As Introduced

134th General Assembly Regular Session 2021-2022

S. B. No. 300

Senator Wilson

A BILL

То	amend sections 147.01, 147.011, 147.03, 147.14,	1
	147.371, 147.53, 147.542, 147.55, 147.551, and	2
	147.591 and to enact sections 147.49 and 147.50	3
	of the Revised Code to amend the law regarding	4
	notaries public.	5

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 147.01, 147.011, 147.03, 147.14,	6
147.371, 147.53, 147.542, 147.55, 147.551, and 147.591 be	7
amended and sections 147.49 and 147.50 of the Revised Code be	8
enacted to read as follows:	9
Sec. 147.01. (A) The secretary of state may appoint and	10
commission as notaries public as many persons who meet the	11
qualifications of division (B) of this section as the secretary	12
of state considers necessary.	13
(B) In order for a person to qualify to be appointed and	14
commissioned as a notary public, the person shall demonstrate to	15
the secretary of state that the person satisfies all of the	16
following:	17
(1) The person has attained the age of eighteen years.	18

(2)(a) Except as provided in division (B)(2)(b) of this	19
section, the person is a legal resident of this state.	20
(b) The person is not a legal resident of this state, but	21
is an attorney admitted to the practice of law in this state by	22
the Ohio supreme court, and has the person's principal place of	23
business or the person's primary practice in this state.	24
(3)(a) Except as provided in division (B)(3)(b) of this	25
section, the person has submitted a criminal records check	26
report completed within the preceding six months in accordance	27
with section 147.022 of the Revised Code demonstrating that the	28
applicant has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty or no	29
contest to a disqualifying offense as determined in accordance	30
with section 9.79 of the Revised Code.	31
(b) An attorney admitted to the practice of law in this	32
state shall not be required to submit a criminal records check	33
when applying to be appointed a notary public.	34
(4)(a) Except as provided in divisions (B)(4)(b) and (c)	35
of this section, the person has successfully completed an	36
educational program and passed a test administered by the	37
entities authorized by the secretary of state as required under	38
section 147.021 of the Revised Code.	39
(b) An attorney who is commissioned as a notary public in	40
this state prior to September 20, 2019, shall not be required to	41
complete an education program or pass a test as required in	42
division (B)(4)(a) of this section.	43
(c) Any attorney who applies to become commissioned as a	44
notary public in this state after September 20, 2019, shall not	45
be required to pass a test as required in division (B)(4)(a) of	46
this section, but shall be required to complete an education	47

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program required by that division.	48
(C) A notary public shall be appointed and commissioned as	49
a notary public for the state. The secretary of state may revoke	50
a commission issued to a notary public upon presentation of	51
satisfactory evidence of official misconduct or incapacity. If	52
the secretary of state so revokes a person's commission, the	53
person is ineligible for reappointment to the office of notary	54
<pre>public.</pre>	55
(D) The secretary of state shall oversee the processing of	56
notary public applications and shall issue all notary public	57
commissions. The secretary of state shall oversee the creation	58
and maintenance of the online database of notaries public	59
commissioned in this state pursuant to section 147.051 of the	60
Revised Code. The secretary of state may perform all other	61
duties as required by this section. The entities authorized by	62
the secretary of state pursuant to section 147.021 or 147.63 of	63
the Revised Code shall administer the educational program and	64
required test or course of instruction and examination, as	65
applicable.	66
(E) All submissions to the secretary of state for	67
receiving and renewing commissions, or notifications made under	68
section 147.05 of the Revised Code, shall be done	69
electronically.	70
Sec. 147.011. As used in this chapter:	71
(A) "Acknowledgment" means a notarial act in which the	72
signer of the notarized document acknowledges all of the	73
following:	74
(1) That the signer has signed the document;	75
(2) That the signer understands the document;	76

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(3) That the signer is aware of the consequences of	1/1/
executing the document by signing it declaration by an individual	78
before a notary public that the individual has signed a record	79
for the purpose stated in the record, and if the record is	80
signed in a representative capacity, that the individual signed	81
the record with proper authority and signed it as the act of the	82
individual or entity identified in the record.	83
(B) "Criminal records check" has the same meaning as in	84
section 109.572 of the Revised Code.	85
(C) "Jurat" means a notarial act in which both of the	86
following are met:	87
(1) The signer of the notarized document is required to	88
give an oath or affirmation that the statement in the notarized	89
document is true and correct;	90
(2) The signer signs the notarized document in the	91
presence of a notary public.	92
(D) "Notarial certificate" means the part of, or	93
attachment to, a document that is completed by the notary public	94
and upon which the notary public places the notary public's	95
signature and seal.	96
Sec. 147.03. Each notary public, except an attorney	97
admitted to the practice of law in this state by the Ohio	98
supreme court, shall hold office for the term of five years	99
unless the commission is revoked. An attorney admitted to the	100
practice of law in this state by the Ohio supreme court shall	101
hold office as a notary public as long as the attorney is a	102
resident of this state or has the attorney's principal place of	103
business or primary practice in this state, the attorney is in	104
good standing before the Ohio supreme court, and the commission	105

is not revoked. Before entering upon the duties of office, a	106
notary public shall take and subscribe an oath to be endorsed on-	107
the notary public's commission.	108
A notary public who violates the oath of office required	109
by this section shall be removed from office by the secretary of	110
state, upon complaint filed and substantiated by the secretary	111
of state. The person so removed shall be ineligible for-	112
reappointment to the office of notary public.	113
Sec. 147.14. No notary public shall certify to the	114
affidavit of a person without administering the appropriate oath	115
or affirmation to the person. A notary public who violates this	116
section—shall be removed from office by the secretary of state.	117
The person so removed shall be ineligible to reappointment for a	118
period of three years for failure to administer the appropriate	119
oath or affirmation to the signer when such verification on oath	120
or affirmation is required.	121
Sec. 147.371. (A) Upon receipt of a fee of two dollars and	122
an affidavit that the original commission of a notary public has	123
been lost or destroyedand submission of the electronic duplicate	124
commission request form, a duplicate commission as notary public	125
shall be issued by the secretary of state.	126
(B) Upon receipt of a fee of two dollars and the properly	127
completed, prescribed form submission of the electronic	128
amendment form for a name and address change under division (B)	129
of section 147.05 of the Revised Code, the secretary of state	130
shall issue a duplicate commission as a notary public.	131
(C) The secretary of state shall prescribe and make	132
available an electronic duplicate commission request form and an	133
electronic amendment form.	134

Sec. 147.49. (A) A notary public who takes an	135
acknowledgment of a record shall determine, from personal	136
knowledge or satisfactory evidence of the identity of the person	137
acknowledging, that the person appearing before the notary	138
public and making the acknowledgment has the identity claimed	139
and that the signature on the record is the signature of the	140
person.	141
(B) A notary public who takes a verification of a	142
statement on oath or affirmation, a jurat, shall determine from	143
personal knowledge or satisfactory evidence of the identity of	144
the person making the verification, that the person appearing	145
before the notary public and making the verification has the	146
identity claimed and that the signature on the statement	147
verified is the signature of the person.	148
Sec. 147.50. (A) A notary public has personal knowledge of	149
the identity of the person appearing before the notary public if	150
the person is personally known to the notary public through	151
dealings sufficient to provide reasonable certainty that the	152
person has the identity claimed.	153
(B) A notary public has satisfactory evidence of the	154
identity of the person appearing before the notary public if the	155
notary public can identify the person by either of the following	156
<pre>means:</pre>	157
(1) A passport, driver's license, government-issued	158
nondriver identification card, or other form of government-	159
issued identification with the signature or photograph of the	160
individual, which is current or expired not more than three	161
years before performance of the notarial act, and is	162
satisfactory to the officer;	163

(2) By verification on oath or affirmation of a credible	164
witness personally appearing before the notary public and known	165
to the notary public or whom the notary public can identify on	166
the basis of a passport, driver's license, or other government-	167
issued nondriver identification card, which is current or	168
expired not more than three years before performance of the	169
notarial act.	170
(C) A notary public may require a person to provide	171
additional information or identification credentials necessary	172
to assure the notary public of the identity of the person.	173
Sec. 147.53. The person taking an acknowledgment shall	174
certify that:	175
(A) The person acknowledging appeared before him the	176
notary public, or person described in divisions (B) to (E) of	177
section 147.51 of the Revised Code, and acknowledged he executed	178
<pre>executing the instrument;</pre>	179
(B) The person acknowledging was known to the person	180
taking the acknowledgment, or that the person taking the	181
acknowledgment had satisfactory evidence that the person	182
acknowledging was the person described in and who executed the	183
instrument.	184
Sec. 147.542. (A) A notary public shall provide a	185
completed notarial certificate for every notarial act the notary	186
public performs.	187
(B) For an acknowledgment and a jurat, the corresponding	188
The notarial certificate shall indicate the type of notarization	189
being performed.	190
(C) If a notarial certificate incorrectly indicates the	191
type of notarization performed, the notary public shall provide	192

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a correct certificate at no charge to the person signing in	193
question.	194
(D) (1) An acknowledgment certificate shall clearly state	195
that no oath or affirmation was administered to the signer with	196
regard to the notarial act.	197
(2) A jurat certificate shall clearly state that an oath	198
or affirmation was administered to the signer with regard to the	199
notarial act.	200
(E)(1) A notary public shall not use an acknowledgment	201
certificate with regard to a notarial act in which an oath or	202
affirmation has been administered.	203
(2) A notary public shall not use a jurat certificate with	204
regard to a notarial act in which an oath or affirmation has not	205
been administered.	206
(F) A certificate required under this section may be	207
provided through any of the following means:	208
(1) Preprinting on a notarial document;	209
(2) Ink stamp;	210
(3) Handwritten note;	211
(4) A separate, attached document.	212
(G) A notarial certificate shall show all of the following	213
information:	214
(1) The state and county venue where the notarization is	215
being performed;	216
(2) The wording of the acknowledgment or jurat in	217
question;	218

(3) The date on which the notarial act was performed;	219
(4) The signature of the notary, exactly as shown on the	220
notary's commission;	221
(5) The notary's printed name, displayed below the	222
notary's signature or inked stamp;	223
(6) The notary's notarial seal and commission expiration	224
date;	225
(7) If an electronic document was signed in the physical	226
presence of a notary and notarized pursuant to section 147.591	227
of the Revised Code, or if an online notarization was performed	228
pursuant to sections 147.60 to 147.66 of the Revised Code, the	229
certificate shall include a statement to that effect.	230
	200
(H) A notary public may explain to a signer the difference	231
between an acknowledgment and a jurat, but shall not, unless	232
that notary is an attorney, advise the person on the type of	233
notarial act that best suits a situation.	234
Sec. 147.55. Notwithstanding section 147.542 of the	235
Revised Code, the The forms of acknowledgment set forth in this	236
section may be used and are sufficient for their respective	237
purposes under any section of the Revised Code. The forms shall	238
be known as "statutory short forms of acknowledgment" and may be	239
referred to by that name. The authorization of the forms in this	240
section does not preclude the use of other forms.	241
(A) For an individual acting in the individual's own	242
right:	243
"State of	244
County of	245

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this	246
(date) by (name of person acknowledging).	247
(Signature of person taking acknowledgment)	248
(Title or rank)"	249
(B) For a corporation:	250
"State of	251
County of	252
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this	253
(date) by (name of officer or agent, title of officer or agent)	254
of (name of corporation acknowledging), a (state or place of	255
incorporation) corporation, on behalf of the corporation.	256
(Signature of person taking acknowledgment)	257
(Title or rank)"	258
(C) For a limited liability company:	259
"State of	260
County of	261
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this	262
(date) by (name of member or managing member, title of member or	263
managing member) of (name of limited liability company	264
acknowledging), a (jurisdiction of formation) limited liability	265
company, on behalf of the limited liability company.	266
(Signature of person taking acknowledgment)	267
(Title or rank)"	268
(D) For a partnership:	269
"State of	270

County of	271
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this	272
(date) by (name of acknowledging partner or agent), partner (or	273
agent) on behalf of (name of partnership), a partnership.	274
(Signature of person taking acknowledgment)	275
(Title or rank)"	276
$\frac{(D)}{(E)}$ For an individual acting as principal by an	277
attorney in fact:	278
"State of	279
County of	280
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this	281
(date) by (name of attorney in fact) as attorney in fact on	282
behalf of (name of principal).	283
(Signature of person taking acknowledgment)	284
(Title or rank)"	285
(E) (F) By any public officer, trustee, or personal	286
representative:	287
"State of	288
County of	289
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this	290
(date) by (name and title of position).	291
(Signature of person taking acknowledgment)	292
(Title or rank)"	293
Sec. 147.551. Notwithstanding section 147.542 of the	294
Revised Code, a A jurat may take the following form:	295

"State of Ohio	296
County of	297
Sworn to or affirmed and subscribed before me by	298
(signature name of person making juratsigner) this date of	299
(date).	300
(Signature of notary public administering jurat)	301
(Affix seal here)	302
(Title of rank)	303
(Commission expiration date)"	304
Sec. 147.591. (A) As used in this section, "electronic	305
document," "electronic seal," "electronic signature," and	306
"online notarization" have the same meanings as in section	307
147.60 of the Revised Code.	308
(B)(1) An electronic document that is signed in the	309
physical presence of the notary public with an electronic	310
signature and notarized with an electronic seal shall be	311
considered an original document.	312
(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised	313
Code to the contrary, a digital copy of a document executed	314
electronically by the parties and acknowledged or sworn before a	315
notary acting pursuant to this section shall be accepted by	316
county auditors, clerks of courts of record, deputy registrars,	317
engineers, and recorders for purposes of approval, transfer, and	318
recording to the same extent as any other document that is	319
submitted by an electronic recording method and shall not be	320
rejected solely by reason of containing electronic signatures or	321
an electronic notarization, including an online notarization.	322

(3) A county auditor, clerk o	f a court of record, deputy	323
registrar, engineer, and recorder s	shall accept a printed	324
document that was executed electron	nically for purposes of	325
approval, transfer, and recording i	f that document contains an	326
attached <u>authenticator</u> certificate	in the following, or a	327
substantially similar, format:		328
"AUTHENTICATOR C	ERTIFICATE	329
I certify and warrant that th	e foregoing and annexed paper	330
document being presented for record	d, to which this certification	331
is attached, represents a true, exa	act, complete, and unaltered	332
copy of the original electronic doc	cument. The county offices of	333
the auditor, treasurer, recorder, a	and others necessary to	334
effectuate the transfer and recordi	ng of the instrument shall be	335
entitled to rely on such certificat	cion and warranty for all	336
purposes.		337
[sign	ature of authenticator]	338
[prin	ted name of authenticator]	339
[stre	et address of authenticator]	340
[city	, state, zip code of	341
authe	enticator]	342
[tele	phone number of	343
authe	enticator]	344
		345
1	2	
A State of)	

B) :ss	
C County of)	
The foregoing authenticator certificate was subscribed and	346
sworn to in my presence by [printed	347
name of authenticator] on this day of, 20	348
	349
Notary Public"	350
(C) An authenticator certificate may not be signed or	351
notarized with an electronic signature or electronic seal.	352
(D) Any notary public may obtain an electronic seal and an	353
electronic signature for the purposes of notarizing documents	354
under this section.	355
$\frac{(D)-(E)}{(E)}$ A notary public shall comply with the provisions	356
of section 147.66 of the Revised Code pertaining to the	357
electronic seal and electronic signature.	358
Section 2. That existing sections 147.01, 147.011, 147.03,	359
147.14, 147.371, 147.53, 147.542, 147.55, 147.551, and 147.591	360
of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	361