.	1723
(B) After the five-year period described in division (C)	1724
of section 128.41 of the Revised Code, the steering committee	1725
shall submit a report to the general assembly on a future amount	1726
for the next generation 9-1-1 access fee.	1727
Sec. 128.417. After installation and operation for twelve	1728
months of the statewide next generation 9-1-1 system, the	1729
steering committee shall monitor the accounts where funds are	1730
generated from the next generation 9-1-1 access fee. The	1731
steering committee may reduce the next generation access fee if	1732
it is determined the obligations of the funds can still be met	1733
to avoid over-collection of fees. If the fee is reduced, the	1734
steering committee may increase the fee, not to exceed the	1735
maximum rate of thirty cents, to ensure adequate funding exists	1736

to meet the obligations of the funds.	1737
Sec. 128.418. The steering committee shall notify the tax_	1738
commissioner of the committee's intent to adjust the next	1739
generation 9-1-1 access fee not later than six months before the	1740
adjustment takes effect.	1741
Sec. 128.42. (A) Three months after the effective date of	1742
this section, there is imposed, on each retail sale of a prepaid	1743
wireless calling service occurring in this state, a next	1744
generation 9-1-1 access fee of five-tenths of one per cent of	1745
the sale price.	1746
(B) For purposes of division (A) of this section, a retail	1747
sale occurs in this state if it is effected by the consumer	1748
appearing in person at a seller's business location in this	1749
state, or if the sale is sourced to this state under division	1750
(E) (3) of section 5739.034 of the Revised Code, except that	1751
under that division, in lieu of sourcing a sale under division	1752
(C)(5) of section 5739.033 of the Revised Code, the seller,	1753
rather than the service provider, may elect to source the sale	1754
to the location associated with the mobile telephone number.	1755
Sec. 128.421. Except as provided in division (B) (3) of	1756
section 128.422 of the Revised Code, the seller of the prepaid	1757
calling service shall collect the next generation 9-1-1 access	1758
fee imposed under section 128.42 of the Revised Code from the	1759
consumer at the time of each retail sale and disclose the amount	1760
of the fee to the consumer at the time of the sale by itemizing	1761
the fee on the receipt, invoice, or similar form of written	1762
documentation provided to the consumer.	1763
Sec. 128.422. (A) When a prepaid calling service is sold	1764
with one or more other products or services for a single.	1765

nonitemized price, the next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed	1766
under section 128.42 of the Revised Code shall apply to the	1767
entire nonitemized price, except as provided in divisions (B)(1)	1768
to (3) of this section.	1769
(B)(1) If the amount of the prepaid calling service is	1770
disclosed to the consumer as a dollar amount, the seller may	1771
elect to apply the fee only to that dollar amount.	1772
(2) If the seller can identify the portion of the	1773
nonitemized price that is attributable to the prepaid calling	1774
service, by reasonable and verifiable standards from the	1775
seller's books and records that are kept in the regular course	1776
of business for other purposes, including nontax purposes, the	1777
seller may elect to apply the fee only to that portion.	1778
(3) If a minimal amount of a prepaid calling service is	1779
sold with a prepaid wireless calling device for the single,	1780
nonitemized price, the seller may elect not to collect the fee.	1781
As used in this division, "minimal" means either ten minutes or	1782
less or five dollars or less.	1783
Sec. 128.43. The next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed	1784
under sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code shall be	1785
exempt from state or local taxation.	1786
Sec. 128.44. Beginning January 1, 2014, the The tax	1787
commissioner shall provide notice to all known wireless service	1788
providers, resellers, and sellers of prepaid wireless calling	1789
services of any increase or decrease in either of the wireless-	1790
next generation 9-1-1 charges access fee imposed under section	1791
sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code. Each notice	1792
shall be provided not less than thirty days before the effective	1793
date of the increase or decrease.	1794

Sec. 128.45. (A) Each entity required to bill and collect	1795
a wireless 9-1-1 charge under section 128.40 of the Revised Code	1796
or the next generation 9-1-1 access fee under section 128.414 or	1797
128.421 of the Revised Code shall keep complete and accurate	1798
records of bills that include the charges and fees, together	1799
with a record of the charges and fees collected under those	1800
sections. The entities shall keep all related invoices and other	1801
pertinent documents.	1802
(B) Each seller shall keep complete and accurate records	1803
of retail sales of prepaid wireless calling services, together	1804
with a record of the charges and fees collected under sections	1805
128.40 and 128.421 of the Revised Code, and shall keep all	1806
related invoices and other pertinent documents.	1807
Sec. 128.45 128.451. Beginning January 1, 2014:	1808
(A) Each wireless service provider and reseller shall keep-	1809
complete and accurate records of bills for wireless service,	1810
together with a record of the wireless 9-1-1 charges collected	1811
under section 128.42 of the Revised Code, and shall keep all	1812
related invoices and other pertinent documents. Each seller-	1813
shall keep complete and accurate records of retail sales of	1814
prepaid wireless calling services, together with a record of the	1815
wireless 9-1-1 charges collected under section 128.42 of the	1816
Revised Code, and shall keep all related invoices and other	1817
pertinent documents.	1818
(B)—Records, invoices, and documents required to be kept	1819
under this—section 128.45 of the Revised Code shall be open	1820
during business hours to the inspection of the tax commissioner.	1821
They shall be preserved for a period of four years unless the	1822
tax commissioner, in writing, consents to their destruction	1823
within that period, or by order requires that they be kept	1824

longer. 1825 Sec. 128.46. (A) Prior to January 1, 2014: 1826 (1) A wireless service provider or reseller, not later 1827 than the last day of each month, shall remit the full amount of 1828 all wireless 9-1-1 charges it collected under division (A) of 1829 section 128.42 of the Revised Code for the second preceding 1830 calendar month to the administrator, with the exception of 1831 charges equivalent to the amount authorized as a billing and 1832 collection fee under division (A) (2) of this section. In doing 1833 so, the provider or reseller may remit the requisite amount in-1834 any reasonable manner consistent with its existing operating or 1835 technological capabilities, such as by customer address, 1836 location associated with the wireless telephone number, or 1837 another allocation method based on comparable, relevant data. If 1838 the wireless service provider or reseller receives a partial 1839 payment for a bill from a wireless service subscriber, the 1840 wireless service provider or reseller shall apply the payment 1841 first against the amount the subscriber owes the wireless-1842 service provider or reseller and shall remit to the 1843 1844 administrator such lesser amount, if any, as results from that invoice. 1845 (2) A wireless service provider or reseller may retain as 1846 a billing and collection fee two per cent of the total wireless-1847 9-1-1 charges it collects in a month and shall account to the 1848 administrator for the amount retained. 1849 (3) The administrator shall return to, or credit against 1850 the next month's remittance of, a wireless service provider or 1851 1852 reseller the amount of any remittances the administrator determines were erroneously submitted by the provider or 1853 reseller. 1854

(B) Beginning January 1, 2014:	1855
(1) Each seller of a prepaid wireless calling service,	1856
wireless service provider, and reseller An entity required to	1857
collect a wireless 9-1-1 charge under section 128.40 of the	1858
Revised Code or the next generation 9-1-1 access fee under	1859
section 128.414 or 128.421 of the Revised Code shall, on or	1860
before the twenty-third day of each month, except as provided in	1861
divisions $\frac{(B)}{(A)}(2)$ and $(3)$ of this section, do both of the	1862
following:	1863
(a) Make and file a return for the preceding month, in the	1864
form prescribed by the tax commissioner, showing the amount of	1865
the wireless 9-1-1 charges or fees due under section 128.42 of	1866
the Revised Code for that month;	1867
(b) Remit the full amount due, as shown on the return,	1868
with the exception of charges and fees equivalent to the amount	1869
authorized as a collection fee under division (B) $ \frac{(4)}{(4)} $ of this	1870
section.	1871
(2) The commissioner may grant one or more thirty-day	1872
extensions for making and filing returns and remitting amounts	1873
due. The commissioner may also require returns and payments to	1874
be made other than monthly.	1875
(3) If a seller is required to collect prepaid wireless 9-	1876
1-1 charges <u>under section 128.40 of the Revised Code or next</u>	1877
generation 9-1-1 access fees under section 128.421 of the	1878
Revised Code in amounts that do not merit monthly returns, the	1879
commissioner may authorize the seller to make and file returns	1880
less frequently. The commissioner shall ascertain whether this	1881
authorization is warranted upon the basis of administrative	1882
costs to the state.	1883

(4) (B) A wireless service provider, reseller, and seller	1884
may each retain as a collection fee three per cent of the total	1885
wireless 9-1-1 charges required to be collected under section	1886
128.42 128.40 of the Revised Code, and shall account to the tax	1887
commissioner for the amount retained.	1888
$\frac{(5)}{(C)}$ The return required under division $\frac{(B)}{(A)}(1)$ (a) of	1889
this section shall be filed electronically using the Ohio	1890
business gateway, as defined in section 718.01 of the Revised	1891
Code, the Ohio telefile system, or any other electronic means	1892
prescribed by the tax commissioner. Remittance of the amount due	1893
shall be made electronically in a manner approved by the	1894
commissioner. A wireless service provider, reseller, or seller-	1895
An entity required to file the return may apply to the	1896
commissioner on a form prescribed by the commissioner to be	1897
excused from either electronic requirement of this division. For	1898
good cause shown, the commissioner may excuse the <del>provider,</del>	1899
reseller, or seller entity from either or both of the	1900
requirements and may permit the <del>provider, reseller, or seller</del>	1901
entity to file returns or make remittances by nonelectronic	1902
means.	1903
(C) (D) (1) Prior to January 1, 2014, each subscriber on	1904
which a wireless 9-1-1 charge is imposed under division (A) of	1905
section 128.42 of the Revised Code is liable to the state for-	1906
the amount of the charge. If a wireless service provider or	1907
reseller fails to collect the charge under that division from a	1908
subscriber of prepaid wireless service, or fails to bill any	1909
other subscriber for the charge, the wireless service provider	1910
or reseller is liable to the state for the amount not collected	1911
or billed. If a wireless service provider or reseller collects	1912
charges under that division and fails to remit the money to the	1913
administrator, the wireless service provider or reseller is	1914

liable to the state for any amount collected and not remitted.	1915
(2) Beginning January 1, 2014:	1916
(a) Each subscriber or consumer on which a wireless 9-1-1	1917
charge is imposed under section <u>128.42</u> _128.40_of the Revised	1918
Code or on which a next generation 9-1-1 access fee is imposed	1919
under section 128.41 or 128.42 of the Revised Code is liable to	1920
the state for the amount of the charge. If a wireless service	1921
provider or reseller fails	1922
(2) An entity required to bill or collect the wireless 9-	1923
1-1 charge, under section 128.40 of the Revised Code or if a	1924
seller fails to collect the charge, the provider, reseller, or	1925
seller is liable to the state for the amount not billed or	1926
collected. If a provider, reseller, or seller fails to remit-	1927
money to the tax commissioner as required under this section,	1928
the provider, reseller, or seller the next generation 9-1-1	1929
access fee under section 128.414 or 128.421 of the Revised Code	1930
is liable to the state for the any amount that was required to	1931
be collected but that was not remitted, regardless of whether	1932
the amount was collected.	1933
(b) (3) No provider of a prepaid wireless calling service	1934
shall be liable to the state for any wireless 9-1-1 charge	1935
imposed under division (B)(1) of section 128.40 of the Revised	1936
Code or any next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed under	1937
<pre>section 128.42 of the Revised Code that was not collected or</pre>	1938
remitted.	1939
(D) Prior to January 1, 2014:	1940
(1) If the steering committee has reason to believe that a	1941
wireless service provider or reseller has failed to bill,	1942
collect, or remit the wireless 9-1-1 charge as required by	1943

divisions (A)(1) and (C)(1) of this section or has retained more	1944
than the amount authorized under division (A)(2) of this-	1945
section, and after written notice to the provider or reseller,	1946
the steering committee may audit the provider or reseller for-	1947
the sole purpose of making such a determination. The audit may	1948
include, but is not limited to, a sample of the provider's or	1949
reseller's billings, collections, remittances, or retentions for	1950
a representative period, and the steering committee shall make a	1951
good faith effort to reach agreement with the provider or	1952
reseller in selecting that sample.	1953
(2) Upon written notice to the wireless service provider	1954
or reseller, the steering committee, by order after completion	1955
	1956
of the audit, may make an assessment against the provider or	1957
reseller if, pursuant to the audit, the steering committee	
determines that the provider or reseller has failed to bill,	1958
collect, or remit the wireless 9-1-1 charge as required by	1959
divisions (A)(1) and (C)(1) of this section or has retained more	1960
than the amount authorized under division (A)(2) of this-	1961
section. The assessment shall be in the amount of any remittance	1962
that was due and unpaid on the date notice of the audit was sent	1963
by the steering committee to the provider or reseller or, as	1964
applicable, in the amount of the excess amount under division-	1965
(A) (2) of this section retained by the provider or reseller as	1966
of that date.	1967
(3) The portion of any assessment not paid within sixty	1968
days after the date of service by the steering committee of the	1969
assessment notice under division (D)(2) of this section shall	1970
bear interest from that date until paid at the rate per annum	1971
prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code. That interest	1972
may be collected by making an assessment under division (D)(2)	1973
of this section. An assessment under this division and any	1974

interest due shall be remitted in the same manner as the	1975
wireless 9-1-1 charge imposed under division (A) of section	1976
128.42 of the Revised Code.	1977
120.12 of the Nevidea coat.	13,,,
(4) Unless the provider, reseller, or seller assessed	1978
files with the steering committee within sixty days after	1979
service of the notice of assessment, either personally or by	1980
certified mail, a written petition for reassessment, signed by-	1981
the party assessed or that party's authorized agent having	1982
knowledge of the facts, the assessment shall become final and	1983
the amount of the assessment shall be due and payable from the	1984
party assessed to the administrator. The petition shall indicate	1985
the objections of the party assessed, but additional objections	1986
may be raised in writing if received by the administrator or the	1987
steering committee prior to the date shown on the final	1988
determination.	1989
(5) After an assessment becomes final if any nortion of	1990
(5) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of	1990
the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a	1991
the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the	1991 1992
the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas in the county	1991 1992 1993
the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the	1991 1992 1993 1994
the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas in the county	1991 1992 1993
the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas in the county in which the place of business of the assessed party is located.	1991 1992 1993 1994
the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas in the county in which the place of business of the assessed party is located.  If the party assessed maintains no place of business in this	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995
the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas in the county in which the place of business of the assessed party is located.  If the party assessed maintains no place of business in this state, the certified copy of the final assessment may be filed	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995
the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas in the county in which the place of business of the assessed party is located.  If the party assessed maintains no place of business in this state, the certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas of	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996
the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas in the county in which the place of business of the assessed party is located. If the party assessed maintains no place of business in this state, the certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas of Franklin county. Immediately upon the filing, the clerk shall	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997
the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas in the county in which the place of business of the assessed party is located. If the party assessed maintains no place of business in this state, the certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas of Franklin county. Immediately upon the filing, the clerk shall enter a judgment for the state against the assessed party in the	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998
the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas in the county in which the place of business of the assessed party is located. If the party assessed maintains no place of business in this state, the certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas of Franklin county. Immediately upon the filing, the clerk shall enter a judgment for the state against the assessed party in the amount shown on the final assessment. The judgment may be filed	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000
the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas in the county in which the place of business of the assessed party is located. If the party assessed maintains no place of business in this state, the certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas of Franklin county. Immediately upon the filing, the clerk shall enter a judgment for the state against the assessed party in the amount shown on the final assessment. The judgment may be filed by the clerk in a loose-leaf book entitled "special judgments"	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001

(6) An assessment under this division does not discharge a	2005
subscriber's liability to reimburse the provider or reseller for-	2006
the wireless 9-1-1 charge imposed under division (A) of section-	2007
128.42 of the Revised Code. If, after the date of service of the	2008
audit notice under division (D)(1) of this section, a subscriber	2009
pays a wireless 9-1-1 charge for the period covered by the	2010
assessment, the payment shall be credited against the	2011
assessment.	2012
(7) All money collected by the administrator under	2013
division (D) of this section shall be paid to the treasurer of	2014
state, for deposit to the credit of the wireless 9-1-1-	2015
government assistance fund.	2016
(E)—Beginning January 1, 2014:	2017
(1) If the tax commissioner has reason to believe that $\frac{a}{a}$	2018
wireless service provider, reseller, or seller an entity	2019
required to collect a wireless 9-1-1 charge under section 128.40	2020
of the Revised Code or the next generation 9-1-1 access fee	2021
under section 128.414 or 128.421 of the Revised Code has failed	2022
to bill, collect, or remit the $\frac{\text{wireless }9-1-1}{\text{charge }}$ charge $\frac{\text{or fee}}{\text{as}}$	2023
required by this section and section 128.42 sections 128.40 to	2024
128.422 of the Revised Code or has retained more than the amount	2025
authorized under division (B) $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$ of this section, and after	2026
written notice to the provider, reseller, or seller entity, the	2027
tax commissioner may audit the <del>provider, reseller, or seller</del>	2028
entity for the sole purpose of making such a determination. The	2029
audit may include, but is not limited to, a sample of the	2030
provider's, reseller's, or seller's entity's billings,	2031
collections, remittances, or retentions for a representative	2032
period, and the tax commissioner shall make a good faith effort	2033
to reach agreement with the <del>provider, reseller, or seller <u>entity</u></del>	2034

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in selecting that sample.

(2) Upon written notice to the wireless service provider, 2036 reseller, or seller entity, the tax commissioner, after 2037 completion of the audit, may make an assessment against the 2038 provider, reseller, or seller entity if, pursuant to the audit, 2039 the tax commissioner determines that the provider, reseller, or 2040 seller entity has failed to bill, collect, or remit the wireless-2041 9-1-1-charge or fee as required by this section and section 2042 <del>128.42</del> sections 128.40 to 128.422 of the Revised Code or has 2043 retained more than the amount authorized under division (B) $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$ 2044 of this section. The assessment shall be in the amount of any 2045 remittance that was due and unpaid on the date notice of the 2046 audit was sent by the tax commissioner to the provider, 2047 reseller, or seller entity or, as applicable, in the amount of 2048 the excess amount under division (B)(4) of this section retained 2049 by the provider, reseller, or seller entity as of that date. 2050

- (3) The portion of any assessment consisting of wireless—
  9-1-1 charges or fees due and not paid within sixty days after
  the date that the assessment was made under division (E)(2) of
  this section shall bear interest from that date until paid at
  the rate per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised
  Code. That interest may be collected by making an assessment
  under division (E)(2) of this section.
- (4) Unless the provider, reseller, or seller entity

  assessed files with the tax commissioner within sixty days after

  2059
  service of the notice of assessment, either personally or by

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  certified mail, a written petition for reassessment, signed by

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  the party entity assessed or that party's entity's authorized

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  agent having knowledge of the facts, the assessment shall become

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  final and the amount of the assessment shall be due and payable

  2064

from the <pre>party entity assessed to the treasurer of state, for</pre>	2065
deposit to the next generation 9-1-1 fund, which is created	2066
under section 128.54 of the Revised Code. The petition shall	2067
indicate the objections of the party entity assessed, but	2068
additional objections may be raised in writing if received by	2069
the commissioner prior to the date shown on the final	2070
determination. If the petition has been properly filed, the	2071
commissioner shall proceed under section 5703.60 of the Revised	2072
Code.	2073

- (5) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of 2074 the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a 2075 certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the 2076 office of the clerk of the court of common pleas in the county 2077 in which the business of the assessed party entity is conducted. 2078 If the party entity assessed maintains no place of business in 2079 this state, the certified copy of the final assessment may be 2080 filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas of 2081 Franklin county. Immediately upon the filing, the clerk shall 2082 enter a judgment for the state against the assessed party\_entity\_ 2083 in the amount shown on the final assessment. The judgment may be 2084 filed by the clerk in a loose-leaf book entitled "special 2085 judgments for wireless-9-1-1 charges and fees" and shall have 2086 the same effect as other judgments. The judgment shall be 2087 executed upon the request of the tax commissioner. 2088
- (6) If the commissioner determines that the commissioner 2089 erroneously has refunded a wireless—9-1-1 charge or fee to any 2090 person, the commissioner may make an assessment against that 2091 person for recovery of the erroneously refunded charge. 2092
- (7) An assessment under division (E) of this section does 2093 not discharge a subscriber's or consumer's liability to 2094

reimburse the provider, reseller, or seller entity for a	2095
wireless-9-1-1 charge or fee. If, after the date of service of	2096
the audit notice under division (E)(1) of this section, a	2097
subscriber or consumer pays a wireless 9-1-1 charge or fee for	2098
the period covered by the assessment, the payment shall be	2099
credited against the assessment.	2100
Sec. 128.461. Beginning January 1, 2014, any Every	2101
wireless 9-1-1 charge <u>and next generation 9-1-1 access fee</u>	2102
required to be remitted under section 128.46 of the Revised Code	2103
shall be subject to interest as prescribed by section 5703.47 of	2104
the Revised Code, calculated from the date the <del>wireless 9-1-1</del>	2105
charge <u>or fee</u> was due under section 128.46 of the Revised Code	2106
to the date the $\frac{\text{wireless }9-1-1}{\text{charge }}$ charge $\frac{\text{or fee}}{\text{is remitted or the}}$	2107
date of assessment, whichever occurs first.	2108
Sec. 128.462. Beginning January 1, 2014:	2109
(A) Except as otherwise provided in this section, no	2110
assessment shall be made or issued against a wireless service	2111
provider, reseller, or seller an entity for any wireless 9-1-1	2112
charge imposed by or pursuant to required to be collected under	2113
section 128.42 128.40 of the Revised Code or any next generation	2114
9-1-1 access fee required to be collected under section 128.414	2115
or 128.421 of the Revised Code more than four years after the	2116
return date for the period in which the sale or purchase was	2117
made, or more than four years after the return for such period	2118
is filed, whichever is later. This division does not bar an	2119
assessment:	2120
(1) When the tax commissioner has substantial evidence of	2121
amounts of wireless 9-1-1 charges or fees collected by a-	2122
provider, reseller, or seller an entity from subscribers or	2123
consumers, which were not returned to the state;	2124

(2) When the provider, reseller, or seller entity assessed	2125
failed to file a return as required by section 128.46 of the	2126
Revised Code;	2127
(3) When the <del>provider, reseller, or seller <u>entity</u> and the</del>	2128
commissioner waive in writing the time limitation.	2129
(B) No assessment shall be made or issued against <del>a</del>	2130
wireless service provider, reseller, or seller an entity for any	2131
wireless 9-1-1 charge imposed by or pursuant to section 128.40	2132
of the Revised Code or next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed	2133
by section 128.41 or 128.42 of the Revised Code for any period	2134
during which there was in full force and effect a rule of the	2135
tax commissioner under or by virtue of which the collection or	2136
payment of any such wireless 9-1-1 charge or fee was not	2137
required. This division does not bar an assessment when the tax	2138
commissioner has substantial evidence of amounts of wireless 9-	2139
1-1-charges or fees collected by a provider, reseller, or seller-	2140
an entity from subscribers or consumers, which were not returned	2141
to the state.	2142
Sec. 128.47. Beginning January 1, 2014:	2143
(A) A wireless service provider, reseller, seller,	2144
wireless service—An entity required to collect a wireless 9-1-1	2145
charge under section 128.40 of the Revised Code or the next	2146
generation 9-1-1 access fee under section 128.414 or 128.421 of	2147
the Revised Code, a subscriber, or a consumer of a prepaid	2148
wireless calling service may apply to the tax commissioner for a	2149
refund of wireless 9-1-1 charges or fees described in division	2150
(B) of this section. The application shall be made on the form	2151
prescribed by the tax commissioner. The application shall be	2152
made not later than four years after the date of the illegal or	2153
erroneous payment of the wireless 9-1-1 charge or fee by the	2154

subscriber or consumer, unless the wireless service provider,	2155
reseller, or seller entity waives the time limitation under	2156
division (A)(3) of section 128.462 of the Revised Code. If the	2157
time limitation is waived, the refund application period shall	2158
be extended for the same period as the waiver.	2159
(B) (1) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller-	2160
an entity refunds to a subscriber or consumer the full amount of	2161
wireless 9-1-1 charges or next generation 9-1-1 access fees that	2162
the subscriber or consumer paid illegally or erroneously, and if	2163
the <del>provider, reseller, or seller <u>entity</u> remitted that amount</del>	2164
under section 128.46 of the Revised Code, the tax commissioner	2165
shall refund that amount to the provider, reseller, or seller	2166
entity.	2167
(2) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller an	2168
<pre>entity has illegally or erroneously billed a subscriber or</pre>	2169
charged a consumer for a wireless 9-1-1 charge <u>or a next</u>	2170
generation 9-1-1 access fee, and if the provider, reseller, or	2171
seller entity has not collected the charge or fee but has	2172
remitted that amount under section 128.46 of the Revised Code,	2173
the tax commissioner shall refund that amount to the provider,	2174
reseller, or seller entity.	2175
(C)(1) The tax commissioner may refund to a subscriber or	2176
consumer wireless 9-1-1 charges or next generation 9-1-1 access	2177
<u>fees</u> paid illegally or erroneously to a provider, reseller, or	2178
seller an entity only if both of the following apply:	2179
(a) The tax commissioner has not refunded the $\frac{\text{wireless 9-}}{\text{commission}}$	2180
1-1 charges or fees to the provider, reseller, or seller entity.	2181
(b) The provider, reseller, or seller entity has not	2182
refunded the wireless 9-1-1 charges or fees to the subscriber or	2183

consumer.	2184
(2) The tax commissioner may require the subscriber or	2185
consumer to obtain from the provider, reseller, or seller entity	2186
a written statement confirming that the provider, reseller, or	2187
seller entity has not refunded the wireless 9-1-1 charges or	2188
fees to the subscriber or consumer and that the provider,	2189
reseller, or seller entity has not filed an application for a	2190
refund under this section. The tax commissioner may also require	2191
the <del>provider, reseller, or seller <u>entity</u> to provide this</del>	2192
statement.	2193
(D) On the filing of an application for a refund under	2194
this section, the tax commissioner shall determine the amount of	2195
refund to which the applicant is entitled. If the amount is not	2196
less than that claimed, the commissioner shall certify the	2197
determined amount to the director of budget and management and	2198
the treasurer of state for payment from the tax refund fund	2199
created under section 5703.052 of the Revised Code. If the	2200
amount is less than that claimed, the commissioner shall proceed	2201
in accordance with section 5703.70 of the Revised Code.	2202
(E) Refunds granted under this section shall include	2203
interest as provided by section 5739.132 of the Revised Code.	2204
Sec. 128.52. (A) Beginning on July 1, 2013, each Each	2205
seller of a prepaid wireless calling service required to collect	2206
prepaid wireless 9-1-1 charges under division (B) of section	2207
128.42 128.40 of the Revised Code or next generation 9-1-1	2208
access fees under section 128.421 of the Revised Code shall also	2209
be subject to the provisions of Chapter 5739. of the Revised	2210
Code regarding the excise tax on retail sales levied under	2211
section 5739.02 of the Revised Code, as those provisions apply	2212
to audits, assessments, appeals, enforcement, liability, and	2213

penalties.	2214
(B) The tax commissioner shall establish procedures by	2215
which a person may document that a sale is not a retail sale of	2216
a prepaid wireless calling service. The procedures shall	2217
substantially coincide with similar procedures under Chapter	2218
5739. of the Revised Code.	2219
Sec. 128.54. (A) (1) For the purpose of receiving,	2220
distributing, and accounting for amounts received from the	2221
wireless 9-1-1 charges imposed under section <u>128.40 of the</u>	2222
Revised Code and the next generation 9-1-1 access fees imposed	2223
under sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code, the	2224
following funds are created in the state treasury:	2225
(a) The wireless-9-1-1 government assistance fund;	2226
(b) The wireless-9-1-1 administrative fund;	2227
(c) The wireless-9-1-1 program fund;	2228
(d) The next generation 9-1-1 fund.	2229
(2) Amounts remitted under section 128.46 of the Revised	2230
Code shall be paid to the treasurer of state for deposit as	2231
follows:	2232
(a) Ninety-seven Forty-seven per cent to the wireless-9-1-	2233
1 government assistance fund. All interest earned on the	2234
wireless-9-1-1 government assistance fund shall be credited to	2235
the fund.	2236
(b) One per cent to the wireless 9-1-1 administrative	2237
fund;	2238
(c) Two per cent to the 9-1-1 program fund:	2239
(d) Fifty per cent to the next generation 9-1-1 fund.	2240

(3) The tax commissioner shall use the $\frac{\text{wireless}}{9}$ -1-1	2241
administrative fund to defray the costs incurred in carrying out	2242
this chapter.	2243
(4) The steering committee shall use the 9-1-1 program	2244
fund to defray the costs incurred by the steering committee in	2245
carrying out this chapter.	2246
(5) Annually, the tax commissioner, after paying	2247
administrative costs under division (A)(3) of this section,	2248
shall transfer any excess remaining in the wireless—9-1-1	2249
administrative fund to the next generation 9-1-1 fund, created	2250
under this section.	2251
(B) At the direction of the steering committee, the tax	2252
commissioner shall transfer the funds remaining in the wireless	2253
9-1-1 government assistance fund to the credit of the next	2254
generation 9-1-1 fund. All interest earned on the next	2255
generation 9-1-1 fund shall be credited to the fund.	2256
(C) From the wireless-9-1-1 government assistance fund,	2257
the director of budget and management shall, as funds are	2258
available, transfer to the tax refund fund, created under	2259
section 5703.052 of the Revised Code, amounts equal to the	2260
refunds certified by the tax commissioner under division (D) of	2261
section 128.47 of the Revised Code.	2262
Sec. 128.55. (A)(1) The tax commissioner, not later than	2263
the last day of each month, shall disburse moneys from the	2264
wireless-9-1-1 government assistance fund, plus any accrued	2265
interest on the fund, to each county treasurer in the same	2266
proportion distributed to that county by the tax commissioner in	2267
the corresponding calendar month of the previous year. Any	2268
shortfall in distributions resulting from the timing of funds	2269

received in a previous month shall be distributed in the	2270
following month. Disbursements shall occur not later than the	2271
tenth day of the month succeeding the month in which the	2272
wireless 9-1-1 charges imposed under section 128.40 of the	2273
Revised Code and the next generation 9-1-1 access fees imposed	2274
under sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code are	2275
remitted.	2276
(2) The tax commissioner shall disburse moneys from the	2277
next generation 9-1-1 fund in accordance with the guidelines	2278
established under section 128.022 of the Revised Code shall be	2279
administered by the department of administrative services and	2280
used exclusively to pay costs of installing, maintaining, and	2281
operating the call routing and core services statewide next	2282
generation 9-1-1 system.	2283
(B) Immediately upon receipt by a county treasurer of a	2284
disbursement under division (A) of this section, the county	2285
shall disburse, in accordance with the allocation formula set	2286
forth in the final plan, the amount the county so received to	2287
any other subdivisions in the county and any regional councils	2288
of governments in the county that pay the costs of a public	2289
safety answering point providing wireless enhanced 9-1-1 under	2290
the plan.	2291
(C) Nothing in this chapter affects the authority of a	2292
subdivision operating or served by a public safety answering	2293
point of a 9-1-1 system or a regional council of governments	2294
operating a public safety answering point of a 9-1-1 system to	2295
use, as provided in the final plan for the system or in an	2296
agreement under section 128.09 of the Revised Code, any other	2297
authorized revenue of the subdivision or the regional council of	2298
governments for the purposes of providing basic or enhanced 9-1-	2299

1.	2300
Sec. 128.57. Except as otherwise provided in section	2301
128.571 of the Revised Code:	2302
(A) A countywide 9-1-1 system receiving a disbursement	2303
under section 128.55 of the Revised Code shall provide	2304
countywide wireless enhanced 9-1-1 in accordance with this	2305
chapter beginning as soon as reasonably possible after receipt	2306
of the first disbursement or, if that service is already	2307
implemented, shall continue to provide such service. Except as	2308
provided in divisions (B), (C), $\frac{1}{2}$ and (E) of this	2309
section, a disbursement shall be used solely for the purpose of	2310
paying either or both of the following:	2311
(1) Any costs of designing the following:	2312
(a) Designing, upgrading, purchasing, leasing,	2313
programming, installing, testing, or maintaining the necessary	2314
data, hardware, software, and trunking required for the public	2315
safety answering point or points of the 9-1-1 system to provide	2316
wireless, enhanced, or next generation 9-1-1, which costs are	2317
incurred before or on or after May 6, 2005, and consist of such-	2318
additional costs of the 9-1-1 system over and above any costs	2319
incurred to provide wireline 9-1-1 or to otherwise provide	2320
wireless enhanced 9-1-1. Annually, up to twenty-five thousand	2321
dollars of the disbursements received on or after January 1,	2322
2009, may be applied to data, hardware, and software that	2323
automatically alerts personnel receiving a 9-1-1 call that a	2324
person at the subscriber's address or telephone number may have-	2325
a mental or physical disability, of which that personnel shall-	2326
<pre>inform the appropriate service;</pre>	2327
(b) Processing 9-1-1 emergency calls from the point of	2328

origin to include any expense for interoperable bidirectional	2329
computer aided dispatch data transfers with other public safety	2330
answering points or emergency services organizations and	2331
transferring and receiving law enforcement, fire, and emergency	2332
medical service provider. On or after the provision of technical	2333
and operational standards pursuant to section 128.021 of the	2334
Revised Code, a regional council of governments operating a	2335
public safety answering point or a subdivision shall consider	2336
the standards before incurring any costs described in this-	2337
division. data via wireless or internet connections from public	2338
safety answering points or emergency services organizations to	2339
all applicable emergency responders.	2340
(2) Any costs of training the staff of the public safety	2341
answering point or points to provide wireless enhanced 9-1-1,	2342
which costs are incurred before or on or after May 6, 2005.	2343
(B) A subdivision or a regional council of governments	2344
that certifies to the steering committee that it has paid the	2345
costs described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section and	2346
is providing countywide wireless enhanced 9-1-1 may use	2347
disbursements received under section 128.55 of the Revised Code	2348
to pay any of its personnel costs of one or more public safety	2349
answering points providing countywide wireless enhanced 9-1-1.	2350
(C) After receiving its July 2013 disbursement under	2351
division (A) of section 128.55 of the Revised Code as that	2352
division existed prior to the amendments to that division by	2353
H.B. 64 of the 131st general assembly, a regional council of	2354
governments operating a public safety answering point or a	2355
subdivision may use any remaining balance of disbursements it	2356
received under that division, as it existed prior to the	2357
amendments to it by H.B. 64 of the 131st general assembly, to	2358

pay any of its costs of providing countywide wireless 9-1-1,	2359
including the personnel costs of one or more public safety	2360
answering points providing that service.	2361
(D) The costs described in divisions (A), (B), (C), and	2362
(E) of this section may include any such costs payable pursuant	2363
to an agreement under division $\frac{\text{(J)}}{\text{(I)}}$ of section 128.03 of the	2364
Revised Code.	2365
(E)(1) No disbursement to a countywide 9-1-1 system for	2366
costs of a public safety answering point shall be made from the	2367
wireless—9-1-1 government assistance fund or the next generation	2368
9-1-1 fund unless the public safety answering point meets the	2369
standards set by rule of the steering committee under section	2370
128.021 of the Revised Code.	2371
(2) The steering committee shall monitor compliance with	2372
the standards and shall notify the tax commissioner to suspend	2373
disbursements to a countywide 9-1-1 system that fails to meet	2374
the standards. Upon receipt of this notification, the	2375
commissioner shall suspend disbursements until the commissioner	2376
is notified of compliance with the standards.	2377
(F) If the amount of the next generation 9-1-1 access fee	2378
exceeds twenty-five cents per month, the amount collected that	2379
is attributable to the difference between the actual amount and	2380
twenty-five cents shall be used exclusively for the transitional	2381
costs of next generation 9-1-1 or costs of connecting to the	2382
statewide emergency services internet protocol network.	2383
(G) The auditor of state may audit and review each	2384
county's expenditures of funds received from the wireless-9-1-1	2385
government assistance fund to verify that the funds were used in	2386
accordance with the requirements of this chapter. All funds	2387

generated from the next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed	2388
under sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code may be used	2389
only for 9-1-1 related expenses.	2390
Sec. 128.60. (A) (1) A telephone company, the state highway	2391
patrol as described in division $\frac{(J)}{(I)}$ of section 128.03 of the	2392
Revised Code, and each subdivision or regional council of	2393
governments operating one or more public safety answering points	2394
for a countywide system providing wireless 9-1-1, shall provide	2395
the steering committee and the tax commissioner with such	2396
information as the steering committee and tax commissioner	2397
request for the purposes of carrying out their duties under this	2398
chapter, including, but not limited to, duties regarding the	2399
collection of the wireless 9-1-1 charges imposed under section	2400
128.40 of the Revised Code and the next generation 9-1-1 access	2401
fee imposed under sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised	2402
Code.	2403
(2) A wireless service provider shall provide an official,	2404
employee, agent, or representative of a subdivision or regional	2405
council of governments operating a public safety answering	2406
point, or of the state highway patrol as described in division	2407
$\overline{\text{(J)}}$ of section 128.03 of the Revised Code, with such	2408
technical, service, and location information as the official,	2409
employee, agent, or representative requests for the purpose of	2410
providing wireless 9-1-1.	2411
(3) A subdivision or regional council of governments	2412
operating one or more public safety answering points of a 9-1-1	2413
system, and a telephone company, shall provide to the steering	2414
committee such information as the steering committee requires	2415
for the purpose of carrying out its duties under Chapter 128. of	2416
the Revised Code.	2417

(B)(1) Any information provided under division (A) of this	2418
section that consists of trade secrets as defined in section	2419
1333.61 of the Revised Code or of information regarding the	2420
customers, revenues, expenses, or network information of a	2421
telephone company shall be confidential and does not constitute	2422
a public record for the purpose of section 149.43 of the Revised	2423
Code.	2424
(2) The steering committee, tax commissioner, and any	2425
official, employee, agent, or representative of the steering	2426
committee, of the tax commissioner, of the state highway patrol	2427
as described in division $\frac{(J)}{(I)}$ of section 128.03 of the	2428
Revised Code, or of a subdivision or regional council of	2429
governments operating a public safety answering point, while	2430
acting or claiming to act in the capacity of the steering	2431
committee or tax commissioner or such official, employee, agent,	2432
or representative, shall not disclose any information provided	2433
under division (A) of this section regarding a telephone	2434
company's customers, revenues, expenses, or network information.	2435
Nothing in division (B)(2) of this section precludes any such	2436
information from being aggregated and included in any report of	2437
the steering committee, tax commissioner, or any official,	2438
employee, agent, or representative of the steering committee or	2439
tax commissioner, provided the aggregated information does not	2440
identify the number of any particular company's customers or the	2441
amount of its revenues or expenses or identify a particular	2442
company as to any network information.	2443
Sec. 128.63. (A) The tax commissioner may adopt rules in	2444
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to carry out	2445
this chapter, including rules prescribing the necessary	2446
accounting for the collection fee under division (B) $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$ of	2447
section 128.46 of the Revised Code.	2448

section 128.46 of the Revised Code.

(B) The amounts of the wireless 9-1-1 charges shall be	2449
prescribed only by act of the general assembly.	2450

Sec. 128.32—128.96. (A) (1) The state, the state highway 2451 patrol, a subdivision, or a regional council of governments 2452 participating in a 9-1-1 system established under this chapter 2453 and any officer, agent, employee, or independent contractor of 2454 the state, the state highway patrol, or such a participating 2455 subdivision or regional council of governments is not liable in 2456 damages in a civil action for injuries, death, or loss to 2457 2458 persons or property arising from any act or omission, except willful or wanton misconduct, in connection with developing, 2459 adopting, or approving any final plan or any agreement made 2460 under section 128.09 of the Revised Code or otherwise bringing 2461 into operation the 9-1-1 system pursuant to this chapter. 2462

- (2) The steering committee and any member of the steering 2463 committee are not liable in damages in a civil action for 2464 injuries, death, or loss to persons or property arising from any 2465 act or omission, except willful or wanton misconduct, in 2466 connection with the development or operation of a 9-1-1 system 2467 established under this chapter.
- (B) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an 2469 individual who gives emergency instructions through a 9-1-1 2470 system established under this chapter, and the principals for 2471 whom the person acts, including both employers and independent 2472 contractors, public and private, and an individual who follows 2473 emergency instructions and the principals for whom that person 2474 acts, including both employers and independent contractors, 2475 public and private, are not liable in damages in a civil action 2476 for injuries, death, or loss to persons or property arising from 2477 the issuance or following of emergency instructions, except 2478

where the issuance or following of the instructions constitutes	2479
willful or wanton misconduct.	2480
(C) Except for willful or wanton misconduct, a telephone	2481
company, and any other installer, maintainer, or provider,	2482
through the sale or otherwise, of customer premises equipment,	2483
or service used for or with a $9-1-1$ system, and their respective	2484
officers, directors, employees, agents, suppliers, corporate	2485
parents, and affiliates are not liable in damages in a civil	2486
action for injuries, death, or loss to persons or property	2487
incurred by any person resulting from any of the following:	2488
(1) Such an entity's or its officers', directors',	2489
employees', agents', or suppliers' participation in or acts or	2490
omissions in connection with participating in or developing,	2491
maintaining, or operating a 9-1-1 system;	2492
(2) Such an entity's or its officers', directors',	2493
employees', agents', or suppliers' provision of assistance to a	2494
public utility, municipal utility, or state or local government	2495
as authorized by divisions $\frac{(G)(4)-(H)(4)}{(H)(4)}$ and (5) of this	2496
section.	2497
(D) Except for willful or wanton misconduct, a provider of	2498
and a seller of a prepaid wireless calling service and their	2499
respective officers, directors, employees, agents, and suppliers	2500
are not liable in damages in a civil action for injuries, death,	2501
or loss to persons or property incurred by any person resulting	2502
from anything described in division (C) of this section.	2503
(E) Except for willful or wanton misconduct, a 9-1-1	2504
system service provider and the provider's respective officers,	2505
directors, employees, agents, and suppliers are not liable for	2506
any damages in a civil action for injuries, death, or loss to	2507

persons or property incurred by any person resulting from	2508					
developing, adopting, implementing, maintaining, or operating a	2509					
9-1-1 system, or from complying with emergency-related						
information requests from state or local government officials.	2511					
(F) No person shall knowingly use the telephone number of	2512					
a 9-1-1 system established under this chapter to report an	2513					
emergency if the person knows that no emergency exists.	2514					
$\frac{(F)-(G)}{(G)}$ No person shall knowingly use a 9-1-1 system for a	2515					
purpose other than obtaining emergency service.	2516					
(G) (H) No person shall disclose or use any information	2517					
concerning telephone numbers, addresses, or names obtained from	2518					
the data base that serves the public safety answering point of a	2519					
9-1-1 system established under this chapter, except for any of	2520					
the following purposes or under any of the following	2521					
circumstances:	2522					
(1) For the purpose of the 9-1-1 system;	2523					
(2) For the purpose of responding to an emergency call to	2524					
an emergency service provider;	2525					
(3) In the circumstance of the inadvertent disclosure of	2526					
such information due solely to technology of the wireline	2527					
telephone network portion of the 9-1-1 system not allowing	2528					
access to the data base to be restricted to 9-1-1 specific	2529					
answering lines at a public safety answering point;	2530					
(4) In the circumstance of access to a data base being	2531					
given by a telephone company that is a wireline service provider	2532					
to a public utility or municipal utility in handling customer	2533					
calls in times of public emergency or service outages. The	2534					
charge, terms, and conditions for the disclosure or use of such	2535					
information for the purpose of such access to a data base shall	2536					

be subject to the jurisdiction of the steering committee.	2537
(5) In the circumstance of access to a data base given by	2538
a telephone company that is a wireline service provider to a	2539
state and local government in warning of a public emergency, as	2540
determined by the steering committee. The charge, terms, and	2541
conditions for the disclosure or use of that information for the	2542
purpose of access to a data base is subject to the jurisdiction	2543
of the steering committee.	2544
Sec. 128.34 128.98. (A) The attorney general, upon request	2545
of the steering committee, or on the attorney general's own	2546
initiative, shall begin proceedings against a telephone company	2547
that is a wireline service provider to enforce compliance with	2548
this chapter or with the terms, conditions, requirements, or	2549
specifications of a final plan or of an agreement under section-	2550
128.09 of the Revised Code as to wireline or wireless 9-1-1.	2551
(B) The attorney general, upon the attorney general's own	2552
initiative, or any prosecutor, upon the prosecutor's initiative,	2553
shall begin proceedings against a subdivision or a regional	2554
council of governments as to wireline or wireless 9-1-1 to	2555
enforce compliance with this chapter or with the terms,	2556
conditions, requirements, or specifications of a final plan $\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial \mathbf{r}}$	2557
of an agreement under section 128.09 of the Revised Code as to	2558
wireline or wireless 9-1-1.	2559
<b>Sec. 128.99.</b> (A) Whoever violates division $\frac{(E)}{(F)}$ of	2560
section 128.32 128.96 of the Revised Code is guilty of a	2561
misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	2562
(B) Whoever violates division $\frac{(F)}{(F)} \frac{or}{(G)} \frac{(H)}{of} \frac{of}{(G)}$	2563
128.32 128.96 or division (B)(2) of section 128.60 of the	2564
Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree on	2565

a first offense and a felony of the fifth degree on each 2566 subsequent offense. 2567 (C) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller 2568 violates division (B)(A)(1)(a) of section 128.46 of the Revised 2569 Code, and does not comply with any extensions granted under 2570 division  $\frac{(B)(2)}{(A)(2)}$  of that section, the tax commissioner may 2571 impose a late-filing penalty of not more than the greater of 2572 fifty dollars or five per cent of the amount required to be 2573 remitted as described in division (B)(1)(b) of that section. 2574 (D) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller 2575 fails to comply with division  $\frac{(B)}{(A)}(1)(b)$  of section 128.46 of 2576 the Revised Code, the tax commissioner may impose a late-payment 2577 penalty of not more than the greater of fifty dollars or five 2578 per cent of the wireless 9-1-1 charge required to be remitted 2579 for the reporting period minus any partial remittance made on or 2580 before the due date, including any extensions granted under 2581 division  $\frac{(B)}{(A)}(2)$  of section 128.46 of the Revised Code. 2582 (E) The tax commissioner may impose an assessment penalty 2583 2584 of not more than the greater of one hundred dollars or thirtyfive per cent of the wireless 9-1-1 charges due after the tax 2585 commissioner notifies the person of an audit, an examination, a 2586 delinquency, assessment, or other notice that additional 2587 wireless 9-1-1 charges are due. 2588 (F) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller 2589 fails to comply with either electronic requirement of division 2590  $\frac{(B)(5)}{(C)}$  of section 128.46 of the Revised Code, the tax 2591 commissioner may impose an electronic penalty, for either or 2592 both failures to comply, of not more than the lesser of the 2593 following: 2594

(1) The greater of one hundred dollars or ten per cent of	2595
the amount required to be, but not, remitted electronically;	2596
(2) Five thousand dollars.	2597
(G) Each penalty described in divisions (C) to (F) of this	2598
section is in addition to any other penalty described in those	2599
divisions. The tax commissioner may abate all or any portion of	2600
any penalty described in those divisions.	2601
(H) An operator in violation of section 128.24 of the	2602
Revised Code may be assessed a fine of up to five thousand	2603
dollars per offense.	2604
(I) (1) If a business service user fails to comply with	2605
section 128.241 of the Revised Code without being exempt under	2606
section 128.242 of the Revised Code, the 9-1-1 steering	2607
committee shall request the attorney general to bring an action	2608
to recover one of the following amounts from the user:	2609
(a) One thousand dollars for an initial failure;	2610
(b) Up to five thousand dollars for each subsequent	2611
failure within each continuing six-month period in which the	2612
user remains noncompliant.	2613
(2) Any funds recovered under division (I)(1) of this	2614
section shall be deposited into the next generation 9-1-1 fund	2615
created under section 128.54 of the Revised Code.	2616
(3) Divisions (I)(1) and (2) of this section shall not	2617
apply if they are preempted by or in conflict with federal law.	2618
Sec. 149.43. (A) As used in this section:	2619
(1) "Public record" means records kept by any public	2620
office, including, but not limited to, state, county, city,	2621

village, township, and school district units, and records	2622
pertaining to the delivery of educational services by an	2623
alternative school in this state kept by the nonprofit or for-	2624
profit entity operating the alternative school pursuant to	2625
section 3313.533 of the Revised Code. "Public record" does not	2626
mean any of the following:	2627
(a) Medical records;	2628
(b) Records pertaining to probation and parole	2629
proceedings, to proceedings related to the imposition of	2630
community control sanctions and post-release control sanctions,	2631
or to proceedings related to determinations under section	2632
2967.271 of the Revised Code regarding the release or maintained	2633
incarceration of an offender to whom that section applies;	2634
(c) Records pertaining to actions under section 2151.85	2635
and division (C) of section 2919.121 of the Revised Code and to	2636
appeals of actions arising under those sections;	2637
(d) Records pertaining to adoption proceedings, including	2638
the contents of an adoption file maintained by the department of	2639
health under sections 3705.12 to 3705.124 of the Revised Code;	2640
(e) Information in a record contained in the putative	2641
father registry established by section 3107.062 of the Revised	2642
Code, regardless of whether the information is held by the	2643
department of job and family services or, pursuant to section	2644
3111.69 of the Revised Code, the office of child support in the	2645
department or a child support enforcement agency;	2646
(f) Records specified in division (A) of section 3107.52	2647
of the Revised Code;	2648
(g) Trial preparation records;	2649

(h) Confidential law enforcement investigatory records;	2650
(i) Records containing information that is confidential	2651
under section 2710.03 or 4112.05 of the Revised Code;	2652
(j) DNA records stored in the DNA database pursuant to	2653
section 109.573 of the Revised Code;	2654
(k) Inmate records released by the department of	2655
rehabilitation and correction to the department of youth	2656
services or a court of record pursuant to division (E) of	2657
section 5120.21 of the Revised Code;	2658
(1) Records maintained by the department of youth services	2659
pertaining to children in its custody released by the department	2660
of youth services to the department of rehabilitation and	2661
correction pursuant to section 5139.05 of the Revised Code;	2662
(m) Intellectual property records;	2663
(n) Donor profile records;	2664
(o) Records maintained by the department of job and family	2665
services pursuant to section 3121.894 of the Revised Code;	2666
(p) Designated public service worker residential and	2667
familial information;	2668
(q) In the case of a county hospital operated pursuant to	2669
Chapter 339. of the Revised Code or a municipal hospital	2670
operated pursuant to Chapter 749. of the Revised Code,	2671
information that constitutes a trade secret, as defined in	2672
section 1333.61 of the Revised Code;	2673
(r) Information pertaining to the recreational activities	2674
of a person under the age of eighteen;	2675
(s) In the case of a child fatality review board acting	2676

under sections 307.621 to 307.629 of the Revised Code or a	2677
review conducted pursuant to guidelines established by the	2678
director of health under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code,	2679
records provided to the board or director, statements made by	2680
board members during meetings of the board or by persons	2681
participating in the director's review, and all work products of	2682
the board or director, and in the case of a child fatality	2683
review board, child fatality review data submitted by the board	2684
to the department of health or a national child death review	2685
database, other than the report prepared pursuant to division	2686
(A) of section 307.626 of the Revised Code;	2687
(t) Records provided to and statements made by the	2688
executive director of a public children services agency or a	2689
prosecuting attorney acting pursuant to section 5153.171 of the	2690
Revised Code other than the information released under that	2691
section;	2692
(u) Test materials, examinations, or evaluation tools used	2693
in an examination for licensure as a nursing home administrator	2694
that the board of executives of long-term services and supports	2695
administers under section 4751.15 of the Revised Code or	2696
contracts under that section with a private or government entity	2697
to administer;	2698
(v) Records the release of which is prohibited by state or	2699
federal law;	2700
(w) Proprietary information of or relating to any person	2701
that is submitted to or compiled by the Ohio venture capital	2702
authority created under section 150.01 of the Revised Code;	2703
(x) Financial statements and data any person submits for	2704

controlling board in connection with applying for, receiving, or	2706
accounting for financial assistance from the agency, and	2707
information that identifies any individual who benefits directly	2708
or indirectly from financial assistance from the agency;	2709
(y) Records listed in section 5101.29 of the Revised Code;	2710
(z) Discharges recorded with a county recorder under	2711
section 317.24 of the Revised Code, as specified in division (B)	2712
(2) of that section;	2713
(aa) Usage information including names and addresses of	2714
specific residential and commercial customers of a municipally	2715
owned or operated public utility;	2716
(bb) Records described in division (C) of section 187.04	2717
of the Revised Code that are not designated to be made available	2718
to the public as provided in that division;	2719
(cc) Information and records that are made confidential,	2720
privileged, and not subject to disclosure under divisions (B)	2721
and (C) of section 2949.221 of the Revised Code;	2722
(dd) Personal information, as defined in section 149.45 of	2723
the Revised Code;	2724
(ee) The confidential name, address, and other personally	2725
identifiable information of a program participant in the address	2726
confidentiality program established under sections 111.41 to	2727
111.47 of the Revised Code, including the contents of any	2728
application for absent voter's ballots, absent voter's ballot	2729
identification envelope statement of voter, or provisional	2730
ballot affirmation completed by a program participant who has a	2731
confidential voter registration record, and records or portions	2732
of records pertaining to that program that identify the number	2733
of program participants that reside within a precinct, ward,	2734

township, municipal corporation, county, or any other geographic	2735
area smaller than the state. As used in this division,	2736
"confidential address" and "program participant" have the	2737
meaning defined in section 111.41 of the Revised Code.	2738
(ff) Orders for active military service of an individual	2739
serving or with previous service in the armed forces of the	2740
United States, including a reserve component, or the Ohio	2741
organized militia, except that, such order becomes a public	2742
record on the day that is fifteen years after the published date	2743
or effective date of the call to order;	2744
(gg) The name, address, contact information, or other	2745
personal information of an individual who is less than eighteen	2746
years of age that is included in any record related to a traffic	2747
accident involving a school vehicle in which the individual was	2748
an occupant at the time of the accident;	2749
(hh) Protected health information, as defined in 45 C.F.R.	2750
160.103, that is in a claim for payment for a health care	2751
product, service, or procedure, as well as any other health	2752
claims data in another document that reveals the identity of an	2753
individual who is the subject of the data or could be used to	2754
reveal that individual's identity;	2755
(ii) Any depiction by photograph, film, videotape, or	2756
printed or digital image under either of the following	2757
circumstances:	2758
(i) The depiction is that of a victim of an offense the	2759
release of which would be, to a reasonable person of ordinary	2760
sensibilities, an offensive and objectionable intrusion into the	2761
victim's expectation of bodily privacy and integrity.	2762
(ii) The depiction captures or depicts the victim of a	2763

sexually oriented offense, as defined in section 2950.01 of the	2764
Revised Code, at the actual occurrence of that offense.	2765
(jj) Restricted portions of a body-worn camera or	2766
dashboard camera recording;	2767
(kk) In the case of a fetal-infant mortality review board	2768
acting under sections 3707.70 to 3707.77 of the Revised Code,	2769
records, documents, reports, or other information presented to	2770
the board or a person abstracting such materials on the board's	2771
behalf, statements made by review board members during board	2772
meetings, all work products of the board, and data submitted by	2773
the board to the department of health or a national infant death	2774
review database, other than the report prepared pursuant to	2775
section 3707.77 of the Revised Code.	2776
(11) Records, documents, reports, or other information	2777
presented to the pregnancy-associated mortality review board	2778
established under section 3738.01 of the Revised Code,	2779
statements made by board members during board meetings, all work	2780
products of the board, and data submitted by the board to the	2781
department of health, other than the biennial reports prepared	2782
under section 3738.08 of the Revised Code;	2783
(mm) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1)(00)	2784
of this section, telephone numbers for a victim, as defined in	2785
section 2930.01 of the Revised Code or a witness to a crime that	2786
are listed on any law enforcement record or report.	2787
(nn) A preneed funeral contract, as defined in section	2788
4717.01 of the Revised Code, and contract terms and personally	2789
identifying information of a preneed funeral contract, that is	2790
contained in a report submitted by or for a funeral home to the	2791
board of embalmers and funeral directors under division (C) of	2792

section	4717.13,	division	(J) of	section	4717.31,	or	section	2793
4717.41	of the R	Revised Cod	le.					2794

(oo) Telephone numbers for a party to a motor vehicle 2795 accident subject to the requirements of section 5502.11 of the 2796 Revised Code that are listed on any law enforcement record or 2797 report, except that the telephone numbers described in this 2798 division are not excluded from the definition of "public record" 2799 under this division on and after the thirtieth day after the 2800 occurrence of the motor vehicle accident. 2801

A record that is not a public record under division (A)(1) 2802 of this section and that, under law, is permanently retained 2803 becomes a public record on the day that is seventy-five years 2804 after the day on which the record was created, except for any 2805 record protected by the attorney-client privilege, a trial 2806 preparation record as defined in this section, a statement 2807 prohibiting the release of identifying information signed under 2808 section 3107.083 of the Revised Code, a denial of release form 2809 filed pursuant to section 3107.46 of the Revised Code, or any 2810 record that is exempt from release or disclosure under section 2811 149.433 of the Revised Code. If the record is a birth 2812 certificate and a biological parent's name redaction request 2813 form has been accepted under section 3107.391 of the Revised 2814 Code, the name of that parent shall be redacted from the birth 2815 certificate before it is released under this paragraph. If any 2816 other section of the Revised Code establishes a time period for 2817 disclosure of a record that conflicts with the time period 2818 specified in this section, the time period in the other section 2819 2820 prevails.

(2) "Confidential law enforcement investigatory record" 2821 means any record that pertains to a law enforcement matter of a 2822

criminal, quasi-criminal, civil, or administrative nature, but	2823
only to the extent that the release of the record would create a	2824
high probability of disclosure of any of the following:	2825
(a) The identity of a suspect who has not been charged	2826
with the offense to which the record pertains, or of an	2827
information source or witness to whom confidentiality has been	2828
reasonably promised;	2829
(b) Information provided by an information source or	2830
witness to whom confidentiality has been reasonably promised,	2831
which information would reasonably tend to disclose the source's	2832
or witness's identity;	2833
(c) Specific confidential investigatory techniques or	2834
procedures or specific investigatory work product;	2835
(d) Information that would endanger the life or physical	2836
safety of law enforcement personnel, a crime victim, a witness,	2837
or a confidential information source.	2838
(3) "Medical record" means any document or combination of	2839
documents, except births, deaths, and the fact of admission to	2840
or discharge from a hospital, that pertains to the medical	2841
history, diagnosis, prognosis, or medical condition of a patient	2842
and that is generated and maintained in the process of medical	2843
treatment.	2844
(4) "Trial preparation record" means any record that	2845
contains information that is specifically compiled in reasonable	2846
anticipation of, or in defense of, a civil or criminal action or	2847
proceeding, including the independent thought processes and	2848
personal trial preparation of an attorney.	2849
(5) "Intellectual property record" means a record, other	2850
than a financial or administrative record, that is produced or	2851

collected by or for faculty or staff of a state institution of	2852
higher learning in the conduct of or as a result of study or	2853
research on an educational, commercial, scientific, artistic,	2854
technical, or scholarly issue, regardless of whether the study	2855
or research was sponsored by the institution alone or in	2856
conjunction with a governmental body or private concern, and	2857
that has not been publicly released, published, or patented.	2858
(6) "Donor profile record" means all records about donors	2859
or potential donors to a public institution of higher education	2860
except the names and reported addresses of the actual donors and	2861
the date, amount, and conditions of the actual donation.	2862
(7) "Designated public service worker" means a peace	2863
officer, parole officer, probation officer, bailiff, prosecuting	2864
attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, correctional employee,	2865
county or multicounty corrections officer, community-based	2866
correctional facility employee, designated Ohio national guard	2867
member, protective services worker, youth services employee,	2868
firefighter, EMT, medical director or member of a cooperating	2869
physician advisory board of an emergency medical service	2870
organization, state board of pharmacy employee, investigator of	2871
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation,	2872
emergency service telecommunicator, forensic mental health	2873
provider, mental health evaluation provider, regional	2874
psychiatric hospital employee, judge, magistrate, or federal law	2875
enforcement officer.	2876
(8) "Designated public service worker residential and	2877
familial information" means any information that discloses any	2878
of the following about a designated public service worker:	2879

(a) The address of the actual personal residence of a

designated public service worker, except for the following

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information:	2882
(i) The address of the actual personal residence of a	2883
prosecuting attorney or judge; and	2884
(ii) The state or political subdivision in which a	2885
designated public service worker resides.	2886
(b) Information compiled from referral to or participation	2887
in an employee assistance program;	2888
(c) The social security number, the residential telephone	2889
number, any bank account, debit card, charge card, or credit	2890
card number, or the emergency telephone number of, or any	2891
medical information pertaining to, a designated public service	2892
worker;	2893
(d) The name of any beneficiary of employment benefits,	2894
including, but not limited to, life insurance benefits, provided	2895
to a designated public service worker by the designated public	2896
service worker's employer;	2897
(e) The identity and amount of any charitable or	2898
employment benefit deduction made by the designated public	2899
service worker's employer from the designated public service	2900
worker's compensation, unless the amount of the deduction is	2901
required by state or federal law;	2902
(f) The name, the residential address, the name of the	2903
employer, the address of the employer, the social security	2904
number, the residential telephone number, any bank account,	2905
debit card, charge card, or credit card number, or the emergency	2906
telephone number of the spouse, a former spouse, or any child of	2907
a designated public service worker;	2908
(g) A photograph of a peace officer who holds a position	2900

or has an assignment that may include undercover or plain	2910
clothes positions or assignments as determined by the peace	2911
officer's appointing authority.	2912
(9) As used in divisions (A)(7) and (15) to (17) of this	2913
section:	2914
"Peace officer" has the meaning defined in section 109.71	2915
of the Revised Code and also includes the superintendent and	2916
troopers of the state highway patrol; it does not include the	2917
sheriff of a county or a supervisory employee who, in the	2918
absence of the sheriff, is authorized to stand in for, exercise	2919
the authority of, and perform the duties of the sheriff.	2920
	0.001
"Correctional employee" means any employee of the	2921
department of rehabilitation and correction who in the course of	2922
performing the employee's job duties has or has had contact with	2923
inmates and persons under supervision.	2924
"County or multicounty corrections officer" means any	2925
corrections officer employed by any county or multicounty	2926
correctional facility.	2927
"Designated Ohio national guard member" means a member of	2928
the Ohio national guard who is participating in duties related	2929
to remotely piloted aircraft, including, but not limited to,	2930
pilots, sensor operators, and mission intelligence personnel,	2931
duties related to special forces operations, or duties related	2932
to cybersecurity, and is designated by the adjutant general as a	2933
designated public service worker for those purposes.	2934
"Protective services worker" means any employee of a	2935
county agency who is responsible for child protective services,	2936
child support services, or adult protective services.	2937
"Youth services employee" means any employee of the	2938

department of youth services who in the course of performing the	
department of youth services who in the course of performing the	2939
employee's job duties has or has had contact with children	2940
committed to the custody of the department of youth services.	2941
"Firefighter" means any regular, paid or volunteer, member	2942
of a lawfully constituted fire department of a municipal	2943
corporation, township, fire district, or village.	2944
"EMT" means EMTs-basic, EMTs-I, and paramedics that	2945
provide emergency medical services for a public emergency	2946
medical service organization. "Emergency medical service	2947
organization," "EMT-basic," "EMT-I," and "paramedic" have the	2948
meanings defined in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	2949
"Investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	2950
investigation" has the meaning defined in section 2903.11 of the	2951
Revised Code.	2952
"Emergency service telecommunicator" has the meaning	2953
defined in section 4742.01 of the Revised Codemeans an	2954
individual employed by an emergency service provider as defined	2955
individual employed by an emergency service provider as defined under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary	2955 2956
under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary	2956
under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary responsibility is to be an operator for the receipt or	2956 2957
under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary responsibility is to be an operator for the receipt or processing of calls for emergency services made by telephone,	2956 2957 2958
under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary responsibility is to be an operator for the receipt or processing of calls for emergency services made by telephone, radio, or other electronic means.	2956 2957 2958 2959
under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary responsibility is to be an operator for the receipt or processing of calls for emergency services made by telephone, radio, or other electronic means.  "Forensic mental health provider" means any employee of a	2956 2957 2958 2959 2960
under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary responsibility is to be an operator for the receipt or processing of calls for emergency services made by telephone, radio, or other electronic means.  "Forensic mental health provider" means any employee of a community mental health service provider or local alcohol, drug	2956 2957 2958 2959 2960 2961
under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary responsibility is to be an operator for the receipt or processing of calls for emergency services made by telephone, radio, or other electronic means.  "Forensic mental health provider" means any employee of a community mental health service provider or local alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services board who, in the course	2956 2957 2958 2959 2960 2961 2962
under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary responsibility is to be an operator for the receipt or processing of calls for emergency services made by telephone, radio, or other electronic means.  "Forensic mental health provider" means any employee of a community mental health service provider or local alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services board who, in the course of the employee's duties, has contact with persons committed to	2956 2957 2958 2959 2960 2961 2962 2963
under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary responsibility is to be an operator for the receipt or processing of calls for emergency services made by telephone, radio, or other electronic means.  "Forensic mental health provider" means any employee of a community mental health service provider or local alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services board who, in the course of the employee's duties, has contact with persons committed to a local alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services	2956 2957 2958 2959 2960 2961 2962 2963 2964

who, under Chapter 5122. of the Revised Code, examines a	2968
respondent who is alleged to be a mentally ill person subject to	2969
court order, as defined in section 5122.01 of the Revised Code,	2970
and reports to the probate court the respondent's mental	2971
condition.	2972
"Regional psychiatric hospital employee" means any	2973
employee of the department of mental health and addiction	2974
services who, in the course of performing the employee's duties,	2975
has contact with patients committed to the department of mental	2976
health and addiction services by a court order pursuant to	2977
section 2945.38, 2945.39, 2945.40, or 2945.402 of the Revised	2978
Code.	2979
"Federal law enforcement officer" has the meaning defined	2980
in section 9.88 of the Revised Code.	2981
(10) "Information pertaining to the recreational	2982
activities of a person under the age of eighteen" means	2983
information that is kept in the ordinary course of business by a	2984
public office, that pertains to the recreational activities of a	2985
person under the age of eighteen years, and that discloses any	2986
of the following:	2987
(a) The address or telephone number of a person under the	2988
age of eighteen or the address or telephone number of that	2989
person's parent, guardian, custodian, or emergency contact	2990
person;	2991
(b) The social security number, birth date, or	2992
photographic image of a person under the age of eighteen;	2993
(c) Any medical record, history, or information pertaining	2994
to a person under the age of eighteen;	2995

(d) Any additional information sought or required about a

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person under the age of eighteen for the purpose of allowing	2997
that person to participate in any recreational activity	2998
conducted or sponsored by a public office or to use or obtain	2999
admission privileges to any recreational facility owned or	3000
operated by a public office.	3001
(11) "Community control sanction" has the meaning defined	3002
in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	3003
(12) "Post-release control sanction" has the meaning	3004
defined in section 2967.01 of the Revised Code.	3005
(13) "Redaction" means obscuring or deleting any	3006
information that is exempt from the duty to permit public	3007
inspection or copying from an item that otherwise meets the	3008
definition of a "record" in section 149.011 of the Revised Code.	3009
(14) "Designee," "elected official," and "future official"	3010
have the meanings defined in section 109.43 of the Revised Code.	3011
(15) "Body-worn camera" means a visual and audio recording	3012
device worn on the person of a peace officer while the peace	3013
officer is engaged in the performance of the peace officer's	3014
duties.	3015
(16) "Dashboard camera" means a visual and audio recording	3016
device mounted on a peace officer's vehicle or vessel that is	3017
used while the peace officer is engaged in the performance of	3018
the peace officer's duties.	3019
(17) "Restricted portions of a body-worn camera or	3020
dashboard camera recording" means any visual or audio portion of	3021
a body-worn camera or dashboard camera recording that shows,	3022
communicates, or discloses any of the following:	3023
(a) The image or identity of a child or information that	3024

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could lead to the identification of a child who is a primary	3025
subject of the recording when the law enforcement agency knows	3026
or has reason to know the person is a child based on the law	3027
enforcement agency's records or the content of the recording;	3028
(b) The death of a person or a deceased person's body,	3029
unless the death was caused by a peace officer or, subject to	3030
division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the decedent's	3031
executor or administrator has been obtained;	3032
(c) The death of a peace officer, firefighter, paramedic,	3033
or other first responder, occurring while the decedent was	3034
engaged in the performance of official duties, unless, subject	3035
to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the	3036
decedent's executor or administrator has been obtained;	3037
(d) Grievous bodily harm, unless the injury was effected	3038
by a peace officer or, subject to division (H)(1) of this	3039
section, the consent of the injured person or the injured	3040
person's guardian has been obtained;	3041
(e) An act of severe violence against a person that	3042
results in serious physical harm to the person, unless the act	3043
and injury was effected by a peace officer or, subject to	3044
division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the injured	3045
person or the injured person's guardian has been obtained;	3046
(f) Grievous bodily harm to a peace officer, firefighter,	3047
paramedic, or other first responder, occurring while the injured	3048
person was engaged in the performance of official duties,	3049
unless, subject to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent	3050
of the injured person or the injured person's guardian has been	3051
obtained;	3052

(g) An act of severe violence resulting in serious

physical harm against a peace officer, firefighter, paramedic,	3054
or other first responder, occurring while the injured person was	3055
engaged in the performance of official duties, unless, subject	3056
to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the injured	3057
person or the injured person's guardian has been obtained;	3058
(h) A person's nude body, unless, subject to division (H)	3059
(1) of this section, the person's consent has been obtained;	3060
(i) Protected health information, the identity of a person	3061
in a health care facility who is not the subject of a law	3062
enforcement encounter, or any other information in a health care	3063
facility that could identify a person who is not the subject of	3064
a law enforcement encounter;	3065
(j) Information that could identify the alleged victim of	3066
a sex offense, menacing by stalking, or domestic violence;	3067
(k) Information, that does not constitute a confidential	3068
law enforcement investigatory record, that could identify a	3069
person who provides sensitive or confidential information to a	3070
law enforcement agency when the disclosure of the person's	3071
identity or the information provided could reasonably be	3072
expected to threaten or endanger the safety or property of the	3073
person or another person;	3074
(1) Personal information of a person who is not arrested,	3075
cited, charged, or issued a written warning by a peace officer;	3076
(m) Proprietary police contingency plans or tactics that	3077
are intended to prevent crime and maintain public order and	3078
safety;	3079
(n) A personal conversation unrelated to work between	3080
peace officers or between a peace officer and an employee of a	3081
law enforcement agency;	3082

(o) A conversation between a peace officer and a member of	3083
the public that does not concern law enforcement activities;	3084
(p) The interior of a residence, unless the interior of a	3085
residence is the location of an adversarial encounter with, or a	3086
use of force by, a peace officer;	3087
(q) Any portion of the interior of a private business that	3088
is not open to the public, unless an adversarial encounter with,	3089
or a use of force by, a peace officer occurs in that location.	3090
As used in division (A)(17) of this section:	3091
"Grievous bodily harm" has the same meaning as in section	3092
5924.120 of the Revised Code.	3093
"Health care facility" has the same meaning as in section	3094
1337.11 of the Revised Code.	3095
"Protected health information" has the same meaning as in	3096
45 C.F.R. 160.103.	3097
"Law enforcement agency" has the same meaning as in	3098
section 2925.61 of the Revised Code.	3099
"Personal information" means any government-issued	3100
identification number, date of birth, address, financial	3101
information, or criminal justice information from the law	3102
enforcement automated data system or similar databases.	3103
"Sex offense" has the same meaning as in section 2907.10	3104
of the Revised Code.	3105
"Firefighter," "paramedic," and "first responder" have the	3106
same meanings as in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	3107
(B)(1) Upon request by any person and subject to division	3108
(B) (8) of this section, all public records responsive to the	3109

request shall be promptly prepared and made available for	3110
inspection to the requester at all reasonable times during	3111
regular business hours. Subject to division (B)(8) of this	3112
section, upon request by any person, a public office or person	3113
responsible for public records shall make copies of the	3114
requested public record available to the requester at cost and	3115
within a reasonable period of time. If a public record contains	3116
information that is exempt from the duty to permit public	3117
inspection or to copy the public record, the public office or	3118
the person responsible for the public record shall make	3119
available all of the information within the public record that	3120
is not exempt. When making that public record available for	3121
public inspection or copying that public record, the public	3122
office or the person responsible for the public record shall	3123
notify the requester of any redaction or make the redaction	3124
plainly visible. A redaction shall be deemed a denial of a	3125
request to inspect or copy the redacted information, except if	3126
federal or state law authorizes or requires a public office to	3127
make the redaction.	3128

(2) To facilitate broader access to public records, a 3129 public office or the person responsible for public records shall 3130 organize and maintain public records in a manner that they can 3131 be made available for inspection or copying in accordance with 3132 division (B) of this section. A public office also shall have 3133 available a copy of its current records retention schedule at a 3134 location readily available to the public. If a requester makes 3135 an ambiguous or overly broad request or has difficulty in making 3136 a request for copies or inspection of public records under this 3137 section such that the public office or the person responsible 3138 for the requested public record cannot reasonably identify what 3139 public records are being requested, the public office or the 3140

person responsible for the requested public record may deny the	3141
request but shall provide the requester with an opportunity to	3142
revise the request by informing the requester of the manner in	3143
which records are maintained by the public office and accessed	3144
in the ordinary course of the public office's or person's	3145
duties.	3146
(3) If a request is ultimately denied, in part or in	3147
whole, the public office or the person responsible for the	3148
requested public record shall provide the requester with an	3149
explanation, including legal authority, setting forth why the	3150
request was denied. If the initial request was provided in	3151
writing, the explanation also shall be provided to the requester	3152
in writing. The explanation shall not preclude the public office	3153
or the person responsible for the requested public record from	3154
relying upon additional reasons or legal authority in defending	3155
an action commenced under division (C) of this section.	3156
(4) Unless specifically required or authorized by state or	3157
federal law or in accordance with division (B) of this section,	3158
no public office or person responsible for public records may	3159
limit or condition the availability of public records by	3160
requiring disclosure of the requester's identity or the intended	3161
use of the requested public record. Any requirement that the	3162
requester disclose the requester's identity or the intended use	3163
of the requested public record constitutes a denial of the	3164
request.	3165
(5) A public office or person responsible for public	3166
records may ask a requester to make the request in writing, may	3167

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ask for the requester's identity, and may inquire about the

intended use of the information requested, but may do so only

after disclosing to the requester that a written request is not

mandatory, that the requester may decline to reveal the	3171
requester's identity or the intended use, and when a written	3172
request or disclosure of the identity or intended use would	3173
benefit the requester by enhancing the ability of the public	3174
office or person responsible for public records to identify,	3175
locate, or deliver the public records sought by the requester.	3176
(6) If any person requests a copy of a public record in	3177
accordance with division (B) of this section, the public office	3178
or person responsible for the public record may require the	3179
requester to pay in advance the cost involved in providing the	3180
copy of the public record in accordance with the choice made by	3181
the requester under this division. The public office or the	3182
person responsible for the public record shall permit the	3183
requester to choose to have the public record duplicated upon	3184
paper, upon the same medium upon which the public office or	3185
person responsible for the public record keeps it, or upon any	3186
other medium upon which the public office or person responsible	3187
for the public record determines that it reasonably can be	3188
duplicated as an integral part of the normal operations of the	3189
public office or person responsible for the public record. When	3190
the requester makes a choice under this division, the public	3191
office or person responsible for the public record shall provide	3192
a copy of it in accordance with the choice made by the	3193
requester. Nothing in this section requires a public office or	3194
person responsible for the public record to allow the requester	3195
of a copy of the public record to make the copies of the public	3196
record.	3197
(7)(a) Upon a request made in accordance with division (B)	3198
of this section and subject to division (B)(6) of this section,	3199
a public office or person responsible for public records shall	3200

transmit a copy of a public record to any person by United

States mail or by any other means of delivery or transmission	3202
within a reasonable period of time after receiving the request	3203
for the copy. The public office or person responsible for the	3204
public record may require the person making the request to pay	3205
in advance the cost of postage if the copy is transmitted by	3206
United States mail or the cost of delivery if the copy is	3207
transmitted other than by United States mail, and to pay in	3208
advance the costs incurred for other supplies used in the	3209
mailing, delivery, or transmission.	3210
(b) Any public office may adopt a policy and procedures	3211
that it will follow in transmitting, within a reasonable period	3212
of time after receiving a request, copies of public records by	3213
United States mail or by any other means of delivery or	3214
transmission pursuant to division (B)(7) of this section. A	3215
public office that adopts a policy and procedures under division	3216
(B)(7) of this section shall comply with them in performing its	3217
duties under that division.	3218
(c) In any policy and procedures adopted under division	3219
(B)(7) of this section:	3220
(i) A public office may limit the number of records	3221
requested by a person that the office will physically deliver by	3222
United States mail or by another delivery service to ten per	3223
month, unless the person certifies to the office in writing that	3224
the person does not intend to use or forward the requested	3225
records, or the information contained in them, for commercial	3226
purposes;	3227
(ii) A public office that chooses to provide some or all	3228
of its public records on a web site that is fully accessible to	3229
and searchable by members of the public at all times, other than	3230
during acts of God outside the public office's control or	3231

maintenance, and that charges no fee to search, access,	3232
download, or otherwise receive records provided on the web site,	3233
may limit to ten per month the number of records requested by a	3234
person that the office will deliver in a digital format, unless	3235
the requested records are not provided on the web site and	3236
unless the person certifies to the office in writing that the	3237
person does not intend to use or forward the requested records,	3238
or the information contained in them, for commercial purposes.	3239
(iii) For purposes of division (B)(7) of this section,	3240
"commercial" shall be narrowly construed and does not include	3241
reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering information	3242
to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the operation or	3243
activities of government, or nonprofit educational research.	3244
(8) A public office or person responsible for public	3245
records is not required to permit a person who is incarcerated	3246
pursuant to a criminal conviction or a juvenile adjudication to	3247
inspect or to obtain a copy of any public record concerning a	3248
criminal investigation or prosecution or concerning what would	3249
be a criminal investigation or prosecution if the subject of the	3250
investigation or prosecution were an adult, unless the request	3251
to inspect or to obtain a copy of the record is for the purpose	3252
of acquiring information that is subject to release as a public	3253
record under this section and the judge who imposed the sentence	3254
or made the adjudication with respect to the person, or the	3255
judge's successor in office, finds that the information sought	3256
in the public record is necessary to support what appears to be	3257
a justiciable claim of the person.	3258
(9)(a) Upon written request made and signed by a	3259

journalist, a public office, or person responsible for public

records, having custody of the records of the agency employing a

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specified designated public service worker shall disclose to the	3262
journalist the address of the actual personal residence of the	3263
designated public service worker and, if the designated public	3264
service worker's spouse, former spouse, or child is employed by	3265
a public office, the name and address of the employer of the	3266
designated public service worker's spouse, former spouse, or	3267
child. The request shall include the journalist's name and title	3268
and the name and address of the journalist's employer and shall	3269
state that disclosure of the information sought would be in the	3270
public interest.	3271
(b) Division (B)(9)(a) of this section also applies to	3272
journalist requests for:	3273
- -	
(i) Customer information maintained by a municipally owned	3274
or operated public utility, other than social security numbers	3275
and any private financial information such as credit reports,	3276
payment methods, credit card numbers, and bank account	3277
information;	3278
(ii) Information about minors involved in a school vehicle	3279
accident as provided in division (A)(1)(gg) of this section,	3280
other than personal information as defined in section 149.45 of	3281
the Revised Code.	3282
(c) As used in division (B)(9) of this section,	3283
	3284
"journalist" means a person engaged in, connected with, or	
employed by any news medium, including a newspaper, magazine,	3285
press association, news agency, or wire service, a radio or	3286
television station, or a similar medium, for the purpose of	3287
gathering, processing, transmitting, compiling, editing, or	3288
disseminating information for the general public.	3289

(10) Upon a request made by a victim, victim's attorney,

or victim's representative, as that term is used in section	3291
2930.02 of the Revised Code, a public office or person	3292
responsible for public records shall transmit a copy of a	3293
depiction of the victim as described in division (A)(1)(ii) of	3294
this section to the victim, victim's attorney, or victim's	3295
representative.	3296
(C)(1) If a person allegedly is aggrieved by the failure	3297
of a public office or the person responsible for public records	3298
to promptly prepare a public record and to make it available to	3299
the person for inspection in accordance with division (B) of	3300
this section or by any other failure of a public office or the	3301
person responsible for public records to comply with an	3302
obligation in accordance with division (B) of this section, the	3303
person allegedly aggrieved may do only one of the following, and	3304
not both:	3305
(a) File a complaint with the clerk of the court of claims	3306
or the clerk of the court of common pleas under section 2743.75	3307
of the Revised Code;	3308
(b) Commence a mandamus action to obtain a judgment that	3309
orders the public office or the person responsible for the	3310
public record to comply with division (B) of this section, that	3311
awards court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the person	3312
that instituted the mandamus action, and, if applicable, that	3313
includes an order fixing statutory damages under division (C)(2)	3314
of this section. The mandamus action may be commenced in the	3315
court of common pleas of the county in which division (B) of	3316
this section allegedly was not complied with, in the supreme	3317
court pursuant to its original jurisdiction under Section 2 of	3318
Article IV, Ohio Constitution, or in the court of appeals for	3319
the appellate district in which division (B) of this section	3320

allegedly was not complied with pursuant to its original	3321
jurisdiction under Section 3 of Article IV, Ohio Constitution.	3322
(2) If a requester transmits a written request by hand	3323
delivery, electronic submission, or certified mail to inspect or	3324
receive copies of any public record in a manner that fairly	3325
describes the public record or class of public records to the	3326
public office or person responsible for the requested public	3327
records, except as otherwise provided in this section, the	3328
requester shall be entitled to recover the amount of statutory	3329
damages set forth in this division if a court determines that	3330
the public office or the person responsible for public records	3331
failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division	3332
(B) of this section.	3333
The amount of statutory damages shall be fixed at one	3334
hundred dollars for each business day during which the public	3335
office or person responsible for the requested public records	3336
failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division	3337
(B) of this section, beginning with the day on which the	3338
requester files a mandamus action to recover statutory damages,	3339
up to a maximum of one thousand dollars. The award of statutory	3340
damages shall not be construed as a penalty, but as compensation	3341
for injury arising from lost use of the requested information.	3342
The existence of this injury shall be conclusively presumed. The	3343
award of statutory damages shall be in addition to all other	3344
remedies authorized by this section.	3345
The court may reduce an award of statutory damages or not	3346
award statutory damages if the court determines both of the	3347
following:	3348

(a) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory

law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or

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threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible	3351
for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a	3352
failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division	3353
(B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus	3354
action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for	3355
the requested public records reasonably would believe that the	3356
conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person	3357
responsible for the requested public records did not constitute	3358
a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with	3359
division (B) of this section;	3360
(b) That a well-informed public office or person	3361
responsible for the requested public records reasonably would	3362
believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public	3363
office or person responsible for the requested public records	3364
would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that	3365
is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.	3366
(3) In a mandamus action filed under division (C)(1) of	3367
this section, the following apply:	3368
(a) (i) If the court orders the public office or the person	3369
responsible for the public record to comply with division (B) of	3370
this section, the court shall determine and award to the relator	3371
all court costs, which shall be construed as remedial and not	3372
punitive.	3373
(ii) If the court makes a determination described in	3374
division (C)(3)(b)(iii) of this section, the court shall	3375
determine and award to the relator all court costs, which shall	3376
be construed as remedial and not punitive.	3377
(b) If the court renders a judgment that orders the public	3378

office or the person responsible for the public record to comply

with division (B) of this section or if the court determines any	3380
of the following, the court may award reasonable attorney's fees	3381
to the relator, subject to division (C)(4) of this section:	3382
(i) The public office or the person responsible for the	3383
public records failed to respond affirmatively or negatively to	3384
the public records request in accordance with the time allowed	3385
under division (B) of this section.	3386
(ii) The public office or the person responsible for the	3387
public records promised to permit the relator to inspect or	3388
receive copies of the public records requested within a	3389
specified period of time but failed to fulfill that promise	3390
within that specified period of time.	3391
(iii) The public office or the person responsible for the	3392
public records acted in bad faith when the office or person	3393
voluntarily made the public records available to the relator for	3394
the first time after the relator commenced the mandamus action,	3395
but before the court issued any order concluding whether or not	3396
the public office or person was required to comply with division	3397
(B) of this section. No discovery may be conducted on the issue	3398
of the alleged bad faith of the public office or person	3399
responsible for the public records. This division shall not be	3400
construed as creating a presumption that the public office or	3401
the person responsible for the public records acted in bad faith	3402
when the office or person voluntarily made the public records	3403
available to the relator for the first time after the relator	3404
commenced the mandamus action, but before the court issued any	3405
order described in this division.	3406
(c) The court shall not award attorney's fees to the	3407

relator if the court determines both of the following:

(i) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory	3409
law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or	3410
threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible	3411
for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a	3412
failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division	3413
(B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus	3414
action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for	3415
the requested public records reasonably would believe that the	3416
conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person	3417
responsible for the requested public records did not constitute	3418
a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with	3419
division (B) of this section;	3420
(ii) That a well-informed public office or person	3421
responsible for the requested public records reasonably would	3422
believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public	3423
office or person responsible for the requested public records	3424
would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that	3425
is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.	3426
is abortion as permittering that conduct of enfeatemen conduct.	0120
(4) All of the following apply to any award of reasonable	3427
attorney's fees awarded under division (C)(3)(b) of this	3428
section:	3429
(a) The fees shall be construed as remedial and not	3430
punitive.	3431
	2420
(b) The fees awarded shall not exceed the total of the	3432
reasonable attorney's fees incurred before the public record was	3433
made available to the relator and the fees described in division	3434
(C)(4)(c) of this section.	3435
(c) Reasonable attorney's fees shall include reasonable	3436

fees incurred to produce proof of the reasonableness and amount

of the fees and to otherwise litigate entitlement to the fees.	3438
(d) The court may reduce the amount of fees awarded if the	3439
court determines that, given the factual circumstances involved	3440
with the specific public records request, an alternative means	3441
should have been pursued to more effectively and efficiently	3442
resolve the dispute that was subject to the mandamus action	3443
filed under division (C)(1) of this section.	3444
(5) If the court does not issue a writ of mandamus under	3445
division (C) of this section and the court determines at that	3446
time that the bringing of the mandamus action was frivolous	3447
conduct as defined in division (A) of section 2323.51 of the	3448
Revised Code, the court may award to the public office all court	3449
costs, expenses, and reasonable attorney's fees, as determined	3450
by the court.	3451
(D) Chapter 1347. of the Revised Code does not limit the	3452
provisions of this section.	3453
(E)(1) To ensure that all employees of public offices are	3454
appropriately educated about a public office's obligations under	3455
division (B) of this section, all elected officials or their	3456
appropriate designees shall attend training approved by the	3457
attorney general as provided in section 109.43 of the Revised	3458
Code. A future official may satisfy the requirements of this	3459
division by attending the training before taking office,	3460
provided that the future official may not send a designee in the	3461
future official's place.	3462
(2) All public offices shall adopt a public records policy	3463
in compliance with this section for responding to public records	3464
requests. In adopting a public records policy under this	3465
division, a public office may obtain guidance from the model	3466

public records policy developed and provided to the public	3467
office by the attorney general under section 109.43 of the	3468
Revised Code. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the	3469
policy may not limit the number of public records that the	3470
public office will make available to a single person, may not	3471
limit the number of public records that it will make available	3472
during a fixed period of time, and may not establish a fixed	3473
period of time before it will respond to a request for	3474
inspection or copying of public records, unless that period is	3475
less than eight hours.	3476

The public office shall distribute the public records 3477 policy adopted by the public office under this division to the 3478 employee of the public office who is the records custodian or 3479 records manager or otherwise has custody of the records of that 3480 office. The public office shall require that employee to 3481 acknowledge receipt of the copy of the public records policy. 3482 The public office shall create a poster that describes its 3483 public records policy and shall post the poster in a conspicuous 3484 place in the public office and in all locations where the public 3485 office has branch offices. The public office may post its public 3486 records policy on the internet web site of the public office if 3487 the public office maintains an internet web site. A public 3488 office that has established a manual or handbook of its general 3489 policies and procedures for all employees of the public office 3490 shall include the public records policy of the public office in 3491 the manual or handbook. 3492

(F) (1) The bureau of motor vehicles may adopt rules

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pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to reasonably limit

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the number of bulk commercial special extraction requests made

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by a person for the same records or for updated records during a

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calendar year. The rules may include provisions for charges to

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be made for bulk commercial special extraction requests for the 3498 actual cost of the bureau, plus special extraction costs, plus 3499 ten per cent. The bureau may charge for expenses for redacting 3500 information, the release of which is prohibited by law. 3501 (2) As used in division (F)(1) of this section: 3502 (a) "Actual cost" means the cost of depleted supplies, 3503 records storage media costs, actual mailing and alternative 3504 delivery costs, or other transmitting costs, and any direct 3505 equipment operating and maintenance costs, including actual 3506 costs paid to private contractors for copying services. 3507 (b) "Bulk commercial special extraction request" means a 3508 request for copies of a record for information in a format other 3509 than the format already available, or information that cannot be 3510 extracted without examination of all items in a records series, 3511 class of records, or database by a person who intends to use or 3512 forward the copies for surveys, marketing, solicitation, or 3513 resale for commercial purposes. "Bulk commercial special 3514 extraction request" does not include a request by a person who 3515 gives assurance to the bureau that the person making the request 3516 does not intend to use or forward the requested copies for 3517 surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for commercial 3518 purposes. 3519 (c) "Commercial" means profit-seeking production, buying, 3520 or selling of any good, service, or other product. 3521 (d) "Special extraction costs" means the cost of the time 3522 spent by the lowest paid employee competent to perform the task, 3523

the actual amount paid to outside private contractors employed

by the bureau, or the actual cost incurred to create computer

programs to make the special extraction. "Special extraction

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costs" include any charges paid to a public agency for computer	3527
or records services.	3528
(3) For purposes of divisions (F)(1) and (2) of this	3529
section, "surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for	3530
commercial purposes" shall be narrowly construed and does not	3531
include reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering	3532
information to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the	3533
operation or activities of government, or nonprofit educational	3534
research.	3535
(G) A request by a defendant, counsel of a defendant, or	3536
any agent of a defendant in a criminal action that public	3537
records related to that action be made available under this	3538
section shall be considered a demand for discovery pursuant to	3539
the Criminal Rules, except to the extent that the Criminal Rules	3540
plainly indicate a contrary intent. The defendant, counsel of	3541
the defendant, or agent of the defendant making a request under	3542
this division shall serve a copy of the request on the	3543
prosecuting attorney, director of law, or other chief legal	3544
officer responsible for prosecuting the action.	3545
(H)(1) Any portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard	3546
camera recording described in divisions (A)(17)(b) to (h) of	3547
this section may be released by consent of the subject of the	3548
recording or a representative of that person, as specified in	3549
those divisions, only if either of the following applies:	3550
(a) The recording will not be used in connection with any	3551
probable or pending criminal proceedings;	3552
(b) The recording has been used in connection with a	3553

criminal proceeding that was dismissed or for which a judgment

has been entered pursuant to Rule 32 of the Rules of Criminal

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Procedure, and will not be used again in connection with any
probable or pending criminal proceedings.

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(2) If a public office denies a request to release a 3558 restricted portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard camera 3559 recording, as defined in division (A)(17) of this section, any 3560 person may file a mandamus action pursuant to this section or a 3561 complaint with the clerk of the court of claims pursuant to 3562 section 2743.75 of the Revised Code, requesting the court to 3563 order the release of all or portions of the recording. If the 3564 3565 court considering the request determines that the filing articulates by clear and convincing evidence that the public 3566 interest in the recording substantially outweighs privacy 3567 interests and other interests asserted to deny release, the 3568 court shall order the public office to release the recording. 3569

## Sec. 4776.20. (A) As used in this section:

(1) "Licensing agency" means, in addition to each board 3571 identified in division (C) of section 4776.01 of the Revised 3572 Code, the board or other government entity authorized to issue a 3573 license under Chapters 4703., 4707., 4709., 4712., 4713., 4719., 3574 4723., 4727., 4728., 4733., 4735., 4736., 4737., 4738., 4740., 3575 <del>4742.,</del> 4747., 4749., 4752., 4753., 4758., 4759., 4763., 4764., 3576 4765., 4766., 4771., 4773., and 4781. of the Revised Code. 3577 "Licensing agency" includes an administrative officer that has 3578 authority to issue a license. 3579

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(2) "Licensee" means, in addition to a licensee as 3580 described in division (B) of section 4776.01 of the Revised 3581 Code, the person to whom a license is issued by the board or 3582 other government entity authorized to issue a license under 3583 Chapters 4703., 4707., 4709., 4712., 4713., 4719., 4723., 4727., 3584 4728., 4733., 4735., 4736., 4737., 4738., 4740., 4742., 4747., 3585

4749., 4751., 4752., 4753., 4758., 4759., 4763., 4764., 4765.,	3586
4766., 4771., 4773., and 4781. of the Revised Code.	3587
(3) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section	3588
2935.01 of the Revised Code.	3589
(B) On a licensee's conviction of, plea of guilty to,	3590
judicial finding of guilt of, or judicial finding of guilt	3591
resulting from a plea of no contest to the offense of	3592
trafficking in persons in violation of section 2905.32 of the	3593
Revised Code, the prosecutor in the case shall promptly notify	3594
the licensing agency of the conviction, plea, or finding and	3595
provide the licensee's name and residential address. On receipt	3596
of this notification, the licensing agency shall immediately	3597
suspend the licensee's license.	3598
(C) If there is a conviction of, plea of guilty to,	3599
judicial finding of guilt of, or judicial finding of guilt	3600
resulting from a plea of no contest to the offense of	3601
trafficking in persons in violation of section 2905.32 of the	3602
Revised Code and all or part of the violation occurred on the	3603
premises of a facility that is licensed by a licensing agency,	3604
the prosecutor in the case shall promptly notify the licensing	3605
agency of the conviction, plea, or finding and provide the	3606
facility's name and address and the offender's name and	3607
residential address. On receipt of this notification, the	3608
licensing agency shall immediately suspend the facility's	3609
license.	3610
(D) Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to	3611
the contrary, the suspension of a license under division (B) or	3612
(C) of this section shall be implemented by a licensing agency	3613
without a prior hearing. After the suspension, the licensing	3614

agency shall give written notice to the subject of the

suspension of the right to request a hearing under Chapter 119.	3616
of the Revised Code. After a hearing is held, the licensing	3617
agency shall either revoke or permanently revoke the license of	3618
the subject of the suspension, unless it determines that the	3619
license holder has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to,	3620
been found guilty of, or been found guilty based on a plea of no	3621
contest to the offense of trafficking in persons in violation of	3622
section 2905.32 of the Revised Code.	3623

Sec. 5703.052. (A) There is hereby created in the state 3624 treasury the tax refund fund, from which refunds shall be paid 3625 for taxes illegally or erroneously assessed or collected, or for 3626 any other reason overpaid, that are levied by Chapter 4301., 3627 4305., 5726., 5728., 5729., 5731., 5733., 5735., 5736., 5739., 3628 5741., 5743., 5747., 5748., 5749., 5751., or 5753. and sections 3629 3737.71, 3905.35, 3905.36, 4303.33, 5707.03, 5725.18, 5727.28, 3630 5727.38, 5727.81, and 5727.811 of the Revised Code. Refunds for 3631 fees or levied under sections 3734.90 to 3734.9014 of the 3632 Revised Code, wireless 9-1-1 charges imposed under section 3633 128.40 of the Revised Code, or next generation 9-1-1 access fees 3634 imposed under sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code 3635 illegally or erroneously assessed or collected, or for any other 3636 reason overpaid, that are levied by sections 128.42 or 3734.90 3637 to 3734.9014 of the Revised Code also shall be paid from the 3638 fund. Refunds for amounts illegally or erroneously assessed or 3639 collected by the tax commissioner, or for any other reason 3640 overpaid, that are due under section 1509.50 of the Revised Code 3641 shall be paid from the fund. Refunds for amounts illegally or 3642 erroneously assessed or collected by the commissioner, or for 3643 any other reason overpaid to the commissioner, under sections 3644 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code shall be paid from the 3645 fund. However, refunds for taxes levied under section 5739.101 3646

of the Revised Code shall not be paid from the tax refund fund,	3647
but shall be paid as provided in section 5739.104 of the Revised	3648
Code.	3649
(B)(1) Upon certification by the tax commissioner to the	3650
treasurer of state of a tax refund, a wireless 9-1-1 charge	3651
refund, <u>a next generation 9-1-1 access fee refund</u> , or another	3652
amount refunded, or by the superintendent of insurance of a	3653
domestic or foreign insurance tax refund, the treasurer of state	3654
shall place the amount certified to the credit of the fund. The	3655
certified amount transferred shall be derived from the receipts	3656
of the same tax, fee, wireless 9-1-1 charge, next generation 9-	3657
<u>1-1 access fee,</u> or other amount from which the refund arose.	3658
(2) When a refund is for a tax, fee, wireless 9-1-1	3659
charge, next generation 9-1-1 access fee, or other amount that	3660
is not levied by the state or that was illegally or erroneously	3661
distributed to a taxing jurisdiction, the tax commissioner shall	3662
recover the amount of that refund from the next distribution of	3663
that tax, fee, wireless 9-1-1 charge, <a href="next generation 9-1-1">next generation 9-1-1</a>	3664
access fee, or other amount that otherwise would be made to the	3665
taxing jurisdiction. If the amount to be recovered would exceed	3666
twenty-five per cent of the next distribution of that tax, fee,	3667
wireless 9-1-1 charge, next generation 9-1-1 access fee, or	3668
other amount, the commissioner may spread the recovery over more	3669
than one future distribution, taking into account the amount to	3670
be recovered and the amount of the anticipated future	3671
distributions. In no event may the commissioner spread the	3672
recovery over a period to exceed thirty-six months.	3673
Sec. 5733.55. (A) As used in this section:	3674

(1) "9-1-1 system" has the same meaning as in section

128.01 of the Revised Code.

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(2) "Nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges" means nonrecurring	3677
charges approved by the public utilities commission for the	3678
telephone network portion of a 9-1-1 system pursuant to section	3679
128.18 128.33 of the Revised Code.	3680
(3) "Eligible nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges" means all	3681
nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges for a 9-1-1 system except both of the	3682
following:	3683
(a) Charges for a system that was not established pursuant	3684
to a plan adopted under section 128.08 of the Revised Code or an	3685
agreement under section 128.09 of the Revised Code;	3686
(b) Charges for that part of a system established pursuant	3687
to such a plan or agreement that are excluded from the credit by	3688
division (C)(2) of section $\frac{128.18}{128.33}$ of the Revised Code.	3689
(4) "Telephone company" has the same meaning as in section	3690
5727.01 of the Revised Code.	3691
(B) Beginning in tax year 2005, a telephone company shall	3692
be allowed a nonrefundable credit against the tax imposed by	3693
section 5733.06 of the Revised Code equal to the amount of its	3694
eligible nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges. The credit shall be claimed	3695
for the company's taxable year that covers the period in which	3696
the 9-1-1 service for which the credit is claimed becomes	3697
available for use. The credit shall be claimed in the order	3698
required by section 5733.98 of the Revised Code. If the credit	3699
exceeds the total taxes due under section 5733.06 of the Revised	3700
Code for the tax year, the tax commissioner shall credit the	3701
excess against taxes due under that section for succeeding tax	3702
years until the full amount of the credit is granted.	3703
(C) After the last day a return, with any extensions, may	3704
be filed by any telephone company that is eligible to claim a	3705

credit under this section, the commissioner shall determine	3706
whether the sum of the credits allowed for prior tax years	3707
commencing with tax year 2005 plus the sum of the credits	3708
claimed for the current tax year exceeds fifteen million	3709
dollars. If it does, the credits allowed under this section for	3710
the current tax year shall be reduced by a uniform percentage	3711
such that the sum of the credits allowed for the current tax	3712
year do not exceed fifteen million dollars claimed by all	3713
telephone companies for all tax years. Thereafter, no credit	3714
shall be granted under this section, except for the remaining	3715
portions of any credits allowed under division (B) of this	3716
section.	3717

(D) A telephone company that is entitled to carry forward 3718 a credit against its public utility excise tax liability under 3719 section 5727.39 of the Revised Code is entitled to carry forward 3720 any amount of that credit remaining after its last public 3721 utility excise tax payment for the period of July 1, 2003, 3722 through June 30, 2004, and claim that amount as a credit against 3723 its corporation franchise tax liability under this section. 3724 Nothing in this section authorizes a telephone company to claim 3725 a credit under this section for any eligible nonrecurring 9-1-1 3726 charges for which it has already claimed a credit under this 3727 section or section 5727.39 of the Revised Code. 3728

## Sec. 5751.01. As used in this chapter:

(A) "Person" means, but is not limited to, individuals,

combinations of individuals of any form, receivers, assignees,

trustees in bankruptcy, firms, companies, joint-stock companies,

business trusts, estates, partnerships, limited liability

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partnerships, limited liability companies, associations, joint

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ventures, clubs, societies, for-profit corporations, S

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corporations, qualified subchapter S subsidiaries, qualified	3736
subchapter S trusts, trusts, entities that are disregarded for	3737
federal income tax purposes, and any other entities.	3738
(B) "Consolidated elected taxpayer" means a group of two	3739
or more persons treated as a single taxpayer for purposes of	3740
this chapter as the result of an election made under section	3741
5751.011 of the Revised Code.	3742
(C) "Combined taxpayer" means a group of two or more	3743
persons treated as a single taxpayer for purposes of this	3744
chapter under section 5751.012 of the Revised Code.	3745
(D) "Taxpayer" means any person, or any group of persons	3746
in the case of a consolidated elected taxpayer or combined	3747
taxpayer treated as one taxpayer, required to register or pay	3748
tax under this chapter. "Taxpayer" does not include excluded	3749
persons.	3750
(E) "Excluded person" means any of the following:	3751
(1) Any person with not more than one hundred fifty	3752
thousand dollars of taxable gross receipts during the calendar	3753
year. Division (E)(1) of this section does not apply to a person	3754
that is a member of a consolidated elected taxpayer;	3755
(2) A public utility that paid the excise tax imposed by	3756
section 5727.24 or 5727.30 of the Revised Code based on one or	3757
more measurement periods that include the entire tax period	3758
under this chapter, except that a public utility that is a	3759
combined company is a taxpayer with regard to the following	3760
gross receipts:	3761
(a) Taxable gross receipts directly attributed to a public	3762
utility activity, but not directly attributed to an activity	3763
that is subject to the excise tax imposed by section 5727.24 or	3764

5727.30 of the Revised Code;	3765
(b) Taxable gross receipts that cannot be directly	3766
attributed to any activity, multiplied by a fraction whose	3767
numerator is the taxable gross receipts described in division	3768
(E)(2)(a) of this section and whose denominator is the total	3769
taxable gross receipts that can be directly attributed to any	3770
activity;	3771
(c) Except for any differences resulting from the use of	3772
an accrual basis method of accounting for purposes of	3773
determining gross receipts under this chapter and the use of the	3774
cash basis method of accounting for purposes of determining	3775
gross receipts under section 5727.24 of the Revised Code, the	3776
gross receipts directly attributed to the activity of a natural	3777
gas company shall be determined in a manner consistent with	3778
division (D) of section 5727.03 of the Revised Code.	3779
As used in division (E)(2) of this section, "combined	3780
company" and "public utility" have the same meanings as in	3781
section 5727.01 of the Revised Code.	3782
(3) A financial institution, as defined in section 5726.01	3783
of the Revised Code, that paid the tax imposed by section	3784
5726.02 of the Revised Code based on one or more taxable years	3785
that include the entire tax period under this chapter;	3786
(4) A person directly or indirectly owned by one or more	3787
financial institutions, as defined in section 5726.01 of the	3788
Revised Code, that paid the tax imposed by section 5726.02 of	3789
the Revised Code based on one or more taxable years that include	3790

For the purposes of division (E)(4) of this section, a 3792 person owns another person under the following circumstances: 3793

3791

the entire tax period under this chapter.

(a) In the case of corporations issuing capital stock, one	3794
corporation owns another corporation if it owns fifty per cent	3795
or more of the other corporation's capital stock with current	3796
voting rights;	3797
(b) In the case of a limited liability company, one person	3798
owns the company if that person's membership interest, as	3799
defined in section 1705.01 or 1706.01 of the Revised Code as	3800
applicable, is fifty per cent or more of the combined membership	3801
interests of all persons owning such interests in the company;	3802
(c) In the case of a partnership, trust, or other	3803
unincorporated business organization other than a limited	3804
liability company, one person owns the organization if, under	3805
the articles of organization or other instrument governing the	3806
affairs of the organization, that person has a beneficial	3807
interest in the organization's profits, surpluses, losses, or	3808
distributions of fifty per cent or more of the combined	3809
beneficial interests of all persons having such an interest in	3810
the organization.	3811
(5) A domestic insurance company or foreign insurance	3812
company, as defined in section 5725.01 of the Revised Code, that	3813
paid the insurance company premiums tax imposed by section	3814
5725.18 or Chapter 5729. of the Revised Code, or an unauthorized	3815
insurance company whose gross premiums are subject to tax under	3816
section 3905.36 of the Revised Code based on one or more	3817
measurement periods that include the entire tax period under	3818
this chapter;	3819
(6) A person that solely facilitates or services one or	3820
more securitizations of phase-in-recovery property pursuant to a	3821
final financing order as those terms are defined in section	3822

4928.23 of the Revised Code. For purposes of this division,

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"securitization" means transferring one or more assets to one or	3824
more persons and then issuing securities backed by the right to	3825
receive payment from the asset or assets so transferred.	3826
(7) Except as otherwise provided in this division, a pre-	3827
income tax trust as defined in section 5747.01 of the Revised	3828
Code and any pass-through entity of which such pre-income tax	3829
trust owns or controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively	3830
through related interests, more than five per cent of the	3831
ownership or equity interests. If the pre-income tax trust has	3832
made a qualifying pre-income tax trust election under division	3833
(EE) of section 5747.01 of the Revised Code, then the trust and	3834
the pass-through entities of which it owns or controls,	3835
directly, indirectly, or constructively through related	3836
interests, more than five per cent of the ownership or equity	3837
interests, shall not be excluded persons for purposes of the tax	3838
imposed under section 5751.02 of the Revised Code.	3839
	2040
(8) Nonprofit organizations or the state and its agencies,	3840
instrumentalities, or political subdivisions.	3841
(F) Except as otherwise provided in divisions $(F)(2)$ , $(3)$ ,	3842
and (4) of this section, "gross receipts" means the total amount	3843
realized by a person, without deduction for the cost of goods	3844
sold or other expenses incurred, that contributes to the	3845
production of gross income of the person, including the fair	3846

(1) The following are examples of gross receipts:

debt transferred or forgiven as consideration.

market value of any property and any services received, and any

- (a) Amounts realized from the sale, exchange, or other3850disposition of the taxpayer's property to or with another;3851
  - (b) Amounts realized from the taxpayer's performance of

services for another; 3853 (c) Amounts realized from another's use or possession of 3854 the taxpayer's property or capital; 3855 (d) Any combination of the foregoing amounts. 3856 (2) "Gross receipts" excludes the following amounts: 3857 (a) Interest income except interest on credit sales; 3858 (b) Dividends and distributions from corporations, and 3859 distributive or proportionate shares of receipts and income from 3860 a pass-through entity as defined under section 5733.04 of the 3861 Revised Code; 3862 (c) Receipts from the sale, exchange, or other disposition 3863 of an asset described in section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal 3864 Revenue Code, without regard to the length of time the person 3865 held the asset. Notwithstanding section 1221 of the Internal 3866 Revenue Code, receipts from hedging transactions also are 3867 excluded to the extent the transactions are entered into 3868 primarily to protect a financial position, such as managing the 3869 risk of exposure to (i) foreign currency fluctuations that 3870 affect assets, liabilities, profits, losses, equity, or 3871 3872 investments in foreign operations; (ii) interest rate fluctuations; or (iii) commodity price fluctuations. As used in 3873 3874 division (F)(2)(c) of this section, "hedging transaction" has the same meaning as used in section 1221 of the Internal Revenue 3875 Code and also includes transactions accorded hedge accounting 3876 treatment under statement of financial accounting standards 3877 number 133 of the financial accounting standards board. For the 3878 purposes of division (F)(2)(c) of this section, the actual 3879 transfer of title of real or tangible personal property to 3880 another entity is not a hedging transaction. 3881

(d) Proceeds received attributable to the repayment,	3882
maturity, or redemption of the principal of a loan, bond, mutual	3883
fund, certificate of deposit, or marketable instrument;	3884
(e) The principal amount received under a repurchase	3885
agreement or on account of any transaction properly	3886
characterized as a loan to the person;	3887
(f) Contributions received by a trust, plan, or other	3888
arrangement, any of which is described in section 501(a) of the	3889
Internal Revenue Code, or to which Title 26, Subtitle A, Chapter	3890
1, Subchapter (D) of the Internal Revenue Code applies;	3891
(g) Compensation, whether current or deferred, and whether	3892
in cash or in kind, received or to be received by an employee,	3893
former employee, or the employee's legal successor for services	3894
rendered to or for an employer, including reimbursements	3895
received by or for an individual for medical or education	3896
expenses, health insurance premiums, or employee expenses, or on	3897
account of a dependent care spending account, legal services	3898
plan, any cafeteria plan described in section 125 of the	3899
Internal Revenue Code, or any similar employee reimbursement;	3900
(h) Proceeds received from the issuance of the taxpayer's	3901
own stock, options, warrants, puts, or calls, or from the sale	3902
of the taxpayer's treasury stock;	3903
(i) Proceeds received on the account of payments from	3904
insurance policies, except those proceeds received for the loss	3905
of business revenue;	3906
(j) Gifts or charitable contributions received; membership	3907
dues received by trade, professional, homeowners', or	3908
condominium associations; and payments received for educational	3909
courses, meetings, meals, or similar payments to a trade,	3910

professional, or other similar association; and fundraising	3911
receipts received by any person when any excess receipts are	3912
donated or used exclusively for charitable purposes;	3913
(k) Damages received as the result of litigation in excess	3914
of amounts that, if received without litigation, would be gross	3915
receipts;	3916
(1) Property, money, and other amounts received or	3917
acquired by an agent on behalf of another in excess of the	3918
agent's commission, fee, or other remuneration;	3919
(m) Tax refunds, other tax benefit recoveries, and	3920
reimbursements for the tax imposed under this chapter made by	3921
entities that are part of the same combined taxpayer or	3922
consolidated elected taxpayer group, and reimbursements made by	3923
entities that are not members of a combined taxpayer or	3924
consolidated elected taxpayer group that are required to be made	3925
for economic parity among multiple owners of an entity whose tax	3926
obligation under this chapter is required to be reported and	3927
paid entirely by one owner, pursuant to the requirements of	3928
sections 5751.011 and 5751.012 of the Revised Code;	3929
(n) Pension reversions;	3930
(o) Contributions to capital;	3931
(p) Sales or use taxes collected as a vendor or an out-of-	3932
state seller on behalf of the taxing jurisdiction from a	3933
consumer or other taxes the taxpayer is required by law to	3934
collect directly from a purchaser and remit to a local, state,	3935
or federal tax authority;	3936
(q) In the case of receipts from the sale of cigarettes,	3937
tobacco products, or vapor products by a wholesale dealer,	3938
retail dealer, distributor, manufacturer, vapor distributor, or	3939

seller, all as defined in section 5743.01 of the Revised Code,	3940
an amount equal to the federal and state excise taxes paid by	3941
any person on or for such cigarettes, tobacco products, or vapor	3942
products under subtitle E of the Internal Revenue Code or	3943
Chapter 5743. of the Revised Code;	3944
(r) In the case of receipts from the sale, transfer,	3945
exchange, or other disposition of motor fuel as "motor fuel" is	3946
defined in section 5736.01 of the Revised Code, an amount equal	3947
to the value of the motor fuel, including federal and state	3948
motor fuel excise taxes and receipts from billing or invoicing	3949
the tax imposed under section 5736.02 of the Revised Code to	3950
another person;	3951
(s) In the case of receipts from the sale of beer or	3952
intoxicating liquor, as defined in section 4301.01 of the	3953
Revised Code, by a person holding a permit issued under Chapter	3954
4301. or 4303. of the Revised Code, an amount equal to federal	3955
and state excise taxes paid by any person on or for such beer or	3956
intoxicating liquor under subtitle E of the Internal Revenue	3957
Code or Chapter 4301. or 4305. of the Revised Code;	3958
(t) Receipts realized by a new motor vehicle dealer or	3959
used motor vehicle dealer, as defined in section 4517.01 of the	3960
Revised Code, from the sale or other transfer of a motor	3961
vehicle, as defined in that section, to another motor vehicle	3962
dealer for the purpose of resale by the transferee motor vehicle	3963
dealer, but only if the sale or other transfer was based upon	3964
the transferee's need to meet a specific customer's preference	3965
for a motor vehicle;	3966
(u) Receipts from a financial institution described in	3967
division (E)(3) of this section for services provided to the	3968
financial institution in connection with the issuance,	3969

processing, servicing, and management of loans or credit	3970
accounts, if such financial institution and the recipient of	3971
such receipts have at least fifty per cent of their ownership	3972
interests owned or controlled, directly or constructively	3973
through related interests, by common owners;	3974
(v) Receipts realized from administering anti-neoplastic	3975
drugs and other cancer chemotherapy, biologicals, therapeutic	3976
agents, and supportive drugs in a physician's office to patients	3977
with cancer;	3978
(w) Funds received or used by a mortgage broker that is	3979
not a dealer in intangibles, other than fees or other	3980
consideration, pursuant to a table-funding mortgage loan or	3981
warehouse-lending mortgage loan. Terms used in division (F)(2)	3982
(w) of this section have the same meanings as in section 1322.01	3983
of the Revised Code, except "mortgage broker" means a person	3984
assisting a buyer in obtaining a mortgage loan for a fee or	3985
other consideration paid by the buyer or a lender, or a person	3986
engaged in table-funding or warehouse-lending mortgage loans	3987
that are first lien mortgage loans.	3988
(x) Property, money, and other amounts received by a	3989
professional employer organization, as defined in section	3990
4125.01 of the Revised Code, or an alternate employer	3991
organization, as defined in section 4133.01 of the Revised Code,	3992
from a client employer, as defined in either of those sections	3993
as applicable, in excess of the administrative fee charged by	3994
the professional employer organization or the alternate employer	3995
organization to the client employer;	3996
(y) In the case of amounts retained as commissions by a	3997
permit holder under Chapter 3769. of the Revised Code, an amount	3998
equal to the amounts specified under that chapter that must be	3999

paid to or collected by the tax commissioner as a tax and the	4000
amounts specified under that chapter to be used as purse money;	4001
(z) Qualifying distribution center receipts as determined	4002
under section 5751.40 of the Revised Code.	4003
(aa) Receipts of an employer from payroll deductions	4004
relating to the reimbursement of the employer for advancing	4005
moneys to an unrelated third party on an employee's behalf;	4006
(bb) Cash discounts allowed and taken;	4007
(cc) Returns and allowances;	4008
(dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax	4009
imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax	4010
payment period. For the purpose of this division, "bad debts"	4011
means any debts that have become worthless or uncollectible	4012
between the preceding and current quarterly tax payment periods,	4013
have been uncollected for at least six months, and that may be	4014
claimed as a deduction under section 166 of the Internal Revenue	4015
Code and the regulations adopted under that section, or that	4016
could be claimed as such if the taxpayer kept its accounts on	4017
the accrual basis. "Bad debts" does not include repossessed	4018
property, uncollectible amounts on property that remains in the	4019
possession of the taxpayer until the full purchase price is	4020
paid, or expenses in attempting to collect any account	4021
receivable or for any portion of the debt recovered;	4022
(ee) Any amount realized from the sale of an account	4023
receivable to the extent the receipts from the underlying	4024
transaction giving rise to the account receivable were included	4025
in the gross receipts of the taxpayer;	4026
(ff) Any receipts directly attributed to a transfer	4027
agreement or to the enterprise transferred under that agreement	4028

under section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.	4029
(gg) Qualified uranium receipts as determined under	4030
section 5751.41 of the Revised Code.	4031
(hh) In the case of amounts collected by a licensed casino	4032
operator from casino gaming, amounts in excess of the casino	4033
operator's gross casino revenue. In this division, "casino	4034
operator" and "casino gaming" have the meanings defined in	4035
section 3772.01 of the Revised Code, and "gross casino revenue"	4036
has the meaning defined in section 5753.01 of the Revised Code.	4037
(ii) Receipts realized from the sale of agricultural	4038
commodities by an agricultural commodity handler, both as	4039
defined in section 926.01 of the Revised Code, that is licensed	4040
by the director of agriculture to handle agricultural	4041
commodities in this state.	4042
(jj) Qualifying integrated supply chain receipts as	4043
determined under section 5751.42 of the Revised Code.	4044
(kk) In the case of a railroad company described in	4045
division (D)(9) of section 5727.01 of the Revised Code that	4046
purchases dyed diesel fuel directly from a supplier as defined	4047
by section 5736.01 of the Revised Code, an amount equal to the	4048
product of the number of gallons of dyed diesel fuel purchased	4049
directly from such a supplier multiplied by the average	4050
wholesale price for a gallon of diesel fuel as determined under	4051
section 5736.02 of the Revised Code for the period during which	4052
the fuel was purchased multiplied by a fraction, the numerator	4053
of which equals the rate of tax levied by section 5736.02 of the	4054
Revised Code less the rate of tax computed in section 5751.03 of	4055
the Revised Code, and the denominator of which equals the rate	4056
of tax computed in section 5751.03 of the Revised Code.	4057

(11) Receipts realized by an out-of-state disaster	4058
business from disaster work conducted in this state during a	4059
disaster response period pursuant to a qualifying solicitation	4060
received by the business. Terms used in division (F)(2)(11) of	4061
this section have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the	4062
Revised Code.	4063
(mm) In the case of receipts from the sale or transfer of	4064
a mortgage-backed security or a mortgage loan by a mortgage	4065
lender holding a valid certificate of registration issued under	4066
Chapter 1322. of the Revised Code or by a person that is a	4067
member of the mortgage lender's consolidated elected taxpayer	4068
group, an amount equal to the principal balance of the mortgage	4069
loan.	4070
(nn) Amounts of excess surplus of the state insurance fund	4071
received by the taxpayer from the Ohio bureau of workers'	4072
compensation pursuant to rules adopted under section 4123.321 of	4073
the Revised Code.	4074
(00) Except as otherwise provided in division (B) of	4075
section 5751.091 of the Revised Code, receipts of a megaproject	4076
supplier from sales of tangible personal property directly to a	4077
megaproject operator in this state, provided the supplier holds	4078
a certificate issued under section 5751.052 of the Revised Code	4079
for the calendar year in which the sales are made, and provided	4080
both the operator and supplier hold a certificate issued under	4081
division (D)(7) of section 122.17 of the Revised Code on the	4082
first day of that calendar year;	4083
(pp) Any receipts for which the tax imposed by this	4084
chapter is prohibited by the constitution or laws of the United	4085
States or the constitution of this state;	4086

(qq) Receipts from fees imposed under sections 128.41 and	4087
128.42 of the Revised Code.	4088
(3) In the case of a taxpayer when acting as a real estate	4089
broker, "gross receipts" includes only the portion of any fee	4090
for the service of a real estate broker, or service of a real	4091
estate salesperson associated with that broker, that is retained	4092
by the broker and not paid to an associated real estate	4093
salesperson or another real estate broker. For the purposes of	4094
this division, "real estate broker" and "real estate	4095
salesperson" have the same meanings as in section 4735.01 of the	4096
Revised Code.	4097
(4) A taxpayer's method of accounting for gross receipts	4098
for a tax period shall be the same as the taxpayer's method of	4099
accounting for federal income tax purposes for the taxpayer's	4100
federal taxable year that includes the tax period. If a	4101
taxpayer's method of accounting for federal income tax purposes	4102
changes, its method of accounting for gross receipts under this	4103
chapter shall be changed accordingly.	4104
(G) "Taxable gross receipts" means gross receipts sitused	4105
to this state under section 5751.033 of the Revised Code.	4106
(H) A person has "substantial nexus with this state" if	4107
any of the following applies. The person:	4108
(1) Owns or uses a part or all of its capital in this	4109
state;	4110
(2) Holds a certificate of compliance with the laws of	4111
this state authorizing the person to do business in this state;	4112
(3) Has bright-line presence in this state;	4113
(4) Otherwise has nexus with this state to an extent that	4114

the person can be required to remit the tax imposed under this	4115
chapter under the Constitution of the United States.	4116
(I) A person has "bright-line presence" in this state for	4117
a reporting period and for the remaining portion of the calendar	4118
year if any of the following applies. The person:	4119
(1) Has at any time during the calendar year property in	4120
this state with an aggregate value of at least fifty thousand	4121
dollars. For the purpose of division (I)(1) of this section,	4122
owned property is valued at original cost and rented property is	4123
valued at eight times the net annual rental charge.	4124
(2) Has during the calendar year payroll in this state of	4125
at least fifty thousand dollars. Payroll in this state includes	4126
all of the following:	4127
(a) Any amount subject to withholding by the person under	4128
section 5747.06 of the Revised Code;	4129
(b) Any other amount the person pays as compensation to an	4130
individual under the supervision or control of the person for	4131
work done in this state; and	4132
(c) Any amount the person pays for services performed in	4133
this state on its behalf by another.	4134
(3) Has during the calendar year taxable gross receipts of	4135
at least five hundred thousand dollars.	4136
(4) Has at any time during the calendar year within this	4137
state at least twenty-five per cent of the person's total	4138
property, total payroll, or total gross receipts.	4139
(5) Is domiciled in this state as an individual or for	4140
corporate, commercial, or other business purposes.	4141

(J) "Tangible personal property" has the same meaning as	4142
in section 5739.01 of the Revised Code.	4143
(K) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue	4144
Code of 1986, 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C. 1, as amended. Any term	4145
used in this chapter that is not otherwise defined has the same	4146
meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the	4147
United States relating to federal income taxes unless a	4148
different meaning is clearly required. Any reference in this	4149
chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the	4150
United States relating to federal income taxes.	4151
(L) "Calendar quarter" means a three-month period ending	4152
on the thirty-first day of March, the thirtieth day of June, the	4153
thirtieth day of September, or the thirty-first day of December.	4154
(M) "Tax period" means the calendar quarter or calendar	4155
year on the basis of which a taxpayer is required to pay the tax	4156
imposed under this chapter.	4157
(N) "Calendar year taxpayer" means a taxpayer for which	4158
the tax period is a calendar year.	4159
(O) "Calendar quarter taxpayer" means a taxpayer for which	4160
the tax period is a calendar quarter.	4161
(P) "Agent" means a person authorized by another person to	4162
act on its behalf to undertake a transaction for the other,	4163
including any of the following:	4164
(1) A person receiving a fee to sell financial	4165
instruments;	4166
(2) A person retaining only a commission from a	4167
transaction with the other proceeds from the transaction being	4168
remitted to another person;	4169

(3) A person issuing licenses and permits under section	4170
1533.13 of the Revised Code;	4171
(4) A lottery sales agent holding a valid license issued	4172
under section 3770.05 of the Revised Code;	4173
(5) A person acting as an agent of the division of liquor	4174
control under section 4301.17 of the Revised Code.	4175
(Q) "Received" includes amounts accrued under the accrual	4176
method of accounting.	4177
(R) "Reporting person" means a person in a consolidated	4178
elected taxpayer or combined taxpayer group that is designated	4179
by that group to legally bind the group for all filings and tax	4180
liabilities and to receive all legal notices with respect to	4181
matters under this chapter, or, for the purposes of section	4182
5751.04 of the Revised Code, a separate taxpayer that is not a	4183
member of such a group.	4184
(S) "Megaproject," "megaproject operator," and	4185
"megaproject supplier" have the same meanings as in section	4186
122.17 of the Revised Code.	4187
Section 2. That existing sections 128.01, 128.02, 128.021,	4188
128.022, 128.03, 128.06, 128.07, 128.08, 128.12, 128.18, 128.22,	4189
128.25, 128.26, 128.27, 128.32, 128.34, 128.40, 128.42, 128.44,	4190
128.45, 128.46, 128.461, 128.462, 128.47, 128.52, 128.54,	4191
128.55, 128.57, 128.60, 128.63, 128.99, 149.43, 4776.20,	4192
5703.052, 5733.55, and 5751.01 of the Revised Code are hereby	4193
repealed.	4194
Section 3. That sections 128.04, 128.09, 128.15, 128.571,	4195
4742.01, 4742.02, 4742.03, 4742.04, 4742.05, 4742.06, and	4196
4742.07 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	4197

Section 4. Not later than twenty-four months after the	4198
effective date of this section, the $9-1-1$ steering committee, in	4199
consultation with the Tax Commissioner, shall deliver a report	4200
to the General Assembly detailing any legislative	4201
recommendations to address issues concerning the collection and	4202
use of the next generation 9-1-1 access fees, including auditing	4203
carriers and other companies subject to collect such fees.	4204