As Reported by the House Government Accountability and Oversight Committee

131st General Assembly Regular Session 2015-2016

Am. Sub. S. B. No. 329

Senators Jordan, Faber

Cosponsors: Senators Coley, Bacon, Burke, Eklund, Hackett, Hite, Obhof, Peterson, Uecker

A BILL

То	enact sections 101.88, 101.881, 101.882, and	1
	101.89 of the Revised Code to require standing	2
	committees of the General Assembly to establish	3
	a schedule for the periodic review and sunset of	4
	state departments that are currently in the	5
	Governor's cabinet.	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 101.88, 101.881, 101.882, and	7
101.89 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	8
Sec. 101.88. (A) The departments enumerated in divisions	9
(B) and (C) of this section shall periodically be reviewed by	10
the general assembly and unless renewed, shall cease to operate	11
according to the schedule provided in this section. If the	12
general assembly does not renew a department that is scheduled	13
to be reviewed and the department is not otherwise renewed	14
before the department's expiration date, the department shall	15
wind up operations, in accordance with section 126.29 of the	16
Revised Code, during the two-year period before the department's	17

expiration date and shall suspend all operations at midnight on	18
the day after the expiration date.	19
(B) The following departments shall be reviewed during	20
each even-numbered general assembly, and expire at the end of	21
the thirty-first day of December of the second year of the	22
subsequent odd-numbered general assembly, unless the department	23
is renewed in accordance with division (F) of this section:	24
(1) The office of budget and management;	25
(2) The department of administrative services;	26
(3) The department of agriculture;	27
(4) The department of health;	28
(5) The department of public safety;	29
(6) The department of developmental disabilities;	30
(7) The development services agency;	31
(8) The department of rehabilitation and correction;	32
(9) The department of aging;	33
(10) The department of medicaid;	34
(11) The office of the adjutant general;	35
(12) The department of higher education.	36
(C) The following departments shall be reviewed during	37
each odd-numbered general assembly, and expire at the end of the	38
thirty-first day of December of the second year of the	39
subsequent even-numbered general assembly, unless the department	40
is renewed in accordance with division (F) of this section:	41

(1) The department of commerce;

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(2) The department of transportation;	43
(3) The department of natural resources;	44
(4) The department of job and family services;	45
(5) The department of mental health and addiction	46
services;	47
(6) The department of insurance;	48
(7) The department of youth services;	49
(8) The environmental protection agency;	50
(9) The department of veterans services;	51
(10) The office of health transformation;	52
(11) The public utilities commission;	53
(12) The department of taxation;	54
(13) The bureau of workers' compensation.	55
(D) The director of budget and management shall not	56
authorize the expenditure of any moneys for any department on or	57
after the date of its expiration.	58
(E) The general assembly may provide by law for the	59
orderly, efficient, and expeditious conclusion of a department's	60
business and operation. The rules, orders, licenses, contracts,	61
and other actions made, taken, granted, or performed by the	62
department shall continue in effect according to their terms	63
notwithstanding the department's abolition, unless the general	64
assembly provides otherwise by law. The general assembly may	65
provide by law for the temporary or permanent transfer of some	66
or all of a terminated or transferred department's functions and	67
personnel to a successor department, board, or officer.	68

The abolition, termination, or transfer of a department shall not cause the termination or dismissal of any claim pending against the department by any person, or any claim pending against any person by the department. Unless the general assembly provides otherwise by law for the substitution of parties, the attorney general shall succeed the department with reference to any pending claim. (F) A department may be renewed by passage of a bill that

continues the statutes creating and empowering the department. 77 The amendment of a statute creating and empowering a department 78 that is subject to review under division (B) or (C) of this 79 section that is amended between the time the department was last 80 reviewed and the time it is next scheduled to be reviewed does 81 not change the next scheduled review date of the department. The 82 next scheduled review date of a department changes only if the 83 amendment expressly so provides. 84

Sec. 101.881. (A) Not later than three months after the 85 commencement of a general assembly during which a department is 86 scheduled to be reviewed under division (B) or (C) of section 87 101.88 of the Revised Code, the president of the senate and the 88 speaker of the house of representatives each shall direct a 89 standing committee of the senate and of the house of 90 representatives, respectively, to hold hearings to receive the 91 testimony of the public and of the chief executive officer of 92 the department and otherwise shall review, consider, and 93 evaluate the usefulness, performance, and effectiveness of the 94 department. The president of the senate and the speaker of the 95 house of representatives may defer the review of a department 96 until the next general assembly during which the department is 97 subject to review. The deferral does not prevent the expiration 98 of a department. A department's renewal in accordance with 99

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division (F) of section 101.88 of the Revised Code is necessary	100
to continue the statutes creating and empowering the department	101
regardless of whether the department's review has occurred or	102
has been deferred. A department whose review has been deferred	103
shall be reviewed, without the option for deferment, during the	104
next general assembly during which the department is subject to	105
review under division (B) or (C) of section 101.88 of the	106
Revised Code.	107
(B) A department that is not scheduled to be reviewed	108
under division (B) or (C) of section 101.88 of the Revised Code	109
is not subject to automatic expiration under this chapter. The	110
president of the senate and the speaker of the house of	111
representatives may direct a standing committee of the senate	112
and of the house of representatives, respectively, to hold	113
hearings to receive the testimony of the public and of the chief	114
executive officer of the department and otherwise may review,	115
consider, and evaluate the usefulness, performance, and	116
effectiveness of the department.	117
(C) Each department that is scheduled for review and each	118
department that is identified to be reviewed by a standing	119
committee shall submit to the standing committee a report that	120
contains all of the following information:	121
(1) The department's primary purpose and its various goals	122
and objectives;	123
(2) The department's past and anticipated workload, the	124
number of staff required to complete that workload, and the	125
department's total number of staff;	126
(3) The department's past and anticipated budgets and its	127
sources of funding.	128

<u>(D) Each department shall have the burden of demonstrating</u>	129
to the standing committee a public need for its continued	130
existence. In determining whether a department has demonstrated	131
that need, the standing committee shall consider, as relevant,	132
all of the following:	133
(1) Whether or not the public could be protected or served	134
in an alternate or less restrictive manner;	135
(2) Whether or not the department serves the public	136
interest rather than a specific interest;	137
(3) Whether or not rules adopted by the department are	138
consistent with the legislative mandate of the department as	139
expressed in the statutes that created and empowered the	140
department;	141
(4) The extent to which the department's jurisdiction and	142
programs overlap or duplicate those of other departments, the_	143
extent to which the department coordinates with those other	144
departments, and the extent to which the department's programs	145
could be consolidated with the programs of other state	146
departments;	147
(5) Whether or not continuation of the department is	148
necessary to protect the health, safety, or welfare of the	149
public, and if so, whether or not the department's authority is	150
narrowly tailored to protect against present, recognizable, and	151
significant harms to the health, safety, or welfare of the	152
public;	153
(6) The amount of regulation exercised by the department	154
compared to such regulation, if any, in other states;	155
(7) Whether or not alternative means or methods can be	156
used to improve efficiency and customer service to assist the	157

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department in the performance of its duties;	158
(8) Whether or not the operation of the department has	159
inhibited economic growth, reduced efficiency, or increased the	160
<u>cost of government;</u>	161
(9) An assessment of the authority of the department	162
regarding fees, inspections, enforcement, and penalties;	163
(10) The extent to which the department has permitted_	164
qualified applicants to serve the public;	165
(11) The cost-effectiveness of the department in terms of	166
number of employees, services rendered, and administrative costs	167
incurred, both past and present;	168
(12) Whether or not the department's operation has been_	169
impeded or enhanced by existing statutes and procedures and by	170
budgetary, resource, and personnel practices;	171
(13) Whether the department has recommended statutory	172
changes to the general assembly that would benefit the public as	173
opposed to the persons regulated by the department, if any, and	174
whether its recommendations and other policies have been adopted	175
and implemented;	176
(14) Whether the department has required any persons it	177
regulates to report to it the impact of department rules and	178
decisions on the public as they affect service costs and service	179
<u>delivery;</u>	180
(15) Whether persons regulated by the department, if any,	181
have been required to assess problems in their business	182
operations that affect the public;	183
(16) Whether the department has encouraged public_	184
participation in its rule-making and decision-making;	185

(17) The efficiency with which formal public complaints	186
filed with the department have been processed to completion;	187
(18) Whether the programs or services of the department	188
duplicate or overlap those of other departments;	189
(19) Whether the purpose for which the department was	190
created has been fulfilled, has changed, or no longer exists;	191
(20) Whether federal law requires that the department be	192
renewed in some form;	193
(21) An assessment of the administrative hearing process	194
of a department if the department has an administrative hearing	195
process;	196
(22) Any applicable criteria under division (E) of this	197
section;	198
(23) Changes needed in the enabling laws of the department	199
in order for it to comply with the criteria suggested by the	200
considerations listed in divisions (D)(1) to (22) of this	201
section.	202
(E) In the review of a department that issues a license to	203
practice a trade or profession, the standing committee shall	204
consider all of the following:	205
(1) Whether the requirement for the license serves a	206
meaningful, defined public interest and provides the least	207
restrictive form of regulation that adequately protects the	208
<pre>public interest;</pre>	209
(2) The extent to which the objective of licensing may be	210
achieved through market forces, private or industry	211
certification and accreditation programs, or enforcement of	212
other existing laws;	213

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(3) The extent to which licensing ensures that	214
practitioners have occupational skill sets or competencies that	215
correlate with a public interest, and the impact that those	216
criteria have on applicants for a license, particularly those	217
with moderate or low incomes, seeking to enter the occupation or	218
profession;	219
(4) The extent to which the requirement for the license	220
stimulates or restricts competition, affects consumer choice,	221
and affects the cost of services.	222
As used in division (E) of this section:	223
"Least restrictive form of regulation" means the public	224
policy of relying on one of the following, listed from the least	225
to the most restrictive, as a means of consumer protection:	226
market competition; third-party or consumer-created ratings and	227
reviews; private certification; specific private civil cause of	228
action to remedy consumer harm; actions under Chapter 1345. of	229
the Revised Code; regulation of the process of providing the	230
specific goods or services to consumers; inspection; bonding or	231
insurance; registration; government certification; specialty	232
occupational license for medical reimbursement; and occupational	233
license. "Specialty occupational license for medical	234
reimbursement" means a nontransferable authorization in law for	235
an individual to provide identified medical services and qualify	236
for payment or reimbursement from a government agency based on	237
meeting personal qualifications established in law.	238
"License" means a license, certificate, permit, or other	239
authorization issued or conferred by a department or board under	240
which a person may engage in a profession, occupation, or	241
occupational activity.	242

For purposes of division (E) of this section, a government	243
regulatory requirement is in the public interest if it provides	244
protection from present, recognizable, and significant harms to	245
the health, safety, or welfare of the public.	246
Sec. 101.882. The president of the senate and the speaker	247
of the house of representatives shall notify the chief of the	248
common sense initiative office, established under section 107.61	249
of the Revised Code, when a department is identified under	250
division (A) or (B) of section 101.881 of the Revised Code to be	251
reviewed by a standing committee. The chief or the chief's	252
designee shall appear and testify before the standing committee,	253
with respect to the department, and shall testify on at least	254
all of the following:	255
(A) Whether or not the common sense initiative office has,	256
within the previous five years, received commentary related to	257
the department through the comment system established under	258
section 107.62 of the Revised Code;	259
(B) Whether or not the common sense initiative office has,	260
within the previous five years, received advice from the small_	261
business advisory council with respect to rules of the	262
<u>department;</u>	263
(C) Any other information the chief believes will	264
elucidate the effectiveness and efficiency of the department and	265
in particular the quality of customer service provided by the	266
department.	267
Sec. 101.89. After the completion of the evaluation review	268
of a department under section 101.881 of the Revised Code, the	269
standing committee that conducted the review may prepare and	270
publish a report of its findings and recommendations. A standing	271

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committee may include in a single report its findings and	272
recommendations regarding more than one department. If the	273
standing committee prepares and publishes a report, the	274
committee shall furnish a copy of the report to the clerk of the	275
house of representatives or the clerk of the senate, as the case	276
may be. The clerk shall furnish a copy of the report to the	277
president of the senate, the speaker of the house of	278
representatives, the governor, and each affected department. The	279
clerk shall make any published report available to the public on	280
the internet web site of the general assembly.	281