As Introduced

135th General Assembly Regular Session

H. B. No. 331

2023-2024

Representatives Mathews, Young, T.
Cosponsors: Representatives Seitz, Dean

A BILL

То	amend section 703.21 and to enact section	1
	703.202 of the Revised Code to modify the law	2
	regarding village dissolution.	3

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 703.21 be amended and section	4
703.202 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	5
Sec. 703.202. (A) Not later than the last day of the year	6
that is immediately after the year the results of a federal	7
decennial census are released, the county budget commission	8
shall evaluate each village located within the county to	9
determine if, over the approximate ten year period beginning the	10
day the results of the preceding federal decennial census were	11
released and ending the day the most recent federal decennial	12
census results were released, both of the following are true:	13
(1) The village itself provided, or the village contracted	14
with a private nongovernmental entity to provide, at least five	15
of the following services:	16
(a) Police protection:	17

(b) Fire-fighting services;	18
(c) Garbage collection;	19
(d) Water or sewer service;	20
(e) Emergency medical services;	21
(f) Road maintenance;	22
(g) Park services or other recreation services;	23
(h) Human services;	24
(i) A public library established and operated solely by	25
the village.	26
(2) At each election at which an elected village position	27
was voted upon, at least one candidate appeared on the ballot	28
for each elected village position.	29
If a village is located in more than one county, the	30
village shall be evaluated only by the county budget commission	31
of the county wherein the largest portion of the population of	32
the village resides.	33
(B) The county budget commission shall notify the	34
legislative authority of the village of the county budget	35
commission's finding not later than the last day of the year	36
that is immediately after the year the results of a federal	37
decennial census are released.	38
(C) If the county budget commission finds a village failed	39
to provide services or field candidates as specified in division	40
(A) of this section, the commission shall file the finding with	41
the board of elections of the county in which the largest	42
portion of the population of the village resides. The board of	43
elections shall submit the question "Shall the village of	4 4

surrender its corporate powers?" for the approval or	45
rejection of the electors of the village at the next general	46
election, in any year, occurring after the period ending ninety	47
days after the filing of the finding with the board. If the	48
result of the election is in favor of the surrender, the board	49
of elections shall certify the results to the secretary of	50
state, the auditor of state, and the county recorder, who shall	51
record it in their respective offices. The corporate powers of	52
the village shall cease upon the recording of the certified	53
election results in the county recorder's office.	54

Sec. 703.21. (A) The surrender of corporate powers by a 55 village under section 703.20-or , 703.201, or 703.202 of the 56 Revised Code does not affect vested rights or accrued 57 liabilities of the village, or the power to settle claims, 58 dispose of property, or levy and collect taxes to pay existing 59 obligations, or to operate its utilities, including collection 60 of existing rates and charges for services rendered, until the 61 ownership and operation of each utility is transferred to 62 another entity. But, after the presentation of the petition 63 mentioned in section 703.20 of the Revised Code-or, after 64 receipt of the audit report and notice mentioned in section 65 703.201 of the Revised Code, or after receipt of an 66 unsatisfactory finding under division (B) of section 703.202 of 67 the Revised Code, the legislative authority of the village shall 68 not create any new liability until the result of the election 69 under section 703.20 of the Revised Code is declared or, until 70 the decision of the court of common pleas under division (C) of 71 section 703.201 of the Revised Code is declared, or until the 72 result of the election is declared under section 703.202 of the 7.3 Revised Code, or thereafter, if the result, in either any case, 74 is for the surrender of the village's corporate powers, except 7.5

to the extent such liability is necessary in connection with the 76 operations of the village's utilities consistent with prudent 77 utility practice. If the auditor of state notifies the village 78 that the attorney general may file a legal action under section 79 703.201 of the Revised Code, but the attorney general does not 80 file such an action, the village shall not create any new 81 liability for thirty days after receipt of the auditor of 82 state's notice, except to the extent such liability is necessary 83 in connection with the operations of the village's utilities 84 consistent with prudent utility practice. 8.5

(B) Due and unpaid taxes may be collected after the 86 surrender of corporate powers, and all moneys or property 87 remaining after the surrender belongs to the township or 88 townships located wholly or partly within the village, subject 89 to the agreements entered into as provided for in this section 90 for the timely transfer of real and personal property and 91 subject to the report of an audit or, at the discretion of the 92 auditor of state, an agreed-upon procedure audit performed by 93 the auditor of state under section 117.11 of the Revised Code. 94 The auditor of state shall commence the audit or agreed-upon 95 procedure audit within thirty days after receipt of the notice 96 of dissolution as provided in division (E) of section 117.10 of 97 the Revised Code. Cash balances shall be transferred at the 98 completion of the audit or agreed-upon procedure audit performed 99 by the auditor of state. Except as otherwise provided by 100 agreement of the affected village and townships, if more than 101 one township is to receive the remaining money or property, the 102 money and property shall be divided among the townships in 103 proportion to the amount of territory that each township has 104 within the village boundaries as compared to the total territory 105 within the village. 106

(C)(1) Village real and personal property, other than	107
electric, water, and sewer utility property, shall be	108
transferred in a timely manner in accordance with agreements	109
between or among the affected village and township or townships.	110
If no such agreements have been reached within sixty days after	111
the certificate of dissolution is filed with the county	112
recorder, title to real and personal property other than any	113
electric, water, and sewer utility property vests by operation	114
of law in the affected township or townships. If more than one	115
township is affected, and agreements have not been reached	116
within sixty days after the certificate of dissolution is filed,	117
title vests by operation of law in proportion to the amount of	118
territory that each township has within the village boundaries	119
as compared to the total territory within the village.	120

(2) Any agreements entered into under this section 121 regarding the transfer of real property shall be recorded with 122 the county recorder of the county in which the affected real 123 property is situated, along with affidavits stating facts 124 relating to title as provided for in section 5301.252 of the 125 Revised Code. The county recorder shall make appropriate 126 notations in the county records to reflect the conveyance of the 127 village's interest in real property in accordance with the 128 recorded agreements resulting from the surrender of corporate 129 powers. The notations shall include a reference to the county's 130 recorded certificate of dissolution. 131

In the absence of any agreements and upon the recording of

affidavits relating to title, the county recorder shall make

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appropriate notations in the county records to reflect the

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conveyance of the village's interest in real property and to

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evidence that title vested by operation of law in the township

or townships as otherwise provided for in this section and as a

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result of the surrender of corporate powers. The recording of a	138
certificate of dissolution or a certified copy of it, any	139
agreements regarding the transfer of real property, and	140
supporting affidavits serve as sufficient evidence of a transfer	141
of title from the former village to a township or townships.	142
These documents shall be recorded in the same manner as a deed	143
of conveyance, except that the affected township or townships	144
are exempt from any fees specified under section 317.32 of the	145
Revised Code.	146
(3) Cash balances shall be transferred at the completion	147
of the audit, or, at the discretion of the auditor of state, the	148
agreed-upon procedure audit performed by the auditor of state.	149
(D)(1) Electric and water and sewer utility property shall	150
be transferred by agreement entered into by the village and the	151
entity that will be taking over the electric and water and sewer	152
utility property and assets. Cash balances shall be transferred	153
at the completion of the audit, or, at the discretion of the	154
auditor of state, the agreed-upon procedure audit performed by	155
the auditor of state. The provision of utility and other	156
services shall be uninterrupted during the transition period	157
following the surrender of corporate powers.	158
(a) Following the filing of the certificate of	159
dissolution, if it is determined that a county, or a regional	160
water and sewer district organized under Chapter 6119. of the	161
Revised Code, is obligated to assume water and sewer utility	162
property and assets by default, the board of county	163
commissioners or board of trustees of the district, as	164
appropriate, may petition the court of common pleas of the	165
county in which the village was located, for an order to revise	166
the current user fees, rates, and charges charged, or	167

assessments levied, by the utility. The board of county	168
commissioners or board of trustees of the district shall file	169
with the petition a systems audit of the utility. The systems	170
audit shall address the financial solvency of the utility; the	171
utility's debt service obligations and operating revenue stream,	172
including user fees, rates, charges, and assessments; the	173
utility's compliance with operating permit requirements; the	174
necessary system maintenance, upgrades, and operational	175
modifications and their associated costs for the utility;	176
outstanding, pending, or potential enforcement actions against	177
the utility; and any other relevant matters impacting the	178
operational viability and financial solvency of the utility.	179

When considering whether to grant the order, the court

shall review the systems audit and any other relevant evidence.

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The order of the court shall assure that the operational

viability and financial solvency of the utility is maintained,

and that an unreasonable financial burden is not placed upon the

county or district due to the acquisition of the utility

property and assets.

(b) In the case of a village electric utility, the village 187 shall be required to take all necessary steps to transfer its 188 ownership and operation, including continuing with normal 189 operations and activities, fulfilling its contractual and other 190 obligations, and transferring its contractual and other 191 obligations to a successor entity in a timely manner following 192 the filing of the certificate of dissolution. Such steps shall 193 include hiring a third-party engineer knowledgeable about the 194 operation of municipal electric systems to conduct a systems 195 audit of the electric utility, addressing such items as set 196 forth in division $\frac{(D)(2)-(D)(1)(a)}{(D)(a)}$ of this section. The systems 197 audit shall commence not later than sixty days after the filing 198

of the certificate of dissolution. Such systems audit is a	199
proper expense of the village's electric utility fund. If the	200
village's electric utility fund has a balance of zero or a	201
negative fund balance, the absorbing entity shall pay for the	202
systems audit. During this period, the village's electric	203
utility shall continue with all normal operations and	204
activities, shall continue fulfilling its contractual and other	205
obligations, including with its customers and users and	206
licensees of its poles, conduits, and rights-of-way, and shall	207
collect charges for service at the rates in effect on the date	208
the certificate of dissolution is filed.	209
(2) The systems audit required under division (D)(1)(a) or	210
(b) of this section shall not prevent the auditor of state from	211
conducting the audit, or, at the discretion of the auditor of	212
state, the agreed-upon procedure audit, required by this	213
section.	214
(E) As used in divisions (C) and (D) of this section,	215
"certificate of dissolution" means the certified election	216
results approving the surrender of corporate powers as recorded	217
by the county recorder under section 703.20 or 703.202 of the	218
Revised Code.	219
After the surrender of corporate powers, all resolutions	220
of the township or townships into which the village's territory	221
was dissolved shall apply throughout the township's newly	222
included territory.	223
Section 2. That existing section 703.21 of the Revised	224
Code is hereby repealed.	225