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Sub. H. B. No. 505

Representatives Huffman, Pelanda

**Cosponsors: Representatives Becker, Johnson, T., Sprague, Ginter, Barnes,
Brown, Butler, Schuring**

A BILL

To amend sections 3715.01, 3715.64, 4729.01, 1
4729.38, and 4729.99 and to enact section 2
3715.011 of the Revised Code regarding the 3
regulation of biological products and the 4
substitution of interchangeable biological 5
products when dispensed by pharmacists. 6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 3715.01, 3715.64, 4729.01, 7
4729.38, and 4729.99 of the Revised Code be amended and section 8
3715.011 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows: 9

Sec. 3715.01. (A) As used in this chapter: 10

(1) "Person" means an individual, partnership, 11
corporation, or association. 12

(2) "Food" means: 13

(a) Articles used for food or drink for humans or animals; 14

(b) Chewing gum; 15

(c) Articles used for components of any such articles. 16

(3) "Drug" means:	17
(a) Articles recognized in the United States pharmacopoeia and national formulary, or any supplement to them;	18 19
(b) Articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in humans or animals;	20 21 22
(c) Articles, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of humans or other animals;	23 24 25
(d) Articles intended for use as a component of any of the foregoing articles, other than devices or their components, parts, or accessories.	26 27 28
(4) "Device," except when used in division (B)(1) of this section and in division (A)(10) of section 3715.52, division (F) of section 3715.60, division (A)(5) of section 3715.64, and division (C) of section 3715.67 of the Revised Code, means any instrument, apparatus, implement, machine, contrivance, implant, in vitro reagent, or other similar or related article, including any component, part, or accessory, that is any of the following:	29 30 31 32 33 34 35
(a) Recognized in the United States pharmacopoeia and national formulary, or any supplement to them;	36 37
(b) Intended for use in the diagnosis of disease or other conditions, or in the cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in humans or animals;	38 39 40
(c) Intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of humans or animals, and that does not achieve any of its principal intended purposes through chemical action within or on the body of humans or animals and is not dependent upon	41 42 43 44

being metabolized for the achievement of any of its principal 45
intended purposes. 46

(5) "Cosmetic" means: 47

(a) Articles intended to be rubbed, poured, sprinkled, or 48
sprayed on, introduced into, or otherwise applied to the human 49
body or any part thereof for cleansing, beautifying, promoting 50
attractiveness, or altering the appearance; 51

(b) Articles intended for use as a component of any such 52
article, except that "cosmetic" does not include soap. 53

(6) "Label" means a display of written, printed, or 54
graphic matter upon the immediate container, exclusive of 55
package liners, of any article. 56

Any word, statement, or other information required by this 57
chapter to appear on the label must appear on the outside 58
container or wrapper, if any, of the retail package of the 59
article, or the label must be easily legible through the outside 60
container or wrapper. 61

(7) "Labeling" means all labels and other written, 62
printed, or graphic matter: 63

(a) Upon an article or any of its containers or wrappers; 64

(b) Accompanying such article. 65

(8) "Advertisement" means all representations disseminated 66
in any manner or by any means, other than by labeling, for the 67
purpose of inducing, or that are likely to induce, directly or 68
indirectly, the purchase of food, drugs, devices, or cosmetics. 69

(9) "New drug" means: 70

(a) Any drug the composition of which is such that the 71

drug is not generally recognized among experts qualified by 72
scientific training and experience to evaluate the safety of 73
drugs, as safe for use under the conditions prescribed, 74
recommended, or suggested in the labeling thereof; 75

(b) Any drug the composition of which is such that the 76
drug, as a result of investigation to determine its safety for 77
use under such conditions, has become so recognized, but that 78
has not, other than in an investigation, been used to a material 79
extent or for a material time under such conditions. 80

(10) "Contaminated with filth" applies to any food, drug, 81
device, or cosmetic that has not been protected as far as may be 82
necessary by all reasonable means from dust, dirt, and all 83
foreign or injurious substances. 84

(11) "Honey" means the nectar and saccharine exudation of 85
plants that has been gathered, modified, and stored in a 86
honeycomb by honeybees. 87

(12) "Finished dosage form" means the form of a drug that 88
is, or is intended to be, dispensed or administered to humans or 89
animals and requires no further manufacturing or processing 90
other than packaging, reconstituting, or labeling. 91

(13) (a) "Manufacture" means the planting, cultivating, 92
harvesting, processing, making, preparing, or otherwise engaging 93
in any part of the production of a drug by propagating, 94
compounding, converting, or processing, either directly or 95
indirectly by extracting from substances of natural origin, or 96
independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a 97
combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes 98
the following: 99

(i) Any packaging or repackaging of the drug or labeling 100

or relabeling of its container, the promotion and marketing of	101
the drug, and other activities incident to production;	102
(ii) The preparation and promotion of commercially	103
available products from bulk compounds for resale by pharmacies,	104
licensed health professionals authorized to prescribe drugs, or	105
other persons.	106
(b) "Manufacture" does not include the preparation,	107
compounding, packaging, or labeling of a drug by a pharmacist as	108
an incident to either of the following:	109
(i) Dispensing a drug in the usual course of professional	110
practice;	111
(ii) Providing a licensed health professional authorized	112
to prescribe drugs with a drug for the purpose of administering	113
to patients or for using the drug in treating patients in the	114
professional's office.	115
(14) "Dangerous drug" has the same meaning as in section	116
4729.01 of the Revised Code.	117
(15) "Generically equivalent drug" means a drug that	118
contains identical amounts of the identical active ingredients,	119
but not necessarily containing the same inactive ingredients,	120
that meets the identical compendial or other applicable standard	121
of identity, strength, quality, and purity, including potency,	122
and where applicable, content uniformity, disintegration times,	123
or dissolution rates, as the prescribed brand name drug and the	124
manufacturer or distributor holds, if applicable, either an	125
approved new drug application or an approved abbreviated new	126
drug application unless other approval by law or from the	127
federal food and drug administration is required.	128
No drug shall be considered a generically equivalent drug	129

for the purposes of this chapter if it has been listed by the 130
federal food and drug administration as having proven 131
bioequivalence problems. 132

(16) "Licensed health professional authorized to prescribe 133
drugs" and "prescriber" have the same meanings as in section 134
4729.01 of the Revised Code. 135

(17) "Home" means the primary residence occupied by the 136
residence's owner, on the condition that the residence contains 137
only one stove or oven used for cooking, which may be a double 138
oven, designed for common residence usage and not for commercial 139
usage, and that the stove or oven be operated in an ordinary 140
kitchen within the residence. 141

(18) "Potentially hazardous food" means a food that is 142
natural or synthetic, to which any of the following apply: 143

(a) It has a pH level greater than 4.6 when measured at 144
seventy-five degrees fahrenheit or twenty-four degrees celsius. 145

(b) It has a water activity value greater than 0.85. 146

(c) It requires temperature control because it is in a 147
form capable of supporting the rapid and progressive growth of 148
infectious or toxigenic microorganisms, the growth and toxin 149
production of clostridium botulinium, or in the case of raw 150
shell eggs, the growth of salmonella enteritidis. 151

(19) "Cottage food production operation" means a person 152
who, in the person's home, produces food items that are not 153
potentially hazardous foods, including bakery products, jams, 154
jellies, candy, fruit butter, and similar products specified in 155
rules adopted pursuant to section 3715.025 of the Revised Code. 156

(20) "Biological product" means, except as provided in 157

section 3715.011 of the Revised Code, a drug that is a 158
biological product, as defined on the effective date of this 159
amendment in subsection (i) of section 351 of the "Public Health 160
Service Act," 42 U.S.C. 262(i). 161

(21) "Interchangeable biological product" means, except as 162
provided in section 3715.011 of the Revised Code, both of the 163
following: 164

(a) A biological product that, on the effective date of 165
this amendment, has been determined by the United States food 166
and drug administration to meet the standards for 167
interchangeability set forth in subsection (k) of section 351 of 168
the "Public Health Service Act," 42 U.S.C. 262(k), as amended, 169
and has been licensed under that subsection; 170

(b) A biological product that, prior to the effective date 171
of this amendment, was determined by the United States food and 172
drug administration to be therapeutically equivalent as set 173
forth in its publication titled "Approved Drug Products with 174
Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations." 175

(B) For the purposes of sections 3715.52 to 3715.72 of the 176
Revised Code: 177

(1) If an article is alleged to be misbranded because the 178
labeling is misleading, or if an advertisement is alleged to be 179
false because it is misleading, then in determining whether the 180
labeling or advertisement is misleading, there shall be taken 181
into account, among other things, not only representations made 182
or suggested by statement, word, design, device, sound, or in 183
any combination thereof, but also the extent to which the 184
labeling or advertisement fails to reveal facts material in the 185
light of such representations or material with respect to 186

consequence which may result from the use of the article to 187
which the labeling or advertisement relates under the conditions 188
of use prescribed in the labeling or advertisement thereof or 189
under such conditions of use as are customary or usual. 190

(2) The provisions regarding the selling of food, drugs, 191
devices, or cosmetics include the manufacture, production, 192
processing, packing, exposure, offer, possession, and holding of 193
any such article for sale; and the sale, dispensing, and giving 194
of any such article, and the supplying or applying of any such 195
articles in the conduct of any food, drug, or cosmetic 196
establishment. The provisions do not prohibit a licensed health 197
professional authorized to prescribe drugs from administering or 198
personally furnishing a drug or device to a patient. 199

(3) The representation of a drug, in its labeling or 200
advertisement, as an antiseptic is a representation that it is a 201
germicide, except in the case of a drug purporting to be, or 202
represented as, an antiseptic for inhibitory use as a wet 203
dressing, ointment, dusting powder, or other use that involves 204
prolonged contact with the body. 205

(4) Whenever jurisdiction is vested in the director of 206
agriculture or the state board of pharmacy, the jurisdiction of 207
the board shall be limited to the sale, offering for sale, 208
giving away, delivery, or dispensing in any manner of drugs at 209
the wholesale and retail levels or to the consumer and shall be 210
exclusive in the case of such sale, offering for sale, giving 211
away, delivery, or dispensing in any manner of drugs at the 212
wholesale and retail levels or to the consumer in any place 213
where prescriptions are dispensed or compounded. 214

(5) To assist in effectuating the provisions of those 215
sections, the director of agriculture or state board of pharmacy 216

may request assistance or data from any government or private 217
agency or individual. 218

Sec. 3715.011. (A) When one of the following changes 219
occurs under federal law with respect to a biological product or 220
interchangeable biological product, the change is automatically 221
effected under this chapter and Chapter 4729. of the Revised 222
Code, subject to any rule adopted under division (B) of this 223
section to the contrary: 224

(1) An article is added to or removed from the definition 225
of biological product in subsection (i) of section 351 of the 226
"Public Health Service Act," 42 U.S.C. 262(i). 227

(2) The United States food and drug administration 228
determines that a biological product meets the standards for 229
interchangeability set forth in section 351 of the "Public 230
Health Service Act," 42 U.S.C. 262(k), and the product is 231
licensed under that subsection. 232

(3) The United States food and drug administration 233
determines that a biological product no longer meets the 234
standards for interchangeability set forth in section 351 of the 235
"Public Health Service Act," 42 U.S.C. 262(k), and the product's 236
license under that subsection is suspended or revoked. 237

(B) The state board of pharmacy may adopt rules that 238
exclude a biological product or interchangeable biological 239
product that, pursuant to division (A) of this section, would 240
otherwise be included under this chapter and Chapter 4729. of 241
the Revised Code. The board's rules shall establish criteria to 242
be used in determining whether a product is to be excluded. 243

All rules adopted under this division shall be adopted in 244
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. 245

Sec. 3715.64. (A) A drug or device is misbranded within	246
the meaning of sections 3715.01 and 3715.52 to 3715.72 of the	247
Revised Code, if:	248
(1) Its labeling is false or misleading in any particular.	249
(2) It is in package form and does not bear a label	250
containing both of the following:	251
(a) In clearly legible form, the name and place of	252
business of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor;	253
(b) An accurate statement of the quantity of the contents	254
in terms of weight, measure, or numerical count; but reasonable	255
variations shall be permitted, and exemptions as to small	256
packages shall apply as established by rules adopted by the	257
director of agriculture or state board of pharmacy.	258
(3) It is a dangerous drug and does not bear a label	259
containing in clearly legible form the name and place of	260
business of the manufacturer of the finished dosage form and, if	261
different, the packer or distributor.	262
(4) It is a dangerous drug in finished solid oral dosage	263
form and it does not have clearly and prominently marked or	264
imprinted on it an individual symbol, company name, national	265
drug code number or other number, words, letters, or any	266
combination thereof, identifying the drug and its manufacturer	267
or distributor. This requirement does not apply to drugs that	268
are compounded by a licensed pharmacist. The manufacturer or	269
distributor of each such drug shall make available to the state	270
board of pharmacy descriptive material identifying the mark or	271
imprint used by the manufacturer or distributor. The board shall	272
provide this information to all poison control centers in this	273
state. Upon application by a manufacturer or distributor, the	274

board may exempt a drug from the requirements of this division 275
on the grounds that marking or imprinting the drug is not 276
feasible because of its size, texture, or other unique 277
characteristic. 278

(5) Any word, statement, or other information that is 279
required by or under authority of sections 3715.01 and 3715.52 280
to 3715.72 of the Revised Code to appear on the label or 281
labeling is not prominently placed on the label or labeling in a 282
conspicuous manner, as compared with other words, statements, 283
designs, or devices on the label or labeling, and in terms that 284
render it likely to be read and understood by the ordinary 285
individual under customary conditions of purchase and use. 286

(6) It is a drug and it is not designated solely by a name 287
recognized in the United States pharmacopoeia and national 288
formulary, or any supplement to them, unless its label bears: 289

(a) The common or usual name of the drug, if any; 290

(b) In case it is fabricated from two or more ingredients, 291
the common or usual name of each active ingredient the drug 292
contains, including the kind and quantity or proportion of any 293
alcohol, and also including whether active or not, the name and 294
quantity or proportion of any bromides, ether, chloroform, 295
acetanalid, acetophenetidin, aminopyrine, atropine, hyoscine, 296
hyoscyamine, arsenic, digitalis, digitalis glycosides, mercury, 297
ouabain, strophanthin, strychnine, thyroid, or any derivative or 298
preparation of any such substances; but to the extent that 299
compliance with these requirements is impracticable, exemptions 300
shall apply as established by rules adopted by the director of 301
agriculture or state board of pharmacy. 302

(7) Its labeling does not bear the following: 303

(a) Adequate directions for use of the drug or device, 304
except that when compliance with this requirement is not 305
necessary for a particular drug or device to protect the public 306
health, the director shall adopt rules exempting the drug or 307
device from the requirement; 308

(b) Adequate warnings against use in those pathological 309
conditions or by children when its use may be dangerous to 310
health, or against unsafe dosage or methods or duration of 311
administration or application, presented in a manner and form as 312
necessary for the protection of users. 313

(8) It purports to be a drug the name of which is 314
recognized in the United States pharmacopoeia and national 315
formulary, or any supplement to them, and it is not packaged and 316
labeled as prescribed in those compendiums, except that the 317
method of packing may be modified with the consent of the 318
director of agriculture. Whenever a drug is recognized in both 319
the homoeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States and in the 320
United States pharmacopoeia and national formulary, including 321
their supplements, it shall be subject to the requirements of 322
the United States pharmacopoeia and national formulary with 323
respect to packaging and labeling unless it is labeled and 324
offered for sale as a homoeopathic drug, in which case it shall 325
be subject to the provisions of the homoeopathic pharmacopoeia 326
of the United States and not to those of the United States 327
pharmacopoeia and national formulary. 328

(9) It has been found by the director of agriculture to be 329
a drug liable to deterioration, unless it is packaged in the 330
form and manner, and its label bears a statement of precautions, 331
as required by rules adopted by the director as necessary for 332
the protection of public health. No rule shall be established 333

for any drug recognized in the United States pharmacopoeia and 334
national formulary, or any supplements to them, until the 335
director has informed the appropriate bodies charged with the 336
revision of those compendiums of the need for packaging or 337
labeling requirements and those bodies have failed within a 338
reasonable time to prescribe such requirements. 339

(10) (a) It is a drug and its container is so made, formed, 340
or filled as to be misleading. 341

(b) It is an imitation of another drug. 342

(c) It is offered for sale under the name of another drug. 343

(d) The drug sold or dispensed is not the brand or drug 344
specifically prescribed or ordered or, when dispensed by a 345
pharmacist upon prescription, the drug is neither the brand or 346
drug prescribed nor a generically equivalent drug or, in the 347
case of a drug that is a biological product, is neither the 348
brand or biological product prescribed nor an interchangeable 349
biological product. 350

(11) It is dangerous to health when used in the dosage, or 351
with the frequency or duration prescribed, recommended, or 352
suggested in its labeling. 353

(12) It is a drug intended for human use to which the 354
following apply: 355

(a) Because of its toxicity or other potentiality for 356
harmful effect, the method of its use, or the collateral 357
measures necessary to its use, the drug is not safe for use 358
except under the supervision of a licensed health professional 359
authorized to prescribe drugs; 360

(b) The drug is limited by an effective application under 361

section 505 of the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52 362
Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended, to use under 363
professional supervision by a licensed health professional 364
authorized to prescribe drugs, unless it is dispensed only: 365

(i) Upon a written or electronic prescription; 366

(ii) Upon an oral prescription, which is reduced promptly 367
to writing by the pharmacist; 368

(iii) By refilling a prescription if refilling is 369
authorized by the prescriber either in the original prescription 370
or by oral order, which is promptly reduced to writing by the 371
pharmacist. 372

(B) (1) Any drug dispensed pursuant to a written, 373
electronic, or oral prescription of a licensed health 374
professional authorized to prescribe drugs shall be exempt from 375
the requirements of division (A) of this section, except 376
divisions (A) (1) and (10) of this section, if the drug bears a 377
label containing the name and address of the dispenser, the 378
serial number and the date the prescription is dispensed, the 379
name of the prescriber, the name of the patient, and, if stated 380
in the prescription, the directions for use and cautionary 381
statements. ~~Unless~~ 382

(2) Unless the prescription directions prohibit 383
labeling prescriber instructs otherwise, the label for the 384
dispensed drug shall include information that meets the 385
following requirements, using abbreviations as necessary: 386

(a) Except as provided in divisions (B) (2) (b) and (c) of 387
this section, the label shall include the dispensed drug's brand 388
name of the drug dispensed. If 389

(b) If the drug dispensed has no brand name and is a 390

generically equivalent drug, the label shall include the generic 391
name of the drug and the distributor of the finished dosage form 392
shall be included. 393

(c) If the drug dispensed has no brand name and is an 394
interchangeable biological product, the label shall include the 395
name of the interchangeable biological product, the 396
manufacturer, and if the distributor is not the same as the 397
manufacturer, the distributor of the finished dosage form. 398

Sec. 4729.01. As used in this chapter: 399

(A) "Pharmacy," except when used in a context that refers 400
to the practice of pharmacy, means any area, room, rooms, place 401
of business, department, or portion of any of the foregoing 402
where the practice of pharmacy is conducted. 403

(B) "Practice of pharmacy" means providing pharmacist care 404
requiring specialized knowledge, judgment, and skill derived 405
from the principles of biological, chemical, behavioral, social, 406
pharmaceutical, and clinical sciences. As used in this division, 407
"pharmacist care" includes the following: 408

(1) Interpreting prescriptions; 409

(2) Dispensing drugs and drug therapy related devices; 410

(3) Compounding drugs; 411

(4) Counseling individuals with regard to their drug 412
therapy, recommending drug therapy related devices, and 413
assisting in the selection of drugs and appliances for treatment 414
of common diseases and injuries and providing instruction in the 415
proper use of the drugs and appliances; 416

(5) Performing drug regimen reviews with individuals by 417
discussing all of the drugs that the individual is taking and 418

explaining the interactions of the drugs;	419
(6) Performing drug utilization reviews with licensed health professionals authorized to prescribe drugs when the pharmacist determines that an individual with a prescription has a drug regimen that warrants additional discussion with the prescriber;	420 421 422 423 424
(7) Advising an individual and the health care professionals treating an individual with regard to the individual's drug therapy;	425 426 427
(8) Acting pursuant to a consult agreement with one or more physicians authorized under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery, if an agreement has been established;	428 429 430 431
(9) Engaging in the administration of immunizations to the extent authorized by section 4729.41 of the Revised Code.	432 433
(C) "Compounding" means the preparation, mixing, assembling, packaging, and labeling of one or more drugs in any of the following circumstances:	434 435 436
(1) Pursuant to a prescription issued by a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs;	437 438
(2) Pursuant to the modification of a prescription made in accordance with a consult agreement;	439 440
(3) As an incident to research, teaching activities, or chemical analysis;	441 442
(4) In anticipation of orders for drugs pursuant to prescriptions, based on routine, regularly observed dispensing patterns;	443 444 445

(5) Pursuant to a request made by a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs for a drug that is to be used by the professional for the purpose of direct administration to patients in the course of the professional's practice, if all of the following apply:

(a) At the time the request is made, the drug is not commercially available regardless of the reason that the drug is not available, including the absence of a manufacturer for the drug or the lack of a readily available supply of the drug from a manufacturer.

(b) A limited quantity of the drug is compounded and provided to the professional.

(c) The drug is compounded and provided to the professional as an occasional exception to the normal practice of dispensing drugs pursuant to patient-specific prescriptions.

(D) "Consult agreement" means an agreement that has been entered into under section 4729.39 of the Revised Code.

(E) "Drug" means:

(1) Any article recognized in the United States pharmacopoeia and national formulary, or any supplement to them, intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in humans or animals;

(2) Any other article intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in humans or animals;

(3) Any article, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of humans or animals;

(4) Any article intended for use as a component of any

article specified in division (E) (1), (2), or (3) of this 474
section; but does not include devices or their components, 475
parts, or accessories. 476

(F) "Dangerous drug" means any of the following: 477

(1) Any drug to which either of the following applies: 478

(a) Under the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52 479
Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended, the drug is 480
required to bear a label containing the legend "Caution: Federal 481
law prohibits dispensing without prescription" or "Caution: 482
Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a 483
licensed veterinarian" or any similar restrictive statement, or 484
the drug may be dispensed only upon a prescription; 485

(b) Under Chapter 3715. or 3719. of the Revised Code, the 486
drug may be dispensed only upon a prescription. 487

(2) Any drug that contains a schedule V controlled 488
substance and that is exempt from Chapter 3719. of the Revised 489
Code or to which that chapter does not apply; 490

(3) Any drug intended for administration by injection into 491
the human body other than through a natural orifice of the human 492
body; 493

(4) Any drug that is a biological product, as defined in 494
section 3715.01 of the Revised Code. 495

(G) "Federal drug abuse control laws" has the same meaning 496
as in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code. 497

(H) "Prescription" means both of the following: 498

(1) A written, electronic, or oral order for drugs or 499
combinations or mixtures of drugs to be used by a particular 500

individual or for treating a particular animal, issued by a 501
licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs; 502

(2) For purposes of sections 2925.61, 4723.488, 4729.44, 503
4730.431, and 4731.94 of the Revised Code, a written, 504
electronic, or oral order for naloxone issued to and in the name 505
of a family member, friend, or other individual in a position to 506
assist an individual who there is reason to believe is at risk 507
of experiencing an opioid-related overdose. 508

(3) For purposes of sections 4723.4810, 4729.282, 509
4730.432, and 4731.93 of the Revised Code, a written, 510
electronic, or oral order for a drug to treat chlamydia, 511
gonorrhoea, or trichomoniasis issued to and in the name of a 512
patient who is not the intended user of the drug but is the 513
sexual partner of the intended user. 514

(I) "Licensed health professional authorized to prescribe 515
drugs" or "prescriber" means an individual who is authorized by 516
law to prescribe drugs or dangerous drugs or drug therapy 517
related devices in the course of the individual's professional 518
practice, including only the following: 519

(1) A dentist licensed under Chapter 4715. of the Revised 520
Code; 521

(2) A clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife, 522
or certified nurse practitioner who holds a certificate to 523
prescribe issued under section 4723.48 of the Revised Code; 524

(3) An optometrist licensed under Chapter 4725. of the 525
Revised Code to practice optometry under a therapeutic 526
pharmaceutical agents certificate; 527

(4) A physician authorized under Chapter 4731. of the 528
Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic 529

medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery;	530
(5) A physician assistant who holds a license to practice as a physician assistant issued under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code, holds a valid prescriber number issued by the state medical board, and has been granted physician-delegated prescriptive authority;	531 532 533 534 535
(6) A veterinarian licensed under Chapter 4741. of the Revised Code.	536 537
(J) "Sale" and "sell" include delivery, transfer, barter, exchange, or gift, or offer therefor, and each such transaction made by any person, whether as principal proprietor, agent, or employee.	538 539 540 541
(K) "Wholesale sale" and "sale at wholesale" mean any sale in which the purpose of the purchaser is to resell the article purchased or received by the purchaser.	542 543 544
(L) "Retail sale" and "sale at retail" mean any sale other than a wholesale sale or sale at wholesale.	545 546
(M) "Retail seller" means any person that sells any dangerous drug to consumers without assuming control over and responsibility for its administration. Mere advice or instructions regarding administration do not constitute control or establish responsibility.	547 548 549 550 551
(N) "Price information" means the price charged for a prescription for a particular drug product and, in an easily understandable manner, all of the following:	552 553 554
(1) The proprietary name of the drug product;	555
(2) The established (generic) name of the drug product;	556

(3) The strength of the drug product if the product 557
contains a single active ingredient or if the drug product 558
contains more than one active ingredient and a relevant strength 559
can be associated with the product without indicating each 560
active ingredient. The established name and quantity of each 561
active ingredient are required if such a relevant strength 562
cannot be so associated with a drug product containing more than 563
one ingredient. 564

(4) The dosage form; 565

(5) The price charged for a specific quantity of the drug 566
product. The stated price shall include all charges to the 567
consumer, including, but not limited to, the cost of the drug 568
product, professional fees, handling fees, if any, and a 569
statement identifying professional services routinely furnished 570
by the pharmacy. Any mailing fees and delivery fees may be 571
stated separately without repetition. The information shall not 572
be false or misleading. 573

(O) "Wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs" means a 574
person engaged in the sale of dangerous drugs at wholesale and 575
includes any agent or employee of such a person authorized by 576
the person to engage in the sale of dangerous drugs at 577
wholesale. 578

(P) "Manufacturer of dangerous drugs" means a person, 579
other than a pharmacist, who manufactures dangerous drugs and 580
who is engaged in the sale of those dangerous drugs within this 581
state. 582

(Q) "Terminal distributor of dangerous drugs" means a 583
person who is engaged in the sale of dangerous drugs at retail, 584
or any person, other than a wholesale distributor or a 585

pharmacist, who has possession, custody, or control of dangerous 586
drugs for any purpose other than for that person's own use and 587
consumption, and includes pharmacies, hospitals, nursing homes, 588
and laboratories and all other persons who procure dangerous 589
drugs for sale or other distribution by or under the supervision 590
of a pharmacist or licensed health professional authorized to 591
prescribe drugs. 592

(R) "Promote to the public" means disseminating a 593
representation to the public in any manner or by any means, 594
other than by labeling, for the purpose of inducing, or that is 595
likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the purchase of a 596
dangerous drug at retail. 597

(S) "Person" includes any individual, partnership, 598
association, limited liability company, or corporation, the 599
state, any political subdivision of the state, and any district, 600
department, or agency of the state or its political 601
subdivisions. 602

~~(T) "Finished dosage form" has the same meaning as in 603
section 3715.01 of the Revised Code. 604~~

~~(U) "Generically equivalent drug" has the same meaning as 605
in section 3715.01 of the Revised Code. 606~~

~~(V) "Animal shelter" means a facility operated by a humane 607
society or any society organized under Chapter 1717. of the 608
Revised Code or a dog pound operated pursuant to Chapter 955. of 609
the Revised Code. 610~~

~~(W) (U) "Food" has the same meaning as in section 3715.01 611
of the Revised Code. 612~~

~~(X) (V) "Pain management clinic" has the same meaning as 613
in section 4731.054 of the Revised Code. 614~~

Sec. 4729.38. (A) As used in this section, "biological product," "finished dosage form," "generically equivalent drug," and "interchangeable biological product" have the same meanings as in section 3715.01 of the Revised Code. 615
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(B) Unless instructed otherwise by the person receiving the drug pursuant to the prescription, a pharmacist filling a prescription for a drug prescribed by its brand name may, subject to the following conditions, select a generically equivalent drug, as defined in section 3715.01 of the Revised Code, subject to the following conditions or, in the case of a drug that is a biological product, select an interchangeable biological product: 619
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(1) The pharmacist shall not select a generically equivalent drug or interchangeable biological product if the prescriber either of the following applies: 627
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(a) In the case of a written or electronic prescription, including a computer-generated prescription, the prescriber handwrites or actively causes to display on the prescription "dispense as written," or "D.A.W.," on the written prescription, or, when ordering a prescription electronically or orally, the prescriber "do not substitute," "brand medically necessary," or any other statement or numerical code that indicates the prescriber's intent to prevent substitution. Such a designation shall not be preprinted or stamped on the prescription, but a reminder to the prescriber of the designation procedure may be preprinted or displayed on the prescription form or electronic system the prescriber uses to issue the prescription. 630
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(b) In the case of an oral prescription, the prescriber specifies that the prescribed drug as prescribed is medically necessary or otherwise indicates the prescriber's intent to 642
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~~prevent substitution. These designations shall not be preprinted
or stamped on the prescription. Division (A) (1) of this section
does not preclude a reminder of the procedure required to
prohibit the selection of a generically equivalent drug from
being preprinted on the prescription.~~ 645
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(2) The pharmacist shall not select a generically
equivalent drug or interchangeable biological product unless its
price to the patient is less than or equal to the price of the
~~prescribed drug as prescribed.~~ 650
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(3) The pharmacist~~7~~ or the pharmacist's agent, assistant,
or employee shall inform the patient or the patient's agent if a
generically equivalent drug or interchangeable biological
product is available at a lower or equal cost~~7~~ and of the
person's right to refuse the drug selected. Division ~~(A)~~ (B) (3)
of this section does not apply to any: 654
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(a) Prescription that is billed to any agency, division,
or department of this state which will reimburse the pharmacy; 660
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(b) Prescriptions for patients of a hospital, nursing
home, or similar patient care facility. 662
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~~(B)~~ (C) (1) Unless the prescriber instructs otherwise, the
label for every drug dispensed shall include information that
meets the following requirements, using abbreviations as
necessary: 664
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(a) Except as provided in divisions (C) (1) (b) and (c) of
this section, the label shall include the dispensed drug's brand
name, if any, or its generic name and the name of the . 668
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(b) If the drug dispensed has no brand name and is a
generically equivalent drug, the label shall include the generic
name of the drug and the distributor, using abbreviations if 671
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necessary of the finished dosage form. 674

(c) If the drug dispensed has no brand name and is an 675
interchangeable biological product, the label shall include the 676
name of the interchangeable biological product, the 677
manufacturer, and if the distributor is not the same as the 678
manufacturer, the distributor of the finished dosage form. 679

(2) When dispensing at retail a drug that is a generically 680
equivalent drug or interchangeable biological product for the 681
brand name a drug prescribed by its brand name, the pharmacist 682
shall indicate on the drug's label or container that a generic- 683
substitution was made. The- 684

(3) The labeling requirements established by this division- 685
divisions (C) (1) and (2) of this section are in addition to all 686
other labeling requirements of Chapter 3715. of the Revised 687
Code. 688

(C)-(D) A pharmacist who selects a drug that is a 689
generically equivalent drug or interchangeable biological 690
product pursuant to this section assumes no greater liability 691
for selecting the dispensed drug than would be incurred in 692
filling a prescription for a drug prescribed by its brand name. 693

(D)-(E) The failure of a prescriber to restrict a 694
prescription by specifying "dispense as written," or "D.A.W.," 695
indicating an intent to prevent substitution pursuant to 696
division (A) (B) (1) of this section shall not constitute evidence 697
of the prescriber's negligence unless the prescriber had 698
reasonable cause to believe that the health condition of the 699
patient for whom the drug was intended warranted the 700
prescription of a specific brand name drug and no other. No 701
prescriber shall be liable for civil damages or in any criminal 702

prosecution arising from the ~~interchange~~-substitution of a 703
generically equivalent drug or interchangeable biological 704
product for a prescribed brand name drug by a pharmacist, unless 705
the prescribed brand name drug would have reasonably caused the 706
same loss, damage, injury, or death. 707

(F) (1) (a) Except as provided in division (F) (1) (b) of this 708
section, not later than five business days after a pharmacist 709
dispenses a drug for which an interchangeable biological product 710
is available, regardless of whether a substitution is made, the 711
pharmacist or an individual designated by the pharmacist shall 712
communicate to the prescriber information identifying the 713
specific biological product that was dispensed, including the 714
name of the biological product and its manufacturer. 715

(b) Communication of the information is not required when 716
a biological product is dispensed by refilling a prescription 717
and the product that is dispensed is the same product that was 718
dispensed when the same prescription was last filled or 719
refilled. 720

(2) When possible, communication of the information shall 721
be conveyed by entering the information into a recordkeeping 722
system that can reasonably be presumed to be electronically 723
accessible to the prescriber. Such a system may include any of 724
the following: 725

(a) An interoperable electronic medical records system; 726

(b) An electronic prescribing system; 727

(c) An electronic pharmacy benefit management system; 728

(d) An electronic pharmacy record system. 729

(3) Entering the complete information into one of the 730

recordkeeping systems listed in division (F)(2) of this section 731
is presumed to provide notice to the prescriber. 732

(4) When it is not possible to communicate the information 733
by using one of the recordkeeping systems listed in division (F) 734
(2) of this section, communication of the information shall be 735
conveyed by telephone, facsimile, another form of electronic 736
communication, or any other prevailing means of communication. 737

(G) No pharmacist shall knowingly engage in conduct that 738
is prohibited by division (B) or (C) of this section. 739

Sec. 4729.99. (A) Whoever violates section 4729.16, 740
division ~~(A) or (B)~~ (G) of section 4729.38, or section 4729.57 741
of the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. Each day's 742
violation constitutes a separate offense. 743

(B) Whoever violates section 4729.27, 4729.28, or 4729.36 744
of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 745
degree. Each day's violation constitutes a separate offense. If 746
the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty 747
to a violation of this chapter, that person is guilty of a 748
misdemeanor of the second degree. 749

(C) Whoever violates section 4729.32, 4729.33, or 4729.34 750
of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor. 751

(D) Whoever violates division (A), (B), (D), or (E) of 752
section 4729.51 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor 753
of the first degree. 754

(E) (1) Whoever violates section 4729.37, division (C) (2) 755
of section 4729.51, division (J) of section 4729.54, or section 756
4729.61 of the Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fifth 757
degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of or 758
pleaded guilty to a violation of this chapter or a violation of 759

Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the Revised Code, that person is 760
guilty of a felony of the fourth degree. 761

(2) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 762
violation of section 4729.37, division (C) of section 4729.51, 763
division (J) of section 4729.54, or section 4729.61 of the 764
Revised Code, if the violation involves the sale, offer to sell, 765
or possession of a schedule I or II controlled substance, with 766
the exception of marihuana, and if the court imposing sentence 767
upon the offender finds that the offender as a result of the 768
violation is a major drug offender, as defined in section 769
2929.01 of the Revised Code, and is guilty of a specification of 770
the type described in section 2941.1410 of the Revised Code, the 771
court, in lieu of the prison term authorized or required by 772
division (E) (1) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 773
of the Revised Code and in addition to any other sanction 774
imposed for the offense under sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of the 775
Revised Code, shall impose upon the offender, in accordance with 776
division (B) (3) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, the 777
mandatory prison term specified in that division. 778

(3) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 779
3719.21 of the Revised Code, the clerk of court shall pay any 780
fine imposed for a violation of section 4729.37, division (C) of 781
section 4729.51, division (J) of section 4729.54, or section 782
4729.61 of the Revised Code pursuant to division (A) of section 783
2929.18 of the Revised Code in accordance with and subject to 784
the requirements of division (F) of section 2925.03 of the 785
Revised Code. The agency that receives the fine shall use the 786
fine as specified in division (F) of section 2925.03 of the 787
Revised Code. 788

(F) Whoever violates section 4729.531 of the Revised Code 789

or any rule adopted thereunder or section 4729.532 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.

(G) Whoever violates division (C)(1) of section 4729.51 of the Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fourth degree. If the offender has previously been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this chapter, or of a violation of Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the Revised Code, that person is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

(H) Whoever violates division (C)(3) of section 4729.51 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the offender has previously been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this chapter, or of a violation of Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the Revised Code, that person is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree.

(I)(1) Whoever violates division (B) of section 4729.42 of the Revised Code is guilty of unauthorized pharmacy-related drug conduct. Except as otherwise provided in this section, unauthorized pharmacy-related drug conduct is a misdemeanor of the second degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (B), (C), (D), or (E) of that section, unauthorized pharmacy-related drug conduct is a misdemeanor of the first degree on a second offense and a felony of the fifth degree on a third or subsequent offense.

(2) Whoever violates division (C) or (D) of section 4729.42 of the Revised Code is guilty of permitting unauthorized pharmacy-related drug conduct. Except as otherwise provided in this section, permitting unauthorized pharmacy-related drug conduct is a misdemeanor of the second degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a

violation of division (B), (C), (D), or (E) of that section, 820
permitting unauthorized pharmacy-related drug conduct is a 821
misdemeanor of the first degree on a second offense and a felony 822
of the fifth degree on a third or subsequent offense. 823

(3) Whoever violates division (E) of section 4729.42 of 824
the Revised Code is guilty of the offense of falsification under 825
section 2921.13 of the Revised Code. In addition to any other 826
sanction imposed for the violation, the offender is forever 827
disqualified from engaging in any activity specified in division 828
(B) (1), (2), or (3) of section 4729.42 of the Revised Code and 829
from performing any function as a health care professional or 830
health care worker. As used in this division, "health care 831
professional" and "health care worker" have the same meanings as 832
in section 2305.234 of the Revised Code. 833

(4) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 834
3719.21 of the Revised Code or any other provision of law that 835
governs the distribution of fines, the clerk of the court shall 836
pay any fine imposed pursuant to division (I) (1), (2), or (3) of 837
this section to the state board of pharmacy if the board has 838
adopted a written internal control policy under division (F) (2) 839
of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code that addresses fine 840
moneys that it receives under Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code 841
and if the policy also addresses fine moneys paid under this 842
division. The state board of pharmacy shall use the fines so 843
paid in accordance with the written internal control policy to 844
subsidize the board's law enforcement efforts that pertain to 845
drug offenses. 846

(J) (1) Whoever violates division (A) (1) of section 4729.86 847
of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 848
degree. If the offender has previously been convicted of or 849

pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) (1), (2), or (3) of 850
section 4729.86 of the Revised Code, that person is guilty of a 851
misdemeanor of the first degree. 852

(2) Whoever violates division (A) (2) of section 4729.86 of 853
the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. 854
If the offender has previously been convicted of or pleaded 855
guilty to a violation of division (A) (1), (2), or (3) of section 856
4729.86 of the Revised Code, that person is guilty of a felony 857
of the fifth degree. 858

(3) Whoever violates division (A) (3) of section 4729.86 of 859
the Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree. If 860
the offender has previously been convicted of or pleaded guilty 861
to a violation of division (A) (1), (2), or (3) of section 862
4729.86 of the Revised Code, that person is guilty of a felony 863
of the fourth degree. 864

(K) A person who violates division (C) of section 4729.552 865
of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first 866
degree. If the person previously has been convicted of or 867
pleaded guilty to a violation of division (C) of section 868
4729.552 of the Revised Code, that person is guilty of a felony 869
of the fifth degree. 870

Section 2. That existing sections 3715.01, 3715.64, 871
4729.01, 4729.38, and 4729.99 of the Revised Code are hereby 872
repealed. 873

Section 3. Section 4729.01 of the Revised Code is 874
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended 875
by both Sub. H.B. 124 and Am. Sub. H.B. 188 of the 131st General 876
Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in 877
division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments 878

are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous	879
operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of	880
the section in effect prior to the effective date of the section	881
as presented in this act.	882