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Sub. H. B. No. 4

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Representatives Sprague, Rezabek

Cosponsors: Representatives Gonzales, Huffman, Antonio, Barnes, Bishoff, Brown, Butler, Ginter, Johnson, T., LaTourette, Lepore-Hagan, Ramos, Sears, Schuring, Sykes, Amstutz, Anielski, Antani, Baker, Blessing, Boose, Brenner, Buchy, Burkley, Celebrezze, Cera, Conditt, Craig, Curtin, Derickson, Dever,
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Senators Hottinger, Jones, Tavares, Brown, Hite, Beagle

A BILL

То	amend sections 2925.61, 3719.13, 3719.27,	1
	4723.488, 4729.01, 4729.16, 4729.29, 4729.291,	2
	4729.51, 4729.60, 4730.431, 4731.94, and	3
	5119.371 and to enact sections 3707.56,	4
	4729.292, 4729.44, 4731.941, 4731.942, and	5
	5119.372 of the Revised Code to modify the laws	6
	governing the authority to dispense or furnish	7
	naloxone for opioid overdoses, to establish	8
	standards for certain opioid treatment programs,	9
	and to declare an emergency.	10

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Sect	ion 1. Th	at sectior	ns 2925.6	1, 3719.13	, 3719.27	1	11
4723.488,	4729.01,	4729.16,	4729.29,	4729.291,	4729.51,	4729.60,	12

4730.431, 4731.94, and 5119.371 be amended and sections 3707.56, 13 4729.292, 4729.44, 4731.941, 4731.942, and 5119.372 of the 14 Revised Code be enacted to read as follows: 15 Sec. 2925.61. (A) As used in this section: 16 (1) "Administer naloxone" means to give naloxone to a 17 person by either of the following routes: 18 19 (a) Using a device manufactured for the intranasal administration of liquid drugs; 20 21 (b) Using an autoinjector in a manufactured dosage form. (2) "Law enforcement agency" means a government entity 22 that employs peace officers to perform law enforcement duties. 23 (3) (2) "Licensed health professional" means all of the 24 following: 25 (a) A physician who is authorized under Chapter 4731. of 26 the Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic 27 28 medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery; (b) A physician assistant who holds a certificate to 29 prescribe issued under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code; 30 (c) A clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife, 31 or certified nurse practitioner who holds a certificate to 32 prescribe issued under section 4723.48 of the Revised Code. 33 (4) (3) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section 34 2921.51 of the Revised Code. 35 (4) "Physician" means an individual who is authorized 36 under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and 37 surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine 38 and surgery. 39

(B) A family member, friend, or other individual who is in
a position to assist an individual who is apparently
experiencing or at risk of experiencing an opioid-related
overdose, is not subject to criminal prosecution for a violation
of section 4731.41 of the Revised Code or criminal prosecution
under this chapter if the individual, acting in good faith, does
all of the following:

(1) Obtains naloxone from a licensed health professional 47 or pursuant to a prescription for naloxone from issued by a 48 licensed health professional or obtains naloxone from one of the 49 following: a licensed health professional, an individual who is 50 authorized by a physician under section 4731.941 of the Revised 51 Code to personally furnish naloxone, or a pharmacist or pharmacy 52 intern who is authorized by a physician or board of health under 53 section 4729.44 of the Revised Code to dispense naloxone without 54 a prescription; 55

(2) Administers that the naloxone obtained as described in
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 division (B) (1) of this section to an individual who is
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 apparently experiencing an opioid-related overdose;
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(3) Attempts to summon emergency services <u>as soon as</u>
 <u>practicable</u> either <u>immediately</u> before or <u>immediately</u> after
 administering the naloxone.

(C) Division (B) of this section does not apply to a peace
62 officer or to an emergency medical technician-basic, emergency
63 medical technician-intermediate, or emergency medical
64 technician-paramedic, as defined in section 4765.01 of the
65 Revised Code.

(D) A peace officer employed by a law enforcement agency67is not subject to administrative action, criminal prosecution68

for a violation of section 4731.41 of the Revised Code, or criminal prosecution under this chapter if the peace officer, acting in good faith, obtains naloxone from the peace officer's law enforcement agency and administers the naloxone to an individual who is apparently experiencing an opioid-related overdose.

Sec. 3707.56. (A) As used in this section, "board of75health" means a board of health of a city or general health76district or the authority having the duties of a board of health77under section 3709.05 of the Revised Code.78

(B) A board of health, through a physician serving as the79board's health commissioner or medical director, may authorize80pharmacists and pharmacy interns working in the board's81jurisdiction to use the protocol developed pursuant to rules82adopted under section 4729.44 of the Revised Code for the83purpose of dispensing naloxone under section 4729.44 of the84Revised Code.85

Sec. 3719.13. Prescriptions, orders, and records, required 86 by Chapter 3719. of the Revised Code, and stocks of dangerous 87 drugs and controlled substances, shall be open for inspection 88 only to federal, state, county, and municipal officers, and 89 employees of the state board of pharmacy whose duty it is to 90 enforce the laws of this state or of the United States relating 91 to controlled substances. Such prescriptions, orders, records, 92 and stocks shall be open for inspection by employees of the 93 state medical board for purposes of enforcing Chapters 4730. and 94 4731. of the Revised Code-and, employees of the board of 95 nursing for purposes of enforcing Chapter 4723. of the Revised 96 Code, and employees of the department of mental health and 97 addiction services for purposes of section 5119.372 of the 98

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Revised Code.No person having knowledge of any such99prescription, order, or record shall divulge such knowledge,100except in connection with a prosecution or proceeding in court101or before a licensing or registration board or officer, to which102prosecution or proceeding the person to whom such prescriptions,103orders, or records relate is a party.104

Sec. 3719.27. (A) Persons required, by Chapter 3719. of 105 the Revised Code, to keep files or records shall, upon the 106 written request of an officer or employee designated by the 107 state board of pharmacy, make such files or records available to 108 such officer or employee, at all reasonable hours, for 109 inspection and copying, and accord to such officer or employee 110 full opportunity to check the correctness of such files or 111 records, including opportunity to make inventory of all stocks 112 of controlled substances on hand. No person shall fail to make 113 such files or records available or to accord such opportunity to 114 check their correctness. 115

(B) Persons required by Chapter 3719. of the Revised Code 116 to keep files or records shall, upon the written request of an 117 employee designated by the director of mental health and 118 addiction services, make such files or records available to the 119 employee for the purpose of section 5119.372 of the Revised 120 Code, at all reasonable hours, for inspection and copying, and 121 accord to such employee full opportunity to check the 122 correctness of such files or records. No person shall fail to 123 make such files or records available or to accord such 124 opportunity to check their correctness. 125

Sec. 4723.488. (A) Notwithstanding any provision of this126chapter or rule adopted by the board of nursing, a clinical127nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife, or certified nurse128

practitioner who holds a certificate to prescribe issued under129section 4723.48 of the Revised Code may personally furnish a130supply of naloxone, or issue a prescription for naloxone,131without having examined the individual to whom it may be132administered if all_both_of the following conditions are met:133

(1) The naloxone supply is furnished to, or the
prescription is issued to and in the name of, a family member,
friend, or other individual in a position to assist an
individual who there is reason to believe is at risk of
experiencing an opioid-related overdose.

(2) The nurse instructs the individual receiving the
naloxone supply or prescription to summon emergency services <u>as</u>
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<u>soon as practicable</u> either <u>immediately</u> before or <u>immediately</u>
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after administering naloxone to an individual apparently
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experiencing an opioid-related overdose.

(3) The naloxone is personally furnished or prescribed in144such a manner that it may be administered by only either of the145following routes:146

(a) Using a device manufactured for the intranasal147administration of liquid drugs;148

(b) Using an autoinjector in a manufactured dosage form. 149

(B) A nurse who under division (A) of this section in good
faith furnishes a supply of naloxone or issues a prescription
for naloxone is not liable for or subject to any of the
following for any action or omission of the individual to whom
the naloxone is furnished or the prescription is issued: damages
in any civil action, prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or
professional disciplinary action.

Sec. 4729.01. As used in this chapter: 157

(A) "Pharmacy," except when used in a context that refers 158 to the practice of pharmacy, means any area, room, rooms, place 159 of business, department, or portion of any of the foregoing 160 where the practice of pharmacy is conducted. 161 (B) "Practice of pharmacy" means providing pharmacist care 162 requiring specialized knowledge, judgment, and skill derived 163 from the principles of biological, chemical, behavioral, social, 164 pharmaceutical, and clinical sciences. As used in this division, 165 "pharmacist care" includes the following: 166 (1) Interpreting prescriptions; 167 (2) Dispensing drugs and drug therapy related devices; 168 (3) Compounding drugs; 169 (4) Counseling individuals with regard to their drug 170 therapy, recommending drug therapy related devices, and 171 assisting in the selection of drugs and appliances for treatment 172 of common diseases and injuries and providing instruction in the 173 proper use of the drugs and appliances; 174 (5) Performing drug regimen reviews with individuals by 175 discussing all of the drugs that the individual is taking and 176 explaining the interactions of the drugs; 177 (6) Performing drug utilization reviews with licensed 178 health professionals authorized to prescribe drugs when the 179

nearth professionals authorized to prescribe drugs when the179pharmacist determines that an individual with a prescription has180a drug regimen that warrants additional discussion with the181prescriber;182(7) Advising an individual and the health care183professionals treating an individual with regard to the184individual's drug therapy;185

(8) Acting pursuant to a consult agreement with a	186
physician authorized under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to	187
practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and	188
surgery, if an agreement has been established with the	189
physician;	190
(9) Engaging in the administration of immunizations to the	191
extent authorized by section 4729.41 of the Revised Code.	192
(C) "Compounding" means the preparation, mixing,	193
assembling, packaging, and labeling of one or more drugs in any	194
of the following circumstances:	195
(1) Pursuant to a prescription issued by a licensed health	196
professional authorized to prescribe drugs;	197
(2) Pursuant to the modification of a prescription made in	198
accordance with a consult agreement;	199
(3) As an incident to research, teaching activities, or	200
chemical analysis;	201
(4) In anticipation of orders for drugs pursuant to	202
prescriptions, based on routine, regularly observed dispensing	203
patterns;	204
(5) Pursuant to a request made by a licensed health	205
professional authorized to prescribe drugs for a drug that is to	206
be used by the professional for the purpose of direct	207
administration to patients in the course of the professional's	208
practice, if all of the following apply:	209
(a) At the time the memory is made the down is not	21.0
(a) At the time the request is made, the drug is not	210
commercially available regardless of the reason that the drug is	211
not available, including the absence of a manufacturer for the	212
drug or the lack of a readily available supply of the drug from	213

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a manufacturer.	214
(b) A limited quantity of the drug is compounded and	215
provided to the professional.	216
(c) The drug is compounded and provided to the	217
professional as an occasional exception to the normal practice	218
of dispensing drugs pursuant to patient-specific prescriptions.	219
(D) "Consult agreement" means an agreement to manage an	220
individual's drug therapy that has been entered into by a	221
pharmacist and a physician authorized under Chapter 4731. of the	222
Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic	223
medicine and surgery.	224
(E) "Drug" means:	225
(1) Any article recognized in the United States	226
pharmacopoeia and national formulary, or any supplement to them,	227
intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment,	228
or prevention of disease in humans or animals;	229
(2) Any other article intended for use in the diagnosis,	230
cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in humans	231
or animals;	232
(3) Any article, other than food, intended to affect the	233
structure or any function of the body of humans or animals;	234
(4) Any article intended for use as a component of any	235
article specified in division (E)(1), (2), or (3) of this	236
section; but does not include devices or their components,	237
parts, or accessories.	238
(F) "Dangerous drug" means any of the following:	239
(1) Any drug to which either of the following applies:	240

(a) Under the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52	241
Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended, the drug is	242
required to bear a label containing the legend "Caution: Federal	243
law prohibits dispensing without prescription" or "Caution:	244
Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a	245
licensed veterinarian" or any similar restrictive statement, or	246
the drug may be dispensed only upon a prescription;	247
(b) Under Chapter 3715. or 3719. of the Revised Code, the	248
drug may be dispensed only upon a prescription.	249
(2) Any drug that contains a schedule V controlled	250
substance and that is exempt from Chapter 3719. of the Revised	251
Code or to which that chapter does not apply;	252
(3) Any drug intended for administration by injection into	253
the human body other than through a natural orifice of the human	254
body.	255
(G) "Federal drug abuse control laws" has the same meaning	256
as in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	257
(H) "Prescription" means-a both of the following:	258
(1) A written, electronic, or oral order for drugs or	259
combinations or mixtures of drugs to be used by a particular	260
individual or for treating a particular animal, issued by a	261
licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs;	262
(2) For purposes of section 2925.61, 4723.488, 4729.44,	263
4730.431, and 4731.94 of the Revised Code, a written,	264
electronic, or oral order for naloxone issued to and in the name	265
of a family member, friend, or other individual in a position to	266
assist an individual who there is reason to believe is at risk	267
of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	268

(I) "Licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	269
drugs" or "prescriber" means an individual who is authorized by	270
law to prescribe drugs or dangerous drugs or drug therapy	271
related devices in the course of the individual's professional	272
practice, including only the following:	273
(1) A dentist licensed under Chapter 4715. of the Revised	274
Code;	275
(2) A clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife,	276
or certified nurse practitioner who holds a certificate to	277
prescribe issued under section 4723.48 of the Revised Code;	278
(3) An optometrist licensed under Chapter 4725. of the	279
Revised Code to practice optometry under a therapeutic	280
pharmaceutical agents certificate;	281
(4) A physician authorized under Chapter 4731. of the	282
Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic	283
medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery;	284
(5) A physician assistant who holds a certificate to	285
prescribe issued under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code;	286
(6) A veterinarian licensed under Chapter 4741. of the	287
Revised Code.	288
(J) "Sale" and "sell" include delivery, transfer, barter,	289
exchange, or gift, or offer therefor, and each such transaction	290
made by any person, whether as principal proprietor, agent, or	291
employee.	292
(K) "Wholesale sale" and "sale at wholesale" mean any sale	293
in which the purpose of the purchaser is to resell the article	294
purchased or received by the purchaser.	295
(L) "Retail sale" and "sale at retail" mean any sale other	296

than a wholesale sale or sale at wholesale.	297
(M) "Retail seller" means any person that sells any	298
dangerous drug to consumers without assuming control over and	299
responsibility for its administration. Mere advice or	300
instructions regarding administration do not constitute control	301
or establish responsibility.	302
(N) "Price information" means the price charged for a	303
prescription for a particular drug product and, in an easily	304
understandable manner, all of the following:	305
(1) The proprietary name of the drug product;	306
(2) The established (generic) name of the drug product;	307
(3) The strength of the drug product if the product	308
contains a single active ingredient or if the drug product	309
contains more than one active ingredient and a relevant strength	310
can be associated with the product without indicating each	311
active ingredient. The established name and quantity of each	312
active ingredient are required if such a relevant strength	313
cannot be so associated with a drug product containing more than	314
one ingredient.	315
(4) The dosage form;	316
(5) The price charged for a specific quantity of the drug	317
product. The stated price shall include all charges to the	318
consumer, including, but not limited to, the cost of the drug	319
product, professional fees, handling fees, if any, and a	320
statement identifying professional services routinely furnished	321
by the pharmacy. Any mailing fees and delivery fees may be	322
stated separately without repetition. The information shall not	323
be false or misleading.	324

(0) "Wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs" means a
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 person engaged in the sale of dangerous drugs at wholesale and
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 includes any agent or employee of such a person authorized by
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 the person to engage in the sale of dangerous drugs at
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 wholesale.

(P) "Manufacturer of dangerous drugs" means a person,
other than a pharmacist, who manufactures dangerous drugs and
who is engaged in the sale of those dangerous drugs within this
state.

(Q) "Terminal distributor of dangerous drugs" means a 334 person who is engaged in the sale of dangerous drugs at retail, 335 or any person, other than a wholesale distributor or a 336 pharmacist, who has possession, custody, or control of dangerous 337 drugs for any purpose other than for that person's own use and 338 consumption, and includes pharmacies, hospitals, nursing homes, 339 and laboratories and all other persons who procure dangerous 340 drugs for sale or other distribution by or under the supervision 341 of a pharmacist or licensed health professional authorized to 342 343 prescribe drugs.

(R) "Promote to the public" means disseminating a 344
representation to the public in any manner or by any means, 345
other than by labeling, for the purpose of inducing, or that is 346
likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the purchase of a 347
dangerous drug at retail. 348

(S) "Person" includes any individual, partnership,
association, limited liability company, or corporation, the
state, any political subdivision of the state, and any district,
department, or agency of the state or its political
subdivisions.

(T) "Finished dosage form" has the same meaning as in	354
section 3715.01 of the Revised Code.	355
(U) "Generically equivalent drug" has the same meaning as	356
in section 3715.01 of the Revised Code.	357
(V) "Animal shelter" means a facility operated by a humane	358
society or any society organized under Chapter 1717. of the	359
Revised Code or a dog pound operated pursuant to Chapter 955. of	360
the Revised Code.	361
(W) "Food" has the same meaning as in section 3715.01 of	362
the Revised Code.	363
(X) "Pain management clinic" has the same meaning as in	364
section 4731.054 of the Revised Code.	365
Sec. 4729.16. (A) The state board of pharmacy, after	366
notice and hearing in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	367
Revised Code, may revoke, suspend, limit, place on probation, or	368
refuse to grant or renew an identification card, or may impose a	369
monetary penalty or forfeiture not to exceed in severity any	370
fine designated under the Revised Code for a similar offense, or	371
in the case of a violation of a section of the Revised Code that	372
does not bear a penalty, a monetary penalty or forfeiture of not	373
more than five hundred dollars, if the board finds a pharmacist	374
or pharmacy intern:	375
(1) Guilty of a felony or gross immorality;	376
(2) Guilty of dishonesty or unprofessional conduct in the	377
practice of pharmacy;	378
(3) Addicted to or abusing liquor or drugs or impaired	379
physically or mentally to such a degree as to render the	380
pharmacist or pharmacy intern unfit to practice pharmacy;	381

(4) Has been convicted of a misdemeanor related to, or	382
committed in, the practice of pharmacy;	383
(5) Guilty of willfully violating, conspiring to violate,	384
attempting to violate, or aiding and abetting the violation of	385
any of the provisions of this chapter, sections 3715.52 to	386
3715.72 of the Revised Code, Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the	387
Revised Code, or any rule adopted by the board under those	388
provisions;	389
(6) Guilty of permitting anyone other than a pharmacist or	390
pharmacy intern to practice pharmacy;	391
(7) Guilty of knowingly lending the pharmacist's or	392
pharmacy intern's name to an illegal practitioner of pharmacy or	393
having professional connection with an illegal practitioner of	394
pharmacy;	395
(8) Guilty of dividing or agreeing to divide remuneration	396
made in the practice of pharmacy with any other individual,	397
including, but not limited to, any licensed health professional	398
authorized to prescribe drugs or any owner, manager, or employee	399
of a health care facility, residential care facility, or nursing	400
home;	401
(9) Has violated the terms of a consult agreement entered	402
into pursuant to section 4729.39 of the Revised Code;	403
(10) Has committed fraud, misrepresentation, or deception	404
in applying for or securing a license or identification card	405
issued by the board under this chapter or under Chapter 3715. or	406
3719. of the Revised Code.	407
(B) Any individual whose identification card is revoked,	408
(B) Any individual whose identification card is revoked, suspended, or refused, shall return the identification card and	408 409
license to the offices of the state board of pharmacy within ten	409
recense to the offices of the state board of phatmacy within tell	410

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days after receipt of notice of such action.	411
(C) As used in this section:	412
"Unprofessional conduct in the practice of pharmacy"	413
includes any of the following:	414
(1) Advertising or displaying signs that promote dangerous	415
drugs to the public in a manner that is false or misleading;	416
(2) Except as provided in section 4729.281 <u>or 4729.44</u> of	417
the Revised Code, the <u>dispensing or</u> sale of any drug for which a	418
prescription is required, without having received a prescription	419
for the drug;	420
(3) Knowingly dispensing medication pursuant to false or	421
forged prescriptions;	422
(4) Knowingly failing to maintain complete and accurate	423
records of all dangerous drugs received or dispensed in	424
compliance with federal laws and regulations and state laws and	425
rules;	426
(5) Obtaining any remuneration by fraud,	427
misrepresentation, or deception.	428
(D) The board may suspend a license or identification card	429
under division (B) of section 3719.121 of the Revised Code by	430
utilizing a telephone conference call to review the allegations	431
and take a vote.	432
(E) If, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 119. of	433
the Revised Code, the board has reasonable cause to believe that	434
a pharmacist or pharmacy intern is physically or mentally	435
impaired, the board may require the pharmacist or pharmacy	436
intern to submit to a physical or mental examination, or both.	437

Sec. 4729.29. Divisions (A) and (B) of section 4729.01 and	438
section 4729.28 of the Revised Code do not do any of the	439
following:	440
(A) Apply to a licensed health professional authorized to	441
prescribe drugs who is acting within the prescriber's scope of	442
professional practice;	443
(B) Prevent a prescriber from personally furnishing the	444
prescriber's patients with drugs, within the prescriber's scope	445
of professional practice, that seem proper to the prescriber, as	446
long as the drugs are furnished in accordance with section	447
4729.291 of the Revised Code;	448
(C) Apply to an individual who personally furnishes a	449
supply of naloxone under authority conferred by a physician	450
under section 4731.941 of the Revised Code or prevent that	451
individual from personally furnishing the supply of naloxone in	452
accordance with a protocol established by the physician under	453
section 4731.942 of the Revised Code;	454
(D) Apply to the sale of oxygen, the sale of peritoneal	455
dialysis solutions, or the sale of drugs that are not dangerous	456
drugs by a retail dealer, in original packages when labeled as	457
required by the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52 Stat.	458
1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended.	459
Sec. 4729.291. (A) When a licensed health professional	460
authorized to prescribe drugs personally furnishes drugs to a	461
patient pursuant to division (B) of section 4729.29 of the	462
Revised Code, the prescriber shall ensure that the drugs are	463
labeled and packaged in accordance with state and federal drug	464
laws and any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to those	465
laws. Records of purchase and disposition of all drugs	466

personally furnished to patients shall be maintained by the	467
prescriber in accordance with state and federal drug statutes	468
and any rules adopted pursuant to those statutes.	469
(B) When personally furnishing to a patient RU-486	470
(mifepristone), a prescriber is subject to section 2919.123 of	471
the Revised Code. A prescription for RU-486 (mifepristone) shall	472
be in writing and in accordance with section 2919.123 of the	473
Revised Code.	474
(C)(1) Except as provided in division <u>divisions</u>(D) and	475
(E) of this section, no prescriber shall do either of the	476
following:	477
10110 ming.	1,,
(a) In any thirty-day period, personally furnish to or for	478
patients, taken as a whole, controlled substances in an amount	479
that exceeds a total of two thousand five hundred dosage units;	480
(b) In any seventy-two-hour period, personally furnish to	481
or for a patient an amount of a controlled substance that	482
exceeds the amount necessary for the patient's use in a seventy-	483
two-hour period.	484
(2) The state board of pharmacy may impose a fine of not	485
more than five thousand dollars on a prescriber who fails to	486
comply with the limits established under division (C)(1) of this	487
section. A separate fine may be imposed for each instance of	488
failing to comply with the limits. In imposing the fine, the	489
board's actions shall be taken in accordance with Chapter 119.	490
of the Revised Code.	491
(D) (1) None of the following shall be counted in	492
determining whether the amounts specified in division (C)(1) of	493
this section have been exceeded:	494
(a) (1) Methadone provided personally furnished to	495

patients for the purpose of treating drug dependence or	496
addiction, if the prescriber meets the conditions specified in	497
21 C.F.R. 1306.07;	498
(b) (2) Buprenorphine provided personally furnished to	499
patients for the purpose of treating drug dependence or	500
addiction as part of an opioid treatment program that <u>possesses</u>	501
a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs license issued under_	502
section 4729.54 of the Revised Code, is the subject of a	503
current, valid certification from the substance abuse and mental	504
health services administration of the United States department	505
of health and human services pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 8.11 $_{m L}$ and	506
distributes both buprenorphine meets either of the following	507
<u>criteria:</u>	508
(a) Buprenorphine and methadone+ are personally furnished	509
by physicians treating patients participating in the program.	510
(b) Buprenorphine, but not methadone, is personally	511
furnished by physicians treating patients participating in the	512
program, the program is accredited by a national accrediting	513
organization approved by the substance abuse and mental health	514
services administration, the service of personally furnishing	515
buprenorphine has, notwithstanding section 5119.371 of the	516
Revised Code, been certified by the department of mental health	517
and addiction services under section 5119.36 of the Revised	518
Code, and the program maintains in the record of a patient to	519
whom buprenorphine has been administered or personally furnished	520
a copy of the physician's signed and dated written order for	521
that act.	522
(c) Controlled substances provided personally furnished to	523
research subjects by a facility conducting clinical research in	524

research subjects by a facility conducting clinical research in 524 studies approved by a hospital-based institutional review board 525

or an institutional review board accredited by the association	526
for the accreditation of human research protection programs.	527
$\frac{(2)}{(E)}$ Division (C)(1) of this section does not apply to	528
a prescriber who is a veterinarian.	529
Sec. 4729.292. The state board of pharmacy shall annually	530
conduct an on-site inspection of a community mental health	531
services provider or community addiction services provider that	532
is an opioid treatment program described in division (D)(2)(b)	533
of section 4729.291 of the Revised Code.	534
Sec. 4729.44. (A) As used in this section:	535
(1) "Board of health" means a board of health of a city or	536
general health district or an authority having the duties of a	537
board of health under section 3709.05 of the Revised Code.	538
(2) "Physician" means an individual authorized under	539
Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and	540
surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine	541
and surgery.	542
(B) If use of the protocol developed pursuant to rules	543
adopted under division (G) of this section has been authorized	544
under section 3707.56 or 4731.942 of the Revised Code, a	545
pharmacist or pharmacy intern may dispense naloxone without a	546
prescription to either of the following in accordance with that	547
protocol:	548
(1) An individual who there is reason to believe is	549
experiencing or at risk of experiencing an opioid-related	550
overdose;	551
(2) A family member, friend, or other person in a position	552
to assist an individual who there is reason to believe is at	553

risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	554
(C) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern who dispenses naloxone	555
under this section shall instruct the individual to whom	556
naloxone is dispensed to summon emergency services as soon as	557
practicable either before or after administering naloxone.	558
(D) A pharmacist may document the dispensing of naloxone	559
by the pharmacist or a pharmacy intern supervised by the	560
pharmacist on a prescription form. The form may be assigned a	561
number for record-keeping purposes.	562
(E) This section does not affect the authority of a	563
pharmacist or pharmacy intern to fill or refill a prescription	564
for naloxone.	565
(F) A board of health that in good faith authorizes a	566
pharmacist or pharmacy intern to dispense naloxone without a	567
prescription in accordance with a protocol developed pursuant to	568
rules adopted under division (G) of this section is not liable	569
for or subject to any of the following for any action or	570
omission of the individual to whom the naloxone is dispensed:	571
damages in any civil action, prosecution in any criminal	572
proceeding, or professional disciplinary action.	573
A physician who in good faith authorizes a pharmacist or	574
pharmacy intern to dispense naloxone without a prescription in	575
accordance with a protocol developed pursuant to rules adopted	576
under division (G) of this section is not liable for or subject	577
to any of the following for any action or omission of the	578
individual to whom the naloxone is dispensed: damages in any	579
civil action, prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or	580
professional disciplinary action.	581
A pharmacist or pharmacy intern authorized under this	582

|--|

section to dispense naloxone without a prescription who does so	583
in good faith is not liable for or subject to any of the	584
following for any action or omission of the individual to whom	585
the naloxone is dispensed: damages in any civil action,	586
prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or professional	587
disciplinary action.	588
(G) The state board of pharmacy shall, after consulting	589
with the department of health and state medical board, adopt	590
rules to implement this section. The rules shall specify a	591
protocol under which pharmacists or pharmacy interns may	592
dispense naloxone without a prescription.	593
All rules adopted under this section shall be adopted in	594
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	595
Sec. 4729.51. (A)(1) Except as provided in division (A)(2)	596
of this section, no person other than a registered wholesale	597
distributor of dangerous drugs shall possess for sale, sell,	598
distribute, or deliver, at wholesale, dangerous drugs, except as	599
follows:	600
(a) A pharmacist who is a licensed terminal distributor of	601
dangerous drugs or who is employed by a licensed terminal	602
distributor of dangerous drugs may make occasional sales of	603
dangerous drugs at wholesale ;	604
······································	
(b) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	605
having more than one establishment or place may transfer or	606
deliver dangerous drugs from one establishment or place for	607
which a license has been issued to the terminal distributor to	608
another establishment or place for which a license has been	609
issued to the terminal distributor if the license issued for	610
each establishment or place is in effect at the time of the	611

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transfer or delivery.	612
<u>(c) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs may</u>	613
make occasional sales of naloxone at wholesale to a state or	614
local law enforcement agency if the terminal distributor is any	615
of the following:	616
(i) A board of health of a city or general health	617
<u>district;</u>	618
(ii) An authority having the duties of a board of health	619
under section 3709.05 of the Revised Code;	620
(iii) A health department operated by such board or	621
authority.	622
(2) A manufacturer of dangerous drugs may donate	623
epinephrine autoinjectors to any of the following:	624
(a) The board of education of a city, local, exempted	625
village, or joint vocational school district;	626
(b) A community school established under Chapter 3314. of	627
the Revised Code;	628
(c) A STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the	629
Revised Code;	630
(d) A college-preparatory boarding school established	631
under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code;	632
(e) A chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school.	633
(B)(1) No registered wholesale distributor of dangerous	634
drugs shall possess for sale, or sell, at wholesale, dangerous	635
drugs to any person other than the following:	636
(a) Except as provided in division (B)(2)(a) of this	637
section, a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	638

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	(20)
drugs;	639
(b) An optometrist licensed under Chapter 4725. of the	640
Revised Code who holds a topical ocular pharmaceutical agents	641
certificate;	642
(c) A registered wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs;	643
(d) A manufacturer of dangerous drugs;	644
(e) Subject to division (B)(3) of this section, a licensed	645
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs;	646
(f) Carriers or warehouses for the purpose of carriage or	647
storage;	648
(g) Terminal or wholesale distributors of dangerous drugs	649
who are not engaged in the sale of dangerous drugs within this	650
state;	651
(h) An individual who holds a current license,	652
certificate, or registration issued under Title XLVII of the	653
Revised Code and has been certified to conduct diabetes	654
education by a national certifying body specified in rules	655
adopted by the state board of pharmacy under section 4729.68 of	656
the Revised Code, but only with respect to insulin that will be	657
used for the purpose of diabetes education and only if diabetes	658
education is within the individual's scope of practice under	659
statutes and rules regulating the individual's profession;	660
(i) An individual who holds a valid certificate issued by	661
a nationally recognized S.C.U.B.A. diving certifying	662
organization approved by the state board of pharmacy in rule,	663
but only with respect to medical oxygen that will be used for	664
the purpose of emergency care or treatment at the scene of a	665
diving emergency;	666

(j) Except as provided in division (B)(2)(b) of this 667 section, a business entity that is a corporation formed under 668 division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited 669 liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised 670 Code, or a professional association formed under Chapter 1785. 671 of the Revised Code if the entity has a sole shareholder who is 672 a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs and 673 is authorized to provide the professional services being offered 674 by the entity; 675

(k) Except as provided in division (B)(2)(c) of this 676 section, a business entity that is a corporation formed under 677 division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited 678 liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised 679 Code, a partnership or a limited liability partnership formed 680 under Chapter 1775. of the Revised Code, or a professional 681 association formed under Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code, if, 682 to be a shareholder, member, or partner, an individual is 683 required to be licensed, certified, or otherwise legally 684 authorized under Title XLVII of the Revised Code to perform the 685 professional service provided by the entity and each such 686 individual is a licensed health professional authorized to 687 prescribe drugs; 688

(1) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be 689 possessed under section 3313.7110, 3313.7111, 3314.143, 3326.28, 690 or 3328.29 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board 691 of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint 692 vocational school district; a chartered or nonchartered 693 nonpublic school; a community school established under Chapter 694 3314. of the Revised Code; a STEM school established under 695 Chapter 3326. of the Revised Code; or a college-preparatory 696 boarding school established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised 697

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Code;

(m) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be 699 possessed under section 5101.76 of the Revised Code, any of the 700 following: a residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of 701 the Revised Code; a child day camp, as defined in section 702 5104.01 of the Revised Code; or a child day camp operated by any 703 county, township, municipal corporation, township park district 704 created under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district 705 created under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint 706 recreation district established under section 755.14 of the 707 Revised Code; 708

(n) With respect to naloxone that may be possessed under
section 2925.61 of the Revised Code, a law enforcement agency
and its peace officers.
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(2) No registered wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs
shall possess for sale, or sell, at wholesale, dangerous drugs
to any of the following:

(a) A prescriber who is employed by a pain management
clinic that is not licensed as a terminal distributor of
dangerous drugs with a pain management clinic classification
issued under section 4729.552 of the Revised Code;

(b) A business entity described in division (B)(1)(j) of
719
this section that is, or is operating, a pain management clinic
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without a license as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs
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with a pain management clinic classification issued under
722
section 4729.552 of the Revised Code;
723

(c) A business entity described in division (B) (1) (k) of
this section that is, or is operating, a pain management clinic
without a license as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs
726

with a pain management clinic classification issued under	727
section 4729.552 of the Revised Code.	728
(3) No registered wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs	729
shall possess dangerous drugs for sale at wholesale, or sell	730
such drugs at wholesale, to a licensed terminal distributor of	731
dangerous drugs, except as follows:	732
	700
(a) In the case of a terminal distributor with a category	733
I license, only dangerous drugs described in category I, as	734
defined in division (A)(1) of section 4729.54 of the Revised	735
Code;	736
(b) In the case of a terminal distributor with a category	737
II license, only dangerous drugs described in category I and	738
category II, as defined in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of section	739
4729.54 of the Revised Code;	740
(c) In the case of a terminal distributor with a category	741
III license, dangerous drugs described in category I, category	742
II, and category III, as defined in divisions (A)(1), (2), and	743
(3) of section 4729.54 of the Revised Code;	744
(d) In the case of a terminal distributor with a limited	745
category I, II, or III license, only the dangerous drugs	746
specified in the certificate furnished by the terminal	747
distributor in accordance with section 4729.60 of the Revised	748
Code.	749
(C)(1) Except as provided in division (C)(4) of this	750
section, no person shall sell, at retail, dangerous drugs.	751
(2) Except as provided in division (C)(4) of this section,	752
no person shall possess for sale, at retail, dangerous drugs.	753
(3) Except as provided in division (C)(4) of this section,	754

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no person shall possess dangerous drugs.

(4) Divisions (C) (1), (2), and (3) of this section do not
apply to a registered wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs,
a licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs, or a person
who possesses, or possesses for sale or sells, at retail, a
dangerous drug in accordance with Chapters 3719., 4715., 4723.,
4725., 4729., 4730., 4731., and 4741. of the Revised Code.

762 Divisions (C)(1), (2), and (3) of this section do not apply to an individual who holds a current license, certificate, 763 or registration issued under Title XLVII of the Revised Code and 764 has been certified to conduct diabetes education by a national 765 certifying body specified in rules adopted by the state board of 766 pharmacy under section 4729.68 of the Revised Code, but only to 767 the extent that the individual possesses insulin or personally 768 supplies insulin solely for the purpose of diabetes education 769 and only if diabetes education is within the individual's scope 770 of practice under statutes and rules regulating the individual's 771 profession. 772

Divisions (C) (1), (2), and (3) of this section do not 773 apply to an individual who holds a valid certificate issued by a 774 nationally recognized S.C.U.B.A. diving certifying organization 775 approved by the state board of pharmacy in rule, but only to the 776 extent that the individual possesses medical oxygen or 777 personally supplies medical oxygen for the purpose of emergency 778 care or treatment at the scene of a diving emergency. 779

Division (C)(3) of this section does not apply to the 780 board of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint 781 vocational school district, a school building operated by a 782 school district board of education, a chartered or nonchartered 783 nonpublic school, a community school, a STEM school, or a 784

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college-preparatory boarding school for the purpose of	785
possessing epinephrine autoinjectors under section 3313.7110,	786
3313.7111, 3314.143, 3326.28, or 3328.29 of the Revised Code.	787

Division (C) (3) of this section does not apply to a 788 residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of the Revised 789 Code, a child day camp, as defined in section 5104.01 of the 790 Revised Code, or a child day camp operated by any county, 791 township, municipal corporation, township park district created 792 under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district created 793 under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint recreation 794 district established under section 755.14 of the Revised Code 795 for the purpose of possessing epinephrine autoinjectors under 796 section 5101.76 of the Revised Code. 797

Division (C)(3) of this section does not apply to a law 798 enforcement agency or the agency's peace officers if the agency 799 or officers possess naloxone for administration to individuals 800 who are apparently experiencing opioid-related overdoses. 801

(D) No licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs
 802
 shall purchase for the purpose of resale dangerous drugs from
 803
 any person other than a registered wholesale distributor of
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 dangerous drugs, except as follows:

(1) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs may make occasional purchases of dangerous drugs for resale from a pharmacist who is a licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs or who is employed by a licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs;

(2) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs
having more than one establishment or place may transfer or
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receive dangerous drugs from one establishment or place for
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which a license has been issued to the terminal distributor to 814
another establishment or place for which a license has been 815
issued to the terminal distributor if the license issued for 816
each establishment or place is in effect at the time of the 817
transfer or receipt. 818

(E) No licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs
shall engage in the sale or other distribution of dangerous
drugs at retail or maintain possession, custody, or control of
dangerous drugs for any purpose other than the distributor's
personal use or consumption, at any establishment or place other
than that or those described in the license issued by the state
board of pharmacy to such terminal distributor.

(F) Nothing in this section shall be construed to
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interfere with the performance of official duties by any law
enforcement official authorized by municipal, county, state, or
federal law to collect samples of any drug, regardless of its
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nature or in whose possession it may be.

(G) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this
section, the board of education of a city, local, exempted
village, or joint vocational school district may deliver
epinephrine autoinjectors to a school under its control for the
purpose of possessing epinephrine autoinjectors under section
3313.7110 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4729.60. (A) Before a registered wholesale837distributor of dangerous drugs may sell dangerous drugs at838wholesale to any person, other than the persons specified in839divisions (B) (1) (a) to (d), (f) to (h), and (1), and (m) to (n)840of section 4729.51 of the Revised Code, such wholesale841distributor shall obtain from the purchaser and the purchaser842shall furnish to the wholesale distributor a certificate843

indicating that the purchaser is a licensed terminal distributor 844 of dangerous drugs. The certificate shall be in the form that 845 the state board of pharmacy shall prescribe, and shall set forth 846 the name of the licensee, the number of the license, a 847 description of the place or establishment or each place or 848 establishment for which the license was issued, the category of 849 licensure, and, if the license is a limited category I, II, or 850 III license, the dangerous drugs that the licensee is authorized 851 to possess, have custody or control of, and distribute. 852

If no certificate is obtained or furnished before a sale 853 is made, it shall be presumed that the sale of dangerous drugs 854 by the wholesale distributor is in violation of division (B) of 855 section 4729.51 of the Revised Code and the purchase of 856 dangerous drugs by the purchaser is in violation of division (C) 857 of section 4729.51 of the Revised Code. If a registered 858 wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs obtains or is furnished 859 a certificate from a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs and 860 relies on the certificate in selling dangerous drugs at 861 wholesale to the terminal distributor of dangerous drugs, the 862 wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs shall be deemed not to 863 have violated division (B) of section 4729.51 of the Revised 864 Code in making the sale. 865

(B) Before a licensed terminal distributor of dangerous
drugs may purchase dangerous drugs at wholesale, the terminal
distributor shall obtain from the seller and the seller shall
furnish to the terminal distributor the number of the seller's
registration certificate to engage in the sale of dangerous
drugs at wholesale.

If no registration number is obtained or furnished before 872 a purchase is made, it shall be presumed that the purchase of 873

dangerous drugs by the terminal distributor is in violation of 874 division (D) of section 4729.51 of the Revised Code and the sale 875 of dangerous drugs by the seller is in violation of division (A) 876 of section 4729.51 of the Revised Code. If a licensed terminal 877 distributor of dangerous drugs obtains or is furnished a 878 registration number from a wholesale distributor of dangerous 879 drugs and relies on the registration number in purchasing 880 dangerous drugs at wholesale from the wholesale distributor of 881 dangerous drugs, the terminal distributor shall be deemed not to 882 have violated division (D) of section 4729.51 of the Revised 883 Code in making the purchase. 884

Sec. 4730.431. (A) Notwithstanding any provision of this 885 chapter or rule adopted by the state medical board, a physician 886 assistant who holds a certificate to prescribe issued under this 887 chapter may personally furnish a supply of naloxone, or issue a 888 prescription for naloxone, without having examined the 889 individual to whom it may be administered if <u>all_both</u> of the 890 following conditions are met: 891

(1) The naloxone supply is furnished to, or the
prescription is issued to and in the name of, a family member,
friend, or other individual in a position to assist an
individual who there is reason to believe is at risk of
experiencing an opioid-related overdose.

(2) The physician assistant instructs the individual 897
receiving the naloxone supply or prescription to summon 898
emergency services <u>as soon as practicable</u> either immediately 899
before or immediately after administering naloxone to an 900
individual apparently experiencing an opioid-related overdose. 901

(3) The naloxone	e is personally furnished or prescribed in	902
such a manner that it	may be administered by only either of the-	903

following routes:	904
(a) Using a device manufactured for the intranasal-	905
administration of liquid drugs;	906
(b) Using an autoinjector in a manufactured dosage form.	907
(B) A physician assistant who under division (A) of this	908
section in good faith furnishes a supply of naloxone or issues a	909
prescription for naloxone is not liable for or subject to any of	910
the following for any action or omission of the individual to	911
whom the naloxone is furnished or the prescription is issued:	912
damages in any civil action, prosecution in any criminal	913

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Sec. 4731.94. (A) As used in this section and sections 915 4731.941 and 4731.942 of the Revised Code, "physician" means an 916 individual authorized under this chapter to practice medicine 917 and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric 918 medicine and surgery. 919

proceeding, or professional disciplinary action.

(B) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter or rule 920 adopted by the state medical board, a physician may personally 921 furnish a supply of naloxone, or issue a prescription for 922 naloxone, without having examined the individual to whom it may 923 be administered if all both of the following conditions are met: 924

(1) The naloxone supply is furnished to, or the 925 prescription is issued to and in the name of, a family member, 926 friend, or other individual in a position to assist an 927 individual who there is reason to believe is at risk of 928 experiencing an opioid-related overdose. 929

(2) The physician instructs the individual receiving the 930 naloxone supply or prescription to summon emergency services as 931 soon as practicable either immediately before or immediately 932

after administering the naloxone to an individual apparently	933
experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	934
(3) The naloxone is personally furnished or prescribed in	935
such a manner that it may be administered by only either of the	936
following routes:	937
(a) Using a device manufactured for the intranasal	938
administration of liquid drugs;	939
(b) Using an autoinjector in a manufactured dosage form.	940
(C) A physician who under division (B) of this section in	941
good faith furnishes a supply of naloxone or issues a	942
prescription for naloxone is not liable for or subject to any of	943
the following for any action or omission of the individual to	944
whom the naloxone is furnished or the prescription is issued:	945
damages in any civil action, prosecution in any criminal	946
proceeding, or professional disciplinary action.	947
Sec. 4731.941. (A)(1) A physician who has established a	948
protocol that meets the requirements of division (C) of this	949
section may authorize one or more other individuals to	950
personally furnish a supply of naloxone pursuant to the protocol	951
to either of the following:	952
(a) An individual who there is reason to believe is	953
experiencing or at risk of experiencing an opioid-related	954
<u>overdose;</u>	955
(b) A family member, friend, or other person in a position	956
to assist an individual who there is reason to believe is at	957
risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	958
(2) An individual authorized under this section to	959
personally furnish naloxone may do so without having examined	960

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the individual to whom it may be administered.	961
(B) An individual authorized by a physician under this_	962
section may personally furnish naloxone to an individual	963
described in division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of this section if both	964
of the following conditions are met:	965
(1) The authorized individual complies with the protocol	966
established by the authorizing physician, including having	967
completed the training required by the protocol.	968
(2) The authorized individual instructs the individual to	969
whom naloxone is furnished to summon emergency services as soon	970
as practicable either before or after administering naloxone.	971
(C) A protocol established by a physician for purposes of	972
this section shall be established in writing and include all of	973
the following:	974
(1) A description of the clinical pharmacology of	975
naloxone;	976
(2) Precautions and contraindications concerning	977
furnishing naloxone;	978
(3) Any limitations the physician specifies concerning the	979
individuals to whom naloxone may be furnished;	980
(4) The naloxone dosage that may be furnished and any	981
variation in the dosage based on circumstances specified in the	982
protocol;	983
(5) Labeling, storage, record-keeping, and administrative	984
requirements;	985
(6) Training requirements that must be met before an	986

(7) Any instructions or training that the authorized	988
individual must provide to an individual to whom naloxone is	989
furnished.	990
(D) A physician who in good faith authorizes another	991
individual to personally furnish naloxone in accordance with a	992
	993
protocol established by the physician under section 4731.942 of	
the Revised Code is not liable for or subject to any of the	994
following for any action or omission of the individual to whom	995
the naloxone is furnished: damages in any civil action,	996
prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or professional	997
disciplinary action.	998
An individual authorized under this section to personally	999
furnish naloxone who does so in good faith is not liable for or	1000
subject to any of the following for any action or omission of	1001
the individual to whom the naloxone is furnished: damages in any	1002
civil action, prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or	1003
professional disciplinary action.	1004
Sec. 4731.942. A physician may authorize one or more	1005
pharmacists and any of the pharmacy interns supervised by the	1006
pharmacist or pharmacists to use the protocol developed pursuant	1007
to rules adopted under section 4729.44 of the Revised Code for	1008
the purpose of dispensing naloxone under section 4729.44 of the	1009
Revised Code.	1010
Sec. 5119.371. (A) In lieu of a determination by the	1011
director of mental health and addiction services of whether the	1011
services of a community mental health services provider or a	1013
community addiction services provider satisfy the standards for	1014
certification under section 5119.36 of the Revised Code, the	1015
director shall accept appropriate accreditation of an	1016
applicant's mental health services, alcohol and drug addiction	1017

services, integrated mental health and alcohol and other drug	1018
addiction services, integrated mental health and physical health	1019
services, or integrated alcohol and other drug addiction and	1020
physical health services being provided in this state from any	1021
of the following national accrediting organizations as evidence	1022
that the applicant satisfies the standards for certification:	1023
(1) The joint commission;	1024
(2) The commission on accreditation of rehabilitation	1025
facilities;	1026
(3) The council on accreditation;	1027
(4) Other behavioral health accreditation as determined by	1028
the director.	1029
(B) If the director determines that an applicant's	1030
accreditation is current, is appropriate for the services for	1031
which the applicant is seeking certification, and the applicant	1032
meets any other requirements established under this section or	1033
in rules adopted under this section, the director shall certify	1034
the applicant's services that are accredited. Except as provided	1035
in division (C)(2) of this section, the director shall issue the	1036
certification without further evaluation of the services.	1037
(C) For purposes of this section, all of the following	1038
apply:	1039
(1) The director may review the accrediting organizations	1040
listed in division (A) of this section to evaluate whether the	1041
accreditation standards and processes used by the organizations	1042
are consistent with service delivery models the director	1043
considers appropriate for mental health services, alcohol or	1044
other drug addiction services, physical health services, or	1045
both. The director may communicate to an accrediting	1046

organization any identified concerns, trends, needs, and	1047
recommendations.	1048
(2) The director may conduct an on-site review or	1049
otherwise evaluate a community mental health services provider	1050
or a community addiction services provider at any time based on	1051
cause, including complaints made by or on behalf of persons	1052
receiving services and confirmed or alleged deficiencies brought	1053
to the attention of the director. This authority does not affect	1054
the director's duty to conduct the annual inspections required	1055
by section 5119.372 of the Revised Code.	1056
(3) The director shall require a community mental health	1057
services provider and a community addiction services provider to	1057
notify the director not later than ten days after any change in	1050
the provider's accreditation status. The provider may notify the	1059
director by providing a copy of the relevant document the	1061
provider received from the accrediting organization.	1062
(4) The director shall require a community mental health	1063
services provider and a community addiction services provider to	1064
submit to the director reports of major unusual incidents.	1065
(5) The director may require a community mental health	1066
services provider or a community addiction services provider to	1067
submit to the director cost reports pertaining to the provider.	1068
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(D) The director shall adopt rules in accordance with	1069
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement this section. In	1070
adopting the rules, the director shall do all of the following:	1071
(1) Specify the documentation that must be submitted as	1072
evidence of holding appropriate accreditation;	1073
(2) Establish a presses by which the divestor way in	1 ~ 7 /

(2) Establish a process by which the director may review1074the accreditation standards and processes used by the national1075

accrediting organizations listed in division (A) of this	1076
section;	1077
(3) Specify the circumstances under which reports of major	1078
unusual incidents and provider cost reports must be submitted to	1079
the director;	1080
	1000
(4) Specify the circumstances under which the director may	1081
conduct an on-site review or otherwise evaluate a community	1082
mental health services provider and a community addiction	1083
services provider for cause;	1084
(5) Establish a process by which the director, based on	1085
deficiencies identified as a result of conducting an on-site	1086
review or evaluating a community mental health services provider	1087
or a community addiction services provider under division (C)(2)	1088
of this section, may take any of a range of corrective actions,	1089
with the most stringent being revocation of the certification of	1090
the provider's services.	1091
	1091
Sec. 5119.372. The director of mental health and addiction	1092
services shall annually conduct an on-site review of each	1093
community mental health services provider and community	1094
addiction services provider that is an opioid treatment program	1095
described in division (D)(2)(b) of section 4729.291 of the	1096
Revised Code. The review may include an inspection of pharmacy	1097
records as described in section 3719.13 of the Revised Code and	1098
an inspection of patient treatment records. If the director has	1099
reason to believe that a violation of local, state, or federal	1100
drug law, including any provision of Chapter 2925., 3715.,	1101
3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code, has occurred, the director	1102
shall report that information to the state board of pharmacy.	1103
The director may adopt rules in accordance with Chapter	1104

1105

119. of the Revised Code to implement this section.

Section 2. That existing sections 2925.61, 3719.13,11063719.27, 4723.488, 4729.01, 4729.16, 4729.29, 4729.291, 4729.51,11074729.60, 4730.431, 4731.94, and 5119.371 of the Revised Code are1108hereby repealed.1109

Section 3. This act is hereby declared to be an emergency 1110 measure necessary for the immediate preservation of the public 1111 peace, health, and safety. The reason for such necessity is that 1112 abuse of buprenorphine is a growing concern in this state and 1113 immediate action is necessary to protect patients being treated 1114 with buprenorphine in opioid treatment programs. Therefore, this 1115 action shall go into immediate effect. 1116