

LYNANNE GUTIERREZ

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Ohio Senate Finance Committee Sub. HB 33 Lynanne Gutierrez, Chief Operating & Policy Officer Groundwork Ohio May 16, 2023

Chair Dolan, Vice Chair Johnson, Vice Chair Cirino, Ranking Member Sykes and members of the Finance Committee, my name is Lynanne Gutierrez and I am the Chief Operating and Policy Officer at Groundwork Ohio.

Today, I join with fellow advocates, professionals, community leaders and families from across Ohio in thanking you for the opportunity to provide interested party testimony on Substitute House Bill 33, Ohio's FY 2024-2025 budget bill, regarding the state publicly funded child care program.

Groundwork Ohio is a statewide, nonpartisan public-policy research and advocacy organization that champions high-quality early learning and healthy development strategies from the prenatal period to age five, that lay a strong foundation for Ohio kids, families, and communities. Our vision is to make Ohio the best place to be a young child so that every child can reach their full potential.

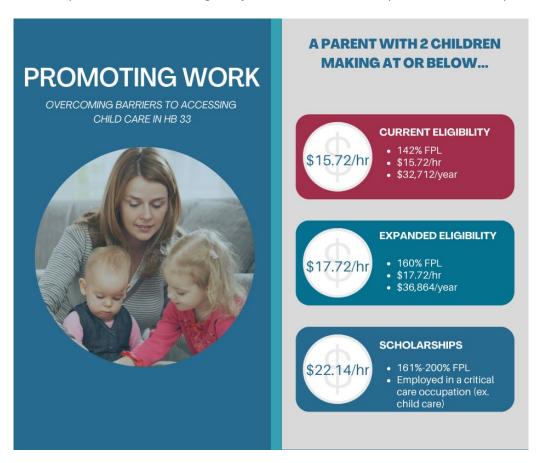
Specifically, we ask the Committee to support Ohio's critical care workforce by restoring the Governor's proposed \$150 million in fiscal year 2024 that establishes 12,000 child care scholarships for critical occupations and other direct service professionals including child care professionals. (**\$C0329**).

Critical care occupations include the following fields including child care professionals who make, on average, \$12.00 per hour in the state of Ohio:

- Children & Community Health
- Early Childhood Education
- First Responders
- Lead Abatement

- Mental & Behavioral Health
- Nursing
- Physicians
- Wellness Research & Technology

Figure 1: The Impact of Increased Eligibility & Critical Care Occupation Scholarships



Investing in Child Care Strengthens Ohio's Workforce

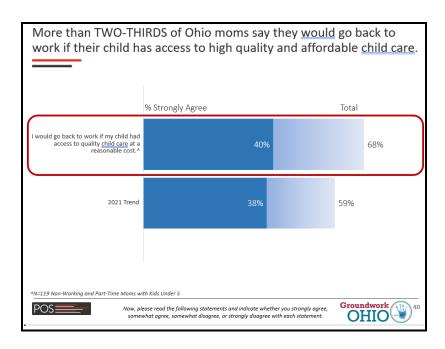
The lack of investment in Ohio's young children and child care leaves Ohio's young children behind and jeopardizes our future workforce. All of Ohio's young children need early learning opportunities to ensure they can reach their full potential and a lifetime of success. It's no surprise that most children aren't ready to learn given that only about half of eligible low-income children ages 0-5 under 200% of the Federal Poverty Level, those that stand to benefit the most from early learning interventions, are able to access any state funded child care, preschool or Head Start. (See Groundwork Ohio, Early Childhood Data Dashboard)

Kindergarten ····· Fourth-grade ···· Eighth-grade readiness math reading 62% 63.9% 62.1% not demonstrating demonstrating demonstrating proficiency proficiency readiness Source: Ohio Department of Source: National Assessment of Source: NAEP (2019) Education (2021-2022) Educational Progress (NAEP) (2019)

Figure 2: Kindergarten Readiness, Children Who Start Behind Stay Behind

The lack of investment in Ohio's young children and child care directly impacts a working mothers' ability to provide for her family.

<u>Figure 3:</u> Moms Need Child Care to Work (See Appendix A, <u>Public Opinion Strategies, Ohio Statewide Poll Key Findings)!</u>



The lack of investment in Ohio's young children and child care restricts Ohio's workforce today in and in the future. A strong child care industry means parents can go back to work today knowing their child is receiving early learning experiences while building and strengthening the workforce of tomorrow.

- On average, child care costs are more costly than rent in Ohio. Our cost ratio is among the worst in the nation.
- Further, child care availability is severely limited. 60% of rural Ohioans and 30% of all
 Ohioans are living in a child care desert, defined as an area with three times as many
 children as licensed child care slots.

Figure 4: Child Care Wait Lists



The lack of investment in Ohio's young children and child care impacts Ohio's ability to attract new business investment across the state. Right now, Ohio parents are forced to choose between taking on full-time employment because they cannot afford the high cost of child care.

Figure 4: 800,000 working parents have cut back their work hours



Given these alarming challenges of working parents and the recognition of these challenges by voters demonstrated through the poll, it is no surprise that **80% of voters and 87% of parents favor increasing funding in the state for child care and early learning programs.**

Ohio parents, voters, child care professionals and business leaders support investments in child care. Several dozen statewide early childhood organizations and nearly 1,000 frontline child care professionals have signed a letter elevating the need for more investment in the early childhood workforce including elevating the need to restore Governor DeWine's proposed \$150 million in child care scholarships that include child care professionals. (See,

Appendix B, Workforce Letter Printed in Columbus Dispatch on 5/9/23) In addition to the child care workforce, business leaders are also calling for more state investment in child care. In October 2022, the Ohio Chamber of Commerce released its <u>Blueprint for Ohio's Economic Success</u>, leading its recommendations for reducing barriers to employment with the recommendation to remove child care as a barrier for caregivers and working parents. Earlier this year, nearly 40 business leaders from across the state signed an open letter to policy makers supporting investments in child care. including the \$150 million child care scholarship investment reflected in SC 329 (See Appendix C, Business Letter Printed in Columbus Dispatch on 3/29/23).

Thank you for your consideration. We urge you to support SC329 to support critical care occupations through a necessary workforce development strategy–access to child care. I am happy to answer questions you have today. Please use as a resource during the budget process and I can be reached directly via email at lgutierrez@groundworkohio.org or by phone at 614-204-6106.

NOTE: All data referenced in this testimony is from the Public Opinion Strategies <u>Public Opinion Strategies</u>, <u>Ohio Statewide Poll Key Findings</u> attached hereto as <u>Appendix A</u> unless otherwise cited within the document.





MEMORANDUM

TO: INTERESTED PARTIES

FROM: NEIL NEWHOUSE/JARRETT LEWIS/JAMIE WADOVICK GENTLE

PUBLIC OPINION STRATEGIES

CC: SHANNON JONES, PRESIDENT & CEO, GROUNDWORK OHIO

SUBJECT: OHIO STATEWIDE SURVEY: KEY FINDINGS

DATE: MARCH 2, 2023

On behalf of Groundwork Ohio, Public Opinion Strategies completed a statewide survey of 800 registered voters and an oversample of 435 parents with children under the age of five in Ohio. The survey was conducted February 2-13, 2023 and has credibility interval of $\pm 3.95\%$ for the registered voter sample and $\pm 5.36\%$ for the parents oversample.

KEY FINDINGS

1. Early childhood education/child care are strong secondary issues on voters' minds.

Four-in-10 Ohioans (40%) and more than one-half of parents with children under five (51%) rank the issue of making sure children get a strong start in life through quality early childhood education programs as extremely important. And, more than three-in-ten Ohioans believe helping provide child care for working parents with young children (32%) and lowering the cost of child care (30%) is extremely important.

2. Ohioans, parents especially, are feeling the economic slowdown.

Nearly one-half of Ohioans (45%) and parents with children under five (47%) rate their own financial situation as only fair or poor. And, over a quarter of parents with children under five (27%) share they have been having serious problems paying their rent or mortgage. More than 4-in-10 parents with children under five (41%) share they are having serious problems paying their credit card bills over the last few months.

3. For Ohio parents, child care is difficult to access and afford.

Most parents with children under five (55%) believe child care is difficult to find, with a plurality of all Ohioans (46%) believing it has become harder to access child care since COVID-19 started. Further, most parents with children under five (52%) believe it has gotten harder to afford and access quality child care in the last year. When it comes to the cost of child care, Ohioans (84%) overwhelmingly believe child care is expensive.

4. Ohio parents are struggling to afford child care and put food on the table.

Nearly one-half of Ohioans (47%) are concerned about being able to put enough food on the table over the next year, with fully 58% of parents with children under five sharing that concern. Further, a majority of these parents (56%) say they are having issues accessing high quality child care. In fact, nearly three-quarters of parents with children under five (72%) are either concerned about being able to put enough food on the table over the next year or are having issues accessing high quality child care.

PUBLIC OPINION STRATEGIES Page 1

5. Problems with child care are having an economic impact.

Nearly 4-in-10 working parents with children under five (38%) say they have had to miss work, leave early or lose focus because of challenges with child care. Further, almost one-third of working parents (32%) say they have lost more than five days of work in the past two years because of a lack of child care. And, among all Ohio working parents 4-in-10 (40%) have cut back on their work hours to care for their children. Putting this into real numbers using Census data, this means over 800,000 working parents in Ohio have cut back their work hours.

6. Ohioans acknowledge serious staffing shortages at child care facilities as a problem, with many saying their child has been wait-listed for a spot.

More than two-thirds of Ohioans (69%) say that local child care facilities in their area are having "serious staffing shortages." Further, a majority of parents with children under five (52%) say they or someone they know are on the waitlist for child care, and more than 4-in-10 (45%) of those parents on a wait list say they have been on it for more than six months.

7. There is a clear connection between the state's economy and child care.

When parents without child care are asked what would they be able to do if they had it, the dominant responses are "work more" and "get a job." And, parents who have child care agree that child care allows them to "work more." Further, fully two-thirds of Ohio moms with children under five who do not currently work full time (68%) say they would go back to work if they had access to high quality and affordable child care. Clearly, parents believe that child care allows them to work more, provide for their families and be productive members of Ohio's economy.

8. The support for increasing funding in Ohio for child care is broad and deep.

Fully 8-in-10 Ohioans (80%) and nearly 9-in-10 parents with children under five (87%) believe the state should increase funding for child care. Even across party lines this support remains high, with nearly 7-in-10 Republicans (69%), over three-quarters of Independents (78%) and nearly all Democrats (92%) wanting to see an increase in funding.

BOTTOM LINE

Ohioans are still feeling the economic slowdown. In an environment where labor shortages continue to be pervasive across the state/country, child care remains an economic issue. With nearly half of parents with children under five (47%) experiencing only fair or poor financial situations and Ohioans overwhelmingly believing it is expensive, affording child care becomes remains a significant barrier to further workforce participation.

Those who don't already have child care are running into issues accessing it. With serious staffing shortages taking place at Ohio's child care facilities, most parents with children under five say they or someone they know is on a waitlist—with nearly half of them (45%) saying it's a waiting period of more than 6 months. But, even those working parents who do have child care are having issues at work because of lack of child care coverage. They miss work, leave early, take days off, or cut back hours to care for their children.

Ohioans clearly understand and see the need for child care from an economic standpoint. They readily make the link between increasing access to child care and improving the state's economy.

PUBLIC OPINION STRATEGIES Page 2

Prioritize Investments in Child Care in the State Budget SUPPORT THE WORKFORCE BEHIND THE WORKFORCE

AN OPEN LETTER TO OHIO POLICYMAKERS









Ohio Chapter























HUMAN SERVICE CHAMBER









United Way of Greater Toledo Serving Lucas, Wood

Dear Members of the Ohio General Assembly,

Each week, more than 82,000 child care professionals across the state care for and educate Ohio's youngest children while providing critical support for working parents. They are the backbone of our state's economy — **the workforce behind the workforce**. And this critical pillar of our economy is in crisis.

Child care providers serve a vital role in our communities and economies:

- Children need quality child care for healthy development and growth.
- Parents need quality child care so they can work to provide for their families.
- Employers need quality child care so that they can have a reliable workforce.
- BUT professionals are leaving the child care workforce, creating a significant gap.

We depend on high-quality, accessible child care in Ohio, and yet the **child care workforce** is **shrinking and needs support:** they are underpaid, under-resourced, and struggling to meet the needs of children and families across our state.

Our state's short- and long-term economic success is impossible without quality child care programs and the passionate educators and administrators who lead them. Yet every week we see classrooms closing and child care waitlists growing due to the lack of child care professionals.

And there is no mystery as to why our child care system is in crisis: child care pays among the **lowest wages of all frontline workers with an average hourly wage of only \$12.00/hour,** contributing to a 29.4% employee turnover rate.

Child care professionals are leaving their classrooms for much higher-paying jobs in places like Target, Costco, Amazon, and even McDonald's. Families are left without the care they need and children miss out on the early, responsive learning experiences they need for healthy development and school readiness. More than 62% of Ohio kindergartners are not prepared for school and as the child care infrastructure continues to erode, fewer and fewer children will enter kindergarten ready to learn.

Notwithstanding the overwhelming evidence around the need for more investment in our child care system, the Ohio House cut two key provisions originally proposed by Governor DeWine. We ask the state legislature to restore these cuts to the governor's proposal:

- Child Care Capacity: An investment of \$150 million for child care scholarships for the direct care workforce, including early childhood professionals, and to support the opening of additional child care classrooms.
- Early Childhood Mental Health: An increased investment of \$20 million over the biennium to expand Early Childhood Mental Health Consultation that was reduced by \$10 million in the Ohio House.

At the same time, we celebrate the targeted investments that build upon the Governor's proposal and **ask the state** legislature to maintain the following investments and policies that were included in HB #33, as passed by the Ohio House:

- Targeted Infant & Toddler Child Care Capacity Building in Child Care Deserts: A new investment of \$30 million in state funds to address child care deserts, specifically in Appalachia and communities with high infant mortality rates, to provide safe and developmentally appropriate child care for infants and toddlers.
- Child Care Eligibility: An expansion of the state's publicly funded child care program from 142% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL) to 160%, which would result in more than 15,000 children and families gaining access to care.
- Preschool: An additional \$61 million per year in Early Childhood Education grants, estimated to expand preschool
 to an additional 15,250 3- and 4-year-olds.

Children cannot tell policymakers what they need to thrive, but we can. As child care professionals, we see the positive impacts of high-quality, accessible child care on our youngest citizens. We also see the harsh reality as the child care crisis continues to worsen. Providers can no longer hold this system together without meaningful investment that supports the child care infrastructure. Rebuilding and reinforcing the workforce behind the workforce is essential to Ohio's economic vitality and future strength.

Sincerely

Shannon Jones President & CEO, Groundwork Ohio

Julie Stone Executive Director, Ohio Head Start Association

Dustin Holfinger State Government Relations Director,

American Heart Association

Rachel Konerman
Executive Committee Chair,
Ohio Voices for Learning

Jennifer Dodge Executive Director, Child Care Resource Center

Nancy Mendez President & CEO, Starting Point

Tamara LunanCare Economy Organizing Director,
Ohio Organizing Collaborative

Sharon Sobol Jordan
President & CEO, United Way of
Greater Cleveland

Moira Weir President & CEO, United Way of Greater Cincinnati

Carrie Woody CEO, United Way of Fairfield County

Shannon Starkey-Taylor CEO, Learning Grove

Wendy Pestrue, J.D. *CEO, United Way of Greater Toledo*

Gloria Blevins

President, Black Child Development Institute Ohio

Todd Barnhouse CEO, Ohio Child Care Resource and Referral Association

Melissa Wervey Arnold CEO, Ohio Chapter-American Academy of Pediatrics

Vanessa Freytag President & CEO, 4C for Children

Scott Hasselman Executive Director, Early Childhood Resource Center

Dr. David JamesExecutive Director,
Summit Education Initiative

Kelley Griesmer President & CEO, The Women's Fund of Central Ohio

Mario Basora CEO, Future Ready Columbus

Robyn Lightcap Executive Director, Preschool Promise Dayton

Shawna Rohrman, Ph.D. Interim Director, Invest in Children

Hannah Halbert Executive Director, Policy Matters Ohio

Alicia Miller Executive Director, The Women's Fund of Greater Cincinnati Foundation **Qianna Tidmore & Kimberly Tice** Co-Executive Directors,

Ohio Association for the Education of Young Children

Kim Eckhart Interim Director, Children's Defense Fund-Ohio

Michelle Bieber President, Ohio Association of Child

Eric Karolak CEO,

Action for Children

Michelle Corrigan

Michelle Corrigan
Director, COAD4Kids
Corporation for Ohio
Appalachian Development

Marie Willins President, Southwest Ohio Association for the Education of Young Children

Chara Fisher Jackson Executive Director & CEO, Preschool Promise Cincinnati

Liz Brown President & CEO, YWCA Columbus

Michael Corey Executive Director, Human Services Chamber of Franklin County

Stephanie GeneseoAll Nestled Inn, Lawrence County
Family Child Care Provider

Dr. Thea WilsonVice President of Children & Families,
Step Forward

Step Forward

Dawna FogartyCEO,
Warren County Community
Services Inc.





Ohio Child Care Resource & Referral Association































Prioritize Investments in Child Care in the State Budget AN OPEN LETTER TO OHIO POLICYMAKERS



Dear Members of the Ohio General Assembly,

For businesses to compete, grow, and succeed—and for Ohio's economy to thrive—we must build a strong workforce foundation and pipeline for continually increasing participation.



The Ohio
Manufacturers'

The child care crisis facing our state is among the primary challenges in recruiting and retaining reliable and productive workers. Parents' decisions about work are greatly impacted by whether they have access to quality, affordable child care. The harsh reality is, in our state, they all-too-often do not.





As cited by the Ohio Chamber of Commerce, child care costs in Ohio are on average more costly than rent, with the cost ratio among the worst in the nation. There is also limited child care availability, with 60% of rural Ohioans and 30% of all Ohioans living in a "child care desert"—an area with more than 50 children under five and no providers, or an area with three times as many children as licensed child care slots.

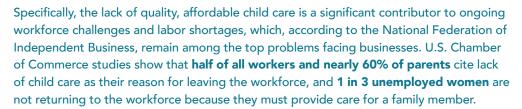




Make no mistake—this is a crisis that is also hamstringing our economy. In fact, the lack of quality child care for children ages three and younger is costing our country **\$122 billion a year** in lost earnings, productivity, and revenue, and Ohio's economy loses an estimated **\$3.9 billion per year** due to child care issues, according to the Council for a Strong America, ReadyNation Report from February 2023.











Our state and our businesses are in dire need of strategic state investment in early childhood education, as expanding access to publicly funded childcare will help more people enter and remain in the workforce. Not only will it address the workforce challenges of today, but access to quality early childhood education is a two-generation workforce approach that also prepares the future workforce for school, career, and lifelong success. Research shows these investments have a domino effect, with each step predictive of the next—from kindergarten readiness to third grade reading achievement to eighth grade math achievement to high school graduation to postsecondary attainment. Ultimately, public policy to improve outcomes for our youngest Ohioans will also ensure the workforce of tomorrow is prepared to excel and contribute to a thriving economy in the future.





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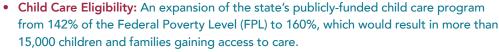
GDAHA

That is why we—business and community leaders from across the state of Ohio—are strongly urging our state legislature to protect and pass through the upcoming biennial budget the new investments to increase accessibility and affordability of quality early education proposed by Governor DeWine. This includes the following measures:

- 561.723/3
- child care scholarships and to increase infant and toddler child care capacity in communities throughout the state.

Child Care Capacity: An investment of \$150 million of state ARPA funds to provide







 Preschool: An additional \$46 million per year in Early Childhood Education grants, estimated to expand preschool to an additional 11,525 children under 200% FPL.



TOLEDO REGIONAL

YOUNGSTOWN

WARREN REGIONAL CHAMBER

Group



CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

Lima / Allen County

HAMBER

UNION COUNTY

DUNATUS

Every piece is important.

Helping the world thrive

Even with these targeted investments, too many children and their families will still be left out. They are just the beginning of what is needed to fully address the child care crisis facing kids, parents, and Ohio businesses, but they are a vital step in the right direction.

Sincerely,

Pat Tiberi

President & CEO Ohio Business Roundtable

Gordon Gough

President & CEO Ohio Council of Retail Merchants

Janetta King

Midwest Director Goldman Sachs 10,000 Small Businesses Voices

Kelly O'Reilly

Ohio Association of Health Plans

Rick Baxter

President Alliance Area Development & Alliance Chamber

Eric Kearney

President & CEO Greater Cincinnati | Northern Kentucky African American Chamber of Commerce

Don DePerro

President & CEO Columbus Chamber of Commerce

Deborah Feldman

President & CEO Dayton Children's Hospital

Timothy Dutton

Executive Vice President Kettering Health

Wendy Gramza

President & CEO Toledo Regional Chamber of Commerce

Jane Grote Abell

Chief Purpose Officer & Chairwoman Donatos Pizza

Robert E. O'Neill

President & Founde Southgate Corporation

John Pepper

Former CEO Proctor & Gamble

Steve Stivers

President & CEO Ohio Chamber of Commerce

John Barker

President & CEO Ohio Restaurant Association

Shannon Jones

President & CEO Groundwork Ohio

Todd Baker

Chief Executive Officer Ohio State Medical Association

Kristin Miller

President Athens Area Chamber of Commerce

Brendon Cull

President & CEO Cincinnati USA Regional Chamber

Kenny McDonald

President & CEO Columbus Partnership

Sarah Hackenbracht

President & CEO Greater Dayton Area Hospital Association

Jennifer McDonald

President & CEO Licking County Chamber of Commerce

Eric Phillips

Union County Chamber of Commerce

Tanny Crane

President & CEO Crane Group

Jim Spurlino

Spurlino Materials

Chris Burns

Ohio Businessman Parent & Grandparent of two young boys

Ryan Augsburger

Ohio Manufacturers' Association

Kristin Mullins

President & CEO Ohio Grocers Association

Lisa Gray

President Ohio Excels

Steve Millard

President & CEO Greater Akron Chamber of Commerce

Dennis P. Saunier

President & CEO Canton Regional Chamber of Commerce

Baiju Shah

President & CEO Greater Cleveland Partnership

Chris Kershner

President & CEO Dayton Area Chamber of Commerce

Dan Bates

President & CEO Greater Hamilton Chamber of Commerce

Jed Metzger

President & CEO

Lima/Allen County Chamber of Commerce

Guy Coviello

President & CEO Youngstown/Warren Regional Chamber

Kettering

Coastal products

Jim Stout

Coastal Pet Products, Inc.

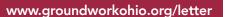
Trishia Hauck Dayton Facility Manager

Megan Riddlebarger

Executive Director Corp. for Ohio Appalachian Development







moved to amend as follows: 1 After line 160341a, insert: 2 "5CV3 6006A7 ARPA Childcare \$150,000,000 \$0" In line 160347, add \$150,000,000 to fiscal year 2024 3 In line 160376, add \$150,000,000 to fiscal year 2024 4 5 After line 160806, insert: 6 "Section 307.230. ARPA CHILDCARE 7 Of the foregoing appropriation item 6006A7, ARPA Childcare, 8 \$150,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 shall be used by the Ohio 9 Department of Job and Family Services, in consultation with the 10 Department of Children and Youth, to do both of the following: 11 (A) Establish a child care scholarship for critical 12 occupations and other direct service professionals as identified consultation with the Governor's Office of 13 Workforce 14 Transformation. Individuals awarded scholarships shall have incomes that are less than 200 per cent of the federal poverty 15 16 level; and 17 (B) Increase access to licensed child care programs for 18 infants and toddlers with priority for those in rural and urban 19 areas and to streamline administrative efficiency of the child

SC0329

- 20 care program, in accordance with the program guidelines for the
- 21 use of these funds provided by the U.S. Department of the
- 22 Treasury."
- 23 The motion was _____ agreed to.
- 24 SYNOPSIS
- 25 Department of Job and Family Services
- 26 Sections 307.10 and 307.230
- 27 Restores an As Introduced appropriation of \$150,000,000 in FY 2024 in Fund 5CV3 ALI 6006A7, ARPA Childcare. Restores As 28 29 Introduced language requiring the funds to be used by ODJFS, in consultation with DCY, to (1) establish a child care scholarship 30 for critical occupations and other direct service professionals 31 32 for individuals with incomes that are less than 200% of the federal poverty level and (2) increase access to licensed child 33 34 care programs for infants and toddlers with priority for those 35 in rural and urban areas and to streamline administrative 36 efficiency of the child care program.

Legislative Service Commission -2-