As Introduced

134th General Assembly Regular Session 2021-2022

S. B. No. 23

Senator Gavarone

A BILL

То	amend sections 4511.751 and 4511.76 and to enact	1
	sections 5.501, 4511.752, 4511.753, 4511.754,	2
	4511.755, 4511.756, and 4511.757 of the Revised	3
	Code to impose a civil penalty when a driver who	4
	illegally passes a school bus cannot be	5
	identified, to designate the month of August as	6
	"School Bus Safety Awareness Month," and to	7
	designate this act as the School Bus Safety Act.	8

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4511.751 and 4511.76 be amended	9
and sections 5.501, 4511.752, 4511.753, 4511.754, 4511.755,	10
4511.756, and 4511.757 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as	11
follows:	12
Sec. 5.501. The month of August is designated as "School_	13
Bus Safety Awareness Month" to increase public awareness of the	14
need to properly stop when a stopped school bus is loading and	15
unloading passengers.	16
Sec. 4511.751. (A) As used in this section, "license	17
plate" includes, but is not limited to, any temporary license	18
placard issued under section 4503.182 of the Revised Code or	19

similar law of another jurisdiction.

(B) When the operator of a school bus believes that a 21 motorist has violated division (A) of section 4511.75 of the 22 Revised Code, the operator shall report the license plate number 23 and a general description of the vehicle and of the operator of 24 the vehicle to the law enforcement agency exercising 25 jurisdiction over the area where the alleged violation occurred. 26 The information contained in the report relating to the license 27 plate number and to the general description of the vehicle and 28 29 the operator of the vehicle at the time of the alleged violation 30 may be supplied by any person with first-hand knowledge of the information. Information of which the operator of the school bus 31 has first-hand knowledge also may be corroborated by any other 32 person, or an image, images, or video recorded by a school bus 33 camera installed pursuant to section 4511.76 of the Revised 34 Code. 35

(C) Upon receipt of the report of the alleged violation of division (A) of section 4511.75 of the Revised Code, the law enforcement agency shall conduct an investigation to attempt to determine or confirm the <u>license plate of the vehicle or the</u> identity of the operator of the vehicle at the time of the alleged violation. <u>The law enforcement agency may use a</u> <u>sufficiently clear image, images, or video provided by a school</u> <u>bus camera installed pursuant to section 4511.76 of the Revised</u> <u>Code to determine the identity of the operator of the vehicle or the vehicle's license plate at the time of the alleged</u> <u>violation.</u>

(D) If the identity of the operator at the time of the 47 alleged violation is established, the reporting of the license 48 plate number of the vehicle shall establish probable cause for 49

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the law enforcement agency to issue a <u>criminal</u> citation for the 50 violation of division (A) of section 4511.75 of the Revised 51 Code. However, if 52 (E) If the identity of the operator of the vehicle at the 53 time of the alleged violation cannot be established, the law 54 55 enforcement agency shall issue a warning do one of the following, as applicable: 56 (1) Issue a ticket for a civil penalty of three hundred 57 <u>dollars</u> to the <u>registered</u> owner of the vehicle at the time of 58 the alleged violation, except in the case of a leased or rented 59 vehicle when the warning shall be issued to the lessee at the 60 time of the alleged violation in accordance with sections 61 4511.752 to 4511.757 of the Revised Code. A law enforcement 62 agency shall not issue a ticket under this division unless both 63 of the following apply: 64 (a) The entity responsible for operation of the school bus 65 that is the subject of the alleged violation has installed a 66 camera pursuant to section 4511.76 of the Revised Code on all 67 school buses actively operated by the entity; 68 69 (b) The recorded image meets all requirements necessary to issue a ticket under section 4511.753 of the Revised Code. 70 (2) If a ticket cannot be issued under division (E)(1) of 71 this section, issue a warning to the registered owner of the 72 vehicle at the time of the alleged violation. A law enforcement 73 agency shall issue a warning under this division when the 74 recorded image, images, or video are sufficiently clear to 75 identify the license plate of the vehicle that is the subject of 76 the alleged violation. 77 (F) A law enforcement agency shall not issue both a 78

criminal citation and a civil ticket for a single instance of a 79 violation of division (A) of section 4511.75 of the Revised 80 Code. 81 (G) The registrar of motor vehicles and deputy registrars 82 shall, at the time of issuing license plates to any person, 83 include with the license plate a summary of the requirements of 84 division (A) of section 4511.75 of the Revised Code and the 85 procedures of, and penalty in, division (F) of section 4511.75 86 of the Revised Code. 87 Sec. 4511.752. As used in sections 4511.751 to 4511.757 88 and section 4511.76 of the Revised Code: 89 (A) "Designated party" means the person whom the 90 registered owner of a vehicle, upon receipt of a ticket based 91 upon images recorded by a school bus camera that indicate a 92 traffic law violation, identifies as the person who was 93 operating the vehicle of the registered owner at the time of the 94 violation. 95 (B) "Law enforcement officer" means a sheriff, deputy 96 sheriff, marshal, deputy marshal, police officer of a police 97 department of any municipal corporation, police constable of any 98 township, or police officer of a township or joint police 99 district, who is employed on a permanent, full-time basis by a 100 law enforcement agency. 101 (C) "Motor vehicle leasing dealer" has the same meaning as 102 in section 4517.01 of the Revised Code. 103 (D) "Motor vehicle renting dealer" has the same meaning as 104 in section 4549.65 of the Revised Code. 105 (E) "Recorded images" means either of the following 106 107 images, recorded by a school bus camera, that are sufficiently

clear and show, on at least one image or on a portion of the	108
videotape, the rear of a vehicle and the letters and numerals on	109
the rear license plate of the vehicle:	110
(1) Two or more photographs, microphotographs, electronic	111
images, or digital images;	112
(2) Videotape.	113
(F) "Registered owner" means all of the following:	114
(1) Any person or entity identified by the bureau of motor	115
vehicles or any other state motor vehicle registration bureau,	116
department, or office as the owner of a vehicle;	117
(2) The lessee of a vehicle under a lease of six months or	118
longer;	119
(3) The renter of a vehicle pursuant to a written rental	120
agreement with a motor vehicle renting dealer.	121
(G) "School bus camera" means an electronic system located	122
on a school bus that consists of a photographic, video, or	123
electronic camera, and that can produce recorded images.	124
(H) "Entity responsible for operation of the school bus"	125
means the applicable board of education of a city, local or	126
exempted village school district, the governing board of an	127
educational service center, county boards of developmental	128
disabilities, or the governing authority of all non-public	129
schools, community schools, private contractors, and head start	130
programs that is responsible for the operation of the school bus	131
on which a school bus camera is installed.	132
(I) "Ticket" means any traffic ticket, citation, summons,	133
or other ticket issued in response to an alleged traffic law	134
violation detected by a school bus camera that represents a	135

civil violation.

(J) "Traffic law violation" means a violation of division_ 137 (A) of section 4511.75 of the Revised Code, or a substantially 138 equivalent municipal ordinance, when division (E) of section 139 4511.751 of the Revised Code applies. 140 Sec. 4511.753. (A) (1) Subject to division (E) (1) of 141 section 4511.751 of the Revised Code, when a law enforcement 142 agency receives a report under division (B) of that section, and 143 the identity of the operator of the vehicle at the time of the 144 alleged violation cannot be established, the law enforcement 145 agency may use any lawful means to identify the registered owner 146 for purposes of issuing a ticket under this section to that 147 owner if all of the following are shown on the image recorded by 148 a school bus camera: 149 (a) The traffic law violation; 150 (b) The date and time of the violation; 151 (c) The letter and numerals on the license plate of the 1.52 vehicle involved and the state that issued the license plate. 153 (2) The fact that a person or entity is the registered 154 owner of a vehicle is prima facie evidence that that person or 155 entity is the person who was operating the vehicle at the time 156 of the traffic law violation. 157

(B) (1) After the identification of the registered owner158under division (A) of this section and within thirty days of the159traffic law violation, the law enforcement agency may issue and160send by regular mail a ticket charging the registered owner with161the violation.162

(2) A traffic law violation for which a ticket is issued 163

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by a law enforcement agency based on evidence recorded by a	164
school bus camera is a civil violation. The ticket shall comply	165
with the requirements of section 4511.754 of the Revised Code,	166
and the fine for the ticket is three hundred dollars.	167
(C) A law enforcement agency that mails a ticket charging	168
the registered owner with the traffic law violation shall,	169
without unnecessary delay, file a certified copy of the ticket	170
with the municipal court or county court with jurisdiction over	171
the civil action.	172
(D) A certified copy of the ticket alleging a traffic law	173
violation, sworn to or affirmed by a law enforcement officer	174
employed by the law enforcement agency, including by electronic	175
means, and the recorded images produced by the school bus	176
camera, is prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein	177
and is admissible in a civil action or proceeding concerning the	178
ticket issued under this section.	179
ticket issued under this section. Sec. 4511.754. A law enforcement agency shall ensure that	179 180
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<pre>Sec. 4511.754. A law enforcement agency shall ensure that a ticket for a traffic law violation sent under section 4511.753 of the Revised Code contains all of the following:</pre>	180 181 182 183 184 185
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Sec. 4511.754. A law enforcement agency shall ensure that a ticket for a traffic law violation sent under section 4511.753 of the Revised Code contains all of the following: (A) The name and address of the registered owner; (B) The letters and numerals appearing on the license plate issued to the vehicle; (C) The traffic law violation charged; (D) A statement that the violation was recorded by a	180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187
Sec. 4511.754. A law enforcement agency shall ensure that a ticket for a traffic law violation sent under section 4511.753 of the Revised Code contains all of the following: (A) The name and address of the registered owner; (B) The letters and numerals appearing on the license plate issued to the vehicle; (C) The traffic law violation charged; (D) A statement that the violation was recorded by a school bus camera;	180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188

(G) The amount of the civil penalty imposed, the date by	191
which the civil penalty is required to be paid, and the address	192
of the municipal court or county court with jurisdiction over	193
the civil action to which the payment is to be sent;	194
(H) A statement signed by a law enforcement officer	195
indicating that, based on an inspection of the recorded images,	196
the vehicle was involved in a traffic law violation and the	197
recorded images are prima facie evidence of that traffic law	198
violation. The law enforcement officer may sign the statement	199
electronically.	200
	2.0.1
(I) Information advising the person or entity alleged to	201
be liable of the options prescribed in section 4511.755 of the	202
Revised Code. The law enforcement agency shall include with the	203
information the time, place, and manner in which the person or	204
entity may appear in court to contest the violation and ticket	205
and the procedure for disclaiming liability by submitting an	206
affidavit to the municipal court or county court as prescribed	207
in section 4511.755 of the Revised Code.	208
(J) A warning that failure to exercise one of the options	209
prescribed in section 4511.755 of the Revised Code is deemed to	210
be an admission of liability and waiver of the opportunity to	211
contest the violation.	212
Sec. 4511.755. A person or entity who receives a ticket	213
for a civil violation sent under section 4511.753 of the Revised	214
Code shall elect to do one of the following:	215
(A) In accordance with instructions on the ticket, pay the	216
civil penalty, thereby admitting liability and waiving the	217
opportunity to contest the violation;	218
(B)(1) Within thirty days after receipt of the ticket,	219

provide the municipal court or county court with jurisdiction 220 over the civil action with either of the following affidavits: 221 (a) An affidavit executed by the registered owner and the 222 operator of the vehicle at the time of the violation identifying 223 that operator as the designated party who may be held liable for 224 the violation, and containing at a minimum the name and address 225 of that designated party; 226 (b) An affidavit executed by the registered owner stating 227 that at the time of the violation, the vehicle or the license 228 plates issued to the vehicle were stolen and therefore were in 229 the care, custody, or control of some person or entity to whom 230 the registered owner did not grant permission to use the 231 vehicle. To demonstrate that the vehicle or the license plates 232 were stolen prior to the traffic law violation and therefore 233 were not under the control or possession of the registered owner 234 at the time of the violation, the registered owner shall submit 235 proof that a report about the stolen vehicle or license plates 236 was filed with the appropriate law enforcement agency prior to 237 the violation or within forty-eight hours after the violation 238 239 occurred. 240 (2) A registered owner is not responsible for a traffic law violation if, within thirty days after the date of mailing 241 of the ticket, the registered owner furnishes an affidavit 242 specified in division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section to the 243 court with jurisdiction in a form established by the court and 244 the following conditions are met: 245 (a) If the registered owner and the operator of the 246 vehicle at the time of the violation submit an affidavit as 247 specified in division (B)(1)(a) of this section, the operator as 248 the designated party either accepts liability for the violation 249 by paying the civil penalty or by failing to request a court 250 hearing within thirty days or is determined liable in a court 251 hearing. 252 (b) If the registered owner submits an affidavit as 253 specified in division (B)(1)(b) of this section, the affidavit 254 is supported by a stolen vehicle or stolen license plate report 255 as required in that division. 256 (C) If the registered owner is a motor vehicle leasing 257 dealer or a motor vehicle renting dealer, notify the court with 258 jurisdiction of the name and address of the lessee or renter of 259 the vehicle at the time of the traffic law violation. The court 260 shall establish the form of the notice. A motor vehicle leasing 261 dealer or motor vehicle renting dealer who receives a ticket for 262 an alleged traffic law violation detected by a school bus camera 263 is not liable for a ticket issued for a vehicle that was in the 264 care, custody, or control of a lessee or renter at the time of 265 the alleged violation. The dealer shall not pay such a ticket 266 and subsequently attempt to collect a fee or assess the lessee 267 or renter a charge for any payment of such a ticket made on 268 behalf of the lessee or renter. 269 (D) If the vehicle involved in the traffic law violation 270 is a commercial motor vehicle and the ticket is issued to a 271 corporate entity, provide to the court with jurisdiction an 272 affidavit in a form established by the court, sworn to or 273 affirmed by an agent of the corporate entity, that provides the 274 name and address of the employee who was operating the vehicle 275 at the time of the alleged violation and who is the designated 276 277 party;

(E) Contest the ticket by filing a written request for a278court hearing to review the ticket in a form established by the279

court. The person shall file the written request not later than	280
thirty days after receipt of the ticket. The failure to request	281
a hearing within this time period constitutes a waiver of the	282
right to contest the violation and ticket, and is deemed to	283
<u>constitute an admission of liability.</u>	284
Sec. 4511.756. (A) (1) A court with jurisdiction that	285
receives an affidavit described in division (B)(1)(a) or (D) of	285
section 4511.755 of the Revised Code or a notification under	287
division (C) of that section from a registered owner may proceed	288
to notify the law enforcement agency to send a ticket that	289
conforms with this section and section 4511.754 of the Revised	290
Code to the designated party.	291
(2) The law enforcement agency shall send the conforming	292
ticket to the designated party by ordinary mail not later than	293
twenty-one days after receipt of the notification from the	294
swondy one days arour receipt of one modified for riom one	
<u>court.</u>	295
<u>court.</u>	295
<u>(B)(1) If the court finds by a preponderance of the</u>	295 296
<u>(B)(1) If the court finds by a preponderance of the</u> evidence that the alleged traffic law violation did in fact	295 296 297
<u>(B)(1) If the court finds by a preponderance of the</u> <u>evidence that the alleged traffic law violation did in fact</u> <u>occur and that the person named in the original or any</u>	295 296 297 298
<u>(B)(1) If the court finds by a preponderance of the</u> <u>evidence that the alleged traffic law violation did in fact</u> <u>occur and that the person named in the original or any</u> <u>subsequent ticket is the person who was operating the vehicle at</u>	295 296 297 298 299
<u>(B) (1) If the court finds by a preponderance of the</u> <u>evidence that the alleged traffic law violation did in fact</u> <u>occur and that the person named in the original or any</u> <u>subsequent ticket is the person who was operating the vehicle at</u> <u>the time of the violation, the court shall issue a written</u>	295 296 297 298 299 300
<u>(B) (1) If the court finds by a preponderance of the</u> <u>evidence that the alleged traffic law violation did in fact</u> <u>occur and that the person named in the original or any</u> <u>subsequent ticket is the person who was operating the vehicle at</u> <u>the time of the violation, the court shall issue a written</u> <u>decision imposing liability for the violation upon the</u>	295 296 297 298 299 300 301
<u>(B) (1) If the court finds by a preponderance of the</u> <u>evidence that the alleged traffic law violation did in fact</u> <u>occur and that the person named in the original or any</u> <u>subsequent ticket is the person who was operating the vehicle at</u> <u>the time of the violation, the court shall issue a written</u> <u>decision imposing liability for the violation upon the</u> <u>individual and submit it to the law enforcement agency and the</u>	295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302
<u>(B) (1) If the court finds by a preponderance of the</u> <u>evidence that the alleged traffic law violation did in fact</u> <u>occur and that the person named in the original or any</u> <u>subsequent ticket is the person who was operating the vehicle at</u> <u>the time of the violation, the court shall issue a written</u> <u>decision imposing liability for the violation upon the</u> <u>individual and submit it to the law enforcement agency and the</u> <u>person named in the ticket.</u>	295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303
<u>(B) (1) If the court finds by a preponderance of the</u> <u>evidence that the alleged traffic law violation did in fact</u> <u>occur and that the person named in the original or any</u> <u>subsequent ticket is the person who was operating the vehicle at</u> <u>the time of the violation, the court shall issue a written</u> <u>decision imposing liability for the violation upon the</u> <u>individual and submit it to the law enforcement agency and the</u> <u>person named in the ticket.</u> <u>(2) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence</u>	295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 304
<pre>court.</pre>	295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 304 305
<pre>court. (B) (1) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the alleged traffic law violation did in fact occur and that the person named in the original or any subsequent ticket is the person who was operating the vehicle at the time of the violation, the court shall issue a written decision imposing liability for the violation upon the individual and submit it to the law enforcement agency and the person named in the ticket. (2) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the alleged traffic law violation did not occur or did in fact occur but the person named in the original or any.</pre>	295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 304 305 306
<pre>court. (B) (1) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the alleged traffic law violation did in fact occur and that the person named in the original or any subsequent ticket is the person who was operating the vehicle at the time of the violation, the court shall issue a written decision imposing liability for the violation upon the individual and submit it to the law enforcement agency and the person named in the ticket. (2) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the alleged traffic law violation did not occur or did in fact occur but the person named in the original or any subsequent ticket is not the person who was operating the</pre>	295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 304 305 306 307

the violation and submit it to the law enforcement agency and	310
the person named in the ticket.	
(3) If the person who requested the court hearing fails to	312
appear, the court shall determine that the person is liable for	313
the violation. In such a case, the court shall issue a written	314
decision imposing liability for the violation upon the	315
individual and submit it to the law enforcement agency and the	316
person named in the ticket.	317
(4) The court shall render a decision on the day a hearing	318
takes place.	319
(C) The court shall charge the applicable court costs and	320
fees for the civil action to the party that does not prevail in	321
the action.	322
Sec. 4511.757. (A) The three-hundred-dollar civil penalty	323
charged under division (E) of section 4511.751 of the Revised	324
Code shall be distributed as follows:	325
(1) Twenty-five dollars to the political subdivision with	326
jurisdiction over the law enforcement officer who issued the	327
ticket;	328
(2) Twenty-five dollars to the school bus safety and	329
education fund created in division (B) of this section;	330
(3) Two hundred fifty dollars to the entity responsible	331
for operation of the school bus. Of that amount, if the entity	332
responsible for operation of the school bus is under contract	333
with a company to install and manage cameras on the entity's	334
school buses, the entity shall pay not more than one hundred	335
fifty dollars to the company.	336

Nothing in this division shall be construed to require an 337

entity responsible for operation of a school bus to enter into a	338
contract with a company to install and manage cameras on the	339
entity's school buses.	340
(B) There is hereby created in the state treasury the	341
school bus safety and education fund. The fund shall consist of	342
a portion of the money received from the issuance of civil	343
penalties for traffic law violations. The superintendent of	344
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public instruction shall use money in the fund to enhance school	
bus safety and raise public awareness of the laws governing	346
school bus safety. All investment earnings of the fund shall be	347
credited to the fund.	348
Sec. 4511.76. (A) The department of public safety, by and	349
with the advice of the superintendent of public instruction,	350
shall adopt and enforce rules relating to the construction,	351
design, and equipment of all school buses both publicly and	352
privately owned and operated in this state, including lighting	353
rules governing both of the following:	354
(1) Lighting equipment required by section 4511.771 of the	355
Revised Code, of all school buses both publicly and privately	356
owned and operated in this state <u>;</u>	357
(2) A school bug comers that provides an image images or	250
(2) A school bus camera that provides an image, images, or	358
video solely for purposes of recording a violation of division	359
(A) of section 4511.75 of the Revised Code.	360
(B) The department of education, by and with the advice of	361
the director of public safety, shall adopt and enforce rules	362
relating to the operation of all vehicles used for pupil	363
transportation.	364
(C) No person shall operate a vehicle used for pupil	365
transportation within this state in violation of the rules of	366

the department of education or the department of public safety.367No person, being the owner thereof or having the supervisory368responsibility therefor, shall permit the operation of a vehicle369used for pupil transportation within this state in violation of370the rules of the department of education or the department of371public safety.372

(D) The department of public safety shall adopt and 373 enforce rules relating to the issuance of a license under 374 section 4511.763 of the Revised Code. The rules may relate to 375 the moral character of the applicant; the condition of the 376 equipment to be operated; the liability and property damage 377 insurance carried by the applicant; the posting of satisfactory 378 and sufficient bond; and such other rules as the director of 379 public safety determines reasonably necessary for the safety of 380 the pupils to be transported. 381

(E) A chartered nonpublic school may own and operate, or
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contract with a vendor that supplies, a vehicle originally
designed for not more than nine passengers, not including the
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driver, to transport students to and from regularly scheduled
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school sessions when one of the following applies:

(1) A student's school district of residence has declared
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the transportation of the student impractical pursuant to
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section 3327.02 of the Revised Code; or
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(2) A student does not live within thirty minutes of the
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 chartered nonpublic school and the student's school district is
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 not required to transport the student under section 3327.01 of
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 the Revised Code.
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(F) As used in this section, "vehicle used for pupil 394transportation" means any vehicle that is identified as such by 395

of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.

the department of education by rule and that is subject to 396 Chapter 3301-83 of the Administrative Code. 397 (G) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 398 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If the 399 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to 400 one or more violations of this section or section 4511.63, 401 4511.761, 4511.762, 4511.764, 4511.77, or 4511.79 of the Revised 402 Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to 403 any of those sections, whoever violates this section is guilty 404

Section 2. That existing sections 4511.751 and 4511.76 of406the Revised Code are hereby repealed.407Section 3. This act shall be known as the School Bus408Safety Act.409

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