## As Reconsidered and Passed by the Senate

# 131st General Assembly Regular Session 2015-2016

Am. Sub. H. B. No. 52

## **Representative Hackett**

Cosponsors: Representatives Amstutz, Anielski, Baker, Barnes, Bishoff, Blessing, Boose, Boyd, Brown, Buchy, Burkley, Conditt, Cupp, Derickson, Dever, Dovilla, Duffey, Grossman, Henne, Kraus, McClain, O'Brien, S., Perales, Reineke, Retherford, Romanchuk, Schaffer, Sears, Smith, R., Sprague, Terhar, Thompson, Speaker Rosenberger Senators Manning, Bacon, Hottinger, Uecker, Patton

### A BILL

Го	amend sections 119.12, 4121.129, 4121.37, 4121.61,	1
	4121.65, 4121.66, 4121.67, 4121.68, 4123.01,	2
	4123.291, 4123.34, 4123.343, 4123.35, 4123.351,	3
	4123.411, 4123.419, 4123.512, 4123.56, and	4
	4123.59, to enact section 5162.80, and to repeal	5
	section 4121.48 of the Revised Code to make	6
	changes to the Workers' Compensation Law, to make	7
	appropriations for the Bureau of Workers'	8
	Compensation for the biennium beginning July 1,	9
	2015, and ending June 30, 2017, and to provide	10
	authorization and conditions for the operation of	11
	the Bureau's programs.	12

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

	Sect	ion 1. Th	nat section	ns 119.12,	4121.129,	4121.37, 4121.61,	13
4121.	65,	4121.66,	4121.67,	1121.68, 4	123.01, 41	23.291, 4123.34,	14
4123.	343,	4123.35,	4123.351	4123.411	, 4123.419	, 4123.512,	15

4123.56, and 4123.59 be amended and section 5162.80 of the Revised	16
Code be enacted to read as follows:	17
Sec. 119.12. Any (A)(1) Except as provided in division (A)(2)	18
or (3) of this section, any party adversely affected by any order	19
of an agency issued pursuant to an adjudication denying an	20
applicant admission to an examination, or denying the issuance or	21
renewal of a license or registration of a licensee, or revoking or	22
suspending a license, or allowing the payment of a forfeiture	23
under section 4301.252 of the Revised Code may appeal from the	24
order of the agency to the court of common pleas of the county in	25
which the place of business of the licensee is located or the	26
county in which the licensee is a resident, except that appeals.	27
(2) An appeal from decisions of the an order described in	28
division (A)(1) of this section issued by any of the following	29
agencies shall be made to the court of common pleas of Franklin	30
county:	31
(a) The liquor control commission, the;	32
(b) The state medical board-:	33
(c) The state chiropractic board, and:	34
(d) The board of nursing shall be to the court of common	35
<del>pleas of Franklin county</del> :	36
(e) The bureau of workers' compensation regarding	37
participation in the health partnership program created in	38
sections 4121.44 and 4121.441 of the Revised Code. ##	39
(3) If any party appealing from the an order described in	40
division (A)(1) of this section is not a resident of and has no	41
place of business in this state, the party may appeal to the court	42
of common pleas of Franklin county.	43
(B) Any party adversely affected by any order of an agency	44

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issued pursuant to any other adjudication may appeal to the court 45 of common pleas of Franklin county, except that appeals from 46 orders of the fire marshal issued under Chapter 3737. of the 47 Revised Code may be to the court of common pleas of the county in 48 which the building of the aggrieved person is located and except 49 that appeals under division (B) of section 124.34 of the Revised 50 Code from a decision of the state personnel board of review or a 51 municipal or civil service township civil service commission shall 52 be taken to the court of common pleas of the county in which the 53 appointing authority is located or, in the case of an appeal by 54 the department of rehabilitation and correction, to the court of 55 common pleas of Franklin county. 56

(C) This section does not apply to appeals from the department of taxation.

59 (D) Any party desiring to appeal shall file a notice of appeal with the agency setting forth the order appealed from and 60 stating that the agency's order is not supported by reliable, 61 probative, and substantial evidence and is not in accordance with 62 law. The notice of appeal may, but need not, set forth the 63 specific grounds of the party's appeal beyond the statement that 64 the agency's order is not supported by reliable, probative, and 65 substantial evidence and is not in accordance with law. The notice 66 of appeal shall also be filed by the appellant with the court. In 67 filing a notice of appeal with the agency or court, the notice 68 that is filed may be either the original notice or a copy of the 69 original notice. Unless otherwise provided by law relating to a 70 particular agency, notices of appeal shall be filed within fifteen 71 days after the mailing of the notice of the agency's order as 72 provided in this section. For purposes of this paragraph, an order 73 includes a determination appealed pursuant to division (C) of 74 section 119.092 of the Revised Code. The amendments made to this 75 paragraph by Sub. H.B. 215 of the 128th general assembly are 76

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procedural, and this paragraph as amended by those amendments

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shall be applied retrospectively to all appeals pursuant to this

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paragraph filed before the effective date of those amendments

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September 13, 2010, but not earlier than May 7, 2009, which was

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the date the supreme court of Ohio released its opinion and

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judgment in Medcorp, Inc. v. Ohio Dep't. of Job and Family Servs.

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(2009), 121 Ohio St.3d 622.

(E) The filing of a notice of appeal shall not automatically 84 operate as a suspension of the order of an agency. If it appears 85 to the court that an unusual hardship to the appellant will result 86 from the execution of the agency's order pending determination of 87 the appeal, the court may grant a suspension and fix its terms. If 88 an appeal is taken from the judgment of the court and the court 89 has previously granted a suspension of the agency's order as 90 provided in this section, the suspension of the agency's order 91 shall not be vacated and shall be given full force and effect 92 until the matter is finally adjudicated. No renewal of a license 93 or permit shall be denied by reason of the suspended order during 94 the period of the appeal from the decision of the court of common 95 pleas. In the case of an appeal from the state medical board or 96 state chiropractic board, the court may grant a suspension and fix 97 its terms if it appears to the court that an unusual hardship to 98 the appellant will result from the execution of the agency's order 99 pending determination of the appeal and the health, safety, and 100 welfare of the public will not be threatened by suspension of the 101 order. This provision shall not be construed to limit the factors 102 the court may consider in determining whether to suspend an order 103 of any other agency pending determination of an appeal. 104

(F) The final order of adjudication may apply to any renewal of a license or permit which has been granted during the period of the appeal.

(G) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any

order issued by a court of common pleas or a court of appeals	109
suspending the effect of an order of the liquor control commission	110
issued pursuant to Chapter 4301. or 4303. of the Revised Code that	111
suspends, revokes, or cancels a permit issued under Chapter 4303.	112
of the Revised Code or that allows the payment of a forfeiture	113
under section 4301.252 of the Revised Code shall terminate not	114
more than six months after the date of the filing of the record of	115
the liquor control commission with the clerk of the court of	116
common pleas and shall not be extended. The court of common pleas,	117
or the court of appeals on appeal, shall render a judgment in that	118
matter within six months after the date of the filing of the	119
record of the liquor control commission with the clerk of the	120
court of common pleas. A court of appeals shall not issue an order	121
suspending the effect of an order of the liquor control commission	122
that extends beyond six months after the date on which the record	123
of the liquor control commission is filed with a court of common	124
pleas.	125

(H) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any 126 order issued by a court of common pleas suspending the effect of 127 an order of the state medical board or state chiropractic board 128 that limits, revokes, suspends, places on probation, or refuses to 129 register or reinstate a certificate issued by the board or 130 reprimands the holder of the certificate shall terminate not more 131 than fifteen months after the date of the filing of a notice of 132 appeal in the court of common pleas, or upon the rendering of a 133 final decision or order in the appeal by the court of common 134 pleas, whichever occurs first. 135

(I) Within thirty days after receipt of a notice of appeal 136 from an order in any case in which a hearing is required by 137 sections 119.01 to 119.13 of the Revised Code, the agency shall 138 prepare and certify to the court a complete record of the 139 proceedings in the case. Failure of the agency to comply within 140

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the time allowed, upon motion, shall cause the court to enter a	141
finding in favor of the party adversely affected. Additional time,	142
however, may be granted by the court, not to exceed thirty days,	143
when it is shown that the agency has made substantial effort to	144
comply. The record shall be prepared and transcribed, and the	145
expense of it shall be taxed as a part of the costs on the appeal.	146
The appellant shall provide security for costs satisfactory to the	147
court of common pleas. Upon demand by any interested party, the	148
agency shall furnish at the cost of the party requesting it a copy	149
of the stenographic report of testimony offered and evidence	150
submitted at any hearing and a copy of the complete record.	151
$\underline{(J)}$ Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any	152
party desiring to appeal an order or decision of the state	153
personnel board of review shall, at the time of filing a notice of	154
appeal with the board, provide a security deposit in an amount and	155
manner prescribed in rules that the board shall adopt in	156
accordance with this chapter. In addition, the board is not	157
required to prepare or transcribe the record of any of its	158
proceedings unless the appellant has provided the deposit	159
described above. The failure of the board to prepare or transcribe	160
a record for an appellant who has not provided a security deposit	161
shall not cause a court to enter a finding adverse to the board.	162
(K) Unless otherwise provided by law, in the hearing of the	163
appeal, the court is confined to the record as certified to it by	164
the agency. Unless otherwise provided by law, the court may grant	165
a request for the admission of additional evidence when satisfied	166
that the additional evidence is newly discovered and could not	167
with reasonable diligence have been ascertained prior to the	168
hearing before the agency.	169

(L) The court shall conduct a hearing on the appeal and shall

give preference to all proceedings under sections 119.01 to 119.13

of the Revised Code, over all other civil cases, irrespective of

the position of the proceedings on the calendar of the court. An	173
appeal from an order of the state medical board issued pursuant to	174
division (G) of either section 4730.25 or 4731.22 of the Revised	175
Code, or the state chiropractic board issued pursuant to section	176
4734.37 of the Revised Code, or the liquor control commission	177
issued pursuant to Chapter 4301. or 4303. of the Revised Code	178
shall be set down for hearing at the earliest possible time and	179
takes precedence over all other actions. The hearing in the court	180
of common pleas shall proceed as in the trial of a civil action,	181
and the court shall determine the rights of the parties in	182
accordance with the laws applicable to a civil action. At the	183
hearing, counsel may be heard on oral argument, briefs may be	184
submitted, and evidence may be introduced if the court has granted	185
a request for the presentation of additional evidence.	186

(M) The court may affirm the order of the agency complained 187 of in the appeal if it finds, upon consideration of the entire 188 record and any additional evidence the court has admitted, that 189 the order is supported by reliable, probative, and substantial 190 evidence and is in accordance with law. In the absence of this 191 finding, it may reverse, vacate, or modify the order or make such 192 other ruling as is supported by reliable, probative, and 193 substantial evidence and is in accordance with law. The court 194 shall award compensation for fees in accordance with section 195 2335.39 of the Revised Code to a prevailing party, other than an 196 agency, in an appeal filed pursuant to this section. 197

(N) The judgment of the court shall be final and conclusive 198 unless reversed, vacated, or modified on appeal. These appeals may 199 be taken either by the party or the agency, shall proceed as in 200 the case of appeals in civil actions, and shall be pursuant to the 201 Rules of Appellate Procedure and, to the extent not in conflict 202 with those rules, Chapter 2505. of the Revised Code. An appeal by 203 the agency shall be taken on questions of law relating to the 204

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constitutionality, construction, or interpretation of statutes and	205
rules of the agency, and, in the appeal, the court may also review	206
and determine the correctness of the judgment of the court of	207
common pleas that the order of the agency is not supported by any	208
reliable, probative, and substantial evidence in the entire	209
record.	210

The court shall certify its judgment to the agency or take 211 any other action necessary to give its judgment effect. 212

- Sec. 4121.129. (A) There is hereby created the workers' 213 compensation audit committee consisting of at least three members. 214 One member shall be the member of the bureau of workers' 215 compensation board of directors who is a certified public 216 accountant. The board, by majority vote, shall appoint two 217 additional members of the board to serve on the audit committee 218 and may appoint additional members who are not board members, as 219 the board determines necessary. Members of the audit committee 220 serve at the pleasure of the board, and the board, by majority 221 vote, may remove any member except the member of the committee who 222 is the certified public accountant member of the board. The board, 223 by majority vote, shall determine how often the audit committee 224 shall meet and report to the board. If the audit committee meets 225 on the same day as the board holds a meeting, no member shall be 226 compensated for more than one meeting held on that day. The audit 227 committee shall do all of the following: 228
- (1) Recommend to the board an actuarial accounting firm to perform the annual analysis audits required under division (B) of section 4123.47 of the Revised Code;
- (2) Recommend an auditing firm for the board to use when conducting audits under section 4121.125 of the Revised Code;
- (3) Review the results of each annual audit and management 234 review and, if any problems exist, assess the appropriate course 235

majority vote, shall appoint two additional members of the board	267
to serve on the investment committee and may appoint additional	268
members who are not board members. Each additional member the	269
board appoints shall have at least one of the following	270
qualifications:	271
(a) Experience managing another state's pension funds or	272
workers' compensation funds;	273
(b) Expertise that the board determines is needed to make	274
investment decisions.	275
Members of the investment committee serve at the pleasure of	276
the board and the board, by majority vote, may remove any member	277
except the members of the committee who are the investment and	278
securities expert members of the board. The board, by majority	279
vote, shall determine how often the investment committee shall	280
meet and report to the board. If the investment committee meets on	281
the same day as the board holds a meeting, no member shall be	282
compensated for more than one meeting held on that day.	283
(2) The investment committee shall do all of the following:	284
(a) Develop the investment policy for the administration of	285
the investment program for the funds specified in this chapter and	286
Chapters 4123., 4127., and 4131. of the Revised Code in accordance	287
with the requirements specified in section 4123.442 of the Revised	288
Code;	289
(b) Submit the investment policy developed pursuant to	290
division (C)(2)(a) of this section to the board for approval;	291
(c) Monitor implementation by the administrator of workers'	292
compensation and the bureau of workers' compensation chief	293
investment officer of the investment policy approved by the board;	294
(d) Recommend outside investment counsel with whom the board	295

may contract to assist the investment committee in fulfilling its

duties;	297
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(e) Review the performance of the bureau of workers' 298 compensation chief investment officer and any investment 299 consultants retained by the administrator to assure that the 300 investments of the assets of the funds specified in this chapter 301 and Chapters 4123., 4127., and 4131. of the Revised Code are made 302 in accordance with the investment policy approved by the board and 303 to assure compliance with the investment policy and effective 304 management of the funds. 305

Sec. 4121.37. The administrator of workers' compensation 306 having, by virtue of Section 35 of Article II, Ohio Constitution, 307 the expenditure of the fund therein created for the investigation 308 and prevention of industrial accidents and diseases, shall, with 309 the advice and consent of the bureau of workers' compensation 310 board of directors, in the exercise of the administrator's 311 authority and in the performance of the administrator's duty, 312 employ a superintendent and the necessary experts, engineers, 313 investigators, clerks, and stenographers occupational safety and 314 health professionals, and support staff for the efficient 315 operation of a division of safety and hygiene of the bureau of 316 workers' compensation, which is hereby created. 317

The administrator, with the advice and consent of the board, 318 shall pay into the safety and hygiene fund, which is hereby 319 created in the state treasury, the portion of the contributions 320 paid by employers, calculated as though all employers paid 321 premiums based upon payroll, not to exceed one per cent thereof in 322 any year, as is necessary for the payment of the salary of the 323 superintendent of the division of safety and hygiene and the 324 compensation of the other employees of the division of safety and 325 hygiene, and for the expenses of investigations and researches for 326 the prevention of industrial accidents and diseases, and for 327

operating the long-term care loan fund program established under	328
section 4121.48 of the Revised Code. All investment earnings of	329
the fund shall be credited to the fund. The administrator has the	330
same powers to invest any of the funds belonging to the fund as	331
are delegated to the administrator under section 4123.44 of the	332
Revised Code with respect to the state insurance fund. The	333
superintendent, under the direction of the administrator, with the	334
advice and consent of the board, shall conduct investigations and	335
researches for the prevention of industrial accidents and	336
diseases, conduct loss prevention programs and courses for	337
employers, establish and administrate cooperative programs with	338
employers for the purchase of individual safety equipment for	339
employees, and print and distribute information as may be of	340
penefit to employers and employees. The administrator shall pay	341
from the safety and hygiene fund the salary of the superintendent	342
of the division of safety and hygiene, the compensation of the	343
other employees of the division of safety and hygiene, the	344
expenses necessary or incidental to investigations and researches	345
for the prevention of industrial accidents and diseases, and the	346
cost of printing and distributing such information.	347

The superintendent, under the direction of the administrator, 348 shall prepare an annual report, addressed to the governor, on the 349 amount of the expenditures and the purposes for which they have 350 been made, and the results of the investigations and researches. 351 The administrator shall include the administrative costs, 352 salaries, and other expenses of the division of safety and hygiene 353 as a part of the budget of the bureau of workers' compensation 354 that is submitted to the director of budget and management and 355 shall identify those expenditures separately from other bureau 356 expenditures. 357

The superintendent shall be a competent person with at least 358 five years' experience in industrial accident or disease 359

given by the bureau.

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prevention work. The superintendent <del>and up to six positions in the</del>	360
division of safety and hygiene as the shall be in the unclassified	361
civil service of the state.	362
The administrator, with the advice and consent of the board,	363
designates are may designate positions in the division that are in	364
the unclassified civil service of the state as long as the	365
administrator, with the advice and consent of the board,	366
determines the positions <del>subordinate to the superintendent</del> are	367
primarily and distinctively administrative, managerial, or	368
professional in character. All other full-time employees of the	369
division of safety and hygiene are in the classified civil service	370
of the state.	371
Sec. 4121.61. (A) As used in sections 4121.61 to 4121.70 of	372
the Revised Code, "self-insuring employer" has the same meaning as	373
in section 4123.01 of the Revised Code.	374
(B) The administrator of workers' compensation, with the	375
advice and consent of the bureau of workers' compensation board of	376
directors, shall adopt rules, take measures, and make expenditures	377
as it deems necessary to aid claimants who have sustained	378
compensable injuries or incurred compensable occupational diseases	379
pursuant to Chapter 4123., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code to	380
return to work or to assist in lessening or removing any resulting	381
handicap.	382
Sec. 4121.65. Employers who provide compensation and benefits	383
pursuant to section 4123.35 of the Revised Code also Self-insuring	384
employers may be granted authority to furnish rehabilitation	385
services as long as the quality and content of the same is	386
services are equal to or greater than that provided by the bureau	387
of workers' compensation, and prior approval therefor has been	388

Sec. 4121.66. (A) The Except as provided in division (D) of	390
this section, the administrator of workers' compensation shall pay	391
the expense of providing rehabilitation services, counseling,	392
training, and living maintenance payments from the surplus fund	393
established by section 4123.34 of the Revised Code.	394
(B) Living maintenance payments are not subject to	395
garnishment, levy, or attachment.	396
(C) Sections 4123.343, 4123.63, and 4123.64 of the Revised	397
Code do not apply to living maintenance payments.	398
(D) A self-insuring employer under section 4123.35 of the	399
Revised Code may elect to shall pay directly to a claimant or to	400
the provider of the rehabilitation services, counseling, or	401
training the expenses listed in division (A) of this section <del>by</del>	402
filing an application with the bureau of workers' compensation not	403
more than one hundred eighty days and not less than ninety days	404
prior to the first day of the employer's next six month coverage	405
period. If the self-insuring employer timely files the	406
application, the application is effective on the first day of the	407
employer's next six month coverage period, provided that the	408
administrator shall compute the employer's assessment for the	409
surplus fund due with respect to the period during which such	410
application was filed without regard to the filing of the	411
application. Following the timely filing, the self insuring	412
employer shall pay directly to a claimant or to the provider of	413
the rehabilitation services, counseling, or training the expenses	414
listed in division (A) of this section for all periods of	415
rehabilitation occurring on or after the effective date of his	416
election, regardless of the date of the injury or occupational	417
disease, and he shall receive no money or credits from the surplus	418
fund on account of such payments and shall not be required to pay	419

any amounts into the surplus fund on account of this section,

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provided that for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days	421
after the effective date of the application, the self insuring	422
employer may submit to the bureau requests for reimbursement from	423
the surplus fund on account of payments made for services rendered	424
or living maintenance periods prior to the effective date of the	425
application pursuant to division (A) of this section. The election	426
made under this division is irrevocable.	427

**Sec. 4121.67.** (A) The administrator of workers' compensation, with the advice and consent of the bureau of workers' compensation board of directors, shall adopt rules:

(A)(1) For the encouragement of reemployment of claimants who 431 have successfully completed prescribed rehabilitation programs by 432 payment from the surplus fund established by section 4123.34 of 433 the Revised Code to employers who employ or re-employ the 434 claimants. The period or periods of payments shall not exceed six 435 months in the aggregate, unless the administrator or the 436 administrator's designee determines that the claimant will be 437 benefited by an extension of payments. 438

(B)(2) Requiring payment, in the same manner as living 439 maintenance payments are made pursuant to section 4121.63 of the 440 Revised Code, to the claimant who completes a rehabilitation 441 training program and returns to employment, but who suffers a wage 442 loss compared to the wage the claimant was receiving at the time 443 of injury. Payments per week shall be sixty-six and two-thirds per 444 cent of the difference, if any, between the claimant's weekly wage 445 at the time of injury and the weekly wage received while employed, 446 up to a maximum payment per week equal to the statewide average 447 weekly wage. The payments may continue for up to a maximum of two 448 hundred weeks but shall be reduced by the corresponding number of 449 weeks in which the claimant receives payments pursuant to division 450 (B) of section 4123.56 of the Revised Code. 451

(B) A self-insuring employer shall make the payments	452
described in division (A) of this section directly as part of a	453
claim.	454

Sec. 4121.68. In the event a claimant sustains an injury or occupational disease or dies as a result of any injury or disease received in the course of and arising out of the claimant's participation in a rehabilitation program, the claimant or, in the case of death, a dependent of the claimant, may file a claim for compensation and benefits. All compensation and benefit awards made as a result of the injury, disease, or death shall be charged to the surplus fund account, created pursuant to section 4123.34 of the Revised Code, and not charged through the state insurance fund to the employer against which the claim was allowed so long as the employer pays assessments into the surplus fund account for the payment of such compensation and benefits. If an employer is a self-insuring employer, the self-insuring employer shall pay these compensation and benefits directly as a part of a claim.

#### Sec. 4123.01. As used in this chapter:

#### (A)(1) "Employee" means:

(a) Every person in the service of the state, or of any county, municipal corporation, township, or school district therein, including regular members of lawfully constituted police and fire departments of municipal corporations and townships, whether paid or volunteer, and wherever serving within the state or on temporary assignment outside thereof, and executive officers of boards of education, under any appointment or contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including any elected official of the state, or of any county, municipal corporation, or township, or members of boards of education. 

As used in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the term

chapter.

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"employee" includes the following persons when responding to an	482
inherently dangerous situation that calls for an immediate	483
response on the part of the person, regardless of whether the	484
person is within the limits of the jurisdiction of the person's	485
regular employment or voluntary service when responding, on the	486
condition that the person responds to the situation as the person	487
otherwise would if the person were on duty in the person's	488
jurisdiction:	489
(i) Off-duty peace officers. As used in division (A)(1)(a)(i)	490
of this section, "peace officer" has the same meaning as in	491
section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.	492
(ii) Off-duty firefighters, whether paid or volunteer, of a	493
lawfully constituted fire department.	494
(iii) Off-duty first responders, emergency medical	495
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technicians-basic, emergency medical technicians-intermediate, or	
emergency medical technicians-paramedic, whether paid or	497
volunteer, of an ambulance service organization or emergency	498
medical service organization pursuant to Chapter 4765. of the	499
Revised Code.	500
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or	501
private corporation, including any public service corporation,	502
that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same	503
business or in or about the same establishment under any contract	504
of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including aliens and	505
minors, household workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars or	506
more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single household and	507
casual workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars or more in cash	508
in any calendar quarter from a single employer, or (ii) is bound	509
by any such contract of hire or by any other written contract, to	510
pay into the state insurance fund the premiums provided by this	511

(c) Every person who performs labor or provides services	513
pursuant to a construction contract, as defined in section 4123.79	514
of the Revised Code, if at least ten of the following criteria	515
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apply:	516
(i) The person is required to comply with instructions from	517
the other contracting party regarding the manner or method of	518
performing services;	519
(ii) The person is required by the other contracting party to	520
have particular training;	521
(iii) The person's services are integrated into the regular	522
functioning of the other contracting party;	523
(iv) The person is required to perform the work personally;	524
(v) The person is hired, supervised, or paid by the other	525
contracting party;	526
	F 0.7
(vi) A continuing relationship exists between the person and	527
the other contracting party that contemplates continuing or	528
recurring work even if the work is not full time;	529
(vii) The person's hours of work are established by the other	530
contracting party;	531
(viii) The person is required to devote full time to the	532
business of the other contracting party;	533
(ix) The person is required to perform the work on the	534
premises of the other contracting party;	535
(x) The person is required to follow the order of work set by	536
the other contracting party;	537
(xi) The person is required to make oral or written reports	538
of progress to the other contracting party;	539
(vii) The pergen is reid for services or a results have	E 4 0
(xii) The person is paid for services on a regular basis such as hourly, weekly, or monthly;	540 541
as nourly, weekly, or monufilly,	241

(a) A duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister or	572
assistant or associate minister of a church in the exercise of	573
ministry;	574
(b) Any officer of a family farm corporation;	575
(c) An individual incorporated as a corporation; or	576
(d) An officer of a nonprofit corporation, as defined in	577
section 1702.01 of the Revised Code, who volunteers the person's	578
services as a officer;	579
(e) An individual who otherwise is an employee of an employer	580
but who signs the waiver and affidavit specified in section	581
4123.15 of the Revised Code on the condition that the	582
administrator has granted a waiver and exception to the	583
individual's employer under section 4123.15 of the Revised Code.	584
Any employer may elect to include as an "employee" within	585
this chapter, any person excluded from the definition of	586
"employee" pursuant to division $(A)(2)(a)$ , $(b)$ , $(c)$ , or $(e)$ of	587
this section in accordance with rules adopted by the	588
administrator, with the advice and consent of the bureau of	589
workers' compensation board of directors. If an employer is a	590
partnership, sole proprietorship, individual incorporated as a	591
corporation, or family farm corporation, such employer may elect	592
to include as an "employee" within this chapter, any member of	593
such partnership, the owner of the sole proprietorship, the	594
individual incorporated as a corporation, or the officers of the	595
family farm corporation. <del>In</del> <u>Nothing in this section shall prohibit</u>	596
a partner, sole proprietor, or any person excluded from the	597
definition of "employee" pursuant to division (A)(2)(a), (b), (c),	598
or (e) of this section from electing to be included as an	599
"employee" under this chapter in accordance with rules adopted by	600
the administrator, with the advice and consent of the board.	601

<u>In</u> the event of an election, the employer <u>or person electing</u>

<u>coverage</u> shall serve upon the bureau of workers' compensation	603
written notice naming the <del>persons</del> <u>person</u> to be covered- and	604
include such employee's the person's remuneration for premium	605
purposes in all future payroll reports <del>, and no</del> . No partner, sole	606
proprietor, or person excluded from the definition of "employee"	607
pursuant to division $(A)(2)(a)$ , $(b)$ , $(c)$ , or $(e)$ of this section,	608
proprietor, individual incorporated as a corporation, or partner	609
shall be deemed an employee within this division until the	610
employer has served such notice shall receive benefits or	611
compensation under this chapter until the bureau receives written	612
notice of the election permitted by this section.	613

For informational purposes only, the bureau shall prescribe 614 such language as it considers appropriate, on such of its forms as 615 it considers appropriate, to advise employers of their right to 616 elect to include as an "employee" within this chapter a sole 617 proprietor, any member of a partnership, an individual 618 incorporated as a corporation, the officers of a family farm 619 corporation, or a person excluded from the definition of 620 "employee" under division (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this 621 section, that they should check any health and disability 622 insurance policy, or other form of health and disability plan or 623 624 contract, presently covering them, or the purchase of which they may be considering, to determine whether such policy, plan, or 625 contract excludes benefits for illness or injury that they might 626 have elected to have covered by workers' compensation. 627

#### (B) "Employer" means:

- (1) The state, including state hospitals, each county,

  municipal corporation, township, school district, and hospital

  owned by a political subdivision or subdivisions other than the

  state;

  629

  630
- (2) Every person, firm, professional employer organization, 633 and private corporation, including any public service corporation, 634

that (a) has in service one or more employees or shared employees	635
regularly in the same business or in or about the same	636
establishment under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral	637
or written, or (b) is bound by any such contract of hire or by any	638
other written contract, to pay into the insurance fund the	639
premiums provided by this chapter.	640

All such employers are subject to this chapter. Any member of 641 a firm or association, who regularly performs manual labor in or 642 about a mine, factory, or other establishment, including a 643 household establishment, shall be considered an employee in 644 determining whether such person, firm, or private corporation, or 645 public service corporation, has in its service, one or more 646 employees and the employer shall report the income derived from 647 such labor to the bureau as part of the payroll of such employer, 648 and such member shall thereupon be entitled to all the benefits of 649 an employee. 650

- (C) "Injury" includes any injury, whether caused by external 651 accidental means or accidental in character and result, received 652 in the course of, and arising out of, the injured employee's 653 employment. "Injury" does not include: 654
- (1) Psychiatric conditions except where the claimant's 655
  psychiatric conditions have arisen from an injury or occupational 656
  disease sustained by that claimant or where the claimant's 657
  psychiatric conditions have arisen from sexual conduct in which 658
  the claimant was forced by threat of physical harm to engage or 659
  participate; 660
- (2) Injury or disability caused primarily by the natural 661 deterioration of tissue, an organ, or part of the body; 662
- (3) Injury or disability incurred in voluntary participation
   in an employer-sponsored recreation or fitness activity if the
   employee signs a waiver of the employee's right to compensation or
   663

benefits under this chapter prior to engaging in the recreation or 666 fitness activity; 667

- (4) A condition that pre-existed an injury unless that 668 pre-existing condition is substantially aggravated by the injury. 669 Such a substantial aggravation must be documented by objective 670 diagnostic findings, objective clinical findings, or objective 671 test results. Subjective complaints may be evidence of such a 672 substantial aggravation. However, subjective complaints without 673 objective diagnostic findings, objective clinical findings, or 674 objective test results are insufficient to substantiate a 675 substantial aggravation. 676
- (D) "Child" includes a posthumous child and a child legally 677 adopted prior to the injury. 678
- (E) "Family farm corporation" means a corporation founded for 679 the purpose of farming agricultural land in which the majority of 680 the voting stock is held by and the majority of the stockholders 681 are persons or the spouse of persons related to each other within 682 the fourth degree of kinship, according to the rules of the civil 683 law, and at least one of the related persons is residing on or 684 actively operating the farm, and none of whose stockholders are a 685 corporation. A family farm corporation does not cease to qualify 686 under this division where, by reason of any devise, bequest, or 687 the operation of the laws of descent or distribution, the 688 ownership of shares of voting stock is transferred to another 689 person, as long as that person is within the degree of kinship 690 stipulated in this division. 691
- (F) "Occupational disease" means a disease contracted in the 692 course of employment, which by its causes and the characteristics 693 of its manifestation or the condition of the employment results in 694 a hazard which distinguishes the employment in character from 695 employment generally, and the employment creates a risk of 696 contracting the disease in greater degree and in a different 697

manner from the public in general.	698
(G) "Self-insuring employer" means an employer who is granted	699
the privilege of paying compensation and benefits directly under	700
section 4123.35 of the Revised Code, including a board of county	701
commissioners for the sole purpose of constructing a sports	702
facility as defined in section 307.696 of the Revised Code,	703
provided that the electors of the county in which the sports	704
facility is to be built have approved construction of a sports	705
facility by ballot election no later than November 6, 1997.	706
(H) "Private employer" means an employer as defined in	707
division (B)(2) of this section.	708
(I) "Professional employer organization" has the same meaning	709
as in section 4125.01 of the Revised Code.	710
(J) "Public employer" means an employer as defined in	711
division (B)(1) of this section.	712
(K) "Sexual conduct" means vaginal intercourse between a male	713
and female; anal intercourse, fellatio, and cunnilingus between	714
persons regardless of gender; and, without privilege to do so, the	715
insertion, however slight, of any part of the body or any	716
instrument, apparatus, or other object into the vaginal or anal	717
cavity of another. Penetration, however slight, is sufficient to	718
complete vaginal or anal intercourse.	719
(L) "Other-states' insurer" means an insurance company that	720
is authorized to provide workers' compensation insurance coverage	721
in any of the states that permit employers to obtain insurance for	722
workers' compensation claims through insurance companies.	723
(M) "Other-states' coverage" means both of the following:	724
(1) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for	725
workers' compensation claims of employees who are in employment	726

relationships localized in a state other than this state or those

employees' dependents;

- (2) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for 729 workers' compensation claims that arise in a state other than this 730 state where an employer elects to obtain coverage through either 731 the administrator or an other-states' insurer. 732
- (N) "Limited other-states coverage" means insurance coverage 733
  provided by the administrator to an eligible employer for workers' 734
  compensation claims of employees who are in an employment 735
  relationship localized in this state but are temporarily working 736
  in a state other than this state, or those employees' dependents. 737
- Sec. 4123.291. (A) An adjudicating committee appointed by the 738 administrator of workers' compensation to hear any matter 739 specified in divisions (B)(1) to (7) of this section shall hear 740 the matter within sixty days of the date on which an employer 741 files the request, protest, or petition. An employer desiring to 742 file a request, protest, or petition regarding any matter 743 specified in divisions (B)(1) to (7) of this section shall file 744 the request, protest, or petition to the adjudicating committee on 745 or before twenty-four months after the administrator sends notice 746 of the determination about which the employer is filing the 747 request, protest, or petition. 748
- 749 (B) An employer who is adversely affected by a decision of an adjudicating committee appointed by the administrator may appeal 750 the decision of the committee to the administrator or the 751 administrator's designee. The employer shall file the appeal in 752 writing within thirty days after the employer receives the 753 decision of the adjudicating committee. The Except as otherwise 754 provided in this division, the administrator or the designee shall 755 hear hold a hearing and consider and issue a decision on the 756 appeal and hold a hearing, provided that if the decision of the 757 adjudicating committee relates to one of the following: 758

(1) An employer request for a waiver of a default in the	759
payment of premiums pursuant to section 4123.37 of the Revised	760
Code;	761
(2) An employer request for the settlement of liability as a	762
noncomplying employer under section 4123.75 of the Revised Code;	763
(3) An employer petition objecting to an assessment made	764
pursuant to section 4123.37 of the Revised Code and the rules	765
adopted pursuant to that section;	766
(4) An employer request for the abatement of penalties	767
assessed pursuant to section 4123.32 of the Revised Code and the	768
rules adopted pursuant to that section;	769
(5) An employer protest relating to an audit finding or a	770
determination of a manual classification, experience rating, or	771
transfer or combination of risk experience;	772
(6) Any decision relating to any other risk premium matter	773
under Chapters 4121., 4123., and 4131. of the Revised Code;	774
(7) An employer petition objecting to the amount of security	775
required under division (D) of section 4125.05 of the Revised Code	776
and the rules adopted pursuant to that section.	777
An employer may request, in writing, that the administrator	778
waive the hearing before the administrator or the administrator's	779
designee. The administrator shall decide whether to grant or deny	780
a request to waive a hearing.	781
(C) The bureau of workers' compensation board of directors,	782
based upon recommendations of the workers' compensation actuarial	783
committee, shall establish the policy for all adjudicating	784
committee procedures, including, but not limited to, specific	785
criteria for manual premium rate adjustment.	786
Sec. 4123.34. It shall be the duty of the bureau of workers'	787

compensation board of directors and the administrator of workers'

compensation to safeguard and maintain the solvency of the state	789
insurance fund and all other funds specified in this chapter and	790
Chapters 4121., 4127., and 4131. of the Revised Code. The	791
administrator, in the exercise of the powers and discretion	792
conferred upon the administrator in section 4123.29 of the Revised	793
Code, shall fix and maintain, with the advice and consent of the	794
board, for each class of occupation or industry, the lowest	795
possible rates of premium consistent with the maintenance of a	796
solvent state insurance fund and the creation and maintenance of a	797
reasonable surplus, after the payment of legitimate claims for	798
injury, occupational disease, and death that the administrator	799
authorizes to be paid from the state insurance fund for the	800
benefit of injured, diseased, and the dependents of killed	801
employees. In establishing rates, the administrator shall take	802
into account the necessity of ensuring sufficient money is set	803
aside in the premium payment security fund to cover any defaults	804
in premium obligations. The administrator shall observe all of the	805
following requirements in fixing the rates of premium for the	806
risks of occupations or industries:	807

- (A) The administrator shall keep an accurate account of the 808 money paid in premiums by each of the several classes of 809 occupations or industries, and the losses on account of injuries, 810 occupational disease, and death of employees thereof, and also 811 keep an account of the money received from each individual 812 employer and the amount of losses incurred against the state 813 insurance fund on account of injuries, occupational disease, and 814 death of the employees of the employer. 815
- (B) A portion of the money paid into the state insurance fund 816 shall be set aside for the creation of a surplus fund account 817 within the state insurance fund. Any references in this chapter or 818 in Chapter 4121., 4125., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code to 819 the surplus fund, the surplus created in this division, the 820

statutory surplus fund, or the statutory surplus of the state	821
insurance fund are hereby deemed to be references to the surplus	822
fund account. The administrator may transfer the portion of the	823
state insurance fund to the surplus fund account as the	824
administrator determines is necessary to satisfy the needs of the	825
surplus fund account and to guarantee the solvency of the state	826
insurance fund and the surplus fund account. In addition to all	827
statutory authority under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the	828
Revised Code, the administrator has discretionary and contingency	829
authority to make charges to the surplus fund account. The	830
administrator shall account for all charges, whether statutory,	831
discretionary, or contingency, that the administrator may make to	832
the surplus fund account. A revision of basic rates shall be made	833
annually on the first day of July.	834

Notwithstanding any provision of the law to the contrary, one 835 hundred eighty days after the effective date on which 836 self-insuring employers first may elect under division (D) of 837 section 4121.66 of the Revised Code to directly pay for 838 rehabilitation expenses, the administrator shall calculate the 839 deficit, if any, in the portion of the surplus fund account that 840 is used for reimbursement to self insuring employers for all 841 expenses other than handicapped reimbursement under section 842 4123.343 of the Revised Code. The administrator, from time to 843 time, may determine whether the surplus fund account has such a 844 deficit and may assess all self-insuring employers who 845 participated in the portion of the surplus fund account during the 846 accrual of the deficit and who during that time period have not 847 made the election under division (D) of section 4121.66 of the 848 Revised Code the amount the administrator determines necessary to 849 reduce the deficit. 850

For policy years commencing prior to July 1, 2016, revisions 851 of basic rates for private employers shall be in accordance with 852

the oldest four of the last five calendar years of the combined 853 accident and occupational disease experience of the administrator 854 in the administration of this chapter, as shown by the accounts 855 kept as provided in this section. For a policy year commencing on 856 or after July 1, 2016, revisions of basic rates for private 857 employers shall be in accordance with the oldest four of the last 858 five policy years combined accident and occupational disease 859 experience of the administrator in the administration of this 860 chapter, as shown by the accounts kept as provided in this 861 section. 862

Revisions of basic rates for public employers shall be in 863 accordance with the oldest four of the last five policy years of 864 the combined accident and occupational disease experience of the 865 administrator in the administration of this chapter, as shown by 866 the accounts kept as provided in this section.

In revising basic rates, the administrator shall exclude the 868 experience of employers that are no longer active if the 869 administrator determines that the inclusion of those employers 870 would have a significant negative impact on the remainder of the 871 employers in a particular manual classification. The administrator 872 shall adopt rules, with the advice and consent of the board, 873 governing rate revisions, the object of which shall be to make an 874 equitable distribution of losses among the several classes of 875 occupation or industry, which rules shall be general in their 876 application. 877

(C) The administrator may apply that form of rating system 878 that the administrator finds is best calculated to merit rate or 879 individually rate the risk more equitably, predicated upon the 880 basis of its individual industrial accident and occupational 881 disease experience, and may encourage and stimulate accident 882 prevention. The administrator shall develop fixed and equitable 883 rules controlling the rating system, which rules shall conserve to 884

each risk the basic principles of workers' compensation insurance.	885
(D) The administrator, from the money paid into the state	886
insurance fund, shall set aside into an account of the state	887
insurance fund titled a premium payment security fund sufficient	888
money to pay for any premiums due from an employer and	889
uncollected.	890
The use of the moneys held by the premium payment security	891
fund account is restricted to reimbursement to the state insurance	892
fund of premiums due and uncollected.	893
(E) The administrator may grant discounts on premium rates	894
for employers who meet either of the following requirements:	895
(1) Have not incurred a compensable injury for one year or	896
more and who maintain an employee safety committee or similar	897
organization or make periodic safety inspections of the workplace.	898
(2) Successfully complete a loss prevention program	899
prescribed by the superintendent of the division of safety and	900
hygiene and conducted by the division or by any other person	901
approved by the superintendent.	902
(F)(1) In determining the premium rates for the construction	903
industry the administrator shall calculate the employers' premiums	904
based upon the actual remuneration construction industry employees	905
receive from construction industry employers, provided that the	906
amount of remuneration the administrator uses in calculating the	907
premiums shall not exceed an average weekly wage equal to one	908
hundred fifty per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as	909
defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code.	910
(2) Division $(F)(1)$ of this section shall not be construed as	911
affecting the manner in which benefits to a claimant are awarded	912
under this chapter.	913

(3) As used in division (F) of this section, "construction

Am. Sub. H. B. No. 52

Page 31

Am. Sub. H. B. No. 52

be merit-rated or otherwise treated as part of the accident or	971
occupational disease experience of the employer. <del>If the employer</del>	972
is a self-insuring employer, the proportion of such costs whether	973
charged to the statutory surplus fund in whole or in part shall be	974
by way of direct payment to such employee or the employee's	975
dependents or by way of reimbursement to the self-insuring	976
employer as the circumstances indicate. The provisions of this	977
section apply only in cases of death, total disability, whether	978
temporary or permanent, and all disabilities compensated under	979
division (B) of section 4123.57 of the Revised Code. The	980
administrator shall adopt rules specifying the grounds upon which	981
charges to the statutory surplus fund are to be made. The rules	982
shall prohibit as a grounds any agreement between employer and	983
claimant as to the merits of a claim and the amount of the charge.	984

(C) Any employer who has in its employ a handicapped employee 985 is entitled, in the event the person is injured, to a 986 determination under this section. 987

An employer shall file an application under this section for 988 a determination with the bureau or commission in the same manner 989 as other claims. An application only may be made in cases where a 990 handicapped employee or a handicapped employee's dependents claim 991 or is are receiving an award of compensation as a result of an 992 injury or occupational disease occurring or contracted on or after 993 the date on which division (A) of this section first included the 994 handicap of such employee. 995

- (D) The circumstances under and the manner in which an 996 apportionment under this section shall be made are: 997
- (1) Whenever a handicapped employee is injured or disabled or 998 dies as the result of an injury or occupational disease sustained 999 in the course of and arising out of a handicapped employee's 1000 employment in this state and the administrator awards compensation 1001 therefor and when it appears to the satisfaction of the 1002

administrator that the injury or occupational disease or the death	1003
resulting therefrom would not have occurred but for the	1004
pre-existing physical or mental impairment of the handicapped	1005
employee, all compensation and benefits payable on account of the	1006
disability or death shall be paid from the surplus fund.	1007

- (2) Whenever a handicapped employee is injured or disabled or 1008 dies as a result of an injury or occupational disease and the 1009 administrator finds that the injury or occupational disease would 1010 have been sustained or suffered without regard to the employee's 1011 pre-existing impairment but that the resulting disability or death 1012 was caused at least in part through aggravation of the employee's 1013 pre-existing disability, the administrator shall determine in a 1014 manner that is equitable and reasonable and based upon medical 1015 evidence the amount of disability or proportion of the cost of the 1016 death award that is attributable to the employee's pre-existing 1017 disability and the amount found shall be charged to the statutory 1018 surplus fund. 1019
- (E) The benefits and provisions of this section apply only to 1020 employers who have complied with this chapter either through 1021 insurance with the state fund or as a self insuring employer. 1022
- (F) No employer shall in any year receive credit under this

  section in an amount greater than the premium the employer paid if

  a state fund employer or greater than the employer's assessments

  if a self-insuring employer.

  1023
- (G) Self-insuring employers may, for all claims made after 1027 January 1, 1987, for compensation and benefits under this section, 1028 pay the compensation and benefits directly to the employee or the 1029 employee's dependents. If such an employer chooses to pay 1030 compensation and benefits directly, the employer shall receive no 1031 money or credit from the surplus fund for the payment under this 1032 section, nor shall the employer be required to pay any amounts 1033 into the surplus fund that otherwise would be assessed for 1034

handicapped reimbursements for claims made after January 1, 1987.	1035
Where a self insuring employer elects to pay for compensation and	1036
benefits pursuant to this section, the employer shall assume	1037
responsibility for compensation and benefits arising out of claims	1038
made prior to January 1, 1987, and shall not be required to pay	1039
any amounts into the surplus fund and may not receive any money or	1040
credit from that fund on account of this section. The election	1041
made under this division is irrevocable.	1042

(H) An order issued by the administrator pursuant to this 1043 section is appealable under section 4123.511 of the Revised Code 1044 but is not appealable to court under section 4123.512 of the 1045 Revised Code.

Sec. 4123.35. (A) Except as provided in this section, and 1047 until the policy year commencing July 1, 2015, every private 1048 employer and every publicly owned utility shall pay semiannually 1049 in the months of January and July into the state insurance fund 1050 the amount of annual premium the administrator of workers' 1051 compensation fixes for the employment or occupation of the 1052 employer, the amount of which premium to be paid by each employer 1053 to be determined by the classifications, rules, and rates made and 1054 published by the administrator. The employer shall pay 1055 semiannually a further sum of money into the state insurance fund 1056 as may be ascertained to be due from the employer by applying the 1057 rules of the administrator. 1058

Except as otherwise provided in this section, for a policy

year commencing on or after July 1, 2015, every private employer

and every publicly owned utility shall pay annually in the month

of June immediately preceding the policy year into the state

insurance fund the amount of estimated annual premium the

administrator fixes for the employment or occupation of the

employer, the amount of which estimated premium to be paid by each

1059

employer to be determined by the classifications, rules, and rates	1066
made and published by the administrator. The employer shall pay a	1067
further sum of money into the state insurance fund as may be	1068
ascertained to be due from the employer by applying the rules of	1069
the administrator. Upon receipt of the payroll report required by	1070
division (B) of section 4123.26 of the Revised Code, the	1071
administrator shall adjust the premium and assessments charged to	1072
each employer for the difference between estimated gross payrolls	1073
and actual gross payrolls, and any balance due to the	1074
administrator shall be immediately paid by the employer. Any	1075
balance due the employer shall be credited to the employer's	1076
account.	1077

For a policy year commencing on or after July 1, 2015, each 1078 employer that is recognized by the administrator as a professional 1079 employer organization shall pay monthly into the state insurance 1080 fund the amount of premium the administrator fixes for the 1081 employer for the prior month based on the actual payroll of the 1082 employer reported pursuant to division (C) of section 4123.26 of 1083 the Revised Code.

A receipt certifying that payment has been made shall be 1085 issued to the employer by the bureau of workers' compensation. The 1086 receipt is prima-facie evidence of the payment of the premium. The 1087 administrator shall provide each employer written proof of 1088 workers' compensation coverage as is required in section 4123.83 1089 of the Revised Code. Proper posting of the notice constitutes the 1090 employer's compliance with the notice requirement mandated in 1091 section 4123.83 of the Revised Code. 1092

The bureau shall verify with the secretary of state the 1093 existence of all corporations and organizations making application 1094 for workers' compensation coverage and shall require every such 1095 application to include the employer's federal identification 1096 number.

A private employer who has contracted with a subcontractor is 1098 liable for the unpaid premium due from any subcontractor with 1099 respect to that part of the payroll of the subcontractor that is 1100 for work performed pursuant to the contract with the employer. 1101

Division (A) of this section providing for the payment of 1102 premiums semiannually does not apply to any employer who was a 1103 subscriber to the state insurance fund prior to January 1, 1914, 1104 or, until July 1, 2015, who may first become a subscriber to the 1105 fund in any month other than January or July. Instead, the 1106 semiannual premiums shall be paid by those employers from time to 1107 time upon the expiration of the respective periods for which 1108 payments into the fund have been made by them. After July 1, 2015, 1109 an employer who first becomes a subscriber to the fund on any day 1110 other than the first day of July shall pay premiums according to 1111 rules adopted by the administrator, with the advice and consent of 1112 the bureau of workers' compensation board of directors, for the 1113 remainder of the policy year for which the coverage is effective. 1114

The administrator, with the advice and consent of the board, 1115 shall adopt rules to permit employers to make periodic payments of 1116 the premium and assessment due under this division. The rules 1117 shall include provisions for the assessment of interest charges, 1118 where appropriate, and for the assessment of penalties when an 1119 employer fails to make timely premium payments. The administrator, 1120 in the rules the administrator adopts, may set an administrative 1121 fee for these periodic payments. An employer who timely pays the 1122 amounts due under this division is entitled to all of the benefits 1123 and protections of this chapter. Upon receipt of payment, the 1124 bureau shall issue a receipt to the employer certifying that 1125 payment has been made, which receipt is prima-facie evidence of 1126 payment. Workers' compensation coverage under this chapter 1127 continues uninterrupted upon timely receipt of payment under this 1128 division. 1129

Every public employer, except public employers that are	1130
self-insuring employers under this section, shall comply with	1131
sections 4123.38 to 4123.41, and 4123.48 of the Revised Code in	1132
regard to the contribution of moneys to the public insurance fund.	1133

(B) Employers who will abide by the rules of the 1134 administrator and who may be of sufficient financial ability to 1135 render certain the payment of compensation to injured employees or 1136 the dependents of killed employees, and the furnishing of medical, 1137 surgical, nursing, and hospital attention and services and 1138 medicines, and funeral expenses, equal to or greater than is 1139 provided for in sections 4123.52, 4123.55 to 4123.62, and 4123.64 1140 to 4123.67 of the Revised Code, and who do not desire to insure 1141 the payment thereof or indemnify themselves against loss sustained 1142 by the direct payment thereof, upon a finding of such facts by the 1143 administrator, may be granted the privilege to pay individually 1144 compensation, and furnish medical, surgical, nursing, and hospital 1145 services and attention and funeral expenses directly to injured 1146 employees or the dependents of killed employees, thereby being 1147 granted status as a self-insuring employer. The administrator may 1148 charge employers who apply for the status as a self-insuring 1149 employer a reasonable application fee to cover the bureau's costs 1150 in connection with processing and making a determination with 1151 respect to an application. 1152

All employers granted status as self-insuring employers shall
demonstrate sufficient financial and administrative ability to
1154
assure that all obligations under this section are promptly met.
1155
The administrator shall deny the privilege where the employer is
1156
unable to demonstrate the employer's ability to promptly meet all
1157
the obligations imposed on the employer by this section.
1158

(1) The administrator shall consider, but is not limited to, 1159 the following factors, where applicable, in determining the 1160 employer's ability to meet all of the obligations imposed on the 1161

employer by this section:	1162
(a) The employer employs a minimum of five hundred employees	1163
in this state;	1164
(b) The employer has operated in this state for a minimum of	1165
two years, provided that an employer who has purchased, acquired,	1166
or otherwise succeeded to the operation of a business, or any part	1167
thereof, situated in this state that has operated for at least two	1168
years in this state, also shall qualify;	1169
(c) Where the employer previously contributed to the state	1170
insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau	1171
rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules;	1172
(d) The sufficiency of the employer's assets located in this	1173
state to insure the employer's solvency in paying compensation	1174
directly;	1175
(e) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by	1176
a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the employer's	1177
full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data	1178
include, but are not limited to, balance sheets and profit and	1179
loss history for the current year and previous four years.	1180
(f) The employer's organizational plan for the administration	1181
of the workers' compensation law;	1182
(g) The employer's proposed plan to inform employees of the	1183
change from a state fund insurer to a self-insuring employer, the	1184
procedures the employer will follow as a self-insuring employer,	1185
and the employees' rights to compensation and benefits; and	1186
(h) The employer has either an account in a financial	1187
institution in this state, or if the employer maintains an account	1188
with a financial institution outside this state, ensures that	1189
workers' compensation checks are drawn from the same account as	1190
payroll checks or the employer clearly indicates that payment will	1191

1222

be honored by a financial institution in this state. 1192 The administrator may waive the requirements of divisions 1193 (B)(1)(a) and (b) of this section and the requirement of division 1194 (B)(1)(e) of this section that the financial records, documents, 1195 and data be certified by a certified public accountant. The 1196 administrator shall adopt rules establishing the criteria that an 1197 employer shall meet in order for the administrator to waive the 1198 requirements of divisions (B)(1)(a), (b), and (e) of this section. 1199 Such rules may require additional security of that employer 1200 pursuant to division (E) of section 4123.351 of the Revised Code. 1201 The administrator shall not grant the status of self-insuring 1202 employer to the state, except that the administrator may grant the 1203 status of self-insuring employer to a state institution of higher 1204 education, including its hospitals, that meets the requirements of 1205 division (B)(2) of this section. 1206 (2) When considering the application of a public employer, 1207 except for a board of county commissioners described in division 1208 (G) of section 4123.01 of the Revised Code, a board of a county 1209 hospital, or a publicly owned utility, the administrator shall 1210 verify that the public employer satisfies all of the following 1211 requirements as the requirements apply to that public employer: 1212 (a) For the two-year period preceding application under this 1213 section, the public employer has maintained an unvoted debt 1214 capacity equal to at least two times the amount of the current 1215 annual premium established by the administrator under this chapter 1216 for that public employer for the year immediately preceding the 1217 year in which the public employer makes application under this 1218 section. 1219 (b) For each of the two fiscal years preceding application 1220

under this section, the unreserved and undesignated year-end fund

balance in the public employer's general fund is equal to at least

determined by the administrator.

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five per cent of the public employer's general fund revenues for	1223
the fiscal year computed in accordance with generally accepted	1224
accounting principles.	1225
(c) For the five-year period preceding application under this	1226
section, the public employer, to the extent applicable, has	1227
complied fully with the continuing disclosure requirements	1228
established in rules adopted by the United States securities and	1229
exchange commission under 17 C.F.R. 240.15c 2-12.	1230
(d) For the five-year period preceding application under this	1231
section, the public employer has not had its local government fund	1232
distribution withheld on account of the public employer being	1233
indebted or otherwise obligated to the state.	1234
(e) For the five-year period preceding application under this	1235
section, the public employer has not been under a fiscal watch or	1236
fiscal emergency pursuant to section 118.023, 118.04, or 3316.03	1237
of the Revised Code.	1238
(f) For the public employer's fiscal year preceding	1239
application under this section, the public employer has obtained	1240
an annual financial audit as required under section 117.10 of the	1241
Revised Code, which has been released by the auditor of state	1242
within seven months after the end of the public employer's fiscal	1243
year.	1244
(g) On the date of application, the public employer holds a	1245
debt rating of Aa3 or higher according to Moody's investors	1246
service, inc., or a comparable rating by an independent rating	1247
agency similar to Moody's investors service, inc.	1248
(h) The public employer agrees to generate an annual	1249
accumulating book reserve in its financial statements reflecting	1250
an actuarially generated reserve adequate to pay projected claims	1251
under this chapter for the applicable period of time, as	1252

- (i) For a public employer that is a hospital, the public 1254 employer shall submit audited financial statements showing the 1255 hospital's overall liquidity characteristics, and the 1256 administrator shall determine, on an individual basis, whether the 1257 public employer satisfies liquidity standards equivalent to the 1258 liquidity standards of other public employers. 1259
- (j) Any additional criteria that the administrator adopts by
  rule pursuant to division (E) of this section.

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The administrator may adopt rules establishing the criteria 1262 that a public employer shall satisfy in order for the 1263 administrator to waive any of the requirements listed in divisions 1264 (B)(2)(a) to (j) of this section. The rules may require additional 1265 security from that employer pursuant to division (E) of section 1266 4123.351 of the Revised Code. The administrator shall not waive 1267 any of the requirements listed in divisions (B)(2)(a) to (j) of 1268 this section for a public employer who does not satisfy the 1269 criteria established in the rules the administrator adopts. 1270

(C) A board of county commissioners described in division (G) 1271 of section 4123.01 of the Revised Code, as an employer, that will 1272 abide by the rules of the administrator and that may be of 1273 sufficient financial ability to render certain the payment of 1274 compensation to injured employees or the dependents of killed 1275 employees, and the furnishing of medical, surgical, nursing, and 1276 hospital attention and services and medicines, and funeral 1277 expenses, equal to or greater than is provided for in sections 1278 4123.52, 4123.55 to 4123.62, and 4123.64 to 4123.67 of the Revised 1279 Code, and that does not desire to insure the payment thereof or 1280 indemnify itself against loss sustained by the direct payment 1281 thereof, upon a finding of such facts by the administrator, may be 1282 granted the privilege to pay individually compensation, and 1283 furnish medical, surgical, nursing, and hospital services and 1284 attention and funeral expenses directly to injured employees or 1285

of county commissioners described in division (G) of section  4123.01 of the Revised Code that applies for the status as a  self-insuring employer a reasonable application fee to cover the  bureau's costs in connection with processing and making a  determination with respect to an application. All employers  granted such status shall demonstrate sufficient financial and  administrative ability to assure that all obligations under this  section are promptly met. The administrator shall deny the  privilege where the employer is unable to demonstrate the  employer's ability to promptly meet all the obligations imposed on  the employer by this section. The administrator shall consider,  but is not limited to, the following factors, where applicable, in  determining the employer's ability to meet all of the obligations  imposed on the board as an employer employs a minimum of five  13  hundred employees in this state;  (2) The board has operated in this state for a minimum of two  years;  (3) Where the board previously contributed to the state  insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau  rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules;  (4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this  state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation  directly;  (5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by  a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's  full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data	the dependents of killed employees, thereby being granted status	1286
4123.01 of the Revised Code that applies for the status as a self-insuring employer a reasonable application fee to cover the bureau's costs in connection with processing and making a determination with respect to an application. All employers granted such status shall demonstrate sufficient financial and administrative ability to assure that all obligations under this section are promptly met. The administrator shall demy the privilege where the employer is unable to demonstrate the employer's ability to promptly meet all the obligations imposed on the employer by this section. The administrator shall consider, but is not limited to, the following factors, where applicable, in determining the employer's ability to meet all of the obligations imposed on the board as an employer by this section:  (1) The board as an employer employs a minimum of five hundred employees in this state;  (2) The board has operated in this state for a minimum of two years;  (3) Where the board previously contributed to the state insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules;  (4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation directly;  (5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data	as a self-insuring employer. The administrator may charge a board	1287
self-insuring employer a reasonable application fee to cover the bureau's costs in connection with processing and making a determination with respect to an application. All employers 12 granted such status shall demonstrate sufficient financial and administrative ability to assure that all obligations under this section are promptly met. The administrator shall deny the 12 privilege where the employer is unable to demonstrate the 12 employer's ability to promptly meet all the obligations imposed on 12 the employer by this section. The administrator shall consider, 12 but is not limited to, the following factors, where applicable, in 13 determining the employer's ability to meet all of the obligations 13 imposed on the board as an employer by this section: 13 imposed on the board as an employer employs a minimum of five 13 hundred employees in this state; 13 (2) The board has operated in this state for a minimum of two 13 years; 13 (3) Where the board previously contributed to the state 13 insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau 13 rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules; 13 (4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this 13 state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation 13 directly; 13 (5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by 13 a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's 13 full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data 13	of county commissioners described in division (G) of section	1288
bureau's costs in connection with processing and making a  determination with respect to an application. All employers  granted such status shall demonstrate sufficient financial and  administrative ability to assure that all obligations under this  section are promptly met. The administrator shall deny the  privilege where the employer is unable to demonstrate the  employer's ability to promptly meet all the obligations imposed on the employer by this section. The administrator shall consider,  but is not limited to, the following factors, where applicable, in determining the employer's ability to meet all of the obligations imposed on the board as an employer by this section:  (1) The board as an employer employs a minimum of five  13 hundred employees in this state;  (2) The board has operated in this state for a minimum of two  years;  (3) Where the board previously contributed to the state insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau  rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules;  (4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation  directly;  (5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data	4123.01 of the Revised Code that applies for the status as a	1289
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determining the employer's ability to meet all of the obligations imposed on the board as an employer by this section:  (1) The board as an employer employs a minimum of five 13 hundred employees in this state; 13 (2) The board has operated in this state for a minimum of two 13 years; 13 (3) Where the board previously contributed to the state 13 insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau 13 rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules; 13 (4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this 13 state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation 13 directly; 13 (5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by 13 a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's 13 full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data 13	the employer by this section. The administrator shall consider,	1298
imposed on the board as an employer by this section:  (1) The board as an employer employs a minimum of five 13 hundred employees in this state; 13 (2) The board has operated in this state for a minimum of two 13 years; 13 (3) Where the board previously contributed to the state 13 insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau 13 rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules; 13 (4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this 13 state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation 13 directly; 13 (5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by 13 a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's 13 full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data	but is not limited to, the following factors, where applicable, in	1299
(1) The board as an employer employs a minimum of five  13 hundred employees in this state;  (2) The board has operated in this state for a minimum of two  13 years;  (3) Where the board previously contributed to the state  insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau  rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules;  (4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this  state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation  directly;  (5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by  a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's  full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data  13	determining the employer's ability to meet all of the obligations	1300
hundred employees in this state;  (2) The board has operated in this state for a minimum of two years;  (3) Where the board previously contributed to the state insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules;  (4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation directly;  (5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data  13	imposed on the board as an employer by this section:	1301
(2) The board has operated in this state for a minimum of two 13 years; 13  (3) Where the board previously contributed to the state 13 insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau 13 rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules; 13  (4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this 13 state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation 13 directly; 13  (5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by 13 a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's 13 full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data 13	(1) The board as an employer employs a minimum of five	1302
years;  (3) Where the board previously contributed to the state  insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau  rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules;  (4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this  state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation  directly;  (5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by  a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's  full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data  13	hundred employees in this state;	1303
(3) Where the board previously contributed to the state  insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau  13  rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules;  (4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this  state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation  13  directly;  13  (5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by  a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's  full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data  13	(2) The board has operated in this state for a minimum of two	1304
insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau  13  14) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this  13  14) the sufficiency of the board's assets located in this  15  16 state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation  17  18 directly;  19 compensation  10 directly;  11 state to insure the board's documents, and data, certified by  12 a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's  13  14 full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data  15	years;	1305
rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules;  (4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this  13 state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation  13 directly;  (5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by  13 a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's  full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data  13	(3) Where the board previously contributed to the state	1306
(4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this  13 state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation  13 directly;  13 (5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by  13 a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's  full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data  13	insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau	1307
state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation  13 directly;  13 (5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data  13	rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules;	1308
directly;  (5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by  a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's  full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data  13	(4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this	1309
(5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by  13 a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's  13 full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data  13	state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation	1310
a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's 13 full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data 13	directly;	1311
full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data 13	(5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by	1312
	a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's	1313
include, but are not limited to, balance sheets and profit and 13	full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data	1314
	include, but are not limited to, balance sheets and profit and	1315

loss history for the current year and previous four years.

- (6) The board's organizational plan for the administration of 1317 the workers' compensation law; 1318
- (7) The board's proposed plan to inform employees of the 1319 proposed self-insurance, the procedures the board will follow as a 1320 self-insuring employer, and the employees' rights to compensation 1321 and benefits;
- (8) The board has either an account in a financial 1323 institution in this state, or if the board maintains an account 1324 with a financial institution outside this state, ensures that 1325 workers' compensation checks are drawn from the same account as 1326 payroll checks or the board clearly indicates that payment will be 1327 honored by a financial institution in this state; 1328
- (9) The board shall provide the administrator a surety bondin an amount equal to one hundred twenty-five per cent of theprojected losses as determined by the administrator.1331
- (D) The administrator shall require a surety bond from all 1332 self-insuring employers, issued pursuant to section 4123.351 of 1333 the Revised Code, that is sufficient to compel, or secure to 1334 injured employees, or to the dependents of employees killed, the 1335 payment of compensation and expenses, which shall in no event be 1336 less than that paid or furnished out of the state insurance fund 1337 in similar cases to injured employees or to dependents of killed 1338 employees whose employers contribute to the fund, except when an 1339 employee of the employer, who has suffered the loss of a hand, 1340 arm, foot, leg, or eye prior to the injury for which compensation 1341 is to be paid, and thereafter suffers the loss of any other of the 1342 members as the result of any injury sustained in the course of and 1343 arising out of the employee's employment, the compensation to be 1344 paid by the self-insuring employer is limited to the disability 1345 suffered in the subsequent injury, additional compensation, if 1346 any, to be paid by the bureau out of the surplus created by 1347 section 4123.34 of the Revised Code. 1348

(E) In addition to the requirements of this section, the	1349
administrator shall make and publish rules governing the manner of	1350
making application and the nature and extent of the proof required	1351
to justify a finding of fact by the administrator as to granting	1352
the status of a self-insuring employer, which rules shall be	1353
general in their application, one of which rules shall provide	1354
that all self-insuring employers shall pay into the state	1355
insurance fund such amounts as are required to be credited to the	1356
surplus fund in division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised	1357
Code. The administrator may adopt rules establishing requirements	1358
in addition to the requirements described in division $(B)(2)$ of	1359
this section that a public employer shall meet in order to qualify	1360
for self-insuring status.	1361

Employers shall secure directly from the bureau central 1362 offices application forms upon which the bureau shall stamp a 1363 designating number. Prior to submission of an application, an 1364 employer shall make available to the bureau, and the bureau shall 1365 review, the information described in division (B)(1) of this 1366 section, and public employers shall make available, and the bureau 1367 shall review, the information necessary to verify whether the 1368 public employer meets the requirements listed in division (B)(2) 1369 of this section. An employer shall file the completed application 1370 forms with an application fee, which shall cover the costs of 1371 processing the application, as established by the administrator, 1372 by rule, with the bureau at least ninety days prior to the 1373 effective date of the employer's new status as a self-insuring 1374 employer. The application form is not deemed complete until all 1375 the required information is attached thereto. The bureau shall 1376 only accept applications that contain the required information. 1377

(F) The bureau shall review completed applications within a 1378 reasonable time. If the bureau determines to grant an employer the 1379 status as a self-insuring employer, the bureau shall issue a 1380

statement, containing its findings of fact, that is prepared by	1381
the bureau and signed by the administrator. If the bureau	1382
determines not to grant the status as a self-insuring employer,	1383
the bureau shall notify the employer of the determination and	1384
require the employer to continue to pay its full premium into the	1385
state insurance fund. The administrator also shall adopt rules	1386
establishing a minimum level of performance as a criterion for	1387
granting and maintaining the status as a self-insuring employer	1388
and fixing time limits beyond which failure of the self-insuring	1389
employer to provide for the necessary medical examinations and	1390
evaluations may not delay a decision on a claim.	1391

(G) The administrator shall adopt rules setting forth 1392 procedures for auditing the program of self-insuring employers. 1393 The bureau shall conduct the audit upon a random basis or whenever 1394 the bureau has grounds for believing that a self-insuring employer 1395 is not in full compliance with bureau rules or this chapter. 1396

The administrator shall monitor the programs conducted by

self-insuring employers, to ensure compliance with bureau

requirements and for that purpose, shall develop and issue to

self-insuring employers standardized forms for use by the

self-insuring employer in all aspects of the self-insuring

employers' direct compensation program and for reporting of

information to the bureau.

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1401

The bureau shall receive and transmit to the self-insuring 1404 employer all complaints concerning any self-insuring employer. In 1405 the case of a complaint against a self-insuring employer, the 1406 administrator shall handle the complaint through the 1407 self-insurance division of the bureau. The bureau shall maintain a 1408 file by employer of all complaints received that relate to the 1409 employer. The bureau shall evaluate each complaint and take 1410 appropriate action. 1411

The administrator shall adopt as a rule a prohibition against

any self-insuring employer from harassing, dismissing, or	1413
otherwise disciplining any employee making a complaint, which rule	1414
shall provide for a financial penalty to be levied by the	1415
administrator payable by the offending self-insuring employer.	1416
(H) For the purpose of making determinations as to whether to	1417
grant status as a self-insuring employer, the administrator may	1418
subscribe to and pay for a credit reporting service that offers	1419
financial and other business information about individual	1420
employers. The costs in connection with the bureau's subscription	1421
or individual reports from the service about an applicant may be	1422
included in the application fee charged employers under this	1423
section.	1424
(I) The administrator, notwithstanding other provisions of	1425
this chapter, may permit a self-insuring employer to resume	1426
payment of premiums to the state insurance fund with appropriate	1427
credit modifications to the employer's basic premium rate as such	1428
rate is determined pursuant to section 4123.29 of the Revised	1429
Code.	1430
(J) On the first day of July of each year, the administrator	1431
shall calculate separately each self-insuring employer's	1432
assessments for the safety and hygiene fund, administrative costs	1433
pursuant to section 4123.342 of the Revised Code, and for the	1434
portion of the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34	1435
of the Revised Code <del>that is not used for handicapped</del>	1436
reimbursement, on the basis of the paid compensation attributable	1437
to the individual self-insuring employer according to the	1438
following calculation:	1439
(1) The total assessment against all self-insuring employers	1440
as a class for each fund and for the administrative costs for the	1441
year that the assessment is being made, as determined by the	1442
administrator, divided by the total amount of paid compensation	1443

for the previous calendar year attributable to all amenable

self-insuring employers;

(2) Multiply the quotient in division (J)(1) of this section 1446 by the total amount of paid compensation for the previous calendar 1447 year that is attributable to the individual self-insuring employer 1448 for whom the assessment is being determined. Each self-insuring 1449 employer shall pay the assessment that results from this 1450 calculation, unless the assessment resulting from this calculation 1451 falls below a minimum assessment, which minimum assessment the 1452 administrator shall determine on the first day of July of each 1453 year with the advice and consent of the bureau of workers' 1454 compensation board of directors, in which event, the self-insuring 1455 employer shall pay the minimum assessment. 1456

In determining the total amount due for the total assessment 1457 against all self-insuring employers as a class for each fund and 1458 the administrative assessment, the administrator shall reduce 1459 proportionately the total for each fund and assessment by the 1460 amount of money in the self-insurance assessment fund as of the 1461 date of the computation of the assessment.

The administrator shall calculate the assessment for the 1463 portion of the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34 1464 of the Revised Code that is used for handicapped reimbursement in 1465 the same manner as set forth in divisions (J)(1) and (2) of this 1466 section except that the administrator shall calculate the total 1467 assessment for this portion of the surplus fund only on the basis 1468 of those self-insuring employers that retain participation in the 1469 handicapped reimbursement program and the individual self-insuring 1470 employer's proportion of paid compensation shall be calculated 1471 only for those self insuring employers who retain participation in 1472 the handicapped reimbursement program. The administrator, as the 1473 administrator determines appropriate, may determine the total 1474 assessment for the handicapped portion of the surplus fund in 1475 accordance with sound actuarial principles. 1476

The administrator shall calculate the assessment for the	1477
portion of the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34	1478
of the Revised Code that under division (D) of section 4121.66 of	1479
the Revised Code is used for rehabilitation costs in the same	1480
manner as set forth in divisions (J)(1) and (2) of this section,	1481
except that the administrator shall calculate the total assessment	1482
for this portion of the surplus fund only on the basis of those	1483
self-insuring employers who have not made the election to make	1484
payments directly under division (D) of section 4121.66 of the	1485
Revised Code and an individual self-insuring employer's proportion	1486
of paid compensation only for those self-insuring employers who	1487
have not made that election.	1488

The administrator shall calculate the assessment for the 1489 portion of the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34 1490 of the Revised Code that is used for reimbursement to a 1491 self-insuring employer under division (H) of section 4123.512 of 1492 the Revised Code in the same manner as set forth in divisions 1493 (J)(1) and (2) of this section except that the administrator shall 1494 calculate the total assessment for this portion of the surplus 1495 fund only on the basis of those self-insuring employers that 1496 retain participation in reimbursement to the self-insuring 1497 employer under division (H) of section 4123.512 of the Revised 1498 Code and the individual self-insuring employer's proportion of 1499 paid compensation shall be calculated only for those self-insuring 1500 employers who retain participation in reimbursement to the 1501 self-insuring employer under division (H) of section 4123.512 of 1502 the Revised Code. 1503

An employer who no longer is a self-insuring employer in this 1504 state or who no longer is operating in this state, shall continue 1505 to pay assessments for administrative costs and for the portion of 1506 the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34 of the 1507 Revised Code that is not used for handicapped reimbursement, based 1508

upon paid compensation attributable to claims that occurred while 1509 the employer was a self-insuring employer within this state. 1510

- (K) There is hereby created in the state treasury the 1511 self-insurance assessment fund. All investment earnings of the 1512 fund shall be deposited in the fund. The administrator shall use 1513 the money in the self-insurance assessment fund only for 1514 administrative costs as specified in section 4123.341 of the 1515 Revised Code.
- (L) Every self-insuring employer shall certify, in affidavit 1517 form subject to the penalty for perjury, to the bureau the amount 1518 of the self-insuring employer's paid compensation for the previous 1519 calendar year. In reporting paid compensation paid for the 1520 previous year, a self-insuring employer shall exclude from the 1521 total amount of paid compensation any reimbursement the 1522 self-insuring employer receives in the previous calendar year from 1523 the surplus fund pursuant to section 4123.512 of the Revised Code 1524 for any paid compensation. The self-insuring employer also shall 1525 exclude from the paid compensation reported any amount recovered 1526 under section 4123.931 of the Revised Code and any amount that is 1527 determined not to have been payable to or on behalf of a claimant 1528 in any final administrative or judicial proceeding. The 1529 self-insuring employer shall exclude such amounts from the paid 1530 compensation reported in the reporting period subsequent to the 1531 date the determination is made. The administrator shall adopt 1532 rules, in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, that 1533 provide for all of the following: 1534
- (1) Establishing the date by which self-insuring employers 1535 must submit such information and the amount of the assessments 1536 provided for in division (J) of this section for employers who 1537 have been granted self-insuring status within the last calendar 1538 year; 1539
  - (2) If an employer fails to pay the assessment when due, the 1540

The administrator shall include any assessment and penalties

that remain unpaid for previous assessment periods in the

1569

1570

calculation and collection of any assessments due under this 1571 division or division (J) of this section. 1572

- (M) As used in this section, "paid compensation" means all 1573 amounts paid by a self-insuring employer for living maintenance 1574 benefits, all amounts for compensation paid pursuant to sections 1575 4121.63, 4121.67, 4123.56, 4123.57, 4123.58, 4123.59, 4123.60, and 1576 4123.64 of the Revised Code, all amounts paid as wages in lieu of 1577 such compensation, all amounts paid in lieu of such compensation 1578 under a nonoccupational accident and sickness program fully funded 1579 by the self-insuring employer, and all amounts paid by a 1580 self-insuring employer for a violation of a specific safety 1581 standard pursuant to Section 35 of Article II, Ohio Constitution 1582 and section 4121.47 of the Revised Code. 1583
- (N) Should any section of this chapter or Chapter 4121. of 1584 the Revised Code providing for self-insuring employers' 1585 assessments based upon compensation paid be declared 1586 unconstitutional by a final decision of any court, then that 1587 section of the Revised Code declared unconstitutional shall revert 1588 back to the section in existence prior to November 3, 1989, 1589 providing for assessments based upon payroll.
- (0) The administrator may grant a self-insuring employer the 1591 privilege to self-insure a construction project entered into by 1592 the self-insuring employer that is scheduled for completion within 1593 six years after the date the project begins, and the total cost of 1594 which is estimated to exceed one hundred million dollars or, for 1595 employers described in division (R) of this section, if the 1596 construction project is estimated to exceed twenty-five million 1597 dollars. The administrator may waive such cost and time criteria 1598 and grant a self-insuring employer the privilege to self-insure a 1599 construction project regardless of the time needed to complete the 1600 construction project and provided that the cost of the 1601 construction project is estimated to exceed fifty million dollars. 1602

A self-insuring employer who desires to self-insure a construction	1603
project shall submit to the administrator an application listing	1604
the dates the construction project is scheduled to begin and end,	1605
the estimated cost of the construction project, the contractors	1606
and subcontractors whose employees are to be self-insured by the	1607
self-insuring employer, the provisions of a safety program that is	1608
specifically designed for the construction project, and a	1609
statement as to whether a collective bargaining agreement	1610
governing the rights, duties, and obligations of each of the	1611
parties to the agreement with respect to the construction project	1612
exists between the self-insuring employer and a labor	1613
organization.	1614

A self-insuring employer may apply to self-insure the 1615 employees of either of the following: 1616

- (1) All contractors and subcontractors who perform labor or 1617 work or provide materials for the construction project; 1618
- (2) All contractors and, at the administrator's discretion, a 1619 substantial number of all the subcontractors who perform labor or 1620 work or provide materials for the construction project. 1621

Upon approval of the application, the administrator shall 1622 mail a certificate granting the privilege to self-insure the 1623 construction project to the self-insuring employer. The 1624 certificate shall contain the name of the self-insuring employer 1625 and the name, address, and telephone number of the self-insuring 1626 employer's representatives who are responsible for administering 1627 workers' compensation claims for the construction project. The 1628 self-insuring employer shall post the certificate in a conspicuous 1629 place at the site of the construction project. 1630

The administrator shall maintain a record of the contractors 1631 and subcontractors whose employees are covered under the 1632 certificate issued to the self-insured employer. A self-insuring 1633

employer immediately shall notify the administrator when any	1634
contractor or subcontractor is added or eliminated from inclusion	1635
under the certificate.	1636

Upon approval of the application, the self-insuring employer 1637 is responsible for the administration and payment of all claims 1638 under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code for the 1639 employees of the contractor and subcontractors covered under the 1640 certificate who receive injuries or are killed in the course of 1641 and arising out of employment on the construction project, or who 1642 contract an occupational disease in the course of employment on 1643 the construction project. For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 1644 4121. of the Revised Code, a claim that is administered and paid 1645 in accordance with this division is considered a claim against the 1646 self-insuring employer listed in the certificate. A contractor or 1647 subcontractor included under the certificate shall report to the 1648 self-insuring employer listed in the certificate, all claims that 1649 arise under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code in 1650 connection with the construction project for which the certificate 1651 is issued. 1652

A self-insuring employer who complies with this division is 1653 entitled to the protections provided under this chapter and 1654 Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code with respect to the employees of 1655 the contractors and subcontractors covered under a certificate 1656 issued under this division for death or injuries that arise out 1657 of, or death, injuries, or occupational diseases that arise in the 1658 course of, those employees' employment on that construction 1659 project, as if the employees were employees of the self-insuring 1660 employer, provided that the self-insuring employer also complies 1661 with this section. No employee of the contractors and 1662 subcontractors covered under a certificate issued under this 1663 division shall be considered the employee of the self-insuring 1664 employer listed in that certificate for any purposes other than 1665

this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code. Nothing in	1666
this division gives a self-insuring employer authority to control	1667
the means, manner, or method of employment of the employees of the	1668
contractors and subcontractors covered under a certificate issued	1669
under this division.	1670

The contractors and subcontractors included under a 1671 certificate issued under this division are entitled to the 1672 protections provided under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the 1673 Revised Code with respect to the contractor's or subcontractor's 1674 employees who are employed on the construction project which is 1675 the subject of the certificate, for death or injuries that arise 1676 out of, or death, injuries, or occupational diseases that arise in 1677 the course of, those employees' employment on that construction 1678 project. 1679

The contractors and subcontractors included under a 1680 certificate issued under this division shall identify in their 1681 payroll records the employees who are considered the employees of 1682 the self-insuring employer listed in that certificate for purposes 1683 of this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code, and the 1684 amount that those employees earned for employment on the 1685 construction project that is the subject of that certificate. 1686 Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary under this chapter 1687 and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code, the administrator shall 1688 exclude the payroll that is reported for employees who are 1689 considered the employees of the self-insuring employer listed in 1690 that certificate, and that the employees earned for employment on 1691 the construction project that is the subject of that certificate, 1692 when determining those contractors' or subcontractors' premiums or 1693 assessments required under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the 1694 Revised Code. A self-insuring employer issued a certificate under 1695 this division shall include in the amount of paid compensation it 1696 reports pursuant to division (L) of this section, the amount of 1697

paid compensation the self-insuring employer paid pursuant to this	1698
division for the previous calendar year.	1699

Nothing in this division shall be construed as altering the 1700 rights of employees under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the 1701 Revised Code as those rights existed prior to September 17, 1996. 1702 Nothing in this division shall be construed as altering the rights 1703 devolved under sections 2305.31 and 4123.82 of the Revised Code as 1704 those rights existed prior to September 17, 1996. 1705

As used in this division, "privilege to self-insure a 1706 construction project" means privilege to pay individually 1707 compensation, and to furnish medical, surgical, nursing, and 1708 hospital services and attention and funeral expenses directly to 1709 injured employees or the dependents of killed employees. 1710

(P) A self-insuring employer whose application is granted 1711 under division (O) of this section shall designate a safety 1712 professional to be responsible for the administration and 1713 enforcement of the safety program that is specifically designed 1714 for the construction project that is the subject of the 1715 application.

A self-insuring employer whose application is granted under 1717 division (O) of this section shall employ an ombudsperson for the 1718 construction project that is the subject of the application. The 1719 ombudsperson shall have experience in workers' compensation or the 1720 construction industry, or both. The ombudsperson shall perform all 1721 of the following duties: 1722

- (1) Communicate with and provide information to employees who 1723 are injured in the course of, or whose injury arises out of 1724 employment on the construction project, or who contract an 1725 occupational disease in the course of employment on the 1726 construction project; 1727
  - (2) Investigate the status of a claim upon the request of an 1728

employee to do so;	1729
(3) Provide information to claimants, third party	1730
administrators, employers, and other persons to assist those	1731
persons in protecting their rights under this chapter and Chapter	1732
4121. of the Revised Code.	1733
A self-insuring employer whose application is granted under	1734
division (0) of this section shall post the name of the safety	1735
professional and the ombudsperson and instructions for contacting	1736
the safety professional and the ombudsperson in a conspicuous	1737
place at the site of the construction project.	1738
(Q) The administrator may consider all of the following when	1739
deciding whether to grant a self-insuring employer the privilege	1740
to self-insure a construction project as provided under division	1741
(0) of this section:	1742
(1) Whether the self-insuring employer has an organizational	1743
plan for the administration of the workers' compensation law;	1744
(2) Whether the safety program that is specifically designed	1745
for the construction project provides for the safety of employees	1746
employed on the construction project, is applicable to all	1747
contractors and subcontractors who perform labor or work or	1748
provide materials for the construction project, and has as a	1749
component, a safety training program that complies with standards	1750
adopted pursuant to the "Occupational Safety and Health Act of	1751
1970," 84 Stat. 1590, 29 U.S.C.A. 651, and provides for continuing	1752
management and employee involvement;	1753
(3) Whether granting the privilege to self-insure the	1754
construction project will reduce the costs of the construction	1755
project;	1756
(4) Whether the self-insuring employer has employed an	1757

ombudsperson as required under division (P) of this section;

(5) Whether the self-insuring employer has sufficient surety	1759
to secure the payment of claims for which the self-insuring	1760
employer would be responsible pursuant to the granting of the	1761
privilege to self-insure a construction project under division (0)	1762
of this section.	1763
(R) As used in divisions (O), (P), and (Q), "self-insuring	1764
employer" includes the following employers, whether or not they	1765
have been granted the status of being a self-insuring employer	1766
under division (B) of this section:	1767
(1) A state institution of higher education;	1768
(2) A school district;	1769
(3) A county school financing district;	1770
(4) An educational service center;	1771
(5) A community school established under Chapter 3314. of the	1772
Revised Code;	1773
(6) A municipal power agency as defined in section 3734.058	1774
of the Revised Code.	1775
(S) As used in this section:	1776
(1) "Unvoted debt capacity" means the amount of money that a	1777
public employer may borrow without voter approval of a tax levy;	1778
(2) "State institution of higher education" means the state	1779
universities listed in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code,	1780
community colleges created pursuant to Chapter 3354. of the	1781
Revised Code, university branches created pursuant to Chapter	1782
3355. of the Revised Code, technical colleges created pursuant to	1783
Chapter 3357. of the Revised Code, and state community colleges	1784
created pursuant to Chapter 3358. of the Revised Code.	1785
Sec. 4123.351. (A) The administrator of workers' compensation	1786
shall require every self-insuring employer, including any	1787

self-insuring employer that is indemnified by a captive insurance	1788
company granted a certificate of authority under Chapter 3694.	1789
3964. of the Revised Code, to pay a contribution, calculated under	1790
this section, to the self-insuring employers' guaranty fund	1791
established pursuant to this section. The fund shall provide for	1792
payment of compensation and benefits to employees of the	1793
self-insuring employer in order to cover any default in payment by	1794
that employer.	1795

- (B) The bureau of workers' compensation shall operate the 1796 self-insuring employers' guaranty fund for self-insuring 1797 employers. The administrator annually shall establish the 1798 contributions due from self-insuring employers for the fund at 1799 rates as low as possible but such as will assure sufficient moneys 1800 to guarantee the payment of any claims against the fund. The 1801 bureau's operation of the fund is not subject to sections 3929.10 1802 to 3929.18 of the Revised Code or to regulation by the 1803 superintendent of insurance. 1804
- (C) If a self-insuring employer defaults, the bureau shall 1805 recover the amounts paid as a result of the default from the 1806 self-insuring employers' guaranty fund. If a self-insuring 1807 employer defaults and is in compliance with this section for the 1808 payment of contributions to the fund, such self-insuring employer 1809 is entitled to the immunity conferred by section 4123.74 of the 1810 Revised Code for any claim arising during any period the employer 1811 is in compliance with this section. 1812
- (D)(1) There is hereby established a self-insuring employers' 1813 guaranty fund, which shall be in the custody of the treasurer of 1814 state and which shall be separate from the other funds established 1815 and administered pursuant to this chapter. The fund shall consist 1816 of contributions and other payments made by self-insuring 1817 employers under this section. All investment earnings of the fund 1818 shall be credited to the fund. The bureau shall make disbursements 1819

from the fund pursuant to this section.	1820
(2) The administrator has the same powers to invest any of	1821
the surplus or reserve belonging to the fund as are delegated to	1822
the administrator under section 4123.44 of the Revised Code with	1823
respect to the state insurance fund. The administrator shall apply	1824
interest earned solely to the reduction of assessments for	1825
contributions from self-insuring employers and to the payments	1826
required due to defaults.	1827
(3) If the bureau of workers' compensation board of directors	1828
determines that reinsurance of the risks of the fund is necessary	1829
to assure solvency of the fund, the board may:	1830
(a) Enter into contracts for the purchase of reinsurance	1831
coverage of the risks of the fund with any company or agency	1832
authorized by law to issue contracts of reinsurance;	1833
(b) Require the administrator to pay the cost of reinsurance	1834
from the fund;	1835
(c) Include the costs of reinsurance as a liability and	1836
estimated liability of the fund.	1837
(E) The administrator, with the advice and consent of the	1838
board, may adopt rules pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised	1839
Code for the implementation of this section, including a rule,	1840
notwithstanding division (C) of this section, requiring	1841
self-insuring employers to provide security in addition to the	1842
contribution to the self-insuring employers' guaranty fund	1843
required by this section. The additional security required by the	1844
rule, as the administrator determines appropriate, shall be	1845
sufficient and adequate to provide for financial assurance to meet	1846
the obligations of self-insuring employers under this chapter and	1847
Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code.	1848
(F) The purchase of coverage under this section by	1849

self-insuring employers is valid notwithstanding the prohibitions

contained in division (A) of section 4123.82 of the Revised Code	1851
and is in addition to the indemnity contracts that self-insuring	1852
employers may purchase pursuant to division (B) of section 4123.82	1853
of the Revised Code.	1854

- (G) The administrator, on behalf of the self-insuring 1855 employers' guaranty fund, has the rights of reimbursement and 1856 subrogation and shall collect from a defaulting self-insuring 1857 employer or other liable person all amounts the administrator has 1858 paid or reasonably expects to pay from the fund on account of the 1859 defaulting self-insuring employer.
- (H) The assessments for contributions, the administration of the self-insuring employers' guaranty fund, the investment of the money in the fund, and the payment of liabilities incurred by the fund do not create any liability upon the state.

Except for a gross abuse of discretion, neither the board, 1865 nor the individual members thereof, nor the administrator shall 1866 incur any obligation or liability respecting the assessments for 1867 contributions, the administration of the self-insuring employers' 1868 guaranty fund, the investment of the fund, or the payment of 1869 liabilities therefrom.

Sec. 4123.411. (A) For all injuries and disabilities 1871 occurring before January 1, 1987, the administrator of workers' 1872 compensation, for the purpose of carrying out sections 4123.412 to 1873 4123.418 of the Revised Code, the administrator of workers' 1874 compensation, and with the advice and consent of the bureau of 1875 workers' compensation board of directors, shall may levy an 1876 assessment against all employers at a rate not to exceed ten cents 1877 per one hundred dollars of payroll, such. If the administrator 1878 <u>levies an assessment under this division, the rate to of that</u> 1879 assessment shall be determined annually for each employer group 1880 listed in divisions (A)(1) to (3) of this section, which will. The 1881

rates determined under this division shall be sufficient to	1882
produce an amount no greater than the amount the administrator	1883
estimates to be necessary to carry out such sections for the	1884
period for which the assessment is levied. In the event the amount	1885
produced by the assessment is not sufficient to carry out such	1886
sections the additional amount necessary shall be provided_	1887
pursuant to section 4123.419 of the Revised Code, from the income	1888
produced as a result of investments made pursuant to section	1889
4123.44 of the Revised Code.	1890
Assessments If levied, assessments shall be levied according	1891
to the following schedule:	1892
(1) For private fund employers, except self-insuring	1893
employers:	1894
(a) For policy years commencing prior to July 1, 2015, in	1895
January and July of each year upon gross payrolls of the preceding	1896
six months;	1897
(b) For policy years commencing on or after July 1, 2015, in	1898
the month of June immediately preceding each policy year upon	1899
gross payrolls estimated for that policy year.	1900
(2) For counties and taxing district employers therein,	1901
except county hospitals that are self-insuring employers:	1902
(a) For policy years commencing prior to January 1, 2016, in	1903
January of each year upon gross payrolls of the preceding twelve	1904
months;	1905
(b) For policy years commencing on or after January 1, 2016,	1906
in the month of December immediately preceding each policy year	1907
upon gross payrolls estimated for that policy year.	1908
(3) For the state as an employerin January, April, July,	1909
and October of each year upon gross payrolls of the preceding	1910

three months or at other intervals as the administrator

establishes.	1	912

After the completion of each policy year that commences on or 1913 after July 1, 2015, for private fund employers or that commences 1914 on or after January 1, 2016, for counties and taxing district 1915 employers therein, the assessments levied under this section shall 1916 be adjusted for the difference between estimated gross payrolls 1917 and actual gross payrolls reported by the employer on the payroll 1918 report submitted by a private employer pursuant to section 4123.26 1919 of the Revised Code, or, for a public employer, submitted pursuant 1920 to section 4123.41 of the Revised Code. 1921

Amounts assessed in accordance with this section shall be 1922 collected from each employer as prescribed in rules the 1923 administrator adopts.

The moneys derived from the assessment provided for in this

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section shall be credited to the disabled workers' relief fund

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created by section 4123.412 of the Revised Code. The administrator
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shall establish by rule classifications of employers within
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divisions (A)(1) to (3) of this section and shall determine rates
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for each class so as to fairly apportion the costs of carrying out
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sections 4123.412 to 4123.418 of the Revised Code.

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(B) For all injuries and disabilities occurring on or after 1932 January 1, 1987, the administrator, for the purposes of carrying 1933 out sections 4123.412 to 4123.418 of the Revised Code, shall levy 1934 an assessment against all employers at a rate per one hundred 1935 dollars of payroll, such rate to be determined annually for each 1936 classification of employer in each employer group listed in 1937 divisions (A)(1) to (3) of this section, which will produce an 1938 amount no greater than the amount the administrator estimates to 1939 be necessary to carry out such sections for the period for which 1940 the assessment is levied. The administrator annually shall 1941 establish the contributions due from employers for the disabled 1942 workers' relief fund at rates as low as possible but that will 1943

assure	sufficient	moneys	to	guarantee	the	payment	of	any	claims	1944
against	that fund	•								1945

Amounts assessed in accordance with this division shall be
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billed at the same time premiums are billed and credited to the
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disabled workers' relief fund created by section 4123.412 of the
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Revised Code. The administrator shall determine the rates for each
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class in the same manner as the administrator fixes the rates for
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premiums pursuant to section 4123.29 of the Revised Code.
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(C) For a self-insuring employer, the bureau of workers' 1952 compensation shall pay to employees who are participants 1953 regardless of the date of injury, any amounts due to the 1954 participants under section 4123.414 of the Revised Code and shall 1955 bill the self-insuring employer, semiannually, for all amounts 1956 paid to a participant.

Sec. 4123.419. The assessment rate established pursuant to 1958 section 4123.411 of the Revised Code, subject to the limits set 1959 forth in that section, shall be adequate to provide the amounts 1960 estimated as necessary by the administrator of workers' 1961 compensation to carry out the provisions of sections 4123.412 to 1962 4123.418 of the Revised Code, and in addition to provide moneys to 1963 reimburse the general revenue fund for moneys appropriated by 1964 Section 2 of H.B. No. 1131 of the 103rd general assembly or by the 1965 104th and succeeding general assemblies for disabled workers' 1966 relief. When the additional moneys are available in whole or part 1967 for the purpose of making the reimbursement, the director of 1968 budget and management shall certify the amount to the bureau of 1969 workers' compensation which shall thereupon cause the moneys to be 1970 paid to the general revenue fund from the disabled workers' relief 1971 fund except that any amounts due because of the state's obligation 1972 as an employer pursuant to section 4123.411 of the Revised Code 1973 and not paid to the disabled workers' relief fund shall be 1974

deducted from any such reimbursement.

For all injuries and disabilities occurring before January 1, 1976 1987, the administrator, for the purpose of carrying out those 1977 sections and with the advice and consent of the bureau of workers' 1978 compensation board of directors, may transfer to the disabled 1979 workers' relief fund from the income produced as a result of 1980 investments made pursuant to section 4123.44 of the Revised Code 1981 amounts necessary to carry out those sections with respect to 1982 claims related to private and public taxing district employers, 1983 rather than levying an assessment against those employers under 1984 section 4123.411 of the Revised Code. 1985

Sec. 4123.512. (A) The claimant or the employer may appeal an 1986 order of the industrial commission made under division (E) of 1987 section 4123.511 of the Revised Code in any injury or occupational 1988 disease case, other than a decision as to the extent of disability 1989 to the court of common pleas of the county in which the injury was 1990 inflicted or in which the contract of employment was made if the 1991 injury occurred outside the state, or in which the contract of 1992 employment was made if the exposure occurred outside the state. If 1993 no common pleas court has jurisdiction for the purposes of an 1994 appeal by the use of the jurisdictional requirements described in 1995 this division, the appellant may use the venue provisions in the 1996 Rules of Civil Procedure to vest jurisdiction in a court. If the 1997 claim is for an occupational disease, the appeal shall be to the 1998 court of common pleas of the county in which the exposure which 1999 caused the disease occurred. Like appeal may be taken from an 2000 order of a staff hearing officer made under division (D) of 2001 section 4123.511 of the Revised Code from which the commission has 2002 refused to hear an appeal. The appellant shall file the notice of 2003 appeal with a court of common pleas within sixty days after the 2004 date of the receipt of the order appealed from or the date of 2005 receipt of the order of the commission refusing to hear an appeal 2006

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of a staff hearing officer's decision under division (D) of
section 4123.511 of the Revised Code. The filing of the notice of
the appeal with the court is the only act required to perfect the
appeal.

If an action has been commenced in a court of a county other than a court of a county having jurisdiction over the action, the court, upon notice by any party or upon its own motion, shall transfer the action to a court of a county having jurisdiction.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, if 2015 the commission determines under section 4123.522 of the Revised 2016 Code that an employee, employer, or their respective 2017 representatives have not received written notice of an order or 2018 decision which is appealable to a court under this section and 2019 which grants relief pursuant to section 4123.522 of the Revised 2020 Code, the party granted the relief has sixty days from receipt of 2021 the order under section 4123.522 of the Revised Code to file a 2022 notice of appeal under this section. 2023

(B) The notice of appeal shall state the names of the 2024 administrator of workers' compensation, the claimant, and the 2025 employer; the number of the claim; the date of the order appealed 2026 from; and the fact that the appellant appeals therefrom. 2027

The administrator, the claimant, and the employer shall be 2028 parties to the appeal and the court, upon the application of the 2029 commission, shall make the commission a party. The party filing 2030 the appeal shall serve a copy of the notice of appeal on the 2031 administrator at the central office of the bureau of workers' 2032 compensation in Columbus. The administrator shall notify the 2033 employer that if the employer fails to become an active party to 2034 the appeal, then the administrator may act on behalf of the 2035 employer and the results of the appeal could have an adverse 2036 effect upon the employer's premium rates or may result in a 2037 recovery from the employer if the employer is determined to be a 2038

## noncomplying employer under section 4123.75 of the Revised Code.

(C) The attorney general or one or more of the attorney 2040 general's assistants or special counsel designated by the attorney 2041 general shall represent the administrator and the commission. In 2042 the event the attorney general or the attorney general's 2043 designated assistants or special counsel are absent, the 2044 administrator or the commission shall select one or more of the 2045 attorneys in the employ of the administrator or the commission as 2046 the administrator's attorney or the commission's attorney in the 2047 appeal. Any attorney so employed shall continue the representation 2048 during the entire period of the appeal and in all hearings thereof 2049 except where the continued representation becomes impractical. 2050

(D) Upon receipt of notice of appeal, the clerk of courts 2051 shall provide notice to all parties who are appellees and to the 2052 commission.

The claimant shall, within thirty days after the filing of 2054 the notice of appeal, file a petition containing a statement of 2055 facts in ordinary and concise language showing a cause of action 2056 to participate or to continue to participate in the fund and 2057 setting forth the basis for the jurisdiction of the court over the 2058 action. Further pleadings shall be had in accordance with the 2059 Rules of Civil Procedure, provided that service of summons on such 2060 petition shall not be required and provided that the claimant may 2061 not dismiss the complaint without the employer's consent if the 2062 employer is the party that filed the notice of appeal to court 2063 pursuant to this section. The clerk of the court shall, upon 2064 receipt thereof, transmit by certified mail a copy thereof to each 2065 party named in the notice of appeal other than the claimant. Any 2066 party may file with the clerk prior to the trial of the action a 2067 deposition of any physician taken in accordance with the 2068 provisions of the Revised Code, which deposition may be read in 2069 2070 the trial of the action even though the physician is a resident of

or subject to service in the county in which the trial is had. The	2071
bureau of workers' compensation shall pay the cost of the	2072
stenographic deposition filed in court and of copies of the	2073
stenographic deposition for each party from the surplus fund and	2074
charge the costs thereof against the unsuccessful party if the	2075
claimant's right to participate or continue to participate is	2076
finally sustained or established in the appeal. In the event the	2077
deposition is taken and filed, the physician whose deposition is	2078
taken is not required to respond to any subpoena issued in the	2079
trial of the action. The court, or the jury under the instructions	2080
of the court, if a jury is demanded, shall determine the right of	2081
the claimant to participate or to continue to participate in the	2082
fund upon the evidence adduced at the hearing of the action.	2083

- (E) The court shall certify its decision to the commission 2084 and the certificate shall be entered in the records of the court. 2085 Appeals from the judgment are governed by the law applicable to 2086 the appeal of civil actions. 2087
- (F) The cost of any legal proceedings authorized by this 2088 section, including an attorney's fee to the claimant's attorney to 2089 be fixed by the trial judge, based upon the effort expended, in 2090 the event the claimant's right to participate or to continue to 2091 participate in the fund is established upon the final 2092 determination of an appeal, shall be taxed against the employer or 2093 the commission if the commission or the administrator rather than 2094 the employer contested the right of the claimant to participate in 2095 the fund. The attorney's fee shall not exceed forty-two hundred 2096 dollars. 2097
- (G) If the finding of the court or the verdict of the jury is 2098 in favor of the claimant's right to participate in the fund, the 2099 commission and the administrator shall thereafter proceed in the 2100 matter of the claim as if the judgment were the decision of the 2101 commission, subject to the power of modification provided by 2102

section 4123.52 of the Revised Code.

(H)(1) An appeal from an order issued under division (E) of 2104 section 4123.511 of the Revised Code or any action filed in court 2105 in a case in which an award of compensation or medical benefits 2106 has been made shall not stay the payment of compensation or 2107 medical benefits under the award, or payment for subsequent 2108 periods of total disability or medical benefits during the 2109 pendency of the appeal. If, in a final administrative or judicial 2110 action, it is determined that payments of compensation or 2111 benefits, or both, made to or on behalf of a claimant should not 2112 have been made, the amount thereof shall be charged to the surplus 2113 fund account under division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised 2114 Code. In the event the employer is a state risk, the amount shall 2115 not be charged to the employer's experience, and the administrator 2116 shall adjust the employer's account accordingly. In the event the 2117 employer is a self-insuring employer, the self-insuring employer 2118 shall deduct the amount from the paid compensation the 2119 self-insuring employer reports to the administrator under division 2120 (L) of section 4123.35 of the Revised Code. If an employer is a 2121 state risk and has paid an assessment for a violation of a 2122 specific safety requirement, and, in a final administrative or 2123 judicial action, it is determined that the employer did not 2124 violate the specific safety requirement, the administrator shall 2125 reimburse the employer from the surplus fund account under 2126 division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised Code for the amount 2127 of the assessment the employer paid for the violation. 2128

(2)(a) Notwithstanding a final determination that payments of 2129 benefits made to or on behalf of a claimant should not have been 2130 made, the administrator or self-insuring employer shall award 2131 payment of medical or vocational rehabilitation services submitted 2132 for payment after the date of the final determination if all of 2133 the following apply: 2134

(i) The services were approved and were rendered by the 2135 provider in good faith prior to the date of the final 2136 determination. 2137 (ii) The services were payable under division (I) of section 2138 4123.511 of the Revised Code prior to the date of the final 2139 determination. 2140 (iii) The request for payment is submitted within the time 2141 limit set forth in section 4123.52 of the Revised Code. 2142 (b) Payments made under division (H)(1) of this section shall 2143 be charged to the surplus fund account under division (B) of 2144 section 4123.34 of the Revised Code. If the employer of the 2145 employee who is the subject of a claim described in division 2146 (H)(2)(a) of this section is a state fund employer, the payments 2147 made under that division shall not be charged to the employer's 2148 experience. If that employer is a self-insuring employer, the 2149 self-insuring employer shall deduct the amount from the paid 2150 compensation the self-insuring employer reports to the 2151 administrator under division (L) of section 4123.35 of the Revised 2152 Code. 2153 (c) Division (H)(2) of this section shall apply only to a 2154 claim under this chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the 2155 Revised Code arising on or after July 29, 2011. 2156 (3) A self-insuring employer may elect to pay compensation 2157 and benefits under this section directly to an employee or an 2158 employee's dependents by filing an application with the bureau of 2159 workers' compensation not more than one hundred eighty days and 2160 not less than ninety days before the first day of the employer's 2161 next six-month coverage period. If the self-insuring employer 2162 timely files the application, the application is effective on the 2163 first day of the employer's next six-month coverage period, 2164

provided that the administrator shall compute the employer's

assessment for the surplus fund account due with respect to the	2166
period during which that application was filed without regard to	2167
the filing of the application. On and after the effective date of	2168
the employer's election, the self-insuring employer shall pay	2169
directly to an employee or to an employee's dependents	2170
compensation and benefits under this section regardless of the	2171
date of the injury or occupational disease, and the employer shall	2172
receive no money or credits from the surplus fund account on	2173
account of those payments and shall not be required to pay any	2174
amounts into the surplus fund account on account of this section.	2175
The election made under this division is irrevocable.	2176

(I) All actions and proceedings under this section which are 2177 the subject of an appeal to the court of common pleas or the court 2178 of appeals shall be preferred over all other civil actions except 2179 election causes, irrespective of position on the calendar. 2180

This section applies to all decisions of the commission or 2181 the administrator on November 2, 1959, and all claims filed 2182 thereafter are governed by sections 4123.511 and 4123.512 of the 2183 Revised Code.

Any action pending in common pleas court or any other court 2185 on January 1, 1986, under this section is governed by former 2186 sections 4123.514, 4123.515, 4123.516, and 4123.519 and section 2187 4123.522 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4123.56. (A) Except as provided in division (D) of this 2189 section, in the case of temporary disability, an employee shall 2190 receive sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the employee's 2191 average weekly wage so long as such disability is total, not to 2192 exceed a maximum amount of weekly compensation which is equal to 2193 the statewide average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of 2194 section 4123.62 of the Revised Code, and not less than a minimum 2195 amount of compensation which is equal to thirty-three and 2196

one-third per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as defined	2197
in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code unless the	2198
employee's wage is less than thirty-three and one-third per cent	2199
of the minimum statewide average weekly wage, in which event the	2200
employee shall receive compensation equal to the employee's full	2201
wages; provided that for the first twelve weeks of total	2202
disability the employee shall receive seventy-two per cent of the	2203
employee's full weekly wage, but not to exceed a maximum amount of	2204
weekly compensation which is equal to the lesser of the statewide	2205
average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62	2206
of the Revised Code or one hundred per cent of the employee's net	2207
take-home weekly wage. In the case of a self-insuring employer,	2208
payments shall be for a duration based upon the medical reports of	2209
the attending physician. If the employer disputes the attending	2210
physician's report, payments may be terminated only upon	2211
application and hearing by a district hearing officer pursuant to	2212
division (C) of section 4123.511 of the Revised Code. Payments	2213
shall continue pending the determination of the matter, however	2214
payment shall not be made for the period when any employee has	2215
returned to work, when an employee's treating physician has made a	2216
written statement that the employee is capable of returning to the	2217
employee's former position of employment, when work within the	2218
physical capabilities of the employee is made available by the	2219
employer or another employer, or when the employee has reached the	2220
maximum medical improvement. Where the employee is capable of work	2221
activity, but the employee's employer is unable to offer the	2222
employee any employment, the employee shall register with the	2223
director of job and family services, who shall assist the employee	2224
in finding suitable employment. The termination of temporary total	2225
disability, whether by order or otherwise, does not preclude the	2226
commencement of temporary total disability at another point in	2227
time if the employee again becomes temporarily totally disabled.	2228

After two hundred weeks of temporary total disability

benefits, the medical section of the bureau of workers'	2230
compensation shall schedule the claimant for an examination for an	2231
evaluation to determine whether or not the temporary disability	2232
has become permanent. A self-insuring employer shall notify the	2233
bureau immediately after payment of two hundred weeks of temporary	2234
total disability and request that the bureau schedule the claimant	2235
for such an examination.	2236

When the employee is awarded compensation for temporary total 2237 disability for a period for which the employee has received 2238 benefits under Chapter 4141. of the Revised Code, the bureau shall 2239 pay an amount equal to the amount received from the award to the 2240 director of job and family services and the director shall credit 2241 the amount to the accounts of the employers to whose accounts the 2242 payment of benefits was charged or is chargeable to the extent it 2243 was charged or is chargeable. 2244

If any compensation under this section has been paid for the 2245 same period or periods for which temporary nonoccupational 2246 accident and sickness insurance is or has been paid pursuant to an 2247 insurance policy or program to which the employer has made the 2248 entire contribution or payment for providing insurance or under a 2249 nonoccupational accident and sickness program fully funded by the 2250 employer, except as otherwise provided in this division 2251 compensation paid under this section for the period or periods 2252 shall be paid only to the extent by which the payment or payments 2253 exceeds the amount of the nonoccupational insurance or program 2254 paid or payable. Offset of the compensation shall be made only 2255 upon the prior order of the bureau or industrial commission or 2256 agreement of the claimant. <u>If an employer provides supplemental</u> 2257 sick leave benefits in addition to temporary total disability 2258 compensation paid under this section, and if the employer and an 2259 employee agree in writing to the payment of the supplemental sick 2260 leave benefits, temporary total disability benefits may be paid 2261

2262

without	an	offset	for	those	supp.	Lement	al	sick	leave	benefits.

As used in this division, "net take-home weekly wage" means 2263 the amount obtained by dividing an employee's total remuneration, 2264 as defined in section 4141.01 of the Revised Code, paid to or 2265 earned by the employee during the first four of the last five 2266 completed calendar quarters which immediately precede the first 2267 day of the employee's entitlement to benefits under this division, 2268 by the number of weeks during which the employee was paid or 2269 earned remuneration during those four quarters, less the amount of 2270 local, state, and federal income taxes deducted for each such 2271 week. 2272

- (B)(1) If an employee in a claim allowed under this chapter 2273 suffers a wage loss as a result of returning to employment other 2274 than the employee's former position of employment due to an injury 2275 or occupational disease, the employee shall receive compensation 2276 at sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the difference between the 2277 employee's average weekly wage and the employee's present earnings 2278 not to exceed the statewide average weekly wage. The payments may 2279 continue for up to a maximum of two hundred weeks, but the 2280 payments shall be reduced by the corresponding number of weeks in 2281 which the employee receives payments pursuant to division 2282 (B)(A)(2) of section 4121.67 Of the Revised Code. 2283
- (2) If an employee in a claim allowed under this chapter 2284 suffers a wage loss as a result of being unable to find employment 2285 consistent with the employee's disability resulting from the 2286 employee's injury or occupational disease, the employee shall 2287 receive compensation at sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the 2288 difference between the employee's average weekly wage and the 2289 employee's present earnings, not to exceed the statewide average 2290 weekly wage. The payments may continue for up to a maximum of 2291 fifty-two weeks. The first twenty-six weeks of payments under 2292 division (B)(2) of this section shall be in addition to the 2293

maximum of two hundred weeks of payments allowed under division	2294
(B)(1) of this section. If an employee in a claim allowed under	2295
this chapter receives compensation under division (B)(2) of this	2296
section in excess of twenty-six weeks, the number of weeks of	2297
compensation allowable under division (B)(1) of this section shall	2298
be reduced by the corresponding number of weeks in excess of	2299
twenty-six, and up to fifty-two, that is allowable under division	2300
(B)(1) of this section.	2301

- (3) The number of weeks of wage loss payable to an employee 2302 under divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section shall not exceed 2303 two hundred and twenty-six weeks in the aggregate. 2304
- (C) In the event an employee of a professional sports 2305 franchise domiciled in this state is disabled as the result of an 2306 injury or occupational disease, the total amount of payments made 2307 under a contract of hire or collective bargaining agreement to the 2308 employee during a period of disability is deemed an advanced 2309 payment of compensation payable under sections 4123.56 to 4123.58 2310 of the Revised Code. The employer shall be reimbursed the total 2311 amount of the advanced payments out of any award of compensation 2312 made pursuant to sections 4123.56 to 4123.58 of the Revised Code. 2313
- (D) If an employee receives temporary total disability 2314 benefits pursuant to division (A) of this section and social 2315 security retirement benefits pursuant to the "Social Security 2316 Act," the weekly benefit amount under division (A) of this section 2317 shall not exceed sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the 2318 statewide average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of 2319 section 4123.62 of the Revised Code.
- Sec. 4123.59. In case an injury to or an occupational disease
  contracted by an employee causes his the employee's death,
  benefits shall be in the amount and to the persons following:
  2323
  - (A) If there are no dependents, the disbursements from the 2324

state insurance fund is limited to the expenses provided for in 2325 section 4123.66 of the Revised Code. 2326

- (B) If there are wholly dependent persons at the time of the 2327 death, the weekly payment is sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of 2328 the average weekly wage, but not to exceed a maximum aggregate 2329 amount of weekly compensation which is equal to sixty-six and 2330 two-thirds per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as 2331 defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code, 2332 and not in any event less than a minimum amount of weekly 2333 compensation which is equal to fifty per cent of the statewide 2334 average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 2335 of the Revised Code, regardless of the average weekly wage; 2336 provided however, that if the death is due to injury received or 2337 occupational disease first diagnosed after January 1, 1976, the 2338 weekly payment is sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the average 2339 weekly wage but not to exceed a maximum aggregate amount of weekly 2340 compensation which is equal to the statewide average weekly wage 2341 as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code; 2342 provided that when any claimant is receiving total disability 2343 compensation at the time of death the wholly dependent person is 2344 eligible for the maximum compensation provided for in this 2345 section. Where there is more than one person who is wholly 2346 dependent at the time of the death of the employee, the 2347 administrator of workers' compensation shall promptly apportion 2348 the weekly amount of compensation payable under this section among 2349 the dependent persons as provided in division (D) of this section. 2350
- (1) The payment as provided in this section shall continue 2351 from the date of death of an injured or disabled employee until 2352 the death or remarriage of such dependent spouse. If the dependent 2353 spouse remarries, an amount equal to two years of compensation 2354 benefits at the weekly amount determined to be applicable to and 2355 being paid to the dependent spouse shall be paid in a lump sum to 2356

and shall continue for such time as the administrator in each case

determines.

2386

2387

- (D) The following persons are presumed to be wholly dependent 2388 for their support upon a deceased employee: 2389
- (1) A surviving spouse who was living with the employee at 2390 the time of death or a surviving spouse who was separated from the 2391 employee at the time of death because of the aggression of the 2392 employee;
- (2) A child under the age of eighteen years, or twenty-five 2394 years if pursuing a full-time educational program while enrolled 2395 in an accredited educational institution and program, or over said 2396 age if physically or mentally incapacitated from earning, upon 2397 only the one parent who is contributing more than one-half of the 2398 support for such child and with whom he the child is living at the 2399 time of the death of such parent, or for whose maintenance such 2400 parent was legally liable at the time of his the parent's death. 2401

It is presumed that there is sufficient dependency to entitle 2402 a surviving natural parent or surviving natural parents, share and 2403 share alike, with whom the decedent was living at the time of his 2404 the decedent's death, to a total minimum award of three thousand 2405 dollars.

The administrator may take into consideration any 2407 circumstances which, at the time of the death of the decedent, 2408 clearly indicate prospective dependency on the part of the 2409 claimant and potential support on the part of the decedent. No 2410 person shall be considered a prospective dependent unless such 2411 person is a member of the family of the deceased employee and 2412 bears to him the deceased employee the relation of surviving 2413 spouse, lineal descendant, ancestor, or brother or sister. The 2414 total award for any or all prospective dependency to all such 2415 claimants, except to a natural parent or natural parents of the 2416 deceased, shall not exceed three thousand dollars to be 2417 apportioned among them as the administrator orders. 2418

In all other cases, the question of dependency, in whole or	2419
in part, shall be determined in accordance with the facts in each	2420
particular case existing at the time of the injury resulting in	2421
the death of such employee, but no person shall be considered as	2422
dependent unless such person is a member of the family of the	2423
deceased employee, or bears to him the deceased employee the	2424
relation of surviving spouse, lineal descendant, ancestor, or	2425
brother or sister.	2426
(E) An order issued by the administrator under this section	2427
is appealable pursuant to sections 4123.511 to 4123.512 of the	2428
Revised Code.	2429
Sec. 5162.80. (A) A provider of medical services licensed,	2430
accredited, or certified under Chapter 3721., 3727., 4715., 4725.,	2431
4731., 4732., 4734., 4747., 4753., 4755., 4757., or 4779. of the	2432
Revised Code shall provide in writing, before products, services,	2433
or procedures are provided, a reasonable, good-faith estimate of	2434
all of the following for the provider's non-emergency products,	2435
services, or procedures:	2436
(1) The amount the provider will charge the patient or the	2437
consumer's health plan issuer for the product, service, or	2438
procedure;	2439
(2) The amount the health plan issuer intends to pay for the	2440
<pre>product, service, or procedure;</pre>	2441
(3) The difference, if any, that the consumer or other party	2442
responsible for the consumer's care would be required to pay to	2443
the provider for the product, service, or procedure.	2444
(B) Any health plan issuer contacted by a provider described	2445
in division (A) of this section in order for the provider to	2446
obtain information so that the provider can comply with division	2447
(A) of this section shall provide such information to the provider	2448

within a reasonable time of the provider's request.	2449
(C) As used in this section, "health plan issuer" means an	2450
entity subject to the insurance laws and rules of this state, or	2451
subject to the jurisdiction of the superintendent of insurance,	2452
that contracts, or offers to contract, to provide, deliver,	2453
arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs of health care	2454
services under a health benefit plan, including a sickness and	2455
accident insurance company and a health insuring corporation.	2456
"Health plan issuer" also includes a managed care organization	2457
under contract with the department of medicaid and, if the	2458
services are to be provided on a fee-for-service basis, the	2459
Medicaid program.	2460
(D) The medicaid director shall adopt rules, in accordance	2461
with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, to carry out this section.	2462
Section 2. That existing sections 119.12, 4121.129, 4121.37,	2463
4121.61, 4121.65, 4121.66, 4121.67, 4121.68, 4123.01, 4123.291,	2464
4123.34, 4123.343, 4123.35, 4123.351, 4123.411, 4123.419,	2465
4123.512, 4123.56, and 4123.59 and section 4121.48 of the Revised	2466
Code are hereby repealed.	2467
Section 3. All items in this section are hereby appropriated	2468
out of any moneys in the state treasury to the credit of the	2469
designated fund. For all appropriations made in this act, those in	2470
the first column are for fiscal year 2016, and those in the second	2471
column are for fiscal year 2017.	2472
FND AI AI TITLE Appropriations	2473
BWC BUREAU OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION	2474
Dedicated Purpose Fund Group	2475
7023 855407 Claims, Risk and \$ 110,445,000 \$ 110,445,000	2476
Medical Management	
7023 855408 Fraud Prevention \$ 11,909,400 \$ 11,909,400	2477

Am. Sub. H. B. No. 52 As Reconsidered and Passed by the Senate						
7023 855409	Administrative	\$	110,360,919	\$	110,360,919	2478
	Services					
7023 855410	Attorney General	\$	4,621,850	\$	4,621,850	2479
	Payments					
8220 855606	Coal Workers' Fund	\$	147,666	\$	147,666	2480
8230 855608	Marine Industry	\$	55,000	\$	55,000	2481
8250 855605	Disabled Workers	\$	170,000	\$	170,000	2482
	Relief Fund					
8260 855609	Safety and Hygiene	\$	21,661,132	\$	21,661,132	2483
	Operating					
8260 855610	Safety Grants	\$	15,000,000	\$	15,000,000	2484
TOTAL DPF Dec	dicated Purpose Fund	\$	274,370,967	\$	274,370,967	2485
Group						
Federal Fund	Group					2486
3490 855601	OSHA Enforcement	\$	1,731,000	\$	1,731,000	2487
3FW0 855614	BLS SOII Grant	\$	141,000	\$	141,000	2488
TOTAL FED Fed	deral Fund Group	\$	1,872,000	\$	1,872,000	2489
TOTAL ALL BUI	OGET FUND GROUPS	\$	276,242,967	\$	276,242,967	2490
WORKERS	' COMPENSATION FRAUD UI	NIT				2491
Of the	foregoing appropriation	n ite	em 855410, Att	cori	ney General	2492
Payments, \$8	28,200 in each fiscal	year	shall be used	d to	o fund the	2493
expenses of	the Workers' Compensat:	ion E	raud Unit wit	hii	n the	2494
Attorney Gen	eral's Office. These pa	aymer	nts shall be p	pro	cessed at	2495
the beginning	g of each quarter of ea	ach f	fiscal year ar	nd o	deposited	2496
into the Worl	kers' Compensation Sec	tion	Fund (Fund 19	950	) used by	2497
the Attorney	General.					2498
SAFETY AND HYGIENE						
Notwithstanding section 4121.37 of the Revised Code, the						
Treasurer of State shall transfer \$21,661,132 cash in fiscal year						
2016 and \$21,661,132 cash in fiscal year 2017 from the State						
Insurance Fund to the Safety and Hygiene Fund (Fund 8260).						

OSHA ON-SITE CONSULTATION PROGRAM	2504
A portion of the foregoing appropriation item 855609, Safety	2505
and Hygiene Operating, may be used to provide the state match for	2506
federal funding of the Occupational Safety and Health	2507
Administration's On-site Consultation Program operated by the	2508
Division of Safety and Hygiene.	2509
VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION	2510
The Bureau of Workers' Compensation and the Opportunities for	2511
Ohioans with Disabilities Agency shall enter into an interagency	2512
agreement for the provision of vocational rehabilitation services	2513
and staff to mutually eligible clients. The Bureau may provide not	2514
more than \$605,407 in fiscal year 2016 and \$605,407 in fiscal year	2515
2017 from the State Insurance Fund to fund vocational	2516
rehabilitation services and staff in accordance with the	2517
interagency agreement.	2518
Section 4. DEPUTY INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR BWC AND OIC FUNDING	2519

To pay for the FY 2016 costs related to the Deputy Inspector 2520

General for the Bureau of Workers' Compensation and Industrial 2521
Commission, on July 1, 2015, and January 1, 2016, or as soon as 2522
possible thereafter, the Director of Budget and Management shall 2523
transfer \$212,500 in cash from the Workers' Compensation Fund 2524
(Fund 7023) to the Deputy Inspector General for the Bureau of 2525
Workers' Compensation and Industrial Commission Fund (Fund 5FT0). 2526

To pay for the FY 2017 costs related to the Deputy Inspector 2527

General for the Bureau of Workers' Compensation and Industrial 2528

Commission, on July 1, 2016, and January 1, 2017, or as soon as 2529

possible thereafter, the Director of Budget and Management shall 2530

transfer \$212,500 in cash from the Workers' Compensation Fund 2531

(Fund 7023) to the Deputy Inspector General for the Bureau of 2532

Workers' Compensation and Industrial Commission Fund (Fund 5FT0). 2533

2562

If additional amounts are needed, the Inspector General may	2534
seek Controlling Board approval for additional transfers of cash	2535
and to increase the amount appropriated in appropriation item	2536
965604, Deputy Inspector General for the Bureau of Workers'	2537
Compensation and Industrial Commission.	2538
Section 5. Law contained in the Main Operating Appropriations	2539
Act of the 131st General Assembly that applies generally to the	2540
appropriations made in that act also applies generally to the	2541
appropriations made in this act.	2542
Section 6. The Administrator of Workers' Compensation shall	2543
study the operations of the Bureau of Workers' Compensation and	2544
create a report detailing how the aggregate appropriations in	2545
fiscal years 2016 and 2017 contained in Section 3 of this act may	2546
be reduced by five per cent. The Administrator shall submit the	2547
report to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the	2548
President of the Senate not later than ninety days after the	2549
effective date of this section.	2550
Section 7. HEALTH SERVICES PROVIDERS COST ESTIMATES	2551
(A) There is hereby established under the Office of Health	2552
Transformation the Health Services Price Disclosure Study	2553
Committee. The Committee shall study the impact and feasibility of	2554
carrying out the requirement prescribed in section 5162.80 of the	2555
Revised Code. The Committee shall consist of interested parties	2556
and legislators.	2557
(B) Not later than December 31, 2015, the Health Services	2558
Price Disclosure Study Committee shall make a report of its	2559
findings and shall deliver that report to the Governor, the	2560
President and Minority Leader of the Senate, and the Speaker and	2561

Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.

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(C) The Health Services Price Disclosure Study Committee 2563 shall also provide recommendations on how health plan issuers can 2564 provide comparison prices from the providers described in division 2565 (A) of section 5162.80 of the Revised Code to their own enrollees 2566 for comparison purposes. The Committee shall also provide 2567 recommendations on required cost information disclosure for health 2568 plans offered through the health care exchange for consumer 2569 comparison purposes. These recommendations shall be submitted in a 2570 separate report and the Committee shall deliver a copy of the 2571 report to the Governor, the President and Minority Leader of the 2572 Senate, and Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of 2573 Representatives. 2574 (D) Not later than July 1, 2016, the Medicaid Director shall 2575 adopt rules, in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, 2576 related to the implementation of section 5162.80 of the Revised 2577 Code. These rules shall be based on the recommendations of the 2578 Health Services Price Disclosure Study Committee. These rules 2579 shall address both of the following: 2580 (1) How a cost estimate is to be provided to a consumer; 2581 (2) The definition of "emergency products, services, or 2582 procedures." 2583 Section 8. The provisions of law contained in this act, and 2584 their applications, are severable. If any provision of law 2585 contained in this act, or if any application of any provision of 2586 law contained in this act, is held invalid, the invalidity does 2587 not affect other provisions of law contained in this act and their 2588 applications that can be given effect without the invalid 2589 2590 provision or application.

Section 9. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this

act, the amendment, enactment, or repeal by this act of a section

Am. Sub. H. B. No. 52 As Reconsidered and Passed by the Senate	Page 85
of law is exempt from the referendum under Ohio Constitution,	2593
Article II, Section 1d and section 1.471 of the Revised Code and	2594
therefore takes effect immediately when this act becomes law.	2595
Section 10. The amendment, enactment, or repeal by this act	2596
of the divisions and sections of law listed below are subject to	2597
the referendum under Ohio Constitution, Article II, Section 1c and	2598
therefore take effect on the ninety-first day after this act is	2599
filed with the Secretary of State or, if a later effective date is	2600
specified below, on that date:	2601
All Revised Code sections in Section 1 of this act;	2602
Section 6 of this act.	2603
Section 11. Section 5162.80 of the Revised Code, as enacted	2604
by this act, shall take effect January 1, 2017.	2605