As Passed by the House

131st General Assembly

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Senator Bacon

Cosponsors: Senators Coley, Eklund, Faber, Hughes, Jones, Obhof, Patton, Seitz Representatives Anielski, Hambley, Sweeney

A BILL

Τc	amend sections 9.02, 109.08, 109.081, 109.43,	1
	109.521, 109.57, 109.572, 109.578, 109.60,	2
	1331.01, 1331.04, 1331.99, 1345.02, 1345.03,	3
	1345.031, 1345.07, 1345.21, 1345.23, 1345.24,	4
	1345.43, 1345.44, 1349.43, 1716.02, 1716.05,	5
	1716.07, 2329.07, 2743.191, 2743.56, 2743.68,	6
	2743.71, 2746.02, 2901.01, 2953.32, 2981.13, and	7
	5302.221, to enact sections 9.28, 177.05,	8
	1331.17, and 2945.63, and to repeal section	9
	1331.05 of the Revised Code to make various	10
	changes to the laws governing the duties and	11
	functions of the Attorney General and to modify	12
	judgment dormancy law.	13

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 9.02, 109.08, 109.081, 109.43,	14
109.521, 109.57, 109.572, 109.578, 109.60, 1331.01, 1331.04,	15
1331.99, 1345.02, 1345.03, 1345.031, 1345.07, 1345.21, 1345.23,	16
1345.24, 1345.43, 1345.44, 1349.43, 1716.02, 1716.05, 1716.07,	17
2329.07, 2743.191, 2743.56, 2743.68, 2743.71, 2746.02, 2901.01,	18

2953.32, 2981.13, and 5302.221 be amended and sections 9.28, 19 177.05, 1331.17, and 2945.63 of the Revised Code be enacted to 20 read as follows: 21 Sec. 9.02. (A) As used in this section: 22 (1) "Customer" means any person or authorized 23 representative of that person who has maintained or is 24 maintaining an account or deposit of any type, or has utilized 25 or is utilizing any service of a financial institution, or for 26 whom a financial institution has acted or is acting as a 27 fiduciary in relation to an account or deposit maintained in the 28 person's name. 29 (2) "Governmental authority" includes the state, any 30 political subdivision, district, or court, and any agency, 31 department, officer, or authorized employee of any of those 32 entities. 33 34

(3) "Financial institution" means any bank, building and loan association, trust company, credit union, licensee as defined in section 1321.01, or registrant as defined in section 1321.51 of the Revised Code.

(4) "Financial record" means any record, including
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statements or receipts, and checks, drafts, or similar
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instruments, or information derived from such record, that is
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maintained by a financial institution and that pertains to a
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deposit or account of a customer, a service of the financial
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institution utilized by a customer, or any other relationship
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between a customer and the financial institution.

(5) "Supervisory review" means any examination of or other
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supervisory action with respect to a financial institution,
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where such examination or action is conducted or taken pursuant
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to authority granted under the Revised Code, or rules48promulgated pursuant thereto by the agency having regulatory49jurisdiction over such institution.50

(B) Any party, including a governmental authority, that 51 requires or requests a financial institution to assemble or 52 provide a customer's financial records in connection with any 53 investigation, action, or proceeding shall pay the financial 54 institution for all actual and necessary costs directly incurred 55 in searching for, reproducing, or transporting these records, if 56 the financial institution is not a party to the investigation, 57 action, or proceeding, is not a subject of supervisory review in 58 the investigation, action, or proceeding, or is a party to the 59 investigation, action, or proceeding solely by reason of its 60 holding of assets of another party defendant, with no cause of 61 action alleged against the financial institution. This payment 62 shall be made to the financial institution promptly, whether or 63 not the financial records are entered into evidence. If the 64 records are produced pursuant to a court order or subpoena duces 65 tecum, the party requesting the order or subpoena is responsible 66 for making the payment. With respect to any judicial or 67 administrative proceeding for which the records are requested, 68 payment of these costs shall be in addition to any witness fees. 69

(C) The rates and conditions for making payments required 70 by division (B) of this section shall be established by rule by 71 the superintendent of financial institutions. To the extent that 72 they are applicable, such respective rules shall be 73 substantially like those adopted by the board of governors of 74 the federal reserve system to regulate similar fees required by 75 the "Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978," 92 Stat. 3708, 12 76 U.S.C.A. 3415. 77

(D) (1) This section is not intended to expand, limit, or
otherwise affect any authority granted under federal law or the
law of this state to any party, including a governmental
authority, to procure, request, or require a customer's
financial records. This section does not apply to investigations
or examinations conducted under authority granted by Chapter
169., 1707., 3737., or 4735. of the Revised Code.

(2) Division (B) of this section does not apply to 85 financial records required to be assembled or provided pursuant 86 to a subpoena, demand for production, request for records, or 87 demand for inspection issued by or on motion of the attorney 88 general or the organized crime investigations commission, to a 89 subpoena issued by or on motion of a prosecuting attorney who 90 has probable cause to believe that a crime has been committed, 91 or to a subpoena issued by a grand jury, if all of the following 92 apply: 93

(a) The financial records or copies of the financial records are subpoenaed for purposes of a criminal investigation or prosecution;

(b) The subpoena is delivered to the financial institution at least ten days before the records are to be provided;

(c) The subpoena identifies individual items to be
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provided or is for statements of the customer's account for a
specified period of time but only as is relevant to the possible
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crime being investigated.

If any financial record assembled or provided by a103financial institution pursuant to such a subpoena or any104information derived from the financial record is introduced as105evidence in any criminal trial and if any nonindigent defendant106

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is convicted of an offense at that trial, the trial court shall 107 charge against the defendant, as a cost of prosecution, all 108 actual and necessary costs directly incurred by the financial 109 institution in searching for, reproducing, or transporting the 110 financial records provided the financial institution is not a 111 defendant at the trial. A defendant against whom costs are 112 charged pursuant to this division shall pay the costs to the 113 court which shall forward the payment to the financial 114 institution. For purposes of this division, the trial court 115 shall determine whether a defendant is indigent. The rates of 116 payment established by rule pursuant to division (C) of this 117 section shall be used by the trial court in charging costs under 118 this division. 119

(E) Notwithstanding division (D) of this section, in any 120 proceeding, action, or investigation that involves an alleged 121 violation of section 2921.02, 2921.41, 2921.42, or 2921.43 of 122 the Revised Code, that either involves a property interest of 123 the state or occurred within the scope of state employment or 124 during the performance of a state public official's or state 125 public servant's duties, and in which a financial institution is 126 required or requested to assemble or provide financial records, 127 the financial institution has a right of reimbursement from the 128 state treasury for all actual and necessary costs incurred in 129 searching for, reproducing, or transporting the financial 130 records, at the rates established by rule under division (C) of 131 this section. The reimbursement shall be made only if the 132 financial institution is not a party to, or subject of the 133 investigation, action, or proceeding, or is a party to the 134 investigation, action, or proceeding solely by reason of its 135 holding assets of another party defendant, with no cause of 136 action alleged against the financial institution, and only if 137

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the financial institution has not acted negligently in the	138
management of the deposit, account, service, or other	139
relationship to which those financial records pertain. The	140
reimbursement shall be made promptly, whether or not the	141
financial records are entered into evidence. As used in this	142
division, "state" means only the state of Ohio and does not	143
include any political subdivision.	144
Sec. 9.28. (A) As used in this section:	145
(1) "Competitive solicitation" means a request for	146
proposal or any other solicitation or announcement by a public	147
office requiring bids or proposals for the provision of goods or	148
services to that office.	149
(2) "Dublic office" includes any state according bublic	150
(2) "Public office" includes any state agency, public	151
institution, political subdivision, or other organized body,	
office, agency, institution, or entity established by the laws	152
of this state for the exercise of any function of government.	153 154
"Public office" does not include the nonprofit corporation	
formed under section 187.01 of the Revised Code.	155
(3) "State agency" includes every department, bureau,	156
board, commission, office, or other organized body established	157
by the constitution and laws of this state for the exercise of	158
any function of state government, including any state-supported	159
institution of higher education, the general assembly, any	160
legislative agency, any court or judicial agency, or any	161
political subdivision or agency of a political subdivision.	162
"State agency" does not include the nonprofit corporation formed	163
under section 187.01 of the Revised Code.	164
(D) Event as provided in division (C) of this costion	165
(B) Except as provided in division (C) of this section,	165
materials submitted to a public office in response to a	166

competitive solicitation shall not be considered public records	
for purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised Code until the	
date the public office announces the award of a contract based	169
on the competitive solicitation or the cancellation of the	
competitive solicitation.	
(C) If a public office rejects all bids or proposals	172
received in response to a competitive solicitation and,	173
concurrently with the announcement of the rejection gives notice	174
of its intent to reissue the solicitation, the materials	175
submitted in response to the original competitive solicitation	176
and the materials submitted in response to the reissued	177
competitive solicitation shall not be considered public records	178
for purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised Code until the	179
date the public office announces the award of a contract based	180
on the reissued competitive solicitation or the cancellation of	181
the reissued competitive solicitation.	182
Sec. 109.08. The attorney general may appoint and	183
authorize special counsel to represent the state and any	184
political subdivision in connection with all claims of	185
whatsoever nature which are certified to the attorney general	186
for collection under any law or which the attorney general is	187
authorized to collect.	188
Such special counsel shall be paid for their services from	189
funds collected by them in an amount approved by the attorney	190
general. In addition to the amount certified, the amounts paid	191
to special counsel may be assessed as collection costs	192
consistent with section 131.02 of the Revised Code and shall be	193
fully recoverable from the party indebted. The amounts assessed	
as collection costs under this section are in addition to any	
amounts authorized under section 109.081 of the Revised Code.	196

The attorney general shall <u>is</u> authorized to p rovide to the	197
special counsel appointed to represent the state in connection-	198
with claims arising out of Chapters 5733., 5739., 5741., and	199
5747. of the Revised Code the official letterhead stationery of	200
the attorney general. The <u>attorney general may authorize the</u>	201
special counsel shall <u>to</u> use the letterhead stationery, but only	202
in connection with the collection of such claims arising out of	203
those taxes amounts certified by the state and political	204
subdivisions.	205
Sec. 109.081. Up to eleven per cent of all amounts	206
collected by the attorney general, whether by employees or	207
agents of the attorney general or by special counsel pursuant to	208
section 109.08 of the Revised Code, on claims due the state	209
certified in accordance with section 131.02 of the Revised Code,	210
shall be paid into the state treasury to the credit of the	211
attorney general claims fund, which is hereby created. The	212
attorney general, after consultation with the director of budget	213
and management, shall determine the exact percentage of those	214
collected amounts that shall be paid into the state treasury to	215
the credit of the fund. In addition to the amount certified, the	216
amount shall be assessed as a collection cost consistent with	217
section 131.02 of the Revised Code, and is fully recoverable	218
from the party indebted. The amounts assessed as collection	219
costs under this section are in addition to any amounts	220
authorized under section 109.08 of the Revised Code. The	221
attorney general claims fund shall be used for the payment of	222
expenses incurred by the office of the attorney general.	223
Sec. 109.43. (A) As used in this section:	224
(1) "Designee" means a designee of the elected official in	225

the public office if that elected official is the only elected 226

official in the public office involved or a designee of all of227the elected officials in the public office if the public office228involved includes more than one elected official.229

(2) "Elected official" means an official elected to a
local or statewide office. "Elected official" does not include
the chief justice or a justice of the supreme court, a judge of
a court of appeals, court of common pleas, municipal court, or
county court, or a clerk of any of those courts.

(3) "Public office" has the same meaning as in section149.011 of the Revised Code.

(4) "Public record" has the same meaning as in section149.43 of the Revised Code.

(B) The attorney general shall develop, provide, and 239 certify training programs and seminars for all elected officials 240 or their appropriate designees in order to enhance the 241 officials' knowledge of the duty to provide access to public 242 records as required by section 149.43 of the Revised Code and to 243 enhance their knowledge of the open meetings laws set forth in 244 section 121.22 of the Revised Code. The training shall be three 245 246 hours for every term of office for which the elected official was appointed or elected to the public office involved. The 247 training shall provide elected officials or their appropriate 248 designees with guidance in developing and updating their 249 offices' policies as required under section 149.43 of the 250 Revised Code. The successful completion by an elected official 251 or by an elected official's appropriate designee of the training 252 requirements established by the attorney general under this 253 section shall satisfy the education requirements imposed on 254 elected officials or their appropriate designees under division 255 (E) of section 149.43 of the Revised Code. Prior to providing 256

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the training programs and seminars under this section to satisfy257the education requirements imposed on elected officials or their258appropriate designees under division (E) of section 149.43 of259the Revised Code, the attorney general shall ensure that the260training programs and seminars are accredited by the commission261on continuing legal education established by the supreme court.262

(C) The attorney general shall not charge any elected 263 official or the appropriate designee of any elected official any 264 fee for attending the training programs and seminars that the 265 266 attorney general conducts under this section. The attorney 267 general may allow the attendance of any other interested persons at any of the training programs or seminars that the attorney 268 general conducts under this section and shall not charge the 269 person any fee for attending the training program or seminar. 270

(D) In addition to developing, providing, and certifying 271 training programs and seminars as required under division (B) of 272 this section, the attorney general may contract with one or more 273 other state agencies, political subdivisions, or other public or 274 private entities to conduct the training programs and seminars 275 for elected officials or their appropriate designees under this 276 section. The contract may provide for the attendance of any 277 other interested persons at any of the training programs or 278 seminars conducted by the contracting state agency, political 279 subdivision, or other public or private entity. The contracting 280 state agency, political subdivision, or other public or private 281 entity may charge an elected official, an elected official's 282 appropriate designee, or an interested person a registration fee 283 for attending the training program or seminar conducted by that 284 contracting agency, political subdivision, or entity pursuant to 285 a contract entered into under this division. The attorney 286 general shall determine a reasonable amount for the registration 287

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fee based on the actual and necessary expenses associated with 288 the training programs and seminars. If the contracting state 289 agency, political subdivision, or other public or private entity 290 charges an elected official or an elected official's appropriate 291 designee a registration fee for attending the training program 292 or seminar conducted pursuant to a contract entered into under 293 this division by that contracting agency, political subdivision, 294 or entity, the public office for which the elected official was 295 appointed or elected to represent may use the public office's 296 own funds to pay for the cost of the registration fee. 297

(E) The attorney general shall develop and provide to all
public offices a model public records policy for responding to
public records requests in compliance with section 149.43 of the
Revised Code in order to provide guidance to public offices in
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developing their own public record policies for responding to
guidance with that section.

(F) The attorney general may provide any other appropriate 304 training or educational programs about Ohio's "Sunshine Laws," 305 sections 121.22, 149.38, 149.381, and 149.43 of the Revised 306 Code, as may be developed and offered by the attorney general or 307 by the attorney general in collaboration with one or more other 308 state agencies, political subdivisions, or other public or 309 private entities. 310

(G) The auditor of state, in the course of an annual or
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biennial audit of a public office pursuant to Chapter 117. of
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the Revised Code, shall audit the public office for compliance
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with this section and division (E) of section 149.43 of the
Revised Code.

Sec. 109.521. There is hereby created in the state316treasury the bureau of criminal identification and investigation317

asset forfeiture and cost reimbursement fund. All amounts 318 awarded to the bureau of criminal identification and 319 investigation as a result of shared federal and state asset 320 forfeiture and state and local moneys designated as restitution 321 for reimbursement of the costs of investigations and all amounts 322 received by the bureau under section 2981.13 of the Revised Code 323 324 shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys in this fund shall be used in accordance with federal and state asset forfeiture 325 rules, regulations, and laws. Interest earned on the money in 326 this fund shall be credited to the fund. 327

328 Sec. 109.57. (A) (1) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall procure from 329 wherever procurable and file for record photographs, pictures, 330 descriptions, fingerprints, measurements, and other information 331 that may be pertinent of all persons who have been convicted of 332 committing within this state a felony, any crime constituting a 333 misdemeanor on the first offense and a felony on subsequent 334 offenses, or any misdemeanor described in division (A)(1)(a), 335 (A) (5) (a), or (A) (7) (a) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code, 336 of all children under eighteen years of age who have been 337 adjudicated delinquent children for committing within this state 338 an act that would be a felony or an offense of violence if 339 committed by an adult or who have been convicted of or pleaded 340 quilty to committing within this state a felony or an offense of 341 violence, and of all well-known and habitual criminals. The 342 person in charge of any county, multicounty, municipal, 343 municipal-county, or multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, 344 community-based correctional facility, halfway house, 345 alternative residential facility, or state correctional 346 institution and the person in charge of any state institution 347 having custody of a person suspected of having committed a 348

felony, any crime constituting a misdemeanor on the first 349 offense and a felony on subsequent offenses, or any misdemeanor 350 described in division (A)(1)(a), (A)(5)(a), or (A)(7)(a) of 351 section 109.572 of the Revised Code or having custody of a child 352 under eighteen years of age with respect to whom there is 353 probable cause to believe that the child may have committed an 354 act that would be a felony or an offense of violence if 355 committed by an adult shall furnish such material to the 356 superintendent of the bureau. Fingerprints, photographs, or 357 other descriptive information of a child who is under eighteen 358 years of age, has not been arrested or otherwise taken into 359 custody for committing an act that would be a felony or an 360 offense of violence who is not in any other category of child 361 specified in this division, if committed by an adult, has not 362 been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an act that 363 would be a felony or an offense of violence if committed by an 364 adult, has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to committing 365 a felony or an offense of violence, and is not a child with 366 respect to whom there is probable cause to believe that the 367 child may have committed an act that would be a felony or an 368 offense of violence if committed by an adult shall not be 369 procured by the superintendent or furnished by any person in 370 charge of any county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, 371 or multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, community-based 372 correctional facility, halfway house, alternative residential 373 facility, or state correctional institution, except as 374 authorized in section 2151.313 of the Revised Code. 375

(2) Every clerk of a court of record in this state, other
(2) Every clerk of a court of record in this state, other
(2) Every clerk of a court of appeals, shall send to the
(2) State of the supreme court of appeals, shall send to the
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constituting a misdemeanor on the first offense and a felony on 380 subsequent offenses, involving a misdemeanor described in 381 division (A)(1)(a), (A)(5)(a), or (A)(7)(a) of section 109.572 382 of the Revised Code, or involving an adjudication in a case in 383 which a child under eighteen years of age was alleged to be a 384 delinquent child for committing an act that would be a felony or 385 an offense of violence if committed by an adult. The clerk of 386 the court of common pleas shall include in the report and 387 summary the clerk sends under this division all information 388 described in divisions (A)(2)(a) to (f) of this section 389 regarding a case before the court of appeals that is served by 390 that clerk. The summary shall be written on the standard forms 391 furnished by the superintendent pursuant to division (B) of this 392 section and shall include the following information: 393

(a) The incident tracking number contained on the standard
(b) 394
forms furnished by the superintendent pursuant to division (B)
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(c) 396

- (b) The style and number of the case;
- (c) The date of arrest, offense, summons, or arraignment; 398

(d) The date that the person was convicted of or pleaded 399 guilty to the offense, adjudicated a delinquent child for 400 401 committing the act that would be a felony or an offense of violence if committed by an adult, found not guilty of the 402 offense, or found not to be a delinquent child for committing an 403 act that would be a felony or an offense of violence if 404 committed by an adult, the date of an entry dismissing the 405 charge, an entry declaring a mistrial of the offense in which 406 the person is discharged, an entry finding that the person or 407 child is not competent to stand trial, or an entry of a nolle 408 prosequi, or the date of any other determination that 409

constitutes final resolution of the case;

(e) A statement of the original charge with the section of 411 the Revised Code that was alleged to be violated; 412 (f) If the person or child was convicted, pleaded guilty, 413 or was adjudicated a delinquent child, the sentence or terms of 414 probation imposed or any other disposition of the offender or 415 416 the delinguent child. If the offense involved the disarming of a law enforcement 417 officer or an attempt to disarm a law enforcement officer, the 418 clerk shall clearly state that fact in the summary, and the 419 superintendent shall ensure that a clear statement of that fact 420 is placed in the bureau's records. 421 (3) The superintendent shall cooperate with and assist 422 sheriffs, chiefs of police, and other law enforcement officers 423 in the establishment of a complete system of criminal 424 identification and in obtaining fingerprints and other means of 425 identification of all persons arrested on a charge of a felony, 426 any crime constituting a misdemeanor on the first offense and a 427 felony on subsequent offenses, or a misdemeanor described in 428

429 division (A)(1)(a), (A)(5)(a), or (A)(7)(a) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code and of all children under eighteen years of 430 age arrested or otherwise taken into custody for committing an 431 act that would be a felony or an offense of violence if 4.32 committed by an adult. The superintendent also shall file for 433 record the fingerprint impressions of all persons confined in a 434 county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or 435 multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, community-based 436 correctional facility, halfway house, alternative residential 437 facility, or state correctional institution for the violation of 438 state laws and of all children under eighteen years of age who 439

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are confined in a county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-440 county, or multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, community-441 based correctional facility, halfway house, alternative 442 residential facility, or state correctional institution or in 443 any facility for delinquent children for committing an act that 444 would be a felony or an offense of violence if committed by an 445 adult, and any other information that the superintendent may 446 receive from law enforcement officials of the state and its 447 political subdivisions. 448

(4) The superintendent shall carry out Chapter 2950. of
the Revised Code with respect to the registration of persons who
are convicted of or plead guilty to a sexually oriented offense
or a child-victim oriented offense and with respect to all other
duties imposed on the bureau under that chapter.

(5) The bureau shall perform centralized recordkeeping 454 functions for criminal history records and services in this 455 state for purposes of the national crime prevention and privacy 456 compact set forth in section 109.571 of the Revised Code and is 457 the criminal history record repository as defined in that 458 459 section for purposes of that compact. The superintendent or the superintendent's designee is the compact officer for purposes of 460 that compact and shall carry out the responsibilities of the 461 compact officer specified in that compact. 462

(6) The superintendent shall, upon request, assist a463county coroner in the identification of a deceased person464through the use of fingerprint impressions obtained pursuant to465division (A) (1) of this section or collected pursuant to section466109.572 or 311.41 of the Revised Code.467

(B) The superintendent shall prepare and furnish to everycounty, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or469

multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, community-based 470 correctional facility, halfway house, alternative residential 471 facility, or state correctional institution and to every clerk 472 of a court in this state specified in division (A)(2) of this 473 section standard forms for reporting the information required 474 under division (A) of this section. The standard forms that the 475 476 superintendent prepares pursuant to this division may be in a tangible format, in an electronic format, or in both tangible 477 formats and electronic formats. 478

479 (C)(1) The superintendent may operate a center for electronic, automated, or other data processing for the storage 480 and retrieval of information, data, and statistics pertaining to 481 criminals and to children under eighteen years of age who are 482 adjudicated delinquent children for committing an act that would 483 be a felony or an offense of violence if committed by an adult, 484 criminal activity, crime prevention, law enforcement, and 485 criminal justice, and may establish and operate a statewide 486 communications network to be known as the Ohio law enforcement 487 gateway to gather and disseminate information, data, and 488 statistics for the use of law enforcement agencies and for other 489 uses specified in this division. The superintendent may gather, 490 store, retrieve, and disseminate information, data, and 491 statistics that pertain to children who are under eighteen years 492 of age and that are gathered pursuant to sections 109.57 to 493 109.61 of the Revised Code together with information, data, and 494 statistics that pertain to adults and that are gathered pursuant 495 to those sections. 496

(2) The superintendent or the superintendent's designee
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shall gather information of the nature described in division (C)
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(1) of this section that pertains to the offense and delinquency
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history of a person who has been convicted of, pleaded guilty
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to, or been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a 501 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense for 502 inclusion in the state registry of sex offenders and child-503 victim offenders maintained pursuant to division (A)(1) of 504 section 2950.13 of the Revised Code and in the internet database 505 operated pursuant to division (A) (13) of that section and for 506 possible inclusion in the internet database operated pursuant to 507 division (A)(11) of that section. 508

(3) In addition to any other authorized use of
information, data, and statistics of the nature described in
division (C) (1) of this section, the superintendent or the
superintendent's designee may provide and exchange the
information, data, and statistics pursuant to the national crime
prevention and privacy compact as described in division (A) (5)
of this section.

(4) The attorney general may adopt rules under Chapter 516 119. of the Revised Code establishing guidelines for the 517 operation of and participation in the Ohio law enforcement 518 gateway. The rules may include criteria for granting and 519 520 restricting access to information gathered and disseminated through the Ohio law enforcement gateway. The attorney general 521 shall permit the state medical board and board of nursing to 522 access and view, but not alter, information gathered and 523 disseminated through the Ohio law enforcement gateway. 524

The attorney general may appoint a steering committee to 525 advise the attorney general in the operation of the Ohio law 526 enforcement gateway that is comprised of persons who are 527 representatives of the criminal justice agencies in this state 528 that use the Ohio law enforcement gateway and is chaired by the 529 superintendent or the superintendent's designee. 530

(D) (1) The following are not public records under section 531 149.43 of the Revised Code: 532 (a) Information and materials furnished to the 533 superintendent pursuant to division (A) of this section; 534 (b) Information, data, and statistics gathered or 535 disseminated through the Ohio law enforcement gateway pursuant 536 to division (C)(1) of this section; 537 (c) Information and materials furnished to any board or 538 person under division (F) or (G) of this section. 539 540 (2) The superintendent or the superintendent's designee shall gather and retain information so furnished under division 541 (A) of this section that pertains to the offense and delinquency 542 history of a person who has been convicted of, pleaded quilty 543 to, or been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a 544 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense for 545 the purposes described in division (C)(2) of this section. 546 (E)(1) The attorney general shall adopt rules, in 547 accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code and subject to 548 division (E)(2) of this section, setting forth the procedure by 549 which a person may receive or release information gathered by 550 the superintendent pursuant to division (A) of this section. A 551 reasonable fee may be charged for this service. If a temporary 552 employment service submits a request for a determination of 553 whether a person the service plans to refer to an employment 554 position has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense 555 listed or described in division (A) (1), (2), or (3) of section 556 109.572 of the Revised Code, the request shall be treated as a 557

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this division or

single request and only one fee shall be charged.

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division (E)(3) or (4) of this section, a rule adopted under 560 division (E)(1) of this section may provide only for the release 561 of information gathered pursuant to division (A) of this section 562 that relates to the conviction of a person, or a person's plea 563 of guilty to, a criminal offense or to the arrest of a person as 564 provided in division (E)(3) of this section. The superintendent 565 shall not release, and the attorney general shall not adopt any 566 rule under division (E)(1) of this section that permits the 567 release of, any information gathered pursuant to division (A) of 568 this section that relates to an adjudication of a child as a 569 delinquent child, or that relates to a criminal conviction of a 570 person under eighteen years of age if the person's case was 571 transferred back to a juvenile court under division (B)(2) or 572 (3) of section 2152.121 of the Revised Code and the juvenile 573 court imposed a disposition or serious youthful offender 574 disposition upon the person under either division, unless either 575 of the following applies with respect to the adjudication or 576 conviction: 577

(a) The adjudication or conviction was for a violation ofsection 2903.01 or 2903.02 of the Revised Code.579

(b) The adjudication or conviction was for a sexually 580 oriented offense, the juvenile court was required to classify 581 the child a juvenile offender registrant for that offense under 582 section 2152.82, 2152.83, or 2152.86 of the Revised Code, that 583 classification has not been removed, and the records of the 584 adjudication or conviction have not been sealed or expunded 585 pursuant to sections 2151.355 to 2151.358 or sealed pursuant to 586 section 2952.32 of the Revised Code. 587

(3) A rule adopted under division (E) (1) of this sectionmay provide for the release of information gathered pursuant to589

division (A) of this section that relates to the arrest of a 590 person who is eighteen years of age or older when the person has 591 not been convicted as a result of that arrest if any of the 592 following applies: 593

(a) The arrest was made outside of this state.

(b) A criminal action resulting from the arrest is 595
pending, and the superintendent confirms that the criminal 596
action has not been resolved at the time the criminal records 597
check is performed. 598

(c) The bureau cannot reasonably determine whether a 599
criminal action resulting from the arrest is pending, and not 600
more than one year has elapsed since the date of the arrest. 601

(4) A rule adopted under division (E) (1) of this section 602 may provide for the release of information gathered pursuant to 603 division (A) of this section that relates to an adjudication of 604 a child as a delinquent child if not more than five years have 605 elapsed since the date of the adjudication, the adjudication was 606 for an act that would have been a felony if committed by an 607 adult, the records of the adjudication have not been sealed or 608 expunged pursuant to sections 2151.355 to 2151.358 of the 609 Revised Code, and the request for information is made under 610 division (F) of this section or under section 109.572 of the 611 Revised Code. In the case of an adjudication for a violation of 612 the terms of community control or supervised release, the five-613 year period shall be calculated from the date of the 614 adjudication to which the community control or supervised 615 release pertains. 616

(F) (1) As used in division (F) (2) of this section, "head617start agency" means an entity in this state that has been618

approved to be an agency for purposes of subchapter II of the "Community Economic Development Act," 95 Stat. 489 (1981), 42 U.S.C.A. 9831, as amended.

(2) (a) In addition to or in conjunction with any request 622 that is required to be made under section 109.572, 2151.86, 623 3301.32, 3301.541, division (C) of section 3310.58, or section 624 3319.39, 3319.391, 3327.10, 3701.881, 5104.013, 5123.081, or 625 5153.111 of the Revised Code or that is made under section 626 3314.41, 3319.392, 3326.25, or 3328.20 of the Revised Code, the 627 board of education of any school district; the director of 628 629 developmental disabilities; any county board of developmental disabilities; any provider or subcontractor as defined in 630 section 5123.081 of the Revised Code; the chief administrator of 631 any chartered nonpublic school; the chief administrator of a 632 registered private provider that is not also a chartered 633 nonpublic school; the chief administrator of any home health 634 agency; the chief administrator of or person operating any child 635 day-care center, type A family day-care home, or type B family 636 day-care home licensed under Chapter 5104. of the Revised Code; 637 the chief administrator of any head start agency; the executive 638 director of a public children services agency; a private company 639 described in section 3314.41, 3319.392, 3326.25, or 3328.20 of 640 the Revised Code; or an employer described in division (J)(2) of 641 section 3327.10 of the Revised Code may request that the 642 superintendent of the bureau investigate and determine, with 643 respect to any individual who has applied for employment in any 644 position after October 2, 1989, or any individual wishing to 645 apply for employment with a board of education may request, with 646 regard to the individual, whether the bureau has any information 647 gathered under division (A) of this section that pertains to 648 that individual. On receipt of the request, subject to division 649

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(E) (2) of this section, the superintendent shall determine 650 whether that information exists and, upon request of the person, 651 board, or entity requesting information, also shall request from 652 the federal bureau of investigation any criminal records it has 653 pertaining to that individual. The superintendent or the 654 superintendent's designee also may request criminal history 655 records from other states or the federal government pursuant to 656 the national crime prevention and privacy compact set forth in 657 section 109.571 of the Revised Code. Within thirty days of the 658 date that the superintendent receives a request, subject to 659 division (E)(2) of this section, the superintendent shall send 660 to the board, entity, or person a report of any information that 661 the superintendent determines exists, including information 662 contained in records that have been sealed under section 2953.32 663 of the Revised Code, and, within thirty days of its receipt, 664 subject to division (E)(2) of this section, shall send the 665 board, entity, or person a report of any information received 666 from the federal bureau of investigation, other than information 667 the dissemination of which is prohibited by federal law. 668

(b) When a board of education or a registered private 669 provider is required to receive information under this section 670 as a prerequisite to employment of an individual pursuant to 671 division (C) of section 3310.58 or section 3319.39 of the 672 Revised Code, it may accept a certified copy of records that 673 were issued by the bureau of criminal identification and 674 investigation and that are presented by an individual applying 675 for employment with the district in lieu of requesting that 676 information itself. In such a case, the board shall accept the 677 certified copy issued by the bureau in order to make a photocopy 678 of it for that individual's employment application documents and 679 shall return the certified copy to the individual. In a case of 680 that nature, a district or provider only shall accept a681certified copy of records of that nature within one year after682the date of their issuance by the bureau.683

(c) Notwithstanding division (F) (2) (a) of this section, in
the case of a request under section 3319.39, 3319.391, or
3327.10 of the Revised Code only for criminal records maintained
by the federal bureau of investigation, the superintendent shall
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not determine whether any information gathered under division
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(A) of this section exists on the person for whom the request is
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made.

(3) The state board of education may request, with respect 691 to any individual who has applied for employment after October 692 2, 1989, in any position with the state board or the department 693 of education, any information that a school district board of 694 education is authorized to request under division (F)(2) of this 695 section, and the superintendent of the bureau shall proceed as 696 if the request has been received from a school district board of 697 education under division (F)(2) of this section. 698

(4) When the superintendent of the bureau receives a
request for information under section 3319.291 of the Revised
Code, the superintendent shall proceed as if the request has
been received from a school district board of education and
shall comply with divisions (F) (2) (a) and (c) of this section.

(5) When a recipient of a classroom reading improvement 704 grant paid under section 3301.86 of the Revised Code requests, 705 with respect to any individual who applies to participate in 706 providing any program or service funded in whole or in part by 707 the grant, the information that a school district board of 708 education is authorized to request under division (F) (2) (a) of 709 this section, the superintendent of the bureau shall proceed as 710

if the request has been received from a school district board of711education under division (F)(2)(a) of this section.712

(G) In addition to or in conjunction with any request that 713 is required to be made under section 3701.881, 3712.09, or 714 3721.121 of the Revised Code with respect to an individual who 715 has applied for employment in a position that involves providing 716 direct care to an older adult or adult resident, the chief 717 administrator of a home health agency, hospice care program, 718 home licensed under Chapter 3721. of the Revised Code, or adult 719 720 day-care program operated pursuant to rules adopted under 721 section 3721.04 of the Revised Code may request that the superintendent of the bureau investigate and determine, with 722 respect to any individual who has applied after January 27, 723 1997, for employment in a position that does not involve 724 providing direct care to an older adult or adult resident, 725 whether the bureau has any information gathered under division 726 (A) of this section that pertains to that individual. 727

In addition to or in conjunction with any request that is 728 required to be made under section 173.27 of the Revised Code 729 with respect to an individual who has applied for employment in 730 a position that involves providing ombudsman services to 731 732 residents of long-term care facilities or recipients of community-based long-term care services, the state long-term 733 care ombudsman, the director of aging, a regional long-term care 734 ombudsman program, or the designee of the ombudsman, director, 735 or program may request that the superintendent investigate and 736 determine, with respect to any individual who has applied for 737 employment in a position that does not involve providing such 738 ombudsman services, whether the bureau has any information 739 qathered under division (A) of this section that pertains to 740 that applicant. 741

In addition to or in conjunction with any request that is 742 required to be made under section 173.38 of the Revised Code 743 with respect to an individual who has applied for employment in 744 a direct-care position, the chief administrator of a provider, 745 as defined in section 173.39 of the Revised Code, may request 746 that the superintendent investigate and determine, with respect 747 to any individual who has applied for employment in a position 748 that is not a direct-care position, whether the bureau has any 749 information gathered under division (A) of this section that 750 pertains to that applicant. 751

752 In addition to or in conjunction with any request that is required to be made under section 3712.09 of the Revised Code 753 with respect to an individual who has applied for employment in 754 a position that involves providing direct care to a pediatric 755 respite care patient, the chief administrator of a pediatric 756 757 respite care program may request that the superintendent of the bureau investigate and determine, with respect to any individual 758 who has applied for employment in a position that does not 759 involve providing direct care to a pediatric respite care 760 patient, whether the bureau has any information gathered under 761 division (A) of this section that pertains to that individual. 762

763 On receipt of a request under this division, the superintendent shall determine whether that information exists 764 765 and, on request of the individual requesting information, shall also request from the federal bureau of investigation any 766 criminal records it has pertaining to the applicant. The 767 superintendent or the superintendent's designee also may request 768 criminal history records from other states or the federal 769 government pursuant to the national crime prevention and privacy 770 compact set forth in section 109.571 of the Revised Code. Within 771 thirty days of the date a request is received, subject to 772

division (E)(2) of this section, the superintendent shall send 773 to the requester a report of any information determined to 774 exist, including information contained in records that have been 775 sealed under section 2953.32 of the Revised Code, and, within 776 thirty days of its receipt, shall send the requester a report of 777 any information received from the federal bureau of 778 investigation, other than information the dissemination of which 779 is prohibited by federal law. 780

(H) Information obtained by a government entity or person
 under this section is confidential and shall not be released or
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 disseminated.
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(I) The superintendent may charge a reasonable fee for
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 providing information or criminal records under division (F)(2)
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 or (G) of this section.
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(J) As used in this section:

(1) "Pediatric respite care program" and "pediatric care
patient" have the same meanings as in section 3712.01 of the
Revised Code.

(2) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented
 offense" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the
 Revised Code.

(3) "Registered private provider" means a nonpublic school
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or entity registered with the superintendent of public
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instruction under section 3310.41 of the Revised Code to
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participate in the autism scholarship program or section 3310.58
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of the Revised Code to participate in the Jon Peterson special
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needs scholarship program.

 Sec. 109.572. (A) (1) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to
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 section 121.08, 3301.32, 3301.541, or 3319.39 of the Revised
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Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of 802 this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions obtained in 803 the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section, the 804 superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and 805 investigation shall conduct a criminal records check in the 806 manner described in division (B) of this section to determine 807 whether any information exists that indicates that the person 808 who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted 809 of or pleaded guilty to any of the following: 810

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 811 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 812 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 813 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 814 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 815 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24, 816 2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 817 2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, felonious 818 sexual penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the 819 Revised Code, a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code 820 as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, a violation of section 821 2919.23 of the Revised Code that would have been a violation of 822 section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 823 1, 1996, had the violation been committed prior to that date, or 824 a violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that is not a 825 minor drug possession offense; 826

(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this
state, any other state, or the United States that is
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in
division (A) (1) (a) of this section;

(c) If the request is made pursuant to section 3319.39 of

Page 28

the Revised Code for an applicant who is a teacher, any offense 832 specified in section 3319.31 of the Revised Code. 833

(2) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 3712.09 or 834 3721.121 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed 835 pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of 836 fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in 837 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 838 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 839 840 conduct a criminal records check with respect to any person who 841 has applied for employment in a position for which a criminal records check is required by those sections. The superintendent 842 shall conduct the criminal records check in the manner described 843 in division (B) of this section to determine whether any 844 information exists that indicates that the person who is the 845 subject of the request previously has been convicted of or 846 pleaded guilty to any of the following: 847

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 848 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 849 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05, 850 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.25, 2907.31, 851 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 852 2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11, 853 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.40, 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, 2919.25, 854 2921.36, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.11, 855 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code; 856

(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other
state, or the United States that is substantially equivalent to
any of the offenses listed in division (A) (2) (a) of this
section.

(3) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 173.27,

173.38, 173.381, 3701.881, 5164.34, 5164.341, 5164.342, 862 5123.081, or 5123.169 of the Revised Code, a completed form 863 prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a 864 set of fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described 865 in division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 866 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 867 conduct a criminal records check of the person for whom the 868 request is made. The superintendent shall conduct the criminal 869 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 870 section to determine whether any information exists that 871 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request 872 previously has been convicted of, has pleaded quilty to, or 873 (except in the case of a request pursuant to section 5164.34, 874 5164.341, or 5164.342 of the Revised Code) has been found 875 eligible for intervention in lieu of conviction for any of the 876 following, regardless of the date of the conviction, the date of 877 entry of the guilty plea, or (except in the case of a request 878 pursuant to section 5164.34, 5164.341, or 5164.342 of the 879 Revised Code) the date the person was found eligible for 880 intervention in lieu of conviction: 881 (a) A violation of section 959.13, 959.131, 2903.01, 882 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.041, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 883

2903.15, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.211, 2903.22, 2903.34, 2903.341, 884 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2905.32, 2905.33, 885 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 886 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.25, 2907.31, 887 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2907.33, 2909.02, 888 2909.03, 2909.04, 2909.22, 2909.23, 2909.24, 2911.01, 2911.02, 889 2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.05, 890 2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.32, 2913.40, 2913.41, 2913.42, 891 2913.43, 2913.44, 2913.441, 2913.45, 2913.46, 2913.47, 2913.48, 892

2913.49, 2913.51, 2917.01, 2917.02, 2917.03, 2917.31, 2919.12,	893
2919.121, 2919.123, 2919.22, 2919.23, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2921.03,	894
2921.11, 2921.12, 2921.13, 2921.21, 2921.24, 2921.32, 2921.321,	895
2921.34, 2921.35, 2921.36, 2921.51, 2923.12, 2923.122, 2923.123,	896
2923.13, 2923.161, 2923.162, 2923.21, 2923.32, 2923.42, 2925.02,	897
2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.041, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.09, 2925.11,	898
2925.13, 2925.14, 2925.141, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.24, 2925.36,	899
2925.55, 2925.56, 2927.12, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code;	900
(b) Felonious sexual penetration in violation of former	901
section 2907.12 of the Revised Code;	902
(c) A violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as	903
it existed prior to July 1, 1996;	904
(d) A violation of section 2923.01, 2923.02, or 2923.03 of	905
the Revised Code when the underlying offense that is the object	906
of the conspiracy, attempt, or complicity is one of the offenses	
listed in divisions (A)(3)(a) to (c) of this section;	908
(e) A violation of an existing or former municipal	909
ordinance or law of this state, any other state, or the United	910
States that is substantially equivalent to any of the offenses	911
listed in divisions (A)(3)(a) to (d) of this section.	912
(4) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 2151.86 of	913
the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to	914
division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint	915
impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2)	916
of this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	917
identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal	918
records check in the manner described in division (B) of this	919
section to determine whether any information exists that	920
indicates that the person who is the subject of the request	921

previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the 922 following: 923 (a) A violation of section 959.13, 2903.01, 2903.02, 924 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.15, 2903.16, 925 2903.21, 2903.211, 2903.22, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 926 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 927 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 928 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2909.02, 2909.03, 2909.22, 929 2909.23, 2909.24, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2913.49, 930 2917.01, 2917.02, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12, 931 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, 932 2927.12, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, a violation of section 933 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, 934 a violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised Code that would 935 have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as 936 it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the violation been 937 committed prior to that date, a violation of section 2925.11 of 938 the Revised Code that is not a minor drug possession offense, 939 two or more OVI or OVUAC violations committed within the three 940 years immediately preceding the submission of the application or 941 petition that is the basis of the request, or felonious sexual 942 penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the 943 Revised Code; 944 945

(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this
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state, any other state, or the United States that is
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substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in
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division (A) (4) (a) of this section.

(5) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to section 5104.013
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of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to
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division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint
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impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C) (2) 952
of this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 953
identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 954
records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 955
section to determine whether any information exists that 956
indicates that the person who is the subject of the request has 957
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the following: 958

(a) A violation of section 2151.421, 2903.01, 2903.02, 959 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 960 2903.22, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2905.11, 2905.32, 961 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 962 2907.09, 2907.19, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.25, 963 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2909.02, 964 2909.03, 2909.04, 2909.05, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 965 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.041, 2913.05, 2913.06, 2913.11, 966 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.32, 2913.33, 2913.34, 2913.40, 2913.41, 967 2913.42, 2913.43, 2913.44, 2913.441, 2913.45, 2913.46, 2913.47, 968 2913.48, 2913.49, 2917.01, 2917.02, 2917.03, 2917.31, 2919.12, 969 2919.22, 2919.224, 2919.225, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2921.03, 2921.11, 970 2921.13, 2921.14, 2921.34, 2921.35, 2923.01, 2923.12, 2923.13, 971 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, or 972 3716.11 of the Revised Code, felonious sexual penetration in 973 violation of former section 2907.12 of the Revised Code, a 974 violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed 975 prior to July 1, 1996, a violation of section 2919.23 of the 976 Revised Code that would have been a violation of section 2905.04 977 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the 978 violation been committed prior to that date, a violation of 979 section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that is not a minor drug 980 possession offense, a violation of section 2923.02 or 2923.03 of 981 the Revised Code that relates to a crime specified in this 982

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division, or a second violation of section 4511.19 of the983Revised Code within five years of the date of application for984licensure or certification.985

(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this
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state, any other state, or the United States that is
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substantially equivalent to any of the offenses or violations
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described in division (A) (5) (a) of this section.

(6) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to section 5153.111 990 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to 991 division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint 992 impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) 993 of this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 994 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 995 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 996 section to determine whether any information exists that 997 998 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to any of the 999 following: 1000

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 1001 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 1002 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 1003 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 1004 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 1005 2909.02, 2909.03, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 1006 2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 1007 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised 1008 Code, felonious sexual penetration in violation of former 1009 section 2907.12 of the Revised Code, a violation of section 1010 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, 1011 a violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised Code that would 1012

have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as 1013 it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the violation been 1014 committed prior to that date, or a violation of section 2925.11 1015 of the Revised Code that is not a minor drug possession offense; 1016

(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this
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state, any other state, or the United States that is
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in
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division (A) (6) (a) of this section.

(7) On receipt of a request for a criminal records check 1021 from an individual pursuant to section 4749.03 or 4749.06 of the 1022 Revised Code, accompanied by a completed copy of the form 1023 prescribed in division (C)(1) of this section and a set of 1024 fingerprint impressions obtained in a manner described in 1025 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 1026 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 1027 conduct a criminal records check in the manner described in 1028 division (B) of this section to determine whether any 1029 information exists indicating that the person who is the subject 1030 of the request has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 1031 felony in this state or in any other state. If the individual 1032 indicates that a firearm will be carried in the course of 1033 business, the superintendent shall require information from the 1034 federal bureau of investigation as described in division (B)(2) 1035 of this section. Subject to division (F) of this section, the 1036 superintendent shall report the findings of the criminal records 1037 check and any information the federal bureau of investigation 1038 provides to the director of public safety. 1039

(8) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 1321.37, 1040
1321.53, 1321.531, 1322.03, 1322.031, or 4763.05 of the Revised 1041
Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to division (C) (1) of 1042

this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions obtained in 1043 the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section, the 1044 superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and 1045 investigation shall conduct a criminal records check with 1046 respect to any person who has applied for a license, permit, or 1047 certification from the department of commerce or a division in 1048 the department. The superintendent shall conduct the criminal 1049 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 1050 section to determine whether any information exists that 1051 1052 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to any of the 1053 following: a violation of section 2913.02, 2913.11, 2913.31, 1054 2913.51, or 2925.03 of the Revised Code; any other criminal 1055 offense involving theft, receiving stolen property, 1056 embezzlement, forgery, fraud, passing bad checks, money 1057 laundering, or drug trafficking, or any criminal offense 1058 involving money or securities, as set forth in Chapters 2909., 1059 2911., 2913., 2915., 2921., 2923., and 2925. of the Revised 1060 Code; or any existing or former law of this state, any other 1061 state, or the United States that is substantially equivalent to 1062 those offenses. 1063

(9) On receipt of a request for a criminal records check 1064 from the treasurer of state under section 113.041 of the Revised 1065 Code or from an individual under section 4701.08, 4715.101, 1066 4717.061, 4725.121, 4725.501, 4729.071, 4730.101, 4730.14, 1067 4730.28, 4731.081, 4731.15, 4731.171, 4731.222, 4731.281, 1068 4731.296, 4731.531, 4732.091, 4734.202, 4740.061, 4741.10, 1069 4755.70, 4757.101, 4759.061, 4760.032, 4760.06, 4761.051, 1070 4762.031, 4762.06, 4776.021, 4779.091, or 4783.04 of the Revised 1071 Code, accompanied by a completed form prescribed under division 1072 (C) (1) of this section and a set of fingerprint impressions 1073

obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) of this 1074 section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 1075 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 1076 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 1077 section to determine whether any information exists that 1078 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request has 1079 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any criminal offense in 1080 this state or any other state. Subject to division (F) of this 1081 section, the superintendent shall send the results of a check 1082 requested under section 113.041 of the Revised Code to the 1083 treasurer of state and shall send the results of a check 1084 requested under any of the other listed sections to the 1085 licensing board specified by the individual in the request. 1086

(10) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 1121.23, 1087 1155.03, 1163.05, 1315.141, 1733.47, or 1761.26 of the Revised 1088 Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of 1089 this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions obtained in 1090 the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section, the 1091 superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and 1092 investigation shall conduct a criminal records check in the 1093 manner described in division (B) of this section to determine 1094 whether any information exists that indicates that the person 1095 who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted 1096 of or pleaded quilty to any criminal offense under any existing 1097 or former law of this state, any other state, or the United 1098 States. 1099

(11) On receipt of a request for a criminal records check
from an appointing or licensing authority under section 3772.07
of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed under division
(C) (1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions
obtained in the manner prescribed in division (C) (2) of this

section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 1105 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 1106 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 1107 section to determine whether any information exists that 1108 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request 1109 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or no contest 1110 to any offense under any existing or former law of this state, 1111 any other state, or the United States that is a disqualifying 1112 offense as defined in section 3772.07 of the Revised Code or 1113 substantially equivalent to such an offense. 1114

(12) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 2151.33 1115 or 2151.412 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed 1116 pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of 1117 fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in 1118 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 1119 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 1120 conduct a criminal records check with respect to any person for 1121 whom a criminal records check is required under that section. 1122 The superintendent shall conduct the criminal records check in 1123 the manner described in division (B) of this section to 1124 determine whether any information exists that indicates that the 1125 person who is the subject of the request previously has been 1126 convicted of or pleaded quilty to any of the following: 1127

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 1128 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 1129 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05, 1130 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.25, 2907.31, 1131 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 1132 2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11, 1133 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.40, 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, 2919.25, 1134 2921.36, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.11, 1135

2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code; 1136 (b) An existing or former law of this state, any other 1137 state, or the United States that is substantially equivalent to 1138 any of the offenses listed in division (A)(12)(a) of this 1139 section. 1140 (B) Subject to division (F) of this section, the 1141 superintendent shall conduct any criminal records check to be 1142 conducted under this section as follows: 1143 (1) The superintendent shall review or cause to be 1144 reviewed any relevant information gathered and compiled by the 1145 bureau under division (A) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code 1146 that relates to the person who is the subject of the criminal 1147 records check, including, if the criminal records check was 1148 requested under section 113.041, 121.08, 173.27, 173.38, 1149 173.381, 1121.23, 1155.03, 1163.05, 1315.141, 1321.37, 1321.53, 1150 1321.531, 1322.03, 1322.031, 1733.47, 1761.26, 2151.86, 3301.32, 1151 3301.541, 3319.39, 3701.881, 3712.09, 3721.121, 3772.07, 1152 4749.03, 4749.06, 4763.05, 5104.013, 5164.34, 5164.341, 1153 5164.342, 5123.081, 5123.169, or 5153.111 of the Revised Code, 1154 any relevant information contained in records that have been 1155 sealed under section 2953.32 of the Revised Code; 1156 (2) If the request received by the superintendent asks for 1157 information from the federal bureau of investigation, the 1158 superintendent shall request from the federal bureau of 1159 investigation any information it has with respect to the person 1160 who is the subject of the criminal records check, including 1161

fingerprint-based checks of national crime information databases 1162 as described in 42 U.S.C. 671 if the request is made pursuant to 1163 section 2151.86 or 5104.013 of the Revised Code or if any other 1164 Revised Code section requires fingerprint-based checks of that 1165

nature, and shall review or cause to be reviewed any information1166the superintendent receives from that bureau. If a request under1167section 3319.39 of the Revised Code asks only for information1168from the federal bureau of investigation, the superintendent1169shall not conduct the review prescribed by division (B)(1) of1170this section.1171

(3) The superintendent or the superintendent's designee
may request criminal history records from other states or the
federal government pursuant to the national crime prevention and
privacy compact set forth in section 109.571 of the Revised
Code.

(4) The superintendent shall include in the results of the 1177 criminal records check a list or description of the offenses 1178 listed or described in division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), 1179 (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), or (12) of this section, whichever 1180 division requires the superintendent to conduct the criminal 1181 records check. The superintendent shall exclude from the results 1182 any information the dissemination of which is prohibited by 1183 federal law. 1184

(5) The superintendent shall send the results of the 1185 criminal records check to the person to whom it is to be sent 1186 not later than the following number of days after the date the 1187 superintendent receives the request for the criminal records 1188 check, the completed form prescribed under division (C) (1) of 1189 this section, and the set of fingerprint impressions obtained in 1190 the manner described in division (C) (2) of this section: 1191

(a) If the superintendent is required by division (A) of
this section (other than division (A) (3) of this section) to
conduct the criminal records check, thirty;

(b) If the superintendent is required by division (A)(3) 1195 of this section to conduct the criminal records check, sixty. 1196

(C) (1) The superintendent shall prescribe a form to obtain 1197 the information necessary to conduct a criminal records check 1198 from any person for whom a criminal records check is to be 1199 conducted under this section. The form that the superintendent 1200 prescribes pursuant to this division may be in a tangible 1201 format, in an electronic format, or in both tangible and 1202 electronic formats. 1203

(2) The superintendent shall prescribe standard impression 1204 sheets to obtain the fingerprint impressions of any person for 1205 whom a criminal records check is to be conducted under this 1206 section. Any person for whom a records check is to be conducted 1207 under this section shall obtain the fingerprint impressions at a 1208 county sheriff's office, municipal police department, or any 1209 other entity with the ability to make fingerprint impressions on 1210 the standard impression sheets prescribed by the superintendent. 1211 The office, department, or entity may charge the person a 1212 reasonable fee for making the impressions. The standard 1213 impression sheets the superintendent prescribes pursuant to this 1214 division may be in a tangible format, in an electronic format, 1215 or in both tangible and electronic formats. 1216

(3) Subject to division (D) of this section, the 1217 superintendent shall prescribe and charge a reasonable fee for 1218 providing a criminal records check under this section. The 1219 person requesting the criminal records check shall pay the fee 1220 prescribed pursuant to this division. In the case of a request 1221 under section 1121.23, 1155.03, 1163.05, 1315.141, 1733.47, 1222 1761.26, 2151.33, 2151.412, or 5164.34 of the Revised Code, the 1223 fee shall be paid in the manner specified in that section. 1224

(4) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal
identification and investigation may prescribe methods of
forwarding fingerprint impressions and information necessary to
conduct a criminal records check, which methods shall include,
but not be limited to, an electronic method.

(D) The results of a criminal records check conducted 1230 under this section, other than a criminal records check 1231 specified in division (A)(7) of this section, are valid for the 1232 person who is the subject of the criminal records check for a 1233 period of one year from the date upon which the superintendent 1234 completes the criminal records check. If during that period the 1235 superintendent receives another request for a criminal records 1236 check to be conducted under this section for that person, the 1237 superintendent shall provide the results from the previous 1238 criminal records check of the person at a lower fee than the fee 1239 prescribed for the initial criminal records check. 1240

(E) When the superintendent receives a request for 1241
information from a registered private provider, the 1242
superintendent shall proceed as if the request was received from 1243
a school district board of education under section 3319.39 of 1244
the Revised Code. The superintendent shall apply division (A) (1) 1245
(c) of this section to any such request for an applicant who is 1246
a teacher. 1247

(F) (1) All_Subject to division (F) (2) of this section, all
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information regarding the results of a criminal records check
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conducted under this section that the superintendent reports or
sends under division (A) (7) or (9) of this section to the
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director of public safety, the treasurer of state, or the
person, board, or entity that made the request for the criminal
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records check shall relate to the conviction of the subject
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person, or the subject person's plea of guilty to, a criminal	1255
offense.	1256
(2) Division (F)(1) of this section does not limit,	1257
restrict, or preclude the superintendent's release of	1258
information that relates to the arrest of a person who is	1259
eighteen years of age or older, to an adjudication of a child as	1260
a delinquent child, or to a criminal conviction of a person	1261
under eighteen years of age in circumstances in which a release	1262
of that nature is authorized under division (E)(2), (3), or (4)	1263
of section 109.57 of the Revised Code pursuant to a rule adopted	1264
under division (E)(1) of that section.	1265
(G) As used in this section:	1266
(1) "Criminal records check" means any criminal records	1267
check conducted by the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	1268
identification and investigation in accordance with division (B)	1269
of this section.	1270
(2) "Minor drug possession offense" has the same meaning	1271
as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	1272
(3) "OVI or OVUAC violation" means a violation of section	1273
4511.19 of the Revised Code or a violation of an existing or	1274
former law of this state, any other state, or the United States	1275
that is substantially equivalent to section 4511.19 of the	1276
Revised Code.	1277
(4) "Registered private provider" means a nonpublic school	1278
or entity registered with the superintendent of public	1279
instruction under section 3310.41 of the Revised Code to	1280
participate in the autism scholarship program or section 3310.58	1281
of the Revised Code to participate in the Jon Peterson special	1282
needs scholarship program.	1283

Sec. 109.578. (A) On receipt of a request pursuant to 1284 section 505.381, 737.081, 737.221, or 4765.301 of the Revised 1285 Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of 1286 this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions obtained in 1287 the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section, the 1288 superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and 1289 investigation shall conduct a criminal records check in the 1290 manner described in division (B) of this section to determine 1291 whether any information exists that indicates that the person 1292 who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted 1293 of or pleaded guilty to any of the following: 1294 1295 (1) A felony; (2) A violation of section 2909.03 of the Revised Code; 1296 (3) A violation of an existing or former law of this 1297 state, any other state, or the United States that is 1298 substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in 1299 division (A)(1) or (2) of this section. 1300 (B) Subject to division (E) of this section, the 1301 superintendent shall conduct any criminal records check pursuant 1302 1303 to division (A) of this section as follows: (1) The superintendent shall review or cause to be 1304 reviewed any relevant information gathered and compiled by the 1305 bureau under division (A) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code 1306 that relates to the person who is the subject of the request, 1307 including any relevant information contained in records that 1308 have been sealed under section 2953.32 of the Revised Code. 1309

(2) If the request received by the superintendent asks for1310information from the federal bureau of investigation, the1311superintendent shall request from the federal bureau of1312

investigation any information it has with respect to the person 1313 who is the subject of the request and shall review or cause to 1314 be reviewed any information the superintendent receives from 1315 that bureau. 1316

(C) (1) The superintendent shall prescribe a form to obtain 1317 the information necessary to conduct a criminal records check 1318 from any person for whom a criminal records check is requested 1319 pursuant to section 505.381, 737.081, 737.221, or 4765.301 of 1320 the Revised Code. The form that the superintendent prescribes 1321 pursuant to this division may be in a tangible format, in an 1322 electronic format, or in both tangible and electronic formats. 1323

(2) The superintendent shall prescribe standard impression 1324 sheets to obtain the fingerprint impressions of any person for 1325 whom a criminal records check is requested pursuant to section 1326 505.381, 737.081, 737.221, or 4765.301 of the Revised Code. Any 1327 person for whom a records check is requested pursuant to any of 1328 those sections shall obtain the fingerprint impressions at a 1329 county sheriff's office, a municipal police department, or any 1330 other entity with the ability to make fingerprint impressions on 1331 the standard impression sheets prescribed by the superintendent. 1332 The office, department, or entity may charge the person a 1333 reasonable fee for making the impressions. The standard 1334 impression sheets the superintendent prescribes pursuant to this 1335 division may be in a tangible format, in an electronic format, 1336 or in both tangible and electronic formats. 1337

(3) Subject to division (D) of this section, the
superintendent shall prescribe and charge a reasonable fee for
providing a criminal records check requested under section
505.381, 737.081, 737.221, or 4765.301 of the Revised Code. The
person making the criminal records request shall pay the fee
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prescribed pursuant to this division.

(4) The superintendent may prescribe methods of forwarding 1344 fingerprint impressions and information necessary to conduct a 1345 criminal records check. The methods shall include, but are not 1346 limited to, an electronic method.

(D) A determination whether any information exists that 1348 indicates that a person previously has been convicted of or 1349 pleaded guilty to any offense listed or described in division 1350 1351 (A) of this section and that the superintendent made with respect to information considered in a criminal records check in 1352 accordance with this section is valid for the person who is the 1353 subject of the criminal records check for a period of one year 1354 from the date upon which the superintendent makes the 1355 determination. During the period in which the determination in 1356 regard to a person is valid, if another request under this 1357 section is made for a criminal records check for that person, 1358 the superintendent shall provide the information that is the 1359 basis for the superintendent's initial determination at a lower 1360 fee than the fee prescribed for the initial criminal records 1361 1362 check.

(E) (1) All-Subject to division (E) (2) of this section, all 1363 information regarding the results of a criminal records check 1364 conducted under this section that the superintendent reports or 1365 sends under this section to the person, board, or entity that 1366 made the request for the criminal records check shall relate to 1367 the conviction of the subject person, or the subject person's 1368 plea of guilty to, a criminal offense. 1369

(2) Division (E)(1) of this section does not limit, 1370 restrict, or preclude the superintendent's release of 1371 information that relates to the arrest of a person who is 1372

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eighteen years of age or older, to an adjudication of a child as1373a delinquent child, or to a criminal conviction of a person1374under eighteen years of age in circumstances in which a release1375of that nature is authorized under division (E)(2), (3), or (4)1376of section 109.57 of the Revised Code pursuant to a rule adopted1377under division (E)(1) of that section.1378

(F) As used in this section, "criminal records check"
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means any criminal records check conducted by the superintendent
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of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation in
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accordance with division (B) of this section.

Sec. 109.60. (A) (1) The sheriffs of the several counties 1383 and the chiefs of police of cities, immediately upon the arrest 1384 of any person for any felony, on suspicion of any felony, for a 1385 crime constituting a misdemeanor on the first offense and a 1386 felony on subsequent offenses, or for any misdemeanor described 1387 in division (A)(1)(a), (A)(8)(a), or (A)(10)(a) of section 1388 109.572 of the Revised Code, and immediately upon the arrest or 1389 taking into custody of any child under eighteen years of age for 1390 committing an act that would be a felony or an offense of 1391 1392 violence if committed by an adult or upon probable cause to believe that a child of that age may have committed an act that 1393 would be a felony or an offense of violence if committed by an 1394 adult, shall take the person's or child's fingerprints, or cause 1395 the same to be taken, according to the fingerprint system of 1396 identification on the forms furnished by the superintendent of 1397 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation, and 1398 immediately shall forward copies of the completed forms, any 1399 other description that may be required, and the history of the 1400 offense committed to the bureau to be classified and filed and 1401 to the clerk of the court having jurisdiction over the 1402 prosecution of the offense or over the adjudication relative to 1403 the act.

(2) Except as provided in division (B) of this section, if 1405 a person or child has not been arrested and first appears before 1406 a court or magistrate in response to a summons, or if a sheriff 1407 or chief of police has not taken, or caused to be taken, a 1408 person's or child's fingerprints in accordance with division (A) 1409 (1) of this section by the time of the arraignment or first 1410 appearance of the person or child, the court shall order the 1411 person or child to appear before the sheriff or chief of police 1412 1413 within twenty-four hours to have the person's or child's fingerprints taken. The sheriff or chief of police shall take 1414 the person's or child's fingerprints, or cause the fingerprints 1415 to be taken, according to the fingerprint system of 1416 identification on the forms furnished by the superintendent of 1417 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation and, 1418 immediately after the person's or child's arraignment or first 1419 appearance, forward copies of the completed forms, any other 1420 description that may be required, and the history of the offense 1421 committed to the bureau to be classified and filed and to the 1422 clerk of the court. 1423

(3) Every court with jurisdiction over a case involving a 1424 person or child with respect to whom division (A)(1) or (2) of 1425 this section requires a sheriff or chief of police to take the 1426 person's or child's fingerprints shall inquire at the time of 1427 the person's or child's sentencing or adjudication whether or 1428 not the person or child has been fingerprinted pursuant to 1429 division (A)(1) or (2) of this section for the original arrest 1430 or court appearance upon which the sentence or adjudication is 1431 based. If the person or child was not fingerprinted for the 1432 original arrest or court appearance upon which the sentence or 1433 adjudication is based, the court <u>shall take the person's or</u> 1434

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child's fingerprints or shall order the person or child to 1435 appear before the sheriff or chief of police within twenty-four 1436 hours to have the person's or child's fingerprints taken. The If 1437 the court orders the person or child to appear before the 1438 sheriff or chief of police to have the person's or child's 1439 fingerprints taken, the sheriff or chief of police shall take 1440 the person's or child's fingerprints, or cause the fingerprints 1441 to be taken, according to the fingerprint system of 1442 identification on the forms furnished by the superintendent of 1443 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation and 1444 immediately forward copies of the completed forms, any other 1445 description that may be required, and the history of the offense 1446 committed to the bureau to be classified and filed and to the 1447 clerk of the court. 1448 (4) If a person or child is in the custody of a law 1449 enforcement agency or a detention facility, as defined in 1450

section 2921.01 of the Revised Code, and the chief law 1451 enforcement officer or chief administrative officer of the 1452 detention facility discovers that a warrant has been issued or a 1453 bill of information has been filed alleging the person or child 1454 to have committed an offense or act other than the offense or 1455 act for which the person or child is in custody, and the other 1456 alleged offense or act is one for which fingerprints are to be 1457 taken pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section, the law 1458 enforcement agency or detention facility shall take the 1459 fingerprints of the person or child, or cause the fingerprints 1460 to be taken, according to the fingerprint system of 1461 identification on the forms furnished by the superintendent of 1462 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation and 1463 immediately forward copies of the completed forms, any other 1464 description that may be required, and the history of the offense 1465 committed to the bureau to be classified and filed and to the1466clerk of the court that issued the warrant or with which the1467bill of information was filed.1468

(5) If an accused is found not quilty of the offense 1469 charged or a nolle prosequi is entered in any case, or if any 1470 accused child under eighteen years of age is found not to be a 1471 delinquent child for committing an act that would be a felony or 1472 an offense of violence if committed by an adult or not quilty of 1473 the felony or offense of violence charged or a nolle prosequi is 1474 entered in that case, the fingerprints and description shall be 1475 given to the accused upon the accused's request. 1476

(6) The superintendent shall compare the description 1477 received with those already on file in the bureau, and, if the 1478 superintendent finds that the person arrested or taken into 1479 custody has a criminal record or a record as a delinquent child 1480 for having committed an act that would be a felony or an offense 1481 of violence if committed by an adult or is a fugitive from 1482 justice or wanted by any jurisdiction in this or another state, 1483 the United States, or a foreign country for any offense, the 1484 superintendent at once shall inform the arresting officer, the 1485 officer taking the person into custody, or the chief 1486 1487 administrative officer of the county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, 1488 community-based correctional facility, halfway house, 1489 alternative residential facility, or state correctional 1490 institution in which the person or child is in custody of that 1491 fact and give appropriate notice to the proper authorities in 1492 the jurisdiction in which the person is wanted, or, if that 1493 jurisdiction is a foreign country, give appropriate notice to 1494 federal authorities for transmission to the foreign country. The 1495 names, under which each person whose identification is filed is 1496

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known, Sharr be arphabeerearry indexed by the Superintendent.	
(B) Division (A) of this section does not apply to a	1498
violator of a city ordinance unless the officers have reason to	1499
believe that the violator is a past offender or the crime is one	1500
constituting a misdemeanor on the first offense and a felony on	1501
subsequent offenses, or unless it is advisable for the purpose	1502
of subsequent identification. This section does not apply to any	1503
child under eighteen years of age who was not arrested or	1504
otherwise taken into custody for committing an act that would be	1505
a felony or an offense of violence if committed by an adult or	1506
upon probable cause to believe that a child of that age may have	1507
committed an act that would be a felony or an offense of	1508
violence if committed by an adult, except as provided in section	1509
2151.313 of the Revised Code.	1510

known, shall be alphabetically indexed by the superintendent.

(C) (1) For purposes of division (C) of this section, a law
enforcement agency shall be considered to have arrested a person
if any law enforcement officer who is employed by, appointed by,
or serves that agency arrests the person. As used in division
(C) of this section:

(a) "Illegal methamphetamine manufacturing laboratory" has(b) 1516(c) 1517(c) 1517

(b) "Methamphetamine or a methamphetamine product" means
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methamphetamine, any salt, isomer, or salt of an isomer of
methamphetamine, or any compound, mixture, preparation, or
substance containing methamphetamine or any salt, isomer, or
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salt of an isomer of methamphetamine.

(2) Each law enforcement agency that, in any calendar
year, arrests any person for a violation of section 2925.04 of
the Revised Code that is based on the manufacture of
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methamphetamine or a methamphetamine product, a violation of 1526 section 2925.041 of the Revised Code that is based on the 1527 possession of chemicals sufficient to produce methamphetamine or 1528 a methamphetamine product, or a violation of any other provision 1529 of Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the Revised Code that is based on 1530 the possession of chemicals sufficient to produce 1531 1532 methamphetamine or a methamphetamine product shall prepare an annual report covering the calendar year that contains the 1533 information specified in division (C)(3) of this section 1534 relative to all arrests for violations of those sections 1535 committed under those circumstances during that calendar year 1536 and relative to illegal methamphetamine manufacturing 1537 laboratories, dump sites, and chemical caches as specified in 1538 that division and shall send the annual report, not later than 1539 the first day of March in the calendar year following the 1540 calendar year covered by the report, to the bureau of criminal 1541 identification and investigation. 1542

The law enforcement agency shall write any annual report 1543 prepared and filed under this division on the standard forms 1544 furnished by the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 1545 identification and investigation pursuant to division (C)(4) of 1546 this section. The annual report shall be a statistical report, 1547 and nothing in the report or in the information it contains 1548 shall identify, or enable the identification of, any person who 1549 was arrested and whose arrest is included in the information 1550 contained in the report. The annual report in the possession of 1551 the bureau and the information it contains are public records 1552 for the purpose of section 149.43 of the Revised Code. 1553

(3) The annual report prepared and filed by a law
enforcement agency under division (C) (2) of this section shall
contain all of the following information for the calendar year
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covered by the report:

(a) The total number of arrests made by the agency in that 1558 calendar year for a violation of section 2925.04 of the Revised 1559 Code that is based on the manufacture of methamphetamine or a 1560 methamphetamine product, a violation of section 2925.041 of the 1561 Revised Code that is based on the possession of chemicals 1562 sufficient to produce methamphetamine or a methamphetamine 1563 product, or a violation of any other provision of Chapter 2925. 1564 or 3719. of the Revised Code that is based on the possession of 1565 1566 chemicals sufficient to produce methamphetamine or a methamphetamine product; 1567

(b) The total number of illegal methamphetamine 1568 manufacturing laboratories at which one or more of the arrests 1569 reported under division (C) (3) (a) of this section occurred, or 1570 that were discovered in that calendar year within the territory 1571 served by the agency but at which none of the arrests reported 1572 under division (C) (3) (a) of this section occurred; 1573

(c) The total number of dump sites and chemical caches
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that are, or that are reasonably believed to be, related to
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illegal methamphetamine manufacturing and that were discovered
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in that calendar year within the territory served by the agency.

(4) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal 1578 identification and investigation shall prepare and furnish to 1579 each law enforcement agency in this state standard forms for 1580 making the annual reports required by division (C)(2) of this 1581 section. The standard forms that the superintendent prepares 1582 pursuant to this division may be in a tangible format, in an 1583 electronic format, or in both a tangible format and an 1584 electronic format. 1585

1557

(5) The annual report required by division (C) (2) of this
section is separate from, and in addition to, any report,
materials, or information required under division (A) of this
section or under any other provision of sections 109.57 to
109.62 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 177.05. A law enforcement trust fund shall be1591established by the organized crime investigations commission for1592the purpose of receiving reimbursement of expenses the organized1593crime investigations commission incurred in the investigation of1594the criminal activity through a task force.1595

There is hereby created in the state treasury the 1596 organized crime law enforcement trust fund. The fund shall 1597 consist of moneys paid to the treasurer of the state for 1598 purposes of this section. All investment earnings on moneys in 1599 the fund shall be credited to the fund. The organized crime 1600 investigations commission shall use the moneys in the fund to 1601 purchase, replace, update, or maintain equipment used by task 1602 forces or law enforcement agencies for the purpose of 1603 investigating organized criminal activity. The organized crime 1604 law enforcement trust fund shall not be used to meet the 1605 operating costs of the organized crime commission. 1606

 Sec. 1331.01. As used in sections 1331.01 to 1331.14 of
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 the Revised Code:
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(A) "Person" includes corporations, partnerships, and
 associations existing under or authorized by any state or
 territory of the United States, and solely for the purpose of
 1611
 the definition of division (B) (C) of this section, a foreign
 1612
 governmental entity.

(B) <u>"Public office" means any state agency, public</u> 1614

institution, political subdivision, or other organized body,	1615
office, agency, institution, or entity established by the laws	1616
of this state for the exercise of any function of government.	1617
"Public office" does not include the nonprofit corporation	1618
formed under section 187.01 of the Revised Code.	1619
(C)(1) "Trust" is a combination of capital, skill, or acts	1620
by two or more persons for any of the following purposes:	1621
(1) <u>(a)</u> To create or carry out restrictions in trade or	1622
commerce;	1623
(2) <u>(</u>b) To limit or reduce the production, or increase or	1624
reduce the price of merchandise or a commodity;	1625
(3) <u>(</u>c) To prevent competition in manufacturing, making,	1626
transportation, sale, or purchase of merchandise, produce, or a	1627
commodity;	1628
commodity; (4)-(d) To fix at a standard or figure, whereby its price	1628 1629
$\frac{(4)}{(d)}$ To fix at a standard or figure, whereby its price	1629
$\frac{(4)}{(d)}$ To fix at a standard or figure, whereby its price to the public or consumer is in any manner controlled or	1629 1630
(4) (d) To fix at a standard or figure, whereby its price to the public or consumer is in any manner controlled or established, an article or commodity of merchandise, produce, or	1629 1630 1631
(4) (d) To fix at a standard or figure, whereby its price to the public or consumer is in any manner controlled or established, an article or commodity of merchandise, produce, or commerce intended for sale, barter, use, or consumption in this	1629 1630 1631 1632
(4)-(d) To fix at a standard or figure, whereby its price to the public or consumer is in any manner controlled or established, an article or commodity of merchandise, produce, or commerce intended for sale, barter, use, or consumption in this state;	1629 1630 1631 1632 1633
<pre>(4)-(d) To fix at a standard or figure, whereby its price to the public or consumer is in any manner controlled or established, an article or commodity of merchandise, produce, or commerce intended for sale, barter, use, or consumption in this state; (5)-(e) To make, enter into, execute, or carry out</pre>	1629 1630 1631 1632 1633 1634
<pre>(4) _ (d) To fix at a standard or figure, whereby its price to the public or consumer is in any manner controlled or established, an article or commodity of merchandise, produce, or commerce intended for sale, barter, use, or consumption in this state;</pre>	1629 1630 1631 1632 1633 1634 1635
<pre>(4) - (d) To fix at a standard or figure, whereby its price to the public or consumer is in any manner controlled or established, an article or commodity of merchandise, produce, or commerce intended for sale, barter, use, or consumption in this state;</pre>	1629 1630 1631 1632 1633 1634 1635 1636
<pre>(4) - (d) To fix at a standard or figure, whereby its price to the public or consumer is in any manner controlled or established, an article or commodity of merchandise, produce, or commerce intended for sale, barter, use, or consumption in this state;</pre>	1629 1630 1631 1632 1633 1634 1635 1636 1637
<pre>(4) - (d) To fix at a standard or figure, whereby its price to the public or consumer is in any manner controlled or established, an article or commodity of merchandise, produce, or commerce intended for sale, barter, use, or consumption in this state; (5) - (e) To make, enter into, execute, or carry out contracts, obligations, or agreements of any kind by which they bind or have bound themselves not to sell, dispose of, or transport an article or commodity, or an article of trade, use, merchandise, commerce, or consumption below a common standard</pre>	1629 1630 1631 1632 1633 1634 1635 1636 1637 1638
(4)—(d) To fix at a standard or figure, whereby its price to the public or consumer is in any manner controlled or established, an article or commodity of merchandise, produce, or commerce intended for sale, barter, use, or consumption in this state; (5)—(e) To make, enter into, execute, or carry out contracts, obligations, or agreements of any kind by which they bind or have bound themselves not to sell, dispose of, or transport an article or commodity, or an article of trade, use, merchandise, commerce, or consumption below a common standard figure or fixed value, or by which they agree in any manner to	1629 1630 1631 1632 1633 1634 1635 1636 1637 1638 1639
<pre>(4)-(d) To fix at a standard or figure, whereby its price to the public or consumer is in any manner controlled or established, an article or commodity of merchandise, produce, or commerce intended for sale, barter, use, or consumption in this state; (5)-(e) To make, enter into, execute, or carry out contracts, obligations, or agreements of any kind by which they bind or have bound themselves not to sell, dispose of, or transport an article or commodity, or an article of trade, use, merchandise, commerce, or consumption below a common standard figure or fixed value, or by which they agree in any manner to keep the price of such article, commodity, or transportation at</pre>	1629 1630 1631 1632 1633 1634 1635 1636 1637 1638 1639 1640

directly or indirectly to preclude a free and unrestricted 1644 competition among themselves, purchasers, or consumers in the 1645 sale or transportation of such article or commodity, or by which 1646 they agree to pool, combine, or directly or indirectly unite any 1647 interests which they have connected with the sale or 1648 transportation of such article or commodity, that its price 1649 might in any manner be affected; 1650

(6) (f)To refuse to buy from, sell to, or trade with any1651person because such person appears on a blacklist issued by, or1652is being boycotted by, any foreign corporate or governmental1653entity.1654

(2) "Trust" also means a combination of capital, skill, or1655acts by two or more bidders or potential bidders, or one or more1656bidders or potential bidders and any person affiliated with a1657public office, to restrain or prevent competition in the letting1658or awarding of any public contract in derogation of any statute,1659ordinance, or rule requiring the use of competitive bidding or1660selection in the letting or awarding of the public contract.1661

(3) "Trust," as defined in this section, does not include 1662 bargaining by a labor organization in negotiating or effecting 1663 contracts with an employer or employer group with reference to 1664 minimum payment to any member of the labor organization for any 1665 motor vehicles owned, driven, and used exclusively by such 1666 member in the performance of his the member's duties of 1667 employment pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement between 1668 the labor organization and the employer or employer group. 1669

(4) A trust as defined in this division (B) of this1670section is unlawful and void.1671

Sec. 1331.04. A violation of sections 1331.01 to 1331.14, 1672

inclusive, of the Revised Code, Every combination, contract, or 1673 agreement in the form of a trust is declared to be a conspiracy 1674 against trade and illegal. No person shall engage in such 1675 conspiracy or take part therein, or aid or advise in its 1676 commission, or, as principal, manager, director, agent, servant, 1677 or employer, or in any other capacity, knowingly carry out any 1678 of the stipulations, purposes, prices, or rates, or furnish any 1679 information to assist in carrying out such purposes, or orders 1680 thereunder, or in pursuance thereof, or in any manner violate 1681 said sections 1331.01 to 1331.14 of the Revised Code. Each day's 1682 violation of this section is a separate offense. 1683 Sec. 1331.17. In carrying out official duties, the 1684 attorney general shall not disclose publicly the facts developed 1685 in an investigation conducted pursuant to this chapter unless 1686 the matter has become a matter of public record in enforcement 1687 proceedings, in public hearings, or other official proceedings, 1688 or unless the person from whom the information has been obtained 1689 consents to the public disclosure. 1690 Sec. 1331.99. (A) (1) Whoever violates section 1331.04 of 1691 the Revised Code is guilty of conspiracy against trade. Except 1692 as provided in division (A)(2) of this section, a conspiracy 1693 against trade is a felony of the fifth degree. 1694 (2) If any of the following conditions apply, the 1695 conspiracy against trade is a felony of the fourth degree: 1696 (a) The amount of the contract or the amount of the sale 1697 of commodities or services involved is seven thousand five 1698 hundred dollars or more. 1699 (b) The conspiracy against trade relates to a contract 1700 with or the sale of commodities or services to or from a local, 1701

state, or federal governmental entity. 1702 (c) The contract or sale of commodities or services 1703 involves, in whole or in part, funding to or from a local, 1704 state, or federal governmental entity. 1705 (B) Whoever violates section 1331.02 or 1331.05 of the 1706 Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree. 1707 (B) (C) Whoever violates section 1331.04 or division (L) 1708 of section 1331.16 of the Revised Code is guilty of a 1709 misdemeanor of the first degree. 1710 (C) (D) Whoever violates section 1331.15 of the Revised 1711 Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree. 1712 Sec. 1345.02. (A) No supplier shall commit an unfair or 1713 deceptive act or practice in connection with a consumer 1714 transaction. Such an unfair or deceptive act or practice by a 1715 supplier violates this section whether it occurs before, during, 1716 or after the transaction. 1717 (B) Without limiting the scope of division (A) of this 1718 section, the act or practice of a supplier in representing any 1719 of the following is deceptive: 1720 (1) That the subject of a consumer transaction has 1721 sponsorship, approval, performance characteristics, accessories, 1722 uses, or benefits that it does not have; 1723 (2) That the subject of a consumer transaction is of a 1724 particular standard, quality, grade, style, prescription, or 1725 model, if it is not; 1726 (3) That the subject of a consumer transaction is new, or 1727 unused, if it is not; 1728

(4) That the subject of a consumer transaction is 1729 available to the consumer for a reason that does not exist; 1730 (5) That the subject of a consumer transaction has been 1731 supplied in accordance with a previous representation, if it has 1732 not, except that the act of a supplier in furnishing similar 1733 merchandise of equal or greater value as a good faith substitute 1734 does not violate this section; 1735 (6) That the subject of a consumer transaction will be 1736 supplied in greater quantity than the supplier intends; 1737 (7) That replacement or repair is needed, if it is not; 1738 (8) That a specific price advantage exists, if it does 1739 not; 1740 (9) That the supplier has a sponsorship, approval, or 1741 affiliation that the supplier does not have; 1742 (10) That a consumer transaction involves or does not 1743 involve a warranty, a disclaimer of warranties or other rights, 1744 remedies, or obligations if the representation is false. 1745 (C) In construing division (A) of this section, the court 1746 shall give due consideration and great weight to federal trade 1747 commission orders, trade regulation rules and guides, and the 1748 federal courts' interpretations of subsection 45 (a)(1) of the 1749 "Federal Trade Commission Act," 38 Stat. 717 (1914), 15 U.S.C.A. 1750 41, as amended. 1751 (D) No supplier shall offer to a consumer or represent 1752 that a consumer will receive a rebate, discount, or other 1753 benefit as an inducement for entering into a consumer 1754 transaction in return for giving the supplier the names of 1755 prospective consumers, or otherwise helping the supplier to 1756

enter into other consumer transactions, if earning the benefit 1757 is contingent upon an event occurring after the consumer enters 1758 into the transaction. 1759

(E)(1) No supplier, in connection with a consumer 1760 transaction involving natural gas service or public 1761 telecommunications service to a consumer in this state, shall 1762 request or submit, or cause to be requested or submitted, a 1763 change in the consumer's provider of natural gas service or 1764 public telecommunications service, without first obtaining, or 1765 causing to be obtained, the verified consent of the consumer. 1766 For the purpose of this division and with respect to public 1767 telecommunications service only, the procedures necessary for 1768 verifying the consent of a consumer shall be those prescribed by 1769 rule by the public utilities commission for public 1770 telecommunications service under division (D) of section 4905.72 1771 of the Revised Code. Also, for the purpose of this division, the 1772 act, omission, or failure of any officer, agent, or other 1773 individual, acting for or employed by another person, while 1774 acting within the scope of that authority or employment, is the 1775 act or failure of that other person. 1776

(2) Consistent with the exclusion, under 47 C.F.R. 1777 64.1100(a)(3), of commercial mobile radio service providers from 1778 the verification requirements adopted in 47 C.F.R. 64.1100, 1779 64.1150, 64.1160, 64.1170, 64.1180, and 64.1190 by the federal 1780 communications commission, division (E)(1) of this section does 1781 not apply to a provider of commercial mobile radio service 1782 insofar as such provider is engaged in the provision of 1783 commercial mobile radio service. However, when that exclusion no 1784 longer is in effect, division (E)(1) of this section shall apply 1785 1786 to such a provider.

(3) The attorney general may initiate criminal proceedings	1787
for a prosecution under division (C) of section 1345.99 of the	1788
Revised Code by presenting evidence of criminal violations to	1789
the prosecuting attorney of any county in which the offense may	1790
be prosecuted. If the prosecuting attorney does not prosecute	1791
the violations, or at the request of the prosecuting attorney,	1792
the attorney general may proceed in the prosecution with all the	1793
rights, privileges, and powers conferred by law on prosecuting	1794
attorneys, including the power to appear before grand juries and	1795
to interrogate witnesses before grand juries.	1796
(F) Concerning a consumer transaction in connection with a	1797
residential mortgage, and without limiting the scope of division	1798
(A) or (B) of this section, the act of a supplier in doing	1799
either of the following is deceptive:	1800
(1) Knowingly failing to provide disclosures required	1801
under state and federal law;	1802
(2) Knowingly providing a disclosure that includes a	1803
material misrepresentation.	1804
(G) Without limiting the scope of division (A) of this	1805
section, the failure of a supplier to obtain or maintain any	1806
registration, license, bond, or insurance required by state law	1807
or local ordinance for the supplier to engage in the supplier's	1808
trade or profession is an unfair or deceptive act or practice.	1809
Sec. 1345.03. (A) No supplier shall commit an	1810
unconscionable act or practice in connection with a consumer	1811
transaction. Such an unconscionable act or practice by a	1812
supplier violates this section whether it occurs before, during,	1813
or after the transaction.	1814
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(B) In determining whether an act or practice is 1815

unconscionable, the following circumstances shall be taken into 1816 consideration: 1817 (1) Whether the supplier has knowingly taken advantage of 1818 the inability of the consumer reasonably to protect the 1819 consumer's interests because of the consumer's physical or 1820 mental infirmities, ignorance, illiteracy, or inability to 1821 understand the language of an agreement; 1822 (2) Whether the supplier knew at the time the consumer 1823 transaction was entered into that the price was substantially in 1824 excess of the price at which similar property or services were 1825 readily obtainable in similar consumer transactions by like 1826 consumers; 1827 (3) Whether the supplier knew at the time the consumer 1828 transaction was entered into of the inability of the consumer to 1829 receive a substantial benefit from the subject of the consumer 1830 1831 transaction; (4) Whether the supplier knew at the time the consumer 1832 transaction was entered into that there was no reasonable 1833 probability of payment of the obligation in full by the 1834 1835 consumer; (5) Whether the supplier required the consumer to enter 1836 into a consumer transaction on terms the supplier knew were 1837 substantially one-sided in favor of the supplier; 1838 (6) Whether the supplier knowingly made a misleading 1839 statement of opinion on which the consumer was likely to rely to 1840 the consumer's detriment; 1841

(7) Whether the supplier has, without justification,
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refused to make a refund in cash or by check for a returned item
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that was purchased with cash or by check, unless the supplier
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had conspicuously posted in the establishment at the time of the 1845 sale a sign stating the supplier's refund policy. 1846 (C) This section does not apply to a consumer transaction 1847 in connection with the origination of a residential mortgage. 1848 Sec. 1345.031. (A) No supplier shall commit an 1849 unconscionable act or practice concerning a consumer transaction 1850 in connection with the origination of a residential mortgage. 1851 Such an unconscionable act or practice by a supplier violates 1852 1853 this section whether it occurs before, during, or after the transaction. 1854 (B) For purposes of division (A) of this section, the 1855 following acts or practices of a supplier in connection with 1856 such a transaction are unconscionable: 1857 (1) Arranging for or making a mortgage loan that provides 1858 for an interest rate applicable after default that is higher 1859 than the interest rate that applies before default, excluding 1860 rates of interest for judgments applicable to the mortgage loan 1861 under section 1343.02 or 1343.03 of the Revised Code and also 1862

excluding interest rate changes in a variable rate loan 1863 transaction otherwise consistent with the provisions of the loan 1864 documents; 1865

(2) Engaging in a pattern or practice of providing 1866 consumer transactions to consumers based predominantly on the 1867 supplier's realization of the foreclosure or liquidation value 1868 of the consumer's collateral without regard to the consumer's 1869 ability to repay the loan in accordance with its terms, provided 1870 that the supplier may use any reasonable method to determine a 1871 borrower's ability to repay; 1872

(3) Making a consumer transaction that permits the

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creditor to demand repayment of the outstanding balance of a 1874 mortgage loan, in advance of the original maturity date unless 1875 the creditor does so in good faith due to the consumer's failure 1876 to abide by the material terms of the loan. 1877

(4) Knowingly replacing, refinancing, or consolidating a 1878 zero interest rate or other low-rate mortgage loan made by a 1879 governmental or nonprofit lender with another loan unless the 1880 current holder of the loan consents in writing to the 1881 refinancing and the consumer presents written certification from 1882 1883 a third party third party nonprofit organization counselor approved by the United States department of housing and urban 1884 development or the superintendent of financial institutions that 1885 the consumer received counseling on the advisability of the loan 1886 transaction. For purposes of division (B)(4) of this section, a 1887 "low-rate mortgage loan" means a mortgage loan that carries a 1888 current interest rate two percentage points or more below the 1889 current yield on United States treasury securities with a 1890 comparable maturity. If the loan's current interest rate is 1891 either a discounted introductory rate or a rate that 1892 automatically steps up over time, the fully indexed rate or the 1893 fully stepped-up rate, as applicable, shall be used, in lieu of 1894 the current rate, to determine whether a loan is a low-rate 1895 1896 mortgage loan.

(5) Instructing the consumer to ignore the supplier's 1897
written information regarding the interest rate and dollar value 1898
of points because they would be lower for the consumer's 1899
consumer transaction; 1900

(6) Recommending or encouraging a consumer to default on a 1901
mortgage or any consumer transaction or revolving credit loan 1902
agreement+. This practice also shall constitute an 1903

unconscionable act or practice in connection with a consumer	1904
transaction under section 1345.03 of the Revised Code.	1905
(7) Observing a late for more than ever with we want to a	1906
(7) Charging a late fee more than once with respect to a	
single late payment. If a late payment fee is deducted from a	1907
payment made on the loan and such deduction causes a subsequent	1908
default on a subsequent payment, no late payment fee may be	1909
imposed for such default. If a late payment fee has been imposed	1910
once with respect to a particular late payment, no such fee may	1911
be imposed with respect to any future payment that would have	1912
been timely and sufficient but for the previous default. <u>This</u>	1913
practice also shall constitute an unconscionable act or practice	1914
in connection with a consumer transaction under section 1345.03	1915
of the Revised Code.	1916
(8) Failing to disclose to the consumer at the closing of	1917
the consumer transaction that a consumer is not required to	1918
complete a consumer transaction merely because the consumer has	1919
received prior estimates of closing costs or has signed an	1920
application and should not close a loan transaction that	1921
contains different terms and conditions than those the consumer	1922
was promised;	1923
(9) Arranging for or making a consumer transaction that	1924
includes terms under which more than two periodic payments	1925

required under the consumer transaction are consolidated and 1926 paid in advance from the loan proceeds provided to the consumer; 1927

(10) Knowingly compensating, instructing, inducing,
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coercing, or intimidating, or attempting to compensate,
instruct, induce, coerce, or intimidate, a person licensed or
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certified under Chapter 4763. of the Revised Code for the
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purpose of corrupting or improperly influencing the independent
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judgment of the person with respect to the value of the dwelling

offered as security for repayment of a mortgage loan; 1934

(11) Financing, directly or indirectly, any credit, life,
disability, or unemployment insurance premiums, any other life
or health insurance premiums, or any debt collection agreement.
1937
Insurance premiums calculated and paid on a monthly basis shall
not be considered financed by the lender.

(12) Knowingly or intentionally engaging in the act or 1940 practice of "flipping" a mortgage loan. "Flipping" a mortgage 1941 loan is making a mortgage loan that refinances an existing 1942 mortgage loan when the new loan does not have reasonable, 1943 tangible net benefit to the consumer considering all of the 1944 circumstances, including the terms of both the new and 1945 refinanced loans, the cost of the new loan, and the consumer's 1946 circumstances. This provision applies regardless of whether the 1947 interest rate, points, fees, and charges paid or payable by the 1948 consumer in connection with the refinancing exceed any 1949 thresholds specified in any section of the Revised Code. 1950

(13) Knowingly taking advantage of the inability of the 1951 consumer to reasonably protect the consumer's interests because 1952 of the consumer's known physical or mental infirmities or 1953 illiteracy; 1954

(14) Entering into the consumer transaction knowing there
was no reasonable probability of payment of the obligation by
the consumer;

(15) Attempting to enforce, by means not limited to a 1958
court action, a prepayment penalty in violation of division (C) 1959
(2) of section 1343.011 of the Revised Code<u>+. This practice also</u> 1960
<u>shall constitute an unconscionable act or practice in connection</u> 1961
with a consumer transaction under section 1345.03 of the Revised 1962

Code. 1963 (16) Engaging in an act or practice deemed unconscionable 1964 by rules adopted by the attorney general pursuant to division 1965 (B)(2) of section 1345.05 of the Revised Code. 1966 (C) (1) Any unconscionable arbitration clause, 1967 unconscionable clause requiring the consumer to pay the 1968 supplier's attorney's fees, or unconscionable liquidated damages 1969 clause included in a mortgage loan contract is unenforceable. 1970 (2) No supplier shall do either of the following: 1971 (a) Attempt to enforce, by means not limited to a court 1972 action, any clause described in division (C)(1) of this section; 1973 (b) By referring to such a clause, attempt to induce the 1974 consumer to take any action desired by the supplier. 1975 Sec. 1345.07. (A) If the attorney general, by the attorney 1976 general's own inquiries or as a result of complaints, has 1977 reasonable cause to believe that a supplier has engaged or is 1978 engaging in an act or practice that violates this chapter, and 1979 that the action would be in the public interest, the attorney 1980 general may bring any of the following: 1981 (1) An action to obtain a declaratory judgment that the 1982 act or practice violates section 1345.02, 1345.03, or 1345.031 1983 of the Revised Code; 1984 (2) (a) An action, with notice as required by Civil Rule 1985 65, to obtain a temporary restraining order, preliminary 1986 injunction, or permanent injunction to restrain the act or 1987 practice. If the attorney general shows by a preponderance of 1988

the evidence that the supplier has violated or is violating 1989 section 1345.02, 1345.03, or 1345.031 of the Revised Code, the 1990 court may issue a temporary restraining order, preliminary 1991 injunction, or permanent injunction to restrain and prevent the 1992 act or practice. 1993

(b) (i) Except as provided in division (A) (2) (b) (ii) of 1994 this section, on motion of the attorney general, or on its own 1995 motion, the court may impose a civil penalty of not more than 1996 five thousand dollars for each day of violation of a temporary 1997 restraining order, preliminary injunction, or permanent 1998 injunction issued under this section, if the supplier received 1999 notice of the action. The civil penalties shall be paid as 2000 provided in division (G) of this section. 2001

(ii) If the court issues under this section a temporary 2002 restraining order, preliminary injunction, or permanent 2003 injunction to restrain and prevent an act or practice that is a 2004 violation of section 1345.02 and division (A) of section 1349.81 2005 of the Revised Code, on motion of the attorney general, or on 2006 its own motion, the court may impose a civil penalty of not less 2007 than five thousand dollars and not more than fifteen thousand 2008 dollars for each day of violation of the temporary restraining 2009 order, preliminary injunction, or permanent injunction, if the 2010 supplier received notice of the action. The civil penalties 2011 shall be paid as provided in division (G) of this section. 2012

(c) Upon the commencement of an action under division (A) 2013 (2) of this section against a supplier who operates under a 2014 license, permit, certificate, commission, or other authorization 2015 issued by the supreme court or by a board, commission, 2016 department, division, or other agency of this state, the 2017 attorney general shall immediately notify the supreme court or 2018 agency that such an action has been commenced against the 2019 supplier. 2020

(3) A class action under Civil Rule 23, as amended, on2021behalf of consumers who have engaged in consumer transactions in2022this state for damage caused by:2023

(a) An act or practice enumerated in division (B) or (D) 2024 or (G) of section 1345.02 of the Revised Code; 2025

(b) Violation of a rule adopted under division (B)(2) of 2026
section 1345.05 of the Revised Code before the consumer 2027
transaction on which the action is based; 2028

(c) An act or practice determined by a court of this state
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to violate section 1345.02, 1345.03, or 1345.031 of the Revised
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Code and committed after the decision containing the
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determination has been made available for public inspection
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under division (A) (3) of section 1345.05 of the Revised Code.

(B) On motion of the attorney general and without bond, in 2034 the attorney general's action under this section, the court may 2035 make appropriate orders, including appointment of a referee or a 2036 receiver, for sequestration of assets, to reimburse consumers 2037 found to have been damaged, to carry out a transaction in 2038 accordance with a consumer's reasonable expectations, to strike 2039 2040 or limit the application of unconscionable clauses of contracts 2041 so as to avoid an unconscionable result, or to grant other appropriate relief. The court may assess the expenses of a 2042 2043 referee or receiver against the supplier.

(C) Any moneys or property recovered by the attorney
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general in an action under this section that cannot with due
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diligence within five years be restored by a referee to
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consumers shall be unclaimed funds reportable under Chapter 169.
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of the Revised Code.

(D) In addition to the other remedies provided in this 2049

section, if the violation is an act or practice that was 2050 declared to be unfair, deceptive, or unconscionable by rule 2051 adopted pursuant to division (B)(2) of section 1345.05 of the 2052 Revised Code before the consumer transaction on which the action 2053 is based occurred or an act or practice that was determined by a 2054 court of this state to violate section 1345.02, 1345.03, or 2055 1345.031 of the Revised Code and committed after the decision 2056 containing the court's determination was made available for 2057 public inspection pursuant to division (A) (3) of section 1345.05 2058 of the Revised Code, the attorney general may request and the 2059 court may impose a civil penalty of not more than twenty-five 2060 thousand dollars against the supplier. The civil penalties shall 2061 be paid as provided in division (G) of this section. 2062

(E) No action may be brought by the attorney general under this section to recover for a transaction more than two years after the occurrence of a violation.

(F) If a court determines that provision has been made for 2066 reimbursement or other appropriate corrective action, insofar as 2067 practicable, with respect to all consumers damaged by a 2068 2069 violation, or in any other appropriate case, the attorney general, with court approval, may terminate enforcement 2070 2071 proceedings brought by the attorney general upon acceptance of an assurance from the supplier of voluntary compliance with 2072 Chapter 1345. of the Revised Code, with respect to the alleged 2073 violation. The assurance shall be filed with the court and 2074 entered as a consent judgment. Except as provided in division 2075 (A) of section 1345.10 of the Revised Code, a consent judgment 2076 is not evidence of prior violation of such chapter. Disregard of 2077 the terms of a consent judgment entered upon an assurance shall 2078 be treated as a violation of an injunction issued under this 2079 section. 2080

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(G) Civil penalties ordered pursuant to divisions (A) and
(D) of this section shall be paid as follows: one-fourth of the
amount to the treasurer of the county in which the action is
brought and three-fourths to the consumer protection enforcement
2083
fund created by section 1345.51 of the Revised Code.

(H) The remedies available to the attorney general under 2086 this section are cumulative and concurrent, and the exercise of 2087 one remedy by the attorney general does not preclude or require 2088 the exercise of any other remedy. The attorney general is not 2089 required to use any procedure set forth in section 1345.06 of 2090 the Revised Code prior to the exercise of any remedy set forth 2091 in this section. 2092

Sec. 1345.21. As used in sections 1345.21 to 1345.28 of the Revised Code:

(A) "Home solicitation sale" means a sale of consumer 2095 goods or services in which the seller or a person acting for the 2096 seller engages in a personal solicitation of the sale at a 2097 residence of the buyer, including solicitations in response to 2098 or following an invitation by the buyer, and the buyer's 2099 2100 agreement or offer to purchase is there given to the seller or a person acting for the seller, or in which the buyer's agreement 2101 or offer to purchase is made at a place other than the seller's 2102 place of business. It does not include a transaction or 2103 transactions in which: 2104

(1) The total purchase price to be paid by the buyer, 2105
whether under single or multiple contracts, is less than twenty- 2106
five dollars; 2107

(2) The transaction was conducted and consummated entirelyby mail or by telephone if initiated by the buyer, and without2109

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any other contact between the seller or the seller's 2110 representative prior to the delivery of goods or performance of 2111 the service; 2112

(3) The final agreement is made pursuant to prior
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negotiations in the course of a visit by the buyer to a retail
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business establishment having a fixed permanent location where
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the goods are exhibited or the services are offered for sale on
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a continuing basis;

(4) The buyer initiates the contact between the parties
for the purpose of negotiating a purchase and the seller has a
business establishment at a fixed location in this state where
the goods or services involved in the transaction are regularly
offered or exhibited for sale.

Advertisements by such a seller in newspapers, magazines,2123catalogues, radio, or television do not constitute the seller2124initiation of the contact.2125

2126 (5) The buyer initiates the contact between the parties, the goods or services are needed to meet a bona fide immediate 2127 personal emergency of the buyer which will jeopardize the 2128 welfare, health, or safety of natural persons, or endanger 2129 2130 property which the buyer owns or for which the buyer is responsible, and the buyer furnishes the seller with a separate, 2131 2132 dated, and signed statement in the buyer's handwriting describing the situation requiring immediate remedy and 2133 expressly acknowledging and waiving the right to cancel the sale 2134 within three business days; 2135

(6) The buyer has initiated the contact between theparties and specifically requested the seller to visit thebuyer's home for the purpose of repairing or performing2138

maintenance upon the buyer's personal property. If, in the 2139
course of such a visit, the seller sells the buyer additional 2140
services or goods other than replacement parts necessarily used 2141
in performing the maintenance or in making the repairs, the sale 2142
of those additional goods or services does not fall within this 2143
exclusion. 2144

(7) The buyer is accorded the right of rescission by the
"Consumer Credit Protection Act," (1968) 82 Stat. 152, 15 U.S.C.
1635, or regulations adopted pursuant to it.
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(B) "Sale" includes a lease or rental.

(C) "Seller" includes a lessor or anyone offering goods2149for rent.

(D) "Buyer" includes a lessee or anyone who gives a 2151consideration for the privilege of using goods. 2152

(E) "Consumer goods or services" means goods or services
purchased, leased, or rented primarily for personal, family, or
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household purposes, including courses or instruction or training
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regardless of the purpose for which they are taken.

(F) "Consumer goods or services" does not include goods or 2157services pertaining to any of the following: 2158

(1) Sales or rentals of real property by a real estate
broker or salesperson, or by a foreign real estate dealer or
salesperson, who is licensed by the Ohio real estate commission
under Chapter 4735. of the Revised Code;
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(2) The sale of securities or commodities by a broker-2163dealer registered with the securities and exchange commission;2164

(3) The sale of securities or commodities by a securities2165dealer or salesperson licensed by the division of securities2166

under Chapter 1707. of the Revised Code; 2167 (4) The sale of insurance by a person licensed by the 2168 superintendent of insurance; 2169 (5) Goods sold or services provided by automobile dealers 2170 and salespersons licensed by the registrar of motor vehicles 2171 under Chapter 4517. of the Revised Code; 2172 (6) The sale of property at an auction by an auctioneer 2173 licensed by the department of agriculture under Chapter 4707. of 2174 the Revised Code. 2175 (G) "Purchase price" means the total cumulative price of 2176 the consumer goods or services, including all interest and 2177 service charges. 2178 (H) "Place of business" means the main office, or a 2179 permanent branch office or permanent local address of a seller. 2180 (I) "Business day" means any calendar day except Sunday, 2181 or the following business holidays: New Year's day, <u>Martin</u> 2182 Luther King day, Presidents' day, Memorial day, Independence 2183 day, Labor day, Columbus day, Veterans day, Thanksgiving day, 2184 and Christmas day. 2185 Sec. 1345.23. (A) Every home solicitation sale shall be 2186 evidenced by a written agreement or offer to purchase in the 2187 same language as that principally used in the oral sales 2188 presentation and shall contain the name and address of the 2189 seller. The seller shall present the writing to the buyer and 2190 obtain the buyer's signature to it. The writing shall state the 2191

date on which the buyer actually signs. The seller shall leave

with the buyer a copy of the writing which has been signed by

the seller and complies with division (B) of this section.

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cancelled.

(B) In connection with every home solicitation solicitation 2195 sale: 2196 (1) The following statement shall appear clearly and 2197 conspicuously on the copy of the contract left with the buyer in 2198 bold-face type of the minimum size of ten points, in 2199 substantially the following form and in immediate proximity to 2200 the space reserved in the contract for the signature of the 2201 buyer: "You, the buyer, may cancel this transaction at any time 2202 prior to midnight of the third business business day after the 2203 date of this transaction. See the attached notice of 2204 cancellation for an explanation of this right." 2205 (2) A completed form, in duplicate, captioned "notice of 2206 cancellation", shall be attached to the contract signed by the 2207 buyer and be easily detachable, and shall contain in ten-point, 2208 bold-face type, the following information and statements in the 2209 same language as that used in the contract: 2210 NOTICE OF CANCELLATION 2211 (enter date of transaction) 2212 2213 2214 (Date) You may cancel this transaction, without any penalty or 2215 obligation, within three business days from the above date. 2216 If you cancel, any property traded in, any payments made by you 2217 under the contract or sale, and any negotiable instrument 2218 executed by you will be returned within ten business days 2219 following receipt by the seller of your cancellation notice, and 2220 any security interest arising out of the transaction will be 2221

If you cancel, you must make available to the seller at your 2223 residence, in substantially as good condition as when received, 2224 any goods delivered to you under this contract or sale; or you 2225 may if you wish, comply with the instructions of the seller 2226 regarding the return shipment of the goods at the seller's 2227 2228 expense and risk. If you do make the goods available to the seller and the seller 2229 does not pick them up within twenty days of the date of your 2230 notice of cancellation, you may retain or dispose of the goods 2231 without any further obligation. If you fail to make the goods 2232 available to the seller, or if you agree to return the goods to 2233 the seller and fail to do so, then you remain liable for 2234 performance of all obligations under the contract. 2235 To cancel this transaction, mail, with return receipt requested, 2236 or deliver, in person or manually, a signed and dated copy of 2237 this cancellation notice or any other written notice of 2238 cancellation, or send a telegram notice by facsimile 2239 transmission or electronic mail, to (Name of 2240 seller), at (address, electronic mail address, 2241 or facsimile number of seller's place of business) not later 2242 than midnight of (Date) 2243 I hereby cancel this transaction. 2244 2245 Date 2246 (Buyer's signature) 2247 2248

(3) Before furnishing copies of the notice of cancellation2249to the buyer, the seller shall complete both copies by entering2250

the name of the seller, the address, electronic mail address, or2251facsimile numberof the seller's place of business, the date of2252the transaction which is the date the buyer signed the contract2253and the date, not earlier than the third business day following2254the date of the transaction, by which the buyer may give notice2255of cancellation.2256

(4) A home solicitation sales contract which contains the 2257 notice of buyer's right to cancel and notice of cancellation in 2258 the form and language provided in the federal trade commission's 2259 trade regulation rule providing a cooling-off period for door-2260 to-door sales shall be deemed to comply with the requirements of 2261 divisions (B)(1), (2), and (3) of this section with respect to 2262 the form and language of such notices so long as the federal 2263 trade commission language provides at least equal information to 2264 the consumer concerning his the consumer's right to cancel as is 2265 required by divisions (B)(1), (2), and (3) of this section. 2266

(C) Until the seller has complied with divisions (A) and 2267 (B) of this section the buyer may cancel the home solicitation 2268 sale by notifying delivering to the seller by mailing, 2269 delivering, or telegraphing certified mail, return receipt 2270 requested, personal or manual delivery, facsimile transmission, 2271 2272 or electronic mail, written notice to the seller of his the <u>buyer's</u> intention to cancel. The three-<u>-</u>day period prescribed by 2273 section 1345.22 of the Revised Code begins to run from the time 2274 the seller complies with divisions (A) and (B) of this section. 2275

(D) In connection with any home solicitation sale, no 2276 seller shall: 2277

(1) Include in any home solicitation sales contract, any 2278
 confession of judgment or any waiver of any rights to which the 2279
 buyer is entitled under this section, including specifically his 2280

qoods.

the buyer's right to cancel the sale in accordance with this 2282 section. (2) Fail to inform each buyer orally, at the time he signs 2283 of signing the contract for the goods or services, of his the 2284 buyer's right to cancel. 2285 (3) Misrepresent in any manner the buyer's right to 2286 cancel. 2287 2288 (4) Fail or refuse to honor any valid notice of cancellation by a buyer and within ten business days after 2289 receipt of such notice to: 2290 (a) Refund all payments made under the contract or sale; 2291 2292 (b) Return any goods or property traded in, in substantially as good condition as when received by the seller; 2293 (c) Cancel and return any note, negotiable instrument, or 2294 other evidence of indebtedness executed by the buyer in 2295 connection with the contract or sale and take any action 2296 necessary or appropriate to reflect the termination of any 2297 security interest or lien created under the sale or offer to 2298 purchase. 2299 (5) Negotiate, transfer, sell, or assign any note or other 2300 evidence of indebtedness to a finance company or other third 2301 party prior to midnight of the fifth business day following the 2302 day the contract for the goods or services was signed. 2303 (6) Fail to notify the buyer, within ten business days of 2304 receipt of the buyer's notice of cancellation, whether the 2305 seller intends to repossess or abandon any shipped or delivered 2306

Sec. 1345.24. In a home solicitation sale, the seller 2308

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shall retain, for the period in which an action to enforce the 2309 sale could be commenced, any notice of cancellation made 2310 pursuant to section 1345.22 of the Revised Code. The seller 2311 shall also retain the any envelope in which any a notice of 2312 cancellation is sent or delivered. If the date of delivery is 2313 not indicated or recorded on the notice of cancellation or on 2314 the envelope, the seller shall record the date of delivery on 2315 the notice of cancellation. 2316

Sec. 1345.43. (A) In addition to any right otherwise to 2317 revoke an offer or to terminate or cancel a sale or contract, 2318 the buyer has the right to cancel a prepaid entertainment 2319 contract until midnight of the third business day after the date 2320 on which the first service under the contract is available, and 2321 if the facility or service that is the subject of the contract 2322 is not available at the time that the buyer signs the contract, 2323 the buyer has until midnight of the seventh business day after 2324 the date on which the first service under the contract is 2325 available to cancel the contract. Cancellation is evidenced by 2326 the buyer giving written notice of cancellation to the seller at 2327 the address of any facility available for use by the buyer under 2328 the contract, the seller's electronic mail address, or the 2329 seller's facsimile number. The buyer shall deliver the notice by 2330 telegram, manual delivery, personal delivery, or by certified 2331 mail delivery, return receipt requested, electronic mail, or 2332 facsimile transmission. Notice of cancellation by certified mail 2333 delivery shall be effective upon the date of post marking. 2334 Telegram Electronic mail delivery is effective when the telegram 2335 electronic mail is ordered sent to the seller's electronic mail 2336 address. Facsimile delivery is effective when the facsimile is 2337 sent to the seller's facsimile number and the consumer has 2338 received confirmation of the facsimile transmission. Manual 2339

delivery or personal delivery is effective when delivered to the 2340 seller or to the seller's address, whichever comes first. Notice 2341 of cancellation need not take a particular form and is 2342 sufficient if it indicates, by any form of written expression, 2343 the intention of the buyer not to be bound by the contract. 2344 Notice of the buyer's right to cancel must appear on all notes 2345 or other evidence of indebtedness given pursuant to any prepaid 2346 entertainment contract. 2347

Sec. 1345.44. (A) Every prepaid entertainment contract 2348 shall state the date on which the buyer actually signs. The 2349 seller shall give the buyer a copy of the contract that has been 2350 signed by the seller and complies with division (B) of this 2351 section. 2352

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(B) All of the following apply to any prepaid2353entertainment contract:2354
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(1) A completed form, in duplicate, captioned "notice of
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 cancellation," shall be attached to the contract signed by the
 2356
 buyer and be easily detachable and shall contain in ten-point
 2357
 boldface type, the following statement:

"NOTICE OF CANCELLATION

(Enter date of contract)

(Date)

You may cancel this contract for any reason at any time 2363 prior to midnight of the third business day after the date on 2364 which the first service under the contract is available, and if 2365 the facility or services that is the subject of the contract is 2366 not available when you sign the contract, you may cancel the 2367

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contract at any time prior to midnight of the seventh business 2368 day after the date on which you receive your first service under 2369 the contract. If you cancel within this period, the seller must 2370 send you a full refund of any money you have paid, except that a 2371 reasonable expense fee not to exceed ten dollars may be charged 2372 if you have received your first service under the contract. The 2373 seller must also cancel and return to you within twenty business 2374 2375 days any papers that you have signed.

To cancel this contract you must deliver in person, 2376 manually, or by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by 2377 facsimile transmission, the signed and dated copy of this 2378 cancellation notice or any other written notice of cancellation, 2379 or send a telegram an electronic mail message, to (name of 2380 seller), at (the address of any facility of the seller available 2381 for use by you the buyer, the seller's facsimile number, or the 2382 seller's electronic mail address) not later than midnight of the 2383 third business day after the date on which the first service 2384 under the contract is available, and if the facility or service 2385 that is the subject of the contract is not available when the 2386 contract was signed, not later than midnight of the seventh 2387 business day after the date on which the first service under the 2388 contract is available. 2389

I hereby cancel this contract.

(Date)

..... 2393

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(Buyer's signature)" 2394

(2) Before furnishing copies of the notice of cancellation2395to the buyer, the seller shall complete both copies by entering2396

the name of the seller, the address of the seller's place of	2397
business facility available for use by the buyer, the seller's	2398
facsimile number, or the seller's electronic mail address, and	2399
the date of the contract.	2400
	2400
(C) Until the seller has complied with this section, the	2401
buyer may cancel the contract by delivering to the seller by	2402
certified mail, personal or manual delivery, <u>facsimile</u>	2403
<u>transmission,</u> or telegraphing <u>electronic mail</u>, written notice<u>to</u>	2404
<u>the seller</u> of <u>his the buyer's</u> intention to cancel. The period	2405
within which the buyer may cancel the contract prescribed by	2406
this section begins to run from the time of the seller complies	2407
with divisions (A) and (B) of this section.	2408
(D) In any prepaid entertainment contract no seller shall:	2409
(1) Include in any contract, any confession of judgment or	2410
any waiver of any rights to which the buyer is entitled under	2411
this section, including specifically his the right to cancel the	2412
contract in accordance with this section;	2413
(2) Fail to inform each buyer orally, at the time he signs	2414
of signing the contract, of <u>his the</u> right to cancel;	2415
(3) Misrepresent in any manner the buyer's right to	2416
<pre>cancel;</pre>	2417
(4) Fail or refuse to honor any valid notice of	2418
cancellation by a buyer and within ten business days after	2419
receipt of the notice to:	2420
(a) Refund all payments made under the contract, except	2421
that if the buyer has received his the buyer's first service	2422
under the contract the seller may retain or bill the buyer for	2423
ten dollars;	2424

(b) Cancel and return any note, negotiable instrument, or 2425 other evidence of indebtedness executed by the buyer in 2426 connection with the contract and take any action necessary to 2427 reflect the termination of any security interest or lien created 2428 under the contract; 2429

(c) Notify the buyer if the seller intends to repossess or 2430
abandon any evidence of membership or other goods provided to 2431
the buyer by the seller pursuant to the contract. 2432

(E) If there is in effect an earlier prepaid entertainment
contract, this section and section 1345.43 of the Revised Code
apply to a transaction in which the seller and the buyer enter
into a new prepaid entertainment contract, or a modification of
2433
the earlier contract.

Sec. 1349.43. (A) As used in this section, "loan officer,"2438"mortgage broker," and "nonbank mortgage lender" have the same2439meanings as in section 1345.01 of the Revised Code.2440

(B) The department of commerce shall establish and2441maintain an electronic database accessible through the internet2442that contains information on all of the following:2443

(1) The enforcement actions taken by the superintendent of
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financial institutions for each violation of or failure to
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comply with any provision of sections 1322.01 to 1322.12 of the
Revised Code, upon final disposition of the action;
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(2) The enforcement actions taken by the attorney general
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 under Chapter 1345. of the Revised Code against loan officers,
 2449
 mortgage brokers, and nonbank mortgage lenders, upon final
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 disposition of each action;
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(3) All judgments by courts of this state, concerning2452which appellate remedies have been exhausted or lost by the2453

following: 2455 (a) A violation of any provision of sections 1322.01 to 2456 1322.12 of the Revised Code; 2457 (b) That specific acts or practices by a loan officer, 2458 mortgage broker, or nonbank mortgage lender violate section 2459 1345.02, 1345.03, or 1345.031 of the Revised Code. 2460 2461 (C) The attorney general shall submit to notify the department, on the first day of each January, April, July, and 2462 October, a list of all enforcement actions and judgments 2463 described in divisions (B)(2) and (3)(b) of this section. 2464 (D) The department may adopt rules in accordance with 2465 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code that are necessary to implement 2466 this section. 2467 2468 (E) The electronic database maintained by the department in accordance with this section shall not include information 2469 that, pursuant to section 1322.061 of the Revised Code, is 2470 confidential. 2471 Sec. 1716.02. (A) Every charitable organization, except 2472 those exempted under section 1716.03 of the Revised Code, that 2473 intends to solicit contributions in this state by any means or 2474 have contributions solicited in this state on its behalf by any 2475 other person, charitable organization, commercial co-venturer, 2476 or professional solicitor, or that participates in a charitable 2477 sales promotion, prior to engaging in any of these activities 2478

expiration of the time for appeal, finding either of the

sales promotion, prior to engaging in any of these activities2478and annually thereafter, shall file a registration statement2479with the attorney general upon a form prescribed by the attorney2480general. Each chapter, branch, or affiliate of a charitable2481organization that is required to file a registration statement2482

under this section either shall file a separate registration 2483 statement or report the necessary information to its parent 2484 charitable organization that then shall file a consolidated 2485 registration statement. The annual registration statement shall 2486 be refiled on or before the fifteenth day of the fifth calendar 2487 month after the close of each fiscal year in which the 2488 charitable organization solicited in this state, or by the date 2489 of any applicable extension of the federal filing date, 2490 whichever is later. No charitable organization that is required 2491 2492 to register under this chapter prior to registration, shall solicit contributions in this state by any means, have 2493 contributions solicited in this state on its behalf by any other 2494 person, charitable organization, commercial co-venturer, or 2495 professional solicitor, or participate in a charitable sales 2496 promotion. 2497

(B) The registration statement shall be signed and sworn
to under penalties of perjury by the treasurer or chief fiscal
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officer of the charitable organization and shall contain the
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following information:

(1) The name of the charitable organization, the purpose 2502
for which it is organized, and the name or names under which it 2503
intends to solicit contributions; 2504

(2) The address and telephone number of the principal 2505 place of business of the charitable organization and the address 2506 and telephone number of every office, chapter, branch, or 2507 affiliate of the charitable organization located in this state 2508 or, if the charitable organization does not maintain an office 2509 in this state, the name, address, and telephone number of the 2510 person that has custody of its financial records; 2511

(3) The names and addresses of the officers, directors, 2512

trustees, and executive personnel of the charitable

2514 organization; (4) The annual financial report of the charitable 2515 organization for the immediately preceding fiscal year as 2516 required under section 1716.04 of the Revised Code; 2517 (5) The last day of the fiscal year for the charitable 2518 2519 organization; 2520 (6) A statement of whether the charitable organization is 2521 registered with or otherwise authorized by any other 2522 governmental authority in this state or another state to solicit 2523 contributions; (7) A statement of whether the charitable organization has 2524 had its registration or authority denied, suspended, revoked, or 2525 enjoined by any court or other governmental authority in this 2526 state or another state; 2527 (8) A statement of whether the charitable organization 2528 intends to solicit contributions from the public directly by 2529 using its own resources or to have solicitations made on its 2530 behalf through the use of another charitable organization, fund-2531 raising counsel, professional solicitors, or commercial co-2532 2533 venturers; (9) The names, addresses, and the telephone numbers of any 2534 other charitable organization, fund-raising counsel, 2535 professional solicitors, and commercial co-venturers who act or 2536 will act on behalf of the charitable organization, together with 2537 a statement setting forth the specific terms of the arrangements 2538 for salaries, bonuses, commissions, expenses, or other 2539 remunerations to be paid the other charitable organization, 2540 fund-raising counsel, professional solicitors, and commercial 2541

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co-venturers. If any of the information required by division (B)	2542
(9) of this section is not available at the time of	2543
registration, that information shall be submitted to the	2544
attorney general at a later date but before any solicitation	2545
occurs.	2546
(10) The charitable purpose or purposes for which the	2547
contributions to be solicited will be used;	2548
(11) The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the	2549
persons within the charitable organization that will have final	2550
responsibility for the custody of the contributions;	2551
(12) The names of the persons within the charitable	2552
organization that will be responsible for the final distribution	2553
of the contributions;	2554
(13) The period of time during which, and the counties in	2555
which, the solicitation is planned to be conducted;	2556
(14) A schedule of the activities carried on by the	2557
charitable organization in the performance of its purposes;	2558
(15) Any other information that the attorney general may,	2559
by rule, require.	2560
(C)(1) With the initial registration only, every	2561
charitable organization that is required to register under this	2562
chapter also shall file with the attorney general the following:	2563
(a) A copy of the current charter, articles of	2564
incorporation, agreement of association, instrument of trust,	2565
constitution, or other organizational instrument, and a copy of	2566
the bylaws of the charitable organization;	2567
(b) A statement setting forth the place where and the date	2568
when the charitable organization was legally established, the	2569

form of its organization, and its tax exempt status, with a copy 2570 of its federal tax exemption determination letter. 2571

(2) (a) With the next annual registration statement filed
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after its adoption, the charitable organization shall file with
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the attorney general a copy of any amendment to its
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organizational instrument as specified in division (C) (1) (a) of
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this section and a copy of any amendment to its bylaws.
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(b) Within thirty days after its receipt, the charitable 2577 organization shall file with the attorney general a copy of any 2578 federal tax exemption determination letter or any correspondence 2579 rescinding its tax exempt status that is received after the 2580 initial registration. Not later than thirty days after being 2581 notified by the internal revenue service of any challenge to or 2582 investigation of its continued entitlement to federal tax 2583 exemption, the charitable organization shall notify the attorney 2584 general of this fact. 2585

(D)(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(2) of this section, every charitable organization that is required to register under this chapter shall pay the following fees with each registration:

(a) Fifty dollars, if the contributions received for the
last calendar or fiscal year were five thousand dollars or more
but less than twenty-five thousand dollars;
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(b) One hundred dollars, if the contributions received for
(b) One hundred dollars, if the contributions received for
(c) 2593
(c) 2594
(c) 2594
(c) 2595

(c) Two hundred dollars, if the contributions received for2596the last calendar or fiscal year were fifty thousand dollars or2597more.

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(2) A charitable organization that is required to register
 under this chapter and whose contributions received for the last
 calendar or fiscal year were less than five thousand dollars
 shall not pay any registration fee.

(3) The amount of registration fees that a charitable 2603 organization is required to pay under division (D)(1) of this 2604 section shall be based on the amount of contributions that it 2605 receives from persons in this state. If, for any reporting year, 2606 a charitable organization cannot determine from its records the 2607 exact amount of contributions it received from persons in this 2608 state, it shall compute the amount of the registration fee upon 2609 the estimated amount of contributions it received from persons 2610 in this state, with the estimated amount to be explained in 2611 writing at the time the registration fee is paid. At the request 2612 of the attorney general, the charitable organization shall 2613 substantiate the estimated amount of contributions it received 2614 from persons in this state. 2615

(4) All registration fees shall be paid into the state
treasury to the credit of the charitable law fund established
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under section 109.32 of the Revised Code.
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(5) Any charitable organization that fails to pay the fee 2619 required by this section at the time required shall pay an 2620 additional fee of two hundred dollars, except that the attorney 2621 general may waive the two-hundred-dollar fee upon a showing that 2622 the charitable organization failed to pay the fee for filing the 2623 annual registration statement at the time reguired by this 2624 section for reasons that were beyond the control of the 2625 charitable organization. If the charitable organization is 2626 required to pay an additional fee under section 109.31 of the 2627 Revised Code, the charitable organization is exempt from paying 2628

the additional fee in this section.

Sec. 1716.05. (A) No person shall act as a fund-raising 2630 counsel unless the person first has complied with the 2631 requirements of this chapter and any rules adopted under this 2632 chapter. 2633

(B) Any fund-raising counsel that at any time has custody2634of contributions from a solicitation shall do all of the2635following:

(1) Register with the attorney general. Applications for 2637 registration or renewal of registration shall be in writing, 2638 under oath, and in the form prescribed by the attorney general, 2639 and shall be accompanied by a fee in the amount of two hundred 2640 dollars. Any corporation, partnership, association, or other 2641 2642 entity that intends to act as a fund-raising counsel may register for and pay a single fee of two hundred dollars on 2643 behalf of all its members, officers, employees, and agents. In 2644 that case, the names and addresses of all the officers, 2645 employees, and agents of the fund-raising counsel and all other 2646 persons with whom the fund-raising counsel has contracted to 2647 work under its direction shall be listed in the application. The 2648 application shall contain any other information that the 2649 attorney general may require. The registration or renewal of 2650 registration shall be for a period of one year or part of one 2651 year and shall expire on the thirty-first day of March of each 2652 year. All fees prescribed in this division shall be paid into 2653 the state treasury to the credit of the charitable law fund 2654 established under section 109.32 of the Revised Code. 2655

(2) At the time of making an application for registration
 2656
 or renewal of registration, file with and have approved by the
 2657
 attorney general a bond in which the fund-raising counsel shall
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be the principal obligor, in the sum of twenty-five thousand 2659 dollars, with one or more sureties authorized to do business in 2660 this state. The fund-raising counsel shall maintain the bond in 2661 effect as long as the registration is in effect; however, the 2662 2663 liability of the surety under the bond shall not exceed an alltime aggregate liability of twenty-five thousand dollars. The 2664 bond, which may be in the form of a rider to a larger blanket 2665 liability bond, shall run to the state and to any person who may 2666 have a cause of action against the principal obligor of the bond 2667 for any liability arising out of a violation by the obligor of 2668 any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted pursuant to 2669 this chapter. 2670

(3) Not later than ninety days after a solicitation 2671 campaign has been completed and on the anniversary of the 2672 commencement of a solicitation campaign lasting more than one 2673 year, furnish an accounting of all contributions collected and 2674 expenses paid, to the charitable organization with which the 2675 fund-raising counsel has contracted. The accounting shall be in 2676 writing and shall be retained by the charitable organization for 2677 three years. The fund-raising counsel shall file a copy of the 2678 accounting with the attorney general not later than seven days 2679 after it is furnished to the charitable organization. 2680

(4) Not later than two days after receipt of each 2681 contribution, deposit the entire amount of the contribution in 2682 an account at a bank or other federally insured financial 2683 institution which shall be in the name of the charitable 2684 organization with which the fund-raising counsel has contracted. 2685 Each contribution collected by the fund-raising counsel shall be 2686 solely in the name of that charitable organization. The 2687 charitable organization shall have sole control of all 2688 withdrawals from the account and the fund-raising counsel shall 2689

not be given the authority to withdraw any deposited funds from 2690 the account. 2691

(5) During each solicitation campaign and for not less
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than three years after its completion, maintain the following
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records that shall be made available to the attorney general
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upon the attorney general's request:
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(a) A record of each contribution that at any time is in
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the custody of the fund-raising counsel, including the name and
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address of each contributor and the date and amount of the
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contribution, provided that the attorney general shall not
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disclose that information except to the extent necessary for
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investigative or law enforcement purposes;

(b) The location of each bank or financial institution in
 which the fund-raising counsel has deposited revenue from the
 solicitation campaign and the account number of each account in
 which the deposits were made.
 2702

(C) Unless otherwise provided in this section, any change
 in any information filed with the attorney general pursuant to
 2707
 this section shall be reported in writing to the attorney
 2708
 general within seven days after the change occurs.

(D) No person shall serve as a fund-raising counsel, or be
a member, officer, employee, or agent of any fund-raising
counsel, who has been convicted in the last five years of either
2712
of the following:

(1) Any violation of this chapter or any rule adopted
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under this chapter, or of any charitable solicitation
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legislation or regulation of a political subdivision of this
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state or charitable solicitation law of any other jurisdiction
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that is similar to this chapter;

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(E) The information provided under this section to the attorney general by a fund-raising counsel shall be included in the reports and files required to be compiled and maintained by the attorney general pursuant to divisions (E) and (F) of

section 1716.08 of the Revised Code.

(2) A felony in this or another state.

(F) If a fund-raising counsel fails to comply in a timely 2725 or complete manner with any of the requirements under this 2726 section, the fund-raising counsel is liable for and, in addition 2727 to any fee required in this section, shall pay two hundred 2728 dollars for each late filing. Each registration, renewal of 2729 registration, bond, or accounting shall be considered a separate 2730 filing for the purposes of this section. Any fees required by 2731 this section are in addition to, and not in place of, penalties_ 2732 prescribed in this chapter. 2733

Sec. 1716.07. (A) No professional solicitor shall engage in any solicitation unless it has complied with the requirements of this chapter and any rules adopted under this chapter.

(B) Every professional solicitor, before engaging in any 2737 solicitation, shall register with the attorney general. 2738 Applications for registration or renewal of registration shall 2739 be in writing, under oath, and in the form prescribed by the 2740 attorney general, and shall be accompanied by a fee in the 2741 amount of two hundred dollars. Any corporation, partnership, 2742 association, or other entity that intends to act as a 2743 professional solicitor may register for and pay a single fee of 2744 two hundred dollars on behalf of all its members, officers, 2745 employees, agents, and solicitors. In that case, the names and 2746 addresses of all the officers, employees, and agents of the 2747 professional solicitor and all other persons with whom the 2748

professional solicitor has contracted to work under its 2749 2750 direction, including solicitors, shall be listed in the application or furnished to the attorney general within five 2751 days of the date of employment or contractual arrangement. The 2752 application shall contain any other information that the 2753 attorney general may require. The registration shall be for a 2754 period of one year or part of one year and shall expire on the 2755 thirty-first day of March of each year. Upon application and 2756 payment of the fee specified in this division and filing of the 2757 bond prescribed in division (C) of this section, the 2758 registration may be renewed for additional one-year periods. All 2759 fees prescribed in this division shall be paid into the state 2760 treasury to the credit of the charitable law fund established 2761 under section 109.32 of the Revised Code. 2762

(C) At the time of making an application for registration 2763 or renewal of registration, the professional solicitor shall 2764 file with and have approved by the attorney general a bond in 2765 which the professional solicitor shall be the principal obligor, 2766 in the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, with one or more 2767 sureties authorized to do business in this state. The 2768 professional solicitor shall maintain the bond in effect as long 2769 as the registration is in effect; however, the liability of the 2770 surety under the bond shall not exceed an all-time aggregate 2771 liability of twenty-five thousand dollars. The bond, which may 2772 be in the form of a rider to a larger blanket liability bond, 2773 shall run to the state and to any person who may have a cause of 2774 action against the principal obligor of the bond for any 2775 liability arising out of a violation by the obligor of any 2776 provision of this chapter or any rule adopted pursuant to this 2777 chapter. 2778

(D)(1) Prior to the commencement of any solicitation, the 2779

professional solicitor shall file all of the following with the	2780
attorney general:	2781
(a) A completed document called "Solicitation Notice" upon	2782
a form prescribed by the attorney general and containing all of	2783
the information specified in division (D)(2) of this section;	2784
(b) A copy of the contract described in division (A) of	2785
section 1716.08 of the Revised Code;	2786
(c) A sworn statement by the charitable organization on	2787
whose behalf the professional solicitor is acting certifying	2788
that the solicitation notice and any accompanying material are	2789
true and correct to the best of its knowledge.	2790
(2) The solicitation notice shall include all of the	2791
following:	2792
(a) The fund-raising methods to be used;	2793
(b) The projected dates when the solicitation will	2794
commence and terminate;	2795
(c) The location and telephone number from where the	2796
solicitation will be conducted if it will be conducted by	2797
telephone;	2798
(d) The name and residence address of each person	2799
responsible for directing and supervising the conduct of the	2800
solicitation campaign;	2801
(e) A statement of whether the professional solicitor will	2802
at any time have custody of any contributions;	2803
(f) A full and fair description of the charitable program	2804
for which the solicitation campaign is being carried out;	2805
(g) The written and signed consent of every charitable	2806

organization on whose behalf the professional solicitor will be 2807 soliciting contributions or whose name will be mentioned during 2808 the solicitation. 2809

(E) Not later than ninety days after a solicitation 2810 campaign has been completed and on the anniversary of the 2811 commencement of a solicitation campaign lasting more than one 2812 year, the professional solicitor shall provide to the charitable 2813 organization and file with the attorney general a financial 2814 report of the campaign, including the gross revenue received and 2815 2816 an itemization of all expenses incurred. The report shall be completed on a form prescribed by the attorney general and 2817 signed by an authorized official of the professional solicitor 2818 who shall certify under oath that the report is true and 2819 correct. 2820

(F) Each contribution collected by or in the custody of 2821 the professional solicitor shall be solely in the name of the 2822 charitable organization on whose behalf the contribution was 2823 solicited. Not later than two days after receipt of each 2824 contribution, the professional solicitor shall deposit the 2825 entire amount of the contribution in an account at a bank or 2826 other federally insured financial institution, which shall be in 2827 the name of that charitable organization. The charitable 2828 organization shall have sole control of all withdrawals from the 2829 account and the professional solicitor shall not be given the 2830 authority to withdraw any deposited funds from the account. 2831

(G) (1) During each solicitation campaign and for not less
than three years after its completion, the professional
solicitor shall maintain the following records:
2834

(a) The name and, if known to the professional solicitor, 2835the address and telephone number of each contributor and the 2836

date and amount of the contribution, provided that the attorney2837general shall not disclose that information except to the extent2838necessary for investigative or law enforcement purposes;2839

(b) The name and residence address of each employee,
agent, and any other person, however designated, who is involved
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in the solicitation, the amount of compensation paid to each,
2842
and the dates on which the payments were made;
2843

(c) A record of all contributions that at any time are in2844the custody of the professional solicitor;2845

(d) A record of all expenses incurred by the professional 2846
solicitor for the payment of which the professional solicitor is 2847
liable; 2848

(e) A record of all expenses incurred by the professional2849solicitor for the payment of which the charitable organization28502851

(f) The location of each bank or financial institution in 2852 which the professional solicitor has deposited revenue from the 2853 solicitation campaign and the account number of each account in 2854 which the deposits were made; 2855

(g) A copy of each pitch sheet or solicitation script used 2856 during the solicitation campaign; 2857

(h) If a refund of a contribution has been requested, the
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name and address of each person requesting the refund, and if a
2859
refund was made, its amount and the date it was made.
2860

(i) Any other record of such information as the attorney2861general may require.

(2) If the professional solicitor sells tickets to any2863event and represents that the tickets will be donated for use by2864

another person, the professional solicitor also shall maintain2865for the same period as specified in division (G)(1) of this2866section the following records:2867

(a) The name and address of each contributor that
purchases or donates tickets and the number of tickets purchased
2869
or donated by the contributor;
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(b) The name and address of each organization that
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receives the donated tickets for the use of others, and the
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number of tickets received by the organization.
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(3) Any of the records described in divisions (G) (1) and 2874
(2) of this section shall be made available to the attorney 2875
general upon the attorney general's request and shall be 2876
furnished to the attorney general within ten days of the 2877
request. 2878

(H) Unless otherwise provided in this section or section
1716.08 of the Revised Code, any change in any information filed
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with the attorney general pursuant to this section and section
1716.08 of the Revised Code shall be reported in writing to the
2882
attorney general within seven days after the change occurs.

(I) No person shall serve as a professional solicitor, or
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be a member, officer, employee, or agent of any professional
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solicitor, who has been convicted in the last five years of
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either of the following:

(1) Any violation of this chapter or any rule adopted
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under this chapter, or of any charitable solicitation
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legislation or regulation of a political subdivision of this
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state or charitable solicitation law of any other jurisdiction
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that is similar to this chapter;

(2) A felony in this or another state. 2893

(J) If a professional solicitor fails to comply in a	2894
timely or complete manner with any of the requirements under	2895
this section, the professional solicitor is liable for and, in	2896
addition to any fee required in this section, shall pay two	2897
hundred dollars for each late filing. Each registration, renewal	2898
of registration, bond, solicitation notice, contract, sworn	2899
statement, or financial report shall be considered a separate	2900
filing for the purposes of this section. Any fees required by	2901
this section are in addition to, and not in place of, penalties	2902
prescribed in this chapter.	2903
Sec. 2329.07. (A) As used in this section:	2904
"Aid of execution" means an aid of execution under Chapter_	2905
2333. of the Revised Code, including the issuance of an order to	2906
a judgment debtor to appear for examination under section	2907
2333.10 of the Revised Code.	2908
"Certificate of judgment" means a certificate issued by a	2909
clerk of courts in which the judgment was rendered, under the	2910
seal of the court, under section 2329.02 or 2329.04 of the	2911
Revised Code.	2912
"Execution" has the meaning defined in section 2327.01 of	2913
the Revised Code.	2914
"Garnishment" means a proceeding commenced when an order	2915
of garnishment of personal earnings or an order of garnishment	2916
of property other than personal earnings is issued by a court.	2917
For purposes of this section, an order of garnishment of	2918
personal earnings is continuing when regular garnishment	2919
payments are being made in accordance with a judgment debtor's	2920
regular pay schedule. An order of garnishment other than	2921
personal earnings is continuing until the garnishee files an	2922

answer.	2923
"Renewal of the judgment" means the occurrence of any of	2924
the actions set forth under division (B) or (C) of this section.	2925
(B)(1) If neither execution A judgment that is not in	2926
favor of the state is dormant and shall not operate as a lien	2927
against the estate of the judgment debtor unless one of the	2928
following occurs within five years from the date of the judgment	2929
or any renewal of the judgment, whichever is later:	2930
<u>(a) An execution on a judgment rendered in a court of</u>	2931
record or certified to the clerk of the court of common pleas in-	2932
the county in which the judgment was rendered is issued, nor a $\underline{\cdot}$	2933
(b) A certificate of judgment for obtaining a lien upon	2934
lands and tenements is issued and filed, as provided in sections	2935
2329.02 and 2329.04 of the Revised Code , within five years from	2936
the date of the judgment or within five years from the date of	2937
the issuance of the last execution thereon or the issuance and	2938
filing of the last such certificate, whichever is later, then,	2939
unless the judgment is in favor of the state, the judgment shall	2940
be dormant and shall not operate as a lien upon the estate of	2941
the judgment debtor.	2942
(c) An order of garnishment is issued or is continuing, or	2943
until the last garnishment payment is received by the clerk of	2944
courts or the final report is filed by the garnishee, whichever	2945
<u>is later.</u>	2946
(d) A proceeding in aid of execution is commenced or is	2947
continuing.	2948
(2) If the <u>Except</u> as otherwise provided in division (D) of	2949
this section, a judgment is in favor of the state, the judgment	2950
shall not become <u>is</u> dormant and shall not cease to operate as a	2951

lien against the estate of the judgment debtor provided that	2952
either unless one of the following occurs within ten years from	2953
the date of the judgment, or any renewal of the judgment, or	2954
within fifteen years from the date of the issuance of the last	2955
execution thereon, whichever is later:	2956
<u>(a) An</u> execution on the judgment is issued or a .	2957
(b) A certificate of judgment is issued and filed, as	2958
provided in sections 2329.02 and 2329.04 of the Revised Code,	2959
within ten years from the date of the judgment or within fifteen	2960
years from the date of the issuance of the last execution-	2961
thereon or the issuance and filing of the last such certificate,	2962
whichever is later, except as otherwise provided in division (C)	2963
of this section.	2964
(c) An order of garnishment is issued or is continuing, or	2965
until the last garnishment payment is received by the clerk of	2966
courts or the final report and answer is filed by the garnishee,	2967
whichever is later.	2968
(d) A proceeding in aid of execution is commenced or is	2969
continuing. The	2970
	0.071
The fifteen-year limitation period applies to executions	2971
issued and certificates of judgments issued and filed before,	2972
on, or after the effective date of the amendment of this section	2973
by of the 126th general assemblyMarch 29, 2007.	2974
(C) If, in any county other than that in which a	2975
judgment was rendered, the judgment has become a lien by reason	2976
of the filing, in the office of the clerk of the court of common	2977
pleas of that county, of a certificate of the judgment as	2978
provided in sections 2329.02 and 2329.04 of the Revised Code,	2979
and if no execution is issued for the enforcement of the	2980

As Passed by the House judgment within that county, or no further certificate of the

judgment is filed in that county, or there has been a renewal of	2982
the judgment, except as otherwise provided under division (D) of	2983
this section, the judgment shall cease to operate as a lien upon	2984
lands and tenements of the judgment debtor within that county,	2985
unless one of the following occurs within five years or, if the	2986
judgment is in favor of the state, within fifteen years from the	2987
date of issuance of the last execution for the enforcement of	2988
the judgment within that county or the date of filing of the	2989
last certificate in that county, whichever is the later, then-	2990
the judgment shall cease to operate as a lien upon lands and	2991
tenements of the judgment debtor within that county, except as	2992
otherwise provided in division (C) of this section:	2993
(1) An execution on a judgment is issued.	2994
(2) A certificate of the judgment is filed in that county.	2995
(3) An order of garnishment is issued or is continuing, or	2996
until the last garnishment payment is received by the clerk of	2997
courts or the final report and answer is filed by the garnishee,	2998
whichever is later.	2999
(4) A proceeding in aid of execution is commenced or is	3000
continuing. The	3001
The fifteen were limitation revied evaluate to evaluate	2002
The fifteen-year limitation period applies to executions	3002
issued and certificates of judgments issued and filed before,	3003
on, or after the effective date of the amendment of this section	3004
by H.B. 699 of the 126th general assemblyMarch 29, 2007.	3005
(C)(D)(1) As used in division (C)(D) of this section,	3006
"interim period" means the period beginning September 26, 2003,	3007
and ending September 27, 2006.	3008
(2) Division (2) (D) of this section emplies only to	2000

(2) Division (C) (D) of this section applies only to 3009

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judgments in favor of the state that are subject to this section	3010
and to which both of the following apply:	3011
(a) The first issuance of execution on the judgment, <u>or a</u>	3012
garnishment or an aid in execution proceeding was commenced or	3013
continuing, or the first issuance and filing of the certificate	3014
of judgment $_{ au}$ was issued or issued and filed within the ten-year	3015
period provided in this section before the beginning of the	3016
interim period;	3017
(b) Subsequent issuance of execution on the judgment, or	3018
an order of garnishment or an aid in execution proceeding was	3019
commenced or continuing, or subsequent issuance and filing of	3020
the certificate of judgment would have been required during the	3021
interim period in order to keep the lien from becoming dormant	3022
under this section as this section existed on September 25,	3023
2003, and as if this section as it existed on that date had been	3024
in effect during the interim period.	3025
(3) Such a judgment shall not become dormant and shall not	3026
cease to operate as a lien against the estate of the judgment	3027
debtor if either unless one of the following occurs within	3028
fifteen years after the expiration of the ten-year period	3029
following issuance of the last execution on the judgment or	3030
following the issuance and filing of the last such certificate,	3031
whichever is later:	3032
<u>(a) An</u> execution on the judgment is issued or a <u>.</u>	3033
(b) A certificate of judgment is issued and filed, as	3034
provided in sections 2329.02 and 2329.04 of the Revised Code,	3035
within fifteen years after the expiration of the ten-year period	3036
following issuance of the last execution on the judgment or	3037
following the issuance and filing of the last such certificate,	3038

whichever is later.	3039
(c) A garnishment proceeding has been commenced or is	3040
continuing or until the last garnishment payment is received by	3041
the clerk of courts or the final report and answer is filed by	3042
the garnishee, whichever is later.	3043
(d) A proceeding in aid of execution is commenced or is	3044
<u>continuing</u> .	3045
Sec. 2743.191. (A)(1) There is hereby created in the state	3046
treasury the reparations fund, which shall be used only for the	3047
following purposes:	3048
(a) The payment of awards of reparations that are granted	3049
by the attorney general;	3050
(b) The compensation of any personnel needed by the	3051
attorney general to administer sections 2743.51 to 2743.72 of	3052
the Revised Code;	3053
(c) The compensation of witnesses as provided in division	3054
(J) of section 2743.65 of the Revised Code;	3055
(d) Other administrative costs of hearing and determining	3056
claims for an award of reparations by the attorney general;	3057
(e) The costs of administering sections 2907.28 and	3058
2969.01 to 2969.06 of the Revised Code;	3059
(f) The costs of investigation and decision-making as	3060
certified by the attorney general;	3061
(g) The provision of state financial assistance to victim	3062
assistance programs in accordance with sections 109.91 and	3063
109.92 of the Revised Code;	3064
(h) The costs of paying the expenses of sex offense-	3065

related examinations, antibiotics, and HIV post-exposure 3066 prophylaxis pursuant to section 2907.28 of the Revised Code; 3067

(i) The cost of printing and distributing the pamphlet3068prepared by the attorney general pursuant to section 109.42 of3069the Revised Code;3070

(j) Subject to division (D) of section 2743.71 of the
 Revised Code, the costs associated with the printing and
 3072
 providing of information cards or other printed materials to law
 3073
 enforcement agencies and prosecuting authorities and with
 3074
 publicizing the availability of awards of reparations pursuant
 3075
 to section 2743.71 of the Revised Code;
 3076

(k) The payment of costs of administering a DNA specimen 3077
collection procedure pursuant to sections 2152.74 and 2901.07 of 3078
the Revised Code, of performing DNA analysis of those DNA 3079
specimens, and of entering the resulting DNA records regarding 3080
those analyses into the DNA database pursuant to section 109.573 3081
of the Revised Code; 3082

(1) The payment of actual costs associated with 3083 initiatives by the attorney general for the apprehension, 3084 prosecution, and accountability of offenders, and the enhancing 3085 of services to crime victims. The amount of payments made 3086 pursuant to division (A)(1)(1) of this section during any given 3087 fiscal year shall not exceed five per cent of the balance of the 3088 reparations fund at the close of the immediately previous fiscal 3089 year; 3090

(m) The costs of administering the adult parole
authority's supervision pursuant to division (E) of section
2971.05 of the Revised Code of sexually violent predators who
are sentenced to a prison term pursuant to division (A) (3) of
3091

section 2971.03 of the Revised Code and of offenders who are 3095 sentenced to a prison term pursuant to division (B)(1)(a), (b), 3096 or (c), (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) 3097 of that section; 3098

(n) Subject to the limit set forth in those sections, the 3099 costs of the installation and monitoring of an electronic 3100 monitoring device used in the monitoring of a respondent 3101 pursuant to an electronic monitoring order issued by a court 3102 under division (E)(1)(b) of section 2151.34 or division (E)(1) 3103 (b) of section 2903.214 of the Revised Code if the court 3104 3105 determines that the respondent is indigent or used in the monitoring of an offender pursuant to an electronic monitoring 3106 order issued under division (B)(5) of section 2919.27 of the 3107 Revised Code if the court determines that the offender is 3108 3109 indigent.

(2) All costs paid pursuant to section 2743.70 of the 3110 Revised Code, the portions of license reinstatement fees 3111 3112 mandated by division (F)(2)(b) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code to be credited to the fund, the portions of the 3113 proceeds of the sale of a forfeited vehicle specified in 3114 division (C)(2) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code, 3115 payments collected by the department of rehabilitation and 3116 correction from prisoners who voluntarily participate in an 3117 approved work and training program pursuant to division (C)(8) 3118 (b) (ii) of section 5145.16 of the Revised Code, and all moneys 3119 collected by the state pursuant to its right of subrogation 3120 provided in section 2743.72 of the Revised Code shall be 3121 deposited in the fund. 3122

(B) In making an award of reparations, the attorney3123general shall render the award against the state. The award3124

shall be accomplished only through the following procedure, and3125the following procedure may be enforced by writ of mandamus3126directed to the appropriate official:3127

(1) The attorney general shall provide for payment of the
claimant or providers in the amount of the award only if the
amount of the award is fifty dollars or more.
3130

(2) The expense shall be charged against all available3131unencumbered moneys in the fund.3132

(3) If sufficient unencumbered moneys do not exist in the 3133 fund, the attorney general shall make application for payment of 3134 3135 the award out of the emergency purposes account or any other appropriation for emergencies or contingencies, and payment out 3136 of this account or other appropriation shall be authorized if 3137 there are sufficient moneys greater than the sum total of then 3138 pending emergency purposes account requests or requests for 3139 releases from the other appropriations. 3140

(4) If sufficient moneys do not exist in the account or 3141 any other appropriation for emergencies or contingencies to pay 3142 the award, the attorney general shall request the general 3143 assembly to make an appropriation sufficient to pay the award, 3144 and no payment shall be made until the appropriation has been 3145 made. The attorney general shall make this appropriation request 3146 during the current biennium and during each succeeding biennium 3147 until a sufficient appropriation is made. If, prior to the time 3148 that an appropriation is made by the general assembly pursuant 3149 to this division, the fund has sufficient unencumbered funds to 3150 pay the award or part of the award, the available funds shall be 3151 used to pay the award or part of the award, and the 3152 appropriation request shall be amended to request only 3153 sufficient funds to pay that part of the award that is unpaid. 3154

(C) The attorney general shall not make payment on a 3155 decision or order granting an award until all appeals have been 3156 determined and all rights to appeal exhausted, except as 3157 otherwise provided in this section. If any party to a claim for 3158 an award of reparations appeals from only a portion of an award, 3159 and a remaining portion provides for the payment of money by the 3160 state, that part of the award calling for the payment of money 3161 by the state and not a subject of the appeal shall be processed 3162 for payment as described in this section. 3163 (D) The attorney general shall prepare itemized bills for 3164 the costs of printing and distributing the pamphlet the attorney 3165 general prepares pursuant to section 109.42 of the Revised Code. 3166 The itemized bills shall set forth the name and address of the 3167 persons owed the amounts set forth in them. 3168 (E) Interest earned on the moneys in the fund shall be 3169 credited to the fund. 3170 (F) As used in this section, "DNA analysis" and "DNA 3171 specimen" have the same meanings as in section 109.573 of the 3172 Revised Code. 3173 Sec. 2743.56. (A) A claim for an award of reparations 3174 shall be commenced by filing an application for an award of 3175 reparations with the attorney general. The application may be 3176 filed by mail. If the application is filed by mail, the post-3177 marked date of the application shall be considered the filing 3178 date of the application. The application shall be in a form 3179 prescribed by the attorney general and shall include a release 3180 authorizing the attorney general and the court of claims to 3181 obtain any report, document, or information that relates to the 3182 determination of the claim for an award of reparations that is 3183 requested in the application. 3184

(B) All applications for an award of reparations shall may	3185
be filed as follows:	3186
(1) If the victim of the criminally injurious conduct was	3187
a minor, within two years of the victim's eighteenth birthday or	3188
within two years from the date a complaint, indictment, or-	3189
information is filed against the alleged offender, whichever is	3190
later. This division does not require that a complaint,	3191
indictment, or information be filed against an alleged offender-	3192
in order for an application for an award of reparations to be-	3193
filed pertaining to a victim who was a minor if the application-	3194
is filed within two years of the victim's eighteenth birthday,-	3195
and does not affect the provisions of section 2743.64 of the	3196
Revised Code.	3197
(2) If the victim of the criminally injurious conduct was	3198
an adult, at any time after the occurrence of the criminally	3199
injurious conduct.	3200
Sec. 2743.68. A claimant may file a supplemental	3201
reparations application in a claim if the attorney general or	3202
the court of claims, within <u>five six y</u> ears prior to the filing	3203
of the supplemental application, has made any of the following	3204
determinations:	3205
(A) That an award, supplemental award, or installment	3206
award be granted;	3207
(B) That an award, supplemental award, or installment	3208
award be conditioned or denied because of actual or potential	3209
recovery from a collateral source;	3210
(C) That an award, supplemental award, or installment	3211
award be denied because the claimant had not incurred any	3212
economic loss at that time.	3213

Sec. 2743.71. (A) Any law enforcement agency that investigates, and any prosecuting attorney, city director of 3215 law, village solicitor, or similar prosecuting authority who 3216 prosecutes, an offense committed in this state shall, upon first 3217 contact with the victim or the victim's family or dependents, 3218 give the victim or the victim's family or dependents a copy of 3219 an information card or other printed material provided by the 3220 attorney general pursuant to division (B) of this section and 3221 explain, upon request, the information on the card or material 3222 3223 to the victim or the victim's family or dependents. (B) The attorney general shall have printed, and shall 3224 provide to law enforcement agencies, prosecuting attorneys, city 3225 directors of law, village solicitors, and similar prosecuting 3226 authorities, cards or other materials that contain information 3227 explaining awards of reparations. The information on the cards 3228 or other materials shall include, but shall not be limited to, 3229 the following statements: 3230 (1) Awards of reparations are limited to losses that are 3231 caused by physical injury resulting from criminally injurious 3232 3233 conduct; (2) Reparations applications are required to may be filed 3234 within the period provided by division (B)(1) of section 2743.56 3235

of the Revised Code if the victim of at any time after the 3236 occurrence of the criminally injurious conduct was a minor; 3237

(3) An attorney who represents an applicant for an award 3238 of reparations cannot charge the applicant for the services 3239 rendered in relation to that representation but is required to 3240 apply to the attorney general for payment for the 3241 representation; 3242

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(4) Applications for awards of reparations may be obtained
from the attorney general, law enforcement agencies, and victim
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assistance agencies and are to be filed with the attorney
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general.

(C) The attorney general may order that a reasonable 3247
amount of money be paid out of the reparations fund, subject to 3248
the limitation imposed by division (D) of this section, for use 3249
by the attorney general to publicize the availability of awards 3250
of reparations. 3251

(D) During any fiscal year, the total expenditure for the 3252 printing and providing of information cards or other materials 3253 pursuant to division (B) of this section and for the publicizing 3254 of the availability of awards of reparations pursuant to 3255 division (C) of this section shall not exceed two per cent of 3256 the total of all court costs deposited, in accordance with 3257 section 2743.70 of the Revised Code, in the reparations fund 3258 during the immediately preceding fiscal year. 3259

Sec. 2746.02. A court of record of this state shall tax as 3260 costs or otherwise require the payment of fees for the following 3261 services rendered, as compensation for the following persons, or 3262 as part of the sentence imposed by the court, or any other of 3263 the following fees that are applicable in a particular case: 3264

(A) In a felony case, financial sanctions, as provided in 3265section 2929.18 of the Revised Code; 3266

(B) In any criminal case, the costs of prosecution, asprovided in section 2947.23 of the Revised Code;3268

(C) In a misdemeanor case in which the offender is
sentenced to a jail term, the local detention facility is
covered by a policy adopted by the facility's governing
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authority requiring reimbursement for the costs of confinement,3272and the offender is presented with an itemized bill pursuant to3273section 2929.37 of the Revised Code for such costs, the costs of3274confinement, as provided in section 2929.24 of the Revised Code;3275

(D) In a case in which an offender is sentenced for 3276
endangering children in violation of section 2919.22 of the 3277
Revised Code, the costs of the offender's supervised community 3278
service work, as provided in section 2919.22 of the Revised 3279
Code; 3280

(E) In a case in which a defendant is charged with any of
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certain sexual assault or prostitution-related offenses and is
found to be suffering from a venereal disease in an infectious
stage, the cost of medical treatment, as provided in section
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2907.27 of the Revised Code;

(F) In a case in which a defendant is charged with
harassment with a bodily substance, the cost of medical testing,
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as provided in section 2921.38 of the Revised Code;
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(G) In a case in which a defendant is charged with
violating a protection order in violation of section 2919.27 of
the Revised Code or of a municipal ordinance that is
substantially similar to that section, the costs of any
evaluation and preceding examination of the defendant, as
provided in section 2919.271 of the Revised Code;
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(H) Presentence psychological or psychiatric reports, as3295provided in section 2947.06 of the Revised Code;3296

(I) In a criminal proceeding, the taking of a deposition 3297
of a person who is imprisoned in a detention facility or state 3298
correctional institution within this state or who is in the 3299
custody of the department of youth services, as provided in 3300

section 2945.47 of the Revised Code;

(J) In a case in which a person is convicted of or pleads 3302 quilty to any offense other than a parking violation or in which 3303 a child is found to be a delinquent child or a juvenile traffic 3304 offender for an act that, if committed by an adult, would be an 3305 offense other than a parking violation, additional costs and 3306 bail, if applicable, as provided in sections 2743.70 and 3307 2949.091 of the Revised Code, but subject to waiver as provided 3308 in section 2949.092 of the Revised Code; 3309

(K) In a case in which a person is convicted of or pleads 3310 quilty to a moving violation or in which a child is found to be 3311 a juvenile traffic offender for an act which, if committed by an 3312 adult, would be a moving violation, additional costs and bail, 3313 if applicable, as provided in sections 2949.093 and 2949.094 of 3314 the Revised Code, but subject to waiver as provided in section 2949.092 of the Revised Code; 3316

(L) In a case in which a defendant is convicted of 3317 abandoning a junk vessel or outboard motor without notifying the appropriate law enforcement officer, the cost incurred by the 3319 state or a political subdivision in disposing of the vessel or 3320 motor, as provided in section 1547.99 of the Revised Code; 3321

3322 (M) The costs of electronic monitoring in the following 3323 cases:

(1) In a misdemeanor case in which the offender is 3324 convicted of any of certain prostitution-related offenses and a 3325 specification under section 2941.1421 of the Revised Code, as 3326 provided in section 2929.24 of the Revised Code; 3327

(2) In a case in which the court issues a criminal 3328 protection order against a minor upon a petition alleging that 3329

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the respondent committed any of certain assault, menacing, or 3330 trespass offenses, a sexually oriented offense, or an offense 3331 under a municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to 3332 any of those offenses, as provided in section 2151.34 of the 3333 Revised Code; 3334

(3) In a case in which the court issues a protection order
against an adult upon a petition alleging that the respondent
committed menacing by stalking or a sexually oriented offense,
as provided in section 2903.214 of the Revised Code;
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(4) In a case in which an offender is convicted of
violating a protection order, as provided in section 2919.27 of
the Revised Code;
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(5) In a case in which the offender is convicted of any
sexually oriented offense and is a tier III sex offender/childvictim offender relative to that offense, as provided in section
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2929.13 of the Revised Code.
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(N) In a proceeding for post-conviction relief, a 3346transcript, as provided in section 2953.21 of the Revised Code; 3347

(0) In a proceeding for the sealing of a conviction
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 record, the fee fees provided for in section 2953.32 of the
 Revised Code.
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Sec. 2901.01. (A) As used in the Revised Code:

(1) "Force" means any violence, compulsion, or constraint(1) "Force" means any violence, compulsion, or constraint(1) 3352(1) 3352(1) 3352(1) 3353(1) 3354

(2) "Deadly force" means any force that carries a 3355substantial risk that it will proximately result in the death of 3356any person. 3357

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(3) "Physical harm to persons" means any injury, illness,	3358
or other physiological impairment, regardless of its gravity or	3359
duration.	3360
(4) "Physical harm to property" means any tangible or	3361
intangible damage to property that, in any degree, results in	3362
loss to its value or interferes with its use or enjoyment.	3363
"Physical harm to property" does not include wear and tear	3364
occasioned by normal use.	3365
(5) "Serious physical harm to persons" means any of the	3366
following:	3367
(a) Any mental illness or condition of such gravity as	3368
would normally require hospitalization or prolonged psychiatric	3369
treatment;	3370
(b) Any physical harm that carries a substantial risk of	3371
death;	3372
(c) Any physical harm that involves some permanent	3373
incapacity, whether partial or total, or that involves some	3374
temporary, substantial incapacity;	3375
(d) Any physical harm that involves some permanent	3376
disfigurement or that involves some temporary, serious	3377
disfigurement;	3378
(e) Any physical harm that involves acute pain of such	3379
duration as to result in substantial suffering or that involves	3380
any degree of prolonged or intractable pain.	3381
(6) "Serious physical harm to property" means any physical	3382
harm to property that does either of the following:	3383
(a) Results in substantial loss to the value of the	3384
property or requires a substantial amount of time, effort, or	3385

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money to repair or replace;	3386
(b) Temporarily prevents the use or enjoyment of the	3387
property or substantially interferes with its use or enjoyment	3388
for an extended period of time.	3389
(7) "Risk" means a significant possibility, as contrasted	3390
with a remote possibility, that a certain result may occur or	3391
that certain circumstances may exist.	3392
(8) "Substantial risk" means a strong possibility, as	3393
contrasted with a remote or significant possibility, that a	3394
certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may	3395
exist.	3396
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(9) "Offense of violence" means any of the following:	3397
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	3398
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.15, 2903.21, 2903.211,	3399
2903.22, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.32, 2907.02, 2907.03,	3400
2907.05, 2909.02, 2909.03, 2909.24, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11,	3401
2917.01, 2917.02, 2917.03, 2917.31, 2919.25, 2921.03, 2921.04,	3402
2921.34, or 2923.161, <u>of division (A)(1) of section 2903.34,</u> of	3403
division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of section 2911.12, or of division	3404
(B)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of section 2919.22 of the Revised Code	3405
or felonious sexual penetration in violation of former section	3406
2907.12 of the Revised Code;	3407
(b) A violation of an existing or former municipal	3408
ordinance or law of this or any other state or the United	3409
States, substantially equivalent to any section, division, or	3410
offense listed in division (A)(9)(a) of this section;	3411
(c) An offense, other than a traffic offense, under an	3412
existing or former municipal ordinance or law of this or any	3413

other state or the United States, committed purposely or

knowingly, and involving physical harm to persons or a risk of 3415 serious physical harm to persons; 3416 (d) A conspiracy or attempt to commit, or complicity in 3417 committing, any offense under division (A) (9) (a), (b), or (c) of 3418 this section. 3419 (10) (a) "Property" means any property, real or personal, 3420 tangible or intangible, and any interest or license in that 3421 property. "Property" includes, but is not limited to, cable 3422 television service, other telecommunications service, 3423 telecommunications devices, information service, computers, 3424 data, computer software, financial instruments associated with 3425 computers, other documents associated with computers, or copies 3426 of the documents, whether in machine or human readable form, 3427 trade secrets, trademarks, copyrights, patents, and property 3428 protected by a trademark, copyright, or patent. "Financial 3429 instruments associated with computers" include, but are not 3430 limited to, checks, drafts, warrants, money orders, notes of 3431 indebtedness, certificates of deposit, letters of credit, bills 3432 of credit or debit cards, financial transaction authorization 3433 3434 mechanisms, marketable securities, or any computer system representations of any of them. 3435 (b) As used in division (A) (10) of this section, "trade 3436 secret" has the same meaning as in section 1333.61 of the 3437 Revised Code, and "telecommunications service" and "information 3438 service" have the same meanings as in section 2913.01 of the 3439 Revised Code. 3440

(c) As used in divisions (A)(10) and (13) of this section, 3441
"cable television service," "computer," "computer software," 3442
"computer system," "computer network," "data," and 3443
"telecommunications device" have the same meanings as in section 3444

2913.01 of the Revised Code.

(11) "Law enforcement officer" means any of the following:	3446
(a) A sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, police officer	3447
of a township or joint police district, marshal, deputy marshal,	3448
municipal police officer, member of a police force employed by a	3449
metropolitan housing authority under division (D) of section	3450
3735.31 of the Revised Code, or state highway patrol trooper;	3451
(b) An officer, agent, or employee of the state or any of	3452
its agencies, instrumentalities, or political subdivisions, upon	3453
whom, by statute, a duty to conserve the peace or to enforce all	3454
or certain laws is imposed and the authority to arrest violators	3455
is conferred, within the limits of that statutory duty and	3456
authority;	3457
(c) A mayor, in the mayor's capacity as chief conservator	3458
of the peace within the mayor's municipal corporation;	3459

(d) A member of an auxiliary police force organized by
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county, township, or municipal law enforcement authorities,
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within the scope of the member's appointment or commission;
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(e) A person lawfully called pursuant to section 311.07 of
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the Revised Code to aid a sheriff in keeping the peace, for the
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purposes and during the time when the person is called;
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(f) A person appointed by a mayor pursuant to section
737.01 of the Revised Code as a special patrolling officer
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during riot or emergency, for the purposes and during the time
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when the person is appointed;
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(g) A member of the organized militia of this state or the3470armed forces of the United States, lawfully called to duty to3471aid civil authorities in keeping the peace or protect against3472

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3445

domestic violence;	3473
(h) A prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting	3474
attorney, secret service officer, or municipal prosecutor;	3475
(i) A veterans' home police officer appointed under	3476
section 5907.02 of the Revised Code;	3477
(j) A member of a police force employed by a regional	3478
transit authority under division (Y) of section 306.35 of the	3479
Revised Code;	3480
(k) A special police officer employed by a port authority	3481
under section 4582.04 or 4582.28 of the Revised Code;	3482
(1) The house of representatives sergeant at arms if the	3483
house of representatives sergeant at arms has arrest authority	3484
pursuant to division (E)(1) of section 101.311 of the Revised	3485
Code and an assistant house of representatives sergeant at arms;	3486
(m) The senate sergeant at arms and an assistant senate	3487
sergeant at arms;	3488
(n) A special police officer employed by a municipal	3489
corporation at a municipal airport, or other municipal air	3490
navigation facility, that has scheduled operations, as defined	3491
in section 119.3 of Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations,	3492
14 C.F.R. 119.3, as amended, and that is required to be under a	3493
security program and is governed by aviation security rules of	3494
the transportation security administration of the United States	3495
department of transportation as provided in Parts 1542. and	3496
1544. of Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as	3497
amended.	3498
(12) "Privilege" means an immunity, license, or right	3499

conferred by law, bestowed by express or implied grant, arising 3500

out of status, position, office, or relationship, or growing out	3501
of necessity.	3502
(13) "Contraband" means any property that is illegal for a	3503
person to acquire or possess under a statute, ordinance, or	3504
rule, or that a trier of fact lawfully determines to be illegal	3505
to possess by reason of the property's involvement in an	3506
offense. "Contraband" includes, but is not limited to, all of	3507
the following:	3508
(a) Any controlled substance, as defined in section	3509
3719.01 of the Revised Code, or any device or paraphernalia;	3510
(b) Any unlawful gambling device or paraphernalia;	3511
(c) Any dangerous ordnance or obscene material.	3512
(14) A person is "not guilty by reason of insanity"	3513
relative to a charge of an offense only if the person proves, in	3514
the manner specified in section 2901.05 of the Revised Code,	3515
that at the time of the commission of the offense, the person	3516
did not know, as a result of a severe mental disease or defect,	3517
the wrongfulness of the person's acts.	3518
(B)(1)(a) Subject to division (B)(2) of this section, as	3519
used in any section contained in Title XXIX of the Revised Code	3520
that sets forth a criminal offense, "person" includes all of the	3521
following:	3522
(i) An individual, corporation, business trust, estate,	3523
trust, partnership, and association;	3524
(ii) An unborn human who is viable.	3525
(b) As used in any section contained in Title XXIX of the	3526
Revised Code that does not set forth a criminal offense,	3527
"person" includes an individual, corporation, business trust,	3528

estate, trust, partnership, and association.	3529
(c) As used in division (B)(1)(a) of this section:	3530
(i) "Unborn human" means an individual organism of the	3531
species Homo sapiens from fertilization until live birth.	3532
(ii) "Viable" means the stage of development of a human	3533
fetus at which there is a realistic possibility of maintaining	3534
and nourishing of a life outside the womb with or without	3535
temporary artificial life-sustaining support.	3536
(2) Notwithstanding division (B)(1)(a) of this section, in	3537
no case shall the portion of the definition of the term "person"	3538
that is set forth in division (B)(1)(a)(ii) of this section be	3539
applied or construed in any section contained in Title XXIX of	3540
the Revised Code that sets forth a criminal offense in any of	3541
the following manners:	3542
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (B)(2)(a) of	3543
	5545
this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is	3544
this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is	3544
this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is construed as prohibiting any pregnant woman or her physician	3544 3545
this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is construed as prohibiting any pregnant woman or her physician from performing an abortion with the consent of the pregnant	3544 3545 3546
this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is construed as prohibiting any pregnant woman or her physician from performing an abortion with the consent of the pregnant woman, with the consent of the pregnant woman implied by law in	3544 3545 3546 3547
this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is construed as prohibiting any pregnant woman or her physician from performing an abortion with the consent of the pregnant woman, with the consent of the pregnant woman implied by law in a medical emergency, or with the approval of one otherwise	3544 3545 3546 3547 3548
this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is construed as prohibiting any pregnant woman or her physician from performing an abortion with the consent of the pregnant woman, with the consent of the pregnant woman implied by law in a medical emergency, or with the approval of one otherwise authorized by law to consent to medical treatment on behalf of	3544 3545 3546 3547 3548 3549
this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is construed as prohibiting any pregnant woman or her physician from performing an abortion with the consent of the pregnant woman, with the consent of the pregnant woman implied by law in a medical emergency, or with the approval of one otherwise authorized by law to consent to medical treatment on behalf of the pregnant woman. An abortion that violates the conditions	3544 3545 3546 3547 3548 3549 3550
this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is construed as prohibiting any pregnant woman or her physician from performing an abortion with the consent of the pregnant woman, with the consent of the pregnant woman implied by law in a medical emergency, or with the approval of one otherwise authorized by law to consent to medical treatment on behalf of the pregnant woman. An abortion that violates the conditions described in the immediately preceding sentence may be punished	3544 3545 3546 3547 3548 3549 3550 3551
this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is construed as prohibiting any pregnant woman or her physician from performing an abortion with the consent of the pregnant woman, with the consent of the pregnant woman implied by law in a medical emergency, or with the approval of one otherwise authorized by law to consent to medical treatment on behalf of the pregnant woman. An abortion that violates the conditions described in the immediately preceding sentence may be punished as a violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04,	3544 3545 3546 3547 3548 3549 3550 3551 3552
this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is construed as prohibiting any pregnant woman or her physician from performing an abortion with the consent of the pregnant woman, with the consent of the pregnant woman implied by law in a medical emergency, or with the approval of one otherwise authorized by law to consent to medical treatment on behalf of the pregnant woman. An abortion that violates the conditions described in the immediately preceding sentence may be punished as a violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.05, 2903.06, 2903.08, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.14,	3544 3545 3546 3547 3548 3549 3550 3551 3552 3553
this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is construed as prohibiting any pregnant woman or her physician from performing an abortion with the consent of the pregnant woman, with the consent of the pregnant woman implied by law in a medical emergency, or with the approval of one otherwise authorized by law to consent to medical treatment on behalf of the pregnant woman. An abortion that violates the conditions described in the immediately preceding sentence may be punished as a violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.05, 2903.06, 2903.08, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.14, 2903.21, or 2903.22 of the Revised Code, as applicable. An	3544 3545 3546 3547 3548 3549 3550 3551 3552 3553 3554

2919.151, 2919.17, or 2919.18 of the Revised Code, may be	3558
punished as a violation of section 2919.12, division (B) of	3559
section 2919.13, or section 2919.151, 2919.17, or 2919.18 of the	3560
Revised Code, as applicable. Consent is sufficient under this	3561
division if it is of the type otherwise adequate to permit	3562
medical treatment to the pregnant woman, even if it does not	3563
comply with section 2919.12 of the Revised Code.	3564
(b) In a manner so that the offense is applied or is	3565
construed as applying to a woman based on an act or omission of	3566
the woman that occurs while she is or was pregnant and that	3567
results in any of the following:	3568
(i) Her delivery of a stillborn baby;	3569
(ii) Her causing, in any other manner, the death in utero	3570
of a viable, unborn human that she is carrying;	3571
(iii) Her causing the death of her child who is born alive	3572
but who dies from one or more injuries that are sustained while	3573
the child is a viable, unborn human;	3574
(iv) Her causing her child who is born alive to sustain	3575
one or more injuries while the child is a viable, unborn human;	3576
(v) Her causing, threatening to cause, or attempting to	3577
cause, in any other manner, an injury, illness, or other	3578
physiological impairment, regardless of its duration or gravity,	3579
or a mental illness or condition, regardless of its duration or	3580
gravity, to a viable, unborn human that she is carrying.	3581
(C) As used in Title XXIX of the Revised Code:	3582
(1) "School safety zone" consists of a school, school	3583
building, school premises, school activity, and school bus.	3584
(2) "School," "school building," and "school premises"	3585

have the same meanings as in section 2925.01 of the Revised	3586
Code.	3587
(3) "School activity" means any activity held under the	3588
auspices of a board of education of a city, local, exempted	3589
village, joint vocational, or cooperative education school	3590
district; a governing authority of a community school	3591
established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised Code; a governing	3592
board of an educational service center, or the governing body of	3593
a school for which the state board of education prescribes	3594
minimum standards under section 3301.07 of the Revised Code.	3595
(4) "School bus" has the same meaning as in section	3596
4511.01 of the Revised Code.	3597
Sec. 2945.63. (A) As used in this section:	3598
(1) "Child pornography" means any obscene material	3599
involving a juvenile, any sexually oriented matter involving a	3600
juvenile, or any material that is harmful to juveniles.	3601
(2) "Juvenile," "harmful to juveniles," "material," and	3602
"performance" have the same meanings as in section 2907.01 of	3603
the Revised Code.	3604
(3) "Sexually oriented matter" has the same meaning as in	3605
section 2919.22 of the Revised Code.	3606
<u>beetin 2919.22 of the Neviber code.</u>	0000
(B) Any child pornography that is offered as evidence or	3607
that comes into the custody or control of the prosecutor or the	3608
court shall remain in the custody or control of the prosecutor	3609
or the court.	3610
(C) Notwithstanding Rule 16 of the Rules of Criminal	3611
Procedure, the court in a criminal proceeding shall deny any	3612
request by the defendant to photocopy, photograph, or otherwise	3613

reproduce any child pornography if the prosecutor gives the	3614
defendant, the defendant's attorney, and any individual the	3615
defendant may seek to qualify to furnish expert testimony at	3616
trial ample opportunity to examine the child pornography at the	3617
place where the prosecutor or the court is holding the child	3618
pornography.	3619
Sec. 2953.32. (A)(1) Except as provided in section 2953.61	3620
of the Revised Code, an eligible offender may apply to the	3621
sentencing court if convicted in this state, or to a court of	3622
common pleas if convicted in another state or in a federal	3623
court, for the sealing of the record of the case that pertains	3624
to the conviction. Application may be made at the expiration of	3625
three years after the offender's final discharge if convicted of	3626
a felony, or at the expiration of one year after the offender's	3627
final discharge if convicted of a misdemeanor.	3628

(2) Any person who has been arrested for any misdemeanor 3629 offense and who has effected a bail forfeiture for the offense 3630 charged may apply to the court in which the misdemeanor criminal 3631 case was pending when bail was forfeited for the sealing of the 3632 record of the case that pertains to the charge. Except as 3633 provided in section 2953.61 of the Revised Code, the application 3634 may be filed at any time after the expiration of one year from 3635 the date on which the bail forfeiture was entered upon the 3636 minutes of the court or the journal, whichever entry occurs 3637 first. 3638

(B) Upon the filing of an application under this section,
(B) Upon the filing of an application under this section,
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(B) Upon the filing of an application under this section,
(B) Upon the filing an object to the granting of the application by
(B) Upon the filing an objection with the court prior to the date set for the

hearing. The prosecutor shall specify in the objection the 3644 reasons for believing a denial of the application is justified. 3645 The court shall direct its regular probation officer, a state 3646 probation officer, or the department of probation of the county 3647 in which the applicant resides to make inquiries and written 3648 reports as the court requires concerning the applicant. The 3649 probation officer or county department of probation that the 3650 court directs to make inquiries concerning the applicant shall 3651 determine whether or not the applicant was fingerprinted at the 3652 time of arrest or under section 109.60 of the Revised Code. If 3653 the applicant was so fingerprinted, the probation officer or 3654 county department of probation shall include with the written 3655 report a record of the applicant's fingerprints. If the 3656 applicant was convicted of or pleaded quilty to a violation of 3657 division (A)(2) or (B) of section 2919.21 of the Revised Code, 3658 the probation officer or county department of probation that the 3659 court directed to make inquiries concerning the applicant shall 3660 3661

contact the child support enforcement agency enforcing the applicant's obligations under the child support order to inquire about the offender's compliance with the child support order.

(C)(1) The court shall do each of the following:

(a) Determine whether the applicant is an eligible 3665 offender or whether the forfeiture of bail was agreed to by the 3666 3667 applicant and the prosecutor in the case. If the applicant applies as an eligible offender pursuant to division (A)(1) of 3668 this section and has two or three convictions that result from 3669 the same indictment, information, or complaint, from the same 3670 plea of guilty, or from the same official proceeding, and result 3671 from related criminal acts that were committed within a three-3672 month period but do not result from the same act or from 3673 offenses committed at the same time, in making its determination 3674

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under this division, the court initially shall determine whether 3675 it is not in the public interest for the two or three 3676 convictions to be counted as one conviction. If the court 3677 determines that it is not in the public interest for the two or 3678 three convictions to be counted as one conviction, the court 3679 shall determine that the applicant is not an eligible offender; 3680 if the court does not make that determination, the court shall 3681 determine that the offender is an eligible offender. 3682

(b) Determine whether criminal proceedings are pending 3683 against the applicant; 3684

(c) If the applicant is an eligible offender who applies
 pursuant to division (A) (1) of this section, determine whether
 the applicant has been rehabilitated to the satisfaction of the
 court;

(d) If the prosecutor has filed an objection in accordance
with division (B) of this section, consider the reasons against
granting the application specified by the prosecutor in the
objection;

(e) Weigh the interests of the applicant in having the 3693
records pertaining to the applicant's conviction or bail 3694
forfeiture sealed against the legitimate needs, if any, of the 3695
government to maintain those records. 3696

(2) If the court determines, after complying with division
(3697)
(C) (1) of this section, that the applicant is an eligible
(C) (1) of this section, that the applicant is an eligible
(C) (1) of this section, that the applicant is an eligible
(C) (1) of this section, that the applicant is an eligible
(C) (1) of this section, that the applicant in having the records pertaining to
(C) (1) of the applicant in having the records pertaining to
(C) (1) of the applicant is applicant in forfeiture sealed are not
(C) (2) outweighed by any legitimate governmental needs to maintain

those records, and that the rehabilitation of an applicant who 3704 is an eligible offender applying pursuant to division (A)(1) of 3705 this section has been attained to the satisfaction of the court, 3706 the court, except as provided in divisions (C)(4), (G), (H), or 3707 (I) of this section, shall order all official records of the 3708 case that pertain to the conviction or bail forfeiture sealed 3709 and, except as provided in division (F) of this section, all 3710 index references to the case that pertain to the conviction or 3711 bail forfeiture deleted and, in the case of bail forfeitures, 3712 shall dismiss the charges in the case. The proceedings in the 3713 case that pertain to the conviction or bail forfeiture shall be 3714 considered not to have occurred and the conviction or bail 3715 forfeiture of the person who is the subject of the proceedings 3716 shall be sealed, except that upon conviction of a subsequent 3717 offense, the sealed record of prior conviction or bail 3718 forfeiture may be considered by the court in determining the 3719 sentence or other appropriate disposition, including the relief 3720 provided for in sections 2953.31 to 2953.33 of the Revised Code. 3721

(3) An applicant may request the sealing of the records of 3722 more than one case in a single application under this section. 3723 Upon the filing of an application under this section, the 3724 applicant, unless indigent, shall pay a fee of fifty dollars, 3725 regardless of the number of records the application requests to 3726 have sealed. The court shall pay thirty dollars of the fee into 3727 the state treasury. It shall pay twenty dollars of the fee into 3728 the county general revenue fund if the sealed conviction or bail 3729 forfeiture was pursuant to a state statute, or into the general 3730 revenue fund of the municipal corporation involved if the sealed 3731 conviction or bail forfeiture was pursuant to a municipal 3732 ordinance. 3733

(4) If the court orders the official records pertaining to 3734

the case sealed, the court shall do one of the following:	3735
(a) If the applicant was fingerprinted at the time of	3736
arrest or under section 109.60 of the Revised Code and the	3737
record of the applicant's fingerprints was provided to the court	3738
under division (B) of this section, forward a copy of the	3739
sealing order and the record of the applicant's fingerprints to	3740
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation.	3741
(b) If the applicant was not fingerprinted at the time of	3742
arrest or under section 109.60 of the Revised Code, or the	3743
record of the applicant's fingerprints was not provided to the	3744
court under division (B) of this section, but fingerprinting was	3745
required for the offense, order the applicant to appear before a	3746
sheriff to have the applicant's fingerprints taken according to	3747
the fingerprint system of identification on the forms furnished	3748
by the superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification	3749
and investigation. The sheriff shall forward the applicant's	3750
fingerprints to the court. The court shall forward the	3751
applicant's fingerprints and a copy of the sealing order to the	3752
bureau of criminal identification and investigation.	3753
Failure of the court to order fingerprints at the time of	3754
sealing does not constitute a reversible error.	3755
(D) Inspection of the sealed records included in the order	3756
may be made only by the following persons or for the following	3757
purposes:	3758
(1) By a law enforcement officer or prosecutor, or the	3759
assistants of either, to determine whether the nature and	3760
character of the offense with which a person is to be charged	3761
would be affected by virtue of the person's previously having	3762
been convicted of a crime;	3763

(2) By the parole or probation officer of the person who 3764 is the subject of the records, for the exclusive use of the 3765 officer in supervising the person while on parole or under a 3766 community control sanction or a post-release control sanction, 3767 and in making inquiries and written reports as requested by the 3768 court or adult parole authority; 3769 (3) Upon application by the person who is the subject of 3770 the records, by the persons named in the application; 3771 (4) By a law enforcement officer who was involved in the 3772 case, for use in the officer's defense of a civil action arising 3773 out of the officer's involvement in that case; 3774 (5) By a prosecuting attorney or the prosecuting 3775 attorney's assistants, to determine a defendant's eligibility to 3776 enter a pre-trial diversion program established pursuant to 3777 section 2935.36 of the Revised Code; 3778 (6) By any law enforcement agency or any authorized 3779 employee of a law enforcement agency or by the department of 3780 rehabilitation and correction or department of youth services as 3781 part of a background investigation of a person who applies for 3782 employment with the agency as a law enforcement officer or with 3783 the department as a corrections officer; 3784 (7) By any law enforcement agency or any authorized 3785 employee of a law enforcement agency, for the purposes set forth 3786 in, and in the manner provided in, section 2953.321 of the 3787 Revised Code; 3788 (8) By the bureau of criminal identification and 3789 investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau for the 3790 purpose of providing information to a board or person pursuant 3791 to division (F) or (G) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code; 3792

(9) By the bureau of criminal identification and
3793
investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau for the
purpose of performing a criminal history records check on a
person to whom a certificate as prescribed in section 109.77 of
the Revised Code is to be awarded;
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(10) By the bureau of criminal identification and 3798 investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau for the 3799 purpose of conducting a criminal records check of an individual 3800 pursuant to division (B) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code 3801 that was requested pursuant to any of the sections identified in 3802 division (B) (1) of that section; 3803

(11) By the bureau of criminal identification and 3804 investigation, an authorized employee of the bureau, a sheriff, 3805 or an authorized employee of a sheriff in connection with a 3806 criminal records check described in section 311.41 of the 3807 Revised Code; 3808

(12) By the attorney general or an authorized employee of 3809 the attorney general or a court for purposes of determining a 3810 person's classification pursuant to Chapter 2950. of the Revised 3811 Code; 3812

(13) By a court, the registrar of motor vehicles, a
prosecuting attorney or the prosecuting attorney's assistants,
or a law enforcement officer for the purpose of assessing points
against a person under section 4510.036 of the Revised Code or
for taking action with regard to points assessed.

When the nature and character of the offense with which a3818person is to be charged would be affected by the information, it3819may be used for the purpose of charging the person with an3820offense.3821

(E) In any criminal proceeding, proof of any otherwise
admissible prior conviction may be introduced and proved,
notwithstanding the fact that for any such prior conviction an
3824
order of sealing previously was issued pursuant to sections
2953.31 to 2953.36 of the Revised Code.

(F) The person or governmental agency, office, or 3827 department that maintains sealed records pertaining to 3828 convictions or bail forfeitures that have been sealed pursuant 3829 to this section may maintain a manual or computerized index to 3830 3831 the sealed records. The index shall contain only the name of, and alphanumeric identifiers that relate to, the persons who are 3832 the subject of the sealed records, the word "sealed," and the 3833 name of the person, agency, office, or department that has 3834 custody of the sealed records, and shall not contain the name of 3835 the crime committed. The index shall be made available by the 3836 person who has custody of the sealed records only for the 3837 purposes set forth in divisions (C), (D), and (E) of this 3838 section. 3839

(G) Notwithstanding any provision of this section or 3840 section 2953.33 of the Revised Code that requires otherwise, a 3841 board of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint 3842 3843 vocational school district that maintains records of an individual who has been permanently excluded under sections 3844 3301.121 and 3313.662 of the Revised Code is permitted to 3845 maintain records regarding a conviction that was used as the 3846 basis for the individual's permanent exclusion, regardless of a 3847 court order to seal the record. An order issued under this 3848 section to seal the record of a conviction does not revoke the 3849 adjudication order of the superintendent of public instruction 3850 to permanently exclude the individual who is the subject of the 3851 sealing order. An order issued under this section to seal the 3852

record of a conviction of an individual may be presented to a 3853 district superintendent as evidence to support the contention 3854 that the superintendent should recommend that the permanent 3855 exclusion of the individual who is the subject of the sealing 3856 order be revoked. Except as otherwise authorized by this 3857 division and sections 3301.121 and 3313.662 of the Revised Code, 3858 any school employee in possession of or having access to the 3859 sealed conviction records of an individual that were the basis 3860 of a permanent exclusion of the individual is subject to section 3861 2953.35 of the Revised Code. 3862

3863 (H) For purposes of sections 2953.31 to 2953.36 of the Revised Code, DNA records collected in the DNA database and 3864 fingerprints filed for record by the superintendent of the 3865 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall not be 3866 sealed unless the superintendent receives a certified copy of a 3867 final court order establishing that the offender's conviction 3868 has been overturned. For purposes of this section, a court order 3869 is not "final" if time remains for an appeal or application for 3870 discretionary review with respect to the order. 3871

(I) The sealing of a record under this section does not
 3872
 affect the assessment of points under section 4510.036 of the
 3873
 Revised Code and does not erase points assessed against a person
 3874
 as a result of the sealed record.
 3875

Sec. 2981.13. (A) Except as otherwise provided in this 3876 section, property ordered forfeited as contraband, proceeds, or 3877 an instrumentality pursuant to this chapter shall be disposed 3878 of, used, or sold pursuant to section 2981.12 of the Revised 3879 Code. If the property is to be sold under that section, the 3880 prosecutor shall cause notice of the proposed sale to be given 3881 in accordance with law. 3882 (B) If the contraband or instrumentality forfeited under
 3883
 this chapter is sold, any moneys acquired from a sale and any
 3884
 proceeds forfeited under this chapter shall be applied in the
 3885
 following order:

(1) First, to pay costs incurred in the seizure, storage,
 3887
 maintenance, security, and sale of the property and in the
 3888
 forfeiture proceeding;
 3889

(2) Second, in a criminal forfeiture case, to satisfy any
restitution ordered to the victim of the offense or, in a civil
forfeiture case, to satisfy any recovery ordered for the person
harmed, unless paid from other assets;
3890

(3) Third, to pay the balance due on any security interest3894preserved under this chapter;3895

(4) Fourth, apply the remaining amounts as follows:

(a) If the forfeiture was ordered by a juvenile court, ten
per cent to one or more community addiction services providers
as specified in division (D) of section 2981.12 of the Revised
Code;

(b) If the forfeiture was ordered in a juvenile court,
ninety per cent, and if the forfeiture was ordered in a court
other than a juvenile court, one hundred per cent to the law
and a support fund of the prosecutor and to the following
and supporting the law enforcement agency that substantially
conducted the investigation:

(i) The law enforcement trust fund of the county sheriff,
municipal corporation, township, or park district created under
section 511.18 or 1545.01 of the Revised Code;
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(ii) The state highway patrol contraband, forfeiture, and 3910

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3896

other fund;	3911
(iii) The department of public safety investigative unit	3912
contraband, forfeiture, and other fund;	3913
(iv) The department of taxation enforcement fund;	3914
(v) The board of pharmacy drug law enforcement fund	3915
created by division (B)(1) of section 4729.65 of the Revised	3916
Code;	3917
(vi) The medicaid fraud investigation and prosecution	3918
fund;	3919
(vii) The bureau of criminal identification and	3920
investigation asset forfeiture and cost reimbursement fund	3921
created by section 109.521 of the Revised Code;	3922
(viii) The casino control commission enforcement fund	3923
created by section 3772.36 of the Revised Code;	3924
(viii) (ix) The auditor of state investigation and	3925
forfeiture trust fund established under section 117.54 of the	3926
Revised Code;	3927
(ix) (x) The treasurer of state for deposit into the peace	3928
officer training commission fund if any other state law	3929
enforcement agency substantially conducted the investigation.	3930
In the case of property forfeited for medicaid fraud, any	3931
remaining amount shall be used by the attorney general to	3932
investigate and prosecute medicaid fraud offenses.	3933
If the prosecutor declines to accept any of the remaining	3934
amounts, the amounts shall be applied to the fund of the agency	3935
that substantially conducted the investigation.	3936
(c) If more than one law enforcement agency is	3937

substantially involved in the seizure of property forfeited3938under this chapter, the court ordering the forfeiture shall3939equitably divide the amounts, after calculating any distribution3940to the law enforcement trust fund of the prosecutor pursuant to3941division (B) (4) of this section, among the entities that the3942court determines were substantially involved in the seizure.3943

(C) (1) A law enforcement trust fund shall be established 3944 by the prosecutor of each county who intends to receive any 3945 remaining amounts pursuant to this section, by the sheriff of 3946 each county, by the legislative authority of each municipal 3947 corporation, by the board of township trustees of each township 3948 that has a township police department, township or joint police 3949 district police force, or office of the constable, and by the 3950 board of park commissioners of each park district created 3951 pursuant to section 511.18 or 1545.01 of the Revised Code that 3952 has a park district police force or law enforcement department, 3953 for the purposes of this section. 3954

There is hereby created in the state treasury the state 3955 highway patrol contraband, forfeiture, and other fund, the 3956 department of public safety investigative unit contraband, 3957 forfeiture, and other fund, the medicaid fraud investigation and 3958 prosecution fund, the department of taxation enforcement fund, 3959 and the peace officer training commission fund, for the purposes 3960 of this section. 3961

Amounts distributed to any municipal corporation,3962township, or park district law enforcement trust fund shall be3963allocated from the fund by the legislative authority only to the3964police department of the municipal corporation, by the board of3965township trustees only to the township police department,3966township police district police force, or office of the3967

constable, by the joint police district board only to the joint3968police district, and by the board of park commissioners only to3969the park district police force or law enforcement department.3970

(2) (a) No amounts shall be allocated to a fund under this 3971 section or used by an agency unless the agency has adopted a 3972 written internal control policy that addresses the use of moneys 3973 received from the appropriate fund. The appropriate fund shall 3974 be expended only in accordance with that policy and, subject to 3975 the requirements specified in this section, only for the 3976 following purposes: 3977

(i) To pay the costs of protracted or complex investigations or prosecutions;	3978
	3979

(ii) To provide reasonable technical training or3980expertise;3981

(iii) To provide matching funds to obtain federal grants
to aid law enforcement, in the support of DARE programs or other
programs designed to educate adults or children with respect to
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the dangers associated with the use of drugs of abuse;
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(iv) To pay the costs of emergency action taken under 3986 section 3745.13 of the Revised Code relative to the operation of 3987 an illegal methamphetamine laboratory if the forfeited property 3988 or money involved was that of a person responsible for the 3989 operation of the laboratory; 3990

(v) For other law enforcement purposes that the
superintendent of the state highway patrol, department of public
safety, <u>attorney general</u>, auditor of state, prosecutor, county
sheriff, legislative authority, department of taxation, Ohio
auditor of township trustees, or board
of park commissioners determines to be appropriate.

(b) The board of pharmacy drug law enforcement fund shall 3997 be expended only in accordance with the written internal control 3998 policy so adopted by the board and only in accordance with 3999 section 4729.65 of the Revised Code, except that it also may be 4000 expended to pay the costs of emergency action taken under 4001 section 3745.13 of the Revised Code relative to the operation of 4002 an illegal methamphetamine laboratory if the forfeited property 4003 or money involved was that of a person responsible for the 4004 operation of the laboratory. 4005

(c) A fund listed in division (B)(4)(b) of this section, 4006 other than the Medicaid fraud investigation and prosecution 4007 fund, shall not be used to meet the operating costs of the 4008 agency, office, or political subdivision that are unrelated to 4009 law enforcement. 4010

(d) Forfeited moneys that are paid into the state treasury 4011 to be deposited into the peace officer training commission fund 4012 shall be used by the commission only to pay the costs of peace 4013 officer training. 4014

(3) Any of the following offices or agencies that receive 4015 amounts under this section during any calendar year shall file a 4016 report with the specified entity, not later than the thirty-4017 first day of January of the next calendar year, verifying that 4018 the moneys were expended only for the purposes authorized by 4019 this section or other relevant statute and specifying the 4020 amounts expended for each authorized purpose: 4021

(a) Any sheriff or prosecutor shall file the report with 4022 the county auditor. 4023

(b) Any municipal corporation police department shall file 4024 the report with the legislative authority of the municipal 4025

corporation. 4026 (c) Any township police department, township or joint 4027 police district police force, or office of the constable shall 4028 file the report with the board of township trustees of the 4029 township. 4030 (d) Any park district police force or law enforcement 4031 department shall file the report with the board of park 4032 commissioners of the park district. 4033 (e) The superintendent of the state highway patrol, the 4034 auditor of state, and the tax commissioner shall file the report 4035 4036 with the attorney general. (f) The executive director of the state board of pharmacy 4037 shall file the report with the attorney general, verifying that 4038 cash and forfeited proceeds paid into the board of pharmacy drug 4039 law enforcement fund were used only in accordance with section 4040 4729.65 of the Revised Code. 4041 (g) The peace officer training commission shall file a 4042 report with the attorney general, verifying that cash and 4043 forfeited proceeds paid into the peace officer training 4044 commission fund pursuant to this section during the prior 4045 calendar year were used by the commission during the prior 4046 calendar year only to pay the costs of peace officer training. 4047 (h) The executive director of the Ohio casino control 4048 commission shall file the report with the attorney general, 4049 verifying that cash and forfeited proceeds paid into the casino 4050 control commission enforcement fund were used only in accordance 4051 with section 3772.36 of the Revised Code. 4052

(D) The written internal control policy of a county4053sheriff, prosecutor, municipal corporation police department,4054

township police department, township or joint police district 4055 police force, office of the constable, or park district police 4056 force or law enforcement department shall provide that at least 4057 ten per cent of the first one hundred thousand dollars of 4058 amounts deposited during each calendar year in the agency's law 40.59 enforcement trust fund under this section, and at least twenty 4060 per cent of the amounts exceeding one hundred thousand dollars 4061 that are so deposited, shall be used in connection with 4062 community preventive education programs. The manner of use shall 4063 be determined by the sheriff, prosecutor, department, police 4064 force, or office of the constable after receiving and 4065 considering advice on appropriate community preventive education 4066 programs from the county's board of alcohol, drug addiction, and 4067 mental health services, from the county's alcohol and drug 4068 addiction services board, or through appropriate community 4069 dialoque. 4070

The financial records kept under the internal control4071policy shall specify the amount deposited during each calendar4072year in the portion of that amount that was used pursuant to4073this division, and the programs in connection with which the4074portion of that amount was so used.4075

As used in this division, "community preventive education 4076 programs" include, but are not limited to, DARE programs and 4077 other programs designed to educate adults or children with 4078 respect to the dangers associated with using drugs of abuse. 4079

(E) Upon the sale, under this section or section 2981.12
of the Revised Code, of any property that is required by law to
be titled or registered, the state shall issue an appropriate
certificate of title or registration to the purchaser. If the
state is vested with title and elects to retain property that is

required to be titled or registered under law, the state shall	4085
issue an appropriate certificate of title or registration.	4086
(F) Any failure of a law enforcement officer or agency,	4087
prosecutor, court, or the attorney general to comply with this	4088
section in relation to any property seized does not affect the	4089
validity of the seizure and shall not be considered to be the	4090
basis for suppressing any evidence resulting from the seizure,	4091
provided the seizure itself was lawful.	4092
Sec. 5302.221. (A) As used in this section :	4093
"Estate" has the same meaning as in section 5162.21 of the	4094
Revised Code.	4095
"Medicaid , "medicaid estate recovery program" means the	4096
program instituted under section 5162.21 of the Revised Code.	4097
(B) The administrator of the medicaid estate recovery	4098
program shall prescribe a form on which a beneficiary of a	4099
transfer on death designation affidavit as provided in section	4100
5302.22 of the Revised Code, who survives the deceased owner of	4101
the real property or an interest in the real property or that is	4102
in existence on the date of death of the deceased owner, or that	4103
beneficiary's representative is to indicate both of the	4104
following:	4105
(1) Whether Which of the following applies to the deceased	4106
owner was either of the following:	4107
(a) A decedent subject to the The deceased owner had been	4108
<u>a</u> medicaid estate recovery program; recipient.	4109
(b) The spouse of a decedent subject to the <u>deceased owner</u>	4110
<u>had never been a medicaid estate recovery program recipient.</u>	4111
(c) The beneficiary or representative does not know	4112

whether the deceased owner had ever been a medicaid recipient.	4113
(2) Whether the real property or interest in the real-	4114
property was part of the estate of a decedent subject to the	4115
medicaid estate recovery program If the spouse of the deceased	4116
owner died before the owner died, which of the following applies	4117
to the predeceased spouse:	4118
(a) The predeceased spouse had been a medicaid recipient.	4119
(b) The predeceased spouse had never been a medicaid	4120
recipient.	4121
<u>(c) The beneficiary or representative does not know</u>	4122
whether the predeceased spouse had ever been a medicaid	4123
recipient.	4124
(C) The administrator of the medicaid estate recovery	4125
program shall make the form prescribed under division (B) of	4126
this section available to county recorders. A county recorder	4127
shall obtain a properly completed form prescribed under division	4128
(B) of this section from the provide a copy of the form to a	4129
beneficiary of a transfer on death designation affidavit or the	4130
beneficiary's representative and send a copy of the form to the	4131
administrator of the medicaid estate recovery program before	4132
recording the transfer of the real property or interest in the	4133
real property under section 5302.222 of the Revised Code. A	4134
beneficiary or beneficiary's representative shall submit a copy	4135
of the properly completed form to the administrator of the	4136
medicaid estate recovery program if the beneficiary or	4137
representative indicates any of the following on the form:	4138
(1) That the decoard owner had been a medical regiment	4139
(1) That the deceased owner had been a medicaid recipient	
or that the beneficiary or representative does not know whether	4140
the deceased owner had ever been a medicaid recipient;	4141

(2) That the predeceased spouse of the deceased owner had	4142
been a medicaid recipient or that the beneficiary or	4143
representative does not know whether the predeceased spouse had	4144
ever been a medicaid recipient.	4145
	4140
Section 2. That existing sections 9.02, 109.08, 109.081,	4146
109.43, 109.521, 109.57, 109.572, 109.578, 109.60, 1331.01,	4147
1331.04, 1331.99, 1345.02, 1345.03, 1345.031, 1345.07, 1345.21,	4148
1345.23, 1345.24, 1345.43, 1345.44, 1349.43, 1716.02, 1716.05,	4149
1716.07, 2329.07, 2743.191, 2743.56, 2743.68, 2743.71, 2746.02,	4150
2901.01, 2953.32, 2981.13, and 5302.221 and section 1331.05 of	4151
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	4152
Section 3. It is the intent of the General Assembly, by	4153
the amendment of this act to the third paragraph of section	4154
109.08 of the Revised Code, to clarify that the paragraph	4155
permits and has always permitted the Attorney General to	4156
authorize special counsel to use the Attorney General's official	4157
letterhead stationary in connection with the collection of any	4158
certified claims even outside of Chapters 5733., 5739., 5741.,	4159
and 5747. of the Revised Code.	4160