As Introduced

135th General Assembly

Regular Session 2023-2024

H. B. No. 364

Representatives Dobos, Klopfenstein

Cosponsors: Representatives Carruthers, Gross, Hillyer, Hoops, McClain

A BILL

То	amend sections 907.01, 907.09, and 4959.11 of	1
	the Revised Code to exempt certain non-	2
	commercial seed sharing activities from the laws	3
	governing seed labeling, inspection, and	4
	advertising and to alter the requirements	-
	specifying which noxious weeds must be destroyed	6
	on a toll road, railroad, or electric railway.	7

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 907.01, 907.09, and 4959.11 of	8
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	9
Sec. 907.01. As used in sections 907.01 to 907.17 of the	10
Revised Code:	11
(A) "Advertisement" means any representation, other than that on a label, disseminated in any manner or by any means.	12 13
(B) "Agricultural seed" means the seed of grass, native	14
grass, forage, cereal, field and fiber crops, any other kinds of	15
seed commonly recognized in this state as agricultural or field	16
seed, lawn seed, and mixtures or blends of such seed.	17

(C) "Certifying agency" means an agency authorized by the	18
laws of a state or a foreign country to certify officially seed,	19
tubers for seeding purposes, or plants for varietal	20
identification or for other factors and, in the case of seed, an	21
agency determined by the United States secretary of agriculture	22
to follow procedures and standards of seed certification	23
comparable to those generally followed by seed certifying	24
agencies that are members of the association of official seed	25
certifying agencies.	26
(D) "Germination" means the emergence and development from	27
seed embryos of those structures that indicate the capability of	28
producing normal seedlings under ordinarily favorable conditions	29
as determined by methods prescribed by rules of the association	30
of official seed analysts.	31
(E) "Hard seed" means seed that, because of	32
impermeability, does not absorb moisture or germinate, but	33
remains hard during the period of germination prescribed for	34
that particular kind of seed.	35
(F) "Hermetically sealed" means that the container used	36
does not allow water vapor penetration through any wall,	37
including the seals, greater than five one-hundredths grams of	38
water per twenty-four hours per one hundred square inches of	39
surface at one hundred degrees Fahrenheit with a relative	40
humidity on one side of ninety per cent and on the other side of	41
zero per cent.	42
(G) "Hybrid" means the first generation seed of a cross	43
produced by controlling the pollination and by combining:	44
(1) Two or more inbred lines;	45
(2) One inbred or a single cross with an open-pollinated	46

variety;	47
(3) Two varieties or species, except open-pollinated	48
varieties of corn (Zea Mays).	49
The second generation and subsequent generations from such	50
crosses shall not be regarded as hybrids.	51
(H) "In bulk" or "bulk" means loose in vehicles or bins.	52
(I) "Inert matter" means all matter not seeds, including	53
broken seeds, sterile florets, chaff, fungus bodies, and stones.	54
(J) "Kind," in reference to seed, means one or more	55
related species or subspecies that, singly or collectively, are	56
known by one common name, for example, soybeans, oats, alfalfa,	57
or timothy.	58
(K) "Label" means a tag or other device that is attached	59
to or written, stamped, or printed on any container of seed or	60
that accompanies any lot of bulk seed and that describes the	61
kind of seed together with any other information required by	62
law. "Label" includes an invoice under which any seed is	63
imported into the state.	64
(L) "Lot of seed" means a definite quantity of seed	65
identified by a lot number, every portion or bag of which is	66
uniform, within permitted tolerances, as to the factors that	67
appear on the label.	68
(M) "Mixture" means seed consisting of more than one kind,	69
each of which is present in excess of five per cent of the	70
whole.	71
(N) "Origin" means a state, the District of Columbia,	72
Puerto Rico, a possession of the United States, or a foreign	73
country, or designated portion thereof, where grown.	74

(O) "Other crop seed" means agricultural seed commingled	75
with the kind, or kind and variety, of seed under consideration,	76
but less than five per cent by weight of the lot.	77
(P) "Person" means any individual, partnership,	78
corporation, company, society, association, public agency,	79
receiver, trustee, or agent.	80
(Q) "Place of business" means any location, including any	81
vehicle, where seed is sold, processed, conditioned, or stored.	82
(R) "Prohibited noxious weeds" means weeds that reproduce	83
by seed, spread by roots, underground stems, or other	84
reproductive parts, and, when established, are highly	85
destructive and difficult to control.	86
(S) "Processing" or "conditioning" means cleaning to	87
remove chaff, sterile florets, immature seeds, weed seeds, inert	88
matter, and other crop seeds, scarifying, blending to obtain	89
uniform quality, or any other operation that would change the	90
purity or germination of the seed and therefore require	91
retesting to determine the quality of the seed. "Processing" or	92
"conditioning" does not include such operations as packaging,	93
labeling, blending uniform lots of the same kind or variety	94
without cleaning, or preparing a mixture without cleaning, any	95
of which would not require retesting to determine the quality of	96
the seed.	97
(T) "Pure seed" means agricultural, vegetable, or flower	98
seed free of inert matter and free of other seed distinguishable	99
by appearance or by test.	100
(U) "Records" means the complete data, including	101
representative samples, concerning each lot of agricultural,	102
vegetable, or flower seed that is sold. "Records" includes	103

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information about the seed's source of purchase and origin; the	104
results of germination tests; the results of purity tests	105
regarding the amount of pure seed, inert matter, crop seed, weed	106
seed, and noxious weed seed contained in the lot of seed; and	107
information concerning the processing and disposition of the	108
seed.	109
(V) "Screenings" means chaff, sterile florets, immature	110
seed, inert matter, weed seed, or any other matter removed from	111
seed in any kind of processing and that contains less than	112
twenty-five per cent by weight of live agricultural, vegetable,	113
or flower seed.	114
(W) "Restricted noxious weeds" means weeds that are	115
objectionable in fields, lawns, or gardens, but that can be	116
controlled by good cultural practices.	117
(X) "Sell" or "sold" includes:	118
(1) Transferring ownership, offering or exposing for sale,	119
exchanging, distributing, giving away, or transporting in this	120
state;	121
(2) Storing, carrying, or handling in aid of traffic in	122
this state, whether in person or through an agent, employee, or	123
others;	124
(3) Receiving, accepting, or holding on consignment for	125
sale.	126
(Y) "Germination standard," as applied to vegetable or	127
flower seed, means the minimum percentage of germination	128
established by the director of agriculture for any kind or	129
variety of seed.	130
(Z) "Tolerance" means the allowable deviation from any	131

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percentage, fraction, or rate of occurrence stated on the label	132
of a lot of seed. Tolerance is based on the law of normal	133
variation from a mean.	134
(AA) "Type" means either a group of varieties so nearly	135
similar that the individual varieties cannot be clearly	136
differentiated except under special conditions or, when used	137
with a variety name, seed of that variety that may be mixed with	138
seed of other varieties of the same kind and of similar	139
character. In either case, ninety per cent of the pure seed	140
shall be of the variety or group of varieties named or, upon	141
growth, shall produce plants having characteristics similar to	142
the variety or group of varieties named.	143
(BB) "Variety" means a subdivision of a kind that is	144
characterized by growth, plant, fruit, seed, or other	145
characteristics by which it can be differentiated from other	146
sorts of the same kind.	147
(CC) "Vegetable seed" means the seed of any crop that is	148
grown in gardens or on truck farms and is generally known and	149
sold in this state under the name of vegetable seed or herb	150
seed.	151
(DD) "Weed seed" means the seed and bulblets of all plants	152
generally recognized in this state as weeds, including	153
prohibited noxious weeds and restricted noxious weeds.	154
(EE) "Coated agricultural seed" means an agricultural seed	155
with a film or layer applied to the seed that is greater than	156
one per cent of the net weight, for purposes of, including, but	157
not limited to, accurate seeding, nitrogen fixation, nutrient	158
improvement, or protection from insects and pathogens. "Coated	159
agricultural seed" does not include seeds treated with dusts or	160

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liquids that are virtually unmeasurable using association of	161
official seed analysts rules.	162
(FF) "Combination seed-mulch product" means any product	163
containing both seeds and a natural or artificial substance that	164
is applied to the soil surface for the purpose of promoting seed	165
germination through moisture retention, maintaining soil	166
temperature, or preventing erosion, and may contain fertilizer.	167
(GG) "Blend" means seed that consists of more than one	168
variety of a kind, with each variety representing more than five	169
per cent by weight of the whole.	170
(HH) "Flower seed" means the seed of herbaceous plants	171
grown for their blooms, ornamental foliage, or other ornamental	172
parts and commonly known as and sold under the name of flower	173
seed.	174
(II) "Pure live seed" means the sum of seed's percentage	175
of germination plus the percentage of hard seed or dormant seed,	176
multiplied by the percentage of pure seed, the product of which	177
is divided by one hundred. The result is expressed as a whole	178
number. Expressed as an equation, the definition of "pure live	179
seed" is as follows: (percentage of germination plus percentage	180
of hard seed or dormant seed) multiplied by the percentage of	181
pure seed equals (product) divided by one hundred equals pure	182
live seed.	183
(JJ) "Cool season grass seed" means the agricultural seed	184
of Kentucky bluegrass, red fescue, chewings fescue, hard fescue,	185
tall fescue, perennial ryegrass, intermediate ryegrass, annual	186
ryegrass, colonial bentgrass, creeping bentgrass, and mixtures	187
or blends containing only those grass seeds.	188
(KK) "Native grass" has the meaning established in rules	189

adopted under section 907.10 of the Revised Code.	190
(LL) "Class of seed" means a classification of seed that	191
is established using the standards and procedures established by	192
the association of official seed certifying agencies and that	193
designates seed as breeder, foundation, registered, or certified	194
seed.	195
(MM) "Container" means a packet, bag, box, tape, tube,	196
envelope, pre-planted device, mat, or other device used to	197
contain seed, except that "container" does not include a vehicle	198
or bin used to contain bulk seed.	199
(NN) "Dormant seed" means viable seed, excluding hard	200
seed, that fails to germinate when provided with the specified	201
germination conditions for that kind of seed.	202
(OO) "Non-commercial seed sharing" means the distribution	203
or transfer of ownership of seeds with no compensation or	204
remuneration. "Non-commercial seed sharing" does not include the	205
distribution or transfer of seeds to which any of the following	206
<pre>apply:</pre>	207
(1) The seeds are given as compensation for work or	208
services rendered.	209
(2) The seeds are collected outside of this state.	210
(3) The seeds are patented, treated, or contain noxious	211
weed species or invasive plants.	212
(PP) "Seed library" means a non-profit, governmental, or	213
cooperative organization or association to which both of the	214
<pre>following apply:</pre>	215
(1) It is established for the purpose of facilitating the	216
donation, exchange, preservation, and dissemination of seeds	217

among the seed library's members or the general public.	218
(2) The use, exchange, transfer, or possession of seeds	219
acquired by or from the non-profit, governmental, or cooperative	220
organization or association are obtained free of charge.	221
Sec. 907.09. (A) Sections 907.03, 907.07, and 907.08 of	222
the Revised Code do not apply to:	223
(1) Agricultural, vegetable, or flower seed not intended	224
for sowing purposes;	225
(2) Unprocessed agricultural, vegetable, or flower seed in	226
storage or being transported to or consigned to a seed	227
processing establishment, provided that the label accompanying a	228
shipment of the seed shall bear the statement "seed for	229
processing" and provided further that any label or other	230
representation that is made with respect to the unprocessed seed	231
shall be subject to sections 907.01 to 907.17 of the Revised	232
Code;	233
(3) Agricultural, vegetable, or flower seed that is in	234
interstate transport and that is governed by 7 C.F.R. 201.33;	235
(4) Non-commercial seed sharing that supports any of the	236
<pre>following activities:</pre>	237
(a) Conservation of pollinators and threatened or	238
<pre>endangered species;</pre>	239
(b) Planting and creation of native plant habitats;	240
(c) Propagation of native plants for their specific	241
<pre>conservation;</pre>	242
(d) Operation of a seed library, provided that the seed	243
library ensures that any seeds exchanged among the seed	244

library's members or the general public are open-pollinated,	245
<pre>public domain varieties.</pre>	246
(B) In the case of agricultural, vegetable, or flower seed	247
that is being exported in bulk or containers directly to a	248
foreign country and that is in quantities of twenty thousand	249
pounds or more regardless of the number of lots included, the	250
labeling requirements established under section 907.03 of the	251
Revised Code do not apply, provided that all of the following	252
requirements are satisfied:	253
(1) The omission, from each container or bulk unit, of a	254
label with the required information is done with the knowledge	255
and consent of the buyer of the seed prior to the transportation	256
or delivery for transportation of the seed in international	257
commerce.	258
(2) Each container has stenciled on it or bears a label	259
containing a lot designation, variety identification, and kind	260
identification.	261
(3) The invoice or other records accompanying and	262
pertaining to the seed bear the information concerning the	263
respective seeds that is required under section 907.03 of the	264
Revised Code.	265
(4) Records are kept available to be provided to the	266
department of agriculture upon request in order to show proof	267
that the seed is being exported to a foreign country for	268
distribution.	269
Sec. 4959.11. (A) As used in this section, "noxious weed"	270
has the same meaning as in section 5579.04 of the Revised Code.	271
(B) The superintendent or manager of a toll road,	272
railroad, or electric railway shall destroy all brush, briers,	273

burrs, vines, Russian thistle, Canadian thistle, common thistle,	274
wild lettuce, wild mustard, wild parsnip, ragweed, milkweed,	275
ironweed, and all other noxious weeds growing or being cut	276
within the limits of such toll road, railroad, or railway, or	277
within the limits of any right of way belonging to the company	278
owning such toll road, railroad, or railway, whether or not it	279
is in actual operation on such right of way, between such days	280
as are specified in section 5579.04 of the Revised Code.	281
In default of such destruction, and for five days	282
thereafter, the board of township trustees of a township through	283
which such toll road, railroad, or railway passes, shall cause	284
it to be done, and shall have a right of action against such	285
company for the amount of such work, with one hundred per cent	286
penalty and costs of action, to be recovered before any judge or	287
a county court or judge of a municipal court having jurisdiction	288
in the area in which the work was done.	289
Section 2. That existing sections 907.01, 907.09, and	290

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4959.11 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.