As Introduced

131st General Assembly Regular Session 2015-2016

H. B. No. 52

Representative Hackett

ABILL

То	amend sections 119.12, 4121.129, 4121.37, 4121.61,	1
	4121.65, 4121.66, 4121.67, 4121.68, 4123.01,	2
	4123.291, 4123.34, 4123.343, 4123.35, 4123.351,	3
	4123.411, 4123.419, 4123.512, 4123.56, and 4123.59	4
	and to repeal section 4121.48 of the Revised Code	5
	to make changes to the Workers' Compensation Law,	6
	to make appropriations for the Bureau of Workers'	7
	Compensation for the biennium beginning July 1,	8
	2015, and ending June 30, 2017, and to provide	9
	authorization and conditions for the operation of	10
	the Bureau's programs.	11

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 119.12, 4121.129, 4121.37, 4121.61,124121.65, 4121.66, 4121.67, 4121.68, 4123.01, 4123.291, 4123.34,134123.343, 4123.35, 4123.351, 4123.411, 4123.419, 4123.512,144123.56, and 4123.59 of the Revised Code be amended to read as15follows:16

Sec. 119.12. Any (A)(1) Except as provided in division (A)(2)	17
or (3) of this section, any party adversely affected by any order	18
of an agency issued pursuant to an adjudication denying an	19
applicant admission to an examination, or denying the issuance or	20

renewal of a license or registration of a licensee, or revoking or	21
suspending a license, or allowing the payment of a forfeiture	22
under section 4301.252 of the Revised Code may appeal from the	23
order of the agency to the court of common pleas of the county in	24
which the place of business of the licensee is located or the	25
county in which the licensee is a resident, except that appeals.	26
(2) An appeal from decisions of the an order described in	27
division (A)(1) of this section issued by any of the following	28
agencies shall be made to the court of common pleas of Franklin	29
<u>county:</u>	30
<u>(a) The</u> liquor control commission , the ;	31
(b) The state medical board τ :	32
<u>(c) The</u> state chiropractic board , and ;	33
(d) The board of nursing shall be to the court of common	34
pleas of Franklin county ;	
(e) The bureau of workers' compensation regarding	36
participation in the health partnership program created in	
sections 4121.44 and 4121.441 of the Revised Code. If	
(3) If any party appealing from the an order described in	39
division (A)(1) of this section is not a resident of and has no	40
place of business in this state, the party may appeal to the court	41
of common pleas of Franklin county.	42
(B) Any party adversely affected by any order of an agency	43
issued pursuant to any other adjudication may appeal to the court	44
of common pleas of Franklin county, except that appeals from	45
orders of the fire marshal issued under Chapter 3737. of the	46
Revised Code may be to the court of common pleas of the county in	47
which the building of the aggrieved person is located and except	48
that appeals under division (B) of section 124.34 of the Revised	49

Code from a decision of the state personnel board of review or a

municipal or civil service township civil service commission shall
be taken to the court of common pleas of the county in which the
appointing authority is located or, in the case of an appeal by
the department of rehabilitation and correction, to the court of
common pleas of Franklin county.

(C) This section does not apply to appeals from the department of taxation.

(D) Any party desiring to appeal shall file a notice of 58 appeal with the agency setting forth the order appealed from and 59 stating that the agency's order is not supported by reliable, 60 probative, and substantial evidence and is not in accordance with 61 law. The notice of appeal may, but need not, set forth the 62 specific grounds of the party's appeal beyond the statement that 63 the agency's order is not supported by reliable, probative, and 64 substantial evidence and is not in accordance with law. The notice 65 of appeal shall also be filed by the appellant with the court. In 66 filing a notice of appeal with the agency or court, the notice 67 that is filed may be either the original notice or a copy of the 68 original notice. Unless otherwise provided by law relating to a 69 particular agency, notices of appeal shall be filed within fifteen 70 days after the mailing of the notice of the agency's order as 71 provided in this section. For purposes of this paragraph, an order 72 includes a determination appealed pursuant to division (C) of 73 section 119.092 of the Revised Code. The amendments made to this 74 paragraph by Sub. H.B. 215 of the 128th general assembly are 75 procedural, and this paragraph as amended by those amendments 76 77 shall be applied retrospectively to all appeals pursuant to this paragraph filed before the effective date of those amendments 78 September 13, 2010, but not earlier than May 7, 2009, which was 79 the date the supreme court of Ohio released its opinion and 80 judgment in Medcorp, Inc. v. Ohio Dep't. of Job and Family Servs. 81 (2009), 121 Ohio St.3d 622. 82

(E) The filing of a notice of appeal shall not automatically 83 operate as a suspension of the order of an agency. If it appears 84 to the court that an unusual hardship to the appellant will result 85 from the execution of the agency's order pending determination of 86 the appeal, the court may grant a suspension and fix its terms. If 87 an appeal is taken from the judgment of the court and the court 88 has previously granted a suspension of the agency's order as 89 provided in this section, the suspension of the agency's order 90 shall not be vacated and shall be given full force and effect 91 until the matter is finally adjudicated. No renewal of a license 92 or permit shall be denied by reason of the suspended order during 93 the period of the appeal from the decision of the court of common 94 pleas. In the case of an appeal from the state medical board or 95 state chiropractic board, the court may grant a suspension and fix 96 its terms if it appears to the court that an unusual hardship to 97 the appellant will result from the execution of the agency's order 98 pending determination of the appeal and the health, safety, and 99 welfare of the public will not be threatened by suspension of the 100 order. This provision shall not be construed to limit the factors 101 the court may consider in determining whether to suspend an order 102 of any other agency pending determination of an appeal. 103

(F) The final order of adjudication may apply to any renewal 104 of a license or permit which has been granted during the period of 105 the appeal. 106

(G) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any 107 order issued by a court of common pleas or a court of appeals 108 suspending the effect of an order of the liquor control commission 109 issued pursuant to Chapter 4301. or 4303. of the Revised Code that 110 suspends, revokes, or cancels a permit issued under Chapter 4303. 111 of the Revised Code or that allows the payment of a forfeiture 112 under section 4301.252 of the Revised Code shall terminate not 113 more than six months after the date of the filing of the record of 114

the liquor control commission with the clerk of the court of 115 common pleas and shall not be extended. The court of common pleas, 116 or the court of appeals on appeal, shall render a judgment in that 117 matter within six months after the date of the filing of the 118 record of the liquor control commission with the clerk of the 119 court of common pleas. A court of appeals shall not issue an order 120 suspending the effect of an order of the liquor control commission 121 that extends beyond six months after the date on which the record 122 of the liquor control commission is filed with a court of common 123 pleas. 124

(H) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any 125 order issued by a court of common pleas suspending the effect of 126 an order of the state medical board or state chiropractic board 127 that limits, revokes, suspends, places on probation, or refuses to 128 register or reinstate a certificate issued by the board or 129 reprimands the holder of the certificate shall terminate not more 130 than fifteen months after the date of the filing of a notice of 131 appeal in the court of common pleas, or upon the rendering of a 132 final decision or order in the appeal by the court of common 133 pleas, whichever occurs first. 134

(I) Within thirty days after receipt of a notice of appeal 135 from an order in any case in which a hearing is required by 136 sections 119.01 to 119.13 of the Revised Code, the agency shall 137 prepare and certify to the court a complete record of the 138 proceedings in the case. Failure of the agency to comply within 139 the time allowed, upon motion, shall cause the court to enter a 140 finding in favor of the party adversely affected. Additional time, 141 however, may be granted by the court, not to exceed thirty days, 142 when it is shown that the agency has made substantial effort to 143 comply. The record shall be prepared and transcribed, and the 144 expense of it shall be taxed as a part of the costs on the appeal. 145 The appellant shall provide security for costs satisfactory to the 146 court of common pleas. Upon demand by any interested party, the147agency shall furnish at the cost of the party requesting it a copy148of the stenographic report of testimony offered and evidence149submitted at any hearing and a copy of the complete record.150

(J) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any 151 party desiring to appeal an order or decision of the state 152 personnel board of review shall, at the time of filing a notice of 153 appeal with the board, provide a security deposit in an amount and 154 manner prescribed in rules that the board shall adopt in 155 accordance with this chapter. In addition, the board is not 156 required to prepare or transcribe the record of any of its 157 proceedings unless the appellant has provided the deposit 158 described above. The failure of the board to prepare or transcribe 159 a record for an appellant who has not provided a security deposit 160 shall not cause a court to enter a finding adverse to the board. 161

(K) Unless otherwise provided by law, in the hearing of the 162 appeal, the court is confined to the record as certified to it by 163 the agency. Unless otherwise provided by law, the court may grant 164 a request for the admission of additional evidence when satisfied 165 that the additional evidence is newly discovered and could not 166 with reasonable diligence have been ascertained prior to the 167 hearing before the agency. 168

(L) The court shall conduct a hearing on the appeal and shall 169 give preference to all proceedings under sections 119.01 to 119.13 170 of the Revised Code, over all other civil cases, irrespective of 171 the position of the proceedings on the calendar of the court. An 172 appeal from an order of the state medical board issued pursuant to 173 division (G) of either section 4730.25 or 4731.22 of the Revised 174 Code, or the state chiropractic board issued pursuant to section 175 4734.37 of the Revised Code, or the liquor control commission 176 issued pursuant to Chapter 4301. or 4303. of the Revised Code 177 shall be set down for hearing at the earliest possible time and 178

takes precedence over all other actions. The hearing in the court179of common pleas shall proceed as in the trial of a civil action,180and the court shall determine the rights of the parties in181accordance with the laws applicable to a civil action. At the182hearing, counsel may be heard on oral argument, briefs may be183submitted, and evidence may be introduced if the court has granted184a request for the presentation of additional evidence.185

(M) The court may affirm the order of the agency complained 186 of in the appeal if it finds, upon consideration of the entire 187 record and any additional evidence the court has admitted, that 188 the order is supported by reliable, probative, and substantial 189 evidence and is in accordance with law. In the absence of this 190 finding, it may reverse, vacate, or modify the order or make such 191 other ruling as is supported by reliable, probative, and 192 substantial evidence and is in accordance with law. The court 193 shall award compensation for fees in accordance with section 194 2335.39 of the Revised Code to a prevailing party, other than an 195 agency, in an appeal filed pursuant to this section. 196

(N) The judgment of the court shall be final and conclusive 197 unless reversed, vacated, or modified on appeal. These appeals may 198 be taken either by the party or the agency, shall proceed as in 199 the case of appeals in civil actions, and shall be pursuant to the 200 Rules of Appellate Procedure and, to the extent not in conflict 201 with those rules, Chapter 2505. of the Revised Code. An appeal by 202 the agency shall be taken on questions of law relating to the 203 constitutionality, construction, or interpretation of statutes and 204 rules of the agency, and, in the appeal, the court may also review 205 and determine the correctness of the judgment of the court of 206 common pleas that the order of the agency is not supported by any 207 reliable, probative, and substantial evidence in the entire 208 record. 209

The court shall certify its judgment to the agency or take 210

any other action necessary to give its judgment effect. 211

Sec. 4121.129. (A) There is hereby created the workers' 212 compensation audit committee consisting of at least three members. 213 One member shall be the member of the bureau of workers' 214 compensation board of directors who is a certified public 215 accountant. The board, by majority vote, shall appoint two 216 additional members of the board to serve on the audit committee 217 and may appoint additional members who are not board members, as 218 the board determines necessary. Members of the audit committee 219 serve at the pleasure of the board, and the board, by majority 220 vote, may remove any member except the member of the committee who 221 is the certified public accountant member of the board. The board, 222 by majority vote, shall determine how often the audit committee 223 shall meet and report to the board. If the audit committee meets 224 on the same day as the board holds a meeting, no member shall be 225 compensated for more than one meeting held on that day. The audit 226 committee shall do all of the following: 227

(1) Recommend to the board an actuarial accounting firm to 228 perform the annual analysis audits required under division (B) of 229 section 4123.47 of the Revised Code; 230

(2) Recommend an auditing firm for the board to use when 231 conducting audits under section 4121.125 of the Revised Code; 232

(3) Review the results of each annual audit and management 233 review and, if any problems exist, assess the appropriate course 234 of action to correct those problems and develop an action plan to 235 correct those problems; 236

(4) Monitor the implementation of any action plans created 237 pursuant to division (A)(3) of this section; 238

(5) Review all internal audit reports on a regular basis. 239

(B) There is hereby created the workers' compensation 240

actuarial committee consisting of at least three members. One 241 member shall be the member of the board who is an actuary. The 2.42 board, by majority vote, shall appoint two additional members of 243 the board to serve on the actuarial committee and may appoint 244 additional members who are not board members, as the board 245 determines necessary. Members of the actuarial committee serve at 246 the pleasure of the board and the board, by majority vote, may 247 remove any member except the member of the committee who is the 248 actuary member of the board. The board, by majority vote, shall 249 determine how often the actuarial committee shall meet and report 250 to the board. If the actuarial committee meets on the same day as 251 the board holds a meeting, no member shall be compensated for more 252 than one meeting held on that day. The actuarial committee shall 253 do both of the following: 254

(1) Recommend actuarial consultants for the board to use for
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the funds specified in this chapter and Chapters 4123., 4127., and
4131. of the Revised Code;
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(2) Review calculations on and approve the various rate
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schedules and performance prepared and presented by the actuarial
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division of the bureau or by actuarial consultants with whom the
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board enters into a contract.

(C)(1) There is hereby created the workers' compensation 262 investment committee consisting of at least four members. Two of 263 the members shall be the members of the board who serve as the 264 investment and securities experts on the board. The board, by 265 majority vote, shall appoint two additional members of the board 266 to serve on the investment committee and may appoint additional 267 members who are not board members. Each additional member the 268 board appoints shall have at least one of the following 269 qualifications: 270

(a) Experience managing another state's pension funds or 271workers' compensation funds; 272

(b) Expertise that the board determines is needed to make 273 investment decisions. 274

Members of the investment committee serve at the pleasure of 275 the board and the board, by majority vote, may remove any member 276 except the members of the committee who are the investment and 277 securities expert members of the board. The board, by majority 278 vote, shall determine how often the investment committee shall 279 meet and report to the board. If the investment committee meets on 280 the same day as the board holds a meeting, no member shall be 281 compensated for more than one meeting held on that day. 282

(2) The investment committee shall do all of the following: 283

(a) Develop the investment policy for the administration of
(b) Develop the investment policy for the administration of
(a) Develop the investment policy for the funds specified in this chapter and
(b) Develop the investment program for the funds specified in this chapter and
(c) Develop the investment policy for the Revised Code in accordance
(c) Develop the investment policy for the Revised
(c) Develop the investment policy for the Revised</li

(b) Submit the investment policy developed pursuant to 289division (C)(2)(a) of this section to the board for approval; 290

(c) Monitor implementation by the administrator of workers' 291
 compensation and the bureau of workers' compensation chief 292
 investment officer of the investment policy approved by the board; 293

(d) Recommend outside investment counsel with whom the board 294
 may contract to assist the investment committee in fulfilling its 295
 duties; 296

(e) Review the performance of the bureau of workers'
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compensation chief investment officer and any investment
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consultants retained by the administrator to assure that the
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investments of the assets of the funds specified in this chapter
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and Chapters 4123., 4127., and 4131. of the Revised Code are made
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in accordance with the investment policy approved by the board and
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to assure compliance with the investment policy and effective

management of the funds.

sec. 4121.37. The administrator of workers' compensation 305 having, by virtue of Section 35 of Article II, Ohio Constitution, 306 the expenditure of the fund therein created for the investigation 307 and prevention of industrial accidents and diseases, shall, with 308 the advice and consent of the bureau of workers' compensation 309 board of directors, in the exercise of the administrator's 310 authority and in the performance of the administrator's duty, 311 employ a superintendent and the necessary experts, engineers, 312 investigators, clerks, and stenographers occupational safety and 313 health professionals, and support staff for the efficient 314 operation of a division of safety and hygiene of the bureau of 315 workers' compensation, which is hereby created. 316

The administrator, with the advice and consent of the board, 317 shall pay into the safety and hygiene fund, which is hereby 318 created in the state treasury, the portion of the contributions 319 paid by employers, calculated as though all employers paid 320 premiums based upon payroll, not to exceed one per cent thereof in 321 any year, as is necessary for the payment of the salary of the 322 superintendent of the division of safety and hygiene and the 323 compensation of the other employees of the division of safety and 324 hygiene, and for the expenses of investigations and researches for 325 the prevention of industrial accidents and diseases, and for 326 operating the long-term care loan fund program established under 327 section 4121.48 of the Revised Code. All investment earnings of 328 the fund shall be credited to the fund. The administrator has the 329 same powers to invest any of the funds belonging to the fund as 330 are delegated to the administrator under section 4123.44 of the 331 Revised Code with respect to the state insurance fund. The 332 superintendent, under the direction of the administrator, with the 333 advice and consent of the board, shall conduct investigations and 334 researches for the prevention of industrial accidents and 335

diseases, conduct loss prevention programs and courses for 336 employers, establish and administrate cooperative programs with 337 employers for the purchase of individual safety equipment for 338 employees, and print and distribute information as may be of 339 benefit to employers and employees. The administrator shall pay 340 from the safety and hygiene fund the salary of the superintendent 341 of the division of safety and hygiene, the compensation of the 342 other employees of the division of safety and hygiene, the 343 expenses necessary or incidental to investigations and researches 344 for the prevention of industrial accidents and diseases, and the 345 cost of printing and distributing such information. 346

The superintendent, under the direction of the administrator, 347 shall prepare an annual report, addressed to the governor, on the 348 amount of the expenditures and the purposes for which they have 349 been made, and the results of the investigations and researches. 350 The administrator shall include the administrative costs, 351 salaries, and other expenses of the division of safety and hygiene 352 as a part of the budget of the bureau of workers' compensation 353 that is submitted to the director of budget and management and 354 shall identify those expenditures separately from other bureau 355 expenditures. 356

The superintendent shall be a competent person with at least357five years' experience in industrial accident or disease358prevention work. The superintendent and up to six positions in the359division of safety and hygiene as the shall be in the unclassified360civil service of the state.361

The administrator, with the advice and consent of the board,362designates are may designate positions in the division that are in363the unclassified civil service of the state as long as the364administrator, with the advice and consent of the board,365determines the positions subordinate to the superintendent are366primarily and distinctively administrative, managerial, or367

professional in character. All other full-time employees of the368division of safety and hygiene are in the classified civil service369of the state.370

Sec. 4121.61. (A) As used in sections 4121.61 to 4121.70 of371the Revised Code, "self-insuring employer" has the same meaning as372in section 4123.01 of the Revised Code.373

(B) The administrator of workers' compensation, with the 374 advice and consent of the bureau of workers' compensation board of 375 directors, shall adopt rules, take measures, and make expenditures 376 as it deems necessary to aid claimants who have sustained 377 compensable injuries or incurred compensable occupational diseases 378 pursuant to Chapter 4123., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code to 379 return to work or to assist in lessening or removing any resulting 380 handicap. 381

Sec. 4121.65. Employers who provide compensation and benefits 382 pursuant to section 4123.35 of the Revised Code also Self-insuring 383 employers may be granted authority to furnish rehabilitation 384 services as long as the quality and content of the same is 385 services are equal to or greater than that provided by the bureau 386 of workers' compensation, and prior approval therefor has been 387 given by the bureau. 388

Sec. 4121.66. (A) The Except as provided in division (D) of 389 this section, the administrator of workers' compensation shall pay 390 the expense of providing rehabilitation services, counseling, 391 training, and living maintenance payments from the surplus fund 392 established by section 4123.34 of the Revised Code. 393

(B) Living maintenance payments are not subject to 394garnishment, levy, or attachment. 395

(C) Sections 4123.343, 4123.63, and 4123.64 of the Revised 396

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Code do not apply to living maintenance payments.

(D) A self-insuring employer under section 4123.35 of the 398 Revised Code may elect to shall pay directly to a claimant or to 399 the provider of the rehabilitation services, counseling, or 400 training the expenses listed in division (A) of this section $\frac{by}{by}$ 401 filing an application with the bureau of workers' compensation not 402 more than one hundred eighty days and not less than ninety days 403 prior to the first day of the employer's next six month coverage 404 period. If the self-insuring employer timely files the 405 application, the application is effective on the first day of the 406 employer's next six month coverage period, provided that the 407 administrator shall compute the employer's assessment for the 408 surplus fund due with respect to the period during which such 409 application was filed without regard to the filing of the 410 application. Following the timely filing, the self insuring 411 employer shall pay directly to a claimant or to the provider of 412 the rehabilitation services, counseling, or training the expenses 413 listed in division (A) of this section for all periods of 414 rehabilitation occurring on or after the effective date of his 415 election, regardless of the date of the injury or occupational 416 disease, and he shall receive no money or credits from the surplus 417 fund on account of such payments and shall not be required to pay 418 any amounts into the surplus fund on account of this section, 419 provided that for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days 420 after the effective date of the application, the self-insuring 421 employer may submit to the bureau requests for reimbursement from 422 the surplus fund on account of payments made for services rendered 423 or living maintenance periods prior to the effective date of the 424 application pursuant to division (A) of this section. The election 425 made under this division is irrevocable. 426

Sec. 4121.67. (A) The administrator of workers' compensation, 427 with the advice and consent of the bureau of workers' compensation 428

board of directors, shall adopt rules:

(A)(1) For the encouragement of reemployment of claimants who 430 have successfully completed prescribed rehabilitation programs by 431 payment from the surplus fund established by section 4123.34 of 432 the Revised Code to employers who employ or re-employ the 433 claimants. The period or periods of payments shall not exceed six 434 months in the aggregate, unless the administrator or the 435 administrator's designee determines that the claimant will be 436 benefited by an extension of payments. 437

(B)(2) Requiring payment, in the same manner as living 438 maintenance payments are made pursuant to section 4121.63 of the 439 Revised Code, to the claimant who completes a rehabilitation 440 training program and returns to employment, but who suffers a wage 441 loss compared to the wage the claimant was receiving at the time 442 of injury. Payments per week shall be sixty-six and two-thirds per 443 cent of the difference, if any, between the claimant's weekly wage 444 at the time of injury and the weekly wage received while employed, 445 up to a maximum payment per week equal to the statewide average 446 weekly wage. The payments may continue for up to a maximum of two 447 hundred weeks but shall be reduced by the corresponding number of 448 weeks in which the claimant receives payments pursuant to division 449 (B) of section 4123.56 of the Revised Code. 450

(B) A self-insuring employer shall make the payments 451 described in division (A) of this section directly as part of a 452 <u>claim.</u> 453

Sec. 4121.68. In the event a claimant sustains an injury or 454 occupational disease or dies as a result of any injury or disease 455 received in the course of and arising out of the claimant's 456 participation in a rehabilitation program, the claimant or, in the 457 case of death, a dependent of the claimant, may file a claim for 458 compensation and benefits. All compensation and benefit awards 459

made as a result of the injury, disease, or death shall be charged 460 to the surplus fund account, created pursuant to section 4123.34 461 of the Revised Code, and not charged through the state insurance 462 fund to the employer against which the claim was allowed so long 463 as the employer pays assessments into the surplus fund account for 464 the payment of such compensation and benefits. If an employer is a 465 self-insuring employer, the self-insuring employer shall pay these 466 compensation and benefits directly as a part of a claim. 467

Sec. 4123.01. As used in this chapter:

(A)(1) "Employee" means:

(a) Every person in the service of the state, or of any 470 county, municipal corporation, township, or school district 471 therein, including regular members of lawfully constituted police 472 and fire departments of municipal corporations and townships, 473 whether paid or volunteer, and wherever serving within the state 474 or on temporary assignment outside thereof, and executive officers 475 of boards of education, under any appointment or contract of hire, 476 express or implied, oral or written, including any elected 477 official of the state, or of any county, municipal corporation, or 478 township, or members of boards of education. 479

As used in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the term 480 "employee" includes the following persons when responding to an 481 inherently dangerous situation that calls for an immediate 482 response on the part of the person, regardless of whether the 483 person is within the limits of the jurisdiction of the person's 484 regular employment or voluntary service when responding, on the 485 condition that the person responds to the situation as the person 486 otherwise would if the person were on duty in the person's 487 jurisdiction: 488

(i) Off-duty peace officers. As used in division (A)(1)(a)(i) 489 of this section, "peace officer" has the same meaning as in 490

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section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.

(ii) Off-duty firefighters, whether paid or volunteer, of a 492 lawfully constituted fire department. 493

(iii) Off-duty first responders, emergency medical 494 technicians-basic, emergency medical technicians-intermediate, or 495 emergency medical technicians-paramedic, whether paid or 496 volunteer, of an ambulance service organization or emergency 497 medical service organization pursuant to Chapter 4765. of the 498 Revised Code. 499

(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or 500 private corporation, including any public service corporation, 501 that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same 502 business or in or about the same establishment under any contract 503 of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including aliens and 504 minors, household workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars or 505 more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single household and 506 casual workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars or more in cash 507 in any calendar quarter from a single employer, or (ii) is bound 508 by any such contract of hire or by any other written contract, to 509 pay into the state insurance fund the premiums provided by this 510 chapter. 511

(c) Every person who performs labor or provides services 512 pursuant to a construction contract, as defined in section 4123.79 513 of the Revised Code, if at least ten of the following criteria 514 apply: 515

(i) The person is required to comply with instructions from 516 the other contracting party regarding the manner or method of 517 performing services; 518

(ii) The person is required by the other contracting party to 519 have particular training; 520

(iii) The person's services are integrated into the regular 521

functioning of the other contracting party;	522
(iv) The person is required to perform the work personally;	523
(v) The person is hired, supervised, or paid by the other contracting party;	524 525
(vi) A continuing relationship exists between the person and the other contracting party that contemplates continuing or recurring work even if the work is not full time;	526 527 528
(vii) The person's hours of work are established by the other contracting party;	529 530
(viii) The person is required to devote full time to the business of the other contracting party;	531 532
(ix) The person is required to perform the work on the premises of the other contracting party;	533 534
(x) The person is required to follow the order of work set by the other contracting party;	535 536
(xi) The person is required to make oral or written reports of progress to the other contracting party;	537 538
(xii) The person is paid for services on a regular basis such as hourly, weekly, or monthly;	539 540
(xiii) The person's expenses are paid for by the other contracting party;	541 542
(xiv) The person's tools and materials are furnished by the other contracting party;	543 544
(xv) The person is provided with the facilities used to perform services;	545 546
(xvi) The person does not realize a profit or suffer a loss as a result of the services provided;	547 548
(xvii) The person is not performing services for a number of employers at the same time;	549 550

(xviii) The person does not make the same services available 551 to the general public; 552

(xix) The other contracting party has a right to discharge 553 the person; 554

(xx) The person has the right to end the relationship with
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 the other contracting party without incurring liability pursuant
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 to an employment contract or agreement.
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Every person in the service of any independent contractor or 558 subcontractor who has failed to pay into the state insurance fund 559 the amount of premium determined and fixed by the administrator of 560 workers' compensation for the person's employment or occupation or 561 if a self-insuring employer has failed to pay compensation and 562 benefits directly to the employer's injured and to the dependents 563 of the employer's killed employees as required by section 4123.35 564 of the Revised Code, shall be considered as the employee of the 565 person who has entered into a contract, whether written or verbal, 566 with such independent contractor unless such employees or their 567 legal representatives or beneficiaries elect, after injury or 568 death, to regard such independent contractor as the employer. 569

(2) "Employee" does not mean <u>any of the following</u>: 570

(a) A duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister or
 assistant or associate minister of a church in the exercise of
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 ministry;
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(b) Any officer of a family farm corporation; 574

(c) An individual incorporated as a corporation; or 575

(d) <u>An officer of a nonprofit corporation, as defined in</u>
 <u>section 1702.01 of the Revised Code, who volunteers the person's</u>
 <u>services as a officer;</u>
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(e) An individual who otherwise is an employee of an employer 579 but who signs the waiver and affidavit specified in section 580 4123.15 of the Revised Code on the condition that the581administrator has granted a waiver and exception to the582individual's employer under section 4123.15 of the Revised Code.583

Any employer may elect to include as an "employee" within 584 this chapter, any person excluded from the definition of 585 "employee" pursuant to division (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of 586 this section in accordance with rules adopted by the 587 administrator, with the advice and consent of the bureau of 588 workers' compensation board of directors. If an employer is a 589 partnership, sole proprietorship, individual incorporated as a 590 corporation, or family farm corporation, such employer may elect 591 to include as an "employee" within this chapter, any member of 592 such partnership, the owner of the sole proprietorship, the 593 individual incorporated as a corporation, or the officers of the 594 family farm corporation. In Nothing in this section shall prohibit 595 a partner, sole proprietor, or any person excluded from the 596 definition of "employee" pursuant to division (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), 597 or (e) of this section from electing to be included as an 598 "employee" under this chapter in accordance with rules adopted by 599 the administrator, with the advice and consent of the board. 600

In the event of an election, the employer or person electing 601 coverage shall serve upon the bureau of workers' compensation 602 written notice naming the persons person to be covered, and 603 include such employee's the person's remuneration for premium 604 purposes in all future payroll reports, and no. No partner, sole 605 proprietor, or person excluded from the definition of "employee" 606 pursuant to division (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section, 607 proprietor, individual incorporated as a corporation, or partner 608 shall be deemed an employee within this division until the 609 employer has served such notice shall receive benefits or 610 compensation under this chapter until the bureau receives written 611 notice of the election permitted by this section. 612

For informational purposes only, the bureau shall prescribe 613 such language as it considers appropriate, on such of its forms as 614 it considers appropriate, to advise employers of their right to 615 elect to include as an "employee" within this chapter a sole 616 proprietor, any member of a partnership, an individual 617 incorporated as a corporation, the officers of a family farm 618 corporation, or a person excluded from the definition of 619 "employee" under division (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this 620 section, that they should check any health and disability 621 insurance policy, or other form of health and disability plan or 622 contract, presently covering them, or the purchase of which they 623 may be considering, to determine whether such policy, plan, or 624 contract excludes benefits for illness or injury that they might 625 have elected to have covered by workers' compensation. 626

(B) "Employer" means:

(1) The state, including state hospitals, each county,
municipal corporation, township, school district, and hospital
629
owned by a political subdivision or subdivisions other than the
630
state;
631

(2) Every person, firm, professional employer organization, 632 and private corporation, including any public service corporation, 633 that (a) has in service one or more employees or shared employees 634 regularly in the same business or in or about the same 635 establishment under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral 636 or written, or (b) is bound by any such contract of hire or by any 637 other written contract, to pay into the insurance fund the 638 premiums provided by this chapter. 639

All such employers are subject to this chapter. Any member of 640 a firm or association, who regularly performs manual labor in or 641 about a mine, factory, or other establishment, including a 642 household establishment, shall be considered an employee in 643 determining whether such person, firm, or private corporation, or 644

public service corporation, has in its service, one or more645employees and the employer shall report the income derived from646such labor to the bureau as part of the payroll of such employer,647and such member shall thereupon be entitled to all the benefits of648an employee.649

(C) "Injury" includes any injury, whether caused by external
 accidental means or accidental in character and result, received
 in the course of, and arising out of, the injured employee's
 652
 employment. "Injury" does not include:

(1) Psychiatric conditions except where the claimant's 654 psychiatric conditions have arisen from an injury or occupational 655 disease sustained by that claimant or where the claimant's 656 psychiatric conditions have arisen from sexual conduct in which 657 the claimant was forced by threat of physical harm to engage or 658 participate; 659

(2) Injury or disability caused primarily by the naturaldeterioration of tissue, an organ, or part of the body;661

(3) Injury or disability incurred in voluntary participation
in an employer-sponsored recreation or fitness activity if the
employee signs a waiver of the employee's right to compensation or
benefits under this chapter prior to engaging in the recreation or
fitness activity;

(4) A condition that pre-existed an injury unless that 667 pre-existing condition is substantially aggravated by the injury. 668 Such a substantial aggravation must be documented by objective 669 diagnostic findings, objective clinical findings, or objective 670 test results. Subjective complaints may be evidence of such a 671 substantial aggravation. However, subjective complaints without 672 objective diagnostic findings, objective clinical findings, or 673 objective test results are insufficient to substantiate a 674 substantial aggravation. 675

(D) "Child" includes a posthumous child and a child legally676adopted prior to the injury.677

(E) "Family farm corporation" means a corporation founded for 678 the purpose of farming agricultural land in which the majority of 679 the voting stock is held by and the majority of the stockholders 680 are persons or the spouse of persons related to each other within 681 the fourth degree of kinship, according to the rules of the civil 682 law, and at least one of the related persons is residing on or 683 actively operating the farm, and none of whose stockholders are a 684 corporation. A family farm corporation does not cease to qualify 685 under this division where, by reason of any devise, bequest, or 686 the operation of the laws of descent or distribution, the 687 ownership of shares of voting stock is transferred to another 688 person, as long as that person is within the degree of kinship 689 stipulated in this division. 690

(F) "Occupational disease" means a disease contracted in the 691 course of employment, which by its causes and the characteristics 692 of its manifestation or the condition of the employment results in 693 a hazard which distinguishes the employment in character from 694 employment generally, and the employment creates a risk of 695 contracting the disease in greater degree and in a different 696 manner from the public in general.

(G) "Self-insuring employer" means an employer who is granted 698 the privilege of paying compensation and benefits directly under 699 section 4123.35 of the Revised Code, including a board of county 700 commissioners for the sole purpose of constructing a sports 701 facility as defined in section 307.696 of the Revised Code, 702 provided that the electors of the county in which the sports 703 facility is to be built have approved construction of a sports 704 facility by ballot election no later than November 6, 1997. 705

(H) "Private employer" means an employer as defined indivision (B)(2) of this section.707

(I) "Professional employer organization" has the same meaning 708 as in section 4125.01 of the Revised Code. 709 (J) "Public employer" means an employer as defined in 710 division (B)(1) of this section. 711 (K) "Sexual conduct" means vaginal intercourse between a male 712 and female; anal intercourse, fellatio, and cunnilingus between 713 persons regardless of gender; and, without privilege to do so, the 714 insertion, however slight, of any part of the body or any 715 instrument, apparatus, or other object into the vaginal or anal 716 cavity of another. Penetration, however slight, is sufficient to 717 complete vaginal or anal intercourse. 718

(L) "Other-states' insurer" means an insurance company that
is authorized to provide workers' compensation insurance coverage
in any of the states that permit employers to obtain insurance for
workers' compensation claims through insurance companies.
722

(M) "Other-states' coverage" means both of the following: 723

(1) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for
 workers' compensation claims of employees who are in employment
 relationships localized in a state other than this state or those
 employees' dependents;

(2) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for
 728
 workers' compensation claims that arise in a state other than this
 729
 state where an employer elects to obtain coverage through either
 730
 the administrator or an other-states' insurer.
 731

(N) "Limited other-states coverage" means insurance coverage 732
provided by the administrator to an eligible employer for workers' 733
compensation claims of employees who are in an employment 734
relationship localized in this state but are temporarily working 735
in a state other than this state, or those employees' dependents. 736

Sec. 4123.291. (A) An adjudicating committee appointed by the 737

administrator of workers' compensation to hear any matter 738 specified in divisions (B)(1) to (7) of this section shall hear 739 the matter within sixty days of the date on which an employer 740 files the request, protest, or petition. An employer desiring to 741 file a request, protest, or petition regarding any matter 742 specified in divisions (B)(1) to (7) of this section shall file 743 the request, protest, or petition to the adjudicating committee on 744 or before twenty-four months after the administrator sends notice 745 of the determination about which the employer is filing the 746 request, protest, or petition. 747

(B) An employer who is adversely affected by a decision of an 748 adjudicating committee appointed by the administrator may appeal 749 the decision of the committee to the administrator or the 750 administrator's designee. The employer shall file the appeal in 751 writing within thirty days after the employer receives the 752 decision of the adjudicating committee. The administrator or the 753 designee shall hear consider and issue a decision on the appeal 754 and hold a hearing, provided that if the decision of the 755 adjudicating committee relates to one of the following: 756

(1) An employer request for a waiver of a default in the
payment of premiums pursuant to section 4123.37 of the Revised
Code;
759

(2) An employer request for the settlement of liability as a 760noncomplying employer under section 4123.75 of the Revised Code; 761

(3) An employer petition objecting to an assessment made
pursuant to section 4123.37 of the Revised Code and the rules
adopted pursuant to that section;
764

(4) An employer request for the abatement of penalties
assessed pursuant to section 4123.32 of the Revised Code and the
rules adopted pursuant to that section;
767

(5) An employer protest relating to an audit finding or a 768

determination of a manual classification, experience rating, or	769
transfer or combination of risk experience;	
(6) Any decision relating to any other risk premium matter	771
under Chapters 4121., 4123., and 4131. of the Revised Code;	772
(7) An employer petition objecting to the amount of security	773
required under division (D) of section 4125.05 of the Revised Code	774
and the rules adopted pursuant to that section.	775
If an employer requests a hearing on the appeal the	776
administrator or the designee shall hold the hearing. Otherwise, a	777
hearing on the appeal may be held at the discretion of the	778
administrator or the designee.	779
(C) The bureau of workers' compensation board of directors,	780
based upon recommendations of the workers' compensation actuarial	781
committee, shall establish the policy for all adjudicating	782
committee procedures, including, but not limited to, specific	783
criteria for manual premium rate adjustment.	784
sec. 4123.34. It shall be the duty of the bureau of workers'	785
compensation board of directors and the administrator of workers'	786

compensation to safeguard and maintain the solvency of the state 787 insurance fund and all other funds specified in this chapter and 788 Chapters 4121., 4127., and 4131. of the Revised Code. The 789 administrator, in the exercise of the powers and discretion 790 conferred upon the administrator in section 4123.29 of the Revised 791 Code, shall fix and maintain, with the advice and consent of the 792 board, for each class of occupation or industry, the lowest 793 possible rates of premium consistent with the maintenance of a 794 solvent state insurance fund and the creation and maintenance of a 795 reasonable surplus, after the payment of legitimate claims for 796 injury, occupational disease, and death that the administrator 797 authorizes to be paid from the state insurance fund for the 798 benefit of injured, diseased, and the dependents of killed 799 employees. In establishing rates, the administrator shall take800into account the necessity of ensuring sufficient money is set801aside in the premium payment security fund to cover any defaults802in premium obligations. The administrator shall observe all of the803following requirements in fixing the rates of premium for the804risks of occupations or industries:805

(A) The administrator shall keep an accurate account of the 806 money paid in premiums by each of the several classes of 807 occupations or industries, and the losses on account of injuries, 808 occupational disease, and death of employees thereof, and also 809 keep an account of the money received from each individual 810 employer and the amount of losses incurred against the state 811 insurance fund on account of injuries, occupational disease, and 812 death of the employees of the employer. 813

(B) A portion of the money paid into the state insurance fund 814 shall be set aside for the creation of a surplus fund account 815 within the state insurance fund. Any references in this chapter or 816 in Chapter 4121., 4125., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code to 817 the surplus fund, the surplus created in this division, the 818 statutory surplus fund, or the statutory surplus of the state 819 insurance fund are hereby deemed to be references to the surplus 820 fund account. The administrator may transfer the portion of the 821 state insurance fund to the surplus fund account as the 822 administrator determines is necessary to satisfy the needs of the 823 surplus fund account and to guarantee the solvency of the state 824 insurance fund and the surplus fund account. In addition to all 825 statutory authority under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the 826 Revised Code, the administrator has discretionary and contingency 827 authority to make charges to the surplus fund account. The 828 administrator shall account for all charges, whether statutory, 829 discretionary, or contingency, that the administrator may make to 830 the surplus fund account. A revision of basic rates shall be made 831

annually on the first day of July.

Notwithstanding any provision of the law to the contrary, one	833
hundred eighty days after the effective date on which	834
self-insuring employers first may elect under division (D) of	835
section 4121.66 of the Revised Code to directly pay for	836
rehabilitation expenses, the administrator shall calculate the	837
deficit, if any, in the portion of the surplus fund account that	838
is used for reimbursement to self-insuring employers for all	839
expenses other than handicapped reimbursement under section	840
4123.343 of the Revised Code. The administrator, from time to	841
time, may determine whether the surplus fund account has such a	842
deficit and may assess all self-insuring employers who	843
participated in the portion of the surplus fund account during the	844
accrual of the deficit and who during that time period have not	845
made the election under division (D) of section 4121.66 of the	846
Revised Code the amount the administrator determines necessary to	847
reduce the deficit.	848

For policy years commencing prior to July 1, 2016, revisions 849 of basic rates for private employers shall be in accordance with 850 the oldest four of the last five calendar years of the combined 851 accident and occupational disease experience of the administrator 852 in the administration of this chapter, as shown by the accounts 853 kept as provided in this section. For a policy year commencing on 854 or after July 1, 2016, revisions of basic rates for private 855 employers shall be in accordance with the oldest four of the last 856 five policy years combined accident and occupational disease 857 experience of the administrator in the administration of this 858 chapter, as shown by the accounts kept as provided in this 859 section. 860

Revisions of basic rates for public employers shall be in 861 accordance with the oldest four of the last five policy years of 862 the combined accident and occupational disease experience of the 863

administrator in the administration of this chapter, as shown by 864 the accounts kept as provided in this section. 865 In revising basic rates, the administrator shall exclude the 866 experience of employers that are no longer active if the 867 administrator determines that the inclusion of those employers 868 would have a significant negative impact on the remainder of the 869 employers in a particular manual classification. The administrator 870 shall adopt rules, with the advice and consent of the board, 871 governing rate revisions, the object of which shall be to make an 872 equitable distribution of losses among the several classes of 873 occupation or industry, which rules shall be general in their 874 application. 875

(C) The administrator may apply that form of rating system 876 that the administrator finds is best calculated to merit rate or 877 individually rate the risk more equitably, predicated upon the 878 basis of its individual industrial accident and occupational 879 disease experience, and may encourage and stimulate accident 880 prevention. The administrator shall develop fixed and equitable 881 rules controlling the rating system, which rules shall conserve to 882 each risk the basic principles of workers' compensation insurance. 883

(D) The administrator, from the money paid into the state
 884
 insurance fund, shall set aside into an account of the state
 885
 insurance fund titled a premium payment security fund sufficient
 886
 money to pay for any premiums due from an employer and
 887
 uncollected.

The use of the moneys held by the premium payment security 889 fund account is restricted to reimbursement to the state insurance 890 fund of premiums due and uncollected. 891

(E) The administrator may grant discounts on premium rates892for employers who meet either of the following requirements:893

(1) Have not incurred a compensable injury for one year or 894

more and who maintain an employee safety committee or similar 895 organization or make periodic safety inspections of the workplace. 896

(2) Successfully complete a loss prevention program
prescribed by the superintendent of the division of safety and
hygiene and conducted by the division or by any other person
approved by the superintendent.
900

(F)(1) In determining the premium rates for the construction 901 industry the administrator shall calculate the employers' premiums 902 based upon the actual remuneration construction industry employees 903 receive from construction industry employers, provided that the 904 amount of remuneration the administrator uses in calculating the 905 premiums shall not exceed an average weekly wage equal to one 906 hundred fifty per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as 907 defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code. 908

(2) Division (F)(1) of this section shall not be construed as 909affecting the manner in which benefits to a claimant are awarded 910under this chapter. 911

(3) As used in division (F) of this section, "construction 912
industry" includes any activity performed in connection with the 913
erection, alteration, repair, replacement, renovation, 914
installation, or demolition of any building, structure, highway, 915
or bridge. 916

(G) The administrator shall not place a limit on the length
917
of time that an employer may participate in the bureau of workers'
918
compensation drug free workplace and workplace safety programs.
919

sec. 4123.343. This section shall be construed liberally to 920 the end that employers shall be encouraged to employ and retain in 921 their employment handicapped employees as defined in this section. 922

(A) As used in this section, "handicapped employee" means an923employee who is afflicted with or subject to any physical or924

mental impairment, or both, whether congenital or due to an injury 925 or disease of such character that the impairment constitutes a 926 handicap in obtaining employment or would constitute a handicap in 927 obtaining reemployment if the employee should become unemployed 928 and whose handicap is due to any of the following diseases or 929 conditions: 930 931 (1) Epilepsy; (2) Diabetes; 932 (3) Cardiac disease; 933 (4) Arthritis; 934 (5) Amputated foot, leg, arm, or hand; 935 (6) Loss of sight of one or both eyes or a partial loss of 936 uncorrected vision of more than seventy-five per cent bilaterally; 937 (7) Residual disability from poliomyelitis; 938 (8) Cerebral palsy; 939 (9) Multiple sclerosis; 940 (10) Parkinson's disease; 941 (11) Cerebral vascular accident; 942 (12) Tuberculosis; 943 (13) Silicosis; 944 (14) Psycho-neurotic disability following treatment in a 945 recognized medical or mental institution; 946 (15) Hemophilia; 947 (16) Chronic osteomyelitis; 948 (17) Ankylosis of joints; 949 (18) Hyper insulinism; 950

(19) Muscular dystrophies; 951

(20) Arterio-sclerosis;	952
(21) Thrombo-phlebitis;	953
(22) Varicose veins;	954
(23) Cardiovascular, pulmonary, or respiratory diseases of a	955
firefighter or police officer employed by a municipal corporation	956
or township as a regular member of a lawfully constituted police	957
department or fire department;	958
(24) Coal miners' pneumoconiosis, commonly referred to as	959
"black lung disease";	960
(25) Disability with respect to which an individual has	961
completed a rehabilitation program conducted pursuant to sections	962
4121.61 to 4121.69 of the Revised Code.	963
(B) Under the circumstances set forth in this section all or	964
such portion as the administrator determines of the compensation	965
and benefits paid in any claim arising hereafter shall be charged	966
to and paid from the statutory surplus fund created under section	967
4123.34 of the Revised Code and only the portion remaining shall	968
be merit-rated or otherwise treated as part of the accident or	969
occupational disease experience of the employer. If the employer	970
is a self insuring employer, the proportion of such costs whether	971
charged to the statutory surplus fund in whole or in part shall be	972
by way of direct payment to such employee or the employee's	973
dependents or by way of reimbursement to the self-insuring	974
employer as the circumstances indicate. The provisions of this	975
section apply only in cases of death, total disability, whether	976
temporary or permanent, and all disabilities compensated under	977
division (B) of section 4123.57 of the Revised Code. The	978
administrator shall adopt rules specifying the grounds upon which	979
charges to the statutory surplus fund are to be made. The rules	980

charges to the statutory surplus fund are to be made. The rules 980 shall prohibit as a grounds any agreement between employer and 981 claimant as to the merits of a claim and the amount of the charge. 982

An employer shall file an application under this section for 986 a determination with the bureau or commission in the same manner 987 as other claims. An application only may be made in cases where a 988 handicapped employee or a handicapped employee's dependents claim 989 or is are receiving an award of compensation as a result of an 990 injury or occupational disease occurring or contracted on or after 991 the date on which division (A) of this section first included the 992 handicap of such employee. 993

(D) The circumstances under and the manner in which an994apportionment under this section shall be made are:995

(1) Whenever a handicapped employee is injured or disabled or 996 dies as the result of an injury or occupational disease sustained 997 in the course of and arising out of a handicapped employee's 998 999 employment in this state and the administrator awards compensation therefor and when it appears to the satisfaction of the 1000 administrator that the injury or occupational disease or the death 1001 resulting therefrom would not have occurred but for the 1002 pre-existing physical or mental impairment of the handicapped 1003 employee, all compensation and benefits payable on account of the 1004 disability or death shall be paid from the surplus fund. 1005

(2) Whenever a handicapped employee is injured or disabled or 1006 dies as a result of an injury or occupational disease and the 1007 administrator finds that the injury or occupational disease would 1008 have been sustained or suffered without regard to the employee's 1009 pre-existing impairment but that the resulting disability or death 1010 was caused at least in part through aggravation of the employee's 1011 pre-existing disability, the administrator shall determine in a 1012 manner that is equitable and reasonable and based upon medical 1013 evidence the amount of disability or proportion of the cost of the 1014 death award that is attributable to the employee's pre-existing 1015 disability and the amount found shall be charged to the statutory 1016 surplus fund. 1017

(E) The benefits and provisions of this section apply only to 1018
employers who have complied with this chapter either through 1019
insurance with the state fund or as a self-insuring employer. 1020

(F) No employer shall in any year receive credit under this 1021
 section in an amount greater than the premium the employer paid if 1022
 a state fund employer or greater than the employer's assessments 1023
 if a self insuring employer. 1024

(G) Self-insuring employers may, for all claims made after 1025 January 1, 1987, for compensation and benefits under this section, 1026 pay the compensation and benefits directly to the employee or the 1027 employee's dependents. If such an employer chooses to pay 1028 compensation and benefits directly, the employer shall receive no 1029 money or credit from the surplus fund for the payment under this 1030 section, nor shall the employer be required to pay any amounts 1031 into the surplus fund that otherwise would be assessed for 1032 handicapped reimbursements for claims made after January 1, 1987. 1033 Where a self insuring employer elects to pay for compensation and 1034 benefits pursuant to this section, the employer shall assume 1035 responsibility for compensation and benefits arising out of claims 1036 made prior to January 1, 1987, and shall not be required to pay 1037 any amounts into the surplus fund and may not receive any money or 1038 credit from that fund on account of this section. The election 1039 made under this division is irrevocable. 1040

(H) An order issued by the administrator pursuant to this 1041 section is appealable under section 4123.511 of the Revised Code 1042 but is not appealable to court under section 4123.512 of the 1043 Revised Code. 1044

Sec. 4123.35. (A) Except as provided in this section, and 1045

until the policy year commencing July 1, 2015, every private 1046 employer and every publicly owned utility shall pay semiannually 1047 in the months of January and July into the state insurance fund 1048 the amount of annual premium the administrator of workers' 1049 compensation fixes for the employment or occupation of the 1050 employer, the amount of which premium to be paid by each employer 1051 to be determined by the classifications, rules, and rates made and 1052 published by the administrator. The employer shall pay 1053 semiannually a further sum of money into the state insurance fund 1054 as may be ascertained to be due from the employer by applying the 1055 rules of the administrator. 1056

Except as otherwise provided in this section, for a policy 1057 year commencing on or after July 1, 2015, every private employer 1058 and every publicly owned utility shall pay annually in the month 1059 of June immediately preceding the policy year into the state 1060 insurance fund the amount of estimated annual premium the 1061 administrator fixes for the employment or occupation of the 1062 employer, the amount of which estimated premium to be paid by each 1063 employer to be determined by the classifications, rules, and rates 1064 made and published by the administrator. The employer shall pay a 1065 further sum of money into the state insurance fund as may be 1066 ascertained to be due from the employer by applying the rules of 1067 the administrator. Upon receipt of the payroll report required by 1068 division (B) of section 4123.26 of the Revised Code, the 1069 administrator shall adjust the premium and assessments charged to 1070 each employer for the difference between estimated gross payrolls 1071 and actual gross payrolls, and any balance due to the 1072 administrator shall be immediately paid by the employer. Any 1073 balance due the employer shall be credited to the employer's 1074 account. 1075

For a policy year commencing on or after July 1, 2015, each 1076 employer that is recognized by the administrator as a professional 1077 employer organization shall pay monthly into the state insurance1078fund the amount of premium the administrator fixes for the1079employer for the prior month based on the actual payroll of the1080employer reported pursuant to division (C) of section 4123.26 of1081the Revised Code.1082

A receipt certifying that payment has been made shall be 1083 issued to the employer by the bureau of workers' compensation. The 1084 receipt is prima-facie evidence of the payment of the premium. The 1085 administrator shall provide each employer written proof of 1086 workers' compensation coverage as is required in section 4123.83 1087 of the Revised Code. Proper posting of the notice constitutes the 1088 employer's compliance with the notice requirement mandated in 1089 section 4123.83 of the Revised Code. 1090

The bureau shall verify with the secretary of state the 1091 existence of all corporations and organizations making application 1092 for workers' compensation coverage and shall require every such 1093 application to include the employer's federal identification 1094 number. 1095

A private employer who has contracted with a subcontractor is 1096 liable for the unpaid premium due from any subcontractor with 1097 respect to that part of the payroll of the subcontractor that is 1098 for work performed pursuant to the contract with the employer. 1099

Division (A) of this section providing for the payment of 1100 premiums semiannually does not apply to any employer who was a 1101 subscriber to the state insurance fund prior to January 1, 1914, 1102 or, until July 1, 2015, who may first become a subscriber to the 1103 fund in any month other than January or July. Instead, the 1104 semiannual premiums shall be paid by those employers from time to 1105 time upon the expiration of the respective periods for which 1106 payments into the fund have been made by them. After July 1, 2015, 1107 an employer who first becomes a subscriber to the fund on any day 1108 other than the first day of July shall pay premiums according to 1109 rules adopted by the administrator, with the advice and consent of 1110 the bureau of workers' compensation board of directors, for the 1111 remainder of the policy year for which the coverage is effective. 1112

The administrator, with the advice and consent of the board, 1113 shall adopt rules to permit employers to make periodic payments of 1114 the premium and assessment due under this division. The rules 1115 shall include provisions for the assessment of interest charges, 1116 where appropriate, and for the assessment of penalties when an 1117 employer fails to make timely premium payments. The administrator, 1118 in the rules the administrator adopts, may set an administrative 1119 fee for these periodic payments. An employer who timely pays the 1120 amounts due under this division is entitled to all of the benefits 1121 and protections of this chapter. Upon receipt of payment, the 1122 bureau shall issue a receipt to the employer certifying that 1123 payment has been made, which receipt is prima-facie evidence of 1124 payment. Workers' compensation coverage under this chapter 1125 continues uninterrupted upon timely receipt of payment under this 1126 division. 1127

Every public employer, except public employers that are1128self-insuring employers under this section, shall comply with1129sections 4123.38 to 4123.41, and 4123.48 of the Revised Code in1130regard to the contribution of moneys to the public insurance fund.1131

(B) Employers who will abide by the rules of the 1132 administrator and who may be of sufficient financial ability to 1133 render certain the payment of compensation to injured employees or 1134 the dependents of killed employees, and the furnishing of medical, 1135 surgical, nursing, and hospital attention and services and 1136 medicines, and funeral expenses, equal to or greater than is 1137 provided for in sections 4123.52, 4123.55 to 4123.62, and 4123.64 1138 to 4123.67 of the Revised Code, and who do not desire to insure 1139 the payment thereof or indemnify themselves against loss sustained 1140 by the direct payment thereof, upon a finding of such facts by the 1141

administrator, may be granted the privilege to pay individually 1142 compensation, and furnish medical, surgical, nursing, and hospital 1143 services and attention and funeral expenses directly to injured 1144 employees or the dependents of killed employees, thereby being 1145 granted status as a self-insuring employer. The administrator may 1146 charge employers who apply for the status as a self-insuring 1147 employer a reasonable application fee to cover the bureau's costs 1148 in connection with processing and making a determination with 1149 respect to an application. 1150

All employers granted status as self-insuring employers shall 1151 demonstrate sufficient financial and administrative ability to 1152 assure that all obligations under this section are promptly met. 1153 The administrator shall deny the privilege where the employer is 1154 unable to demonstrate the employer's ability to promptly meet all 1155 the obligations imposed on the employer by this section. 1156

(1) The administrator shall consider, but is not limited to, 1157
the following factors, where applicable, in determining the 1158
employer's ability to meet all of the obligations imposed on the 1159
employer by this section: 1160

(a) The employer employs a minimum of five hundred employees 1161in this state; 1162

(b) The employer has operated in this state for a minimum of 1163 two years, provided that an employer who has purchased, acquired, 1164 or otherwise succeeded to the operation of a business, or any part 1165 thereof, situated in this state that has operated for at least two 1166 years in this state, also shall qualify; 1167

(c) Where the employer previously contributed to the state
insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau
rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules;
1170

(d) The sufficiency of the employer's assets located in thisstate to insure the employer's solvency in paying compensation1172

.62

directly;

(e) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by 1174
a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the employer's 1175
full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data 1176
include, but are not limited to, balance sheets and profit and 1177
loss history for the current year and previous four years. 1178

(f) The employer's organizational plan for the administration 1179 of the workers' compensation law; 1180

(g) The employer's proposed plan to inform employees of the 1181 change from a state fund insurer to a self-insuring employer, the 1182 procedures the employer will follow as a self-insuring employer, 1183 and the employees' rights to compensation and benefits; and 1184

(h) The employer has either an account in a financial
institution in this state, or if the employer maintains an account
with a financial institution outside this state, ensures that
workers' compensation checks are drawn from the same account as
payroll checks or the employer clearly indicates that payment will
be honored by a financial institution in this state.

The administrator may waive the requirements of divisions 1191 (B)(1)(a) and (b) of this section and the requirement of division 1192 (B)(1)(e) of this section that the financial records, documents, 1193 and data be certified by a certified public accountant. The 1194 administrator shall adopt rules establishing the criteria that an 1195 employer shall meet in order for the administrator to waive the 1196 requirements of divisions (B)(1)(a), (b), and (e) of this section. 1197 Such rules may require additional security of that employer 1198 pursuant to division (E) of section 4123.351 of the Revised Code. 1199

The administrator shall not grant the status of self-insuring 1200 employer to the state, except that the administrator may grant the 1201 status of self-insuring employer to a state institution of higher 1202 education, including its hospitals, that meets the requirements of 1203 division (B)(2) of this section.

(2) When considering the application of a public employer, 1205 except for a board of county commissioners described in division 1206 (G) of section 4123.01 of the Revised Code, a board of a county 1207 hospital, or a publicly owned utility, the administrator shall 1208 verify that the public employer satisfies all of the following 1209 requirements as the requirements apply to that public employer: 1210

(a) For the two-year period preceding application under this 1211 section, the public employer has maintained an unvoted debt 1212 capacity equal to at least two times the amount of the current 1213 annual premium established by the administrator under this chapter 1214 for that public employer for the year immediately preceding the 1215 year in which the public employer makes application under this 1216 section. 1217

(b) For each of the two fiscal years preceding application 1218 under this section, the unreserved and undesignated year-end fund 1219 balance in the public employer's general fund is equal to at least 1220 five per cent of the public employer's general fund revenues for 1221 the fiscal year computed in accordance with generally accepted 1222 accounting principles. 1223

(c) For the five-year period preceding application under this 1224 section, the public employer, to the extent applicable, has 1225 complied fully with the continuing disclosure requirements 1226 established in rules adopted by the United States securities and 1227 exchange commission under 17 C.F.R. 240.15c 2-12. 1228

(d) For the five-year period preceding application under this 1229 section, the public employer has not had its local government fund 1230 distribution withheld on account of the public employer being 1231 indebted or otherwise obligated to the state. 1232

(e) For the five-year period preceding application under this 1233 section, the public employer has not been under a fiscal watch or 1234

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year.

fiscal emergency pursuant to section 118.023, 118.04, or 3316.03 1235 of the Revised Code. 1236 (f) For the public employer's fiscal year preceding 1237 application under this section, the public employer has obtained 1238 an annual financial audit as required under section 117.10 of the 1239 Revised Code, which has been released by the auditor of state 1240 within seven months after the end of the public employer's fiscal 1241 1242

(g) On the date of application, the public employer holds a 1243 debt rating of Aa3 or higher according to Moody's investors 1244 service, inc., or a comparable rating by an independent rating 1245 agency similar to Moody's investors service, inc. 1246

(h) The public employer agrees to generate an annual 1247 accumulating book reserve in its financial statements reflecting 1248 an actuarially generated reserve adequate to pay projected claims 1249 under this chapter for the applicable period of time, as 1250 determined by the administrator. 1251

(i) For a public employer that is a hospital, the public 1252 employer shall submit audited financial statements showing the 1253 hospital's overall liquidity characteristics, and the 1254 administrator shall determine, on an individual basis, whether the 1255 public employer satisfies liquidity standards equivalent to the 1256 liquidity standards of other public employers. 1257

(j) Any additional criteria that the administrator adopts by 1258 rule pursuant to division (E) of this section. 1259

The administrator may adopt rules establishing the criteria 1260 that a public employer shall satisfy in order for the 1261 administrator to waive any of the requirements listed in divisions 1262 (B)(2)(a) to (j) of this section. The rules may require additional 1263 security from that employer pursuant to division (E) of section 1264 4123.351 of the Revised Code. The administrator shall not waive 1265 any of the requirements listed in divisions (B)(2)(a) to (j) of1266this section for a public employer who does not satisfy the1267criteria established in the rules the administrator adopts.1268

(C) A board of county commissioners described in division (G) 1269 of section 4123.01 of the Revised Code, as an employer, that will 1270 abide by the rules of the administrator and that may be of 1271 sufficient financial ability to render certain the payment of 1272 compensation to injured employees or the dependents of killed 1273 employees, and the furnishing of medical, surgical, nursing, and 1274 hospital attention and services and medicines, and funeral 1275 expenses, equal to or greater than is provided for in sections 1276 4123.52, 4123.55 to 4123.62, and 4123.64 to 4123.67 of the Revised 1277 Code, and that does not desire to insure the payment thereof or 1278 indemnify itself against loss sustained by the direct payment 1279 thereof, upon a finding of such facts by the administrator, may be 1280 granted the privilege to pay individually compensation, and 1281 furnish medical, surgical, nursing, and hospital services and 1282 attention and funeral expenses directly to injured employees or 1283 the dependents of killed employees, thereby being granted status 1284 as a self-insuring employer. The administrator may charge a board 1285 of county commissioners described in division (G) of section 1286 4123.01 of the Revised Code that applies for the status as a 1287 self-insuring employer a reasonable application fee to cover the 1288 bureau's costs in connection with processing and making a 1289 determination with respect to an application. All employers 1290 granted such status shall demonstrate sufficient financial and 1291 administrative ability to assure that all obligations under this 1292 section are promptly met. The administrator shall deny the 1293 privilege where the employer is unable to demonstrate the 1294 employer's ability to promptly meet all the obligations imposed on 1295 the employer by this section. The administrator shall consider, 1296 but is not limited to, the following factors, where applicable, in 1297 determining the employer's ability to meet all of the obligations 1298 (1) The board as an employer employs a minimum of five1300hundred employees in this state;1301

(2) The board has operated in this state for a minimum of twoyears;1303

(3) Where the board previously contributed to the state
insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau
rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules;
1306

(4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in thisstate to insure the board's solvency in paying compensationdirectly;

(5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by 1310 a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's 1311 full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data 1312 include, but are not limited to, balance sheets and profit and 1313 loss history for the current year and previous four years. 1314

(6) The board's organizational plan for the administration of 1315the workers' compensation law; 1316

(7) The board's proposed plan to inform employees of the 1317 proposed self-insurance, the procedures the board will follow as a 1318 self-insuring employer, and the employees' rights to compensation 1319 and benefits; 1320

(8) The board has either an account in a financial 1321 institution in this state, or if the board maintains an account 1322 with a financial institution outside this state, ensures that 1323 workers' compensation checks are drawn from the same account as 1324 payroll checks or the board clearly indicates that payment will be 1325 honored by a financial institution in this state; 1326

(9) The board shall provide the administrator a surety bond1327in an amount equal to one hundred twenty-five per cent of the1328

projected losses as determined by the administrator. 1329

(D) The administrator shall require a surety bond from all 1330 self-insuring employers, issued pursuant to section 4123.351 of 1331 the Revised Code, that is sufficient to compel, or secure to 1332 injured employees, or to the dependents of employees killed, the 1333 payment of compensation and expenses, which shall in no event be 1334 less than that paid or furnished out of the state insurance fund 1335 in similar cases to injured employees or to dependents of killed 1336 employees whose employers contribute to the fund, except when an 1337 employee of the employer, who has suffered the loss of a hand, 1338 arm, foot, leg, or eye prior to the injury for which compensation 1339 is to be paid, and thereafter suffers the loss of any other of the 1340 members as the result of any injury sustained in the course of and 1341 arising out of the employee's employment, the compensation to be 1342 paid by the self-insuring employer is limited to the disability 1343 suffered in the subsequent injury, additional compensation, if 1344 any, to be paid by the bureau out of the surplus created by 1345 section 4123.34 of the Revised Code. 1346

(E) In addition to the requirements of this section, the 1347 administrator shall make and publish rules governing the manner of 1348 making application and the nature and extent of the proof required 1349 to justify a finding of fact by the administrator as to granting 1350 the status of a self-insuring employer, which rules shall be 1351 general in their application, one of which rules shall provide 1352 that all self-insuring employers shall pay into the state 1353 insurance fund such amounts as are required to be credited to the 1354 surplus fund in division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised 1355 Code. The administrator may adopt rules establishing requirements 1356 in addition to the requirements described in division (B)(2) of 1357 this section that a public employer shall meet in order to qualify 1358 for self-insuring status. 1359

Employers shall secure directly from the bureau central 1360

offices application forms upon which the bureau shall stamp a 1361 designating number. Prior to submission of an application, an 1362 employer shall make available to the bureau, and the bureau shall 1363 review, the information described in division (B)(1) of this 1364 section, and public employers shall make available, and the bureau 1365 shall review, the information necessary to verify whether the 1366 public employer meets the requirements listed in division (B)(2)1367 of this section. An employer shall file the completed application 1368 forms with an application fee, which shall cover the costs of 1369 processing the application, as established by the administrator, 1370 by rule, with the bureau at least ninety days prior to the 1371 effective date of the employer's new status as a self-insuring 1372 employer. The application form is not deemed complete until all 1373 the required information is attached thereto. The bureau shall 1374 only accept applications that contain the required information. 1375

(F) The bureau shall review completed applications within a 1376 reasonable time. If the bureau determines to grant an employer the 1377 status as a self-insuring employer, the bureau shall issue a 1378 statement, containing its findings of fact, that is prepared by 1379 the bureau and signed by the administrator. If the bureau 1380 determines not to grant the status as a self-insuring employer, 1381 the bureau shall notify the employer of the determination and 1382 require the employer to continue to pay its full premium into the 1383 state insurance fund. The administrator also shall adopt rules 1384 establishing a minimum level of performance as a criterion for 1385 granting and maintaining the status as a self-insuring employer 1386 and fixing time limits beyond which failure of the self-insuring 1387 employer to provide for the necessary medical examinations and 1388 evaluations may not delay a decision on a claim. 1389

(G) The administrator shall adopt rules setting forth
procedures for auditing the program of self-insuring employers.
The bureau shall conduct the audit upon a random basis or whenever
1392

the bureau has grounds for believing that a self-insuring employer 1393 is not in full compliance with bureau rules or this chapter. 1394

The administrator shall monitor the programs conducted by 1395 self-insuring employers, to ensure compliance with bureau 1396 requirements and for that purpose, shall develop and issue to 1397 self-insuring employers standardized forms for use by the 1398 self-insuring employer in all aspects of the self-insuring 1399 employers' direct compensation program and for reporting of 1400 information to the bureau. 1401

The bureau shall receive and transmit to the self-insuring 1402 employer all complaints concerning any self-insuring employer. In 1403 the case of a complaint against a self-insuring employer, the 1404 administrator shall handle the complaint through the 1405 self-insurance division of the bureau. The bureau shall maintain a 1406 file by employer of all complaints received that relate to the 1407 employer. The bureau shall evaluate each complaint and take 1408 1409 appropriate action.

The administrator shall adopt as a rule a prohibition against 1410 any self-insuring employer from harassing, dismissing, or 1411 otherwise disciplining any employee making a complaint, which rule 1412 shall provide for a financial penalty to be levied by the 1413 administrator payable by the offending self-insuring employer. 1414

(H) For the purpose of making determinations as to whether to 1415 grant status as a self-insuring employer, the administrator may 1416 subscribe to and pay for a credit reporting service that offers 1417 financial and other business information about individual 1418 employers. The costs in connection with the bureau's subscription 1419 or individual reports from the service about an applicant may be 1420 included in the application fee charged employers under this 1421 section. 1422

(I) The administrator, notwithstanding other provisions of 1423

this chapter, may permit a self-insuring employer to resume1424payment of premiums to the state insurance fund with appropriate1425credit modifications to the employer's basic premium rate as such1426rate is determined pursuant to section 4123.29 of the Revised1427Code.1428

(J) On the first day of July of each year, the administrator 1429 shall calculate separately each self-insuring employer's 1430 assessments for the safety and hygiene fund, administrative costs 1431 pursuant to section 4123.342 of the Revised Code, and for the 1432 portion of the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34 1433 of the Revised Code that is not used for handicapped 1434 reimbursement, on the basis of the paid compensation attributable 1435 to the individual self-insuring employer according to the 1436 following calculation: 1437

(1) The total assessment against all self-insuring employers 1438 as a class for each fund and for the administrative costs for the 1439 year that the assessment is being made, as determined by the 1440 administrator, divided by the total amount of paid compensation 1441 for the previous calendar year attributable to all amenable 1442 self-insuring employers; 1443

(2) Multiply the quotient in division (J)(1) of this section 1444 by the total amount of paid compensation for the previous calendar 1445 year that is attributable to the individual self-insuring employer 1446 for whom the assessment is being determined. Each self-insuring 1447 employer shall pay the assessment that results from this 1448 calculation, unless the assessment resulting from this calculation 1449 falls below a minimum assessment, which minimum assessment the 1450 administrator shall determine on the first day of July of each 1451 year with the advice and consent of the bureau of workers' 1452 compensation board of directors, in which event, the self-insuring 1453 employer shall pay the minimum assessment. 1454

In determining the total amount due for the total assessment 1455

against all self-insuring employers as a class for each fund and 1456 the administrative assessment, the administrator shall reduce 1457 proportionately the total for each fund and assessment by the 1458 amount of money in the self-insurance assessment fund as of the 1459 date of the computation of the assessment. 1460

The administrator shall calculate the assessment for the 1461 portion of the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34 1462 of the Revised Code that is used for handicapped reimbursement in 1463 the same manner as set forth in divisions (J)(1) and (2) of this 1464 section except that the administrator shall calculate the total 1465 assessment for this portion of the surplus fund only on the basis 1466 of those self-insuring employers that retain participation in the 1467 handicapped reimbursement program and the individual self insuring 1468 employer's proportion of paid compensation shall be calculated 1469 only for those self insuring employers who retain participation in 1470 the handicapped reimbursement program. The administrator, as the 1471 administrator determines appropriate, may determine the total 1472 assessment for the handicapped portion of the surplus fund in 1473 accordance with sound actuarial principles. 1474

The administrator shall calculate the assessment for the 1475 portion of the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34 1476 of the Revised Code that under division (D) of section 4121.66 of 1477 the Revised Code is used for rehabilitation costs in the same 1478 manner as set forth in divisions (J)(1) and (2) of this section, 1479 except that the administrator shall calculate the total assessment 1480 for this portion of the surplus fund only on the basis of those 1481 self-insuring employers who have not made the election to make 1482 payments directly under division (D) of section 4121.66 of the 1483 Revised Code and an individual self-insuring employer's proportion 1484 of paid compensation only for those self-insuring employers who 1485 have not made that election. 1486

The administrator shall calculate the assessment for the 1487

of the Revised Code that is used for reimbursement to a 1489 self-insuring employer under division (H) of section 4123.512 of 1490 the Revised Code in the same manner as set forth in divisions 1491 (J)(1) and (2) of this section except that the administrator shall 1492 calculate the total assessment for this portion of the surplus 1493 fund only on the basis of those self-insuring employers that 1494 retain participation in reimbursement to the self-insuring 1495 employer under division (H) of section 4123.512 of the Revised 1496 Code and the individual self-insuring employer's proportion of 1497 paid compensation shall be calculated only for those self-insuring 1498 employers who retain participation in reimbursement to the 1499 self-insuring employer under division (H) of section 4123.512 of 1500 the Revised Code. 1501

An employer who no longer is a self-insuring employer in this 1502 state or who no longer is operating in this state, shall continue 1503 to pay assessments for administrative costs and for the portion of 1504 the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34 of the 1505 Revised Code that is not used for handicapped reimbursement, based 1506 upon paid compensation attributable to claims that occurred while 1507 the employer was a self-insuring employer within this state. 1508

(K) There is hereby created in the state treasury the 1509 self-insurance assessment fund. All investment earnings of the 1510 fund shall be deposited in the fund. The administrator shall use 1511 the money in the self-insurance assessment fund only for 1512 administrative costs as specified in section 4123.341 of the 1513 Revised Code. 1514

(L) Every self-insuring employer shall certify, in affidavit 1515 form subject to the penalty for perjury, to the bureau the amount 1516 of the self-insuring employer's paid compensation for the previous 1517 calendar year. In reporting paid compensation paid for the 1518 previous year, a self-insuring employer shall exclude from the 1519

total amount of paid compensation any reimbursement the 1520 self-insuring employer receives in the previous calendar year from 1521 the surplus fund pursuant to section 4123.512 of the Revised Code 1522 for any paid compensation. The self-insuring employer also shall 1523 exclude from the paid compensation reported any amount recovered 1524 under section 4123.931 of the Revised Code and any amount that is 1525 determined not to have been payable to or on behalf of a claimant 1526 in any final administrative or judicial proceeding. The 1527 self-insuring employer shall exclude such amounts from the paid 1528 compensation reported in the reporting period subsequent to the 1529 date the determination is made. The administrator shall adopt 1530 rules, in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, that 1531 provide for all of the following: 1532

(1) Establishing the date by which self-insuring employers
must submit such information and the amount of the assessments
provided for in division (J) of this section for employers who
have been granted self-insuring status within the last calendar
year;

(2) If an employer fails to pay the assessment when due, the
administrator may add a late fee penalty of not more than five
hundred dollars to the assessment plus an additional penalty
amount as follows:

(a) For an assessment from sixty-one to ninety days past due, 1542the prime interest rate, multiplied by the assessment due; 1543

(b) For an assessment from ninety-one to one hundred twenty
days past due, the prime interest rate plus two per cent,
multiplied by the assessment due;
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(c) For an assessment from one hundred twenty-one to one
hundred fifty days past due, the prime interest rate plus four per
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cent, multiplied by the assessment due;
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(d) For an assessment from one hundred fifty-one to one 1550

hundred eighty days past due, the prime interest rate plus six per 1551 cent, multiplied by the assessment due; 1552

(e) For an assessment from one hundred eighty-one to two
hundred ten days past due, the prime interest rate plus eight per
cent, multiplied by the assessment due;

(f) For each additional thirty-day period or portion thereof 1556 that an assessment remains past due after it has remained past due 1557 for more than two hundred ten days, the prime interest rate plus 1558 eight per cent, multiplied by the assessment due. 1559

(3) An employer may appeal a late fee penalty and penalty 1560assessment to the administrator. 1561

For purposes of division (L)(2) of this section, "prime1562interest rate" means the average bank prime rate, and the1563administrator shall determine the prime interest rate in the same1564manner as a county auditor determines the average bank prime rate1565under section 929.02 of the Revised Code.1566

The administrator shall include any assessment and penalties 1567 that remain unpaid for previous assessment periods in the 1568 calculation and collection of any assessments due under this 1569 division or division (J) of this section. 1570

(M) As used in this section, "paid compensation" means all 1571 amounts paid by a self-insuring employer for living maintenance 1572 benefits, all amounts for compensation paid pursuant to sections 1573 4121.63, 4121.67, 4123.56, 4123.57, 4123.58, 4123.59, 4123.60, and 1574 4123.64 of the Revised Code, all amounts paid as wages in lieu of 1575 such compensation, all amounts paid in lieu of such compensation 1576 under a nonoccupational accident and sickness program fully funded 1577 by the self-insuring employer, and all amounts paid by a 1578 self-insuring employer for a violation of a specific safety 1579 standard pursuant to Section 35 of Article II, Ohio Constitution 1580 and section 4121.47 of the Revised Code. 1581

(N) Should any section of this chapter or Chapter 4121. of 1582
the Revised Code providing for self-insuring employers' 1583
assessments based upon compensation paid be declared 1584
unconstitutional by a final decision of any court, then that 1585
section of the Revised Code declared unconstitutional shall revert 1586
back to the section in existence prior to November 3, 1989, 1587
providing for assessments based upon payroll. 1588

(0) The administrator may grant a self-insuring employer the 1589 privilege to self-insure a construction project entered into by 1590 the self-insuring employer that is scheduled for completion within 1591 six years after the date the project begins, and the total cost of 1592 which is estimated to exceed one hundred million dollars or, for 1593 employers described in division (R) of this section, if the 1594 construction project is estimated to exceed twenty-five million 1595 dollars. The administrator may waive such cost and time criteria 1596 and grant a self-insuring employer the privilege to self-insure a 1597 construction project regardless of the time needed to complete the 1598 construction project and provided that the cost of the 1599 construction project is estimated to exceed fifty million dollars. 1600 A self-insuring employer who desires to self-insure a construction 1601 project shall submit to the administrator an application listing 1602 the dates the construction project is scheduled to begin and end, 1603 the estimated cost of the construction project, the contractors 1604 and subcontractors whose employees are to be self-insured by the 1605 self-insuring employer, the provisions of a safety program that is 1606 specifically designed for the construction project, and a 1607 statement as to whether a collective bargaining agreement 1608 governing the rights, duties, and obligations of each of the 1609 parties to the agreement with respect to the construction project 1610 exists between the self-insuring employer and a labor 1611 organization. 1612

A self-insuring employer may apply to self-insure the 1613

employees of either of the following:

(1) All contractors and subcontractors who perform labor or 1615 work or provide materials for the construction project; 1616

(2) All contractors and, at the administrator's discretion, a 1617 substantial number of all the subcontractors who perform labor or 1618 work or provide materials for the construction project. 1619

Upon approval of the application, the administrator shall 1620 mail a certificate granting the privilege to self-insure the 1621 construction project to the self-insuring employer. The 1622 certificate shall contain the name of the self-insuring employer 1623 and the name, address, and telephone number of the self-insuring 1624 employer's representatives who are responsible for administering 1625 workers' compensation claims for the construction project. The 1626 self-insuring employer shall post the certificate in a conspicuous 1627 place at the site of the construction project. 1628

The administrator shall maintain a record of the contractors 1629 and subcontractors whose employees are covered under the 1630 certificate issued to the self-insured employer. A self-insuring 1631 employer immediately shall notify the administrator when any 1632 contractor or subcontractor is added or eliminated from inclusion 1633 under the certificate. 1634

Upon approval of the application, the self-insuring employer 1635 is responsible for the administration and payment of all claims 1636 under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code for the 1637 employees of the contractor and subcontractors covered under the 1638 certificate who receive injuries or are killed in the course of 1639 and arising out of employment on the construction project, or who 1640 contract an occupational disease in the course of employment on 1641 the construction project. For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 1642 4121. of the Revised Code, a claim that is administered and paid 1643 in accordance with this division is considered a claim against the 1644

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self-insuring employer listed in the certificate. A contractor or 1645 subcontractor included under the certificate shall report to the 1646 self-insuring employer listed in the certificate, all claims that 1647 arise under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code in 1648 connection with the construction project for which the certificate 1649 is issued. 1650

A self-insuring employer who complies with this division is 1651 entitled to the protections provided under this chapter and 1652 Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code with respect to the employees of 1653 the contractors and subcontractors covered under a certificate 1654 issued under this division for death or injuries that arise out 1655 of, or death, injuries, or occupational diseases that arise in the 1656 course of, those employees' employment on that construction 1657 project, as if the employees were employees of the self-insuring 1658 employer, provided that the self-insuring employer also complies 1659 with this section. No employee of the contractors and 1660 subcontractors covered under a certificate issued under this 1661 division shall be considered the employee of the self-insuring 1662 employer listed in that certificate for any purposes other than 1663 this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code. Nothing in 1664 this division gives a self-insuring employer authority to control 1665 the means, manner, or method of employment of the employees of the 1666 contractors and subcontractors covered under a certificate issued 1667 under this division. 1668

The contractors and subcontractors included under a 1669 certificate issued under this division are entitled to the 1670 protections provided under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the 1671 Revised Code with respect to the contractor's or subcontractor's 1672 employees who are employed on the construction project which is 1673 the subject of the certificate, for death or injuries that arise 1674 out of, or death, injuries, or occupational diseases that arise in 1675 the course of, those employees' employment on that construction 1676

project.

The contractors and subcontractors included under a 1678 certificate issued under this division shall identify in their 1679 payroll records the employees who are considered the employees of 1680 the self-insuring employer listed in that certificate for purposes 1681 of this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code, and the 1682 amount that those employees earned for employment on the 1683 construction project that is the subject of that certificate. 1684 Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary under this chapter 1685 and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code, the administrator shall 1686 exclude the payroll that is reported for employees who are 1687 considered the employees of the self-insuring employer listed in 1688 that certificate, and that the employees earned for employment on 1689 the construction project that is the subject of that certificate, 1690 when determining those contractors' or subcontractors' premiums or 1691 assessments required under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the 1692 Revised Code. A self-insuring employer issued a certificate under 1693 this division shall include in the amount of paid compensation it 1694 reports pursuant to division (L) of this section, the amount of 1695 paid compensation the self-insuring employer paid pursuant to this 1696 division for the previous calendar year. 1697

Nothing in this division shall be construed as altering the1698rights of employees under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the1699Revised Code as those rights existed prior to September 17, 1996.1700Nothing in this division shall be construed as altering the rights1701devolved under sections 2305.31 and 4123.82 of the Revised Code as1702those rights existed prior to September 17, 1996.1703

As used in this division, "privilege to self-insure a 1704 construction project" means privilege to pay individually 1705 compensation, and to furnish medical, surgical, nursing, and 1706 hospital services and attention and funeral expenses directly to 1707 injured employees or the dependents of killed employees. 1708

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(P) A self-insuring employer whose application is granted
under division (0) of this section shall designate a safety
professional to be responsible for the administration and
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enforcement of the safety program that is specifically designed
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for the construction project that is the subject of the
1713
application.

A self-insuring employer whose application is granted under 1715 division (0) of this section shall employ an ombudsperson for the 1716 construction project that is the subject of the application. The 1717 ombudsperson shall have experience in workers' compensation or the 1718 construction industry, or both. The ombudsperson shall perform all 1719 of the following duties: 1720

(1) Communicate with and provide information to employees who
 are injured in the course of, or whose injury arises out of
 employment on the construction project, or who contract an
 occupational disease in the course of employment on the
 1723
 construction project;

(2) Investigate the status of a claim upon the request of an 1726employee to do so; 1727

(3) Provide information to claimants, third party 1728
administrators, employers, and other persons to assist those 1729
persons in protecting their rights under this chapter and Chapter 1730
4121. of the Revised Code. 1731

A self-insuring employer whose application is granted under 1732 division (0) of this section shall post the name of the safety 1733 professional and the ombudsperson and instructions for contacting 1734 the safety professional and the ombudsperson in a conspicuous 1735 place at the site of the construction project. 1736

(Q) The administrator may consider all of the following when
 deciding whether to grant a self-insuring employer the privilege
 to self-insure a construction project as provided under division
 1739

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1740

(0) of this section:

(1) Whether the self-insuring employer has an organizational 1741plan for the administration of the workers' compensation law; 1742

(2) Whether the safety program that is specifically designed 1743 for the construction project provides for the safety of employees 1744 employed on the construction project, is applicable to all 1745 contractors and subcontractors who perform labor or work or 1746 provide materials for the construction project, and has as a 1747 component, a safety training program that complies with standards 1748 adopted pursuant to the "Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1749 1970," 84 Stat. 1590, 29 U.S.C.A. 651, and provides for continuing 1750 management and employee involvement; 1751

(3) Whether granting the privilege to self-insure the
 construction project will reduce the costs of the construction
 project;
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(4) Whether the self-insuring employer has employed an 1755ombudsperson as required under division (P) of this section; 1756

(5) Whether the self-insuring employer has sufficient surety
to secure the payment of claims for which the self-insuring
employer would be responsible pursuant to the granting of the
privilege to self-insure a construction project under division (0)
of this section.

(R) As used in divisions (O), (P), and (Q), "self-insuring 1762
employer" includes the following employers, whether or not they 1763
have been granted the status of being a self-insuring employer 1764
under division (B) of this section: 1765

(1) A state institution of higher education; 1766

(2) A school district; 1767

(3) A county school financing district; 1768

(4) An educational service center; 1769

H. B. No. 52 As Introduced

Revised Code;

of the Revised Code.	1773
(S) As used in this section:	1774
(1) "Unvoted debt capacity" means the amount of money that a	1775
public employer may borrow without voter approval of a tax levy;	1776
(2) "State institution of higher education" means the state	1777
universities listed in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code,	1778
community colleges created pursuant to Chapter 3354. of the	1779
Revised Code, university branches created pursuant to Chapter	1780
3355. of the Revised Code, technical colleges created pursuant to	1781
Chapter 3357. of the Revised Code, and state community colleges	1782
created pursuant to Chapter 3358. of the Revised Code.	1783
Sec. 4123.351. (A) The administrator of workers' compensation	1784
shall require every self-insuring employer, including any	1785
self-insuring employer that is indemnified by a captive insurance	1786
company granted a certificate of authority under Chapter 3694.	1787
3964. of the Revised Code, to pay a contribution, calculated under	1788
this section, to the self-insuring employers' guaranty fund	1789
established pursuant to this section. The fund shall provide for	1790
payment of compensation and benefits to employees of the	1791
self-insuring employer in order to cover any default in payment by	1792
that employer.	1793
(B) The bureau of workers' compensation shall operate the	1794
self-insuring employers' guaranty fund for self-insuring	1795
employers. The administrator annually shall establish the	1796
contributions due from self-insuring employers for the fund at	1797
rates as low as possible but such as will assure sufficient moneys	1798
to guarantee the payment of any claims against the fund. The	1799

(5) A community school established under Chapter 3314. of the

(6) A municipal power agency as defined in section 3734.058

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bureau's operation of the fund is not subject to sections 3929.101800to 3929.18 of the Revised Code or to regulation by the1801superintendent of insurance.1802

(C) If a self-insuring employer defaults, the bureau shall 1803 recover the amounts paid as a result of the default from the 1804 self-insuring employers' guaranty fund. If a self-insuring 1805 employer defaults and is in compliance with this section for the 1806 payment of contributions to the fund, such self-insuring employer 1807 is entitled to the immunity conferred by section 4123.74 of the 1808 Revised Code for any claim arising during any period the employer 1809 is in compliance with this section. 1810

(D)(1) There is hereby established a self-insuring employers' 1811 quaranty fund, which shall be in the custody of the treasurer of 1812 state and which shall be separate from the other funds established 1813 and administered pursuant to this chapter. The fund shall consist 1814 of contributions and other payments made by self-insuring 1815 employers under this section. All investment earnings of the fund 1816 shall be credited to the fund. The bureau shall make disbursements 1817 from the fund pursuant to this section. 1818

(2) The administrator has the same powers to invest any of 1819 the surplus or reserve belonging to the fund as are delegated to 1820 the administrator under section 4123.44 of the Revised Code with 1821 respect to the state insurance fund. The administrator shall apply 1822 interest earned solely to the reduction of assessments for 1823 contributions from self-insuring employers and to the payments 1824 required due to defaults. 1825

(3) If the bureau of workers' compensation board of directors 1826
determines that reinsurance of the risks of the fund is necessary 1827
to assure solvency of the fund, the board may: 1828

(a) Enter into contracts for the purchase of reinsurancecoverage of the risks of the fund with any company or agency1830

authorized by law to issue contracts of reinsurance;	1831
(b) Require the administrator to pay the cost of reinsurance	1832
from the fund;	1833
(c) Include the costs of reinsurance as a liability and	1834
estimated liability of the fund.	1835

(E) The administrator, with the advice and consent of the 1836 board, may adopt rules pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised 1837 Code for the implementation of this section, including a rule, 1838 notwithstanding division (C) of this section, requiring 1839 self-insuring employers to provide security in addition to the 1840 contribution to the self-insuring employers' guaranty fund 1841 required by this section. The additional security required by the 1842 rule, as the administrator determines appropriate, shall be 1843 sufficient and adequate to provide for financial assurance to meet 1844 the obligations of self-insuring employers under this chapter and 1845 Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code. 1846

(F) The purchase of coverage under this section by
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self-insuring employers is valid notwithstanding the prohibitions
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contained in division (A) of section 4123.82 of the Revised Code
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and is in addition to the indemnity contracts that self-insuring
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employers may purchase pursuant to division (B) of section 4123.82
1851
of the Revised Code.

(G) The administrator, on behalf of the self-insuring
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(H) The assessments for contributions, the administration of 1859
 the self-insuring employers' guaranty fund, the investment of the 1860
 money in the fund, and the payment of liabilities incurred by the 1861

Except for a gross abuse of discretion, neither the board, 1863 nor the individual members thereof, nor the administrator shall 1864 incur any obligation or liability respecting the assessments for 1865 contributions, the administration of the self-insuring employers' 1866 guaranty fund, the investment of the fund, or the payment of 1867 liabilities therefrom. 1868

Sec. 4123.411. (A) For all injuries and disabilities 1869 occurring before January 1, 1987, the administrator of workers' 1870 compensation, for the purpose of carrying out sections 4123.412 to 1871 4123.418 of the Revised Code, the administrator of workers' 1872 compensation, and with the advice and consent of the bureau of 1873 workers' compensation board of directors, shall may levy an 1874 assessment against all employers at a rate not to exceed ten cents 1875 per one hundred dollars of payroll, such. If the administrator 1876 levies an assessment under this division, the rate to of that 1877 assessment shall be determined annually for each employer group 1878 listed in divisions (A)(1) to (3) of this section, which will. The 1879 rates determined under this division shall be sufficient to 1880 produce an amount no greater than the amount the administrator 1881 estimates to be necessary to carry out such sections for the 1882 period for which the assessment is levied. In the event the amount 1883 produced by the assessment is not sufficient to carry out such 1884 sections the additional amount necessary shall be provided, 1885 pursuant to section 4123.419 of the Revised Code, from the income 1886 produced as a result of investments made pursuant to section 1887 4123.44 of the Revised Code. 1888 Assessments If levied, assessments shall be levied according 1889

to the following schedule: 1890

(1) For private fund employers, except self-insuring1891employers:1892

months;

six months; 1895 (b) For policy years commencing on or after July 1, 2015, in 1896 the month of June immediately preceding each policy year upon 1897 gross payrolls estimated for that policy year. 1898 (2) For counties and taxing district employers therein, 1899 except county hospitals that are self-insuring employers: 1900 (a) For policy years commencing prior to January 1, 2016, in 1901 January of each year upon gross payrolls of the preceding twelve 1902 1903 (b) For policy years commencing on or after January 1, 2016, 1904 in the month of December immediately preceding each policy year 1905 upon gross payrolls estimated for that policy year. 1906 (3) For the state as an employer--in January, April, July, 1907 and October of each year upon gross payrolls of the preceding 1908 three months or at other intervals as the administrator 1909 establishes. 1910 After the completion of each policy year that commences on or 1911 after July 1, 2015, for private fund employers or that commences 1912 on or after January 1, 2016, for counties and taxing district 1913 employers therein, the assessments levied under this section shall 1914 be adjusted for the difference between estimated gross payrolls 1915 and actual gross payrolls reported by the employer on the payroll 1916 report submitted by a private employer pursuant to section 4123.26 1917

(a) For policy years commencing prior to July 1, 2015, in

January and July of each year upon gross payrolls of the preceding

Amounts assessed in accordance with this section shall be 1920 collected from each employer as prescribed in rules the 1921 administrator adopts. 1922

of the Revised Code, or, for a public employer, submitted pursuant

to section 4123.41 of the Revised Code.

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The moneys derived from the assessment provided for in this 1923 section shall be credited to the disabled workers' relief fund 1924 created by section 4123.412 of the Revised Code. The administrator 1925 shall establish by rule classifications of employers within 1926 divisions (A)(1) to (3) of this section and shall determine rates 1927 for each class so as to fairly apportion the costs of carrying out 1928 sections 4123.412 to 4123.418 of the Revised Code. 1929

(B) For all injuries and disabilities occurring on or after 1930 January 1, 1987, the administrator, for the purposes of carrying 1931 out sections 4123.412 to 4123.418 of the Revised Code, shall levy 1932 an assessment against all employers at a rate per one hundred 1933 dollars of payroll, such rate to be determined annually for each 1934 classification of employer in each employer group listed in 1935 divisions (A)(1) to (3) of this section, which will produce an 1936 amount no greater than the amount the administrator estimates to 1937 be necessary to carry out such sections for the period for which 1938 the assessment is levied. The administrator annually shall 1939 establish the contributions due from employers for the disabled 1940 workers' relief fund at rates as low as possible but that will 1941 assure sufficient moneys to guarantee the payment of any claims 1942 against that fund. 1943

Amounts assessed in accordance with this division shall be 1944 billed at the same time premiums are billed and credited to the 1945 disabled workers' relief fund created by section 4123.412 of the 1946 Revised Code. The administrator shall determine the rates for each 1947 class in the same manner as the administrator fixes the rates for 1948 premiums pursuant to section 4123.29 of the Revised Code. 1949

(C) For a self-insuring employer, the bureau of workers' 1950
compensation shall pay to employees who are participants 1951
regardless of the date of injury, any amounts due to the 1952
participants under section 4123.414 of the Revised Code and shall 1953
bill the self-insuring employer, semiannually, for all amounts 1954

paid to a participant.

sec. 4123.419. The assessment rate established pursuant to 1956 section 4123.411 of the Revised Code, subject to the limits set 1957 forth in that section, shall be adequate to provide the amounts 1958 estimated as necessary by the administrator of workers' 1959 compensation to carry out the provisions of sections 4123.412 to 1960 4123.418 of the Revised Code, and in addition to provide moneys to 1961 reimburse the general revenue fund for moneys appropriated by 1962 Section 2 of H.B. No. 1131 of the 103rd general assembly or by the 1963 104th and succeeding general assemblies for disabled workers' 1964 relief. When the additional moneys are available in whole or part 1965 for the purpose of making the reimbursement, the director of 1966 budget and management shall certify the amount to the bureau of 1967 workers' compensation which shall thereupon cause the moneys to be 1968 paid to the general revenue fund from the disabled workers' relief 1969 fund except that any amounts due because of the state's obligation 1970 as an employer pursuant to section 4123.411 of the Revised Code 1971 and not paid to the disabled workers' relief fund shall be 1972 deducted from any such reimbursement. 1973

For all injuries and disabilities occurring before January 1, 1974 1987, the administrator, for the purpose of carrying out those 1975 sections and with the advice and consent of the bureau of workers' 1976 compensation board of directors, may transfer to the disabled 1977 workers' relief fund from the income produced as a result of 1978 investments made pursuant to section 4123.44 of the Revised Code 1979 amounts necessary to carry out those sections with respect to 1980 claims related to private and public taxing district employers, 1981 rather than levying an assessment against those employers under 1982 section 4123.411 of the Revised Code. 1983

sec. 4123.512. (A) The claimant or the employer may appeal an 1984 order of the industrial commission made under division (E) of 1985

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section 4123.511 of the Revised Code in any injury or occupational 1986 disease case, other than a decision as to the extent of disability 1987 to the court of common pleas of the county in which the injury was 1988 inflicted or in which the contract of employment was made if the 1989 injury occurred outside the state, or in which the contract of 1990 employment was made if the exposure occurred outside the state. If 1991 no common pleas court has jurisdiction for the purposes of an 1992 appeal by the use of the jurisdictional requirements described in 1993 this division, the appellant may use the venue provisions in the 1994 Rules of Civil Procedure to vest jurisdiction in a court. If the 1995 claim is for an occupational disease, the appeal shall be to the 1996 court of common pleas of the county in which the exposure which 1997 caused the disease occurred. Like appeal may be taken from an 1998 order of a staff hearing officer made under division (D) of 1999 section 4123.511 of the Revised Code from which the commission has 2000 refused to hear an appeal. The appellant shall file the notice of 2001 appeal with a court of common pleas within sixty days after the 2002 date of the receipt of the order appealed from or the date of 2003 receipt of the order of the commission refusing to hear an appeal 2004 of a staff hearing officer's decision under division (D) of 2005 section 4123.511 of the Revised Code. The filing of the notice of 2006 the appeal with the court is the only act required to perfect the 2007 appeal. 2008

If an action has been commenced in a court of a county other 2009 than a court of a county having jurisdiction over the action, the 2010 court, upon notice by any party or upon its own motion, shall 2011 transfer the action to a court of a county having jurisdiction. 2012

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, if 2013 the commission determines under section 4123.522 of the Revised 2014 Code that an employee, employer, or their respective 2015 representatives have not received written notice of an order or 2016 decision which is appealable to a court under this section and 2017 which grants relief pursuant to section 4123.522 of the Revised 2018 Code, the party granted the relief has sixty days from receipt of 2019 the order under section 4123.522 of the Revised Code to file a 2020 notice of appeal under this section. 2021

(B) The notice of appeal shall state the names of the 2022
administrator of workers' compensation, the claimant, and the 2023
employer; the number of the claim; the date of the order appealed 2024
from; and the fact that the appellant appeals therefrom. 2025

The administrator, the claimant, and the employer shall be 2026 parties to the appeal and the court, upon the application of the 2027 commission, shall make the commission a party. The party filing 2028 the appeal shall serve a copy of the notice of appeal on the 2029 administrator at the central office of the bureau of workers' 2030 compensation in Columbus. The administrator shall notify the 2031 employer that if the employer fails to become an active party to 2032 the appeal, then the administrator may act on behalf of the 2033 employer and the results of the appeal could have an adverse 2034 effect upon the employer's premium rates or may result in a 2035 recovery from the employer if the employer is determined to be a 2036 noncomplying employer under section 4123.75 of the Revised Code. 2037

(C) The attorney general or one or more of the attorney 2038 general's assistants or special counsel designated by the attorney 2039 general shall represent the administrator and the commission. In 2040 the event the attorney general or the attorney general's 2041 designated assistants or special counsel are absent, the 2042 administrator or the commission shall select one or more of the 2043 attorneys in the employ of the administrator or the commission as 2044 the administrator's attorney or the commission's attorney in the 2045 appeal. Any attorney so employed shall continue the representation 2046 during the entire period of the appeal and in all hearings thereof 2047 except where the continued representation becomes impractical. 2048

(D) Upon receipt of notice of appeal, the clerk of courts 2049

shall provide notice to all parties who are appellees and to the 2050 commission. 2051

The claimant shall, within thirty days after the filing of 2052 the notice of appeal, file a petition containing a statement of 2053 facts in ordinary and concise language showing a cause of action 2054 to participate or to continue to participate in the fund and 2055 setting forth the basis for the jurisdiction of the court over the 2056 action. Further pleadings shall be had in accordance with the 2057 Rules of Civil Procedure, provided that service of summons on such 2058 petition shall not be required and provided that the claimant may 2059 not dismiss the complaint without the employer's consent if the 2060 employer is the party that filed the notice of appeal to court 2061 pursuant to this section. The clerk of the court shall, upon 2062 receipt thereof, transmit by certified mail a copy thereof to each 2063 party named in the notice of appeal other than the claimant. Any 2064 party may file with the clerk prior to the trial of the action a 2065 deposition of any physician taken in accordance with the 2066 provisions of the Revised Code, which deposition may be read in 2067 the trial of the action even though the physician is a resident of 2068 or subject to service in the county in which the trial is had. The 2069 bureau of workers' compensation shall pay the cost of the 2070 stenographic deposition filed in court and of copies of the 2071 stenographic deposition for each party from the surplus fund and 2072 charge the costs thereof against the unsuccessful party if the 2073 claimant's right to participate or continue to participate is 2074 finally sustained or established in the appeal. In the event the 2075 deposition is taken and filed, the physician whose deposition is 2076 taken is not required to respond to any subpoena issued in the 2077 trial of the action. The court, or the jury under the instructions 2078 of the court, if a jury is demanded, shall determine the right of 2079 the claimant to participate or to continue to participate in the 2080 fund upon the evidence adduced at the hearing of the action. 2081

H. B. No. 52 As Introduced

(E) The court shall certify its decision to the commission 2082
and the certificate shall be entered in the records of the court. 2083
Appeals from the judgment are governed by the law applicable to 2084
the appeal of civil actions. 2085

(F) The cost of any legal proceedings authorized by this 2086 section, including an attorney's fee to the claimant's attorney to 2087 be fixed by the trial judge, based upon the effort expended, in 2088 the event the claimant's right to participate or to continue to 2089 participate in the fund is established upon the final 2090 determination of an appeal, shall be taxed against the employer or 2091 the commission if the commission or the administrator rather than 2092 the employer contested the right of the claimant to participate in 2093 the fund. The attorney's fee shall not exceed forty-two hundred 2094 dollars. 2095

(G) If the finding of the court or the verdict of the jury is 2096 in favor of the claimant's right to participate in the fund, the 2097 commission and the administrator shall thereafter proceed in the 2098 matter of the claim as if the judgment were the decision of the 2099 commission, subject to the power of modification provided by 2100 section 4123.52 of the Revised Code. 2101

(H)(1) An appeal from an order issued under division (E) of 2102 section 4123.511 of the Revised Code or any action filed in court 2103 in a case in which an award of compensation or medical benefits 2104 has been made shall not stay the payment of compensation or 2105 medical benefits under the award, or payment for subsequent 2106 periods of total disability or medical benefits during the 2107 pendency of the appeal. If, in a final administrative or judicial 2108 action, it is determined that payments of compensation or 2109 benefits, or both, made to or on behalf of a claimant should not 2110 have been made, the amount thereof shall be charged to the surplus 2111 fund account under division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised 2112 Code. In the event the employer is a state risk, the amount shall 2113

not be charged to the employer's experience, and the administrator 2114 shall adjust the employer's account accordingly. In the event the 2115 employer is a self-insuring employer, the self-insuring employer 2116 shall deduct the amount from the paid compensation the 2117 self-insuring employer reports to the administrator under division 2118 (L) of section 4123.35 of the Revised Code. If an employer is a 2119 state risk and has paid an assessment for a violation of a 2120 specific safety requirement, and, in a final administrative or 2121 judicial action, it is determined that the employer did not 2122 violate the specific safety requirement, the administrator shall 2123 reimburse the employer from the surplus fund account under 2124 division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised Code for the amount 2125 of the assessment the employer paid for the violation. 2126

(2)(a) Notwithstanding a final determination that payments of 2127 benefits made to or on behalf of a claimant should not have been 2128 made, the administrator or self-insuring employer shall award 2129 payment of medical or vocational rehabilitation services submitted 2130 for payment after the date of the final determination if all of 2131 the following apply: 2132

(i) The services were approved and were rendered by theprovider in good faith prior to the date of the finaldetermination.

(ii) The services were payable under division (I) of section 21364123.511 of the Revised Code prior to the date of the final 2137determination. 2138

(iii) The request for payment is submitted within the time2139limit set forth in section 4123.52 of the Revised Code.2140

(b) Payments made under division (H)(1) of this section shall 2141 be charged to the surplus fund account under division (B) of 2142 section 4123.34 of the Revised Code. If the employer of the 2143 employee who is the subject of a claim described in division 2144 (H)(2)(a) of this section is a state fund employer, the payments 2145 made under that division shall not be charged to the employer's 2146 experience. If that employer is a self-insuring employer, the 2147 self-insuring employer shall deduct the amount from the paid 2148 compensation the self-insuring employer reports to the 2149 administrator under division (L) of section 4123.35 of the Revised 2150 Code. 2151

(c) Division (H)(2) of this section shall apply only to a 2152
claim under this chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the 2153
Revised Code arising on or after July 29, 2011. 2154

(3) A self-insuring employer may elect to pay compensation 2155 and benefits under this section directly to an employee or an 2156 employee's dependents by filing an application with the bureau of 2157 workers' compensation not more than one hundred eighty days and 2158 not less than ninety days before the first day of the employer's 2159 next six-month coverage period. If the self-insuring employer 2160 timely files the application, the application is effective on the 2161 first day of the employer's next six-month coverage period, 2162 provided that the administrator shall compute the employer's 2163 assessment for the surplus fund account due with respect to the 2164 period during which that application was filed without regard to 2165 the filing of the application. On and after the effective date of 2166 the employer's election, the self-insuring employer shall pay 2167 directly to an employee or to an employee's dependents 2168 compensation and benefits under this section regardless of the 2169 date of the injury or occupational disease, and the employer shall 2170 receive no money or credits from the surplus fund account on 2171 account of those payments and shall not be required to pay any 2172 amounts into the surplus fund account on account of this section. 2173 The election made under this division is irrevocable. 2174

(I) All actions and proceedings under this section which are 2175the subject of an appeal to the court of common pleas or the court 2176

of appeals shall be preferred over all other civil actions except 2177 election causes, irrespective of position on the calendar. 2178

This section applies to all decisions of the commission or2179the administrator on November 2, 1959, and all claims filed2180thereafter are governed by sections 4123.511 and 4123.512 of the2181Revised Code.2182

Any action pending in common pleas court or any other court 2183 on January 1, 1986, under this section is governed by former 2184 sections 4123.514, 4123.515, 4123.516, and 4123.519 and section 2185 4123.522 of the Revised Code. 2186

Sec. 4123.56. (A) Except as provided in division (D) of this 2187 section, in the case of temporary disability, an employee shall 2188 receive sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the employee's 2189 average weekly wage so long as such disability is total, not to 2190 exceed a maximum amount of weekly compensation which is equal to 2191 the statewide average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of 2192 section 4123.62 of the Revised Code, and not less than a minimum 2193 amount of compensation which is equal to thirty-three and 2194 one-third per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as defined 2195 in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code unless the 2196 employee's wage is less than thirty-three and one-third per cent 2197 of the minimum statewide average weekly wage, in which event the 2198 employee shall receive compensation equal to the employee's full 2199 wages; provided that for the first twelve weeks of total 2200 disability the employee shall receive seventy-two per cent of the 2201 employee's full weekly wage, but not to exceed a maximum amount of 2202 weekly compensation which is equal to the lesser of the statewide 2203 average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 2204 of the Revised Code or one hundred per cent of the employee's net 2205 take-home weekly wage. In the case of a self-insuring employer, 2206 payments shall be for a duration based upon the medical reports of 2207

the attending physician. If the employer disputes the attending 2208 physician's report, payments may be terminated only upon 2209 application and hearing by a district hearing officer pursuant to 2210 division (C) of section 4123.511 of the Revised Code. Payments 2211 shall continue pending the determination of the matter, however 2212 payment shall not be made for the period when any employee has 2213 returned to work, when an employee's treating physician has made a 2214 written statement that the employee is capable of returning to the 2215 employee's former position of employment, when work within the 2216 physical capabilities of the employee is made available by the 2217 employer or another employer, or when the employee has reached the 2218 maximum medical improvement. Where the employee is capable of work 2219 activity, but the employee's employer is unable to offer the 2220 employee any employment, the employee shall register with the 2221 director of job and family services, who shall assist the employee 2222 in finding suitable employment. The termination of temporary total 2223 disability, whether by order or otherwise, does not preclude the 2224 commencement of temporary total disability at another point in 2225

After two hundred weeks of temporary total disability 2227 benefits, the medical section of the bureau of workers' 2228 compensation shall schedule the claimant for an examination for an 2229 evaluation to determine whether or not the temporary disability 2230 has become permanent. A self-insuring employer shall notify the 2231 bureau immediately after payment of two hundred weeks of temporary 2232 total disability and request that the bureau schedule the claimant 2233 for such an examination. 2234

time if the employee again becomes temporarily totally disabled.

When the employee is awarded compensation for temporary total2235disability for a period for which the employee has received2236benefits under Chapter 4141. of the Revised Code, the bureau shall2237pay an amount equal to the amount received from the award to the2238director of job and family services and the director shall credit2239

2226

the amount to the accounts of the employers to whose accounts the 2240 payment of benefits was charged or is chargeable to the extent it 2241 was charged or is chargeable. 2242

If any compensation under this section has been paid for the 2243 same period or periods for which temporary nonoccupational 2244 accident and sickness insurance is or has been paid pursuant to an 2245 insurance policy or program to which the employer has made the 2246 entire contribution or payment for providing insurance or under a 2247 nonoccupational accident and sickness program fully funded by the 2248 employer, except as otherwise provided in this division 2249 compensation paid under this section for the period or periods 2250 shall be paid only to the extent by which the payment or payments 2251 exceeds the amount of the nonoccupational insurance or program 2252 paid or payable. Offset of the compensation shall be made only 2253 upon the prior order of the bureau or industrial commission or 2254 agreement of the claimant. If an employer provides supplemental 2255 sick leave benefits in addition to temporary total disability 2256 compensation paid under this section, and if the employer and an 2257 employee agree in writing to the payment of the supplemental sick 2258 leave benefits, temporary total disability benefits may be paid 2259 without an offset for those supplemental sick leave benefits. 2260

As used in this division, "net take-home weekly wage" means 2261 the amount obtained by dividing an employee's total remuneration, 2262 as defined in section 4141.01 of the Revised Code, paid to or 2263 earned by the employee during the first four of the last five 2264 completed calendar quarters which immediately precede the first 2265 day of the employee's entitlement to benefits under this division, 2266 by the number of weeks during which the employee was paid or 2267 earned remuneration during those four quarters, less the amount of 2268 local, state, and federal income taxes deducted for each such 2269 week. 2270

(B)(1) If an employee in a claim allowed under this chapter 2271

suffers a wage loss as a result of returning to employment other 2272 than the employee's former position of employment due to an injury 2273 or occupational disease, the employee shall receive compensation 2274 at sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the difference between the 2275 employee's average weekly wage and the employee's present earnings 2276 not to exceed the statewide average weekly wage. The payments may 2277 continue for up to a maximum of two hundred weeks, but the 2278 payments shall be reduced by the corresponding number of weeks in 2279 which the employee receives payments pursuant to division 2280 (B)(A)(2) of section 4121.67 Of of the Revised Code. 2281

(2) If an employee in a claim allowed under this chapter 2282 suffers a wage loss as a result of being unable to find employment 2283 consistent with the employee's disability resulting from the 2284 employee's injury or occupational disease, the employee shall 2285 receive compensation at sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the 2286 difference between the employee's average weekly wage and the 2287 employee's present earnings, not to exceed the statewide average 2288 weekly wage. The payments may continue for up to a maximum of 2289 fifty-two weeks. The first twenty-six weeks of payments under 2290 division (B)(2) of this section shall be in addition to the 2291 maximum of two hundred weeks of payments allowed under division 2292 (B)(1) of this section. If an employee in a claim allowed under 2293 this chapter receives compensation under division (B)(2) of this 2294 section in excess of twenty-six weeks, the number of weeks of 2295 compensation allowable under division (B)(1) of this section shall 2296 be reduced by the corresponding number of weeks in excess of 2297 twenty-six, and up to fifty-two, that is allowable under division 2298 (B)(1) of this section. 2299

(3) The number of weeks of wage loss payable to an employee
under divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section shall not exceed
two hundred and twenty-six weeks in the aggregate.
2302

(C) In the event an employee of a professional sports 2303

franchise domiciled in this state is disabled as the result of an 2304 injury or occupational disease, the total amount of payments made 2305 under a contract of hire or collective bargaining agreement to the 2306 employee during a period of disability is deemed an advanced 2307 payment of compensation payable under sections 4123.56 to 4123.58 2308 of the Revised Code. The employer shall be reimbursed the total 2309 amount of the advanced payments out of any award of compensation 2310 made pursuant to sections 4123.56 to 4123.58 of the Revised Code. 2311

(D) If an employee receives temporary total disability 2312
benefits pursuant to division (A) of this section and social 2313
security retirement benefits pursuant to the "Social Security 2314
Act," the weekly benefit amount under division (A) of this section 2315
shall not exceed sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the 2316
statewide average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of 2317
section 4123.62 of the Revised Code. 2318

sec. 4123.59. In case an injury to or an occupational disease 2319
contracted by an employee causes his the employee's death, 2320
benefits shall be in the amount and to the persons following: 2321

(A) If there are no dependents, the disbursements from the
state insurance fund is limited to the expenses provided for in
section 4123.66 of the Revised Code.
2324

(B) If there are wholly dependent persons at the time of the 2325 death, the weekly payment is sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of 2326 the average weekly wage, but not to exceed a maximum aggregate 2327 amount of weekly compensation which is equal to sixty-six and 2328 two-thirds per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as 2329 defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code, 2330 and not in any event less than a minimum amount of weekly 2331 compensation which is equal to fifty per cent of the statewide 2332 average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 2333 of the Revised Code, regardless of the average weekly wage; 2334 provided however, that if the death is due to injury received or 2335 occupational disease first diagnosed after January 1, 1976, the 2336 weekly payment is sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the average 2337 weekly wage but not to exceed a maximum aggregate amount of weekly 2338 compensation which is equal to the statewide average weekly wage 2339 as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code; 2340 provided that when any claimant is receiving total disability 2341 compensation at the time of death the wholly dependent person is 2342 eligible for the maximum compensation provided for in this 2343 section. Where there is more than one person who is wholly 2344 dependent at the time of the death of the employee, the 2345 administrator of workers' compensation shall promptly apportion 2346 the weekly amount of compensation payable under this section among 2347 the dependent persons as provided in division (D) of this section. 2348

(1) The payment as provided in this section shall continue 2349 from the date of death of an injured or disabled employee until 2350 the death or remarriage of such dependent spouse. If the dependent 2351 spouse remarries, an amount equal to two years of compensation 2352 benefits at the weekly amount determined to be applicable to and 2353 being paid to the dependent spouse shall be paid in a lump sum to 2354 such spouse and no further compensation shall be paid to such 2355 2356 spouse.

(2) That portion of the payment provided in division (B) of 2357 this section applicable to wholly dependent persons other than a 2358 spouse shall continue from the date of death of an injured or 2359 disabled employee to a dependent as of the date of death, other 2360 than a spouse, at the weekly amount determined to be applicable 2361 and being paid to such dependent other than a spouse, until he the 2362 dependent: 2363

(a) Reaches eighteen years of age; 2364

(b) If pursuing a full time educational program while 2365 enrolled in an accredited educational institution and program, 2366

AS Introduced	
reaches twenty-five years of age;	2367
(c) If mentally or physically incapacitated from having any	2368
earnings, is no longer so incapacitated.	2369
(3)(a) Payments under division (B) of this section to a	2370
dependent described in division (B)(2)(c) of this section shall	2371
not be terminated due to the dependent's employment in a sheltered	2372
workshop if the dependent does not receive income, compensation,	2373
or remuneration from that employment in excess of two thousand	2374
<u>dollars in any calendar quarter.</u>	2375
(b) As used in division (B)(3) of this section, "sheltered	2376
workshop" has the same meaning as in section 4123.58 of the	2377
Revised Code.	2378
(C) If there are partly dependent persons at the time of the	2379
death the weekly payment is sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of	2380
the employee's average weekly wage, not to exceed sixty-six and	2381
two-thirds per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as	2382
defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code,	2383
and shall continue for such time as the administrator in each case	2384
determines.	2385
(D) The following persons are presumed to be wholly dependent	2386
for their support upon a deceased employee:	2387
(1) A surviving spouse who was living with the employee at	2388
the time of death or a surviving spouse who was separated from the	2389
employee at the time of death because of the aggression of the	2390
employee;	2391

(2) A child under the age of eighteen years, or twenty-five 2392 years if pursuing a full-time educational program while enrolled 2393 in an accredited educational institution and program, or over said 2394 age if physically or mentally incapacitated from earning, upon 2395 only the one parent who is contributing more than one-half of the 2396 support for such child and with whom he the child is living at the 2397 time of the death of such parent, or for whose maintenance such 2398 parent was legally liable at the time of his the parent's death. 2399

It is presumed that there is sufficient dependency to entitle 2400 a surviving natural parent or surviving natural parents, share and 2401 share alike, with whom the decedent was living at the time of his 2402 <u>the decedent's</u> death, to a total minimum award of three thousand 2403 dollars. 2404

The administrator may take into consideration any 2405 circumstances which, at the time of the death of the decedent, 2406 clearly indicate prospective dependency on the part of the 2407 claimant and potential support on the part of the decedent. No 2408 person shall be considered a prospective dependent unless such 2409 person is a member of the family of the deceased employee and 2410 bears to him the deceased employee the relation of surviving 2411 spouse, lineal descendant, ancestor, or brother or sister. The 2412 total award for any or all prospective dependency to all such 2413 claimants, except to a natural parent or natural parents of the 2414 deceased, shall not exceed three thousand dollars to be 2415 apportioned among them as the administrator orders. 2416

In all other cases, the question of dependency, in whole or 2417 in part, shall be determined in accordance with the facts in each 2418 particular case existing at the time of the injury resulting in 2419 the death of such employee, but no person shall be considered as 2420 dependent unless such person is a member of the family of the 2421 deceased employee, or bears to him the deceased employee the 2422 relation of surviving spouse, lineal descendant, ancestor, or 2423 brother or sister. 2424

(E) An order issued by the administrator under this section 2425is appealable pursuant to sections 4123.511 to 4123.512 of the 2426Revised Code. 2427

Section 2. That existing sections 119.12, 4121.129, 4121.37, 2428

4121.61, 4121.65, 4121.66, 4121.67, 4121.68, 4123.01, 4123.291,							
4123.34, 4123.343, 4123.35, 4123.351, 4123.411, 4123.419,							
4123.512, 4123.56, and 4123.59 and section 4121.48 of the Revised							
Code are hereby repealed.					2432		
Section 3. All items in this s	ecti	lon are hereby	/ a]	opropriated	2433		
out of any moneys in the state trea	sury	to the cred	it (of the	2434		
designated fund. For all appropriat	ions	made in this	s a	ct, those in	2435		
the first column are for fiscal yea	ır 20)16, and those	e in	n the second	2436		
column are for fiscal year 2017.					2437		
FND AI AI TITLE		Appro	pri	ations	2438		
BWC BUREAU OF WORKEI	RS '	COMPENSATION			2439		
Dedicated Purpose Fund Group					2440		
7023 855407 Claims, Risk and	\$	110,445,000	\$	110,445,000	2441		
Medical Management							
7023 855408 Fraud Prevention	\$	11,909,400	\$	11,909,400	2442		
7023 855409 Administrative	\$	110,360,919	\$	110,360,919	2443		
Services							
7023 855410 Attorney General	\$	4,621,850	\$	4,621,850	2444		
Payments							
8220 855606 Coal Workers' Fund	\$	147,666	\$	147,666	2445		
8230 855608 Marine Industry	\$	55,000	\$	55,000	2446		
8250 855605 Disabled Workers	\$	170,000	\$	170,000	2447		
Relief Fund							
8260 855609 Safety and Hygiene	\$	21,661,132	\$	21,661,132	2448		
Operating							
8260 855610 Safety Grants	\$	15,000,000	\$	15,000,000	2449		
TOTAL DPF Dedicated Purpose Fund \$ 274,370,967 \$ 274,370,967							
Group							
Federal Fund Group							
3490 855601 OSHA Enforcement	\$	1,731,000	\$	1,731,000	2452		
			•				

3FW0 855614 BLS SOII Grant	\$ 141,000 \$ 141,000	2453				
TOTAL FED Federal Fund Group	\$ 1,872,000 \$ 1,872,000	2454				
TOTAL ALL BUDGET FUND GROUPS	\$ 276,242,967 \$ 276,242,967	2455				
WORKERS' COMPENSATION FRAUD UNIT		2456				
Of the foregoing appropriation i	tem 855410, Attorney General	2457				
Payments, \$828,200 in each fiscal yea	ar shall be used to fund the	2458				
expenses of the Workers' Compensation	n Fraud Unit within the	2459				
Attorney General's Office. These paym	ments shall be processed at	2460				
the beginning of each quarter of each	n fiscal year and deposited	2461				
into the Workers' Compensation Sectio	on Fund (Fund 1950) used by	2462				
the Attorney General.		2463				
SAFETY AND HYGIENE		2464				
Notwithstanding section 4121.37	of the Revised Code, the	2465				
Treasurer of State shall transfer \$21	,661,132 cash in fiscal year	2466				
2016 and \$21,661,132 cash in fiscal y	rear 2017 from the State	2467				
Insurance Fund to the Safety and Hygi	ene Fund (Fund 8260).	2468				
OSHA ON-SITE CONSULTATION PROGRAM						
A portion of the foregoing appro	opriation item 855609, Safety	2470				
and Hygiene Operating, may be used to provide the state match for						
federal funding of the Occupational Safety and Health						
Administration's On-site Consultation Program operated by the						
Division of Safety and Hygiene.		2474				
VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION		2475				
The Bureau of Workers' Compensat	ion and the Opportunities for	2476				
Ohioans with Disabilities Agency shal	l enter into an interagency	2477				
agreement for the provision of vocational rehabilitation services						
and staff to mutually eligible clients. The Bureau may provide not						
more than \$605,407 in fiscal year 201	.6 and \$605,407 in fiscal year	2480				

2017 from the State Insurance Fund to fund vocational2481rehabilitation services and staff in accordance with the2482interagency agreement.2483

Section 4.	DEPUTY	INSPECTOR	GENERAL	FOR	BWC	AND	OIC	FUNDING	2484

To pay for the FY 2016 costs related to the Deputy Inspector 2485 General for the Bureau of Workers' Compensation and Industrial 2486 Commission, on July 1, 2015, and January 1, 2016, or as soon as 2487 possible thereafter, the Director of Budget and Management shall 2488 transfer \$212,500 in cash from the Workers' Compensation Fund 2489 (Fund 7023) to the Deputy Inspector General for the Bureau of 2490 Workers' Compensation and Industrial Commission Fund (Fund 5FT0). 2491

To pay for the FY 2017 costs related to the Deputy Inspector 2492 General for the Bureau of Workers' Compensation and Industrial 2493 Commission, on July 1, 2016, and January 1, 2017, or as soon as 2494 possible thereafter, the Director of Budget and Management shall 2495 transfer \$212,500 in cash from the Workers' Compensation Fund 2496 (Fund 7023) to the Deputy Inspector General for the Bureau of 2497 Workers' Compensation and Industrial Commission Fund (Fund 5FT0). 2498

If additional amounts are needed, the Inspector General may 2499 seek Controlling Board approval for additional transfers of cash 2500 and to increase the amount appropriated in appropriation item 2501 965604, Deputy Inspector General for the Bureau of Workers' 2502 Compensation and Industrial Commission. 2503

Section 5. Law contained in the Main Operating Appropriations 2504 Act of the 131st General Assembly that applies generally to the 2505 appropriations made in that act also applies generally to the 2506 appropriations made in this act. 2507

Section 6. The provisions of law contained in this act, and 2508 their applications, are severable. If any provision of law 2509 contained in this act, or if any application of any provision of 2510 law contained in this act, is held invalid, the invalidity does 2511 not affect other provisions of law contained in this act and their 2512 applications that can be given effect without the invalid 2513 provision or application.

Section 7. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this 2515 act, the amendment, enactment, or repeal by this act of a section 2516 of law is exempt from the referendum under Ohio Constitution, 2517 Article II, Section 1d and section 1.471 of the Revised Code and 2518 therefore takes effect immediately when this act becomes law. 2519

Section 8. The amendment, enactment, or repeal by this act of 2520 the divisions and sections of law listed below are subject to the 2521 referendum under Ohio Constitution, Article II, Section 1c and 2522 therefore take effect on the ninety-first day after this act is 2523 filed with the Secretary of State: 2524

All Revised Code sections in Section 1 of this act. 2525

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