As Passed by the Senate

134th General Assembly

Regular Session 2021-2022

Sub. S. B. No. 273

Senators Hottinger, Hackett

Cosponsors: Senators Schaffer, Wilson, Brenner, Blessing, Cirino, Craig, Hoagland, Johnson, Lang, Reineke, Thomas, Yuko

A BILL

То	amend sections 3305.07, 3305.10, 3956.01,	1
	3956.03, 3956.04, 3956.06, 3956.07, 3956.08,	2
	3956.09, 3956.10, 3956.11, 3956.12, 3956.13,	3
	3956.16, 3956.18, and 3956.20; to enact new	4
	section 3956.19; and to repeal section 3956.19	5
	of the Revised Code to amend the law governing	6
	the Ohio Life and Health Insurance Guaranty	7
	Association and to make changes regarding	8
	required distributions under an alternative	9
	retirement plan.	10

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 3305.07, 3305.10, 3956.01,	11
3956.03, 3956.04, 3956.06, 3956.07, 3956.08, 3956.09, 3956.10,	12
3956.11, 3956.12, 3956.13, 3956.16, 3956.18, and 3956.20 be	13
amended and new section 3956.19 of the Revised Code be enacted	14
to read as follows:	15
Sec. 3305.07. (A) Neither the state nor a public	16
institution of higher education shall be a party to any contract	17
purchased in whole or in part with contributions to an	18

alternative retirement plan made under section 3305.06 of the	19
Revised Code. No retirement, death, or other benefits shall be	20
payable by the state or by any public institution of higher	21
education under any alternative retirement plan elected pursuant	22
to this chapter.	23
(B)(1) (B) Except as provided under division (B)(2) (C) of	24
this section and sections 3305.08, 3305.09, 3305.11, and 3305.12	25
of the Revised Code, benefits shall be paid to an electing	26
employee or the employee's beneficiaries in accordance with the	27
alternative retirement plan adopted by the public institution of	28
higher education at which the employee is employed.	29
(2) (C) A benefit or payment shall not be paid to an	30
electing employee or the employee's beneficiaries under an	31
investment option prior to the time an before one of the	32
following events occur:	33
(1) The electing employee dies, terminates.	34
(2) The electing employee terminates employment with the	35
public institution of higher education, or, if at which the	36
<pre>employee is employed.</pre>	37
(3) If provided under the alternative retirement plan or	38
investment option, either of the following:	39
(a) The electing employee becomes disabled, except that	40
the.	41
(b) The electing employee is required to begin receiving	42
distributions under division (a)(9) of section 401 of the	43
<pre>Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(9).</pre>	44
(D) The provider of the an investment option shall	45
transfer the employee's account balance to another provider as	46

provider is required to make in accordance with division (a) (9)

(D) Consent or waiver under this section is effective only

of section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 401(a)

(9).

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health insuring corporation business for which coverage is

provided under section 3956.04 of the Revised Code, and includes	132
any insurer or health insuring corporation whose certificate of	133
authority or license in this state may have been suspended,	134
revoked, not renewed, or voluntarily withdrawn after November	135
20, 1989.	136
(2) "Member insurer" does not include any of the	137
following:	138
(a) A health insuring corporation;	139
(b)—A fraternal benefit society;	140
(c) A self-insurance or joint self-insurance pool or	141
plan of the state or any political subdivision of the state;	142
(d) (c) A mutual protective association;	143
(e)—(d) An insurance exchange;	144
(f) (e) Any person who qualifies as a "member insurer"	145
under section 3955.01 of the Revised Code and who does not	146
receive premiums on covered policies or contracts;	147
(g) Any entity similar to any of those described in	148
divisions $\frac{(F)(2)(a)}{(I)(2)(a)}$ to $\frac{(f)}{(e)}$ of this section.	149
(3) "Member insurer" includes any insurer or health	150
<u>insuring corporation</u> that operates any of the entities described	151
in division $\frac{(F)(2)}{(I)(2)}$ of this section as a line of business,	152
and not as a separate, affiliated legal entity, and otherwise	153
qualifies as a member insurer.	154
(G) (J) "Owner of a policy or contract," "policyholder,"	155
"policy owner," "contract owner," and "contract holder" mean the	156
person who is identified as the legal owner under the terms of	157
the policy or contract or who is otherwise vested with legal	158

title to the policy or contract through a valid assignment	159
completed in accordance with the terms of the policy or contract	160
and properly recorded as the owner on the books of the member	161
<pre>insurer. "Owner of a policy or contract," "policyholder,"</pre>	162
"policy owner," "contract owner," and "contract holder" do not	163
include persons with a mere beneficial interest in a policy or	164
contract.	165
(K) "Premiums" means amounts received on covered policies	166
or contracts, less premiums, considerations, and deposits	167
returned on the policies or contracts, and less dividends and	168
experience credits on the policies and contracts. "Premiums"	169
does not include either any of the following:	170
(1) Any amounts in excess of one five million dollars	171
received on any unallocated annuity contract not issued under a	172
governmental retirement plan established under Section 401,	173
403(b), or 457 of the "Internal Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat.	174
2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended;	175
(2) Any amounts received for any policies or contracts or	176
for the portions of any policies or contracts for which coverage	177
is not provided under section 3956.04 of the Revised Code.	178
Division (G) (2) of this section shall not be construed to	179
require the exclusion, from assessable premiums, of premiums	180
paid for coverages in excess, except that assessable premium	181
shall not be reduced on account of the division (C)(2)(c) of	182
section 3956.04 of the Revised Code relating to interest	183
limitations specified in division (B)(2)(c) of section 3956.04	184
of the Revised Code or of premiums paid for coverages in excess-	185
of the limitations with respect to any one individual, any one-	186
participant, or any one contract holder specified in division	187

(C) (2) of section 3956.04 of the Revised Code or division (D) (2)

of section 3956.04 of the Revised Code relating to limitations	189
with respect to one individual, one participant, and one policy	190
or contract owner;	191
(3) With respect to multiple nongroup policies of life	192
insurance owned by one owner, whether the policy or contract	193
owner is an individual, firm, corporation, or other person, and	194
whether the persons insured are officers, managers, employees,	195
or other persons, premiums in excess of five million dollars	196
with respect to these policies or contracts, regardless of the	197
number of policies or contracts held by the owner.	198
$\frac{(H)-(L)}{(L)}$ "Resident" means any person who resides in this	199
state at the time a member insurer is determined to be an	200
impaired or insolvent insurer and to whom a contractual	201
obligation is owed. A person may be a resident of only one	202
state, which, in the case of a person other than a natural	203
person, shall be its principal place of business. Citizens of	204
the United States who are either residents of a foreign country	205
or residents of a United States possession, territory, or	206
protectorate that does not have an association similar to the	207
association created by this chapter shall be considered	208
residents of the state of domicile of the insurer that issued	209
the policy or contract.	210
(I) (M) "Structured settlement annuity" means an annuity	211
purchased in order to fund periodic payments for a plaintiff or	212
other claimant in payment for or with respect to personal injury	213
suffered by the plaintiff or other claimant.	214
$\frac{(J)-(N)}{(N)}$ "Subaccount" means any of the three subaccounts	215
created under division (A) of section 3956.06 of the Revised	216
Code.	217

(K) (O) "Supplemental contract" means any agreement	218
entered into for the distribution of policy or contract	219
proceeds.	220
(L) (P) "Unallocated annuity contract" means any annuity	221
contract or group annuity certificate that is not issued to and	222
owned by an individual, except to the extent of any annuity	223
benefits guaranteed to an individual by an insurer under that	224
contract or certificate.	225
Sec. 3956.03. The purpose of this chapter is to protect,	226
subject to certain limitations, the persons specified in	227
division (A) of section 3956.04 of the Revised Code against	228
failure in the performance of contractual obligations under life	229
and, health insurance policies, and annuity policies, plans, or	230
contracts specified in division $\frac{(B)-(C)}{(C)}$ of section 3956.04 of	231
the Revised Code, due to the impairment or insolvency of the	232
member insurer that issued the policies, plans, or contracts. To	233
provide this protection, the Ohio life and health insurance	234
guaranty association, an association of member insurers, is	235
<pre>created to pay benefits and to continue coverages, as limited in</pre>	236
this chapter. Members of the association are subject to	237
assessment to provide funds to carry out the purpose of this	238
chapter.	239
Sec. 3956.04. (A) This chapter provides coverage, by the	240
Ohio life and health insurance guaranty association, for the	241
policies and contracts specified in division $\frac{(B)-(C)}{(C)}$ of this	242
section to all of the following persons:	243
(1) Persons, regardless of where they reside, except for	244
nonresident certificate holders or enrollees under group	245
policies or contracts, who are the beneficiaries, assignees, or	246
payees, including health care providers rendering services	247

covered under health insurance policies or certificates, of the	248
persons covered under division (A)(2) of this section $\overline{}$	249
regardless of where they reside, except for nonresident	250
certificate holders under group policies or contracts;	251
(2) Persons who are owners of or certificate holders <u>or</u>	252
enrollees under the policies or contracts other than structured	253
settlement annuities, or, in the case of and unallocated annuity	254
contracts, the persons who are the contract holders, if either	255
of the following applies:	256
(a) The persons are residents of this state $ au_{\cdot}$	257
(b) The persons are not residents of this state and all of	258
the following conditions apply:	259
(i) The insurers member insurer that issued the policies	260
or contracts <u>are is domiciled</u> in this state+.	261
(ii) At the time the policies or contracts were issued,	262
The persons are not eligible for coverage by an association in	263
any other state due to the fact that the insurers insurer or	264
health insuring corporation did not hold a license or	265
certificate of authority in the states in which the persons	266
reside+ at the time specified in the state's quaranty	267
association laws.	268
(iii) The states have associations similar to the	269
association created by section 3956.06 of the Revised Code;	270
(iv) The persons are not eligible for coverage by those	271
associations.	272
(3) Persons who are the owners of unallocated annuity	273
contracts specified in division (C) of this section when those	274
<pre>contracts meet either of the following criteria:</pre>	275

(a) The contracts are issued to or in connection with a	276
specific benefit plan whose plan sponsor has its principal place	277
of business in this state.	278
(b) The contracts are issued to or in connection with	279
government lotteries if the owners are residents of this state.	280
(4) Persons who are payees, or the beneficiary of a payee	281
if the payee is deceased, under a structured settlement annuity	282
if the payee is a resident of this state, regardless of where	283
the contract owner resides;	284
$\frac{(4)}{(5)}$ Persons who are payees, or the beneficiary of a	285
payee if the payee is deceased, under a structured settlement	286
annuity if the payee is not a resident of this state, but both	287
of the following are true:	288
(a) The contract owner of the structured settlement	289
annuity is a resident of this state or, if the contract owner of	290
the structured settlement annuity is not a resident of this	291
state, the insurer that issued the structured settlement annuity	292
is domiciled in this state and the state in which the contract	293
owner resides has an association similar to the association	294
created by this chapter.	295
(b) The payee, the beneficiary, and the contract owner are	296
not eligible for coverage by the association of the state in	297
which the payee or contract owner resides.	298
(5) Persons who are payees or beneficiaries of a contract	299
owner resident of this state to the extent coverage is provided-	300
under division (A) (4) of this section, unless the payee or	301
beneficiary is afforded any coverage by the association of	302
another state.	303
This chapter is intended to provide coverage to a person	304

who is a resident of this state and, in special circumstances,	305
to a nonresident. To avoid duplicate coverage, if a person who	306
would otherwise receive coverage under this chapter receives	307
coverage under the laws of another state, the person shall not	308
be provided coverage under this chapter. In determining the	309
application of the provisions of this chapter in situations in	310
which a person could be covered by the association of more than	311
one state, whether as an owner, payee, enrollee , beneficiary, or	312
assignee, this chapter shall be construed in conjunction with	313
other state laws to result in coverage by only one association.	314
(B)(1) (B) This chapter shall not provide coverage to any	315
of the following:	316
(1) A person who is a payee, or beneficiary, of a contract	317
owner resident of this state, if the payee or beneficiary is	318
afforded any coverage by the association of another state;	319
(2) A person covered under division (A)(3) of this	320
section, if any coverage is provided by the association of	321
another state to the person;	322
(3) A person who acquires rights to receive payments	323
through a structured settlement factoring transaction as defined	324
in 26 U.S.C. 5891(c)(3)(A), regardless of whether the	325
transaction occurred before or after such section became	326
effective.	327
(C)(1) This chapter provides coverage to the persons	328
specified in division (A) of this section for direct, nongroup	329
life insurance, health insurance, which for the purposes of this	330
chapter includes sickness and accident insurance policies and	331
contracts, and health insuring corporation subscriber policies,	332
contracts, certificates, and agreements, or annuity policies or	333

contracts annuities, for certificates under direct group policies	334
and contracts, for supplemental contracts to any of the	335
preceding, and for unallocated annuity contracts, in each case	336
issued by member insurers, except as otherwise limited in this	337
chapter. Annuity contracts and certificates under group annuity	338
contracts include, but are not limited to, guaranteed investment	339
contracts, deposit administration contracts, unallocated funding	340
agreements, allocated funding agreements, structured settlement	341
annuities, annuities issued to or in connection with government	342
lotteries, and any immediate or deferred annuity contracts.	343
(2) This Except as provided in division (C)(3) of this	344
section, this chapter does not provide coverage for any of the	345
following:	346
(a) Any portion of a policy or contract not guaranteed by	347
the <u>member</u> insurer, or under which the risk is borne by the	348
policy or contract holder;	349
(b) Any policy or contract of reinsurance, unless	350
assumption certificates have been issued <u>pursuant to the</u>	351
reinsurance policy or contract;	352
(c) Any portion of a policy or contract to the extent that	353
the rate of interest on which it is based, or the interest rate,	354
crediting rate, or similar factor determined by use of an index	355
or other external reference stated in the policy or contract	356
employed in calculating returns or changes in value:	357
(i) Averaged over the period of four years prior to the	358
date on which the association becomes obligated with respect to	359
the policy or contract or if the policy or contract has been	360
issued for a lesser period averaged over that period, exceeds	361

the rate of interest determined by subtracting two percentage

points from the monthly average-corporates as published by	363
Moody's investors service, inc., or any successor to that	364
service, averaged for the same period;	365
(ii) On and after the date on which the association	366
becomes obligated with respect to the policy or contract,	367
exceeds the rate of interest determined by subtracting three	368
percentage points from the monthly average-corporates as	369
published by Moody's investors service, inc., or any successor	370
to that service, as most recently available.	371
If the monthly average-corporates is no longer published,	372
the superintendent, by rule, shall establish a substantially	373
similar average.	374
(d) Any plan or program of an employer, association, or	375
similar entity to provide life, health, or annuity benefits to	376
its employees or members to the extent that the plan or program	377
is self-funded or uninsured, including but not limited to	378
benefits payable by an employer, association, or similar entity	379
under any of the following:	380
(i) A multiple employer welfare arrangement as defined in	381
section 3(40) of the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of	382
1974," 88 Stat. 833, 29 U.S.C.A. 1002(40), as amended;	383
(ii) A minimum premium group insurance plan;	384
(iii) A stop-loss group insurance plan;	385
(iv) An administrative services only contract.	386
(e) Any portion of a policy or contract to the extent that	387
it provides dividends, voting rights, or experience rating	388
credits, or provides that any fees or allowances be paid to any	389
person, including the policy or contract holder, in connection	390

with the service to or administration of the policy or contract;	391
(f) Any policy or contract issued in this state by a	392
member insurer at a time when it was not licensed or did not	393
have a certificate of authority to issue the policy or contract	394
in this state;	395
(g) Any unallocated annuity contract issued to an employee	396
benefit plan protected under the federal pension benefit	397
guaranty corporation, regardless of whether the federal pension	398
benefit guaranty corporation has yet become liable to make any	399
payments with respect to the benefit plan;	400
(h) Any portion of any unallocated annuity contract that	401
is not issued to or in connection with a governmental lottery or	402
a benefit plan of a specific employee, union, or association of	403
natural persons;	404
(i) Any policy or contract issued to or for the benefit of	405
a past or present director or officer within one year of the	406
filing of the successful complaint that the insurer was impaired	407
or insolventAny portion of a policy or contract to the extent	408
that the assessments required by section 3956.09 of the Revised	409
Code with respect to the policy or contract are preempted by	410
<pre>federal or state law;</pre>	411
(j) Any policy or contract issued by any entity described	412
in division (F) (2) of section 3956.01 of the Revised CodeAny	413
obligation that does not arise under the express written terms	414
of the policy or contract issued by the member insurer to the	415
enrollee, certificate holder, contract owner, or policy owner,	416
including all of the following:	417
(i) Claims based on marketing materials;	418
(ii) Claims based on side letters, riders, or other	419

documents that were issued by the member insurer without meeting	420
applicable policy or contract form filing or approval	421
requirements;	422
(iii) Misrepresentations of or regarding policy or	423
<pre>contract benefits;</pre>	424
(iv) Extra-contractual claims;	425
(v) A claim for penalties or consequential or incidental	426
damages.	427
(k) -Any policy or contract issued by a member insurer if-	428
the member insurer is carrying on as a line of business, and not	429
as a separate legal entity, the activities of any entity	430
described in division (F)(2) of section 3956.01 of the Revised-	431
Code, and the policy or contract is issued as a product of those	432
activities A contractual agreement that establishes the member	433
insurer's obligations to provide a book value accounting	434
guaranty for defined contribution benefit plan participants by	435
reference to a portfolio of assets that is owned by the benefit	436
plan or its trustee, which in each case is not an affiliate of	437
<pre>the member insurer;</pre>	438
(1) Any policy or contract providing hospital, medical,	439
prescription drug, or other health care benefits pursuant to 42	440
U.S.C. Chapter 7, Title XVIII, Parts C and Dor 42 U.S.C.	441
<pre>Chapter 7, Title XIX and any corresponding regulations;</pre>	442
(m) Structured settlement annuity benefits to which a	443
payee or the beneficiary of a payee, if the payee is deceased,	444
has transferred his or her rights in a structured settlement	445
factoring transaction as defined in 26 U.S.C. 5891(c)(3)(A),	446
regardless of whether the transaction occurred before or after	447
such section became effective:	448

(n)(i) A portion of a policy or contract to the extent it	449
provides for interest or other changes in value to be determined	450
by the use of an index or other external reference stated in the	451
policy or contract, but which have not been credited to the	452
policy or contract, or as to which the policy or contract	453
owner's rights are subject to forfeiture, as of the date the	454
member insurer becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer under	455
this chapter, whichever is earlier.	456
(ii) If a policy's or contract's interest or changes in	457
value are credited less frequently than annually, then for	458
purposes of determining the values that have been credited and	459
are not subject to forfeiture under division (C)(2)(n) of this	460
section, the interest or change in value determined by using the	461
procedures defined in the policy or contract will be credited as	462
if the contractual date of crediting interest or changing values	463
was the date of impairment or insolvency, whichever is earlier,	464
and will not be subject to forfeiture.	465
(3) The exclusion from coverage referenced in division (C)	466
(2) (c) of this section shall not apply to any portion of a	467
policy or contract, including a rider, that provides long-term	468
care or any other health insurance benefits.	469
$\frac{(C)-(D)}{(D)}$ The benefits for which the association may become	470
liable shall not exceed the lesser of either of the following:	471
(1) The contractual obligations for which the member	472
insurer is liable or would have been liable if it were not an	473
<pre>impaired or insolvent insurer;</pre>	474
(2)(a) With respect to any one life, regardless of the	475
number of policies or contracts:	476
(i) Three hundred thousand dollars in for life insurance	477

death benefits, but not more than one hundred thousand dollars	478
in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values for life	479
insurance;	480
(ii) One hundred thousand dollars <u>in for</u> health insurance	481
benefits other than basic hospital, medical, and surgical	482
insurance, major medical insurance, health benefit plan	483
<pre>coverage, disability income insurance, or long-term care</pre>	484
insurance, including any net cash surrender and net cash	485
withdrawal values;	486
(iii) Three hundred thousand dollars in for disability	487
<pre>income_insurance;</pre>	488
(iv) Three hundred thousand dollars in for long-term care	489
insurance;	490
(v) Five hundred thousand dollars in basic hospital,	491
<pre>medical, and surgical insurance or major medical insurance for</pre>	492
health benefit plan coverage;	493
(vi) Two hundred fifty thousand dollars in for the present	494
value of annuity benefits, including net cash surrender and net	495
cash withdrawal values.	496
(b) With respect to each individual participating in a	497
governmental retirement plan established under section 401,	498
403(b), or 457 of the "Internal Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat.	499
2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended, and covered by an unallocated	500
annuity contract, or the beneficiaries of each such individual	501
if deceased, in the aggregate, two hundred fifty thousand	502
dollars in present value annuity benefits, including net cash	503
surrender and net cash withdrawal values.	504
The association is not liable to expend more than three	505
hundred thousand dollars in the aggregate with respect to any	506

one individual under divisions $\frac{(C)(2)(a)(D)(2)(a)}{(D)(2)(a)}$, (b), and (d)	507
of this section combined, except with respect to benefits for	508
basic hospital, medical, and surgical insurance and major	509
medical insurance health benefit plan coverage under division	510
$\frac{(C)(2)(a)(v)}{(D)(2)(a)(v)}$ of this section, in which case the	511
aggregate liability of the association shall not exceed five	512
hundred thousand dollars with respect to any one individual.	513
(c) With respect to any one contract holder, covered by	514
any unallocated annuity contract not included in division $\frac{\text{(C)}(2)}{\text{(2)}}$	515
$\frac{\text{(b)}}{\text{(D) (2) (b)}}$ of this section, one five million dollars in	516
benefits, irrespective of the number of those—contracts held by	517
that contract holder.	518
(d) With respect to each payee of a structured settlement	519
annuity, or the beneficiary or beneficiaries of the payee if the	520
payee is deceased, two hundred fifty thousand dollars in present	521
value of annuity benefits, in the aggregate, including net cash	522
surrender and net cash withdrawal values, if any;	523
(e)(i) The limitations set forth in this division are	524
<u>limitations</u> on the benefits for which the association is	525
obligated before taking into account either its subrogation and	526
assignment rights or the extent to which those benefits could be	527
provided out of the assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer	528
attributable to covered policies.	529
(ii) The costs of the association's obligations under this	530
chapter may be met by the use of assets attributable to covered	531
policies or reimbursed to the association pursuant to its	532
subrogation and assignment rights.	533
$\frac{(D)-(E)}{(E)}$ The liability of the association is limited	534
strictly by the express terms of the policies or contracts and	535

by this chapter, and is not affected by the contents of any	536
brochures, illustrations, advertisements in the print or	537
electronic media, or other advertising material used in	538
connection with the sale of the policies or contracts, or by	539
oral statements made by agents or other sales representatives in	540
connection with the sale of the policies or contracts. The	541
association is not liable for extra-contractual damages,	542
punitive damages, attorney's fees, or interest other than as	543
provided for by the terms of the policies or contracts as	544
limited by this chapter, that might be awarded by any court or	545
governmental agency in connection with the policies or	546
contracts.	547
$\frac{(E)}{(F)}$ The protection provided by this chapter does not	548
apply where any guaranty protection is provided to residents of	549
this state by the laws of the domiciliary state or jurisdiction	550
of the impaired or insolvent insurer other than this state.	551
or the imparred of insorvent insurer other than this state.	331
(G) For purposes of this chapter, benefits provided by a	552
long-term care rider to a life insurance policy or annuity	553
contract shall be considered the same type of benefits as the	554
base life insurance policy or annuity contract to which it	555
relates.	556
(H) In performing its obligations to provide coverage_	557
under section 3956.08 of the Revised Code, the association shall	558
not be required to quarantee, assume, reinsure, reissue, or	559
perform, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed, reinsured,	560
reissued, or performed, the contractual obligations of the	561
insolvent or impaired insurer under a covered policy that do not	562
materially affect the economic values or economic benefits of	563
the covered policy.	564

Sec. 3956.06. (A) There is hereby created an

unincorporated nonprofit association to be known as the Ohio	566
life and health insurance guaranty association. All member	567
insurers shall be and remain members of the association as a	568
condition of their <u>license or</u> authority to transact the business	569
of insurance or health insuring corporation business in this	570
state. The association shall perform its functions under the	571
plan of operation established and approved under section 3956.10	572
of the Revised Code and shall exercise its powers through a	573
board of directors established under section 3956.07 of the	574
Revised Code. For purposes of administration and assessment, the	575
association shall maintain the following two accounts:	576
(1) The life insurance and annuity account that includes	577
the following subaccounts:	578
(a) Life insurance subaccount;	579
(b) Annuity subaccount;	580
(c) Unallocated annuity subaccount that also includes all	581
annuity contracts meeting the requirements of section 403(b) of	582
the "Internal Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A.	583
1, as amended.	584
(2) The health insurance -account.	585
(B) The association is subject to the supervision of the	586
superintendent of insurance and to the applicable insurance laws	587
of this state.	588
Sec. 3956.07. (A) The board of directors of the Ohio life	589
and health insurance guaranty association shall consist of not	590
less than nine nor more than eleven member insurers serving	591
terms as established in the plan of operation. A majority of the	592
members of the board shall be representatives of member insurers	593

domiciled in this state. Three of the members of the board shall

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be representatives of the three member insurers that are	595
consolidated corporations as defined in division (A)(1) of	596
section 3923.39 of the Revised Code and that write the largest	597
premium volumes of health insurance in this state, three of the	598
members of the board shall be representatives of domestic life	599
insurers, and three of the members of the board shall be	600
representatives of foreign <u>member</u> insurers. The members of the	601
board shall be selected by member insurers, subject to the	602
approval of the superintendent of insurance. Vacancies on the	603
board shall be filled for the remaining period of the term by a	604
majority vote of the remaining board members, subject to the	605
approval of the superintendent. To select the initial board of	606
directors and initially organize the association, the	607
superintendent shall give notice to all member insurers of the	608
time and place of the organizational meeting. In determining	609
voting rights at the organizational meeting, each member insurer	610
shall be entitled to one vote in person or by proxy. If the	611
board of directors is not selected within sixty days after	612
notice of the organizational meeting, the superintendent may	613
appoint the initial members.	614

- (B) In approving selections or in appointing members to the board, the superintendent shall consider, among other things, whether all member insurers are fairly represented.
- (C) Members of the board may be reimbursed from the assets
 of the association for reasonable expenses incurred by them as
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 members of the board of directors, but members of the board
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 shall not otherwise be compensated by the association for their
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 services.
- Sec. 3956.08. (A)(1) Subject to any conditions imposed as 623 provided in division (A)(2) of this section, the Ohio life and 624

health insurance guaranty association may do either of the	625
following with respect to an impaired domestic member insurer:	626
(a) Guarantee, assume, reissue, or reinsure, or cause to	627
be guaranteed, assumed, <u>reissued</u> , or reinsured, any or all of	628
the policies or contracts of the impaired insurer;	629
(b) Provide the moneys, pledges, notes, guarantees, or	630
other means that are proper to effectuate division (A)(1)(a) of	631
this section and assure payment of the contractual obligations	632
of the impaired insurer pending action under division (A)(1)(a)	633
of this section.	634
(2) The association may impose conditions upon any action	635
it takes under division (A)(1) of this section if all_both_of	636
the following apply:	637
(a) The condition does not impair the contractual	638
obligations of the impaired insurer;	639
(b) The superintendent of insurance approves the	640
condition ;	641
(c) Except in cases of court ordered conservation or	642
rehabilitation, the impaired insurer approves the condition.	643
(B)(1) If a member insurer is an impaired foreign or alien-	644
insurer that is not paying claims timely, the association,	645
subject to the conditions specified in division (B)(2) of this	646
section, shall do either of the following:	647
(a) Take any of the actions specified in division (A)(1)	648
of this section, subject to the conditions specified in division	649
(A) (2) of this section;	650
(b) Provide substitute benefits in lieu of the contractual	651
obligations of the impaired insurer solely for all of the	652

(iii) Supplemental benefits;

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(iv) Cash withdrawals for policy or contract owners who
petition therefor under claims of emergency or hardship in
accordance with standards proposed by the association and
approved by the superintendent.
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(2) The association is subject to the requirements of

division (B)(1) of this section only if all of the following

apply to a foreign or alien insurer:

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(a) The laws of its state of domicile provide that, untilally all payments of or on account of the impaired insurer's contractual obligations by all guaranty associations, along with all expenses and interest, at a rate not less than that allowed under 96 Stat. 2478, 28 U.S.C.A. 1961, on all such payments and expenses, shall have been repaid to the guaranty associations or a plan of repayment by the impaired insurer shall have been approved by the guaranty associations, all of the following apply:

(i) The delinquency proceeding shall not be dismissed. 674

(ii) Neither the impaired insurer nor its assets shall be returned to the control of its shareholders or private 676 management.

(iii) The impaired insurer shall not be permitted to

solicit or accept new business or have any suspended or revoked

ficense restored.

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(b) The impaired insurer has been prohibited from	681
soliciting or accepting new business in this state, its license-	682
or certificate of authority has been suspended or revoked in-	683
this state, and a petition for rehabilitation or liquidation has	684
been filed in a court of competent jurisdiction in its state of	685
domicile by the commissioner of insurance of that state.	686
(C) (B) If a member insurer is an insolvent insurer, the	687
association shall, at its discretion, do either of the	688
following:	689
(1) Guarantee, assume, reissue, or reinsure, or cause to	690
be guaranteed, assumed, reissued, or reinsured, the covered	691
policies or contracts of the insolvent insurer or assure payment	692
of the contractual obligations of the insolvent insurer, and	693
provide the moneys, pledges, guarantees, or other means that are	694
reasonably necessary to discharge such duties;	695
(2) With respect only to life and health insurance	696
policies, provide <u>Provide</u> benefits and coverages in accordance	697
with division $\frac{(D)}{(C)}$ of this section.	698
$\frac{(D)}{(C)}$ When proceeding under division $\frac{(B)}{(1)}$ $\frac{(D)}{(D)}$ or $\frac{(C)}{(2)}$	699
(B)(2) of this section, the association, with respect to life-	700
and health insurance policies and contracts, shall do all of the	701
following:	702
(1) Assure payment of benefits for premiums identical to	703
the premiums and benefits, except for terms of conversion and	704
renewability, that would have been payable under the policies or	705
contracts of the insolvent insurer, for claims incurred within	706
the following time limits:	707
(a) With respect to group policies or contracts, not later	708
than the earlier of the next renewal date under such policies or	709

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contracts or forty-five days, but in no event less than thirty	710
days, after the date on which the association becomes obligated	711
with respect to such policies and contracts;	712
(b) With respect to individual policies and contracts, not	713
later than the earlier of the next renewal date, if any, under	714
such policies or contracts or one year, but in no event less	715
than thirty days, from the date on which the association becomes	716
obligated with respect to such policies or contracts;	717
(2) Make diligent efforts to provide all known insureds,	718
<pre>enrollees, annuitants, or group policyholders policy or contract</pre>	719
<pre>owners with respect to group policies and contracts thirty days'</pre>	720
notice of the termination of the benefits provided;	721
(3) With respect to individual policies and contracts,	722
make available to each known insured, annuitant, enrollee, or	723
owner if other than the insured or annuitant, and with respect	724
to an individual formerly insured an insured, annuitant, or	725
<pre>enrollee under a group policy or contract who is not eligible</pre>	726
for replacement group coverage, make available substitute	727
coverage on an individual basis in accordance with the	728
provisions of division $\frac{(D)(4)-(C)(4)}{(C)(4)}$ of this section, if such	729
insureds, annuitants, or enrollees had a right under law or the	730
terminated policy or contract to convert coverage to individual	731
coverage or to continue an individual policy or contract in	732
force until a specified age or for a specified time, during	733
which the insurer or health insuring corporation had no right	734
unilaterally to make changes in any provision of the policy	735
annuity, or contract or had a right only to make changes in	736
premium by class.	737

(4) (a) In providing the substitute coverage required under

division $\frac{(D)(3)}{(C)(3)}$ of this section, the association may

offer either to reissue the terminated coverage or to issue an	740
alternative policy or contract at actuarially justified rates.	741
(b) Alternative or reissued policies or contracts shall be	742
offered without requiring evidence of insurability, and shall	743
not provide for any waiting period or exclusion that would not	744
have applied under the terminated policy or contract.	745
(c) The association may reinsure any alternative or	746
reissued policy or contract.	747
(5)(a) Alternative policies or contracts adopted by the	748
association shall be subject to the approval of the	749
superintendent. The association may adopt alternative policies	750
or contracts of various types for future issuance without regard	751
to any particular impairment or insolvency.	752
(b) Alternative policies or contracts shall contain at	753
least the minimum statutory provisions required in this state	754
and provide benefits that are not unreasonable in relation to	755
the premium charged. The association shall set the premium in	756
accordance with the table of rates which it shall adopt. The	757
premium shall reflect the amount of insurance or coverage to be	758
provided and the age and class of risk of each insured or	759
enrollee, but shall not reflect any changes in the health of the	760
insured or enrollee after the original policy or contract was	761
last underwritten.	762
(c) Any alternative policy or contract issued by the	763
association shall provide coverage of a type similar to that of	764
the policy or contract issued by the impaired or insolvent	765
insurer, as determined by the association.	766
(6) If the association elects to reissue terminated	767

coverage at a premium rate different from that charged under the

terminated policy or contract, the premium shall be actuarially	769
justified and set by the association in accordance with the	770
amount of insurance or coverage provided and the age and class	771
of risk, subject to approval of the superintendent or a court of	772
competent jurisdiction.	773
(7) The obligations of the association with respect to	774
coverage under any policy or contract of the impaired or	775
insolvent insurer or under any reissued or alternative policy <u>or</u>	776
<pre>contract shall cease on the date the coverage or policy_or_</pre>	777
<pre>contract is replaced by another similar policy or contract by</pre>	778
the <u>policyholder policy or contract owner</u> , the insured, <u>the</u>	779
<pre>enrollee, or the association.</pre>	780
(E) (D) When proceeding under divisions (B) (1) (b) or (C)	781
division (B) of this section with respect to any policy or	782
contract carrying guaranteed minimum interest rates, the	783
association shall assure the payment or crediting of a rate of	784
interest consistent with division $\frac{(B)(2)(c)}{(C)(2)(c)}$ of section	785
3956.04 of the Revised Code.	786
(F) (E) Nonpayment of premiums within thirty-one days	787
after the date required under the terms of any guaranteed,	788
assumed, alternative, or reissued policy or contract or	789
substitute coverage shall terminate the obligations of the	790
association under the policy, contract, or coverage under this	791
chapter with respect to the policy, contract, or coverage,	792
except with respect to any claims incurred or any net cash	793
surrender value that may be due in accordance with this chapter.	794
$\frac{(G)-(F)}{(F)}$ Premiums due for coverage after entry of an order	795
of liquidation of an insolvent insurer shall belong to, and be	796
payable at the direction of, the association, and the	797
association is liable for unearned premiums due to policy or	798

contract owners arising after the entry of the order.	799
(H) (G) In carrying out its duties under divisions	800
division (B) and (C) of this section, the association, subject	801
to approval by the court, may do the following:	802
(1) Impose permanent policy or contract liens in	803
connection with any guarantee, assumption, or reinsurance	804
agreement, if the association finds that the amounts that can be	805
assessed under this chapter are less than the amounts needed to	806
assure full and prompt performance of the association's duties	807
under this chapter, or that the economic or financial conditions	808
as they affect member insurers are sufficiently adverse to	809
render the imposition of such permanent policy or contract liens	810
to be in the public interest;	811
(2)(2)(a) Impose temporary moratoriums or liens on	812
payments of cash values and policy loans, or any other right to	813
withdraw funds held in conjunction with policies or contracts,	814
in addition to any contractual provisions for deferral of cash	815
or policy loan value;	816
(b) In addition, in the event of a temporary moratorium or	817
moratorium charge imposed by the receivership court on payment	818
of cash values or policy loans, or on any other right to	819
withdraw funds held in conjunction with policies or contracts,	820
out of the assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer, the	821
association may defer the payment of cash values, policy loans,	822
or other rights by the association for the period of the	823
moratorium or moratorium charge imposed by the receivership	824
court, except for claims covered by the association to be paid	825
in accordance with a hardship procedure established by the	826
liquidator or rehabilitator and approved by the receivership	827
court.	828

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Sub. S. B. No. 273 As Passed by the Senate

$\frac{(I)}{(H)}$ If the association fails to act as provided in	82
divisions $\frac{(B)(1)(b), (C), and (D)}{(B) and (C)}$ of this section	83
within a reasonable time, the superintendent shall have the	83
powers and duties of the association under this chapter with	83
respect to impaired or insolvent insurers.	83

(J)—(I) The association may render assistance and advice to the superintendent, upon—his the superintendent's request, concerning any member insurer that is insolvent, impaired, or potentially impaired, or concerning the rehabilitation, payment of claims, continuance of coverage, or the performance of other contractual obligations of any impaired or insolvent insurer.

 $\frac{(K)}{(J)}$ The association, and any similar associations of 840 other states, may appear or intervene before any court in this 841 state with jurisdiction over an impaired or insolvent insurer 842 for which the association is or may become obligated under this 843 chapter, or over a third party against whom the association or 844 associations have or may have rights through subrogation of the 845 member_insurer's policy or contract holders. The right to appear 846 or intervene extends to all matters germane to the powers and 847 duties of the association, including, but not limited to, 848 proposals for reinsuring, reissuing, modifying, or guaranteeing 849 the covered policies or contracts of the impaired or insolvent 850 insurer and the determination of the covered policies or 851 contracts and contractual obligations. The association also has 852 the right to appear or intervene before a court or agency in 853 another state with jurisdiction over an impaired or insolvent 854 insurer for which the association is or may become obligated or 855 with jurisdiction over a third party any person or property 856 against whom the association may have rights through subrogation 857 858 of the insurer's policy or contract holders or otherwise.

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$\frac{\text{(L) (1)}}{\text{(K) (1)}}$ Any person receiving benefits under this	859
chapter is deemed to have assigned the rights under, and any	860
causes of action relating to, the covered policy or contract to	861
the association to the extent of the benefits received as a	862
result of this chapter, whether the benefits are payments of or	863
on account of contractual obligations, continuation of coverage,	864
or provision of substitute or alternative policies, contracts,	865
$\overline{ ext{or}}$ coverages. The association may require an assignment to it of	866
such rights and causes of action by any enrollee, payee, policy	867
or contract holder, beneficiary, insured, or annuitant as a	868
condition precedent to the receipt of any rights or benefits	869
conferred by this chapter upon such person.	870

- (2) The subrogation rights of the association under this division have the same priority against the assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer as that possessed by the person entitled to receive benefits under this chapter.
- (3) In addition to divisions $\frac{(L)(1)-(K)(1)}{(L)}$ and (2) of this 875 section, the association has all common law rights of 876 subrogation and any other equitable or legal remedy that would 877 have been available to the impaired or insolvent insurer or 878 holder of a the policy or contract holder, beneficiary, 879 880 enrollee, or payee with respect to the policy or contract, including, without limitation, in the case of a structured 881 settlement annuity, any rights of the owner, beneficiary, or 882 payee of the annuity, to the extent of benefits received 883 pursuant to this chapter, against a person originally or by 884 succession responsible for the losses arising from the personal 885 injury relating to the annuity or payment therefore, excepting 886 any such person responsible solely by reason of serving as an 887 assignee in respect of a qualified assignment under section 130 888 of the Internal Revenue Code. 889

(4) If the preceding provisions of this division are	890
invalid or ineffective with respect to any person or claim for	891
any reason, the amount payable by the association with respect	892
to the related covered obligations shall be reduced by the	893
amount realized by any other person with respect to the person	894
or claim that is attributable to the policies or contracts, or	895
portion thereof, covered by the association.	896
(5) If the association has provided benefits with respect	897
to a covered obligation and a person recovers amounts as to	898
which the association has rights as described in the preceding	899
divisions, the person shall pay to the association the portion	900
of the recovery attributable to the policies or contracts, or	901
portion thereof, covered by the association.	902
$\frac{(M)-(L)}{(L)}$ If the aggregate liability of the association with	903
respect to any one life does not exceed one hundred dollars, the	904
association is not obligated to notify claimants possessing such	905
claims or make any payment thereto.	906
$\frac{(N)-(M)}{(M)}$ Except with respect to claims filed under policies	907
and contracts which are continued in force by the association	908
past the final date set by a court for filing claims in	909
liquidation proceedings of an insolvent insurer, the association	910
is not liable to pay any claim filed with the association after	911
such date.	912
$\frac{(O)-(N)}{(N)}$ The association may do any of the following:	913
(1) Enter into any such contracts and take such actions as	914
are necessary or proper in the judgment of the board of	915
directors to protect the interests of the association, or to	916
carry out the powers and duties of the association or the	917
provisions and purposes of this chapter;	918

(2) Sue or be sued, including taking any legal actions	919
necessary or proper to recover any unpaid assessments under	920
section 3956.09 of the Revised Code and to settle claims or	921
potential claims against it;	922
(3) Borrow money to effect the purposes of this chapter.	923
Any notes or other evidence of indebtedness of the association	924
not in default are legal investments for domestic insurers and	925
may be carried as admitted assets.	926
(4) Employ or retain such persons as are necessary to	927
handle the financial transactions of the association, and to	928
perform such other functions as become necessary or proper under	929
this chapter;	930
(5) Take such legal action as may be necessary to avoid	931
payment of improper claims;	932
(6) Exercise, for the purposes of this chapter and to the	933
extent approved by the superintendent, the powers of a domestic	934
life or insurer, health insurer, or health insuring corporation,	935
but in no case may the association issue insurance policies or	936
annuity contracts other than those issued to perform its	937
obligations under this chapter;	938
(7) Join an organization of one or more other state	939
associations of similar purposes, to further the purposes and	940
administer the powers and duties of the association;	941
(8) In accordance with the terms and conditions of the	942
policy or contract, file for actuarially justified rate or	943
premium increases for any policy or contract for which it	944
<pre>provides coverage under this chapter;</pre>	945
(9) Enter into agreements with other state associations of	946
similar purposes to determine the residence of persons for	947

purposes of this chapter;	948
(10) Organize itself as a corporation or in other legal	949
form permitted by the laws of the state;	950
(11) Request information from a person seeking coverage	951
from the association in order to aid the association in	952
determining its obligations under this chapter with respect to	953
the person, and the person shall promptly comply with the	954
request.	955
(0)(1) A deposit in this state, held pursuant to law or	956
required by the superintendent for the benefit of creditors,	957
including policy or contract owners, not turned over to the	958
domiciliary liquidator upon the entry of a final order of	959
liquidation or order approving a rehabilitation plan of a member	960
insurer domiciled in this state or in a reciprocal state, shall,	961
pursuant to Chapter 3903. of the Revised Code, be promptly paid	962
to the association.	963
(2) The association shall be entitled to retain a portion	964
of any amount so paid to it equal to the percentage determined	965
by dividing the aggregate amount of policy or contract owners'	966
claims related to that insolvency for which the association has	967
provided statutory benefits by the aggregate amount of all	968
policy or contract owners' claims in this state related to that	969
insolvency and shall remit to the domiciliary receiver the	970
amount so paid to the association less the amount retained	971
pursuant to this division.	972
(3) Any amount so paid to the association and retained by	973
it shall be treated as a distribution of estate assets pursuant	974
to applicable state receivership law dealing with early access	975
disbursements.	976

(P)(1)(a) At any time within one hundred eighty days of	977
the date of the order of liquidation, the association may elect	978
to succeed to the rights and obligations of the ceding member	979
insurer that relate to policies, contracts, or annuities	980
covered, in whole or in part, by the association, in each case	981
under any one or more reinsurance contracts entered into by the	982
insolvent insurer and its reinsurers and selected by the	983
association. Any such assumption is effective as of the date of	984
the order of liquidation. The election shall be effected by the	985
association or the national organization of life and health	986
insurance guaranty associations on its behalf sending written	987
notice, return receipt requested, to the affected reinsurers.	988
(b) To facilitate the earliest practicable decision about	989
whether to assume any of the contracts of reinsurance, and in	990
order to protect the financial position of the estate, the	991
receiver and each reinsurer of the ceding member insurer shall	992
make available upon request to the association or to the	993
national organization of life and health insurance guaranty	994
associations on its behalf as soon as possible after	995
commencement of formal delinquency proceedings both of the	996
<pre>following:</pre>	997
(i) Copies of in-force contracts of reinsurance and all	998
related files and records relevant to the determination of	999
whether such contracts should be assumed;	1000
(ii) Notices of any defaults under the reinsurance	1001
contacts or any known event or condition which with the passage	1002
of time could become a default under the reinsurance contracts.	1003
(2) Divisions (P)(2)(a) to (d) of this section apply to	1004
reinsurance contracts so assumed by the association.	1005

(a) The association is responsible for all unpaid premiums	1006
due under the reinsurance contracts for periods both before and	1007
after the date of the order of liquidation, and is responsible	1008
for the performance of all other obligations to be performed	1009
after the date of the order of liquidation, in each case which	1010
relate to policies, contracts, or annuities covered, in whole or	1011
in part, by the association. The association may charge	1012
policies, contracts, or annuities covered in part by the	1013
association, through reasonable allocation methods, the costs	1014
for reinsurance in excess of the obligations of the association	1015
and shall provide notice and an accounting of these charges to	1016
the liquidator.	1017
(b) The association is entitled to any amounts payable by	1018
the reinsurer under the reinsurance contracts with respect to	1019
losses or events that occur in periods after the date of the	1020
	1020
order of liquidation and that relate to policies, contracts, or	1021
annuities covered, in whole or in part, by the association,	1022
provided that, upon receipt of any such amounts, the association	
is obliged to pay to the beneficiary under the policy,	1024
contracts, or annuity on account of which the amounts were paid	1025
a portion of the amount equal to the lesser of the following:	1026
(i) The amount received by the association;	1027
(ii) The excess of the amount received by the association	1028
over the amount equal to the benefits paid by the association on	1029
account of the policy, contracts, or annuity less the retention	1030
of the insurer applicable to the loss or event.	1031
(c) Within thirty days following the association's	1032
election, the association and each reinsurer under contracts	1033
assumed by the association shall calculate the net balance due	1034
to or from the association under each reinsurance contract as of	1035

the election date with respect to policies, contracts, or	1036
annuities covered, in whole or in part, by the association,	1037
which calculation shall give full credit to all items paid by	1038
either the member insurer or its receiver or the reinsurer prior	1039
to the election date. The reinsurer shall pay the receiver any	1040
amounts due for losses or events prior to the date of the order	1041
of liquidation, subject to any set-off for premiums unpaid for	1042
periods prior to the date, and the association or reinsurer	1043
shall pay any remaining balance due the other, in each case	1044
within five days of the completion of the aforementioned	1045
calculation. Any disputes over the amounts due to either the	1046
association or the reinsurer shall be resolved by arbitration	1047
pursuant to the terms of the affected reinsurance contracts or,	1048
if the contract contains no arbitration clause, as otherwise	1049
provided by law. If the receiver has received any amounts due	1050
the association pursuant to division (P)(2)(b) of this section,	1051
the receiver shall remit the same to the association as promptly	1052
as practicable.	1053
(d) If the association or receiver, on the association's	1054
behalf, within sixty days of the election date, pays the unpaid	1055
premiums due for periods both before and after the election date	1056
that relate to policies, contracts, or annuities covered, in	1057
whole or in part, by the association, the reinsurer shall not be	1058
entitled to terminate the reinsurance contracts for failure to	1059
pay premium insofar as the reinsurance contracts relate to	1060
policies, contracts, or annuities covered, in whole or in part,	1061
by the association, and shall not be entitled to set off any	1062
unpaid amounts due under other contracts, or unpaid amounts due	1063
from parties other than the association, against amounts due the	1064
association.	1065
(3) During the period from the date of the order of	1066

liquidation until the election date, or, if the election date	1067
does not occur, until one hundred eighty days after the date of	1068
the order of liquidation, both of the following shall apply:	1069
(a) (i) Neither the association nor the reinsurer shall	1070
have any rights or obligations under reinsurance contracts that	1071
the association has the right to assume under division (P)(1) of	1072
this section, whether for periods prior to or after the date of	1073
the order of liquidation.	1074
(ii) The reinsurer, the receiver, and the association	1075
shall, to the extent practicable, provide each other data and	1076
records reasonably requested.	1077
(b) Provided that the association has elected to assume a	1078
reinsurance contract, the parties' rights and obligations shall	1079
be governed by divisions (P)(1) and (2) of this section.	1080
(4) If the association does not elect to assume a	1081
reinsurance contract by the election date pursuant to division	1082
(P)(1) of this section, the association shall have no rights or	1083
obligations, in each case for periods both before and after the	1084
date of the order of liquidation, with respect to the	1085
reinsurance contract.	1086
(5) When policies, contracts, or annuities, or covered	1087
obligations with respect thereto, are transferred to an assuming	1088
insurer, reinsurance on the policies, contracts, or annuities	1089
may also be transferred by the association, in the case of	1090
contracts assumed under division (P)(1) of this section, subject	1091
to the following:	1092
(a) Unless the reinsurer and the assuming insurer agree	1093
otherwise, the reinsurance contracts transferred do not cover	1094
any new policies of insurance, contracts, or annuities in	1095

addition to those transferred.	1096
(b) The obligations described in division (P)(1) of this	1097
section no longer apply with respect to matters arising after	1098
the effective date of the transfer.	1099
(c) Notice shall be given in writing, return receipt	1100
requested, by the transferring party to the affected reinsurer	1101
not less than thirty days prior to the effective date of the	1102
transfer.	1103
(6) The provisions of this division supersede the	1104
provisions of any state law or of any affected reinsurance	1105
contract that provides for or requires any payment of	1106
reinsurance proceeds, on account of losses or events that occur	1107
in periods after the date of the order of liquidation, to the	1108
receiver of the insolvent insurer or any other person. The	1109
receiver shall remain entitled to any amounts payable by the	1110
reinsurer under the reinsurance contracts with respect to losses	1111
or events that occur in periods prior to the date of the order	1112
of liquidation, subject to applicable setoff provisions.	1113
(7) Except as otherwise provided in this division, nothing	1114
in this division shall alter or modify the terms and conditions	1115
of any reinsurance contract. Nothing in this division abrogates	1116
or limits any rights of any reinsurer to claim that it is	1117
entitled to rescind a reinsurance contract. Nothing in this	1118
division gives a policy owner, contract owner, enrollee,	1119
certificate holder, or beneficiary an independent cause of	1120
action against a reinsurer that is not otherwise set forth in	1121
the reinsurance contract. Nothing in this division limits or	1122
affects the association's rights as a creditor of the estate	1123
against the assets of the estate. Nothing in this division	1124
applies to reinsurance agreements covering property or casualty	112

<u>risks.</u>	1126
(Q) The board of directors of the association has	1127
discretion and may exercise reasonable business judgment to	1128
determine the means by which the association is to provide the	1129
benefits of this chapter in an economical and efficient manner.	1130
(R) Where the association has arranged or offered to	1131
provide the benefits of this chapter to a covered person under a	1132
plan or arrangement that fulfills the association's obligations	1133
under this chapter, the person is not entitled to benefits from	1134
the association in addition to or other than those provided	1135
under the plan or arrangement.	1136
(S) Venue in a suit against the association arising under	1137
the chapter shall be in Franklin county. The association is not	1138
required to give an appeal bond in an appeal that relates to a	1139
cause of action arising under this chapter.	1140
(T) In carrying out its duties in connection with	1141
guaranteeing, assuming, reissuing, or reinsuring policies or	1142
contracts under division (A) or (B) of this section, the	1143
association may issue substitute coverage for a policy or	1144
contract that provides an interest rate, crediting rate, or	1145
similar factor determined by use of an index or other external	1146
reference stated in the policy or contract employed in	1147
calculating returns or changes in value by issuing an	1148
alternative policy or contract in accordance with the following	1149
provisions:	1150
(1) In lieu of the index or other external reference	1151
provided for in the original policy or contract, the alternative	1152
policy or contract provides for any of the following:	1153
(a) A fixed interest rate:	1154

(b) Payment of dividends with minimum guarantees;	1155
(c) A different method for calculating interest or changes	1156
in value.	1157
(2) There is no requirement for evidence of insurability,	1158
waiting period, or other exclusion that would not have applied	1159
under the replaced policy or contract.	1160
(3) The alternative policy or contract is substantially	1161
similar to the replaced policy or contract in all other material	1162
terms.	1163
Sec. 3956.09. (A) For the purpose of providing the funds	1164
necessary to carry out the powers and duties of the Ohio life	1165
and health insurance guaranty association, the board of	1166
directors shall assess the member insurers, separately for each	1167
subaccount or account, at such time and for such amounts as the	1168
board finds necessary. Assessments shall be due not less than	1169
thirty days after prior written notice to the member insurers	1170
and shall accrue interest at ten per cent per year on and after	1171
the due date.	1172
(B) There shall be two classes of assessments, as follows:	1173
(1) Class A assessments shall be made authorized and	1174
<pre>called for the purpose of meeting administrative and legal costs</pre>	1175
and other expenses, and the cost of examinations conducted	1176
detecting and preventing member insurer insolvencies under	1177
division (E) of section 3956.12 of the Revised Code. Class A	1178
assessments may be <pre>made_authorized and called_whether or not</pre>	1179
related to a particular impaired or insolvent insurer.	1180
(2) Class B assessments shall be made authorized and	1181
<pre>called to the extent necessary to carry out the powers and</pre>	1182
duties of the association under section 3956 08 of the Revised	1183

Code with regard to an impaired or an insolvent insurer.	1184
(C)(1) The amount of any class A assessment shall be	1185
determined by the board and may be <pre>made_authorized and called_on</pre>	1186
a pro rata or non-pro rata basis. If pro rata, the board may	1187
provide that it be credited against future class B assessments.	1188
A non-pro rata assessment shall not exceed two hundred dollars-	1189
per member insurer in any one calendar year. The amount of any	1190
class B assessment, except for assessments related to long-term	1191
care insurance, shall be allocated for assessment purposes	1192
between the accounts and among the subaccounts and accounts of	1193
the life insurance and annuity account pursuant to an allocation	1194
formula which may be based on the premiums or reserves of the	1195
impaired or insolvent insurer or on any other standard	1196
considered by the board in its sole discretion as being fair and	1197
reasonable under the circumstances.	1198
(2) (2) (a) The amount of the class B assessments for long-	1199
term care insurance written by the impaired or insolvent insurer	1200
shall be allocated according to a methodology included in the	1201
plan of operation and approved by the superintendent of	1202
<pre>insurance.</pre>	1203
(b) The methodology shall provide for fifty per cent of	1204
the assessment to be allocated to sickness and accident and	1205
health member insurers and fifty per cent to be allocated to	1206
life and annuity member insurers.	1207
(c) For the purposes of divisions (C)(2)(a) and (b) of	1208
this section:	1209
(i) "Life and annuity member insurer" means a member	1210
insurer for which the sum of its assessable life insurance	1211
premiums and annuity premiums is greater than or equal to its	1212

assessable health insurance premiums.	1213
(ii) "Assessable health insurance premiums" includes the	1214
member insurer's assessable sickness and accident premiums and	1215
health insuring corporation premiums, but shall exclude its	1216
assessable premiums written for disability income insurance and	1217
long-term care insurance. For purposes of this definition,	1218
assessable premiums shall be measured within the state.	1219
(iii) "Sickness and accident and health member insurer"	1220
means any member insurer not defined as a life and annuity	1221
member insurer.	1222
(d) Class B assessments against member insurers for each	1223
subaccount or account shall be in the proportion that the	1224
premiums received on business in this state by each assessed	1225
member insurer on policies or contracts covered by each	1226
subaccount or account for the most recent three calendar years	1227
for which information is available preceding the year in which	1228
the <u>member</u> insurer became impaired or insolvent, as the case may	1229
be, bears to such premiums received on business in this state	1230
for such calendar years by all assessed member insurers.	1231
(3) Assessments for funds to meet the requirements of the	1232
association with respect to an impaired or insolvent insurer	1233
shall not be <pre>made_authorized and called_until necessary to</pre>	1234
implement the purposes of this chapter. Classification of	1235
assessments under division (B) of this section and computation	1236
of assessments under this division shall be made with a	1237
reasonable degree of accuracy, recognizing that exact	1238
determinations may not always be possible. The association shall	1239
notify each member insurer of its anticipated pro rata share of	1240
an authorized assessment not yet called within one hundred	1241
eighty days after the assessment is authorized.	1242

(D) The association may abate or defer, in whole or in	1243
part, the assessment of a member insurer if, in the opinion of	1244
the board, payment of the assessment would endanger the ability	1245
of the member insurer to fulfill its contractual obligations. If	1246
an assessment against a member insurer is abated, or deferred in	1247
whole or in part, the amount by which the assessment is abated	1248
or deferred may be assessed against the other member insurers in	1249
a manner consistent with the basis for assessments set forth in	1250
this section. Once the conditions that caused a deferral have	1251
been removed or rectified, the member insurer shall pay all	1252
assessments that were deferred pursuant to a repayment plan	1253
approved by the association. In determining whether the payment	1254
of an assessment would endanger the ability of a member insurer	1255
to fulfill its contractual obligations, the board shall consider	1256
the adequacy of the capital and surplus of the member insurer in	1257
relation to the premiums written, the assets, and the reserve	1258
liabilities of that member insurer.	1259

(E)(1) The total of all assessments upon a member insurer 1260 for the life insurance and annuity account, which includes the 1261 life insurance subaccount, the annuity subaccount, and the 1262 unallocated annuity subaccount, shall not in any one calendar 1263 year exceed two per cent of the member_insurer's average 1264 premiums received per year in this state on the policies and 1265 contracts covered by each such subaccount, and for the health 1266 insurance—account, shall not in any one calendar year exceed two 1267 per cent of the member insurer's average premiums received per 1268 year in this state on the policies and contracts covered by such 1269 account, during the three calendar years preceding the year in 1270 which the impaired or insolvent insurer or insurers became 1271 impaired or insolvent. If the maximum assessment for a 1272 subaccount or account, together with the other assets of the 1273

association in the subaccount or account, does not provide in	1274
any one year in the subaccount or account an amount sufficient	1275
to carry out the responsibilities of the association, the	1276
necessary additional funds shall be assessed for the subaccount	1277
or account as soon thereafter in succeeding years as permitted	1278
by division (E) of this section.	1279

- (2) If the maximum assessment under division (E)(1) of 1280 this section for any subaccount of the life insurance and 1281 annuity account in any succeeding year does not provide an 1282 1283 amount sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the association, then pursuant to division $\frac{(C)(2)}{(C)(2)}(C)(d)$ of this 1284 section, the board shall allocate the necessary additional-1285 1286 amount among assess the other subaccounts of the life and annuity account in the manner set forth in division (E)(1) of 1287 this section, but the maximum assessment for a subaccount shall 1288 not exceed one per cent in any one calendar yearfor the 1289 necessary additional amount, subject to the maximum stated in 1290 division (E)(1) of this section. 1291
- (3) Where assessments for two or more impaired or

 insolvent insurers have been made within the same calendar year,

 and the sum of those assessments exceeds the two per cent

 calendar year assessment limitation under division (E)(1) of

 this section, the board, with the approval of the superintendent

 of insurance, may allocate among the accounts of such member

 insurers the sums assessed within the two per cent limitation.

 1292
- (F) The board, by an equitable method as established in 1299 the plan of operation, may refund to member insurers, in 1300 proportion to the contribution of each member insurer to that 1301 subaccount or account, the amount by which the assets of the 1302 subaccount or account exceed the amount the board finds is 1303

necessary to carry out during the coming year the obligations of	1304
the association with regard to that subaccount or account,	1305
including assets accruing from assignment, subrogation, net	1306
realized gains, and income from investments. A reasonable amount	1307
may be retained in any subaccount or account to provide funds	1308
for the continuing expenses of the association and for future	1309
losses.	1310
(G) A member insurer, in determining its premium rates and	1311
policyowner dividends as to any kind of insurance or health	1312
insuring corporation business within the scope of this chapter,	1313
may consider the amount reasonably necessary to meet its	1314
assessment obligations under this section.	1315
(H) The association, upon request, shall issue to $\frac{an}{a}$	1316
<pre>member insurer paying an assessment under this section, other</pre>	1317
than a class A assessment, a certificate of contribution, in a	1318

form approved by the superintendent, for the amount of the 1319 assessment so paid. All outstanding certificates shall be of 1320 equal dignity and priority without reference to amounts or dates 1321 of issue. A certificate of contribution may be shown by the 1322 member_insurer in its financial statement as an asset in the 1323 form and for the amount, net of any amounts recovered through a 1324 tax offset, and for the period of time the superintendent may 1325 approve. 1326

(I) Any member insurer that has contributed funds to pay

claims of an impaired or insolvent insurer, pursuant to an

agreement entered into with the superintendent and approved by

the Franklin county court of common pleas during the five years

preceding the effective date of this section November 20, 1989,

or at any time following the effective date of this section

November 20, 1989, shall receive a credit against any

1327

assessments levied pursuant to this section, whether the	1334
assessments are class A assessments or class B assessments, in	1335
the amount of the contribution.	1336
If the amount of the credit exceeds the amount of	1337
assessments levied upon a member insurer in any one year, the	1338
balance of that credit shall be carried forward to subsequent	1339
years and will reduce the amount of future assessments until the	1340
total amount of the credit has been applied to the future	1341
assessments.	1342
For the purposes of this division, an impaired or	1343
insolvent <u>member</u> insurer is an insurer that meets the	1344
definitions set forth in section 3956.01 of the Revised Code,	1345
and any insurer or health insuring corporation that would have	1346
met these definitions, if it had been in effect at the time of	1347
such contribution.	1348
(J) Division (I) of this section does not apply if $\frac{an}{a}$	1349
<u>member</u> insurer has contributed funds pursuant to that division	1350
and has offset those contributions against its premium or	1351
franchise tax liability pursuant to any provision of the Revised	1352
Code authorizing the establishment of a plan for the	1353
distribution of voluntary contributions to pay the life,	1354
sickness and accident, or annuity claims of residents of this	1355
state that are unpaid due to the insolvency of an insolvent	1356
insurer.	1357
(K)(1) A member insurer that wishes to protest all or part	1358
of an assessment shall pay when due the full amount of the	1359
assessment as set forth in the notice provided by the	1360
association. The payment shall be available to meet association	1361
obligations during the pendency of the protest or any subsequent	1362
appeal. Payment shall be accompanied by a statement in writing	1363

that the payment is made under protest and setting forth a brief	1364
statement of the grounds for the protest.	1365
(2) Within sixty days following the payment of an	1366
assessment under protest by a member insurer, the association	1367
shall notify the member insurer in writing of its determination	1368
with respect to the protest unless the association notifies the	1369
member insurer that additional time is required to resolve the	1370
issues raised by the protest.	1371
(3) Within thirty days after a final decision has been	1372
made, the association shall notify the protesting member insurer	1373
in writing of that final decision. Within sixty days of receipt	1374
of notice of the final decision, the protesting member insurer	1375
may appeal that final action to the superintendent.	1376
(4) In the alternative to rendering a final decision with	1377
respect to a protest based on a question regarding the	1378
assessment base, the association may refer protests to the	1379
superintendent for a final decision, with or without a	1380
recommendation from the association.	1381
(5) If the protest or appeal on the assessment is upheld,	1382
the amount paid in error or excess shall be returned to the	1383
member insurer. Interest on a refund due a protesting member	1384
insurer shall be paid at the rate actually earned by the	1385
association.	1386
(L) The association may request information of member	1387
insurers in order to aid in the exercise of its power under this	1388
section and member insurers shall promptly comply with such a	1389
request.	1390
Sec. 3956.10. (A)(1) The Ohio life and health insurance	1391
guaranty association shall submit to the superintendent of	1392

insurance a plan of operation and any amendments to the plan	1393
necessary or suitable to ensure the fair, reasonable, and	1394
equitable administration of the association. The plan of	1395
operation and any amendments shall become effective upon the	1396
written approval of the superintendent, or unless the	1397
superintendent has not disapproved it within thirty days.	1398
(2) If the association fails to submit a suitable plan of	1399
operation within six months following the effective date of this-	1400
section November 20, 1989, or if at any time after that date the	1401
association fails to submit suitable amendments to the plan, the	1402
superintendent, after notice and hearing, shall adopt reasonable	1403
rules that are necessary or advisable to effectuate the	1404
provisions of this chapter. The rules shall continue in force	1405
until modified by the superintendent or superseded by a plan	1406
submitted by the association and approved by the superintendent.	1407
(B) All member insurers shall comply with the plan of	1408
	1408 1409
(B) All member insurers shall comply with the plan of	
(B) All member insurers shall comply with the plan of operation.	1409
(B) All member insurers shall comply with the plan of operation.(C) In addition to requirements enumerated elsewhere in	1409 1410
(B) All member insurers shall comply with the plan of operation.(C) In addition to requirements enumerated elsewhere in this chapter, the plan of operation shall do the following:	1409 1410 1411
(B) All member insurers shall comply with the plan of operation.(C) In addition to requirements enumerated elsewhere in this chapter, the plan of operation shall do the following:(1) Establish procedures for handling the assets of the	1409 1410 1411 1412
 (B) All member insurers shall comply with the plan of operation. (C) In addition to requirements enumerated elsewhere in this chapter, the plan of operation shall do the following: (1) Establish procedures for handling the assets of the association; 	1409 1410 1411 1412 1413
 (B) All member insurers shall comply with the plan of operation. (C) In addition to requirements enumerated elsewhere in this chapter, the plan of operation shall do the following: (1) Establish procedures for handling the assets of the association; (2) Establish the amount and method of reimbursing members 	1409 1410 1411 1412 1413
 (B) All member insurers shall comply with the plan of operation. (C) In addition to requirements enumerated elsewhere in this chapter, the plan of operation shall do the following: (1) Establish procedures for handling the assets of the association; (2) Establish the amount and method of reimbursing members of the board of directors under section 3956.07 of the Revised 	1409 1410 1411 1412 1413 1414 1415
 (B) All member insurers shall comply with the plan of operation. (C) In addition to requirements enumerated elsewhere in this chapter, the plan of operation shall do the following: (1) Establish procedures for handling the assets of the association; (2) Establish the amount and method of reimbursing members of the board of directors under section 3956.07 of the Revised Code; 	1409 1410 1411 1412 1413 1414 1415 1416
 (B) All member insurers shall comply with the plan of operation. (C) In addition to requirements enumerated elsewhere in this chapter, the plan of operation shall do the following: (1) Establish procedures for handling the assets of the association; (2) Establish the amount and method of reimbursing members of the board of directors under section 3956.07 of the Revised Code; (3) Establish regular places and times for meetings, 	1409 1410 1411 1412 1413 1414 1415 1416

financial transactions of the association, its agents, and the

board of directors;	1422
(5) Establish the procedures whereby selections for the	1423
board of directors will be made and submitted to the	1424
superintendent;	1425
(6) Establish any additional procedures for assessments	1426
under section 3956.09 of the Revised Code, including, but not	1427
limited to, allocating sums raised by assessments when two or	1428
more insolvencies occur in the same calendar year that are	1429
subject to the two per cent calendar year assessment limitation;	1430
(7) Contain additional provisions necessary or proper for	1431
the execution of the powers and duties of the association.	1432
(D) The plan of operation may provide that any or all	1433
powers and duties of the association, except those under	1434
division $\frac{\text{(O)}(3)}{\text{(N)}(3)}$ of section 3956.08 and section 3956.09 of	1435
the Revised Code, are delegated to a corporation, association,	1436
or other organization that performs or will perform functions	1437
similar to those of the association, or its equivalent, in two	1438
or more states. The corporation, association, or organization	1439
shall be reimbursed for any payments made on behalf of the	1440
association, and shall be paid for its performance of any	1441
function of the association. A delegation under this division	1442
shall take effect only with the approval of both the board of	1443
directors and the superintendent, and may be made only to a	1444
corporation, association, or organization that extends	1445
protection not substantially less favorable and effective than	1446
that provided by this chapter.	1447
Sec. 3956.11. (A) The superintendent of insurance shall:	1448
(1) Upon request of the board of directors of the Ohio	1449
life and health insurance guaranty association, provide the	1450

association with a statement of the premiums in this and any	1451
other appropriate states for each member insurer;	1452
(2) When an impairment is declared and the amount of the	1453
impairment is determined, serve a demand upon the impaired	1454
insurer to make good the impairment within a reasonable time.	1455
Notice to the impaired insurer shall constitute notice to its	1456
shareholders, if any. The failure of the <u>impaired</u> insurer	1457
promptly to comply with the demand shall not excuse the	1458
association from the performance of its powers and duties under	1459
this chapter.	1460
(3) In any liquidation or rehabilitation proceeding	1461
involving a domestic $\underline{\text{member}}$ insurer, be appointed as the	1462
liquidator or rehabilitator.	1463
(B) The superintendent, after notice and hearing, may	1464
suspend or revoke the <u>license or</u> certificate of authority to	1465
transact insurance business in this state of any member insurer	1466
that fails to pay an assessment when due or fails to comply with	1467
the plan of operation of the association. As an alternative, the	1468
superintendent may levy a forfeiture on any member insurer that	1469
fails to pay an assessment when due. The forfeiture shall not	1470
exceed five per cent of the unpaid assessment per month, but	1471
shall not be less than one hundred dollars per month.	1472
(C) Any action of the board of directors or the	1473
association may be appealed to the superintendent by any member	1474
insurer if the appeal is taken within sixty days of the final	1475
action being appealed. If a member insurer is appealing an	1476
assessment, the amount assessed shall be paid to the association	1477
and be available to meet association obligations during the	1478
pendency of the appeal. If the appeal on the assessment is	1479

upheld, the amount paid in error or excess shall be returned to

the member insurer. Any final action or order of the	1481
superintendent is subject to review under Chapter 119. of the	1482
Revised Code.	1483
(D) The liquidator, rehabilitator, or conservator of any	1484
impaired or insolvent insurer may notify all interested persons	1485
of the effect of this chapter.	1486
(E) Notwithstanding section 109.02 of the Revised Code,	1487
the superintendent has sole authority to select and hire legal	1488
counsel to represent the superintendent in his the	1489
superintendent's role as rehabilitator or liquidator of an	1490
impaired or insolvent insurer.	1491
Sec. 3956.12. To aid in the detection and prevention of	1492
<pre>member insurer insolvencies or impairments:</pre>	1493
(A) The superintendent of insurance shall do all of the	1494
following:	1495
(1) Notify the commissioners of insurance of all the other	1496
states, territories of the United States, and the District of	1497
Columbia when he the superintendent takes any of the following	1498
actions against a member insurer:	1499
(a) Revocation of license;	1500
(b) Suspension of license;	1501
(c) Makes any formal order that such company <u>member</u>	1502
insurer restrict its premium writing, obtain additional	1503
contributions to surplus, withdraw from the state, reinsure all	1504
or any part of its business, or increase capital, surplus, or	1505
any other account for the security of policyholders, contact	1506
owners, certificate holders, or creditors.	1507
Notice under division (A)(1) of this section shall be	1508

mailed or delivered by electronic means to all insurance	1509
commissioners within thirty days following the action taken or	1510
the date on which the action occurs.	1511
(2) Report to the board of directors of the Ohio life and	1512
health insurance guaranty association when he the superintendent	1513
has taken any of the actions set forth in division (A)(1) of	1514
this section or has received a report from any other insurance	1515
commissioner indicating that any such action has been taken in	1516
another state. The report to the board of directors shall	1517
contain all significant details of the action taken or the	1518
report received from another commissioner.	1519
(3) Report to the board of directors when he the	1520
superintendent has reasonable cause to believe, from any	1521
completed or ongoing examination of any member companyinsurer,	1522
that the company <u>member insurer</u> may be an impaired or insolvent	1523
insurer;	1524
(4) Furnish to the board of directors the national	1525
association of insurance commissioners' insurance regulatory	1526
information service (IRIS) ratios and listings of companies not	1527
included in the ratios developed by the commissioners. The board	1528
may use the information contained in this report in carrying out	1529
its duties and responsibilities under this section. The report	1530
and the information contained in the report shall be kept	1531
confidential by the members of the board of directors until such	1532
time as made public by the superintendent or other lawful	1533
authority.	1534
(B) The superintendent may seek the advice and	1535
recommendation of the board of directors concerning any matter	1536
affecting his the superintendent's duties and responsibilities	1537

regarding the financial condition of member insurers and

companies insurers or health insuring corporations seeking	1539
admission to transact insurance—business in this state.	1540
(C) The board of directors, upon majority vote, may make	1541
reports and recommendations to the superintendent upon any	1542
matter germane to the solvency, rehabilitation, or liquidation	1543
of any member insurer or germane to the solvency of any company	1544
insurer or health insuring corporation seeking to do an-	1545
insurance business in this state. The reports and	1546
recommendations are not public records.	1547
(D) The board of directors, upon majority vote, may notify	1548
the superintendent of any information the board possesses that	1549
indicates any member insurer may be an impaired or insolvent	1550
insurer.	1551
(E) The board of directors, upon majority vote, may	1552
request that the superintendent order an examination of any	1553
member insurer that the board in good faith believes may be an	1554
impaired or insolvent insurer. Within thirty days of the receipt	1555
of such request, the superintendent shall begin the examination.	1556
The examination may be conducted as a national association of	1557
insurance commissioners examination or may be conducted by the	1558
persons the superintendent designates. The cost of the	1559
examination shall be paid by the association and the examination-	1560
report shall be treated as are other examination reports. The	1561
examination report shall not be released to the board of	1562
directors of the association prior to its release to the public,	1563
but this shall not preclude the superintendent from complying	1564
with division (A) of this section. The superintendent shall-	1565
notify the board of directors when the examination is completed.	1566
The request for an examination shall be kept on file by the	1567

superintendent but it shall not be open to public inspection-

prior to the release of the examination report to the public.	1569
(F)—The board of directors, upon majority vote, may make	1570
recommendations to the superintendent for the detection and	1571
prevention of member insurer insolvencies.	1572
(G) The board of directors, at the conclusion of any	1573
insurer insolvency in which the association was obligated to pay	1574
covered claims, may prepare a report to the superintendent	1575
containing information it may have in its possession bearing on-	1576
the history and causes of such insolvency. The board shall	1577
cooperate with the boards of directors of guaranty associations-	1578
in other states in preparing a report on the history and causes-	1579
of insolvency of a particular insurer, and may adopt by-	1580
reference any report prepared by the other associations.	1581
Sec. 3956.13. (A) Nothing in this chapter shall be	1582
construed to reduce the liability for unpaid assessments of the	1583
insureds or enrollees of an impaired or insolvent insurer	1584
operating under a plan with assessment liability.	1585
(B) Records shall be kept of all resolutions adopted by	1586
the Ohio life and health guaranty association in carrying out	1587
its powers and duties under section 3956.08 of the Revised Code.	1588
The records shall be made public only upon the termination of a	1589
rehabilitation or liquidation proceeding involving the impaired	1590
or insolvent insurer, upon the termination of the impairment or	1591
insolvency of the member insurer, or upon the order of a court	1592
of competent jurisdiction. Nothing in this division shall limit	1593
the duty of the association to render a report of its activities	1594
under section 3956.14 of the Revised Code.	1595
(C) For the purpose of carrying out its obligations under	1596
this chapter, the association shall be deemed to be a creditor	1597

proposal to disburse these assets.

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of the impaired or insolvent insurer to the extent of assets	1598
attributable to covered policies or contracts, reduced by any	1599
amounts to which the association is entitled as subrogee	1600
pursuant to division $\frac{(L)-(K)}{(C)}$ of section 3956.08 of the Revised	1601
Code. Assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer attributable	1602
to covered policies or contracts shall be used to continue all	1603
covered policies or contracts and pay all contractual	1604
obligations of the impaired or insolvent insurer as required by	1605
this chapter. As used in this division, "assets attributable to	1606
covered policies or contracts" means that proportion of the	1607
assets that the reserves that should have been established for	1608
covered policies <u>or contracts</u> bear to the reserves that should	1609
have been established for all policies or contracts of insurance	1610
or health benefit plans written by the impaired or insolvent	1611
insurer.	1612
(D)(1) As a creditor of the impaired or insolvent insurer	1613
as established in division (C) of this section and consistent	1614
with section 3903.34 of the Revised Code, the association and	1615
other similar associations shall be entitled to receive a	1616
disbursement of assets out of the marshaled assets, from time to	1617
time as the assets become available to reimburse it, as a credit	1618
against contractual obligations under this chapter.	1619
(2) If the liquidator has not, within one hundred twenty	1620
days of a final determination of insolvency of a member insurer	1621
by the receivership court, made an application to the court for	1622
the approval of a proposal to disburse assets out of marshaled	1623
assets to guaranty associations having obligations because of	1624
the insolvency, then the association shall be entitled to make	1625
application to the receivership court for approval of its own	1626

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liquidation proceeding, the court may take into consideration	1629
the contributions of the respective parties, including the	1630
association, the shareholders, contract owners, certificate	1631
holders, enrollees, and policyowners of the insolvent insurer,	1632
and any other party with a bona fide interest, in making an	1633
equitable distribution of the ownership rights of the insolvent	1634
insurer. In this determination, consideration shall be given to	1635
the welfare of the policyholders, contract owners, certificate	1636
holders, and enrollees of the continuing or successor member	1637
insurer.	1638
(2) No distribution to stockholders, if any, of an	1639
impaired or insolvent insurer shall be made until the total	1640
amount of valid claims of the association with interest on that	1641
amount at a rate not less than the rate allowed under 96 Stat.	1642
2478, 28 U.S.C.A. 1961 for funds expended in carrying out its	1643
powers and duties under section 3956.08 of the Revised Code with	1644
respect to such member insurer have been fully recovered by the	1645
association.	1646
$\frac{(E)(1)}{(F)(1)}$ If an order for rehabilitation or	1647
liquidation of an a member insurer domiciled in this state has	1648
been entered, the rehabilitator or liquidator may recover on	1649
behalf of the <pre>member insurer, from any affiliate that controlled</pre>	1650
it, the amount of distributions, other than stock dividends paid	1651
by the <pre>member insurer on its capital stock, made at any time</pre>	1652
during the five years preceding the complaint for liquidation or	1653
rehabilitation, subject to the limitations of divisions $\frac{\text{(E)}(2)}{}$	1654
<u>(F) (2)</u> and (4) of this section.	1655

(2) No distribution shall be recoverable if the <u>member</u>

insurer shows that, when paid, the distribution was lawful and

(E) (1) Prior to the termination of any rehabilitation or

reasonable and that the <u>member</u> insurer did not know and could	1658
not reasonably have known that the distribution might adversely	1659
affect the ability of the member insurer to fulfill its	1660
contractual obligations.	1661

- (3) Any person who was an affiliate that controlled the 1662 member_insurer at the time the distributions were paid is liable 1663 up to the amount of distributions he the person received. Any 1664 person who was an affiliate that controlled the member insurer 1665 at the time the distributions were declared is liable up to the 1666 amount of distributions he the person would have received if 1667 they had been paid immediately. If two or more persons are 1668 liable with respect to the same distributions, they are jointly 1669 1670 and severally liable.
- (4) The maximum amount recoverable under this division 1671 shall be the amount needed in excess of all other available 1672 assets of the insolvent insurer to pay the contractual 1673 obligations of the insolvent insurer.
- (5) If any person liable under division (E) (3) of 1675 this section is insolvent, all its affiliates that controlled it 1676 at the time the distribution was paid are jointly and severally 1677 liable for any resulting deficiency in the amount recovered from 1678 the insolvent affiliate.
- Sec. 3956.16. There shall be no liability on the part of, 1680 and no cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any 1681 member insurer or its agents or employees, the Ohio life and 1682 health quaranty association or its agents or employees, the 1683 board of directors or any member of the board, or the 1684 superintendent of insurance or his the superintendent's 1685 representatives, for any action or omission by them pursuant to 1686 the purposes and provisions of this chapter or in the 1687

performance of their powers and duties under this chapter.	1688
Immunity under this section extends to the participation in any	1689
organization of one or more other state associations of similar	1690
purposes as provided in division $\frac{\text{(O)}(7)}{\text{(N)}(7)}$ of section	1691
3956.08 of the Revised Code, and to any such organization and	1692
its agents and employees.	1693
Sec. 3956.18. (A)(1) No person shall make, publish,	1694

disseminate, circulate, or place before the public, or cause to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, in any newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio or television station, or in any other manner, any advertisement, announcement, or statement, written or oral, that uses the existence of the Ohio life and health insurance guaranty association for the purposes of sales, solicitation, or inducement to purchase any form of insurance or other coverage covered by this chapter.

- (2) As used in division (A)(1) of this section, "person" includes but is not limited to any <u>member</u> insurer or any agent or affiliate of any <u>member</u> insurer.
- (3) Division (A) (1) of this section does not apply to the association or any other entity that does not sell or solicit insurance or coverage by a health insuring corporation.
- (B) (1) Within six months after the effective date of this

 section November 20, 1989, the association shall prepare a

 1712
 summary document, complying with division (C) of this section,

 describing the general purposes and current limitations of this

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 chapter. The document shall be submitted to the superintendent

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 of insurance for approval.

insurance;

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(2) On or after the sixtieth day after receiving approval	1717
under division (B)(1) of this section, no member insurer shall	1718
deliver a policy or contract described in division (B)(1) of	1719
section 3956.04 of the Revised Code to a policy owner, contract	1720
owner, certificate holder, or enrollee unless the summary	1721
document is delivered to the policy—or owner, contract owner, or	1722
<pre>certificate holder, or the enrollee, prior to or at the time of</pre>	1723
delivery of the policy or contract, except if division (D) of	1724
this section applies. The <u>summary</u> document also shall be	1725
available upon request by a policy—or owner, contract owner, or	1726
<pre>certificate holder, or the enrollee.</pre>	1727
(3) The distribution or delivery, or contents or	1728
interpretation of the <u>summary</u> document shall not be construed to	1729
mean that the policy or contract or the holder of the policy or 	1730
<pre>owner, contract owner, or certificate holder, or the enrollee,</pre>	1731
is covered in the event of the impairment or insolvency of a	1732
member insurer. Failure to receive this <u>summary</u> document does	1733
not confer upon the policyholderpolicy owner, contract	1734
holderowner, certificate holder, enrollee, or insured any	1735
greater rights than those stated in this chapter.	1736
(4) The association shall revise the <u>summary</u> document as	1737
amendments to this chapter may require.	1738
(C) The summary document prepared under division (B)(1) of	1739
this section shall contain a clear and conspicuous disclaimer on	1740
its face. The superintendent shall adopt a rule establishing the	1741
form and content of the disclaimer. The disclaimer shall do all	1742
of the following:	1743
(1) State the name and address of the Ohio life and health	1744
insurance guaranty association and of the department of	1745

(2) Prominently warn the policy or owner, contract owner,	1747
or certificate holder, or the enrollee, that the association may	1748
not cover the policy or contract or, if coverage is available,	1749
it will be subject to substantial limitations and exclusions,	1750
and conditioned on continued residence in this state;	1751
(3) State the types of policies or contracts for which	1752
guaranty funds will provide coverage;	1753
(4) State that the <u>member</u> insurer and its agents are	1754
prohibited by law from using the existence of the association	1755
for the purpose of sales, solicitation, or inducement to	1756
purchase any form of insurance or health insuring corporation	1757
<pre>coverage;</pre>	1758
(4) (5) Emphasize that the policy or owner, contract	1759
holder owner, certificate holder, or enrollee should not rely on	1760
coverage under the association when selecting an insurer or	1761
health insuring corporation;	1762
(5) (6) Explain rights available and procedures for filing	1763
a complaint to allege a violation of any provisions of this	1764
<pre>chapter;</pre>	1765
(7) Provide other information as directed by the	1766
superintendent, including sources for information about the	1767
financial condition of insurers provided that the information is	1768
not proprietary and is subject to disclosure under that state's	1769
public records law.	1770
(D) No insurer or agent may deliver a policy or contract	1771
described in division (B) (1) of section 3956.04 of the Revised	1772
Code, all or a portion of which is excluded under division (B)	1773
(2) (a) of section 3956.04 of the Revised Code from coverage	1774
under this chapter unless the insurer or agent, prior to or at	1775

the time of delivery, gives the policy or contract holder a	1776
separate written notice that clearly and conspicuously discloses	1777
that the policy or contract, or a portion of the policy or	1778
contract, is not covered by the association. The superintendent,	1779
by rule, shall specify the form and content of the noticeA	1780
member insurer shall retain evidence of compliance with division	1781
(B) of this section for so long as the policy or contract for	1782
which the notice is given remains in effect.	1783
Sec. 3956.19. (A) The provisions of this chapter in effect	1784
prior to the effective date of this section shall apply to all	1785
matters relating to any impaired insurer or insolvent insurer	1786
for which the association first became obligated under section	1787
3956.08 of the Revised Code prior to the effective date.	1788
(B) The provisions of this chapter in effect on and after	1789
the effective date of this section shall apply to all matters	1790
relating to any impaired insurer or insolvent insurer for which	1791
the association first becomes obligated under section 3956.08 of	1792
the Revised Code on or after the effective date.	1793
Sec. 3956.20. (A)(1) A member insurer may offset against	1794
its premium or franchise tax liability twenty per cent of the	1795
assessment described in division (H) of section 3956.09 of the	1796
Revised Code in each of the five calendar years following the	1797
fiscal biennium in which the assessment was paid. The offsets	1798
shall be allowed on a year-per-year basis commencing with the	1799
first tax payment due after the fiscal biennium in which the	1800
assessment was paid.	1801
(2) If the aggregate total of the assessments described in	1802
division (A)(1) of this section and eligible for offset in a	1803
particular year exceeds a member insurer's tax liability to this	1804
state for such year, the aggregate total of the remaining	1805

eligible assessments, notwithstanding the five-year limitation	1806
set forth in division (A)(1) of this section, may be offset	1807
against such tax liability in future years.	1808
	1000
(3) If a member insurer ceases doing business, all	1809
uncredited assessments may be credited against its premium or	1810
franchise tax liability for the year it ceases doing business.	1811
(4) The Ohio life and health insurance guaranty	1812
association may require a member insurer to report any offset to	1813
the association.	1814
(B) A member insurer that is exempt from taxes described	1815
in division (A) of this section may recoup its assessments by a	1816
surcharge on its premiums in a sum reasonably calculated to	1817
recoup the assessments over a reasonable period of time, as	1818
approved by the superintendent. Amounts recouped shall not be	1819
considered premiums for any other purpose, including the	1820
computation of gross premium tax, the medical loss ratio, or	1821
agent commission. If a member insurer collects excess	1822
surcharges, the member insurer shall remit the excess amount to	1823
the association, and the excess amount shall be applied to	1824
reduce future assessments in the appropriate account.	1825
reduce future assessments in the appropriate account.	1025
(C) Any sums that are acquired by member insurers by	1826
refund from the association pursuant to division (F) of section	1827
3956.09 of the Revised Code and that have been offset, prior to	1828
the refund, against premium or franchise tax liability as	1829
provided in division (A) of this section shall be paid by such	1830
<pre>member insurers to this state in the manner the superintendent</pre>	1831
of insurance requires. The association shall notify the	1832
superintendent that the refunds have been made.	1833
Section 2. That existing sections 3305.07, 3305.10,	1834

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3956.01, 3956.03, 3956.04, 3956.06, 3956.07, 3956.08, 3956.09,	1835
	1033
3956.10, 3956.11, 3956.12, 3956.13, 3956.16, 3956.18, and	1836
3956.20 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1837
Section 3. That section 3956.19 of the Revised Code is	1838
hereby repealed.	1839