## As Passed by the Senate

**134th General Assembly** 

Regular Session 2021-2022

Sub. S. B. No. 256

**Senator Wilson** 

Cosponsors: Senators Brenner, Blessing, Cirino, Hackett, Lang, Romanchuk, Schaffer, Thomas, Yuko

# A BILL

То	amend sections 3901.21, 3901.32, 3901.33,	1
	3901.34, 3901.341, 3901.36, 3905.051, 3905.06,	2
	3905.064, 3915.073, 3953.01, 3953.331, and	3
	3953.36 and to enact sections 3901.046,	4
	3901.212, 3901.213, 3901.214, 3901.215,	5
	3905.065, 3905.066, 3905.067, 3905.068,	6
	3905.069, 3905.0610, and 3905.0611 of the	7
	Revised Code to amend the law related to travel	8
	insurance.	9

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 3901.21, 3901.32, 3901.33,	10
3901.34, 3901.341, 3901.36, 3905.051, 3905.06, 3905.064,	11
3915.073, 3953.01, 3953.331, and 3953.36 be amended and sections	12
3901.046, 3901.212, 3901.213, 3901.214, 3901.215, 3905.065,	13
3905.066, 3905.067, 3905.068, 3905.069, 3905.0610, and 3905.0611	14
of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	15
Sec. 3901.046. (A) As used in this section:	16

(1)	"Electronic	signature"	has	the	same	meaning	as	in	17

#### section 1306.01 of the Revised Code. 18 (2) "Insurer" has the same meaning as in section 3901.32 19 of the Revised Code. 20 (B) An insurer may use an electronic signature to comply 21 with any signature requirement placed upon insurers by this 22 title, including any requirement that a document submitted by an 23 insurer to the department of insurance be signed. 24 Sec. 3901.21. The following are hereby defined as unfair 25 and deceptive acts or practices in the business of insurance: 26 (A) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting 27 to be made, issued, or circulated, or preparing with intent to 28 29 so use, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be issued 30 or the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the dividends 31 or share of the surplus to be received thereon, or making any 32 false or misleading statements as to the dividends or share of 33 surplus previously paid on similar policies, or making any 34 misleading representation or any misrepresentation as to the 35 financial condition of any insurer as shown by the last 36 preceding verified statement made by it to the insurance 37 department of this state, or as to the legal reserve system upon 38 which any life insurer operates, or using any name or title of 39 any policy or class of policies misrepresenting the true nature 40 thereof, or making any misrepresentation or incomplete 41 comparison to any person for the purpose of inducing or tending 42 to induce such person to purchase, amend, lapse, forfeit, 43 change, or surrender insurance. 44

Any written statement concerning the premiums for a policy 45 which refers to the net cost after credit for an assumed 46

dividend, without an accurate written statement of the gross premiums, cash values, and dividends based on the insurer's current dividend scale, which are used to compute the net cost for such policy, and a prominent warning that the rate of dividend is not guaranteed, is a misrepresentation for the purposes of this division.

(B) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or 53 placing before the public or causing, directly or indirectly, to 54 be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before 55 56 the public, in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, 57 or over any radio station, or in any other way, or preparing 58 with intent to so use, an advertisement, announcement, or 59 statement containing any assertion, representation, or 60 statement, with respect to the business of insurance or with 61 respect to any person in the conduct of the person's insurance 62 business, which is untrue, deceptive, or misleading. 63

(C) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating,
directly or indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the
making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, or preparing
with intent to so use, any statement, pamphlet, circular,
article, or literature, which is false as to the financial
condition of an insurer and which is calculated to injure any
person engaged in the business of insurance.

(D) Filing with any supervisory or other public official,
or making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering
to any person, or placing before the public, or causing directly
or indirectly to be made, published, disseminated, circulated,
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delivered to any person, or placed before the public, any false
statement of financial condition of an insurer.

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Making any false entry in any book, report, or statement 77 of any insurer with intent to deceive any agent or examiner 78 lawfully appointed to examine into its condition or into any of 79 its affairs, or any public official to whom such insurer is 80 required by law to report, or who has authority by law to 81 examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or, with 82 like intent, willfully omitting to make a true entry of any 83 material fact pertaining to the business of such insurer in any 84 book, report, or statement of such insurer, or mutilating, 85 destroying, suppressing, withholding, or concealing any of its 86 records. 87

(E) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, or employees to issue or deliver agency company stock or other capital stock or benefit certificates or shares in any commonlaw corporation or securities or any special or advisory board contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and profits as an inducement to insurance.

(F) <u>Making Except as provided in section 3901.213 of the</u> <u>Revised Code, making or permitting any unfair discrimination</u> among individuals of the same class and equal expectation of life in the rates charged for any contract of life insurance or of life annuity or in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any other of the terms and conditions of such contract.

(G) (1) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law,
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<u>including as provided in section 3901.213 of the Revised Code,</u>
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knowingly permitting or offering to make or making any contract
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of life insurance, life annuity or accident and health
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insurance, or agreement as to such contract other than as
plainly expressed in the contract issued thereon, or paying or
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allowing, or giving or offering to pay, allow, or give, directly 107 or indirectly, as inducement to such insurance, or annuity, any 108 rebate of premiums payable on the contract, or any special favor 109 or advantage in the dividends or other benefits thereon, or any 110 valuable consideration or inducement whatever not specified in 111 the contract; or giving, or selling, or purchasing, or offering 112 to give, sell, or purchase, as inducement to such insurance or 113 annuity or in connection therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other 114 securities, or other obligations of any insurance company or 115 other corporation, association, or partnership, or any dividends 116 or profits accrued thereon, or anything of value whatsoever not 117 specified in the contract. 118

(2) Nothing in division (F) or division (G) (1) of this-119 section shall be construed as prohibiting any of the following 120 practices: (a) in the case of any contract of life insurance or 121 life annuity, paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise 122 abating their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus-123 accumulated from nonparticipating insurance, provided that any 124 such bonuses or abatement of premiums shall be fair and 125 equitable to policyholders and for the best interests of the 126 company and its policyholders; (b) in the case of life insurance 127 policies issued on the industrial debit plan, making allowance 128 to policyholders who have continuously for a specified period 129 made premium payments directly to an office of the insurer in an-130 amount which fairly represents the saving in collection-131 expenses; (c) readjustment of the rate of premium for a group 132 insurance policy based on the loss or expense experience-133 thereunder, at the end of the first or any subsequent policy 134 year of insurance thereunder, which may be made retroactive only 135 for such policy year. An insurer, producer, or representative of 136 either shall not offer or provide insurance as an inducement to 137

the purchase of another policy of insurance and shall not use	138
the words "free" or "no cost," or words of similar import, to	139
such effect in an advertisement.	140
(H) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting	141
to be made, issued, or circulated, or preparing with intent to	142
so use, any statement to the effect that a policy of life	143
insurance is, is the equivalent of, or represents shares of	144
capital stock or any rights or options to subscribe for or	145
otherwise acquire any such shares in the life insurance company	146
issuing that policy or any other company.	147

(I) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting
to be made, issued or circulated, or preparing with intent to so
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issue, any statement to the effect that payments to a
policyholder of the principal amounts of a pure endowment are
other than payments of a specific benefit for which specific
premiums have been paid.

(J) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting 154 to be made, issued, or circulated, or preparing with intent to 155 so use, any statement to the effect that any insurance company 156 was required to change a policy form or related material to 157 comply with Title XXXIX of the Revised Code or any regulation of 158 the superintendent of insurance, for the purpose of inducing or 159 intending to induce any policyholder or prospective policyholder 160 to purchase, amend, lapse, forfeit, change, or surrender 161 insurance. 162

(K) Aiding or abetting another to violate this section. 163

(L) Refusing to issue any policy of insurance, or
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canceling or declining to renew such policy because of the sex
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or marital status of the applicant, prospective insured,
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insured, or policyholder.

(M) Making or permitting any unfair discrimination between 168 individuals of the same class and of essentially the same hazard 169 in the amount of premium, policy fees, or rates charged for any 170 policy or contract of insurance, other than life insurance, or 171 in the benefits payable thereunder, or in underwriting standards 172 and practices or eligibility requirements, or in any of the 173 terms or conditions of such contract, or in any other manner 174 whatever. 175

(N) Refusing to make available disability income insurance solely because the applicant's principal occupation is that of managing a household.

(0) Refusing, when offering maternity benefits under any 179 individual or group sickness and accident insurance policy, to 180 make maternity benefits available to the policyholder for the 181 individual or individuals to be covered under any comparable 182 policy to be issued for delivery in this state, including family 183 members if the policy otherwise provides coverage for family 184 members. Nothing in this division shall be construed to prohibit 185 an insurer from imposing a reasonable waiting period for such 186 benefits under an individual sickness and accident insurance 187 policy issued to an individual who is not a federally eligible 188 individual or a nonemployer-related group sickness and accident 189 insurance policy, but in no event shall such waiting period 190 exceed two hundred seventy days. 191

For purposes of division (0) of this section, "federally192eligible individual" means an eligible individual as defined in19345 C.F.R. 148.103.194

(P) Using, or permitting to be used, a pattern settlement

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as the basis of any offer of settlement. As used in this 196 division, "pattern settlement" means a method by which liability 197 is routinely imputed to a claimant without an investigation of 198 the particular occurrence upon which the claim is based and by 199 using a predetermined formula for the assignment of liability 200 arising out of occurrences of a similar nature. Nothing in this 201 division shall be construed to prohibit an insurer from 202 determining a claimant's liability by applying formulas or 203 quidelines to the facts and circumstances disclosed by the 204 insurer's investigation of the particular occurrence upon which 205 a claim is based. 206

(Q) Refusing to insure, or refusing to continue to insure, 207 or limiting the amount, extent, or kind of life or sickness and 208 accident insurance or annuity coverage available to an 209 individual, or charging an individual a different rate for the 210 same coverage solely because of blindness or partial blindness. 211 With respect to all other conditions, including the underlying 212 cause of blindness or partial blindness, persons who are blind 213 or partially blind shall be subject to the same standards of 214 sound actuarial principles or actual or reasonably anticipated 215 actuarial experience as are sighted persons. Refusal to insure 216 includes, but is not limited to, denial by an insurer of 217 disability insurance coverage on the grounds that the policy 218 defines "disability" as being presumed in the event that the 219 eyesight of the insured is lost. However, an insurer may exclude 220 from coverage disabilities consisting solely of blindness or 221 partial blindness when such conditions existed at the time the 222 policy was issued. To the extent that the provisions of this 223 division may appear to conflict with any provision of section 224 3999.16 of the Revised Code, this division applies. 225

(R)(1) Directly or indirectly offering to sell, selling,

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or delivering, issuing for delivery, renewing, or using or 227 otherwise marketing any policy of insurance or insurance product 228 in connection with or in any way related to the grant of a 229 student loan guaranteed in whole or in part by an agency or 230 commission of this state or the United States, except insurance 2.31 that is required under federal or state law as a condition for 232 obtaining such a loan and the premium for which is included in 233 the fees and charges applicable to the loan; or, in the case of 234 an insurer or insurance agent, knowingly permitting any lender 235 making such loans to engage in such acts or practices in 236 connection with the insurer's or agent's insurance business. 237

(2) Except in the case of a violation of division (G) of this section, division (R)(1) of this section does not apply to either of the following:

(a) Acts or practices of an insurer, its agents,
representatives, or employees in connection with the grant of a
guaranteed student loan to its insured or the insured's spouse
or dependent children where such acts or practices take place
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more than ninety days after the effective date of the insurance;
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(b) Acts or practices of an insurer, its agents,
representatives, or employees in connection with the
solicitation, processing, or issuance of an insurance policy or
product covering the student loan borrower or the borrower's
spouse or dependent children, where such acts or practices take
place more than one hundred eighty days after the date on which
the borrower is notified that the student loan was approved.

(S) Denying coverage, under any health insurance or health
care policy, contract, or plan providing family coverage, to any
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natural or adopted child of the named insured or subscriber
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solely on the basis that the child does not reside in the
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household of the named insured or subscriber.

(T) (1) Using any underwriting standard or engaging in any
other act or practice that, directly or indirectly, due solely
to any health status-related factor in relation to one or more
individuals, does either of the following:

(a) Terminates or fails to renew an existing individual
policy, contract, or plan of health benefits, or a health
benefit plan issued to an employer, for which an individual
would otherwise be eligible;

(b) With respect to a health benefit plan issued to an employer, excludes or causes the exclusion of an individual from coverage under an existing employer-provided policy, contract, or plan of health benefits.

(2) The superintendent of insurance may adopt rules in
 accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code for purposes of
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 implementing division (T) (1) of this section.
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(3) For purposes of division (T) (1) of this section, 273"health status-related factor" means any of the following: 274

(a) Health status;

(b) Medical condition, including both physical and mental illnesses;

(c) Claims experience; 278

(d) Receipt of health care; 279(e) Medical history; 280

(f) Genetic information;

(g) Evidence of insurability, including conditions arising282out of acts of domestic violence;283

(U) With respect to a health benefit plan issued to a small employer, as those terms are defined in section 3924.01 of the Revised Code, negligently or willfully placing coverage for adverse risks with a certain carrier, as defined in section 3924.01 of the Revised Code.

(V) Using any program, scheme, device, or other unfair act
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or practice that, directly or indirectly, causes or results in
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the placing of coverage for adverse risks with another carrier,
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as defined in section 3924.01 of the Revised Code.

(W) Failing to comply with section 3923.23, 3923.231, 294
3923.232, 3923.233, or 3923.234 of the Revised Code by engaging 295
in any unfair, discriminatory reimbursement practice. 296

(X) Intentionally establishing an unfair premium for, or misrepresenting the cost of, any insurance policy financed under a premium finance agreement of an insurance premium finance company.

(Y) (1) (a) Limiting coverage under, refusing to issue,
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canceling, or refusing to renew, any individual policy or
contract of life insurance, or limiting coverage under or
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refusing to issue any individual policy or contract of health
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insurance, for the reason that the insured or applicant for
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insurance is or has been a victim of domestic violence;
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(b) Adding a surcharge or rating factor to a premium of 307
any individual policy or contract of life or health insurance 308
for the reason that the insured or applicant for insurance is or 309
has been a victim of domestic violence; 310

(c) Denying coverage under, or limiting coverage under, 311any policy or contract of life or health insurance, for the 312

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incident of domestic violence; 314 (d) Inquiring, directly or indirectly, of an insured 315 under, or of an applicant for, a policy or contract of life or 316 health insurance, as to whether the insured or applicant is or 317 has been a victim of domestic violence, or inquiring as to 318 whether the insured or applicant has sought shelter or 319 protection from domestic violence or has sought medical or 320 psychological treatment as a victim of domestic violence. 321 (2) Nothing in division (Y)(1) of this section shall be 322 construed to prohibit an insurer from inquiring as to, or from 323 324 underwriting or rating a risk on the basis of, a person's physical or mental condition, even if the condition has been 325 caused by domestic violence, provided that all of the following 326 apply: 327 (a) The insurer routinely considers the condition in 328 underwriting or in rating risks, and does so in the same manner 329 for a victim of domestic violence as for an insured or applicant 330 who is not a victim of domestic violence; 331

reason that a claim under the policy or contract arises from an

(b) The insurer does not refuse to issue any policy or
contract of life or health insurance or cancel or refuse to
renew any policy or contract of life insurance, solely on the
basis of the condition, except where such refusal to issue,
cancellation, or refusal to renew is based on sound actuarial
principles or is related to actual or reasonably anticipated
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(c) The insurer does not consider a person's status as
being or as having been a victim of domestic violence, in
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itself, to be a physical or mental condition;
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(d) The underwriting or rating of a risk on the basis of
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the condition is not used to evade the intent of division (Y) (1)
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of this section, or of any other provision of the Revised Code.
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(3) (a) Nothing in division (Y) (1) of this section shall be
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construed to prohibit an insurer from refusing to issue a policy
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or contract of life insurance insuring the life of a person who
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is or has been a victim of domestic violence if the person who
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committed the act of domestic violence is the applicant for the
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insurance or would be the owner of the insurance policy or
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contract.

(b) Nothing in division (Y)(2) of this section shall be 352 construed to permit an insurer to cancel or refuse to renew any 353 policy or contract of health insurance in violation of the 354 "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996," 355 110 Stat. 1955, 42 U.S.C.A. 300qq-41(b), as amended, or in a 356 manner that violates or is inconsistent with any provision of 357 the Revised Code that implements the "Health Insurance 358 Portability and Accountability Act of 1996." 359

(4) An insurer is immune from any civil or criminal
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liability that otherwise might be incurred or imposed as a
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result of any action taken by the insurer to comply with
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division (Y) of this section.

(5) As used in division (Y) of this section, "domestic 364violence" means any of the following acts: 365

(a) Knowingly causing or attempting to cause physical harmto a family or household member;367

(b) Recklessly causing serious physical harm to a family368or household member;369

(c) Knowingly causing, by threat of force, a family or

household member to believe that the person will cause imminent 371 physical harm to the family or household member. 372

For the purpose of division (Y)(5) of this section,373"family or household member" has the same meaning as in section3742919.25 of the Revised Code.375

Nothing in division (Y) (5) of this section shall be376construed to require, as a condition to the application of377division (Y) of this section, that the act described in division378(Y) (5) of this section be the basis of a criminal prosecution.379

(Z) Disclosing a coroner's records by an insurer inviolation of section 313.10 of the Revised Code.381

(AA) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or
permitting to be made, issued, or circulated any statement or
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representation that a life insurance policy or annuity is a
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contract for the purchase of funeral goods or services.
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(BB) With respect to a health care contract as defined in
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section 3963.01 of the Revised Code that covers vision services,
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as defined in that section, including any of the contract terms
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prohibited under or failing to make the disclosures required
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under division (E) of section 3963.02 of the Revised Code.

(CC) With respect to private passenger automobile
insurance, charging premium rates that are excessive,
inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory, pursuant to division (D)
of section 3937.02 of the Revised Code, based solely on the
location of the residence of the insured.

The enumeration in sections 3901.19 to 3901.26 of the396Revised Code of specific unfair or deceptive acts or practices397in the business of insurance is not exclusive or restrictive or398intended to limit the powers of the superintendent of insurance399

to adopt rules to implement this section, or to take action	400
under other sections of the Revised Code.	401
This section does not prohibit the sale of shares of any	402
investment company registered under the "Investment Company Act	403
of 1940," 54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C.A. 80a-1, as amended, or any	404
policies, annuities, or other contracts described in section	405
3907.15 of the Revised Code.	406
As used in this section, "estimate," "statement,"	407
"representation," "misrepresentation," "advertisement," or	408
"announcement" includes oral or written occurrences.	409
Sec. 3901.212. (A) As used in sections 3901.212 to	410
3901.213 of the Revised Code, "consumer" means a policyholder,	411
potential policyholder, certificate holder, potential	412
certificate holder, insured, potential insured, or applicant.	413
(B) The superintendent may adopt rules pursuant to Chapter_	414
119. of the Revised Code to implement the practices set forth in	415
section 3901.213 of the Revised Code to ensure consumer	416
protection. Such regulations, consistent with applicable law,	417
may address all of the following:	418
(1) Consumer data protections and privacy;	419
<u>(2) Consumer disclosure;</u>	420
(2) Unfair discrimination;	420 421
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(3) Unfair discrimination;	421
(3) Unfair discrimination; (4) Any other matter the superintendent considers	421 422
(3) Unfair discrimination; (4) Any other matter the superintendent considers pertinent.	421 422 423

(A) In the case of any contract of life insurance or life	427
annuity, paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating	428
their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated	429
from nonparticipating insurance, provided that any such bonuses	430
or abatement of premiums shall be fair and equitable to	431
policyholders and in the best interests of the company and its	432
policyholders;	433
(B) In the case of life insurance policies issued on the	434
industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders who	435
have continuously for a specified period made premium payments	436
directly to an office of the insurer in an amount which fairly	437
represents the saving in collection expenses;	438
(C) Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group	439
insurance policy based on the loss or expense experience	440
thereunder, at the end of the first or any subsequent policy	441
year of insurance thereunder, which may be made retroactive only	442
for such policy year;	443
(D)(1) Subject to divisions (D)(2) and (3) of this	444
section, the offer or provision by insurers or producers, by or	445
through employees, affiliates, or third party representatives,	446
of value-added products or services at no or reduced cost when	447
such products or services are not specified in the policy of	448
insurance, if the product or service meets all of the following:	449
(a) The cost to the insurer or producer offering the	450
product or service to any given consumer is reasonable in	451
comparison to that consumer's premiums or insurance coverage for	452
the policy class.	453
(b) It relates to the insurance coverage.	454
(c) It is primarily designed to do one or more of the	455

following:	456
(i) Provide loss mitigation or loss control;	457
(ii) Reduce claim costs or claim settlement costs;	458
(iii) Provide education about liability risks or risk of	459
loss to persons or property;	460
(iv) Monitor or assess risk, identify risks, or identify	461
risk of loss to persons or property;	462
(v) Enhance health;	463
(vi) Enhance financial wellness through items such as	464
education or financial planning services;	465
(vii) Provide post-loss services;	466
(viii) Incentivize behavioral changes to improve the	467
health or reduce the risk of death or disability of a consumer;	468
(ix) Assist in the administration of the employee or	469
retiree benefit insurance coverage.	470
(d) The product or service is provided along with contact	471
information for the purpose of ensuring the consumer is assisted	472
with questions regarding the product or service, if the insurer	473
or producer is providing the product or service offered.	474
(2)(a) Value-added products shall not be offered in a	475
manner that is unfairly discriminatory. The availability of	476
value-added products or services shall be based on documented,	477
objective criteria.	478
(b) The documented criteria shall be maintained by the	479
insurer or producer and shall be provided to the superintendent	480
of insurance upon request.	481

(3) (a) If an insurer or producer does not have sufficient	482
evidence, but has a good-faith belief that a product or service	483
it wishes to offer meets the criteria prescribed in division (D)	484
(1) of this section, the insurer or producer may provide the	485
product or service in a manner that is not unfairly	486
discriminatory as part of a pilot or testing program for no more	487
than one year.	488
(b) An insurer or producer shall notify the superintendent	489
of insurance of such a pilot or testing program offered to	490
consumers in this state prior to launching the pilot or testing	491
program and may proceed with the pilot or testing program unless	492
the superintendent objects in writing within twenty-one days of	493
receiving notice.	494
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(E) (1) Subject to divisions (E) (2) and (3) of this	495
section, the offer or gifting of noncash gifts, items, or	496
services, including providing meals to or making charitable	497
donations on behalf of a consumer, in connection with the	498
marketing, sale, purchase, or retention of contracts of	499
insurance, as long as the cost does not exceed an amount	500
determined by the superintendent per policy year per term or	501
<u>calendar year.</u>	502
(2) The offer shall be made in a manner that is not	503
unfairly discriminatory.	504
(2) The concurrence chell not be required to purchase	505
(3) The consumer shall not be required to purchase,	
continue to purchase, or renew a policy in exchange for the	506
gift, item, or service.	507
(F)(1) Subject to divisions (F)(2) and (3) of this	508
section, the offer or gifting of non-cash gifts, items, or	509
services, including providing meals to or making charitable	510

donations on behalf of, commercial or institutional consumers in	511
connection with the marketing, sale, purchase, or retention of	512
contracts of insurance, as long as the cost is reasonable in	513
comparison to the premium or proposed premium and the cost of	514
the gift or services is not included in any amounts charged to	515
another person or entity.	516
(2) The offer shall be made in a manner that is not	517
unfairly discriminatory.	518
(3) The consumer shall not be required to purchase,	519
continue to purchase, or renew a policy in exchange for the	520
gift, item, or service.	521
(G) The conducting of raffles or drawings to the extent	522
permitted by state law, so long as the raffle or drawing meets	523
all of the following:	524
(1) There is no financial cost to entrants to participate.	525
(2) The drawing or raffle does not obligate participants	526
to purchase insurance.	527
(3) The drawing or raffle is open to the public.	528
(4) The raffle or drawing is offered in a manner that is	529
not unfairly discriminatory.	530
Sec. 3901.214. The provisions of sections 3901.213 and	531
3933.01 of the Revised Code that prohibit a producer or insurer	532
from giving rebates, discounts, gifts, or other valuable	533
consideration as an inducement to insurance do not apply to	534
commercial property and casualty insurance, but do apply to	535
producer commission reductions not included in insurance company	536
rate filings.	537
Sec. 3901.215. The intent of the general assembly in	538

amending section 3901.21 of the Revised Code and enacting	539
sections 3901.212 and 3901.213 of the Revised Code is to promote	540
innovation in connection with the offering of value-added	541
services while maintaining strong consumer protections.	542
Sec. 3901.32. As used in sections 3901.32 to 3901.37 of	543
the Revised Code:	544
(A) "Affiliate of" or "affiliated with" a specific person	545
means a person that, directly or indirectly, through one or more	546
intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common	547
control with, the person specified.	548
(B) "Control," including "controlling," "controlled by,"	549
and "under common control with," means the possession, direct or	550
indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the	551
management and policies of a person, whether through the	552
ownership of voting securities, by contract other than a	553
commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement services, or	554
otherwise, unless the power is the result of an official	555
position with or corporate office held by the person. Control	556
shall be presumed to exist if any person, directly or	557
indirectly, owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or	558
holds proxies representing, ten per cent or more of the voting	559
securities of any other person. This presumption may be rebutted	560
by a showing made in the manner provided in division (J) of	561
section 3901.33 of the Revised Code that control does not exist	562
in fact. The superintendent of insurance may determine, after	563
furnishing all persons in interest notice and opportunity to be	564
heard and making specific findings of fact to support such	565
determination, that control exists in fact, notwithstanding the	566
absence of a presumption to that effect.	567

(C) "Enterprise risk" means any activity, circumstance,

event, or series of events involving one or more affiliates of 569 an insurer that, if not remedied promptly, is likely to have a 570 materially adverse effect on the financial condition or 571 liquidity of the insurer or its insurance holding company system 572 as a whole. "Enterprise risk" includes anything that would cause 573 the insurer's risk-based capital to fall into company action 574 level as set forth in section 3903.83 of the Revised Code or 575 would cause the insurer to be in a hazardous financial 576 condition. 577

(D) "Group capital calculation instructions" means the578group capital calculation instructions, as adopted by the579national association of insurance commissioners and as amended580by the national association of insurance commissioners from time581to time in accordance with the procedures adopted by the582national association of insurance commissioners.583

(E) "Group-wide supervisor" means the regulatory official 584 who is authorized by the superintendent to conduct and 585 coordinate group-wide supervision of an internationally active 586 insurance group and who is determined by the superintendent 587 pursuant to division (A) of section 3901.352 of the Revised Code 588 to have sufficient contacts with the internationally active 589 insurance group. 590

(E) (F)"Insurance holding company system" means two or591more affiliated persons, one or more of which is an insurer.592

(F) (G) "Insurer" means any person engaged in the business593of insurance, guaranty, or membership, an inter-insurance594exchange, a mutual or fraternal benefit society, or a health595insuring corporation. "Insurer" does not include any agency,596authority, or instrumentality of the United States, its597possessions and territories, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico,598

the District of Columbia, or a state or political subdivision of	599
a state.	600
(G) (H) "Internationally active insurance group" means an	601
insurance holding company system that includes an insurer	602
registered under section 3901.33 of the Revised Code and that	603
meets all of the following criteria:	604
(1) Insurers that are part of the insurance holding	605
company system write premiums in at least three countries.	606
(2) The percentage of gross premiums written outside the	607
United States by the insurance holding company system is at	608
least ten per cent of the system's total gross written premiums.	609
(3) Based on a three-year rolling average, either the	610
total assets of the insurance holding company system are at	611
least fifty billion dollars, or the total gross written premiums	612
of the insurance holding company system are at least ten billion	613
dollars.	614
<del>(H)</del> (I)(1) "Liquidity stress test framework" means a	615
separate national association of insurance commissioners	616
publication which includes all of the following:	617
(a) A history of the national association of insurance	618
commissioners' development of regulatory liquidity stress	619
testing;	620
(b) The scope criteria applicable for a specific data	621
year;	622
(c) The liquidity stress test instructions and reporting	623
templates for a specific data year.	624
(2) Such scope criteria, instructions, and reporting	625
templates shall be those adopted by the national association of	626

insurance commissioners and as amended by the national	627
association of insurance commissioners from time to time in	628
accordance with the procedures adopted by the national	629
association of insurance commissioners.	630
(J) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a	631
partnership, an association, a joint stock company, a trust, an	632
unincorporated organization, any similar entity, or any	633
combination of the foregoing acting in concert.	634
(I) (K) "Scope criteria" means the designated exposure	635
bases, along with minimum magnitudes thereof for the specified	636
data year, used to establish a preliminary list of insurers	637
considered scoped into the national association of insurance	638
commissioners liquidity stress test framework for that data	639
year.	640
(L) "Subsidiary" of a specified person is an affiliate	641
controlled by such person, directly or indirectly, through one	642
or more intermediaries.	643
(J) (M) "Voting security" includes any security	644
convertible into or evidencing a right to acquire a voting	645
security.	646
Sec. 3901.33. (A) Every insurer that is authorized to do	647
business in this state and that is a member of an insurance	648
holding company system shall register with the superintendent of	649
insurance, except a foreign insurer subject to disclosure	650
requirements and standards adopted by statute or regulation in	651
the jurisdiction of its domicile that are substantially similar	652
to those contained in this section and section 3901.341 of the	653
Revised Code. Every insurer that is subject to registration	654
under this section shall register initially not later than	655

thirty days after it becomes subject to registration, unless the 656 superintendent for good cause shown extends the time for 657 registration, and then within the extended time, and every such 658 insurer shall register annually after its initial registration. 659 The superintendent may require any authorized insurer that is a 660 member of a holding company system that is not subject to 661 registration under this section to furnish a copy of the 662 registration statement or other information filed by the 663 insurance company with the insurance regulatory authority of 664 665 domiciliary jurisdiction.

(B) Every insurer subject to registration shall file a
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registration statement with the superintendent on a form and in
a format provided by the superintendent, which shall contain
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current information about all of the following:
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(1) The capital structure, general financial condition,
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 ownership, and management of the insurer and any person
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 controlling the insurer;
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(2) The identity of every member of the insurance holding673company system;674

(3) The following agreements in force, relationships
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 subsisting, and transactions currently outstanding between the
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 insurer and its affiliates:
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(a) Loans, other investments, or purchases, sales or
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exchanges of securities of the affiliates by the insurer or of
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the insurer by its affiliates;
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(b) Purchases, sales, or exchanges of assets; 681

(c) Transactions not in the ordinary course of business; 682

(d) Guarantees or undertakings for the benefit of an 683

affiliate that result in an actual contingent exposure of the 684 insurer's assets to liability, other than insurance contracts 685 entered into in the ordinary course of the insurer's business; 686 (e) All management and service contracts and all cost-687 sharing arrangements; 688 (f) Reinsurance agreements; 689 (q) Dividends and other distributions to shareholders; 690 691 (h) Consolidated tax allocation agreements. (4) Any pledge of the insurer's stock, including stock of 692 any subsidiary or controlling affiliate, for a loan made to any 693 member of the insurance holding company system; 694 (5) If requested by the superintendent, financial 695 statements of an insurance holding company system, including all 696 affiliates. Financial statements may include annual audited 697 financial statements filed with the United States securities and 698 exchange commission pursuant to the "Securities Act of 1933," 48 699 Stat. 74, 15 U.S.C. 77a, or the "Securities Exchange Act of 700 1934," 48 Stat. 881, 15 U.S.C. 78a. The insurer may satisfy the 701 702 request by providing the superintendent with the most recently filed parent corporation financial statements that have been 703 704 filed with the securities and exchange commission. (6) Other matters concerning transactions between 705 registered insurers and any affiliates as may be included from 706 time to time in any registration forms adopted or approved by 707 the superintendent; 708

(7) Statements that the insurer's or its ultimate
controlling person's board of directors oversees corporate
governance and internal controls and that the insurer's or its
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ultimate controlling person's officers or senior management have 712 approved, implemented, and continue to maintain and monitor 713 corporate governance and internal control procedures; 714

(8) Any other information required by the superintendentby rule or regulation.716

(C) Each registration statement filed pursuant to division
(B) of this section shall summarize the information that has
changed from the prior registration statement filed pursuant to
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that division.

(D) No information need be disclosed on the registration 721 statement filed pursuant to division (B) of this section if the 722 information is not material for the purposes of this section. 723 Unless the superintendent by rule, regulation, or order provides 724 otherwise, sales, purchases, exchanges, loans or extensions of 725 credit, or investments involving one-half of one per cent or 726 less of an insurer's admitted assets as of the thirty-first day 727 of December next preceding shall not be deemed material for the 728 purposes of this section. The definition of materiality provided 729 in this division shall not apply for purposes of the group 730 capital calculation or the liquidity stress test framework. 731

(E) Each registered insurer shall keep current the
information required to be disclosed in its registration
statement by reporting all material changes or additions on
amendment forms provided by the superintendent within fifteen
days after the end of the month in which it learns of each
change or addition.

(F) The superintendent shall terminate the registration ofany insurer that demonstrates that it no longer is a member ofan insurance holding company system.740

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(G) The superintendent may require or allow two or more
affiliated insurers subject to registration under this section
to file a consolidated registration statement or consolidated
reports amending their consolidated registration statement or
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their individual registration statements.

(H) The superintendent may allow an insurer that is authorized to do business in this state and that is part of an insurance holding company system to register on behalf of any affiliated insurer that is required to register under division
(A) of this section and to file all information and material required to be filed under this section.

(I) This section does not apply to any insurer,
information, or transaction if and to the extent that the
superintendent by rule, regulation, or order exempts it from
this section.

(J) Any person may file with the superintendent a 756 disclaimer of affiliation with any authorized insurer or such a 757 disclaimer may be filed by the insurer or any member of an 758 insurance holding company system. The disclaimer shall fully 759 760 disclose all material relationships and bases for affiliation between the person and the insurer as well as the basis for 761 disclaiming the affiliation. After a disclaimer has been filed, 762 the insurer shall be relieved of any duty to register or report 763 under this section which may arise out of the insurer's 764 relationship with the person unless and until the superintendent 765 disallows the disclaimer. The superintendent shall disallow such 766 a disclaimer only in the manner provided in Chapter 119. of the 767 Revised Code. 768

(K) The ultimate controlling person of every insurersubject to registration under this section also shall file an770

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annual enterprise risk report. The report shall be appropriate 771 to the nature, scale, and complexity of the operations of the 772 insurance holding company system and shall, to the best of the 773 ultimate controlling person's knowledge and belief, identify the 774 material risks within the insurance holding company system that 775 could pose enterprise risk to the insurer. The ultimate 776 controlling person shall file the report with the lead state 777 commissioner of the insurance holding company system as 778 determined by the procedures within the financial analysis 779 780 handbook adopted by the national association of insurance commissioners. 781 (L) (1) (a) Except as provided below, the ultimate 782 controlling person of every insurer subject to registration 783 shall annually file a group capital calculation as directed by 784 the lead state commissioner. This filing is required not later\_ 785 than June 1, 2023, and on or before the first day of June each 786 year thereafter. 787 (b) The filing requirements prescribed under division (L) 788 of this section shall not be required by the superintendent 789 prior to June 1, 2023. However, the superintendent may permit 790 filing prior to that date. 791 (2) The report shall be completed in accordance with the 792 national association of insurance commissioners group capital 793 calculation instructions, which may permit the lead state 794 commissioner to allow a controlling person that is not the 795 ultimate controlling person to file the group capital 796 calculation. 797 (3) The report shall be filed with the lead state 798 commissioner of the insurance holding company system as 799 determined by the superintendent of insurance in accordance with 800

the procedures within the financial analysis handbook adopted by	801
the national association of insurance commissioners.	802
(4) Insurance holding company systems described below are	803
exempt from filing the group capital calculation:	804
(a) An insurance holding company system that has only one	805
insurer within its holding company structure, that only writes	806
business, and is only licensed, in its domestic state, and	807
assumes no business from any other insurer;	808
(b)(i) An insurance holding company system that is	809
required to perform a group capital calculation specified by the	810
United States federal reserve board.	811
(ii) The lead state commissioner shall request the	812
calculation from the federal reserve board under the terms of	813
information sharing agreements in effect.	814
(iii) If the federal reserve board cannot share the	815
calculation with the lead state commissioner, the insurance	816
holding company system is not exempt from the group capital	817
calculation filing.	818
(c) An insurance holding company system whose non-U.S.,	819
group-wide supervisor is located within a reciprocal	820
jurisdiction, as described in section 3901.62 of the Revised	821
Code, that recognizes the United States state regulatory	822
approach to group supervision and group capital;	823
(d) An insurance holding company system that meets all of	824
the following:	825
(i) The insurance holding company provides information to	826
the lead state that meets the requirements for accreditation	827
under the national association of insurance commissioners	828

financial standards and accreditation program, either directly	829
or indirectly through the group-wide supervisor, who has	830
determined such information is satisfactory to allow the lead	831
state to comply with the national association of insurance	832
commissioners group supervision approach, as detailed in the	833
national association of insurance commissioners financial	834
analysis handbook.	835
(ii) The insurance holding company has a non-United States	836
group-wide supervisor that is not in a reciprocal jurisdiction	837
that recognizes and accepts, as specified by the superintendent	838
in rule, the group capital calculation as the world-wide group	839
capital assessment for United States insurance groups who	840
operate in that jurisdiction.	841
(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of divisions (L)(4)(c)	842
and (d) of this section, a lead state commissioner shall require	843
the group capital calculation for United States operations of	844
any non-United States based insurance holding company system	845
where, after any necessary consultation with other supervisors	846
or officials, it is deemed appropriate by the lead state	847
commissioner for prudential oversight and solvency monitoring	848
purposes or for ensuring the competitiveness of the insurance	849
marketplace.	850
(6) Notwithstanding the exemptions from filing the group	851
capital calculation stated in divisions (L)(4)(a) to (d) of this	852
section, the lead state commissioner has the discretion to	853
exempt the ultimate controlling person from filing the annual	854
group capital calculation or to accept a limited group capital	855
filing or report in accordance with criteria as specified by the	856
superintendent in rule.	857
(7) If the lead state commissioner determines that an	858

insurance holding company system no longer meets one or more of	859
the requirements for an exemption from filing the group capital	860
calculation under this section, the insurance holding company	861
system shall file the group capital calculation at the next	862
annual filing date unless given an extension by the lead state	863
commissioner based on reasonable grounds shown.	864
(M)(1) The ultimate controlling person of every insurer	865
subject to registration and also scoped into the national	866
association of insurance commissioners liquidity stress test	867
framework shall file the results of a specific year's liquidity	868
stress test.	869
(2) The filing shall be made to the lead state insurance	870
commissioner of the insurance holding company system as	871
determined by the procedures within the financial analysis	872
handbook adopted by the national association of insurance	873
commissioners.	874
(3) (a) The national association of insurance commissioners	875
liquidity stress test framework includes scope criteria	876
applicable to a specific data year. These scope criteria are	877
reviewed at least annually by the financial stability task force	878
<u>or its successor.</u>	879
(b) Any change to the national association of insurance	880
commissioners liquidity stress test framework or to the data	881
year for which the scope criteria are to be measured shall be	882
effective on January 1 of the year following the calendar year	883
when such changes are adopted.	884
(c) Insurers meeting at least one threshold of the scope	885
criteria are considered scoped into the national association of	886
insurance commissioners liquidity stress test framework for the	887

specified data year unless the lead state insurance	888
commissioner, in consultation with the national association of	889
insurance commissioners financial stability task force or its	890
successor, determines the insurer should not be scoped into the	891
framework for that data year.	892
(d) Insurers that do not trigger at least one threshold of	893
the scope criteria are considered scoped out of the national	894
association of insurance commissioners liquidity stress test	895
framework for the specified data year, unless the lead state	896
insurance commissioner, in consultation with the national	897
association of insurance commissioners financial stability task	898
force or its successor, determines the insurer should be scoped	899
into the framework for that data year.	900
(e) Regulators wish to avoid having insurers scoped in and	901
out of the national association of insurance commissioners	902
liquidity stress test framework on a frequent basis. The lead	903
state insurance commissioner, in consultation with the financial	904
stability task force or its successor, will assess this concern	905
as part of the determination for an insurer.	906
(f) The performance of, and filing of the results from, a	907
specific year's liquidity stress test shall comply with the	908
national association of insurance commissioners liquidity stress	909
test framework's instructions and reporting templates for that	910
year and any lead state insurance commissioner determinations,	911
in conjunction with the financial stability task force or its	912
successor, provided within the framework.	913
(N) The failure to file any registration statement or any	914
amendment thereto or enterprise risk report required by this	915
section within the time specified for the filing is a violation	916
of this section.	917

Sec. 3901.34. (A) Transactions within an insurance holding	918
company system to which an insurer subject to registration is a	919
party shall be subject to the following standards:	920
(1) The terms shall be fair and reasonable.	921
(i) The comis shart be full and reasonable.	521
(2) Charges or fees for services performed shall be	922
reasonable.	923
(3) Expenses incurred and payment received shall be	924
allocated to the insurer in conformity with customary insurance	925
accounting practices that are consistently applied.	926
(4) The books, accounts, and records of each party shall	927
be so maintained as to clearly and accurately disclose the	928
precise nature and details of the transactions including such	929
accounting information as is necessary to support the	930
reasonableness of the charges or fees to the respective parties.	931
reasonabreness of the charges of rees to the respective parties.	931
(5) The insurer's surplus as regards policyholders	932
following any dividends or distributions to shareholder	933
affiliates shall be reasonable in relation to the insurer's	934
outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs.	935
(6) Agreements for cost-sharing services and management	936
services shall include such provisions as required by the	937
superintendent of insurance in rule or regulation;	938
	0.2.0
(7) If an insurer subject to sections 3901.32 to 3901.37	939
of the Revised Code is deemed by the superintendent to be in a	940
hazardous financial condition or a condition that would be	941
grounds for supervision, conservation, or a delinquency	942
proceeding, then the superintendent may require the insurer to	943
secure and maintain either a deposit, held by the	944
superintendent, or a bond, as determined by the insurer at the	945

h 0 p S <u>insurer at the</u> 945 superintendent, pona, determined DУ Lne insurer's discretion, for the protection of the insurer for the 946

duration of the contract or agreement, or the existence of the	947
condition for which the superintendent required the deposit or	948
the bond.	949
(8) In determining whether a deposit or a bond is	950
required, the superintendent may consider whether concerns exist	951
with respect to the affiliated person's ability to fulfill the	952
contract or agreement if the insurer were to be put into	953
liquidation. Once the insurer is deemed to be in a hazardous	954
financial condition or a condition that would be grounds for	955
supervision, conservation or a delinquency proceeding, and a	956
deposit or bond is necessary, the superintendent has discretion	957
to determine the amount of the deposit or bond, not to exceed	958
the value of the contract or agreement in any one year, and	959
whether such deposit or bond shall be required for a single	960
contract, multiple contracts, or a contract only with a specific	961
person or persons;	962
(9)(a) All records and data of the insurer held by an	963
affiliate are and remain the property of the insurer, are	964
subject to control of the insurer, are identifiable, and are	965
segregated or readily capable of segregation, at no additional	966
cost to the insurer, from all other persons' records and data.	967
This includes all records and data that are otherwise the	968
property of the insurer, in whatever form maintained, including:	969
(i) Claims and claim files;	970
(ii) Policyholder lists;	971
(iii) Application files;	972
(iv) Litigation files;	973

(vi) Rate books;

(vii) Underwriting manuals;
(viii) Personnel records;
(ix) Financial records or similar records within the
possession, custody, or control of the affiliate.
(b) At the request of the insurer, the affiliate shall
provide that the receiver can:
(i) Obtain a complete set of all records of any type that
pertain to the insurer's business;
(ii) Obtain access to the operating systems on which the
<u>data is maintained;</u>
(iii) Obtain the software that runs those systems either
through assumption of licensing agreements or otherwise;
(iv) Restrict the use of the data by the affiliate if it
is not operating the insurer's business.

(c) The affiliate shall provide a waiver of any landlord 990 lien or other encumbrance to give the insurer access to all 991 records and data in the event of the affiliate's default under a 992 lease or other agreement. 993

(10) Premiums or other funds belonging to the insurer that 994 are collected by or held by an affiliate are the exclusive 995 property of the insurer and are subject to the control of the 996 insurer. Any right of offset in the event an insurer is placed 997 into receivership is subject to Chapter 3903. of the Revised 998 Code. 999

(B) For the purposes of this section, in determining 1000 whether an insurer's surplus as regards policyholders is 1001

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reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities	1002
and adequate to its financial needs, the following factors,	1003
among others, may be considered:	1004
(1) The size of the insurer as measured by its assets,	1005
capital, surplus, reserves, premium writings, insurance in	1006
force, and other appropriate criteria;	1007
(2) The extent to which the insurer's business is	1008
diversified among the several lines of insurance;	1009
(3) The number and size of risks insured in each line of	1010
business;	1011
(4) The extent of the geographical dispersion of the	1012
insurer's insured risks;	1013
(5) The nature and extent of the insurer's reinsurance	1014
program;	1015
(6) The quality, diversification, and liquidity of the	1016
insurer's investment portfolio;	1017
(7) The recent past and projected future trend in the size	1018
of the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders;	1019
(8) The adequacy of the insurer's reserves;	1020
(9) The quality and liquidity of investments in	1021
subsidiaries. The superintendent may discount any such	1022
investment or treat any investment as a nonadmitted asset for	1023
purposes of determining the adequacy of surplus as regards	1024
policyholders whenever the investment so warrants.	1025
(10) The quality of the insurer's earnings and the extent	1026
to which the reported earnings include extraordinary items;	1027

(11) The surplus as regards policyholders maintained by 1028

other comparable insurers in respect of the factors enumerated 1029 in this division. 1030

(C) No insurer subject to registration under section 1031 3901.33 of the Revised Code shall pay any extraordinary dividend 1032 or make any other extraordinary distribution to its shareholders 1033 and the declaration of any such dividend or distribution shall 1034 be conditional and shall confer no rights upon shareholders 1035 until thirty days after the superintendent has received notice 1036 of the declaration thereof and has not within the thirty-day 1037 period disapproved the dividend or distribution, or the 1038 superintendent has approved the dividend or distribution within 1039 the thirty-day period. 1040

Prior to paying any dividend or distribution, the insurer1041shall notify the superintendent on a form provided by the1042superintendent for informational purposes within five business1043days following its declaration of any dividend or distribution1044and at least ten calendar days prior to payment of such dividend1045or distribution, such ten-calendar-day period to be measured1046from the date of the superintendent's receipt of the notice.1047

For the purposes of this section, an extraordinary 1048 dividend or distribution includes any dividend or distribution 1049 of cash or other property, whose fair market value, together 1050 with that of other dividends or distributions made within the 1051 preceding twelve months, exceeds the greater of ten per cent of 1052 the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders as of the thirty-1053 first day of December next preceding, or the net income of the 1054 insurer for the twelve-month period ending the thirty-first day 1055 of December next preceding, but shall not include pro rata 1056 distributions of any class of the insurer's own securities. 1057

Any dividend or distribution paid from other than earned 1058

surplus shall be considered an extraordinary dividend or1059extraordinary distribution. For the purposes of this section,1060"earned surplus" means an amount equal to an insurer's1061unassigned funds as set forth in its most recent statutory1062financial statement submitted to the superintendent, including1063net unrealized capital gains and losses or revaluation of1064assets.1065

Sec. 3901.341. (A) No insurer subject to registration 1066 under section 3901.33 of the Revised Code shall enter into any 1067 of the following transactions with any person in its insurance 1068 holding company system, including amendments or modifications of 1069 affiliate agreements previously filed under this section that 1070 are subject to the materiality standards contained in divisions 1071 (A) (1) to (5) of this section, until thirty days after the 1072 superintendent of insurance has received, for the 1073 superintendent's review, written notice of the insurer's 1074 intention to enter into the transaction and if, during that 1075 period, the superintendent has not disapproved the proposed 1076 transaction. The notice for amendments or modifications shall 1077 include the reasons for the change and the financial impact on 1078 the domestic insurer. Informal notice shall be reported to the 1079 superintendent within thirty days after termination of a 1080 previously filed agreement. These requirements shall apply to 1081 all of the following transactions: 1082

(1) Any sale, purchase, exchange of assets, loan,1083extension of credit, guarantee, or investment, if the1084transaction equals or exceeds, with respect to insurers other1085than life insurers, the lesser of three per cent of the1086insurer's admitted assets as of the thirty-first day of December1087next preceding or twenty-five per cent of the insurer's surplus1088as regards policyholders as of the thirty-first day of December1089

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next preceding or, with respect to life insurers, three per cent 1090 of the insurer's admitted assets as of the thirty-first day of 1091 December next preceding; 1092

(2) Any loan or extension of credit to any person that isnot an affiliate of the insurer, if both of the following apply:1094

(a) The loan or extension of credit equals or exceeds, 1095 with respect to insurers other than life insurers, the lesser of 1096 three per cent of the insurer's admitted assets as of the 1097 thirty-first day of December next preceding or twenty-five per 1098 cent of the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders as of the 1099 thirty-first day of December next preceding or, with respect to 1100 life insurers, three per cent of the insurer's admitted assets 1101 as of the thirty-first day of December next preceding. 1102

(b) The insurer makes the loan or extends the credit with
an agreement or understanding that the proceeds of the
transaction, in whole or in substantial part, are to be used to
make loans or extend credit to, to purchase assets of, or to
make investments in, any affiliate of the insurer.

(3) Reinsurance agreements or modifications including all1108of the following:1109

(a) All new reinsurance pooling agreements;

(b) All reinsurance pooling agreements in which a domestic1111company is newly added;1112

(c) Agreements in which the reinsurance premium or the 1113 change in the insurer's liabilities, or the projected 1114 reinsurance premium or a change in the insurer's liabilities in 1115 any of the next three years, equals or exceeds five per cent of 1116 the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders as of the thirty- 1117 first day of December next preceding. 1118

Division (A)(3) of this section also applies to 1119 reinsurance agreements that may require as consideration the 1120 transfer of assets from an insurer to a nonaffiliate, if the 1121 insurer and nonaffiliate have an agreement or understanding that 1122 any portion of the assets will be transferred to one or more 1123 affiliates of the insurer. 1124

(4) All management agreements, service contracts, taxallocations agreements, and cost-sharing arrangements;1126

(5) Any other material transaction that the
superintendent, pursuant to rules adopted in accordance with
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, determines may render the
insurer's surplus as regards policyholders unreasonable in
relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and inadequate
to its financial needs.

(B) In reviewing transactions under division (A) of this
section, the superintendent shall consider whether the terms of
the transaction are fair and reasonable and whether the
transaction may adversely affect the interests of policyholders.

(C) Any transaction or agreement described in division (A)
of this section that is not disapproved by the superintendent in
accordance with that division is effective as of the effective
date set forth in the notice required under this section.

(D) The superintendent, pursuant to rules adopted in
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accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, may designate
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certain types of transactions that need not be submitted for
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review under division (A) of this section, if those transactions
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would not have a significant impact on the financial condition
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of an insurer.

(E) A domestic insurer shall not enter into any

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transaction described in division (A) of this section with 1148 members of its insurance holding company system if the 1149 transaction is part of a plan or series of similar transactions 1150 and if the purpose of entering into the separate transactions is 1151 to avoid the review required under division (A) of this section 1152 that would otherwise occur. If the superintendent determines 1153 that the insurer, within a twelve-month period, entered into 1154 those separate transactions for that purpose, the superintendent 1155 may take any action authorized by section 3901.37 of the Revised 1156 Code. 1157

(F) A domestic insurer shall give written notice to the
superintendent, within thirty days after making an investment,
if the investment is made in a corporation and the total
investment in the corporation by the insurance holding company
system exceeds ten per cent of the voting securities of the
corporation.

(G) Any affiliate that is party to an agreement or 1164 contract with a domestic insurer that is subject to division (A) 1165 (4) of this section shall be subject to the jurisdiction of any 1166 supervision, seizure, conservatorship, or receivership 1167 proceedings against the insurer and to the authority of any 1168 supervisor, conservator, rehabilitator, or liquidator for the 1169 insurer appointed pursuant to Chapter 3903. of the Revised Code 1170 for the purpose of interpreting, enforcing, and overseeing the 1171 affiliate's obligations under the agreement or contract to 1172 perform services for the insurer that: 1173

(1) Are an integral part of the insurer's operations,1174including management, administrative, accounting, data1175processing, marketing, underwriting, claims handling,1176investment, or any other similar functions;1177

(2) Are essential to the insurer's ability to fulfill its	1178
obligations under insurance policies.	1179
(H) Nothing in division (A) of this section shall be	1180
construed to authorize or permit any transaction that would	1181
otherwise be contrary to law.	1182
Sec. 3901.36. (A) (1) Documents, materials, or other	1183
information in the possession or control of the department of	1184
insurance that are obtained by or disclosed to the	1185
superintendent of insurance or any other person in the course of	1186
an examination or investigation made pursuant to section 3901.35	1187
of the Revised Code and all information reported pursuant to	1188
section 3901.33 of the Revised Code are recognized by this state	1189
as being proprietary and to contain trade secrets and shall be	1190
given confidential and privileged treatment and shall not be	1191
subject to section 149.43 of the Revised Code, subpoena, or	1192
discovery, and shall not be admissible in evidence in any	1193
private civil action. The superintendent shall not make the	1194
documents, materials, or other information public unless one of	1195
the following applies:	1196
(1) (a) The superintendent uses the documents, materials,	1197
or other information in furtherance of any regulatory or legal	1198
action brought as a part of the superintendent's official	1199
duties.	1200
(2) (b) The superintendent has obtained the prior written	1201
consent of the insurer pertaining to the disclosure of the	1202
documents, materials, or other information of the insurer.	1203
$\frac{(3)}{(c)}$ The superintendent, after giving the insurer and	1204
those affiliates that are the subject of the documents,	1205
materials, or other information notice and an opportunity to be	1206

heard in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code,1207determines that the interests of policyholders, shareholders, or1208the public will be served by the disclosure, in which case the1209superintendent may make disclosures as the superintendent1210considers appropriate.1211

(2) For purposes of the information reported and provided 1212 to the superintendent of insurance pursuant to the group capital 1213 calculation requirements prescribed in division (L) of section 1214 3901.33 of the Revised Code, the superintendent shall maintain 1215 the confidentiality of the group capital calculation and group 1216 capital ratio produced within the calculation and any group 1217 capital information received from an insurance holding company 1218 supervised by the United States federal reserve board or any 1219 United States group-wide supervisor. 1220

(3) For purposes of the information reported and provided 1221 to the superintendent of insurance pursuant to the liquidity 1222 stress test requirements prescribed in division (M) of section 1223 3901.33 of the Revised Code, the superintendent shall maintain 1224 the confidentiality of the liquidity stress test results and 1225 supporting disclosures and any liquidity stress test information 1226 received from an insurance holding company supervised by the 1227 United States federal reserve board and non-United States group-1228 wide supervisors. 1229

(B) Neither the superintendent nor any person who receives
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documents, materials, or other information while acting under
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the authority of the superintendent or with whom such documents,
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materials, or other information are shared pursuant to this
section shall be permitted or required to testify in any private
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civil action concerning any confidential documents, materials,
or information subject to division (A) of this section.

(C) In order to assist in the performance of thesuperintendent's duties under this section, the superintendentmay do either of the following:1239

(1) Share documents, materials, or other information, 1240 including the confidential and privileged documents, materials, 1241 or other information subject to division (A) of this section, 1242 including proprietary and trade secret documents and materials, 1243 with other local, state, federal, and international regulatory 1244 and law enforcement agencies, with the national association of 1245 insurance commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries, 1246 with third-party consultants designated by the superintendent, 1247 and with members of any supervisory college described in section 1248 3901.351 of the Revised Code, provided that the recipient agrees 1249 to maintain the confidential or privileged status of the 1250 confidential or privileged documents, materials, or other 1251 information and has verified in writing the legal authority to 1252 do so. The superintendent may share confidential and privileged 1253 documents, materials, or other information reported pursuant to 1254 section 3901.33 of the Revised Code only with superintendents of 1255 states having statutes or regulations substantially similar to 1256 division (A) of this section and who have agreed in writing not 1257 to disclose such information. 1258

(2) Receive documents, materials, or information, 1259 including otherwise confidential and privileged documents, 1260 materials, or information, including proprietary and trade-1261 secret information, from the national association of insurance 1262 commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries and from 1263 regulatory and law enforcement officials of other foreign or 1264 domestic jurisdictions. The superintendent shall maintain as 1265 confidential or privileged any such document, material, or 1266 information received with notice or the understanding that it is 1267 confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction 1268 that is the source of the document, material, or information. 1269 (D) The superintendent shall enter into written agreements 1270 with the national association of insurance commissioners, and 1271 any third-party consultant designated by the superintendent, 1272 governing sharing and use of information provided pursuant to 1273 sections 3901.32 to 3901.37 of the Revised Code consistent with 1274 division (C) of this section. The written agreements shall do 1275 all of the following: 1276 (1) Specify procedures and protocols regarding the 1277 confidentiality and security of information shared with the 1278 national association of insurance commissioners and its 1279 affiliates and subsidiaries or a third-party consultant 1280 designated by the superintendent pursuant to sections 3901.32 to 1281 1282 3901.37 of the Revised Code, including procedures and protocols for sharing by the national association of insurance 1283 commissioners with other state, federal, or international 1284 regulators+. The agreement shall provide that the recipient 1285 agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality and privileged 1286 status of the documents, materials, or other information and has 1287

# verified in writing the legal authority to maintain such1288confidentiality.1289

(2) Specify that ownership of information shared with the 1290 national association of insurance commissioners and its-1291 affiliates and subsidiaries or a third-party consultant pursuant 1292 to sections 3901.32 to 3901.37 of the Revised Code remains with 1293 the superintendent and the national association of insurance 1294 commissioners' or a third-party consultant's, as designated by 1295 the superintendent, use of the information is subject to the 1296 direction of the superintendent; 1297

(3) (a) Prohibit the national association of insurance	1298
commissioners or third-party consultant designated by the	1299
superintendent from storing the information shared pursuant to	1300
this section in a permanent database after the underlying	1301
analysis is completed;	1302
(b) Division (D)(3)(a) of this section does not apply to	1303
documents, material, or information reported pursuant to the	1304
liquidity stress test requirements prescribed in division (M) of	1305
section 3901.33 of the Revised Code.	1306
(4) Require prompt notice to be given to an insurer whose	1307
confidential information is in the possession of the national	1308
association of insurance commissioners <del>or its affiliates or</del>	1309
subsidiaries and or a third-party consultant designated by the	1310
superintendent pursuant to this section is subject to a request	1311
or subpoena to the national association of insurance	1312
commissioners or a third-party consultant designated by the	1313
superintendent for disclosure or production;	1314
(4) (5) Require the national association of insurance	1315
commissioners <del>and its affiliates and subsidiaries <u>or a third-</u></del>	1316
party consultant designated by the superintendent to consent to	1317
intervention by an insurer in any judicial or administrative	1318
action in which the national association of insurance	1319
commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries or a third-	1320
party consultant designated by the superintendent may be	1321
required to disclose confidential information about the insurer	1322
shared with the national association of insurance commissioners	1323
and its affiliates and subsidiaries or a third-party consultant	1324
pursuant to sections 3901.32 to 3901.37 of the Revised Code <u>;</u>	1325
(6) For documents, material, or information reporting	1326
pursuant to the liquidity stress test requirements prescribed in	1327

division (M) of section 3901.33 of the Revised Code, in the case	1328
of an agreement involving a third-party consultant, provide for	1329
notification of the identity of the consultant to the applicable	1330
insurers.	1331
(E) The sharing of information by the superintendent	1332
pursuant to sections 3901.32 to 3901.37 of the Revised Code	1333
shall not constitute a delegation of regulatory or rule-making	1334
authority. The superintendent is solely responsible for the	1335
administration, execution, and enforcement of the provisions of	1336
sections 3901.32 to 3901.37 of the Revised Code.	1337
(F) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of	1338
confidentiality in the documents, materials, or other	1339
information described in this section shall occur as a result of	1340
sharing or receiving documents and information as authorized in	1341
division (C) of this section.	1342
(G) Documents, materials, or other information in the	1343
possession or control of the national association of insurance	1344
commissioners or a third-party consultant designated by the	1045
contractorio or a chira paro, concarcano acorginacoa 2, eno	1345
superintendent pursuant to this section shall be given	1345 1346
superintendent pursuant to this section shall be given	1346
superintendent pursuant to this section shall be given confidential and privileged treatment and shall not be subject	1346 1347
<u>superintendent</u> pursuant to this section shall be given confidential and privileged treatment and shall not be subject to section 149.43 of the Revised Code, subpoena, or discovery,	1346 1347 1348
<u>superintendent</u> pursuant to this section shall be given confidential and privileged treatment and shall not be subject to section 149.43 of the Revised Code, subpoena, or discovery, and shall not be admissible in evidence in any private civil	1346 1347 1348 1349
<u>superintendent</u> pursuant to this section shall be given confidential and privileged treatment and shall not be subject to section 149.43 of the Revised Code, subpoena, or discovery, and shall not be admissible in evidence in any private civil action.	1346 1347 1348 1349 1350
<pre>superintendent pursuant to this section shall be given confidential and privileged treatment and shall not be subject to section 149.43 of the Revised Code, subpoena, or discovery, and shall not be admissible in evidence in any private civil action.</pre> (H) The group capital calculation and resulting group	1346 1347 1348 1349 1350 1351
<pre>superintendent_pursuant to this section shall be given confidential and privileged treatment and shall not be subject to section 149.43 of the Revised Code, subpoena, or discovery, and shall not be admissible in evidence in any private civil action. (H) The group capital calculation and resulting group capital ratio required under division (L) of section 3901.33 of</pre>	1346 1347 1348 1349 1350 1351 1352
<pre>superintendent pursuant to this section shall be given confidential and privileged treatment and shall not be subject to section 149.43 of the Revised Code, subpoena, or discovery, and shall not be admissible in evidence in any private civil action.</pre> (H) The group capital calculation and resulting group capital ratio required under division (L) of section 3901.33 of the Revised Code and the liquidity stress test along with its	1346 1347 1348 1349 1350 1351 1352 1353
<pre>superintendent pursuant to this section shall be given confidential and privileged treatment and shall not be subject to section 149.43 of the Revised Code, subpoena, or discovery, and shall not be admissible in evidence in any private civil action. <u>(H) The group capital calculation and resulting group</u> capital ratio required under division (L) of section 3901.33 of the Revised Code and the liquidity stress test along with its results and supporting disclosures required under division (M)</pre>	1346 1347 1348 1349 1350 1351 1352 1353 1354

insurers or insurance holding company systems generally. 135	58
Therefore, except as otherwise may be required under the 135	59
provisions of sections 3901.31 to 3901.37 of the Revised Code, 136	50
the making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or placing 136	51
before the public, or causing directly or indirectly to be made, 136	52
published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public 136	53
in a newspaper, magazine or other publication, or in the form of 136	54
<u>a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any</u> 136	55
radio or television station or any electronic means of 136	56
communication available to the public, or in any other way as an 136	57
advertisement, announcement, or statement containing a 136	58
representation or statement with regard to the group capital 136	59
calculation, group capital ratio, the liquidity stress test 137	70
results, or supporting disclosures for the liquidity stress test 137	71
of any insurer or any insurer group, or of any component derived 137	72
in the calculation by any insurer, broker, or other person 137	73
engaged in any manner in the insurance business would be 137	74
misleading and is therefore prohibited; provided, however, that 137	75
if any materially false statement with respect to the group 137	76
capital calculation, resulting group capital ratio, an 137	77
inappropriate comparison of any amount to an insurer's or 137	78
insurance group's group capital calculation or resulting group 137	79
capital ratio, liquidity stress test result, supporting 138	30
disclosures for the liquidity stress test, or an inappropriate 138	31
comparison of any amount to an insurer's or insurance group's 138	32
liquidity stress test result or supporting disclosures is 138	33
published in any written publication and the insurer is able to 138	34
demonstrate to the superintendent with substantial proof the 138	35
falsity of such statement or the inappropriateness, as the case 138	86
may be, then the insurer may publish announcements in a written 138	37
publication if the sole purpose of the announcement is to rebut 138	88

the materially false statement.	1389
Sec. 3905.051. (A) As used in this section:	1390
(1) <u>(a)</u> "Applicant" means a natural person applying for	1391
either of the following:	1392
<del>(a) <u>(</u>i) A</del> resident license as an insurance agent or surety	1393
bail bond agent;	1394
<del>(b) <u>(</u>ii) An</del> additional line of authority under an existing	1395
resident insurance agent license if a criminal records check has	1396
not been obtained within the last twelve months for insurance	1397
license purposes.	1398
(b) "Applicant" includes a natural person who is the	1399
president, secretary, treasurer, or other officer or person who	1400
directs or controls the insurance operations of a limited lines	1401
travel agent that is a business entity, as described in section	1402
3905.066 of the Revised Code.	1403
(2) "Fingerprint" means an impression of the lines on the	1404
finger taken for the purpose of identification. The impression	1405
may be electronic or converted to an electronic format.	1406
(B) Each applicant shall consent to a criminal record	1407
check in accordance with this section and shall submit a full	1408
set of fingerprints to the superintendent of insurance for that	1409
purpose.	1410
(C) The superintendent of insurance shall request the	1411
superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and	1412
investigation to conduct a criminal records check based on the	1413
applicant's fingerprints. The superintendent of insurance shall	1414
request that criminal record information from the federal bureau	1415

of investigation be obtained as part of the criminal records

private civil action.

1442

check.	1417
(D) The superintendent of insurance may contract for the	1418
collection and transmission of fingerprints authorized under	1419
this section. The superintendent may order the fee for	1420
collecting and transmitting fingerprints to be payable directly	1421
to the contractor by the applicant. The superintendent may agree	1422
to a reasonable fingerprinting fee to be charged by the	1423
contractor. Any fee required under this section shall be paid by	1424
the applicant.	1425
(E) The superintendent may receive criminal record	1426
information directly in lieu of the bureau of criminal	1427
identification and investigation that submitted the fingerprints	1428
to the federal bureau of investigation.	1429
(F) The superintendent shall treat and maintain an	1430
applicant's fingerprints and any criminal record information	1431
obtained under this section as confidential and shall apply	1432
security measures consistent with the criminal justice	1433
information services division of the federal bureau of	1434
investigation standards for the electronic storage of	1435
fingerprints and necessary identifying information and limit the	1436
use of records solely to the purposes authorized by this	1437
section. The fingerprints and any criminal record information	1438
are not subject to subpoena other than one issued pursuant to a	1439
criminal investigation, are confidential by law and privileged,	1440
are not subject to discovery, and are not admissible in any	1441

(G) This section does not apply to an agent applying forrenewal of an existing resident or nonresident license in this1444state.

issue a resident insurance agent license to an individual 1447 applicant whose home state is Ohio upon submission of a 1448 completed application and payment of any applicable fee required 1449 under this chapter, if the superintendent finds all of the 1450 following: 1451 (a) The applicant is at least eighteen years of age. 1452 (b) The applicant has not committed any act that is a 1453 ground for the denial, suspension, or revocation of a license 1454 under section 3905.14 of the Revised Code. 1455 (c) If required under section 3905.04 of the Revised Code, 1456 the applicant has completed a program of insurance education for 1457 each line of authority for which the applicant has applied. 1458 (d) If required under section 3905.04 of the Revised Code, 1459 the applicant has passed an examination for each line of 1460 authority for which the applicant has applied. 1461 (e) Any applicant applying for variable life-variable 1462 annuity line of authority is registered with the financial 1463 industry regulatory authority (FINRA) as a registered 1464

Sec. 3905.06. (A) (1) The superintendent of insurance shall

representative after having passed at least one of the following 1465 examinations administered by the FINRA: the series 6 1466 examination, the series 7 examination, the series 63 1467 examination, the series 66 examination, or any other FINRA 1468 examination approved by the superintendent. 1469

(f) If required under section 3905.051 of the Revised 1470
Code, the applicant has consented to a criminal records check 1471
and the results of the applicant's criminal records check are 1472
determined to be satisfactory by the superintendent in 1473
accordance with section 9.79 of the Revised Code. 1474

(g) The applicant is a United States citizen or has 1475 provided proof of having legal authorization to work in the 1476 United States. 1477 (h) The applicant is honest and trustworthy and is 1478 otherwise suitable to be licensed. 1479 (2) The superintendent shall issue a resident insurance 1480 agent license to a business entity applicant upon submission of 1481 a completed application and payment of any applicable fees 1482 required under this chapter if the superintendent finds all of 1483 1484 the following: (a) Except as provided under division (C)(2) of section 1485 3905.062 or division (C)(2) of section 3905.063 of the Revised 1486 Code, the applicant either is domiciled in Ohio or maintains its 1487 principal place of business in Ohio. 1488 (b) The applicant has designated a licensed insurance 1489 agent who will be responsible for the applicant's compliance 1490

(c) The applicant has not committed any act that is a 1492
ground for the denial, suspension, or revocation of a license 1493
under section 3905.14 of the Revised Code. 1494

with the insurance laws of this state.

(d) Any applicant applying for a portable electronics
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insurance license line of authority satisfies the requirements
of division (C) (1) of section 3905.062 of the Revised Code or
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any applicant applying for a self-service storage insurance
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license line of authority satisfies the requirements of division
(C) (1) of section 3905.063 of the Revised Code.

(e) The applicant has submitted any other documentsrequested by the superintendent.1502

(B) An insurance agent license issued pursuant to division 1503 (A) of this section shall state the licensee's name, the license 1504 number, the date of issuance, the date the license expires, the 1505 line or lines of authority for which the licensee is qualified, 1506 and any other information the superintendent deems necessary. 1507 A licensee may be qualified for any of the following lines 1508 of authority: 1509 (1) Life, which is insurance coverage on human lives, 1510 including benefits of endowment and annuities, and may include 1511 benefits in the event of death or dismemberment by accident and 1512 benefits for disability income; 1513 (2) Accident and health, which is insurance coverage for 1514 sickness, bodily injury, or accidental death, and may include 1515 benefits for disability income; 1516 (3) Property, which is insurance coverage for the direct 1517 or consequential loss or damage to property of any kind; 1518 (4) Casualty, which is insurance coverage against legal 1519 liability, including coverage for death, injury, or disability 1520 or damage to real or personal property; 1521 (5) Personal lines, which is property and casualty 1522 1523 insurance coverage sold to individuals and families for 1524 noncommercial purposes; (6) Variable life and variable annuity products, which is 1525 insurance coverage provided under variable life insurance 1526 contracts and variable annuities; 1527 (7) Credit, which is limited line credit insurance; 1528 (8) Title, which is insurance coverage against loss or 1529

damage suffered by reason of liens against, encumbrances upon, 1530

application.

defects in, or the unmarketability of, real property;	1531
(9) Surety bail bond, which is the authority set forth in	1532
sections 3905.83 to 3905.95 of the Revised Code;	1533
(10) Portable electronics insurance, which is a limited	1534
line described in section 3905.062 of the Revised Code;	1535
(11) Self-service storage insurance, which is a limited	1536
line described in section 3905.063 of the Revised Code;	1537
(12) Travel insurance, which is a limited line described	1538
in <del>section <u>sections</u> 3905.064 <u>to 3905.0611 of</u> the Revised Code;</del>	1539
(13) Any other line of authority designated by the	1540
superintendent.	1541
(C)(1) An individual seeking to renew a resident insurance	1542
agent license shall apply biennially for a renewal of the	1543
license on or before the last day of the licensee's birth month.	1544
A business entity seeking to renew a resident insurance agent	1545
license shall apply biennially for a renewal of the license on	1546
or before the date determined by the superintendent. The	1547
superintendent shall send a renewal notice to all licensees at	1548
least one month prior to the renewal date.	1549
Applications shall be submitted to the superintendent on	1550
forms prescribed by the superintendent. Each application shall	1551
be accompanied by a biennial renewal fee. The superintendent	1552
also may require an applicant to submit any document reasonably	1553
necessary to verify the information contained in the renewal	1554

(2) To be eligible for renewal, an individual applicant
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shall complete the continuing education requirements pursuant to
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section 3905.481 of the Revised Code prior to the renewal date.
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(3) If an applicant submits a completed renewal 1559 application, qualifies for renewal pursuant to divisions (C)(1) 1560 and (2) of this section, and has not committed any act that is a 1561 ground for the refusal to issue, suspension of, or revocation of 1562 a license under section 3905.14 of the Revised Code, the 1563 superintendent shall renew the applicant's resident insurance 1564 agent license. 1565

(D) If an individual or business entity does not apply for 1566 the renewal of the individual or business entity's license on or 1567 before the license renewal date specified in division (C) (1) of 1568 this section, the individual or business entity may submit a 1569 late renewal application along with all applicable fees required 1570 under this chapter prior to the first day of the second month 1571 following the license renewal date. 1572

(E) A license issued under this section that is not 1573 renewed on or before its renewal date pursuant to division (C) 1574 of this section or its late renewal date pursuant to division 1575 (D) of this section automatically is suspended for nonrenewal on 1576 the first day of the second month following the renewal date. If 1577 a license is suspended for nonrenewal pursuant to this division, 1578 the individual or business entity is eligible to apply for 1579 reinstatement of the license within the twelve-month period 1580 following the date by which the license should have been renewed 1581 by complying with the reinstatement procedure established by the 1582 superintendent and paying all applicable fees required under 1583 this chapter. 1584

(F) A license that is suspended for nonrenewal that is not
reinstated pursuant to division (E) of this section
automatically is canceled unless the superintendent is
investigating any allegations of wrongdoing by the agent or has

initiated proceedings under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. In 1589
that case, the license automatically is canceled after the 1590
completion of the investigation or proceedings unless the 1591
superintendent revokes the license. 1592

(G) An individual licensed as a resident insurance agent 1593 who is unable to comply with the license renewal procedures 1594 established under this section and who is unable to engage in 1595 the business of insurance due to military service, a long-term 1596 medical disability, or some other extenuating circumstance may 1597 request an extension of the renewal date of the individual's 1598 license. To be eligible for such an extension, the individual 1599 shall submit a written request with supporting documentation to 1600 the superintendent. At the superintendent's discretion, the 1601 superintendent may not consider a written request made after the 1602 renewal date of the license. 1603

# Sec. 3905.064. (A) As used in this sections 1604 3905.064 to 3905.0611 of the Revised Code: 1605

(A) "Aggregator site" means a web site that provides1606access to information regarding insurance products from more1607than one insurer, including product and insurer information, for1608use in comparison shopping.1609

(B) "Blanket travel insurance" means a policy of travel1610insurance issued to any eligible group providing coverage for1611specific classes of persons defined in the policy with coverage1612provided to all members of the eligible group without a separate1613charge to individual members of the eligible group.1614

(C) "Cancellation fee waiver" means a contractual1615agreement between a supplier of travel services and its customer1616to waive some or all of the nonrefundable cancellation fee1617

provisions of the supplier's underlying travel contract, with or	1618
without regard to the reason for the cancellation or form of	1619
reimbursement.	1620
(D) "Eligible group" means, solely for the purposes of	1621
travel insurance, two or more persons who are engaged in a	1622
common enterprise, or have an economic, educational, or social	1623
affinity or relationship. "Eligible group" includes any of the	1624
<u>following:</u>	1625
(1) Any entity engaged in the business of providing travel	1626
or travel services, including all of the following:	1627
(a) Tour operators;	1628
(b) Lodging providers;	1629
(c) Vacation property owners;	1630
(d) Hotels and resorts;	1631
(e) Travel clubs;	1632
(f) Travel agencies;	1633
(g) Property managers;	1634
(h) Cultural exchange programs;	1635
(i) Common carriers or the operator, owner, or lessor of a	1636
means of transportation of passengers, including airlines,	1637
cruise lines, railroads, steamship companies, and public bus	1638
carriers that, with regard to any particular travel or type of	1639
travel or travelers, subjects all members or customers of the	1640
group to a common exposure to risk attendant to such travel;	1641
(2) Any college, school, or other institution of learning,	1642
obtaining travel insurance covering students, teachers,	1643
employees, or volunteers;	1644

(3) Any employer obtaining travel insurance coverage for	1645
any group of employees, volunteers, contractors, board of	1646
directors, dependents, or guests;	1647
(4) Any sports team, camp, or sponsor thereof, obtaining	1648
travel insurance coverage for participants, members, campers,	1649
employees, officials, supervisors, or volunteers;	1650
employees, officials, supervisors, of volunceers,	1000
(5) Any religious, charitable, recreational, educational,	1651
or civic organization, or branch thereof, obtaining travel	1652
insurance coverage for any group of members, participants, or	1653
volunteers;	1654
(6) Any financial institution or financial institution	1655
vendor, or parent holding company, trustee, or agent of, or	1656
designated by, one or more financial institutions or financial	1657
institution vendors, including account holders, credit card	1658
holders, debtors, guarantors, or purchasers;	1659
(7) Any incorporated or unincorporated association,	1660
including labor unions, that have a common interest,	1661
constitution, and bylaws, and that are organized and maintained	1662
in good faith for purposes other than obtaining insurance for	1663
members or participants of such association covering its	1664
members;	1665
(8) Any trust or the trustees of a fund established,	1666
created, or maintained for the benefit of and covering obtaining	1667
travel insurance coverage for members, employees, or customers	1668
of one or more associations meeting the requirements of division	1669
(D) (7) of this section, subject to the superintendent's	1670
permitting the use of a trust and the state's premium tax_	1671
provisions in section 3905.068 of the Revised Code;	1672
	1 ( 7 )

(9) Any entertainment production company obtaining travel 1673

insurance coverage for any group of participants, volunteers,	1674
audience members, contestants, or workers;	1675
(10) Any volunteer fire department, ambulance, rescue,	1676
police, or court, or any first aid, civil defense, or other such	1677
<u>volunteer group;</u>	1678
(11) Preschools, day-care institutions for children or	1679
adults, and senior citizen clubs;	1680
(12) Any automobile or truck rental or leasing company	1681
obtaining travel insurance coverage for a group of individuals	1682
who may become renters, lessees, or passengers, defined by their	1683
travel status, on the rented or leased vehicles;	1684
(13) Any other group whose members the superintendent has	1685
determined are engaged in a common enterprise, or that have an	1686
economic, educational, or social affinity or relationship, if	1687
the superintendent also determines that issuance of the travel	1688
insurance policy would not be contrary to the public interest.	1689
(E) "Fulfillment materials" means documentation sent to	1690
the purchaser of a travel protection plan confirming the	1691
purchase and providing the travel protection plan's coverage and	1692
assistance details.	1693
(F) "Group travel insurance" means travel insurance issued	1694
<u>to any eligible group.</u>	1695
(1) (G) "Limited lines travel insurance agent" means an	1696
individual or business entity licensed to sell, solicit, or	1697
negotiate travel insurance under <del>this section</del> section 3905.065 of	1698
the Revised Code. "Limited lines travel insurance agent"	1699
includes a licensed insurance agent and a travel administrator.	1700
(2) (H) "Offer and sell" means providing general	1701

information, including a description of the coverage and price,	1702
as well as processing the application and collecting premiums.	1703
(I) "Primary certificate holder" means an individual	1704
person who elects and purchases travel insurance under a group	1705
policy.	1706
(J) "Primary policyholder" means an individual person who	1707
elects and purchases individual travel insurance.	1708
(K) "Travel administrator" means a person who directly or	1709
indirectly underwrites, collects charges, collateral, or	1710
premiums from, or adjusts or settles claims on residents of this	1711
state, in connection with travel insurance. The following	1712
persons shall not be considered a travel administrator if they	1713
engage in no other activities that would cause them to be	1714
considered a travel administrator:	1715
(1) A person working for a travel administrator to the	1716
extent that the person's activities are subject to the	1717
supervision and control of the travel administrator;	1718
(2) An insurance agent selling insurance or engaged in	1719
administrative and claims-related activities within the scope of	1720
the agent's license;	1721
(3) A travel retailer offering and selling travel	1722
insurance and registered under the license of a limited-lines	1723
travel insurance agent in accordance with sections 3905.065 and	1724
3905.066 of the Revised Code;	1725
(4) An individual adjusting or settling claims in the	1726
normal course of that individual's practice or employment as an	1727
attorney at law and who does not collect charges or premiums in	1728
connection with insurance coverage;	1729

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(5) A business entity affiliated with a licensed insurer	1730
while that insurer is acting as a travel administrator for the	1731
direct and assumed insurance business of a separate affiliated	1732
insurer.	1733
(L) "Travel assistance services" means noninsurance	1734
services for which the consumer is not indemnified based on a	1735
fortuitous event, and where providing the service does not	1736
result in transfer or shifting of risk that would constitute the	1737
business of insurance. "Travel assistance services" include all	1738
of the following:	1739
(1) Security advisories;	1740
(2) Destination information;	1741
(3) Vaccination and immunization information services;	1742
(4) Travel reservation services;	1743
(5) Entertainment;	1744
(6) Activity and event planning;	1745
(7) Translation assistance;	1746
(8) Emergency messaging;	1747
(9) International legal and medical referrals;	1748
(10) Medical case monitoring;	1749
(11) Coordination of transportation arrangements;	1750
(12) Emergency cash transfer assistance;	1751
(13) Medical prescription replacement assistance;	1752
(14) Passport and travel document replacement assistance;	1753
(15) Lost luggage assistance;	1754

(16) Concierge services;	1755
(17) Any other service that is furnished in connection	1756
with planned travel.	1757
(M)(1) "Travel insurance" means insurance coverage for	1758
personal risks incident to planned travel, including all of the	1759
following:	1760
(a) Interruption or cancellation of a trip or event;	1761
(b) Loss of baggage or personal effects;	1762
(c) Damages to accommodations or rental vehicles;	1763
(d) Sickness, accident, disability, or death occurring	1764
during travel <u>;</u>	1765
(e) Emergency evacuation;	1766
(f) Repatriation of remains;	1767
(g) Any other contractual obligations to indemnify or pay	1768
a specified amount to the traveler upon determinable	1769
contingencies related to travel as approved by the	1770
superintendent of insurance.	1771
<u>(2)</u> "Travel insurance" does not include major any of the	1772
following:	1773
(a) Major_medical plans that provide comprehensive medical	1774
protection for a traveler with a trip lasting six months or	1775
longer, including a plan covering a person working overseas as	1776
an expatriate or in a deployed military unit <u>;</u>	1777
(b) Any other product that requires a specific insurance	1778
agent license;	1779
(c) Travel assistance services;	1780

<del>(3) [N] "Travel insurer" means an insurer, as defined in [</del>	1782
section 3901.32 of the Revised Code, that provides travel	1783
insurance.	1784

(O) "Travel protection plan" means a plan that provides1785one or more of the following: travel insurance, travel1786assistance services, and cancellation fee waivers.1787

(P) "Travel retailer" means a business entity that makes, 1788 arranges, or offers travel services, and that may offer or sell 1789 travel insurance as a service to its customers on behalf of, and 1790 under the direction of, a limited lines travel insurance agent 1791 in conjunction with the making, arranging, or offering of travel 1792 services. 1793

	<del>(B)</del>	No	person	shall	offer	or	sell	travel	insurance	except-	1794
<del>as</del>	provide	ed :	<del>in this</del>	secti	<del>on.</del>						1795

(C) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the	1796
superintendent of insurance may issue to an individual or-	1797
business entity a limited lines travel insurance agent license	1798
that authorizes the holder of the license to sell, solicit, or-	1799
negotiate travel insurance through a licensed insurer if both of	1800
the following requirements are met:	1801

(1) The individual or business entity has submitted an1802application to the superintendent for the license on a form and1803in a manner prescribed by the superintendent.1804

(2) The individual or business entity has paid all fees	1805
applicable under this chapter.	1806

	<del>(D)(1) At</del>	the time the	superintendent of insurance issues	1807
<del>a l</del>	icense under	this section	, the limited lines travel insurance-	1808

agent shall establish and maintain on a form prescribed by the 1809 superintendent a register of each travel retailer that offers or 1810 sells travel insurance on the agent's behalf. 1811 (2) The limited lines travel insurance agent shall submit-1812 the register to the department of insurance upon reasonable-1813 request, and shall certify that the registered travel retailer 1814 complies with 18 U.S.C. 1033. 1815 (E) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a travel 1816 retailer may offer and sell travel insurance under a limited 1817 lines travel insurance agent that is a business entity if all of 1818 the following conditions are met: 1819 (1) The limited lines travel insurance agent or travel 1820 retailer provides all of the following information to purchasers-1821 of travel insurance at the time of sale or in the fulfillment 1822 materials provided to purchasers: 1823 (a) A description of the material terms or the actual-1824 terms of the insurance coverage; 1825 (b) A description of the process for filing a claim; 1826 (c) A description of the review or cancellation process 1827 1828 for the travel insurance policy; (d) The identity and contact information of the insurer 1829

and limited lines travel insurance agent.

(2) (a) The limited lines travel insurance agent designates1831one of the agent's employees as the responsible insurance agent1832who is responsible for the limited lines travel insurance1833agent's compliance with the travel insurance laws and rules of1834this state. The designated responsible insurance agent must be a1835licensed insurance agent qualified in any of the following lines1836

of authority in accordance with section 3905.06 of the Revised 1837 Code: 1838 (i) Travel; 1839 1840 (ii) Property; (iii) Personal. 1841 (b) The responsible insurance agent shall comply with the 1842 fingerprinting requirements of section 3905.051 of the Revised 1843 Code or the applicable fingerprinting requirements of the home-1844 state of the limited lines travel insurance agent. 1845 (3) The limited lines travel insurance agent business-1846 entity and the responsible insurance agent are responsible for-1847 the acts of the travel retailer and use reasonable means to-1848 ensure compliance with this section by the travel retailer. 1849 (4) (a) (i) The limited lines travel insurance agent 1850 requires each employee and authorized representative of the-1851 travel retailer, whose duties include offering or selling travel 1852 insurance, to receive a program of instruction or training. 1853 (ii) The training material shall, at minimum, contain-1854 instructions on the types of insurance offered, ethical sales 1855 practices, and required disclosures to prospective customers. 1856 (b) The superintendent may review all training programs or 1857 materials at the superintendent's discretion. 1858 (5) The travel retailer offers or sells the travel 1859 insurance only in conjunction with the making, arranging, or 1860 offering of travel services. 1861 (F) A limited lines travel insurance agent, as well as any 1862 travel retailer and the retailer's employees that are registered 1863

under division (D) of this section, are exempt from any-1864 examination and education requirements as set forth in section 1865 3905.04 of the Revised Code for purposes of this section only. 1866 (G) (1) Any travel retailer offering or selling travel-1867 insurance shall make available to prospective purchasers-1868 brochures or other written materials that contain all of the 1869 following: 1870 (a) The identity and contact information of the insurer 1871 and the limited lines travel insurance agent; 1872 (b) An explanation that the purchase of travel insurance-1873 is not required in order to purchase any other product or-1874 service from the travel retailer; 1875 (c) An explanation that an unlicensed travel retailer is 1876 permitted to provide general information about the insurance-1877 offered by the travel retailer, including a description of the 1878 coverage and price, but is not qualified or authorized to answer 1879 technical questions about the terms and conditions of the 1880 insurance offered by the travel retailer or to evaluate the 1881 adequacy of the customer's existing insurance coverage. 1882 (2) A travel retailer's employee or authorized 1883 1884 representative who is not licensed as an insurance agent shall not do any of the following: 1885 (a) Evaluate or interpret the technical terms, benefits, 1886 and conditions of the offered travel insurance coverage; 1887 (b) Evaluate or provide advice concerning a prospective 1888 purchaser's existing insurance coverage; 1889 (c) Hold itself out as a licensed insurer, licensed agent,-1890 1891 or insurance expert;

(d) Offer or sell travel insurance, unless the travel	1892
insurance is offered or sold in conjunction with and incidental	1893
to the sale of travel services.	1894
(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a travel	1895
retailer whose insurance-related activities, and those of its	1896
employees and authorized representatives, are limited to	1897
offering or selling travel insurance on behalf of and under the	1898
direction of a limited lines travel insurance agent that meets-	1899
the requirements of this section, is authorized to offer and	1900
sell insurance and receive related compensation for these-	1901
services, if the travel retailer is registered by the limited	1902
lines travel insurance agent as described in division (D) of	1903
this section. Any compensation paid to a travel retailer's	1904
employee or authorized representative for the services described	1905
in this section shall be incidental to the employee's or	1906
authorized representative's overall compensation and not based	1907
primarily on the number of customers who purchase travel-	1908
insurance coverage.	1909
(a) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit	1910
payment of compensation to a travel retailer or its employees or	1911
authorized representatives for activities under the limited	1912
lines travel insurance agent's license that are incidental to	1913
the overall compensation of the travel retailer or the employees	1914
or authorized representatives of the facility.	1915
(b) All costs paid or charged to a consumer for the	1916
purchase of travel insurance or related services shall be-	1917
separately itemized on the customer's bill.	1918
(H) Travel insurance may be provided under individual or	1919

group insurance.

(I) Any limited lines travel insurance agent, or any-1921 travel retailer offering or selling travel insurance under a 1922 limited lines travel insurance agent, that fails to comply with 1923 the provisions of this section is deemed to have engaged in an 1924 unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of 1925 insurance as defined in section 3901.21 of the Revised Code and 1926 is subject to section 3905.14 of the Revised Code. 1927 (J) A license issued under this section shall be renewed 1928 on a biennial basis as set forth in sections 3905.06 and 3905.07 1929 of the Revised Code. 1930 Sec. 3905.065. (A) No person shall offer or sell travel 1931 insurance except as provided in sections 3905.064 to 3905.0611 1932 of the Revised Code. 1933 (B) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 1934 superintendent of insurance may issue to an individual or 1935 business entity a limited lines travel insurance agent license 1936 that authorizes the holder of the license to sell, solicit, or 1937 negotiate travel insurance through a licensed insurer if both of 1938 the following requirements are met: 1939 (1) The individual or business entity has submitted an 1940 application to the superintendent for the license on a form and 1941 in a manner prescribed by the superintendent. 1942 (2) The individual or business entity has paid all fees 1943 applicable under this chapter. 1944 (C) (1) At the time the superintendent of insurance issues 1945 a license under this section, the limited lines travel insurance 1946 agent shall establish and maintain, on a form prescribed by the 1947 superintendent, a register of each travel retailer that offers 1948 or sells travel insurance on the limited lines travel agent's 1949 behalf. 1950 (2) (a) The register shall include the name, address, and 1951 contact information of the travel retailer and an officer or 1952 person who directs or controls the travel retailer's operations, 1953 and the travel retailer's federal tax identification number. 1954 (b) The limited lines travel insurance agent shall update 1955 1956 the register as needed to maintain its accuracy. 1957 (3) (a) The limited lines travel insurance agent shall submit the register to the department of insurance upon 1958 reasonable request and shall certify that the registered travel 1959 retailer complies with 18 U.S.C. 1033. 1960 (b) The superintendent may apply the grounds for license 1961 suspension, license revocation, and the imposition of penalties 1962 that are found in section 3905.14 of the Revised Code and that 1963 are applicable to resident insurance agents, to limited lines 1964 travel insurance agents and travel retailers. 1965 (D) A limited lines travel insurance agent, as well as any 1966 travel retailer and the retailer's employees that are registered 1967 under division (C) of this section, are exempt from any 1968 examination and education requirements as set forth in section 1969 3905.04 of the Revised Code for purposes of sections 3905.064 to 1970 3905.0611 of the Revised Code only. 1971 (E) Travel insurance may be provided under an individual, 1972 group, or blanket insurance policy. 1973 (F) A person authorized to offer a travel protection plan 1974 under sections 3905.064 to 3905.0611 of the Revised Code may 1975 offer a travel protection plan for one price for the combined 1976 features that the travel protection plan offers in this state if 1977

all of the following are met:

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(1) At or prior to the time of purchase, the travel	1979
protection plan does both of the following:	1980
(a) Clearly discloses to the consumer that it includes	1981
travel insurance, travel assistance services, and cancellation	1982
fee waivers, as applicable;	1983
(b) Provides information and an opportunity for the	1984
consumer to obtain additional information regarding the features	1985
and pricing of each of the combined features.	1986
(2) The fulfillment materials provided to the consumer	1987
include all of the following, as applicable:	1988
(a) A description and delineation of the travel insurance,	1989
travel assistance services, and cancellation fee waivers in the	1990
travel protection plan;	1991
(b) The travel insurance disclosures;	1992
(c) The contact information for persons providing travel	1993
assistance services and cancellation fee waivers, as applicable.	1994
(G) In the event of a conflict between sections 3905.064	1995
to 3905.0611 of the Revised Code and any other provision of	1996
Title XXXIX of the Revised Code regarding the sale and marketing	1997
of travel insurance and travel protection plans, the provisions	1998
of sections 3905.064 to 3905.0611 of the Revised Code control.	1999
(H)(1) All documents provided to consumers prior to the	2000
purchase of travel insurance, including sales materials,	2001
advertising materials, and marketing materials, shall be	2002
consistent with the travel insurance policy itself, including	2003
forms, endorsements, policies, rate filings, and certificates of	2004
insurance.	2005
(2) For travel insurance policies or certificates that	2006

	0007
contain pre-existing condition exclusions, information and an	2007
opportunity to learn more about the pre-existing condition	2008
exclusions shall be provided any time prior to the time of	2009
purchase and in the coverage's fulfillment materials.	2010
(3) The fulfillment materials and the information	2011
described in division (A)(1) of section 3905.066 of the Revised	2012
Code shall be provided to a policyholder or certificate holder	2013
as soon as practicable after the purchase of a travel protection	2014
plan.	2015
(4) The travel insurer shall disclose in the policy	2016
documentation and fulfillment materials whether the travel	2017
insurance is primary or secondary to other applicable coverage.	2018
(I)(1) Unless the insured has either started a covered	2019
trip or filed a claim under the travel insurance coverage, a	2020
policyholder or certificate holder may cancel a travel insurance	2021
policy or certificate for a full refund of the travel protection	2022
plan price in accordance with the following:	2023
(a) If the travel protection plan's fulfillment materials	2024
are delivered by postal mail, the policyholder or certificate	2025
holder may cancel within fifteen days following the date of	2026
<u>delivery.</u>	2027
(b) If the travel protection plan's fulfillment materials	2028
are delivered by means other than postal mail, the policyholder	2029
or certificate holder may cancel within ten days following the	2030
<u>date of delivery.</u>	2031
(2) For the purposes of this division, "delivery" includes	2032
handing fulfillment materials to the policyholder or certificate	2033
holder or sending fulfillment materials by postal mail or	2034
electronic means to the policyholder or certificate holder.	2035

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(J) No person offering, selling, or negotiating travel	2036
insurance or travel protection plans on an individual or group	2037
basis may do so by using a negative option or opt out when the	2038
consumer purchases a trip. As used in this division, "using a	2039
negative option or opt out" includes requiring a consumer to	2040
take an affirmative action to deselect coverage, such as	2041
unchecking a box on an electronic form.	2042
(K) A license issued under this section shall be renewed	2043
on a biennial basis as set forth in sections 3905.06 and 3905.07	2044
of the Revised Code.	2045
Sec. 3905.066. (A) Notwithstanding any other provision of	2046
law, a travel retailer may offer and sell travel insurance under	2047
a limited lines travel insurance agent that is a business entity	2048
if all of the following conditions are met:	2049
(1) The limited lines travel insurance agent or travel	2050
retailer provides all of the following information to purchasers	2051
of travel insurance at the time of sale or in the fulfillment	2052
materials provided to purchasers:	2053
(a) A description of the material terms or the actual	2054
terms of the insurance coverage;	2055
(b) A description of the process for filing a claim;	2056
(c) A description of the review or cancellation process	2057
for the travel insurance policy;	2058
(d) The identity and contact information of the incurrent	2059
(d) The identity and contact information of the insurer	
and limited lines travel insurance agent.	2060
(2)(a) The limited lines travel insurance agent designates	2061
one of the agent's employees, who is a licensed individual	2062
agent, as the responsible insurance agent who is responsible for	2063

the limited lines travel insurance agent's compliance with the	2064
travel insurance laws and rules of this state applicable to the	2065
limited lines travel insurance agent and its registrants. The	2066
designated responsible insurance agent must be a licensed	2067
insurance agent qualified in any of the following lines of	2068
authority in accordance with section 3905.06 of the Revised	2069
Code:	2070
<u>(i) Travel;</u>	2071
(ii) Property;	2072
<u>(iii) Personal.</u>	2073
(b) The responsible insurance agent, president, secretary,	2074
treasurer, and any other officer or person who directs or	2075
controls the limited lines travel insurance agent's insurance	2076
operations shall comply with the fingerprinting requirements of	2077
section 3905.051 of the Revised Code or the applicable	2078
fingerprinting requirements of the home state of the limited	2079
lines travel insurance agent.	2080
(3) The limited lines travel insurance agent business	2081
entity and the responsible insurance agent are responsible for	2082
the acts of the travel retailer and use reasonable means to	2083
ensure compliance with sections 3905.064 to 3905.0611 of the	2084
Revised Code by the travel retailer.	2085
(4)(a) The limited lines travel insurance agent requires	2086
each employee and authorized representative of the travel	2087
retailer, whose duties include offering or selling travel	2088
insurance, to receive a program of instruction or training that	2089
is subject, at the discretion of the superintendent, to review	2090
and approval.	2091
(b) The training material shall, at minimum, contain	2092

instructions on the types of insurance offered, ethical sales	2093
practices, and required disclosures to prospective customers.	2094
(B)(1) Any travel retailer offering or selling travel_	2095
insurance shall make available to prospective purchasers	2096
brochures or other written materials that have been approved by	2097
the travel insurer. Such materials shall contain all of the	2098
following:	2099
(a) The identity and contact information of the insurer	2100
and the limited lines travel insurance agent;	2101
(b) An explanation that the purchase of travel insurance	2102
is not required in order to purchase any other product or	2103

service from the travel retailer;

(c) An explanation that an unlicensed travel retailer is 2105 permitted to provide general information about the insurance 2106 offered by the travel retailer, including a description of the 2107 coverage and price, but is not qualified or authorized to answer 2108 technical questions about the terms and conditions of the 2109 insurance offered by the travel retailer or to evaluate the 2110 adequacy of the customer's existing insurance coverage. 2111

(2) A travel retailer's employee or authorized 2112 representative who is not licensed as an insurance agent shall 2113 not do any of the following: 2114

(a) Evaluate or interpret the technical terms, benefits, 2115 and conditions of the offered travel insurance coverage; 2116

(b) Evaluate or provide advice concerning a prospective 2117 purchaser's existing insurance coverage; 2118

(c) Hold itself out as a licensed insurer, licensed agent, 2119 2120 or insurance expert.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a travel	2121
retailer whose insurance-related activities, and those of its	2122
employees and authorized representatives, are limited to	2123
offering and selling travel insurance on behalf of and under the	2124
direction of a limited lines travel insurance agent that meets	2125
the requirements of section 3905.065 of the Revised Code, is	2126
authorized to offer and sell insurance and receive related	2127
compensation for these services, if the travel retailer is	2128
registered by the limited lines travel insurance agent as	2129
described in section 3905.065 of the Revised Code. Any	2130
compensation paid to a travel retailer's employee or authorized	2131
representative for the services described in this section shall	2132
be incidental to the employee's or authorized representative's	2133
overall compensation and not based primarily on the number of	2134
customers who purchase travel insurance coverage.	2135
(C) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit	2136
payment of compensation to a travel retailer or its employees or	2137
authorized representatives for activities under the limited	2138
lines travel insurance agent's license that are incidental to	2139
the overall compensation of the travel retailer or the employees	2140
or authorized representatives of the facility.	2141
Sec. 3905.067. (A) Except as otherwise provided in this	2142
section, all persons offering travel insurance to residents of	2143
this state are subject to sections 3901.19 to 3901.26 of the	2144
Revised Code.	2145
(B) Any limited lines travel insurance agent, or any	2146
travel retailer offering or selling travel insurance under a	2147
limited lines travel insurance agent, that fails to comply with	2148
the provisions of sections 3905.064 to 3905.0611 of the Revised	2149
Code is deemed to have engaged in an unfair and deceptive act or	2150

practice in the business of insurance as defined in section	2151
3901.21 of the Revised Code and is subject to section 3905.14 of	2152
the Revised Code.	2153
	0154
(C) Both of the following shall be considered an unfair	2154
and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance, as	2155
defined in section 3901.21 of the Revised Code, and are subject	2156
to, in addition to the penalties prescribed in section 3901.22	2157
of the Revised Code, disciplinary action under section 3905.14	2158
of the Revised Code:	2159
(1) Offering or selling a travel insurance policy that	2160
could never result in payment of any claims;	2161
(2) Marketing blanket travel insurance coverage as free.	2162
(D) Marketing travel insurance directly to a consumer_	2163
through a travel insurer's web site or by others through an	2164
aggregator site is not an unfair and deceptive act or practice	2165
or other violation of law if both of the following conditions	2166
are met:	2167
(1) An accurate summary or short description of coverage	2168
is provided on the web site;	2169
(2) The consumer has access to the full provisions of the	2170
policy through electronic means.	2171
(E) Where a consumer's destination jurisdiction requires	2172
insurance coverage, it is not an unfair and deceptive act or	2173
practice in the business of insurance to require a consumer to	2174
choose between the following options as a condition of	2175
purchasing a trip or travel package:	2176
(1) Purchasing the coverage required by the destination	2177
jurisdiction through the travel retailer or limited lines travel	2178

insurance agent supplying the trip or travel package;	2179
(2) Agreeing to obtain and provide proof of coverage that	2180
meets the destination jurisdiction's requirements prior to	2181
<u>departure.</u>	2182
Sec. 3905.068. (A) A travel insurer shall pay premium tax,	2183
as provided in Chapters 5725. and 5729. of the Revised Code, on	2184
travel insurance premiums paid by any of the following:	2185
(1) An individual primary policyholder who is a resident	2186
<u>of this state;</u>	2187
(2) A primary certificate holder who is a resident of this	2188
state who elects coverage under a group travel insurance policy;	2189
(3)(a) A blanket travel insurance policyholder, when the	2190
policy covers eligible blanket group members, that is a resident	2191
of, or has its principal place of business in, this state,	2192
including when the policy covers an affiliate or subsidiary,	2193
regardless of the location of the affiliate or subsidiary.	2194
(b) Such payments shall be subject to any apportionment	2195
rules that apply to the insurer across multiple taxing	2196
jurisdictions or that permit the insurer to allocate premium on	2197
an apportioned basis in a reasonable and equitable manner in	2198
those jurisdictions.	2199
(B) A travel insurer shall:	2200
(1) Document the state of residence or principal place of	2201
business of the policyholder or certificate holder, as necessary	2202
to comply with division (A)(1) of this section;	2203
(2) Report as a premium only the amount allocable to	2204
travel insurance and not any amounts received for travel	2205
assistance services or cancellation fee waivers.	2206

(C) Neither of the following are insurance:	2207
(1) A cancellation fee waiver;	2208
(2) Travel assistance services.	2209
(D) Surplus lines brokers selling travel insurance shall	2210
pay taxes on premiums related to travel insurance in accordance	2211
with sections 3905.30 to 3905.38 of the Revised Code and not in	2212
accordance with the requirements of this section.	2213
(E) With regard to an automobile or truck rental or	2214
leasing company obtaining travel insurance coverage for a group	2215
of individuals who may become renters, lessees, or passengers,	2216
defined by their travel status on the rented or leased vehicles,	2217
the common carrier, operator, owner, or lessor of a means of	2218
transportation, or the automobile or truck rental or leasing	2219
company, is the policyholder under a policy to which sections	2220
3905.064 to 3905.0611 of the Revised Code apply.	2221
Sec. 3905.069. (A) Notwithstanding any other provisions of	2222
Title XXXIX of the Revised Code, no person shall act or	2223
represent the person's self as a travel administrator for travel	2224
insurance in this state unless that person holds one of the	2225
following licenses in good standing in this state:	2226
(1) Property and casualty license;	2227
(2) Managing general agent license;	2228
(3) Third-party administrator license.	2229
(B)(1) A travel insurer is responsible for the acts of a	2230
travel administrator administering travel insurance underwritten	2231
by the travel insurer and is responsible for ensuring that the	
	2232
travel administrator maintains all books and records relevant to	2232 2233

(2) The travel administrator shall make such books and	2235
(2) The travel administrator shall make such books and records available to the superintendent of insurance upon	2235
request.	2237
Sec. 3905.0610. (A)(1) Except as provided in division (A)	2238
(2) of this section, travel insurance shall be classified and	2239
filed, for purposes of rates and forms, under an inland marine	2240
line of insurance.	2241
(2) Travel insurance that provides coverage for sickness,	2242
accident, disability, or death occurring during travel, either	2243
exclusively or in conjunction with related coverages of	2244
emergency evacuation or repatriation of remains, or incidental	2245
limited property and casualty benefits such as baggage or trip	2246
cancellation, may be filed under either an accident and health	2247
line of insurance or an inland marine line of insurance.	2248
(B) Eligibility and underwriting standards for travel	2249
insurance may be developed and provided based on travel	2250
protection plans designed for individual or identified marketing	2251
or distribution channels, provided those standards also meet the	2252
state's underwriting standards for inland marine.	2253
Sec. 3905.0611. The superintendent may adopt rules as	2254
needed to implement sections 3905.064 to 3905.0611 of the	2255
Revised Code.	2256
Sec. 3915.073. (A) This section shall be known as the	2257
standard nonforfeiture law for individual deferred annuities.	2258
(B) This section does not apply to any reinsurance, group	2259
annuity purchased under a retirement plan or plan of deferred	2260
compensation established or maintained by an employer, including	2261
a partnership or sole proprietorship, or by an employee	2262
organization, or by both, other than a plan providing individual	2263

retirement accounts or individual retirement annuities under 2264 section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, 26 U.S.C.A. 2265 408, as amended, premium deposit fund, variable annuity, 2266 investment annuity, immediate annuity, any deferred annuity 2267 contract after annuity payments have commenced, or reversionary 2268 annuity, nor to any contract which is delivered outside this 2269 state through an agent or other representative of the company 2270 issuing the contract. 2271

(C) No contract of annuity, except as stated in division
(B) of this section, shall be delivered or issued for delivery
in this state unless the contract contains in substance the
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following provisions, or corresponding provisions that in the
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opinion of the superintendent of insurance are at least as
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favorable to the contract owners, relative to the cessation of
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payment of consideration under the contract:

(1) That upon cessation of payment of considerations under
a contract, or upon the written request of the contract owner,
the company shall grant a paid-up annuity benefit on a plan
stipulated in the contract of such value as is specified in
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divisions (E), (F), (G), (H), and (J) of this section;

(2) If a contract provides for a lump sum settlement at 2284 maturity, or at any other time, that upon surrender of the 2285 contract at or prior to the commencement of any annuity 2286 payments, the company shall pay in lieu of any paid-up annuity 2287 benefit a cash surrender benefit of such amount as is specified 2288 in divisions (E), (F), (H), and (J) of this section. The company 2289 may reserve the right to defer the payment of such cash 2290 surrender benefit for a period not to exceed six months after 2291 demand therefor with surrender of the contract. The deferral is 2292 contingent upon the company's conveyance of a written request 2293

for the deferral to the superintendent and the company's receipt2294of written approval from the superintendent for the deferral.2295The request shall address the necessity and equitability to all2296contract owners of the deferral.2297

(3) A statement of the mortality table, if any, and
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interest rates used in calculating any minimum paid-up annuity,
cash surrender, or death benefits that are guaranteed under the
contract, together with sufficient information to determine the
amounts of such benefits;
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(4) A statement that any paid-up annuity, cash surrender, 2303 or death benefits that may be available under the contract are 2304 not less than the minimum benefits required by any statute of 2305 the state in which the contract is delivered and an explanation 2306 of the manner in which such benefits are altered by the 2307 existence of any additional amounts credited by the company to 2308 the contract, any indebtedness to the company on the contract, 2309 or any prior withdrawals from or partial surrenders of the 2310 contract. 2311

Notwithstanding the requirements of this section, any 2312 deferred annuity contract may provide that if no considerations 2313 have been received under a contract for a period of two full 2314 years and the portion of the paid-up annuity benefit at maturity 2315 on the plan stipulated in the contract arising from 2316 considerations paid prior to such period would be less than 2317 twenty dollars monthly, the company may at its option terminate 2318 such contract by payment in cash of the then present value of 2319 such portion of the paid-up annuity benefit, calculated on the 2320 basis of the mortality table, if any, and interest rate 2321 specified in the contract for determining the paid-up annuity 2322 benefit, and by such payment shall be relieved of any further 2323 obligation under such contract.

(D) The minimum values as specified in divisions (E), (F), 2325
(G), (H), and (J) of this section of any paid-up annuity, cash 2326
surrender, or death benefits available under an annuity contract 2327
shall be based upon minimum nonforfeiture amounts as defined in 2328
this division. 2329

(1) (a) The minimum nonforfeiture amount at any time at or 2330 prior to the commencement of any annuity payments shall be equal 2331 to an accumulation up to such time at rates of interest 2332 determined in accordance with division (D) (2) of this section of 2333 the net considerations, determined in accordance with division 2334 (D) (1) (b) of this section, paid prior to such time, decreased by 2335 the sum of: 2336

(i) Any prior withdrawals from or partial surrenders of
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the contract, accumulated at rates of interest determined in
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accordance with division (D) (2) of this section;
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(ii) An annual contract charge of fifty dollars,
accumulated at rates of interest determined in accordance with
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division (D)(2) of this section;
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(iii) Any premium tax paid by the company for the
contract, accumulated at rates of interest determined in
accordance with division (D) (2) of this section;
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(iv) The amount of any indebtedness to the company on the 2346 contract, including interest due and accrued. 2347

(b) The net considerations for a given contract year used2348to define the minimum nonforfeiture amount shall be an amount2349equal to eighty-seven and one-half per cent of the gross2350considerations credited to the contract during that contract2351year.2352

(2)(a) The interest rate used in determining minimum	2353
nonforfeiture amounts under divisions (D)(1) to (4) of this	2354
section shall be an annual rate of interest determined as the	2355
lesser of three per cent per annum or the following, which shall	2356
be specified in the contract if the interest rate will be reset:	2357
(i) The five-year constant maturity treasury rate reported	2358
by the federal reserve as of a date or an average over a period,	2359
rounded to the nearest one-twentieth of one per cent, specified	2360
in the contract, no longer than fifteen months prior to the	2361
contract issue date or the redetermination date specified in	2362
division (D)(2)(b) of this section;	2363
(ii) Reduced by one hundred twenty-five basis points;	2364
(iii) Where the resulting interest rate shall not be less	2365
than <u>fifteen hundredths of one per cent</u> .	2366
(b) The interest rate determined under division (D)(2)(a)	2367
of this section shall apply for an initial period and may be	2368
redetermined for additional periods. The redetermination date,	2369
basis and period, if any, shall be stated in the contract. The	2370
basis is the date or average over a specified period that	2371
produces the value of the five-year constant maturity treasury	2372
note to be used at each modetermination data	2072
rate to be used at each redetermination date.	2373
(3) During the period or term that a contract provides	
	2373
(3) During the period or term that a contract provides	2373 2374
(3) During the period or term that a contract provides substantive participation in an equity-indexed benefit, the	2373 2374 2375
(3) During the period or term that a contract provides substantive participation in an equity-indexed benefit, the contract may provide for an increase in the reduction described	2373 2374 2375 2376
(3) During the period or term that a contract provides substantive participation in an equity-indexed benefit, the contract may provide for an increase in the reduction described in division (D)(2)(a)(ii) of this section by a maximum of one	2373 2374 2375 2376 2377
(3) During the period or term that a contract provides substantive participation in an equity-indexed benefit, the contract may provide for an increase in the reduction described in division (D)(2)(a)(ii) of this section by a maximum of one hundred basis points to reflect the value of the equity-indexed	2373 2374 2375 2376 2377 2378

superintendent may require a demonstration that the present2382value of the additional reduction does not exceed the market2383value of the benefit. If the demonstration is not acceptable to2384the superintendent, the superintendent may disallow or limit the2385additional reduction.2386

(4) The superintendent may adopt rules to implement
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division (D) (3) of this section and to provide for further
adjustments to the calculation of minimum nonforfeiture amounts
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for contracts that provide substantive participation in an
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equity-indexed benefit and for other contracts for which the
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superintendent determines adjustments are justified.

(E) Any paid-up annuity benefit available under a contract
shall be such that its present value on the date annuity
payments are to commence is at least equal to the minimum
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nonforfeiture amount on that date. Such present value shall be
computed using the mortality table, if any, and the interest
rate specified in the contract for determining the minimum paid2393
up annuity benefits guaranteed in the contract.

(F) For contracts which provide cash surrender benefits, 2400 such cash surrender benefits available prior to maturity shall 2401 not be less than the present value as of the date of surrender 2402 of that portion of the maturity value of the paid-up annuity 2403 benefit that would be provided under the contract at maturity 2404 arising from considerations paid prior to the time of cash 2405 surrender reduced by the amount appropriate to reflect any prior 2406 withdrawals from or partial surrenders of the contract, such 2407 present value being calculated on the basis of an interest rate 2408 not more than one per cent higher than the interest rate 2409 specified in the contract for accumulating the net 2410 considerations to determine such maturity value, decreased by 2411

the amount of any indebtedness to the company on the contract, 2412 including interest due and accrued, and increased by any 2413 existing additional amounts credited by the company to the 2414 contract. In no event shall any cash surrender benefit be less 2415 than the minimum nonforfeiture amount at that time. The death 2416 benefit under such contracts shall be at least equal to the cash 2417 surrender benefit. 2418

2419 (G) For contracts that do not provide cash surrender benefits, the present value of any paid-up annuity benefit 2420 2421 available as a nonforfeiture option at any time prior to 2422 maturity shall not be less than the present value of that portion of the maturity value of the paid-up annuity benefit 2423 provided under the contract arising from considerations paid 2424 prior to the time the contract is surrendered in exchange for, 2425 or changed to, a deferred paid-up annuity, such present value 2426 being calculated for the period prior to the maturity date on 2427 the basis of the interest rate specified in the contract for 2428 accumulating the net considerations to determine such maturity 2429 2430 value, and increased by any existing additional amounts credited by the company to the contract. For contracts that do not 2431 2432 provide any death benefits prior to the commencement of any annuity payments, such present values shall be calculated on the 2433 basis of such interest rate and the mortality table specified in 2434 the contract for determining the maturity value of the paid-up 2435 annuity benefit. However, in no event shall the present value of 2436 a paid-up annuity benefit be less than the minimum nonforfeiture 2437 amount at that time. 2438

(H) For the purpose of determining the benefits calculated
under divisions (F) and (G) of this section, in the case of
annuity contracts under which an election may be made to have
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annuity payments commence at optional maturity dates, the
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maturity date shall be deemed to be the latest date for which2443election shall be permitted by the contract, but shall not be2444deemed to be later than the anniversary of the contract next2445following the annuitant's seventieth birthday or the tenth2446anniversary of the contract, whichever is later.2447

(I) Any contract that does not provide cash surrender
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 benefits or does not provide death benefits at least equal to
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 the minimum nonforfeiture amount prior to the commencement of
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 any annuity payments shall include a statement in a prominent
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 place in the contract that such benefits are not provided.

(J) Any paid-up annuity, cash surrender, or death benefits
available at any time, other than on the contract anniversary
under any contract with fixed scheduled considerations, shall be
calculated with allowance for the lapse of time and the payment
contract year in which cessation of payment of considerations
under the contract occurs.

(K) For any contract that provides, within the same 2460 contract by rider or supplemental contract provision, both 2461 annuity benefits and life insurance benefits that are in excess 2462 of the greater of cash surrender benefits or a return of the 2463 gross considerations with interest, the minimum nonforfeiture 2464 benefit shall be equal to the sum of the minimum nonforfeiture 2465 benefits for the annuity portion and the minimum nonforfeiture 2466 benefits, if any, for the life insurance portion computed as if 2467 each portion were a separate contract. Notwithstanding the 2468 provisions of divisions (E), (F), (G), (H), and (J) of this 2469 section, additional benefits payable: 2470

(1) In the event of total and permanent disability;

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(2) As reversionary annuity or deferred reversionary 2472 annuity benefits; or 2473 (3) As other policy benefits additional to life insurance, 2474 endowment and annuity benefits, and considerations for all such 2475 additional benefits shall be disregarded in ascertaining the 2476 minimum nonforfeiture amounts, paid-up annuity, cash surrender, 2477 and death benefits that may be required by this section. 2478 The inclusion of such additional benefits shall not be 2479 required in any paid-up benefits, unless such additional 2480 benefits separately would require minimum nonforfeiture amounts, 2481 paid-up annuity, cash surrender, and death benefits. 2482 (L) The superintendent may adopt rules in accordance with 2483 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement this section. 2484 Sec. 3953.01. As used in this chapter: 2485 (A) "Title insurance" means insuring, guaranteeing, or 2486 indemnifying owners of real property or others interested in 2487 real property against loss or damage suffered by reason of liens 2488 or encumbrances upon, defect in, or the unmarketability of the 2489 title to the real property, guaranteeing, warranting, or 2490 otherwise insuring by a title insurance company the correctness 2491 of searches relating to the title to real property, or doing any 2492 business in substance equivalent to any of the foregoing. 2493 (B) "The business of title insurance" means the following: 2494 (1) The making as insurer, guarantor, or surety, or 2495 proposing to make as insurer, guarantor, or surety, any contract 2496 or policy of title insurance; 2497 (2) The transacting, or proposing to transact, any phase 2498

of title insurance, including solicitation, negotiation 2499

preliminary to execution, execution of a contract of title 2500 insurance, insuring, and transacting matters subsequent to the 2501 execution of the contract and arising out of it, including 2502 reinsurance; 2503

(3) The doing or proposing to do any business in substance 2504 equivalent to any of the foregoing. 2505

(C) "Title insurance company" means any of the following: 2506

(1) Any domestic title quaranty company and domestic title 2507 quarantee and trust company to the extent that they are engaged 2508 in the business of title insurance; 2509

(2) Any domestic company organized under this chapter for 2510 the purpose of insuring titles to real property; 2511

(3) Any title insurance company organized under the laws 2512 2513 of another state or foreign government;

(4) Any domestic or foreign company that has the powers 2514 and is authorized to insure titles to real estate within this 2515 state on December 12, 1967, and that meets the requirements of 2516 this chapter. 2517

(D) "Applicants for insurance" includes all those, whether 2518 or not a prospective insured, who from time to time apply to a 2519 title insurance company or to its agent for title insurance and 2520 who at the time of that application are not agents for a title 2521 insurance company. 2522

(E) "Risk premium" for title insurance means that portion 2523 of the fee charged by a title insurance company, agent of a 2524 title insurance company, or approved attorney of a title 2525 insurance company to an insured or an applicant for insurance 2526 for the assumption by the title insurance company of the risk 2527

created by the issuance of the title insurance policy. 2528

(F) "Fee" for title insurance means the risk premium, 2529 abstracting or searching charge, examination charge, and every 2530 other charge, exclusive of settlement, closing, or escrow 2531 charges, whether denominated premium or otherwise, made by a 2532 title insurance company, agent of a title insurance company, or 2533 an approved attorney of a title insurance company to an insured 2534 or an applicant for insurance for any policy or contract for the 2535 issuance of title insurance. "Fee" does not include any charges 2536 2537 paid to and retained by an attorney at law or abstractor acting as an independent contractor whether or not the attorney or 2538 abstractor is acting as an agent of a title insurance company or 2539 an approved attorney and does not include any charges made for 2540 special services not constituting title insurance, even though 2541 performed in connection with a title insurance policy or 2542 2543 contract.

(G) "Approved attorney" means an attorney at law who is
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not an employee of a title insurance company or a title
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insurance agent and upon whose examination of title and report
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on the examination a title insurance company may issue a policy
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of title insurance.

(H) "Title insurance agent" means a person, partnership, 2549 or corporation authorized in writing by a title insurance 2550 company to solicit insurance and collect premiums and to issue 2551 or countersign policies on its behalf. "Title insurance agent" 2552 does not include officers and salaried employees of any title 2553 insurance company authorized to do a title insurance business 2554 within this state. 2555

(I) "Single insurance risk" means the insured amount of 2556any policy or contract of title insurance issued by a title 2557

insurance company.

(J) "Foreign title insurance company" means a title
insurance company organized under the laws of any state or
territory of the United States or the District of Columbia.
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(K) "Alien title insurance company" means a title
insurance company that is incorporated or organized under the
laws of any foreign nation or any province or territory of a
foreign nation and that is not a foreign title insurance
company.

(L) "Non-directed escrow funds" means any funds delivered 2567 to a title insurance agent or title insurance company with 2568 instructions to hold or disburse the funds pursuant to a 2569 transaction in which a title insurance policy will be issued, 2570 but without written instructions to either deposit the funds in 2571 an account for the benefit of a specific person or to pay the 2572 interest earned on the funds to a specific person. 2573

(M) "Business day" means any day, other than a Saturday or
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Sunday, or a legal holiday, on which a bank, savings and loan
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association, credit union, or savings bank is open to the public
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for carrying on substantially all of its functions.

(N) "Housing accommodations" and "restrictive covenant"
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 have the same meanings as in section 4112.01 of the revised code
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 <u>Revised Code</u>.
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<u>(0) "Joint venture" means an arrangement undertaken</u>	2581
jointly by two or more parties in regard to ownership of a	2582
business entity title insurance agent.	2583

Sec. 3953.331. (A) For a title insurance company agency2584that is a joint venture, the annual review required under2585section 3953.33 of the Revised Code shall assess whether or not2586

demonstrate that all members of the joint venture received2587revenue during the year in question from the title company2588agency commensurate to their ownership interest in the title2589companyagency. The superintendent of insurance shall promulgate2590rules under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code setting forth the2591standards of the review required under this section and the form2592in which this information is to be provided.2593

2594 (B) Title insurance companies agencies that are joint ventures shall maintain sufficient records of their affairs, 2595 2596 including their escrow operations, escrow trust accounts, and operating accounts so that the superintendent may adequately 2597 ensure that the title insurance company agency that is a joint 2598 venture and all members of the joint venture are in compliance 2599 with the requirements of this section. Records kept pursuant to 2600 this section shall be kept for a period of not less than ten 2601 years following the transactions to which the records relate. 2602 The superintendent may prescribe the specific records and 2603 documents to be kept. 2604

Sec. 3953.36. For a title company agency that is a joint 2605 venture that is set to dissolve or terminate on a specified 2606 date, all members of that joint venture shall be allowed or 2607 invited to join any successor joint ventures formed upon 2608 dissolution or termination of the original joint venture, and 2609 the percentage of ownership in any successor joint venture shall 2610 not be based on the percentage of title insurance business 2611 referred to the original joint venture. 2612

Section 2. That existing sections 3901.21, 3901.32,26133901.33, 3901.34, 3901.341, 3901.36, 3905.051, 3905.06,26143905.064, 3915.073, 3953.01, 3953.331, and 3953.36 of the2615Revised Code are hereby repealed.2616

Section 3. The amendments to section 3905.064 and the	2617
enactment of sections 3905.065 to 3905.0611 of the Revised Code	2618
take effect ninety days after the effective date of this	2619
section.	2620