As Introduced

134th General Assembly

Regular Session

H. B. No. 534

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Representatives Crossman, Hicks-Hudson

Cosponsors: Representatives Troy, Lepore-Hagan, Miller, A., Russo, Miller, J., Sobecki, West, Skindell, Weinstein, Smith, M., Liston, Sheehy, Upchurch, Brown, Miranda, Galonski, Leland, Jarrells, Lightbody

A BILL

То	amend sections 125.25, 153.02, and 5513.06 of	1
	the Revised Code to require the debarment of a	2
	state vendor who engages in corrupt activity, to	3
	specify the duration of a debarment, and to	4
	limit which debarments may be rescinded.	5

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1 . That sections 125.25, 153.02, and 5513.06 of	6
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	7
Sec. 125.25. (A) The director of administrative services	8
may debar a vendor from consideration for contract awards upon a	9
finding based upon a reasonable belief that the vendor has done	10
any of the following:	11
(1) Abused the selection process by repeatedly withdrawing	12
bids or proposals before purchase orders or contracts are issued	13
or failing to accept orders based upon firm bids;	14
(2) Failed to substantially perform a contract according	15
to its terms, conditions, and specifications within specified	16

time limits;	17
(3) Failed to cooperate in monitoring contract performance	18
by refusing to provide information or documents required in a	19
contract, failed to respond to complaints to the vendor, or	20
accumulated repeated justified complaints regarding performance	21
of a contract;	22
(4) Attempted to influence a public employee to breach	23
ethical conduct standards or to influence a contract award;	24
(5) Colluded to restrain competition by any means;	25
(6) Been convicted of a criminal offense related to the	26
application for or performance of any public or private	27
contract, including, but not limited to, embezzlement, theft,	28
forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records,	29
receiving stolen property, and any other offense that directly	30
reflects on the vendor's business integrity;	31
(7) Been convicted under state or federal antitrust laws;	32
(8) Deliberately or willfully submitted false or	33
misleading information in connection with the application for or	34
performance of a public contract;	35
(9)—Violated any other responsible business practice or	36
performed in an unsatisfactory manner as determined by the	37
director;	38
$\frac{(10)}{(5)}$ Through the default of a contract or through	39
other means had a determination of unresolved finding for	40
recovery by the auditor of state under section 9.24 of the	41
Revised Code;	42
(11) (6) Acted in such a manner as to be debarred from	43
participating in a contract with any governmental agency.	44

(B) The director of administrative services shall debar a	45
vendor from consideration for contract awards upon a finding	46
based upon a reasonable belief that the vendor has done any of	47
the following:	48
(1) Attempted to influence a public employee to breach	49
ethical conduct standards or to influence a contract award;	50
(2) Colluded to restrain competition by any means;	51
(3) Been convicted under, or pleaded guilty to a violation	52
of, state or federal antitrust laws;	53
(4) Been convicted under, or pleaded quilty to a violation	54
of, state or federal corruption laws, including a criminal	55
offense related to bribery;	56
<u></u>	
(5) Been convicted, or pleaded guilty to a violation, of a	57
criminal offense related to the application for or performance	58
of any public or private contract, including, but not limited	59
to, embezzlement, theft, forgery, falsification or destruction	60
of records, receiving stolen property, and any other offense	61
that directly reflects on the vendor's business integrity;	62
(6) Deliberately or willfully submitted false or	63
misleading information in connection with the application for or	64
performance of a public contract;	65
periormance of a public contract,	00
(7) Admitted to a violation of section 2923.32 of the	66
Revised Code in any civil proceeding or in a settlement	67
agreement related to the application for or performance of any	68
public or private contract, including, but not limited to,	69
embezzlement, theft, forgery, falsification or destruction of	70
records, receiving stolen property, and any other offense that	71
directly reflects on the vendor's business integrity.	72

(C) When the director reasonably believes that grounds for	73
debarment exist, the director shall send the vendor a notice of	74
proposed debarment indicating the grounds for the proposed	75
debarment and the procedure for requesting a hearing on the	76
proposed debarment. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance	77
with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the vendor does not	78
respond with a request for a hearing in the manner specified in	79
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the director shall issue the	80
debarment decision without a hearing and shall notify the vendor	81
of the decision by certified mail, return receipt requested.	82
$\frac{(C)-(D)}{(D)}$ The director shall determine the length of the	83
debarment period-and, which shall be for not less than one year	84
and not more than three years. The director may rescind the a	85
debarment administered under division (A) of this section at any	86
time upon notification to the vendor. During the period of	87
debarment, the vendor is not eligible to participate in any	88
state contract. After the debarment period expires, the vendor	89
may be eligible to be awarded contracts by state agencies if the	90
vendor is not otherwise debarred.	91
$\frac{(D)-(E)}{(E)}$ The director, through the office of procurement	92
services, shall maintain a list of all vendors currently	93
debarred under this section.	94
Sec. 153.02. (A) The executive director of the Ohio	95
facilities construction commission, may debar a contractor from	96
contract awards for public improvements as referred to in	97
section 153.01 of the Revised $Code_L$ or for projects as defined	98
in section 3318.01 of the Revised Code, upon proof that the	99
contractor has done any of the following:	100
(1) Defaulted on a contract requiring the execution of a	101
takeover agreement as set forth in division (B) of section	102

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153.17 of the Revised Code;	103
(2) Knowingly failed during the course of a contract to	104
maintain the coverage required by the bureau of workers'	105
compensation;	106
	4.0-
(3) Knowingly failed during the course of a contract to	107
maintain the contractor's drug-free workplace program as	108
required by the contract;	109
(4) Knowingly failed during the course of a contract to	110
maintain insurance required by the contract or otherwise by law,	111
resulting in a substantial loss to the owner, as owner is	112
referred to in section 153.01 of the Revised Code, or to the	113
commission and school district board, as provided in division	114
(F) of section 3318.08 of the Revised Code;	115
(5) Misrepresented the firm's qualifications in the	116
selection process set forth in sections 153.65 to 153.71 or	117
section 3318.10 of the Revised Code;	118
(6) Been convicted of a criminal offense related to the	119
application for or performance of any public or private	120
contract, including, but not limited to, embezzlement, theft,	121
forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records,	122
receiving stolen property, and any other offense that directly	123
reflects on the contractor's business integrity;	124
(7) Been convicted of a criminal offense under state or	125
federal antitrust laws;	126
(8) Deliberately or willfully submitted false or	127
misleading information in connection with the application for or	128
performance of a public contract;	129
(9) Been debarred from bidding on or participating in a	130

contract with any state or federal agency.	131
(B) The executive director of the Ohio facilities	132
construction commission shall debar a contractor from contract	133
awards for public improvements as referred to in section 153.01	134
of the Revised Code, or for projects as defined in section	135
3318.01 of the Revised Code, upon proof that the contractor has	136
done any of the following:	137
(1) Attempted to influence a public employee to breach	138
ethical conduct standards or to influence a contract award;	139
(2) Colluded to restrain competition by any means;	140
(3) Been convicted of, or pleaded quilty to a charge of, a	141
<pre>criminal offense under state or federal antitrust laws;</pre>	142
(4) Been convicted under, or pleaded guilty to a violation	143
of, state or federal corruption laws, including a criminal	144
offense related to bribery;	145
(5) Been convicted, or pleaded guilty to a violation, of a	146
criminal offense related to the application for or performance	147
of any public or private contract, including, but not limited	148
to, embezzlement, theft, forgery, falsification or destruction	149
of records, receiving stolen property, and any other offense	150
that directly reflects on the contractor's business integrity;	151
(6) Deliberately or willfully submitted false or	152
misleading information in connection with the application for or	153
<pre>performance of a public contract;</pre>	154
(7) Admitted to a violation of section 2923.32 of the	155
Revised Code in any civil proceeding or in a settlement	156
agreement related to the application for or performance of any	157
<pre>public or private contract, including, but not limited to,</pre>	158

embezzlement, theft, forgery, falsification or destruction of	159
records, receiving stolen property, and any other offense that	160
directly reflects on the vendor's business integrity.	161
(C) When the executive director debars a contractor that	162
is a partnership, association, or corporation, the executive	163
director also may debar any partner of the partnership or any	164
officer or director of the association or corporation, as	165
applicable.	166
$\frac{(C)-(D)}{(D)}$ When the executive director reasonably believes	167
that grounds for debarment exist, the executive director shall	168
send the contractor a notice of proposed debarment indicating	169
the grounds for the proposed debarment and the procedure for	170
requesting a hearing on the proposed debarment. The hearing	171
shall be conducted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	172
Revised Code. If the contractor does not respond with a request	173
for a hearing in the manner specified in Chapter 119. of the	174
Revised Code, the executive director shall issue the debarment	175
decision without a hearing and shall notify the contractor of	176
the decision by certified mail, return receipt requested.	177
$\frac{\text{(D)}}{\text{(E)}}$ The executive director shall determine the length	178
of the debarment period—and, which shall be for not less than	179
one year and not more than three years. The executive director	180
may rescind the a debarment administered under division (A) of	181
this section at any time upon notification to the contractor.	182
During the period of debarment, the contractor is not eligible	183
to bid for or participate in any contract for a public	184
improvement as referred to in section 153.01 of the Revised Code	185
or for a project as defined in section 3318.01 of the Revised	186
Code. After the debarment period expires, the contractor may be	187
eligible to bid for and participate in such contracts if the	188

vendor is not otherwise debarred.	189
(E) (F) The executive director shall maintain a list of	190
all contractors currently debarred under this section. Any	191
governmental entity awarding a contract for construction of a	192
public improvement or project may use a contractor's presence on	193
the debarment list to determine whether a contractor is	194
responsible or best under section 9.312 or any other section of	195
the Revised Code in the award of a contract.	196
$\frac{(F)-(G)}{(G)}$ As used in this section, "contractor" means a	197
construction contracting business, a subcontractor of a	198
construction contracting business, a supplier of materials, or a	199
manufacturer of materials.	200
Sec. 5513.06. (A) The director of transportation may debar	201
a vendor from consideration for contract awards upon a finding	202
based upon a reasonable belief that the vendor has done any of	203
the following:	204
(1) Abused the solicitation process by repeatedly	205
withdrawing bids before purchase orders or contracts are issued	206
or failing to accept orders based upon firm bids;	207
(2) Failed to substantially perform a contract according	208
to its terms, conditions, and specifications within specified	209
time limits;	210
(3) Failed to cooperate in monitoring contract performance	211
by refusing to provide information or documents required in a	212
contract, failed to respond and correct matters related to	213
complaints to the vendor, or accumulated repeated justified	214
complaints regarding performance of a contract;	215
(4) Attempted to influence a public employee to breach	216
ethical conduct standards;	217

(5) Colluded with other bidders to restrain competition by	218
any means;	219
(6) Been convicted of a criminal offense related to the	220
application for or performance of any public or private	221
contract, including, but not limited to, embezzlement, theft,	222
forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records,	223
receiving stolen property, and any other offense that directly	224
reflects on the vendor's business integrity;	225
(7) Been convicted under state or federal antitrust laws;	226
(8) Deliberately or willfully submitted false or	227
misleading information in connection with the application for or	228
performance of a public contract;	229
(9) Has been debarred by a state agency, another state, or	230
by any agency or department of the federal government;	231
(10) Violated any other responsible business practice	232
or performed in an unsatisfactory manner as determined by the	233
director.	234
(B) The director of transportation shall debar a vendor	235
from consideration for contract awards upon a finding based upon	236
a reasonable belief that the vendor has done any of the	237
<pre>following:</pre>	238
(1) Attempted to influence a public employee to breach	239
<pre>ethical conduct standards;</pre>	240
(2) Colluded with other bidders to restrain competition by	241
any means;	242
(3) Been convicted under, or pleaded guilty to a violation	243
of, state or federal antitrust laws;	244

(4) Been convicted under, or pleaded guilty to a violation	245
of, state or federal corruption laws, including a criminal	246
offense related to bribery;	247
(5) Been convicted, or pleaded guilty to a violation, of a	248
criminal offense related to the application for or performance	249
of any public or private contract, including, but not limited	250
to, embezzlement, theft, forgery, falsification or destruction	251
of records, receiving stolen property, and any other offense	252
that directly reflects on the vendor's business integrity;	253
(6) Deliberately or willfully submitted false or	254
misleading information in connection with the application for or	255
<pre>performance of a public contract;</pre>	256
(7) Admitted to a violation of section 2923.32 of the	257
Revised Code in any civil proceeding or in a settlement	258
agreement related to the application for or performance of any	259
<pre>public or private contract, including, but not limited to,</pre>	260
embezzlement, theft, forgery, falsification or destruction of	261
records, receiving stolen property, and any other offense that	262
directly reflects on the vendor's business integrity.	263
(C) When the director reasonably believes that grounds for	264
debarment exist, the director shall send the vendor a notice of	265
proposed debarment. If the vendor is a partnership, association,	266
or corporation, the director also may debar from consideration	267
for contract awards any partner of the partnership, or the	268
officers and directors of the association or corporation, being	269
debarred. When the director reasonably believes that grounds for	270
debarment exist, the director shall send the individual involved	271
a notice of proposed debarment. A notice of proposed debarment	272
shall indicate the grounds for the debarment of the vendor or	273
individual and the procedure for requesting a hearing. The	274

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notice and hearing shall be in accordance with Chapter 119. of	275
the Revised Code. If the vendor or individual does not respond	276
with a request for a hearing in the manner specified in Chapter	277
119. of the Revised Code, the director shall issue the debarment	278
decision without a hearing and shall notify the vendor or	279
individual of the decision by certified mail, return receipt	280
requested. The	281
debarment period may be of any length determined by the	282
director and the (D) The director shall determine the length of	283
the debarment period, which shall be for not less than one year	284
and not more than three years. The director may modify or	285
rescind the a debarment administered under division (A) of this	286
section at any time. During the period of debarment, the	287
director shall not include on a bidder list or consider for a	288
contract award any partnership, association, or corporation	289
affiliated with a debarred individual. After the debarment	290
period expires, the vendor or individual, and any partnership,	291
association, or corporation affiliated with the individual, may	292
reapply for inclusion on bidder lists through the regular	293
application process if such entity or individual is not	294
otherwise debarred.	295
Section 2. That existing sections 125.25, 153.02, and	296
5513.06 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	297