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131st General Assembly

Regular Session 2015-2016

S. B. No. 181

Senators Obhof, Schiavoni

Cosponsors: Senators Bacon, Eklund, Seitz, LaRose, Beagle, Brown, Burke, Coley, Hughes, Jones, Lehner, Manning, Oelslager, Patton, Sawyer, Tavares, Thomas, Yuko Representatives Amstutz, Anielski, Antani, Baker, Blessing, Boccieri, Burkley, Butler, Celebrezze, Dever, Dovilla, Duffey, Green, Hagan, Hall, Hambley, Kunze, Manning, McColley, Perales, Rezabek, Rogers, Romanchuk, Scherer, Sheehy, Sprague, Thompson, Young

A BILL

То	amend sections 1701.56, 1701.64, 1705.081,	1
	1705.161, 1705.281, 1705.30, and 1705.48 and to	2
	enact sections 1701.641, 1705.031, 1705.291, and	3
	1705.292 of the Revised Code to prescribe the	4
	fiduciary duties of corporate and limited	5
	liability company officers, to specify that	6
	officers are not required for limited liability	7
	companies, to permit a written waiver or	8
	elimination of the fiduciary duties of limited	9
	liability company members, managers, or	10
	officers, to clarify when a limited liability	11
	company manager's or officer's duties can be the	12
	same as a member's duties, to declare the policy	13
	of the Limited Liability Company Law generally	14
	to give maximum effect to freedom of contract,	15
	and to make other changes regarding corporations	16
	and limited liability companies.	17

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

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Section 1. That sections 1701.56, 1701.64, 1705.081,	18
1705.161, 1705.281, 1705.30, and 1705.48 be amended and sections	19
1701.641, 1705.031, 1705.291, and 1705.292 of the Revised Code	20
be enacted to read as follows:	21
Sec. 1701.56. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of	22
this section and section 1701.911 of the Revised Code:	23
	0.4
(1) The number of directors may be fixed by the articles	24
or the regulations, but the number so fixed shall not be less	25
than one.	26
(2) Unless the articles or the regulations fix the number	27
of directors or provide the manner in which such number may be	28
fixed or changed by the shareholders, the number may be fixed or	29
changed to a number not less than one at a meeting of the	30
shareholders called for the purpose of electing directors at	31
which a quorum is present, by the affirmative vote of the	32
holders of a majority of the shares which are represented at the	33
meeting and entitled to vote on the proposal. In addition to the	34
authority of the shareholders to fix or change the number of	35
directors and the manner in which such number may be fixed or	36
changed, the articles or the regulations may authorize the	37
directors to change the number of directors, may specify the	38
manner in which the directors are to change the number of	39
directors and limitations upon the directors directors use of	40
this authority, and may authorize the directors who are in	41
office to fill any director's office that is created by an	42
increase in the number of directors. No reduction in the number	43
of directors shall of itself have the effect of shortening the	44
term of any incumbent director.	45

(3) The directors shall be natural persons of at least

eighteen years of age and shall have such qualifications, if

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any, as are stated in the articles or the regulations.	48
(4) The directors may elect a chairperson of the board who	49
shall be a director. Unless otherwise provided in the articles	50
or regulations or in a resolution of the directors, the	51
chairperson of the board is not an officer of the corporation.	52
(B) The court of common pleas of the county in which a	53
corporation maintains its principal office may, pursuant to	54
division (A) of section 1701.911 of the Revised Code, order the	55
appointment of a provisional director for the corporation	56
without regard to the number or qualifications of directors	57
stated in the articles or regulations of the corporation.	58
Sec. 1701.64. (A) The officers of a corporation shall	59
consist of a president, a secretary, a treasurer, and, if	60
desired, a chairman of the board, one or more vice-presidents,	61
and such other officers and assistant officers as may be deemed	62
necessary. The officers shall be elected by the directors. $\overline{\mbox{The}}$	63
chairman of the board shall be a director. Unless the articles	64
or the regulations otherwise provide, none None of the other	65
officers need be a director unless the articles or the	66
regulations otherwise provide or the directors determine that	67
there is to be a chairperson of the board who is to be an	68
officer. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person,	69
but no officer shall execute, acknowledge, or verify any	70
instrument in more than one capacity if such instrument is	71
required by law or by the articles, the regulations, or the	72
bylaws to be executed, acknowledged, or verified by two or more	73
officers. Unless the articles or the regulations otherwise	74
provide, all officers shall be elected annually.	75
(B) Unless the articles or the regulations otherwise	76

provide, and subject to the exceptions, applicable during an

(1) One or more directors, officers, or employees of the

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corporation who the officer reasonably believes are reliable and	107
competent in the matters prepared or presented;	108
(2) Counsel, public accountants, or other persons as to	109
matters that the officer reasonably believes are within the	110
person's professional or expert competence.	111
(C) For purposes of this section, both of the following	112
apply:	113
(1) In any action brought against an officer, the officer	114
shall not be found to have violated the officer's duties under	115
division (B) of this section unless it is proved by clear and	116
convincing evidence that the officer has not acted in good	117
faith, in a manner the officer reasonably believes to be in or	118
not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, or with	119
the care that an ordinarily prudent person in a like position	120
would use under similar circumstances.	121
(2) An officer shall not be considered to be acting in	122
good faith if the officer has knowledge concerning the matter in	123
question that would cause reliance on information, opinions,	124
reports, or statements that are prepared or presented by any of	125
the persons described in division (B)(1) or (2) of this section	126
to be unwarranted.	127
(D) An officer shall be liable in damages for a violation	128
of the officer's duties under division (B) of this section only	129
if it is proved by clear and convincing evidence in a court of	130
competent jurisdiction that the officer's action or failure to	131
act involved an act or omission undertaken with deliberate	132
intent to cause injury to the corporation or undertaken with	133
reckless disregard for the best interests of the corporation.	134
This division does not apply if, and only to the extent that, at	135

the time of an officer's act or omission that is the subject of	136
the complaint, either of the following is true:	137
(1) The articles or the regulations of the corporation	138
state by specific reference to division (D) of this section that	139
the provisions of this division do not apply to the corporation.	140
(2) A written agreement between the officer and the	141
corporation states by specific reference to division (D) of this	142
section that the provisions of this division do not apply to the	143
officer.	144
(E) Nothing in this section affects the duties of an	145
officer who acts in any capacity other than the officer's	146
capacity as an officer. Nothing in this section affects any	147
contractual obligations of an officer to the corporation.	148
Sec. 1705.031. The provisions of sections 1705.01 to	149
1705.52 and section 1705.61 of the Revised Code apply to all	150
limited liability companies formed under this chapter whether	151
the limited liability company has one or more members or whether	152
it is formed by a filing under section 1705.04 of the Revised	153
Code or by merger, consolidation, or conversion.	154
Sec. 1705.081. (A) Except as otherwise provided in	155
division divisions (B) and (C) of this section, an operating	156
agreement governs relations among members and between members,	157
any managers, and the limited liability company. A limited	158
liability company is bound by the operating agreement of its	159
member or members whether or not the limited liability company	160
executes the operating agreement. To the extent the operating	161
agreement does not otherwise provide, this chapter governs	162
relations among the members and between the members, any	163
managers, and the limited liability company.	164

(B) The Except as otherwise provided in division (C) of	165
this section, the operating agreement may not do any of the	166
following:	167
(1) Vary the rights and duties under section 1705.04 of	168
the Revised Code;	169
(2) Unreasonably restrict the right of access to books and	170
records under section 1705.22 of the Revised Code;	171
(3) Eliminate the duty of loyalty under division $\frac{(C)-(B)}{(C)}$	172
of section 1705.161 of the Revised Code or division (B) of	173
section 1705.281 of the Revised Code, but the operating	174
agreement may identify activities that do not violate the duty	175
of loyalty, and all of the members or a number or percentage of	176
members specified in the operating agreement may authorize or	177
ratify, after full disclosure of all material facts, a specific	178
act or transaction that otherwise would violate the duty of	179
loyalty;	180
(4) Eliminate the duty of care under division $\frac{(C)}{(B)}$ of	181
section 1705.161 of the Revised Code or division (C) of section	182
1705.281 of the Revised Code, but the operating agreement may	183
prescribe the standards by which the duty is to be measured;	184
(5) Eliminate the obligation of good faith and fair	185
dealing under division (D) of section 1705.281 of the Revised	186
Code, but the operating agreement may prescribe the standards by	187
which the performance of the obligation is to be measured;	188
which the performance of the obligation is to be measured,	100
(6) Eliminate the duties of a manager under division (B)	189
of section 1705.29 of the Revised Code, but the <u>articles or the</u>	190
operating agreement may provide that a manager who is a member	191
of the limited liability company or who is serving as the	192
representative of a member owes to the limited liability company	193

and the other members only the duties that would be owed by the	194
member or may prescribe in writing the standards by which	195
performance is to be measured or identify activities that do not	196
violate the manager's duties;	197
(7) Eliminate the duties of an officer under section	198
1705.292 of the Revised Code, but the articles or the operating	199
agreement may provide that an officer who is a member of the	200
limited liability company or who is serving as the	201
representative of a member owes to the limited liability company	202
and the other members only the duties that would be owed by the	203
member or may prescribe in writing the standards by which	204
performance is to be measured or specify activities that do not	205
<pre>violate the officer's duties;</pre>	206
(8) Vary the requirement to wind up the limited liability	207
company's business in cases specified in division (A) or (B) of	208
section 1705.47 of the Revised Code;	209
$\frac{(8)-(9)}{(9)}$ Restrict the rights of third parties under this	210
chapter.	211
(C) A written agreement, including a written operating	212
agreement, that modifies, waives, or eliminates the duty of	213
loyalty, the duty of care, or both for one or more members,	214
managers, or officers shall be given effect.	215
(D) It is the policy of this chapter, subject to the	216
limitations of divisions (B) and (C) of this section, to give	217
maximum effect to the principle of freedom of contract and to	218
the enforceability of operating agreements. Except as provided	219
in divisions (B) and (C) of this section, the default rules	220
relating to the rights and obligations between and among the	221
mombors managers and efficers of a limited liability company	222

set forth in sections 1705.01 to 1705.52 and section 1705.61 of	223
the Revised Code may be modified by the operating agreement or	224
by the articles of organization.	225
Sec. 1705.161. (A) Upon a member's withdrawal from a	226
limited liability company, the member's right to participate in	227
the management and conduct of the limited liability company's	228
business terminates.	229
(B) Upon a member's withdrawal, the member's duty of	230
loyalty under division (B) (3) of section 1705.281 of the Revised	231
Code terminates.	232
(C)—Upon a member's withdrawal, a member's duty of loyalty	233
under $\frac{\text{divisions}}{\text{division}}$ (B) $\frac{\text{(1)}}{\text{and}}$ of section 1705.281 of	234
the Revised Code and duty of care under division (C) of section	235
1705.281 of the Revised Code continue only with regard to	236
matters arising and events occurring before the member's	237
withdrawal.	238
Sec. 1705.281. (A) The only fiduciary duties a member owes	239
to a limited liability company and the other members are the	240
duty of loyalty and the duty of care set forth in divisions (B)	241
and (C) of this section.	242
(B) A member's duty of loyalty to the limited liability	243
company and the other members is limited to the following:	244
(1) To account to the limited liability company and hold	245
as trustee for the limited liability company any property,	246
profit, or benefit derived by the member in the conduct and	247
winding up of the limited liability company's business or	248
derived from a use by the member of the limited liability	249
company's property, including the appropriation of a limited	250
liability company opportunity;	251

(2) $\overline{\text{To}}$ Either to satisfy the requirements of division (A)	252
(1)(a), (b), or (c) of section 1705.31 of the Revised Code or	253
else to refrain from dealing with the limited liability company	254
in the conduct or winding up of the limited liability company's	255
business as or on behalf of a party having an interest adverse	256
to the limited liability company;	257
(3) To refrain from competing with the limited liability	258
company in the conduct of the limited liability company's	259
business before the dissolution of the limited liability	260
company.	261
(C) A member's duty of care to the limited liability	262
company in the conduct and winding up of the limited liability	263
company's business is limited to refraining from engaging in	264
grossly negligent or reckless conduct, intentional misconduct,	265
or a knowing violation of law.	266
(D) A member shall discharge duties to the limited	267
liability company and the other members pursuant to this chapter	268
or under the operating agreement and shall exercise any rights	269
consistent with the obligation of good faith and fair dealing.	270
(E) A member does not violate a duty or obligation under	271
this chapter or under the operating agreement merely because the	272
member's conduct furthers the member's own interest.	273
(F) A If a member may lend money to and transact other	274
business with the limited liability company and as to each loan-	275
has satisfied the requirements of division (A)(1)(a), (b), or	276
(c) of section 1705.31 of the Revised Code with respect to a	277
$\underline{\text{contract, action,}}$ or transaction, the rights and obligations of	278
the member with respect to that contract, action, or transaction	279
are the same as those of a person who is not a member, subject	280

to other applicable law.	281
(G) This section applies to a person winding up the	282
limited liability company's business as the personal or legal	283
representative of the last surviving member as if the person	284
were a member.	285
Sec. 1705.291. A limited liability company may have	286
officers. No officers are required for a limited liability	287
company.	288
Sec. 1705.292. (A) Unless either a written operating	289
agreement for the limited liability company or a written	290
agreement with an officer establishes additional fiduciary	291
duties or the duties of an officer have been modified, waived,	292
or eliminated as contemplated by section 1705.081 of the Revised	293
Code, the only fiduciary duties of an officer to the limited	294
liability company or its members are the following:	295
(1) If the individual is a member of the limited liability	296
company or serving as the representative of a member and the	297
individual is not a manager of the limited liability company,	298
then the individual owes the duties that would be owed by a	299
member.	300
(2) If the individual is a member of the limited liability	301
company or serving as the representative of a member and the	302
individual is a manager of the limited liability company and in	303
that capacity owes the duties that would be owed by a member,	304
then the individual owes the duties that would be owed by a	305
member.	306
(3) If divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section do not	307
apply, the individual owes to the limited liability company the	308
duties of an officer set forth in division (B) of this section.	309

(B) An officer of a limited liability company shall	310
perform the officer's duties in good faith, in a manner the	311
officer reasonably believes to be in or not opposed to the best	312
interests of the limited liability company, and with the care	313
that an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would use	314
under similar circumstances.	315
(C) For purposes of division (B) of this section, both of	316
the following apply:	317
(1) An officer of a limited liability company shall not be	318
found to have violated the officer's duties under this section	319
unless it is proved by clear and convincing evidence in any	320
action brought against the officer that the officer has not	321
acted in good faith, in a manner the officer reasonably believes	322
to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the limited	323
liability company, or with the care that an ordinarily prudent	324
person in a like position would use under similar circumstances.	325
(2) An officer shall not be considered to be acting in	326
good faith if the officer has knowledge concerning the matter in	327
question that would cause reliance on information, opinions,	328
reports, or statements that are prepared or presented by any of	329
the persons described in section 1705.30 of the Revised Code to	330
be unwarranted.	331
(D) An officer shall be liable in damages for a violation	332
of the officer's duties under division (B) of this section only	333
if it is proved by clear and convincing evidence in a court of	334
competent jurisdiction that the officer's action or failure to	335
act involved an act or omission undertaken with deliberate	336
intent to cause injury to the limited liability company or	337
undertaken with reckless disregard for the best interests of the	338
company. This division does not apply if, and only to the extent	339

that, at the time of an officer's act or omission that is the	340
subject of complaint, either of the following is true:	341
(1) The articles or the operating agreement of the limited	342
liability company state by specific reference to division (D) of	343
this section that the provisions of this division do not apply	344
to the limited liability company.	345
(2) A written agreement between the officer and the	346
limited liability company states by specific reference to	347
division (D) of this section that the provisions of this	348
division do not apply to the officer.	349
(E) Nothing in this section affects the duties of an	350
officer who acts in any capacity other than the officer's	351
capacity as an officer. Nothing in this section affects any	352
contractual obligations of an officer to the limited liability	353
<pre>company.</pre>	354
Sec. 1705.30. In performing his the duties to or	355
exercising <u>his the</u> authority <u>on behalf of a limited liability</u>	356
<pre>company, a member or manager or officer of a limited</pre>	357
liability company is entitled to rely on information, opinions,	358
reports, or statements, including, but not limited to, financial	359
statements and other financial data, that are prepared or	360
presented by any of the following persons :	361
(A) One or more members, managers, officers, or employees	362
of the company who the member or manager_ <u> or officer</u>	363
reasonably believes are reliable and competent in the matters	364
prepared or presented;	365
(B) Counsel, public accountants, or other persons as to	366
matters that the member or manager or officer reasonably	367
believes are within the person's professional or expert	368

competence.	369
Sec. 1705.48. Except as otherwise provided by this chapter	370
or any other provision of the Revised Code, including, but not	371
limited to, sections 3734.908, 5739.33, 5743.57, 5747.07, and	372
5753.02 of the Revised Code, all of the following apply:	373
(A) The debts, obligations, and liabilities of a limited	374
liability company, whether arising in contract, tort, or	375
otherwise, are solely the debts, obligations, and liabilities of	376
the limited liability company.	377
(B) Neither the members of the limited liability company	378
nor any managers No member, manager, or officer of the a limited	379
liability company <u>are is personally liable</u> to satisfy any	380
judgment, decree, or order of a court for, or are is personally	381
liable to satisfy in any other manner, a debt, obligation, or	382
liability of the company solely by reason of being a member or	383
manager, or officer of the limited liability company.	384
(C) The failure of a limited liability company or any of	385
its members, managers, or officers to observe any formalities	386
relating to the exercise of the limited liability company's	387
powers or the management of its activities is not a factor to	388
consider in, or a ground for, imposing liability on the members,	389
managers, or officers for the debts, obligations, or other	390
<u>liabilities of the company.</u>	391
(D) Nothing in this chapter affects any personal liability	392
of <u>a any</u> member of a limited liability company or , any manager,	393
or any officer of a limited liability company for the member's	394
or manager's or officer's own actions or omissions.	395
(D) (E) This chapter does not affect any statutory or	396
common law of this or another state that pertains to the	397

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relationship between an individual who renders a professional	398
service and a recipient of that service, including, but not	399
limited to, any contract or tort liability arising out of acts	400
or omissions committed or omitted during the course of rendering	401
the professional service.	402
Section 2. That existing sections 1701.56, 1701.64,	403
1705.081, 1705.161, 1705.281, 1705.30, and 1705.48 of the	404
Revised Code are hereby repealed.	405