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# State Representative Joshua E. Williams Ohio House of Representatives

Chairman Young, Ranking Member Miller, and members of the House Higher Education Committee, thank you for the opportunity to offer sponsor testimony on House Bill 151.

Today, you will hear from students, faculty and administrators who will all tell you that they have witnessed or been victims of ideological discrimination. No longer are universities champions of free speech and debate, and safe-haven for those who have countervailing views. Now, discrimination against those with a minority viewpoint is so extreme that 43%<sup>1</sup> of students don't feel comfortable joining in on discussions of controversial topics in the classroom. This represents a critical failure by our universities and an abandonment of the values that we expect them to uphold. House Bill 151 will recommit universities to the principle of intellectual diversity and will enable stakeholders to hold them accountable via tenure reviews, student evaluations and syllabus transparency.

As a college faculty member and recent law graduate, I have witnessed the decline of open dialogue on college campuses firsthand. Going into my first year of law school, I had a strong impression of what my environment would be like. To me, college was supposed to be a place where young aspiring professionals and students could speak freely and critically, putting good and bad ideas to the test by the process of debate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Bitzan and Routeledge, "2021 American College Student Freedom, Progress and Flourishing Survey" North Dakota State University

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Instead, I found my college career to be far different from what I had expected. Instead of a culture of dialogue and debate, I found higher education was primarily concerned with conformity and indoctrination, snuffing out any voices that cut against the narrative.

In one of my first classes of my post-graduate career, I made the mistake of speaking out in good faith on a controversial subject. During a discussion in a law school course on Administrative Law, I commented that our nation should not adopt an open-border policy, a common-sense declaration in my point of view. However, this honest expression of a commonly held belief precipitated a barrage of discrimination against me, led by one of my own professors. Responding to my comment, a tenured faculty member at the University of Toledo College of Law replied to a Facebook post of mine that my views reminded him of the Nazi party in Germany. Encouraged by this professor, classmates felt they could attack me as well, calling me a Nazi, a slave trader, an affront to my race, and an Uncle Tom. One student would not even address me by my name while speaking to me directly or talking about me to other students. He would simply ask them "have you spoken to the Nazi today?"

My experience in the classroom is not unique. Situations like these arise whenever the narrative that is being taught by universities is challenged, and the threat of confrontation and being ostracized is often enough to

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stop open discussion in its tracks. From that point forward, I was aware that there was a price to pay for free expression on college campuses.

As an active alumnus of Toledo Law and as a current college professor, I have also witnessed instances of discrimination against faculty in hiring and disciplinary practice. In keeping with DEI hiring practices, universities are using prior course study that does not relate to the courses taught by the prospective faculty member and categories of identity as a substitute for professional merit. The practice of hiring those that suit the ideological agenda of universities should not be allowed to continue, those candidates with the professional merit for the position should always be given preference for the benefit of the students.

Moreover, outspoken faculty members are also punished for expressing opposing views just as students are. I have personally been warned that I will be blocked from advancement in the space of Higher Education for expressing opinions widely accepted outside of academia.

Opponents to House Bill 151 claim that this legislation will censor students and faculty and end free speech on campus. This could not be further from the truth. In reality, there is a de-facto censorship regime on college campuses *now*. This bill reverses these policies and opens new avenues for transparency and accountability. For instance, faculty will be evaluated by their students based on classroom bias in addition to the quality of their instruction. Most importantly, House Bill 151 addresses the issue foundationally by requiring institutions

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of higher learning to reorient their values to support open intellectual inquiry. Under this provision, universities must adopt a mission statement that enshrines these values and acknowledges that their financial support is tied to their commitment to these principles.

In closing, I ask the members of this committee to consider the state of affairs in universities today: is rigorous intellectual inquiry being encouraged? Do students and faculty on both sides of the aisle feel encouraged to speak their mind on hot-button issues? As my experience has shown, this is not the case. By doing nothing to support intellectual diversity on campus, we tacitly support intellectual tyranny in our most prized institutions.

For the sake of our students and faculty, I urge the honored members of this committee to vote yes on House Bill 151.