As Introduced

134th General Assembly Regular Session 2021-2022

S. B. No. 34

Senator Brenner

Cosponsors: Senators Cirino, Hottinger, Lang, Schaffer, Wilson

_

A BILL

То	amend sections 2909.02, 2909.03, 2909.04,	1
	2909.05, 2909.06, and 2909.07 of the Revised	2
	Code and to amend Section 231.10 of H.B. 166 of	3
	the 133rd General Assembly to increase penalties	4
	for arson offenses and related offenses and to	5
	make an appropriation.	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2909.02, 2909.03, 2909.04,	7
2909.05, 2909.06, and 2909.07 of the Revised Code be amended to	8
read as follows:	9
Sec. 2909.02. (A) No person, by means of fire or	10
explosion, shall knowingly do any of the following:	11
(1) Create a substantial risk of serious physical harm to	12
any person other than the offender;	13
(2) Cause physical harm to any occupied structure;	14
(3) Create, through the offer or acceptance of an	15
agreement for hire or other consideration, a substantial risk of	16
physical harm to any occupied structure.	17

(B)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of 18 aggravated arson. 19 (2) A violation of division (A)(1) or (3) of this section 20 is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose on 21 the offender as the minimum prison term for the offense a 22 mandatory prison term that is one of the minimum terms 23 prescribed in division (A)(1)(a) of section 2929.14 of the 24 Revised Code for a felony of the first degree. 25 (3) A violation of division (A)(2) of this section is a 26 felony of the second first degree. 27 Sec. 2909.03. (A) No person, by means of fire or 28 explosion, shall knowingly do any of the following: 29 (1) Cause, or create a substantial risk of, physical harm 30 to any property of another without the other person's consent; 31 (2) Cause, or create a substantial risk of, physical harm 32 to any property of the offender or another, with purpose to 33 defraud: 34 (3) Cause, or create a substantial risk of, physical harm 35 to the statehouse or a courthouse, school building, or other 36 building or structure that is owned or controlled by the state, 37 any political subdivision, or any department, agency, or 38 instrumentality of the state or a political subdivision, and 39 that is used for public purposes; 40 (4) Cause, or create a substantial risk of, physical harm, 41 through the offer or the acceptance of an agreement for hire or 42 other consideration, to any property of another without the 43 other person's consent or to any property of the offender or 44 another with purpose to defraud; 45

(5) Cause, or create a substantial risk of, physical harm
to any park, preserve, wildlands, brush-covered land, cut-over
47
land, forest, timberland, greenlands, woods, or similar real
48
property that is owned or controlled by another person, the
state, or a political subdivision without the consent of the
other person, the state, or the political subdivision;

(6) With purpose to defraud, cause, or create a
substantial risk of, physical harm to any park, preserve,
wildlands, brush-covered land, cut-over land, forest,
timberland, greenlands, woods, or similar real property that is
owned or controlled by the offender, another person, the state,
or a political subdivision.

(B) No person, by means of fire or explosion, shallknowingly do any of the following:59

(1) Cause, or create a substantial risk of, physical harm to any structure of another that is not an occupied structure;

(2) Cause, or create a substantial risk of, physical harm,
62
through the offer or the acceptance of an agreement for hire or
63
other consideration, to any structure of another that is not an
64
occupied structure;
65

(3) Cause, or create a substantial risk of, physical harm to any structure that is not an occupied structure and that is in or on any park, preserve, wildlands, brush-covered land, cutover land, forest, timberland, greenlands, woods, or similar real property that is owned or controlled by another person, the state, or a political subdivision.

(C) (1) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under
division (B) (1) or (2) of this section that the defendant acted
with the consent of the other person.
74

60

61

66

67

68

69

70

75 (2) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under division (B) (3) of this section that the defendant acted with 76 the consent of the other person, the state, or the political 77 subdivision. 78 (D) (1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of arson. 79 (2) A violation of division (A)(1) or (B)(1) of this 80 section is one of the following: 81 (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(2)(b) of 82 this section, a <u>misdemeanor</u><u>felony</u>of the <u>first</u><u>fifth</u>_degree; 83 84 (b) If the value of the property or the amount of the physical harm involved is one thousand dollars or more, a felony 85 of the fourth third degree. 86 (3) A violation of division (A)(2), (3), (5), or (6) or 87 (B) (3) of this section is a felony of the fourth third degree. 88 (4) A violation of division (A) (4) or (B) (2) of this 89 section is a felony of the third second degree. 90 Sec. 2909.04. (A) No person, purposely by any means or 91 knowingly by damaging or tampering with any property, shall do 92 any of the following: 93 (1) Interrupt or impair television, radio, telephone, 94 95 telegraph, or other mass communications service; police, fire, or other public service communications; radar, loran, radio, or 96 other electronic aids to air or marine navigation or 97 communications; or amateur or citizens band radio communications 98 being used for public service or emergency communications; 99 (2) Interrupt or impair public transportation, including 100

(2) Interrupt or impair public transportation, including
 without limitation school bus transportation, or water supply,
 gas, power, or other utility service to the public;
 102

(3) Substantially impair the ability of law enforcement	103			
officers, firefighters, rescue personnel, emergency medical	104			
services personnel, or emergency facility personnel to respond				
to an emergency or to protect and preserve any person or	106			
property from serious physical harm.	107			
(B) No person shall knowingly use any computer, computer	108			
system, computer network, telecommunications device, or other	109			
electronic device or system or the internet so as to disrupt,	110			
interrupt, or impair the functions of any police, fire,	111			
educational, commercial, or governmental operations.	112			
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of disrupting	113			
public services, a felony of the fourth third degree.	114			
(D) As used in this section:	115			
(1) "Emergency medical services personnel" has the same	116			
meaning as in section 2133.21 of the Revised Code.	117			
(2) "Emergency facility personnel" means any of the	118			
following:	119			
(a) Any of the following individuals who perform services	120			
in the ordinary course of their professions in an emergency	121			
facility:	122			
(i) Physicians authorized under Chapter 4731. of the	123			
Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic	124			
medicine and surgery;	125			
(ii) Registered nurses and licensed practical nurses	126			
licensed under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code;	127			
(iii) Physician assistants authorized to practice under	128			
Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code;	129			

(iv) Health care workers;

(v) Clerical staffs. 131 (b) Any individual who is a security officer performing 132 security services in an emergency facility; 133 (c) Any individual who is present in an emergency 134 facility, who was summoned to the facility by an individual 135 identified in division (D)(2)(a) or (b) of this section. 136 (3) "Emergency facility" means a hospital emergency 137 department or any other facility that provides emergency medical 138 services. 139 (4) "Hospital" has the same meaning as in section 3727.01 140 of the Revised Code. 141 (5) "Health care worker" means an individual, other than 142 an individual specified in division (D)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of 143 this section, who provides medical or other health-related care 144 or treatment in an emergency facility, including medical 145 technicians, medical assistants, orderlies, aides, or 146 individuals acting in similar capacities. 147 Sec. 2909.05. (A) No person shall knowingly cause serious 148 physical harm to an occupied structure or any of its contents. 149 (B) (1) No person shall knowingly cause physical harm to 150 property that is owned or possessed by another, when either of 151 152 the following applies: (a) The property is used by its owner or possessor in the 153 owner's or possessor's profession, business, trade, or 154 occupation, and the value of the property or the amount of 155 physical harm involved is one thousand dollars or more; 156

Page 6

(b) Regardless of the value of the property or the amount
of damage done, the property or its equivalent is necessary in
order for its owner or possessor to engage in the owner's or
possessor's profession, business, trade, or occupation.

(2) No person shall knowingly cause serious physical harm 161 to property that is owned, leased, or controlled by a 162 governmental entity. A governmental entity includes, but is not 163 limited to, the state or a political subdivision of the state, a 164 school district, the board of trustees of a public library or 165 166 public university, or any other body corporate and politic responsible for governmental activities only in geographical 167 areas smaller than that of the state. 168

(C) No person, without privilege to do so, shall knowingly cause serious physical harm to any tomb, monument, gravestone, or other similar structure that is used as a memorial for the dead; to any fence, railing, curb, or other property that is used to protect, enclose, or ornament any cemetery; or to a cemetery.

(D) No person, without privilege to do so, shall knowingly
175
cause physical harm to a place of burial by breaking and
176
entering into a tomb, crypt, casket, or other structure that is
177
used as a memorial for the dead or as an enclosure for the dead.
178

(E) Whoever violates this section is guilty of vandalism. 179 Except as otherwise provided in this division, vandalism is a 180 felony of the fifth fourth degree that is punishable by a fine 181 of up to two thousand five hundred dollars in addition to the 182 penalties specified for a felony of the fifth fourth degree in 183 sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of the Revised Code. If the value of 184 the property or the amount of physical harm involved is seven 185 thousand five hundred dollars or more but less than one hundred 186

Page 7

169

170

171

172

173

fifty thousand dollars, vandalism is a felony of the fourth-187 third degree. If the value of the property or the amount of 188 physical harm involved is one hundred fifty thousand dollars or 189 more, vandalism is a felony of the third second degree. 190 (F) For purposes of this section: 191 (1) "Cemetery" means any place of burial and includes 192 burial sites that contain American Indian burial objects placed 193 with or containing American Indian human remains. 194 195 (2) "Serious physical harm" means physical harm to property that results in loss to the value of the property of 196 one thousand dollars or more. 197 Sec. 2909.06. (A) No person shall cause, or create a 198 substantial risk of physical harm to any property of another 199 without the other person's consent: 200 (1) Knowingly, by any means; 201 (2) Recklessly, by means of fire, explosion, flood, poison 202 gas, poison, radioactive material, caustic or corrosive 203 material, or other inherently dangerous agency or substance. 204 (B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of criminal 205 damaging or endangering. Except as otherwise provided in this 206 division, criminal damaging or endangering is a misdemeanor of 207 the second first degree. If a violation of this section creates 208 a risk of physical harm to any person, criminal damaging or 209 endangering is a misdemeanor felony of the first fifth degree. 210 If the property involved in a violation of this section is an 211 aircraft, an aircraft engine, propeller, appliance, spare part, 212 or any other equipment or implement used or intended to be used 213 in the operation of an aircraft and if the violation creates a 214 215 risk of physical harm to any person, criminal damaging or

endangering is a felony of the fifth fourth degree. If the 216 property involved in a violation of this section is an aircraft, 217 an aircraft engine, propeller, appliance, spare part, or any 218 other equipment or implement used or intended to be used in the 219 operation of an aircraft and if the violation creates a 220 substantial risk of physical harm to any person or if the 221 property involved in a violation of this section is an occupied 222 aircraft, criminal damaging or endangering is a felony of the 223 fourth third degree. 224 Sec. 2909.07. (A) No person shall do any of the following: 225 (1) Without privilege to do so, knowingly move, deface, 226 damage, destroy, or otherwise improperly tamper with either of 227 the following: 228 229 (a) The property of another; (b) One's own residential real property with the purpose 230 to decrease the value of or enjoyment of the residential real 231 property, if both of the following apply: 232 (i) The residential real property is subject to a 233 mortgage. 234 (ii) The person has been served with a summons and 235 complaint in a pending residential mortgage loan foreclosure 236 action relating to that real property. As used in this division, 237 "pending" includes the time between judgment entry and 238 confirmation of sale. 239 (2) With purpose to interfere with the use or enjoyment of 240 property of another, employ a tear gas device, stink bomb, smoke 241 generator, or other device releasing a substance that is harmful 242 or offensive to persons exposed or that tends to cause public 243 alarm;

(3) Without privilege to do so, knowingly move, deface,
245
damage, destroy, or otherwise improperly tamper with a bench
246
mark, triangulation station, boundary marker, or other survey
247
station, monument, or marker;
248

(4) Without privilege to do so, knowingly move, deface, 249
damage, destroy, or otherwise improperly tamper with any safety 250
device, the property of another, or the property of the offender 251
when required or placed for the safety of others, so as to 252
destroy or diminish its effectiveness or availability for its 253
intended purpose; 254

(5) With purpose to interfere with the use or enjoyment of 255 the property of another, set a fire on the land of another or 256 place personal property that has been set on fire on the land of 257 another, which fire or personal property is outside and apart 258 from any building, other structure, or personal property that is 259 on that land; 260

(6) Without privilege to do so, and with intent to impair the functioning of any computer, computer system, computer network, computer software, or computer program, knowingly do any of the following:

(a) In any manner or by any means, including, but not
265
limited to, computer hacking, alter, damage, destroy, or modify
266
a computer, computer system, computer network, computer
267
software, or computer program or data contained in a computer,
268
computer system, computer network, computer software, or
269
computer program;

(b) Introduce a computer contaminant into a computer,271computer system, computer network, computer software, or272computer program.273

261

262

263

(7) Without privilege to do so, knowingly destroy or274improperly tamper with a critical infrastructure facility.275

(B) As used in this section:

(1) "Safety device" means any fire extinguisher, fire 277 hose, or fire axe, or any fire escape, emergency exit, or 278 emergency escape equipment, or any life line, life-saving ring, 279 life preserver, or life boat or raft, or any alarm, light, 280 flare, signal, sign, or notice intended to warn of danger or 281 emergency, or intended for other safety purposes, or any guard 282 railing or safety barricade, or any traffic sign or signal, or 283 any railroad grade crossing sign, signal, or gate, or any first 284 aid or survival equipment, or any other device, apparatus, or 285 equipment intended for protecting or preserving the safety of 286 persons or property. 287

(2) "Critical infrastructure facility" has the same288meaning as in section 2911.21 of the Revised Code.289

(3) "Improperly tamper" means to change the physicallocation or the physical condition of the property.291

(C) (1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of criminal mischief, and shall be punished as provided in division (C) (2),(3), or (4) of this section.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, 295 criminal mischief committed in violation of division (A)(1), 296 (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section is a misdemeanor of the 297 third second degree. Except as otherwise provided in this 298 division, if the violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), or 299 (5) of this section creates a risk of physical harm to any 300 person, criminal mischief committed in violation of division (A) 301 (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section is a misdemeanor 302

276

292

293

the violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this 304 section is an aircraft, an aircraft engine, propeller, 305 appliance, spare part, fuel, lubricant, hydraulic fluid, any 306 other equipment, implement, or material used or intended to be 307 used in the operation of an aircraft, or any cargo carried or 308 intended to be carried in an aircraft, criminal mischief 309 committed in violation of division (A) (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5)310 of this section is one of the following: 311 (a) If the violation creates a risk of physical harm to 312 any person, except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2)(b) 313 of this section, criminal mischief committed in violation of 314 division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section is a 315 felony of the fifth fourth degree. 316 (b) If the violation creates a substantial risk of 317 physical harm to any person or if the property involved in a 318 violation of this section is an occupied aircraft, criminal 319 mischief committed in violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), 320 (4), or (5) of this section is a felony of the fourth third 321 322 degree. (3) Except as otherwise provided in this division, 323 criminal mischief committed in violation of division (A)(6) of 324 this section is a misdemeanor felony of the first fifth degree. 325 Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the value of 326 the computer, computer system, computer network, computer 327 software, computer program, or data involved in the violation of 328 division (A)(6) of this section or the loss to the victim 329 resulting from the violation is one thousand dollars or more and 330 less than ten thousand dollars, or if the computer, computer 3.31 system, computer network, computer software, computer program, 332

felony of the first fifth degree. If the property involved in

or data involved in the violation of division (A) (6) of this 333 section is used or intended to be used in the operation of an 334 aircraft and the violation creates a risk of physical harm to 335 any person, criminal mischief committed in violation of division 336 (A) (6) of this section is a felony of the <u>fifth</u> <u>fourth</u> degree. 337 If the value of the computer, computer system, computer network, 338 computer software, computer program, or data involved in the 339 violation of division (A)(6) of this section or the loss to the 340 victim resulting from the violation is ten thousand dollars or 341 more, or if the computer, computer system, computer network, 342 computer software, computer program, or data involved in the 343 violation of division (A) (6) of this section is used or intended 344 to be used in the operation of an aircraft and the violation 345 creates a substantial risk of physical harm to any person or the 346 aircraft in question is an occupied aircraft, criminal mischief 347 committed in violation of division (A)(6) of this section is a 348 felony of the fourth third degree. 349 (4) Criminal mischief committed in violation of division 350 (A) (7) of this section is a felony of the third second degree. 351 Section 2. That existing sections 2909.02, 2909.03, 352

2909.04, 2909.05, 2909.06, and 2909.07 of the Revised Code are 353 hereby repealed. 354

Section 3. That Section 231.10 of H.B. 166 of the 133rd355General Assembly be amended to read as follows:356

Sec. 231.10.

1

358

357

2

3

5

A	CSR CAPITOL SQUARE REVIEW AND ADVISORY BOARD						
В	General Revenue Fund						
С	GRF	874100	Personal Services	\$3,802,439	\$3,819,502		
D	GRF	874320	Maintenance and Equipment	\$1,368,765	\$1,368,765 <u>\$1,868,765</u>		
Е	TOTAL	GRF General	. Revenue Fund	\$5,171,204	\$5,188,267 <u>\$5,688,267</u>		
F	Dedicated Purpose Fund Group						
G	2080	874601	Underground Parking Garage Operations	\$4,245,906	\$4,245,906		
Н	4G50	874603	Capitol Square Education Center and Arts	\$6,000	\$6,000		
I	TOTAL Group	DPF Dedicat	ed Purpose Fund	\$4,251,906	\$4,251,906		
J	Internal Service Activity Fund Group						
К	4S70	874602	Statehouse Gift Shop/Events	\$800,000	\$800,000		
L		ISA Interna ty Fund Gro		\$800,000	\$800,000		

М

359

376

377

378

379

380

381

TOTAL	ALL BUDGET	FUND	GROUPS	\$10,223,110	\$10,240,173
					<u>\$10,740,173</u>

PERSONAL SERVICES

On July 1, 2019, or as soon as possible thereafter, the 360 Executive Director of the Capitol Square Review and Advisory 361 Board may certify to the Director of Budget and Management an 362 amount up to the unexpended, unencumbered balance of the 363 foregoing appropriation item 874100, Personal Services, at the 364 end of fiscal year 2019 to be reappropriated to fiscal year 365 2020. The amount certified is hereby appropriated to the same 366 appropriation item for fiscal year 2020. 367

On July 1, 2020, or as soon as possible thereafter, the 368 Executive Director of the Capital Square Review and Advisory 369 Board may certify to the Director of Budget and Management an 370 amount up to the unexpended, unencumbered balance of the 371 foregoing appropriation item 874100, Personal Services, at the 372 end of fiscal year 2020 to be reappropriated to fiscal year 373 2021. The amount certified is hereby appropriated to the same 374 appropriation item for fiscal year 2021. 375

MAINTENANCE AND EQUIPMENT

Of the foregoing appropriation item 874320, Maintenance and Equipment, \$500,000 in fiscal year 2021 shall be used to pay for security enhancements at the Statehouse, including the purchase, installation, and replacement of a minimum of 60 high definition cameras and software.

On July 1, 2019, or as soon as possible thereafter, the382Executive Director of the Capitol Square Review and Advisory383Board may certify to the Director of Budget and Management an384

amount up to the unexpended, unencumbered balance of the385foregoing appropriation item 874320, Maintenance and Equipment,386at the end of fiscal year 2019 to be reappropriated to fiscal387year 2020. The amount certified is hereby appropriated to the388same appropriation item for fiscal year 2020.389

On July 1, 2020, or as soon as possible thereafter, the 390 Executive Director of the Capitol Square Review and Advisory 391 Board may certify to the Director of Budget and Management an 392 amount up to the unexpended, unencumbered balance of the 393 foregoing appropriation item 874320, Maintenance and Equipment, 394 at the end of fiscal year 2020 to be reappropriated to fiscal 395 year 2021. The amount certified is hereby appropriated to the 396 397 same appropriation item for fiscal year 2021.

UNDERGROUND PARKING GARAGE FUND

Notwithstanding division (G) of section 105.41 of the Revised Code and any other provision to the contrary, moneys in the Underground Parking Garage Fund (Fund 2080) may be used for personnel and operating costs related to the operations of the Statehouse and the Statehouse Underground Parking Garage.

HOUSE AND SENATE PARKING REIMBURSEMENT

On July 1 of each fiscal year, or as soon as possible405thereafter, the Director of Budget and Management shall transfer406\$500,000 cash from the General Revenue Fund to the Underground407Parking Garage Fund (Fund 2080). The amounts transferred under408this section shall be used to reimburse the Capitol Square409Review and Advisory Board for legislative parking costs.410

Section 4. That existing Section 231.10 of H.B. 166 of the411133rd General Assembly is hereby repealed.412

Page 16

398

399

400

401

402 403