## As Reported by the House Civil Justice Committee

# **132nd General Assembly**

Regular Session 2017-2018

Sub. H. B. No. 1

# Representatives Sykes, Manning

Cosponsors: Representatives Riedel, O'Brien, Kent, Craig, Lanese, Boyd, Smith, R., Hill, Ashford, Dever, Holmes, Leland, McColley, Perales, Johnson, G., Antonio, West, Cera, Rogers, Retherford, Sheehy, Pelanda, Ramos, Butler, Henne, Boccieri, Sprague, Boggs, Fedor, Antani, Householder, DeVitis, Celebrezze, Rezabek

#### A BILL

Го	amend sections 109.42, 2151.34, 2903.214,	1
	2919.26, 2919.27, 3113.31, and 3113.33 and to	2
	enact section 3113.311 of the Revised Code to	3
	authorize the issuance of dating violence	4
	protection orders with respect to conduct	5
	directed at a petitioner alleging dating	6
	violence, to provide access to domestic violence	7
	shelters for victims of dating violence, and to	8
	require the Attorney General's victim's bill of	9
	rights pamphlet to include a notice that a	10
	petitioner alleging dating violence has the	11
	right to petition for a civil protection order.	12

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 109.42, 2151.34, 2903.214,	13
2919.26, 2919.27, 3113.31, and 3113.33 be amended and section	14
3113.311 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	15
Sec. 109.42. (A) The attorney general shall prepare and	16

have printed a pamphlet that contains a compilation of all	17
statutes relative to victim's rights in which the attorney	18
general lists and explains the statutes in the form of a	19
victim's bill of rights. The attorney general shall distribute	20
the pamphlet to all sheriffs, marshals, municipal corporation	21
and township police departments, constables, and other law	22
enforcement agencies, to all prosecuting attorneys, city	23
directors of law, village solicitors, and other similar chief	24
legal officers of municipal corporations, and to organizations	25
that represent or provide services for victims of crime. The	26
victim's bill of rights set forth in the pamphlet shall contain	27
a description of all of the rights of victims that are provided	28
for in Chapter 2930. or in any other section of the Revised Code	29
and shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following:	30

- (1) The right of a victim or a victim's representative to 31 attend a proceeding before a grand jury, in a juvenile case, or 32 in a criminal case pursuant to a subpoena without being 33 discharged from the victim's or representative's employment, 34 having the victim's or representative's employment terminated, 35 having the victim's or representative's pay decreased or 36 withheld, or otherwise being punished, penalized, or threatened 37 as a result of time lost from regular employment because of the 38 victim's or representative's attendance at the proceeding 39 pursuant to the subpoena, as set forth in section 2151.211, 40 2930.18, 2939.121, or 2945.451 of the Revised Code; 41
- (2) The potential availability pursuant to section 42 2151.359 or 2152.61 of the Revised Code of a forfeited 43 recognizance to pay damages caused by a child when the 44 delinquency of the child or child's violation of probation or 45 community control is found to be proximately caused by the 46 failure of the child's parent or guardian to subject the child 47

to reasonable parental authority or to faithfully discharge the	48
conditions of probation or community control;	49
(3) The availability of awards of reparations pursuant to	50
sections 2743.51 to 2743.72 of the Revised Code for injuries	51
caused by criminal offenses;	52
	-
(4) The right of the victim in certain criminal or	53
juvenile cases or a victim's representative to receive, pursuant	54
to section 2930.06 of the Revised Code, notice of the date,	55
time, and place of the trial or delinquency proceeding in the	56
case or, if there will not be a trial or delinquency proceeding,	57
information from the prosecutor, as defined in section 2930.01	58
of the Revised Code, regarding the disposition of the case;	59
(5) The right of the victim in certain criminal or	60
juvenile cases or a victim's representative to receive, pursuant	61
to section 2930.04, 2930.05, or 2930.06 of the Revised Code,	62
notice of the name of the person charged with the violation, the	63
case or docket number assigned to the charge, and a telephone	64
number or numbers that can be called to obtain information about	65
the disposition of the case;	66
(6) The right of the victim in certain criminal or	67
juvenile cases or of the victim's representative pursuant to	68
section 2930.13 or 2930.14 of the Revised Code, subject to any	69
reasonable terms set by the court as authorized under section	70
2930.14 of the Revised Code, to make a statement about the	71
victimization and, if applicable, a statement relative to the	72
sentencing or disposition of the offender;	73
(7) The opportunity to obtain a court order, pursuant to	74
section 2945.04 of the Revised Code, to prevent or stop the	75
peceton 2210.01 or one wearped code, to breaent or prob one	, 5

commission of the offense of intimidation of a crime victim or

100

101

witness or an offense against the person or property of the 77 complainant, or of the complainant's ward or child; 78

- (8) The right of the victim in certain criminal or 79 juvenile cases or a victim's representative pursuant to sections 80 2151.38, 2929.20, 2930.10, 2930.16, and 2930.17 of the Revised 81 Code to receive notice of a pending motion for judicial release, 82 release pursuant to section 2967.19 of the Revised Code, or 83 other early release of the person who committed the offense 84 against the victim, to make an oral or written statement at the 85 court hearing on the motion, and to be notified of the court's 86 decision on the motion; 87
- (9) The right of the victim in certain criminal or 88 juvenile cases or a victim's representative pursuant to section 89 2930.16, 2967.12, 2967.26, or 5139.56 of the Revised Code to 90 receive notice of any pending commutation, pardon, parole, 91 transitional control, discharge, other form of authorized 92 release, post-release control, or supervised release for the 93 person who committed the offense against the victim or any 94 application for release of that person and to send a written 9.5 statement relative to the victimization and the pending action 96 to the adult parole authority or the release authority of the 97 department of youth services; 98
- (10) The right of the victim to bring a civil action pursuant to sections 2969.01 to 2969.06 of the Revised Code to obtain money from the offender's profit fund;
- (11) The right, pursuant to section 3109.09 of the Revised

  Code, to maintain a civil action to recover compensatory damages

  not exceeding ten thousand dollars and costs from the parent of

  a minor who willfully damages property through the commission of

  an act that would be a theft offense, as defined in section

  102

2913.01 of the Revised Code, if committed by an adult;	107
(12) The right, pursuant to section 3109.10 of the Revised	108
Code, to maintain a civil action to recover compensatory damages	109
not exceeding ten thousand dollars and costs from the parent of	110
a minor who willfully and maliciously assaults a person;	111
(13) The possibility of receiving restitution from an	112
offender or a delinquent child pursuant to section 2152.20,	113
2929.18, or 2929.28 of the Revised Code;	114
(14) The right of the victim in certain criminal or	115
juvenile cases or a victim's representative, pursuant to section	116
2930.16 of the Revised Code, to receive notice of the escape	117
from confinement or custody of the person who committed the	118
offense, to receive that notice from the custodial agency of the	119
person at the victim's last address or telephone number provided	120
to the custodial agency, and to receive notice that, if either	121
the victim's address or telephone number changes, it is in the	122
victim's interest to provide the new address or telephone number	123
to the custodial agency;	124
(15) The right of a victim of domestic violence to seek	125
the issuance of a civil protection order pursuant to section	126
3113.31 of the Revised Code, the right of a petitioner alleging	127
dating violence to seek the issuance of a protection order under	128
<pre>section 3113.311 of the Revised Code, the right of a victim of a</pre>	129
violation of section 2903.14, 2909.06, 2909.07, 2911.12,	130
2911.211, or 2919.22 of the Revised Code, a violation of a	131
substantially similar municipal ordinance, or an offense of	132
violence who is a family or household member of the offender at	133
the time of the offense to seek the issuance of a temporary	134
protection order pursuant to section 2919.26 of the Revised	135
Code, and the right of both types of victims to be accompanied	136

by a victim advocate during court proceedings;

(16) The right of a victim of a sexually oriented offense 138 or of a child-victim oriented offense that is committed by a 139 person who is convicted of, pleads guilty to, or is adjudicated 140 a delinquent child for committing the offense and who is in a 141 category specified in division (B) of section 2950.10 of the 142 Revised Code to receive, pursuant to that section, notice that 143 the person has registered with a sheriff under section 2950.04, 144 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code and notice of the 145 person's name, the person's residence that is registered, and 146 the offender's school, institution of higher education, or place 147 of employment address or addresses that are registered, the 148 person's photograph, and a summary of the manner in which the 149 victim must make a request to receive the notice. As used in 150 this division, "sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim 151 oriented offense" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 152 of the Revised Code. 153

(17) The right of a victim of certain sexually violent 154 offenses committed by an offender who also is convicted of or 155 pleads guilty to a sexually violent predator specification and 156 who is sentenced to a prison term pursuant to division (A)(3) of 157 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, of a victim of a violation 158 of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code 159 committed on or after January 2, 2007, by an offender who is 160 sentenced for the violation pursuant to division (B)(1)(a), (b), 161 or (c) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, of a victim of an 162 attempted rape committed on or after January 2, 2007, by an 163 offender who also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 164 specification of the type described in section 2941.1418, 165 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of the Revised Code and is sentenced for 166 the violation pursuant to division (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of 167

section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, and of a victim of an	168
offense that is described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or	169
(d) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code and is committed by	170
an offender who is sentenced pursuant to one of those divisions	171
to receive, pursuant to section 2930.16 of the Revised Code,	172
notice of a hearing to determine whether to modify the	173
requirement that the offender serve the entire prison term in a	174
state correctional facility, whether to continue, revise, or	175
revoke any existing modification of that requirement, or whether	176
to terminate the prison term. As used in this division,	177
"sexually violent offense" and "sexually violent predator	178
specification" have the same meanings as in section 2971.01 of	179
the Revised Code.	180

- (B)(1)(a) Subject to division (B)(1)(c) of this section, a 181 prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, city 182 director of law, assistant city director of law, village 183 solicitor, assistant village solicitor, or similar chief legal 184 officer of a municipal corporation or an assistant of any of 185 those officers who prosecutes an offense committed in this 186 state, upon first contact with the victim of the offense, the 187 victim's family, or the victim's dependents, shall give the 188 victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents a copy 189 of the pamphlet prepared pursuant to division (A) of this 190 section and explain, upon request, the information in the 191 pamphlet to the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's 192 dependents. 193
- (b) Subject to division (B)(1)(c) of this section, a law 194 enforcement agency that investigates an offense or delinquent 195 act committed in this state shall give the victim of the offense 196 or delinquent act, the victim's family, or the victim's 197 dependents a copy of the pamphlet prepared pursuant to division 198

200

201

212

213

214

215

216

217

218

- (A) of this section at one of the following times:
- (i) Upon first contact with the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents;
- (ii) If the offense or delinquent act is an offense of 202 violence, if the circumstances of the offense or delinquent act 203 and the condition of the victim, the victim's family, or the 204 victim's dependents indicate that the victim, the victim's 205 family, or the victim's dependents will not be able to 206 understand the significance of the pamphlet upon first contact 207 with the agency, and if the agency anticipates that it will have 208 an additional contact with the victim, the victim's family, or 209 the victim's dependents, upon the agency's second contact with 210 the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents. 211

If the agency does not give the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents a copy of the pamphlet upon first contact with them and does not have a second contact with the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents, the agency shall mail a copy of the pamphlet to the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents at their last known address.

(c) In complying on and after December 9, 1994, with the 219 duties imposed by division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, an 220 official or a law enforcement agency shall use copies of the 221 pamphlet that are in the official's or agency's possession on 222 December 9, 1994, until the official or agency has distributed 223 all of those copies. After the official or agency has 224 distributed all of those copies, the official or agency shall 225 use only copies of the pamphlet that contain at least the 226 information described in divisions (A)(1) to (17) of this 227 section. 228

254

255

256

257

- (2) The failure of a law enforcement agency or of a 229 prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, city 230 director of law, assistant city director of law, village 231 solicitor, assistant village solicitor, or similar chief legal 232 officer of a municipal corporation or an assistant to any of 233 those officers to give, as required by division (B)(1) of this 234 section, the victim of an offense or delinquent act, the 235 victim's family, or the victim's dependents a copy of the 236 pamphlet prepared pursuant to division (A) of this section does 237 not give the victim, the victim's family, the victim's 238 dependents, or a victim's representative any rights under 239 section 2743.51 to 2743.72, 2945.04, 2967.12, 2969.01 to 240 2969.06, 3109.09, or 3109.10 of the Revised Code or under any 241 other provision of the Revised Code and does not affect any 242 right under those sections. 243
- (3) A law enforcement agency, a prosecuting attorney or 244 assistant prosecuting attorney, or a city director of law, 245 assistant city director of law, village solicitor, assistant 246 village solicitor, or similar chief legal officer of a municipal 247 corporation that distributes a copy of the pamphlet prepared 248 pursuant to division (A) of this section shall not be required 249 to distribute a copy of an information card or other printed 250 material provided by the clerk of the court of claims pursuant 251 to section 2743.71 of the Revised Code. 252
- (C) The cost of printing and distributing the pamphlet prepared pursuant to division (A) of this section shall be paid out of the reparations fund, created pursuant to section 2743.191 of the Revised Code, in accordance with division (D) of that section.
  - (D) As used in this section:

(B) The court has jurisdiction over all proceedings under	286
this section.	287
(C)(1) Any of the following persons may seek relief under	288
this section by filing a petition with the court:	289
(a) Any person on behalf of that person;	290
(b) Any parent or adult family or household member on	291
behalf of any other family or household member;	292
(c) Any person who is determined by the court in its	293
discretion as an appropriate person to seek relief under this	294
section on behalf of any child.	295
(2) The petition shall contain or state all of the	296
following:	297
(a) An allegation that the respondent engaged in a	298
violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.21,	299
2903.211, 2903.22, or 2911.211 of the Revised Code, committed a	300
sexually oriented offense, or engaged in a violation of any	301
municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to any of	302
those offenses against the person to be protected by the	303
protection order, including a description of the nature and	304
extent of the violation;	305
(b) If the petitioner seeks relief in the form of	306
electronic monitoring of the respondent, an allegation that at	307
any time preceding the filing of the petition the respondent	308
engaged in conduct that would cause a reasonable person to	309
believe that the health, welfare, or safety of the person to be	310
protected was at risk, a description of the nature and extent of	311
that conduct, and an allegation that the respondent presents a	312
continuing danger to the person to be protected;	313

(c) A request for relief under this section.	314
(3) The court in its discretion may determine whether or	315
not to give notice that a petition has been filed under division	316
(C)(1) of this section on behalf of a child to any of the	317
following:	318
(a) A parent of the child if the petition was filed by any	319
person other than a parent of the child;	320
(b) Any person who is determined by the court to be an	321
appropriate person to receive notice of the filing of the	322
petition.	323
(D)(1) If a person who files a petition pursuant to this	324
section requests an ex parte order, the court shall hold an ex	325
parte hearing as soon as possible after the petition is filed,	326
but not later than the next day after the court is in session	327
after the petition is filed. The court, for good cause shown at	328
the ex parte hearing, may enter any temporary orders, with or	329
without bond, that the court finds necessary for the safety and	330
protection of the person to be protected by the order. Immediate	331
and present danger to the person to be protected by the	332
protection order constitutes good cause for purposes of this	333
section. Immediate and present danger includes, but is not	334
limited to, situations in which the respondent has threatened	335
the person to be protected by the protection order with bodily	336
harm or in which the respondent previously has been convicted	337
of, pleaded guilty to, or been adjudicated a delinquent child	338
for committing a violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13,	339
2903.21, 2903.211, 2903.22, or 2911.211 of the Revised Code, a	340
sexually oriented offense, or a violation of any municipal	341
ordinance that is substantially equivalent to any of those	342

offenses against the person to be protected by the protection

order.	344
(2)(a) If the court, after an ex parte hearing, issues a	345
protection order described in division (E) of this section, the	346
court shall schedule a full hearing for a date that is within	347
ten court days after the ex parte hearing. The court shall give	348
the respondent notice of, and an opportunity to be heard at, the	349
full hearing. The court also shall give notice of the full	350
hearing to the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the	351
respondent. The court shall hold the full hearing on the date	352
scheduled under this division unless the court grants a	353
continuance of the hearing in accordance with this division.	354
Under any of the following circumstances or for any of the	355
following reasons, the court may grant a continuance of the full	356
hearing to a reasonable time determined by the court:	357
(i) Prior to the date scheduled for the full hearing under	358
this division, the respondent has not been served with the	359
petition filed pursuant to this section and notice of the full	360
hearing.	361
(ii) The parties consent to the continuance.	362
(iii) The continuance is needed to allow a party to obtain	363
counsel.	364
(iv) The continuance is needed for other good cause.	365
(b) An ex parte order issued under this section does not	366
expire because of a failure to serve notice of the full hearing	367
upon the respondent before the date set for the full hearing	368
under division (D)(2)(a) of this section or because the court	369
grants a continuance under that division.	370
(3) If a person who files a petition pursuant to this	371
section does not request an ex parte order, or if a person	372

requests an ex parte order but the court does not issue an ex
parte order after an ex parte hearing, the court shall proceed
as in a normal civil action and grant a full hearing on the
matter.

373
374
375

- (E)(1)(a) After an ex parte or full hearing, the court may 377 issue any protection order, with or without bond, that contains 378 terms designed to ensure the safety and protection of the person 379 to be protected by the protection order. The court may include 380 within a protection order issued under this section a term 381 382 requiring that the respondent not remove, damage, hide, harm, or dispose of any companion animal owned or possessed by the person 383 to be protected by the order, and may include within the order a 384 term authorizing the person to be protected by the order to 385 remove a companion animal owned by the person to be protected by 386 the order from the possession of the respondent. 387
- (b) After a full hearing, if the court considering a 388 petition that includes an allegation of the type described in 389 division (C)(2)(b) of this section or the court, upon its own 390 motion, finds upon clear and convincing evidence that the 391 petitioner reasonably believed that the respondent's conduct at 392 any time preceding the filing of the petition endangered the 393 health, welfare, or safety of the person to be protected and 394 that the respondent presents a continuing danger to the person 395 to be protected and if division (N) of this section does not 396 prohibit the issuance of an order that the respondent be 397 electronically monitored, the court may order that the 398 respondent be electronically monitored for a period of time and 399 under the terms and conditions that the court determines are 400 appropriate. Electronic monitoring shall be in addition to any 401 402 other relief granted to the petitioner.

(2)(a) Any protection order issued pursuant to this	403
section shall be valid until a date certain but not later than	404
the date the respondent attains nineteen years of age.	405
(b) Any protection order issued pursuant to this section	406
may be renewed in the same manner as the original order was	407
issued.	408
(3) A court may not issue a protection order that requires	409
a petitioner to do or to refrain from doing an act that the	410
court may require a respondent to do or to refrain from doing	411
under division (E)(1) of this section unless all of the	412
following apply:	413
(a) The respondent files a separate petition for a	414
protection order in accordance with this section.	415
(b) The petitioner is served with notice of the	416
respondent's petition at least forty-eight hours before the	417
court holds a hearing with respect to the respondent's petition,	418
or the petitioner waives the right to receive this notice.	419
(c) If the petitioner has requested an ex parte order	420
pursuant to division (D) of this section, the court does not	421
delay any hearing required by that division beyond the time	422
specified in that division in order to consolidate the hearing	423
with a hearing on the petition filed by the respondent.	424
(d) After a full hearing at which the respondent presents	425
evidence in support of the request for a protection order and	426
the petitioner is afforded an opportunity to defend against that	427
evidence, the court determines that the petitioner has committed	428
a violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.21,	429
2903.211, 2903.22, or 2911.211 of the Revised Code, a sexually	430
oriented offense or a violation of any municipal ordinance that	431

is substantially equivalent to any of those offenses against the	432
person to be protected by the protection order issued pursuant	433
to division (E)(3) of this section, or has violated a protection	434
order issued pursuant to this section or section 2903.213 of the	435
Revised Code relative to the person to be protected by the	436
protection order issued pursuant to division (E)(3) of this	437
section.	438
(4) No protection order issued pursuant to this section	439
shall in any manner affect title to any real property.	440
(5)(a) A protection order issued under this section shall	441
clearly state that the person to be protected by the order	442
cannot waive or nullify by invitation or consent any requirement	443
in the order.	444
(b) Division (E)(5)(a) of this section does not limit any	445
discretion of a court to determine that a respondent alleged to	446
have violated section 2919.27 of the Revised Code, violated a	447
municipal ordinance substantially equivalent to that section, or	448
committed contempt of court, which allegation is based on an	449
alleged violation of a protection order issued under this	450
section, did not commit the violation or was not in contempt of	451
court.	452
(6) Any protection order issued pursuant to this section	453
shall include a provision that the court will automatically seal	454
all of the records of the proceeding in which the order is	455
issued on the date the respondent attains the age of nineteen	456
years unless the petitioner provides the court with evidence	457
that the respondent has not complied with all of the terms of	458
the protection order. The protection order shall specify the	459

date when the respondent attains the age of nineteen years.

469

470

472

473

474

475

476

477

478

(F)(1) The court shall cause the delivery of a copy of any	461
protection order that is issued under this section to the	462
petitioner, to the respondent, and to all law enforcement	463
agencies that have jurisdiction to enforce the order. The court	464
shall direct that a copy of the order be delivered to the	465
respondent and the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the	466
respondent on the same day that the order is entered.	467

(2) Upon the issuance of a protection order under this section, the court shall provide the parties to the order with the following notice orally or by form:

"NOTICE 471

As a result of this order, it may be unlawful for you to possess or purchase a firearm, including a rifle, pistol, or revolver, or ammunition pursuant to federal law under 18 U.S.C. 922(g)(8) for the duration of this order. If you have any questions whether this law makes it illegal for you to possess or purchase a firearm or ammunition, you should consult an attorney."

- (3) All law enforcement agencies shall establish and 479 maintain an index for the protection orders delivered to the 480 agencies pursuant to division (F)(1) of this section. With 481 respect to each order delivered, each agency shall note on the 482 index the date and time that it received the order. 483
- (4) Regardless of whether the petitioner has registered 484
  the protection order in the county in which the officer's agency 485
  has jurisdiction pursuant to division (M) of this section, any 486
  officer of a law enforcement agency shall enforce a protection 487
  order issued pursuant to this section by any court in this state 488
  in accordance with the provisions of the order, including 489

519

removing the respondent from the premises, if appropriate.	490
(G) Any proceeding under this section shall be conducted	491
in accordance with the Rules of Civil Procedure, except that a	492
protection order may be obtained under this section with or	493
without bond. An order issued under this section, other than an	494
ex parte order, that grants a protection order, or that refuses	495
to grant a protection order, is a final, appealable order. The	496
remedies and procedures provided in this section are in addition	497
to, and not in lieu of, any other available civil or criminal	498
remedies or any other available remedies under Chapter 2151. or	499
2152. of the Revised Code.	500
(H) The filing of proceedings under this section does not	501
excuse a person from filing any report or giving any notice	502
required by section 2151.421 of the Revised Code or by any other	503
law.	504
(I) Any law enforcement agency that investigates an	505
alleged violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.21,	506
2903.211, 2903.22, or 2911.211 of the Revised Code, an alleged	507
commission of a sexually oriented offense, or an alleged	508
violation of a municipal ordinance that is substantially	509
equivalent to any of those offenses shall provide information to	510
the victim and the family or household members of the victim	511
regarding the relief available under this section.	512
(J)(1) Subject to division (J)(2) of this section and	513
regardless of whether a protection order is issued or a consent	514
agreement is approved by a court of another county or by a court	515
of another state, no court or unit of state or local government	516
shall charge the petitioner any fee, cost, deposit, or money in	517

connection with the filing of a petition pursuant to this

section, in connection with the filing, issuance, registration,

out of the same activity.

modification, enforcement, dismissal, withdrawal, or service of	520
a protection order, consent agreement, or witness subpoena or	521
for obtaining a certified copy of a protection order or consent	522
agreement.	523
(2) Regardless of whether a protection order is issued or	524
a consent agreement is approved pursuant to this section, the	525
court may assess costs against the respondent in connection with	526
the filing, issuance, registration, modification, enforcement,	527
dismissal, withdrawal, or service of a protection order, consent	528
agreement, or witness subpoena or for obtaining a certified copy	529
of a protection order or consent agreement.	530
(K)(1) A person who violates a protection order issued	531
under this section is subject to the following sanctions:	532
(a) A delinquent child proceeding or a criminal	533
prosecution for a violation of section 2919.27 of the Revised	534
Code, if the violation of the protection order constitutes a	535
violation of that section;	536
(b) Punishment for contempt of court.	537
(2) The punishment of a person for contempt of court for	538
violation of a protection order issued under this section does	539
not bar criminal prosecution of the person or a delinquent child	540
proceeding concerning the person for a violation of section	541
2919.27 of the Revised Code. However, a person punished for	542
contempt of court is entitled to credit for the punishment	543
imposed upon conviction of or adjudication as a delinquent child	544
for a violation of that section, and a person convicted of or	545
adjudicated a delinquent child for a violation of that section	546
shall not subsequently be punished for contempt of court arising	547

- (L) In all stages of a proceeding under this section, a 549 petitioner may be accompanied by a victim advocate. 550
- (M)(1) A petitioner who obtains a protection order under 551 this section may provide notice of the issuance or approval of 552 the order to the judicial and law enforcement officials in any 553 county other than the county in which the order is issued by 554 registering that order in the other county pursuant to division 555 (M)(2) of this section and filing a copy of the registered order 556 with a law enforcement agency in the other county in accordance 557 558 with that division. A person who obtains a protection order issued by a court of another state may provide notice of the 559 issuance of the order to the judicial and law enforcement 560 officials in any county of this state by registering the order 561 in that county pursuant to section 2919.272 of the Revised Code 562 and filing a copy of the registered order with a law enforcement 563 agency in that county. 564
- (2) A petitioner may register a protection order issued 565 pursuant to this section in a county other than the county in 566 which the court that issued the order is located in the 567 following manner: 568
- (a) The petitioner shall obtain a certified copy of the 569 order from the clerk of the court that issued the order and 570 present that certified copy to the clerk of the court of common 571 pleas or the clerk of a municipal court or county court in the 572 county in which the order is to be registered. 573
- (b) Upon accepting the certified copy of the order for
  registration, the clerk of the court of common pleas, municipal
  575
  court, or county court shall place an endorsement of
  registration on the order and give the petitioner a copy of the
  577
  order that bears that proof of registration.
  578

- (3) The clerk of each court of common pleas, municipal 579 court, or county court shall maintain a registry of certified 580 copies of protection orders that have been issued by courts in 581 other counties pursuant to this section and that have been 582 registered with the clerk. 583
- (N) If the court orders electronic monitoring of the 584 respondent under this section, the court shall direct the 585 sheriff's office or any other appropriate law enforcement agency 586 to install the electronic monitoring device and to monitor the 587 respondent. Unless the court determines that the respondent is 588 indigent, the court shall order the respondent to pay the cost 589 of the installation and monitoring of the electronic monitoring 590 device. If the court determines that the respondent is indigent 591 and subject to the maximum amount allowable to be paid in any 592 year from the fund and the rules promulgated by the attorney 593 general under section 2903.214 of the Revised Code, the cost of 594 the installation and monitoring of the electronic monitoring 595 device may be paid out of funds from the reparations fund 596 created pursuant to section 2743.191 of the Revised Code. The 597 total amount paid from the reparations fund created pursuant to 598 section 2743.191 of the Revised Code for electronic monitoring 599 under this section and sections 2903.214 and 2919.27 of the 600 Revised Code shall not exceed three hundred thousand dollars per 601 year. When the total amount paid from the reparations fund in 602 any year for electronic monitoring under those sections equals 603 or exceeds three hundred thousand dollars, the court shall not 604 order pursuant to this section that an indigent respondent be 605 electronically monitored. 606
- (O) The court, in its discretion, may determine if the 607 respondent is entitled to court-appointed counsel in a 608 proceeding under this section. 609

Sec. 2903.214. (A) As used in this section:	610
(1) "Court" means the court of common pleas of the county	611
in which the person to be protected by the protection order	612
resides.	613
(2) "Victim advocate" means a person who provides support	614
and assistance for a person who files a petition under this	615
section.	616
(3) "Family or household member" has the same meaning as	617
in section 3113.31 of the Revised Code.	618
(4) "Protection order issued by a court of another state"	619
has the same meaning as in section 2919.27 of the Revised Code.	620
(5) "Sexually oriented offense" has the same meaning as in	621
section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.	622
(6) "Electronic monitoring" has the same meaning as in	623
section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	624
(7) "Companion animal" has the same meaning as in section	625
959.131 of the Revised Code.	626
(B) The court has jurisdiction over all proceedings under	627
this section.	628
(C) A person may seek relief under this section for the	629
person, or any parent or adult household member may seek relief	630
under this section on behalf of any other family or household	631
member, by filing a petition with the court. The petition shall	632
contain or state all of the following:	633
(1) An allegation that the respondent is eighteen years of	634
age or older and engaged in a violation of section 2903.211 of	635
the Revised Code against the person to be protected by the	636

642

643

644

645

646

647

648

protection order or committed a sexually oriented offense	637
against the person to be protected by the protection order,	638
including a description of the nature and extent of the	639
violation;	640

- (2) If the petitioner seeks relief in the form of electronic monitoring of the respondent, an allegation that at any time preceding the filing of the petition the respondent engaged in conduct that would cause a reasonable person to believe that the health, welfare, or safety of the person to be protected was at risk, a description of the nature and extent of that conduct, and an allegation that the respondent presents a continuing danger to the person to be protected;
  - (3) A request for relief under this section.
- (D)(1) If a person who files a petition pursuant to this 650 section requests an ex parte order, the court shall hold an ex 651 parte hearing as soon as possible after the petition is filed, 652 but not later than the next day that the court is in session 653 after the petition is filed. The court, for good cause shown at 654 the ex parte hearing, may enter any temporary orders, with or 655 without bond, that the court finds necessary for the safety and 656 protection of the person to be protected by the order. Immediate 657 and present danger to the person to be protected by the 658 protection order constitutes good cause for purposes of this 659 section. Immediate and present danger includes, but is not 660 limited to, situations in which the respondent has threatened 661 the person to be protected by the protection order with bodily 662 harm or in which the respondent previously has been convicted of 663 or pleaded guilty to a violation of section 2903.211 of the 664 Revised Code or a sexually oriented offense against the person 665 to be protected by the protection order. 666

(2)(a) If the court, after an ex parte hearing, issues a	667
protection order described in division (E) of this section, the	668
court shall schedule a full hearing for a date that is within	669
ten court days after the ex parte hearing. The court shall give	670
the respondent notice of, and an opportunity to be heard at, the	671
full hearing. The court shall hold the full hearing on the date	672
scheduled under this division unless the court grants a	673
continuance of the hearing in accordance with this division.	674
Under any of the following circumstances or for any of the	675
following reasons, the court may grant a continuance of the full	676
hearing to a reasonable time determined by the court:	677
(i) Prior to the date scheduled for the full hearing under	678
this division, the respondent has not been served with the	679
petition filed pursuant to this section and notice of the full	680
hearing.	681
(ii) The parties consent to the continuance.	682
(iii) The continuance is needed to allow a party to obtain	683
counsel.	684
(iv) The continuance is needed for other good cause.	685
(b) An ex parte order issued under this section does not	686
expire because of a failure to serve notice of the full hearing	687
upon the respondent before the date set for the full hearing	688
under division (D)(2)(a) of this section or because the court	689
grants a continuance under that division.	690
(3) If a person who files a petition pursuant to this	691
section does not request an ex parte order, or if a person	692
requests an ex parte order but the court does not issue an ex	693
parte order after an ex parte hearing, the court shall proceed	694

as in a normal civil action and grant a full hearing on the

matter.

(E)(1)(a) After an ex parte or full hearing, the court may 697 issue any protection order, with or without bond, that contains 698 terms designed to ensure the safety and protection of the person 699 to be protected by the protection order, including, but not 700 limited to, a requirement that the respondent refrain from 701 entering the residence, school, business, or place of employment 702 of the petitioner or family or household member. If the court 703 includes a requirement that the respondent refrain from entering 704 705 the residence, school, business, or place of employment of the petitioner or family or household member in the order, it also 706 shall include in the order provisions of the type described in 707 708 division (E)(5) of this section. The court may include within a protection order issued under this section a term requiring that 709 the respondent not remove, damage, hide, harm, or dispose of any 710 companion animal owned or possessed by the person to be 711 protected by the order, and may include within the order a term 712 authorizing the person to be protected by the order to remove a 713 companion animal owned by the person to be protected by the 714 order from the possession of the respondent. 715

(b) After a full hearing, if the court considering a 716 petition that includes an allegation of the type described in 717 division (C)(2) of this section, or the court upon its own 718 motion, finds upon clear and convincing evidence that the 719 720 petitioner reasonably believed that the respondent's conduct at any time preceding the filing of the petition endangered the 721 health, welfare, or safety of the person to be protected and 722 that the respondent presents a continuing danger to the person 723 to be protected, the court may order that the respondent be 724 electronically monitored for a period of time and under the 725 terms and conditions that the court determines are appropriate. 726

Electronic monitoring shall be in addition to any other relief	727
granted to the petitioner.	728
(2)(a) Any protection order issued pursuant to this	729
section shall be valid until a date certain but not later than	730
five years from the date of its issuance.	731
(b) Any protection order issued pursuant to this section	732
may be renewed in the same manner as the original order was	733
issued.	734
(3) A court may not issue a protection order that requires	735
a petitioner to do or to refrain from doing an act that the	736
court may require a respondent to do or to refrain from doing	737
under division (E)(1) of this section unless all of the	738
following apply:	739
(a) The respondent files a separate petition for a	740
protection order in accordance with this section.	741
(b) The petitioner is served with notice of the	742
respondent's petition at least forty-eight hours before the	743
court holds a hearing with respect to the respondent's petition,	744
or the petitioner waives the right to receive this notice.	745
(c) If the petitioner has requested an ex parte order	746
pursuant to division (D) of this section, the court does not	747
delay any hearing required by that division beyond the time	748
specified in that division in order to consolidate the hearing	749
with a hearing on the petition filed by the respondent.	750
(d) After a full hearing at which the respondent presents	751
evidence in support of the request for a protection order and	752
the petitioner is afforded an opportunity to defend against that	753
evidence, the court determines that the petitioner has committed	754
a violation of section 2903.211 of the Revised Code against the	755

person to be protected by the protection order issued pursuant	756
to division (E)(3) of this section, has committed a sexually	757
oriented offense against the person to be protected by the	758
protection order issued pursuant to division (E)(3) of this	759
section, or has violated a protection order issued pursuant to	760
section 2903.213 of the Revised Code relative to the person to	761
be protected by the protection order issued pursuant to division	762
(E)(3) of this section.	763

- 764 (4) No protection order issued pursuant to this section shall in any manner affect title to any real property. 765
- (5) (a) If the court issues a protection order under this 766 section that includes a requirement that the alleged offender 767 refrain from entering the residence, school, business, or place 768 of employment of the petitioner or a family or household member, 769 the order shall clearly state that the order cannot be waived or 770 nullified by an invitation to the alleged offender from the 771 complainant to enter the residence, school, business, or place 772 of employment or by the alleged offender's entry into one of 773 those places otherwise upon the consent of the petitioner or 774 775 family or household member.
- (b) Division (E)(5)(a) of this section does not limit any 776 777 discretion of a court to determine that an alleged offender charged with a violation of section 2919.27 of the Revised Code, 778 with a violation of a municipal ordinance substantially 779 equivalent to that section, or with contempt of court, which 780 charge is based on an alleged violation of a protection order 781 issued under this section, did not commit the violation or was 782 not in contempt of court. 783
- (F)(1) The court shall cause the delivery of a copy of any 784 protection order that is issued under this section to the 785

petitioner, to the respondent, and to all law enforcement	786
agencies that have jurisdiction to enforce the order. The court	787
shall direct that a copy of the order be delivered to the	788
respondent on the same day that the order is entered.	789
(2) Upon the issuance of a protection order under this	790
section, the court shall provide the parties to the order with	791
the following notice orally or by form:	792
"NOTICE	793
As a result of this order, it may be unlawful for you to	794
possess or purchase a firearm, including a rifle, pistol, or	795
revolver, or ammunition pursuant to federal law under 18 U.S.C.	796
922(g)(8) for the duration of this order. If you have any	797
questions whether this law makes it illegal for you to possess	798
or purchase a firearm or ammunition, you should consult an	799
attorney."	800
(3) All law enforcement agencies shall establish and	801
maintain an index for the protection orders delivered to the	802
agencies pursuant to division (F)(1) of this section. With	803
respect to each order delivered, each agency shall note on the	804
index the date and time that it received the order.	805
(4) Regardless of whether the petitioner has registered	806
the protection order in the county in which the officer's agency	807
has jurisdiction pursuant to division (M) of this section, any	808
officer of a law enforcement agency shall enforce a protection	809
order issued pursuant to this section by any court in this state	810
in accordance with the provisions of the order, including	811
removing the respondent from the premises, if appropriate.	812

(G) Any proceeding under this section shall be conducted

in accordance with the Rules of Civil Procedure, except that a

822

823

824 825

826

827

828

829

830

protection order may be obtained under this section with or	815
without bond. An order issued under this section, other than an	816
ex parte order, that grants a protection order, or that refuses	817
to grant a protection order, is a final, appealable order. The	818
remedies and procedures provided in this section are in addition	819
to, and not in lieu of, any other available civil or criminal	820
remedies.	821

- (H) The filing of proceedings under this section does not excuse a person from filing any report or giving any notice required by section 2151.421 of the Revised Code or by any other law.
- (I) Any law enforcement agency that investigates an alleged violation of section 2903.211 of the Revised Code or an alleged commission of a sexually oriented offense shall provide information to the victim and the family or household members of the victim regarding the relief available under this section and section 2903.213 of the Revised Code.
- (J)(1) Subject to division (J)(2) of this section and 832 regardless of whether a protection order is issued or a consent 833 agreement is approved by a court of another county or by a court 834 of another state, no court or unit of state or local government 835 shall charge the petitioner any fee, cost, deposit, or money in 836 connection with the filing of a petition pursuant to this 837 section, in connection with the filing, issuance, registration, 838 modification, enforcement, dismissal, withdrawal, or service of 839 a protection order, consent agreement, or witness subpoena or 840 for obtaining a certified copy of a protection order or consent 841 842 agreement.
- (2) Regardless of whether a protection order is issued or 843 a consent agreement is approved pursuant to this section, the 844

court may assess costs against the respondent in connection with	845
the filing, issuance, registration, modification, enforcement,	846
dismissal, withdrawal, or service of a protection order, consent	847
agreement, or witness subpoena or for obtaining a certified copy	848
of a protection order or consent agreement.	849
(K)(1) A person who violates a protection order issued	850
under this section is subject to the following sanctions:	851
(a) Criminal prosecution for a violation of section	852
2919.27 of the Revised Code, if the violation of the protection	853
order constitutes a violation of that section;	854
(b) Punishment for contempt of court.	855
(2) The punishment of a person for contempt of court for	856
violation of a protection order issued under this section does	857
not bar criminal prosecution of the person for a violation of	858
section 2919.27 of the Revised Code. However, a person punished	859
for contempt of court is entitled to credit for the punishment	860
imposed upon conviction of a violation of that section, and a	861
person convicted of a violation of that section shall not	862
subsequently be punished for contempt of court arising out of	863
the same activity.	864
(L) In all stages of a proceeding under this section, a	865
petitioner may be accompanied by a victim advocate.	866
(M)(1) A petitioner who obtains a protection order under	867
this section or a protection order under section 2903.213 of the	868
Revised Code may provide notice of the issuance or approval of	869
the order to the judicial and law enforcement officials in any	870
county other than the county in which the order is issued by	871
registering that order in the other county pursuant to division	872
(M)(2) of this section and filing a copy of the registered order	873

with a law enforcement agency in the other county in accordance	874
with that division. A person who obtains a protection order	875
issued by a court of another state may provide notice of the	876
issuance of the order to the judicial and law enforcement	877
officials in any county of this state by registering the order	878
in that county pursuant to section 2919.272 of the Revised Code	879
and filing a copy of the registered order with a law enforcement	880
agency in that county.	881

- (2) A petitioner may register a protection order issued pursuant to this section or section 2903.213 of the Revised Code in a county other than the county in which the court that issued the order is located in the following manner:
- (a) The petitioner shall obtain a certified copy of the order from the clerk of the court that issued the order and present that certified copy to the clerk of the court of common pleas or the clerk of a municipal court or county court in the county in which the order is to be registered.
- (b) Upon accepting the certified copy of the order for registration, the clerk of the court of common pleas, municipal court, or county court shall place an endorsement of registration on the order and give the petitioner a copy of the order that bears that proof of registration.
- (3) The clerk of each court of common pleas, municipal court, or county court shall maintain a registry of certified copies of protection orders that have been issued by courts in other counties pursuant to this section or section 2903.213 of the Revised Code and that have been registered with the clerk.
- (N) (1) If the court orders electronic monitoring of the 901 respondent under this section, the court shall direct the 902

sheriff's office or any other appropriate law enforcement agency	903
to install the electronic monitoring device and to monitor the	904
respondent. Unless the court determines that the respondent is	905
indigent, the court shall order the respondent to pay the cost	906
of the installation and monitoring of the electronic monitoring	907
device. If the court determines that the respondent is indigent	908
and subject to the maximum amount allowable to be paid in any	909
year from the fund and the rules promulgated by the attorney	910
general under division (N)(2) of this section, the cost of the	911
installation and monitoring of the electronic monitoring device	912
may be paid out of funds from the reparations fund created	913
pursuant to section 2743.191 of the Revised Code. The total	914
amount of costs for the installation and monitoring of	915
electronic monitoring devices paid pursuant to this division and	916
sections 2151.34 and 2919.27 of the Revised Code from the	917
reparations fund shall not exceed three hundred thousand dollars	918
per year.	919

(2) The attorney general may promulgate rules pursuant to 920 section 111.15 of the Revised Code to govern payments made from 921 the reparations fund pursuant to this division and sections 922 2151.34 and 2919.27 of the Revised Code. The rules may include 923 reasonable limits on the total cost paid pursuant to this 924 division and sections 2151.34 and 2919.27 of the Revised Code 925 per respondent, the amount of the three hundred thousand dollars 926 allocated to each county, and how invoices may be submitted by a 927 county, court, or other entity. 928

Sec. 2919.26. (A) (1) Upon the filing of a complaint that 929 alleges a violation of section 2909.06, 2909.07, 2911.12, or 930 2911.211 of the Revised Code if the alleged victim of the 931 violation was a family or household member at the time of the 932 violation, a violation of a municipal ordinance that is 933

substantially similar to any of those sections if the alleged	934
victim of the violation was a family or household member at the	935
time of the violation, any offense of violence if the alleged	936
victim of the offense was a family or household member at the	937
time of the commission of the offense, or any sexually oriented	938
offense if the alleged victim of the offense was a family or	939
household member at the time of the commission of the offense,	940
the complainant, the alleged victim, or a family or household	941
member of an alleged victim may file, or, if in an emergency the	942
alleged victim is unable to file, a person who made an arrest	943
for the alleged violation or offense under section 2935.03 of	944
the Revised Code may file on behalf of the alleged victim, a	945
motion that requests the issuance of a temporary protection	946
order as a pretrial condition of release of the alleged	947
offender, in addition to any bail set under Criminal Rule 46.	948
The motion shall be filed with the clerk of the court that has	949
jurisdiction of the case at any time after the filing of the	950
complaint.	951

- (2) For purposes of section 2930.09 of the Revised Code, all stages of a proceeding arising out of a complaint alleging the commission of a violation, offense of violence, or sexually oriented offense described in division (A)(1) of this section, including all proceedings on a motion for a temporary protection order, are critical stages of the case, and a victim may be accompanied by a victim advocate or another person to provide support to the victim as provided in that section.
- (B) The motion shall be prepared on a form that is provided by the clerk of the court, which form shall be substantially as follows:

"MOTION FOR TEMPORARY PROTECTION ORDER

Court	964
Name and address of court	965
State of Ohio	966
v. No	967
	968
Name of Defendant	969
(name of person), moves the court to issue a temporary	970
protection order containing terms designed to ensure the safety	971
and protection of the complainant, alleged victim, and other	972
family or household members, in relation to the named defendant,	973
pursuant to its authority to issue such an order under section	974
2919.26 of the Revised Code.	975
A complaint, a copy of which has been attached to this	976
motion, has been filed in this court charging the named	977
defendant with (name of the specified	978
violation, the offense of violence, or sexually oriented offense	979
charged) in circumstances in which the victim was a family or	980
household member in violation of (section of the Revised Code	981
designating the specified violation, offense of violence, or	982
sexually oriented offense charged), or charging the named	983
defendant with a violation of a municipal ordinance that is	984
substantially similar to (section of	985
the Revised Code designating the specified violation, offense of	986
violence, or sexually oriented offense charged) involving a	987
family or household member.	988
I understand that I must appear before the court, at a	989
time set by the court within twenty-four hours after the filing	990
of this motion, for a hearing on the motion or that, if I am	991

unable to appear because of hospitalization or a medical	992
condition resulting from the offense alleged in the complaint, a	993
person who can provide information about my need for a temporary	994
protection order must appear before the court in lieu of my	995
appearing in court. I understand that any temporary protection	996
order granted pursuant to this motion is a pretrial condition of	997
release and is effective only until the disposition of the	998
criminal proceeding arising out of the attached complaint, or	999
the issuance of a civil protection order or the approval of a	1000
consent agreement, arising out of the same activities as those	1001
that were the basis of the complaint, under section 3113.31 of	1002
the Revised Code.	1003
	1004
Signature of person	1005
(or signature of the arresting officer who filed the motion on	1006
behalf of the alleged victim)	1007
	1008
Address of person (or office address of the arresting officer	1009
who filed the motion on behalf of the alleged victim)"	1010
(C)(1) As soon as possible after the filing of a motion	1011
that requests the issuance of a temporary protection order, but	1012
not later than twenty-four hours after the filing of the motion,	1013
the court shall conduct a hearing to determine whether to issue	1014
the order. The person who requested the order shall appear	1015
before the court and provide the court with the information that	1016
it requests concerning the basis of the motion. If the person	1017
who requested the order is unable to appear and if the court	1018
finds that the failure to appear is because of the person's	1019
hospitalization or medical condition resulting from the offense	1020

alleged in the complaint, another person who is able to provide	1021
the court with the information it requests may appear in lieu of	1022
the person who requested the order. If the court finds that the	1023
safety and protection of the complainant, alleged victim, or any	1024
other family or household member of the alleged victim may be	1025
impaired by the continued presence of the alleged offender, the	1026
court may issue a temporary protection order, as a pretrial	1027
condition of release, that contains terms designed to ensure the	1028
safety and protection of the complainant, alleged victim, or the	1029
family or household member, including a requirement that the	1030
alleged offender refrain from entering the residence, school,	1031
business, or place of employment of the complainant, alleged	1032
victim, or the family or household member. The court may include	1033
within a protection order issued under this section a term	1034
requiring that the alleged offender not remove, damage, hide,	1035
harm, or dispose of any companion animal owned or possessed by	1036
the complainant, alleged victim, or any other family or	1037
household member of the alleged victim, and may include within	1038
the order a term authorizing the complainant, alleged victim, or	1039
other family or household member of the alleged victim to remove	1040
a companion animal owned by the complainant, alleged victim, or	1041
other family or household member from the possession of the	1042
alleged offender.	1043

(2) (a) If the court issues a temporary protection order 1044 that includes a requirement that the alleged offender refrain 1045 from entering the residence, school, business, or place of 1046 employment of the complainant, the alleged victim, or the family 1047 or household member, the order shall state clearly that the 1048 order cannot be waived or nullified by an invitation to the 1049 alleged offender from the complainant, alleged victim, or family 1050 or household member to enter the residence, school, business, or 1051

place of employment or by the alleged offender's entry into one	1052
of those places otherwise upon the consent of the complainant,	1053
alleged victim, or family or household member.	1054

- (b) Division (C)(2)(a) of this section does not limit any 1055 discretion of a court to determine that an alleged offender 1056 charged with a violation of section 2919.27 of the Revised Code, 1057 with a violation of a municipal ordinance substantially 1058 equivalent to that section, or with contempt of court, which 1059 charge is based on an alleged violation of a temporary 1060 protection order issued under this section, did not commit the 1061 violation or was not in contempt of court. 1062
- (D)(1) Upon the filing of a complaint that alleges a 1063 violation of section 2909.06, 2909.07, 2911.12, or 2911.211 of 1064 the Revised Code if the alleged victim of the violation was a 1065 family or household member at the time of the violation, a 1066 violation of a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar 1067 to any of those sections if the alleged victim of the violation 1068 was a family or household member at the time of the violation, 1069 any offense of violence if the alleged victim of the offense was 1070 a family or household member at the time of the commission of 1071 the offense, or any sexually oriented offense if the alleged 1072 victim of the offense was a family or household member at the 1073 time of the commission of the offense, the court, upon its own 1074 motion, may issue a temporary protection order as a pretrial 1075 condition of release if it finds that the safety and protection 1076 of the complainant, alleged victim, or other family or household 1077 member of the alleged offender may be impaired by the continued 1078 presence of the alleged offender. 1079
- (2) If the court issues a temporary protection order under 1080 this section as an ex parte order, it shall conduct, as soon as 1081

possible after the issuance of the order, a hearing in the	1082
presence of the alleged offender not later than the next day on	1083
which the court is scheduled to conduct business after the day	1084
on which the alleged offender was arrested or at the time of the	1085
appearance of the alleged offender pursuant to summons to	1086
determine whether the order should remain in effect, be	1087
modified, or be revoked. The hearing shall be conducted under	1088
the standards set forth in division (C) of this section.	1089

- (3) An order issued under this section shall contain only 1090 those terms authorized in orders issued under division (C) of 1091 this section.
- (4) If a municipal court or a county court issues a 1093 temporary protection order under this section and if, subsequent 1094 to the issuance of the order, the alleged offender who is the 1095 subject of the order is bound over to the court of common pleas 1096 for prosecution of a felony arising out of the same activities 1097 as those that were the basis of the complaint upon which the 1098 order is based, notwithstanding the fact that the order was 1099 issued by a municipal court or county court, the order shall 1100 remain in effect, as though it were an order of the court of 1101 common pleas, while the charges against the alleged offender are 1102 pending in the court of common pleas, for the period of time 1103 described in division (E)(2) of this section, and the court of 1104 common pleas has exclusive jurisdiction to modify the order 1105 issued by the municipal court or county court. This division 1106 applies when the alleged offender is bound over to the court of 1107 common pleas as a result of the person waiving a preliminary 1108 hearing on the felony charge, as a result of the municipal court 1109 or county court having determined at a preliminary hearing that 1110 there is probable cause to believe that the felony has been 1111 committed and that the alleged offender committed it, as a 1112

result of the alleged offender having been indicted for the	1113
felony, or in any other manner.	1114
(E) A temporary protection order that is issued as a	1115
pretrial condition of release under this section:	1116
(1) Is in addition to, but shall not be construed as a	1117
part of, any bail set under Criminal Rule 46;	1118
(2) Is effective only until the occurrence of either of	1119
the following:	1120
(a) The disposition, by the court that issued the order	1121
or, in the circumstances described in division (D)(4) of this	1122
section, by the court of common pleas to which the alleged	1123
offender is bound over for prosecution, of the criminal	1124
proceeding arising out of the complaint upon which the order is	1125
based;	1126
(b) The issuance of a protection order or the approval of	1127
a consent agreement, arising out of the same activities as those	1128
that were the basis of the complaint upon which the order is	1129
based, under section 3113.31 of the Revised Code+.	1130
(3) Shall not be construed as a finding that the alleged	1131
offender committed the alleged offense, and shall not be	1132
introduced as evidence of the commission of the offense at the	1133
trial of the alleged offender on the complaint upon which the	1134
order is based.	1135
(F) A person who meets the criteria for bail under	1136
Criminal Rule 46 and who, if required to do so pursuant to that	1137
rule, executes or posts bond or deposits cash or securities as	1138
bail, shall not be held in custody pending a hearing before the	1139
court on a motion requesting a temporary protection order.	1140

1156

1157

1159

1160

1161

1162

1163

1164

1165

1141
1142
1143
1144
1145
1146
1147
1148
1149
1150
1151
1152
1153
1154
1 1 1 1 1 1

(2) Upon the issuance of a protection order under this section, the court shall provide the parties to the order with the following notice orally or by form:

"NOTICE 1158

As a result of this protection order, it may be unlawful for you to possess or purchase a firearm, including a rifle, pistol, or revolver, or ammunition pursuant to federal law under 18 U.S.C. 922(g)(8) for the duration of this order. If you have any questions whether this law makes it illegal for you to possess or purchase a firearm or ammunition, you should consult an attorney."

(3) All law enforcement agencies shall establish and 1166 maintain an index for the temporary protection orders delivered 1167 to the agencies pursuant to division (G)(1) of this section. 1168 With respect to each order delivered, each agency shall note on 1169 the index, the date and time of the receipt of the order by the 1170

agency.	1171
(4) A complainant, alleged victim, or other person who	1172
obtains a temporary protection order under this section may	1173
provide notice of the issuance of the temporary protection order	1174
to the judicial and law enforcement officials in any county	1175
other than the county in which the order is issued by	1176
registering that order in the other county in accordance with	1177
division (N) of section 3113.31 of the Revised Code and filing a	1178
copy of the registered protection order with a law enforcement	1179
agency in the other county in accordance with that division.	1180
(5) Any officer of a law enforcement agency shall enforce	1181
a temporary protection order issued by any court in this state	1182
in accordance with the provisions of the order, including	1183
removing the defendant from the premises, regardless of whether	1184
the order is registered in the county in which the officer's	1185
agency has jurisdiction as authorized by division (G)(4) of this	1186
section.	1187
(H) Upon a violation of a temporary protection order, the	1188
court may issue another temporary protection order, as a	1189
pretrial condition of release, that modifies the terms of the	1190
order that was violated.	1191
(I)(1) As used in divisions (I)(1) and (2) of this	1192
section, "defendant" means a person who is alleged in a	1193
complaint to have committed a violation, offense of violence, or	1194
sexually oriented offense of the type described in division (A)	1195
of this section.	1196
(2) If a complaint is filed that alleges that a person	1197
committed a violation, offense of violence, or sexually oriented	1198

offense of the type described in division (A) of this section,

1209

1210

the court may not issue a temporary protection order under this	1200
section that requires the complainant, the alleged victim, or	1201
another family or household member of the defendant to do or	1202
refrain from doing an act that the court may require the	1203
defendant to do or refrain from doing under a temporary	1204
protection order unless both of the following apply:	1205
(a) The defendant has filed a separate complaint that	1206
alleges that the complainant, alleged victim, or other family or	1207

- (a) The defendant has filed a separate complaint that alleges that the complainant, alleged victim, or other family or household member in question who would be required under the order to do or refrain from doing the act committed a violation or offense of violence of the type described in division (A) of this section.
- 1212 (b) The court determines that both the complainant, alleged victim, or other family or household member in question 1213 who would be required under the order to do or refrain from 1214 doing the act and the defendant acted primarily as aggressors, 1215 that neither the complainant, alleged victim, or other family or 1216 household member in question who would be required under the 1217 order to do or refrain from doing the act nor the defendant 1218 acted primarily in self-defense, and, in accordance with the 1219 standards and criteria of this section as applied in relation to 1220 the separate complaint filed by the defendant, that it should 1221 issue the order to require the complainant, alleged victim, or 1222 other family or household member in question to do or refrain 1223 from doing the act. 1224
- (J) (1) Subject to division (J) (2) of this section and 1225 regardless of whether a protection order is issued or a consent 1226 agreement is approved by a court of another county or a court of 1227 another state, no court or unit of state or local government 1228 shall charge the movant any fee, cost, deposit, or money in 1229

connection with the filing of a motion pursuant to this section,	1230
in connection with the filing, issuance, registration,	1231
modification, enforcement, dismissal, withdrawal, or service of	1232
a protection order, consent agreement, or witness subpoena or	1233
for obtaining a certified copy of a protection order or consent	1234
agreement.	1235
(2) Regardless of whether a protection order is issued or	1236
a consent agreement is approved pursuant to this section, if the	1237
defendant is convicted the court may assess costs against the	1238
defendant in connection with the filing, issuance, registration,	1239
modification, enforcement, dismissal, withdrawal, or service of	1240
a protection order, consent agreement, or witness subpoena or	1241
for obtaining a certified copy of a protection order or consent	1242
agreement.	1243
(K) As used in this section:	1244
(1) "Companion animal" has the same meaning as in section	1245
959.131 of the Revised Code.	1246
(2) "Sexually oriented offense" has the same meaning as in	1247
section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.	1248
(3) "Victim advocate" means a person who provides support	1249
and assistance for a victim of an offense during court	1250
proceedings.	1251
Sec. 2919.27. (A) No person shall recklessly violate the	1252
terms of any of the following:	1253
(1) A protection order issued or consent agreement	1254
approved pursuant to section 2919.26 <del>or</del> , 3113.31, or 3113.311	1255
of the Revised Code;	1256
(2) A protection order issued pursuant to section 2151.34,	1257

2903.213, or 2903.214 of the Revised Code;	1258
(3) A protection order issued by a court of another state.	1259
(B)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of	1260
violating a protection order.	1261
(2) Except as otherwise provided in division (B)(3) or (4)	1262
of this section, violating a protection order is a misdemeanor	1263
of the first degree.	1264
(3) If the offender previously has been convicted of,	1265
pleaded guilty to, or been adjudicated a delinquent child for a	1266
violation of a protection order issued pursuant to section	1267
2151.34, 2903.213, or 2903.214 of the Revised Code, two or more	1268
violations of section 2903.21, 2903.211, 2903.22, or 2911.211 of	1269
the Revised Code that involved the same person who is the	1270
subject of the protection order or consent agreement, or one or	1271
more violations of this section, violating a protection order is	1272
a felony of the fifth degree.	1273
(4) If the offender violates a protection order or consent	1274
agreement while committing a felony offense, violating a	1275
protection order is a felony of the third degree.	1276
(5) If the protection order violated by the offender was	1277
an order issued pursuant to section 2151.34 or 2903.214 of the	1278
Revised Code that required electronic monitoring of the offender	1279
pursuant to that section, the court may require in addition to	1280
any other sentence imposed upon the offender that the offender	1281
be electronically monitored for a period not exceeding five	1282
years by a law enforcement agency designated by the court. If	1283
the court requires under this division that the offender be	1284
electronically monitored, unless the court determines that the	1285
offender is indigent, the court shall order that the offender	1286

pay the costs of the installation of the electronic monitoring	1287
device and the cost of monitoring the electronic monitoring	1288
device. If the court determines that the offender is indigent	1289
and subject to the maximum amount allowable and the rules	1290
promulgated by the attorney general under section 2903.214 of	1291
the Revised Code, the costs of the installation of the	1292
electronic monitoring device and the cost of monitoring the	1293
electronic monitoring device may be paid out of funds from the	1294
reparations fund created pursuant to section 2743.191 of the	1295
Revised Code. The total amount paid from the reparations fund	1296
created pursuant to section 2743.191 of the Revised Code for	1297
electronic monitoring under this section and sections 2151.34	1298
and 2903.214 of the Revised Code shall not exceed three hundred	1299
thousand dollars per year.	1300

- (C) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under 1301 division (A)(3) of this section that the protection order issued 1302 by a court of another state does not comply with the 1303 requirements specified in 18 U.S.C. 2265(b) for a protection 1304 order that must be accorded full faith and credit by a court of 1305 this state or that it is not entitled to full faith and credit 1306 under 18 U.S.C. 2265(c).
- (D) As used in this section, "protection order issued by a 1308 court of another state" means an injunction or another order 1309 issued by a criminal court of another state for the purpose of 1310 preventing violent or threatening acts or harassment against, 1311 contact or communication with, or physical proximity to another 1312 person, including a temporary order, and means an injunction or 1313 order of that nature issued by a civil court of another state, 1314 including a temporary order and a final order issued in an 1315 independent action or as a pendente lite order in a proceeding 1316 for other relief, if the court issued it in response to a 1317

complaint, petition, or motion filed by or on behalf of a person	1318
seeking protection. "Protection order issued by a court of	1319
another state" does not include an order for support or for	1320
custody of a child issued pursuant to the divorce and child	1321
custody laws of another state, except to the extent that the	1322
order for support or for custody of a child is entitled to full	1323
faith and credit under the laws of the United States.	1324
One 2112 21 (7) To seed in this postion.	1205
Sec. 3113.31. (A) As used in this section:	1325
(1) "Domestic violence" means the occurrence of one or	1326
more of the following acts against a family or household member:	1327
(a) Attempting to cause or recklessly causing bodily	1328
injury;	1329
(b) Placing another person by the threat of force in fear	1330
of imminent serious physical harm or committing a violation of	1331
section 2903.211 or 2911.211 of the Revised Code;	1332
(c) Committing any act with respect to a child that would	1333
result in the child being an abused child, as defined in section	1334
2151.031 of the Revised Code;	1335
(d) Committing a sexually oriented offense.	1336
(a) committeing a sexually offenced offense.	1330
(2) "Court" means the domestic relations division of the	1337
court of common pleas in counties that have a domestic relations	1338
division and the court of common pleas in counties that do not	1339
have a domestic relations division, or the juvenile division of	1340
the court of common pleas of the county in which the person to	1341
be protected by a protection order issued or a consent agreement	1342
approved under this section resides if the respondent is less	1343
than eighteen years of age.	1344
(3) "Family or household member" means any of the	1345
-	

following:	1346
(a) Any of the following who is residing with or has	1347
resided with the respondent:	1348
(i) A spouse, a person living as a spouse, or a former	1349
spouse of the respondent;	1350
(ii) A parent, a foster parent, or a child of the	1351
respondent, or another person related by consanguinity or	1352
affinity to the respondent;	1353
(iii) A parent or a child of a spouse, person living as a	1354
spouse, or former spouse of the respondent, or another person	1355
related by consanguinity or affinity to a spouse, person living	1356
as a spouse, or former spouse of the respondent.	1357
(b) The natural parent of any child of whom the respondent	1358
is the other natural parent or is the putative other natural	1359
parent.	1360
(4) "Person living as a spouse" means a person who is	1361
living or has lived with the respondent in a common law marital	1362
relationship, who otherwise is cohabiting with the respondent,	1363
or who otherwise has cohabited with the respondent within five	1364
years prior to the date of the alleged occurrence of the act in	1365
question.	1366
(5) "Victim advocate" means a person who provides support	1367
and assistance for a person who files a petition under this	1368
section.	1369
(6) "Sexually oriented offense" has the same meaning as in	1370
section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.	1371
(7) "Companion animal" has the same meaning as in section	1372
959.131 of the Revised Code.	1373

(B) The court has jurisdiction over all proceedings under	1374
this section. The petitioner's right to relief under this	1375
section is not affected by the petitioner's leaving the	1376
residence or household to avoid further domestic violence.	1377
(C) A person may seek relief under this section on the	1378
person's own behalf, or any parent or adult household member may	1379
seek relief under this section on behalf of any other family or	1380
household member, by filing a petition with the court. The	1381
petition shall contain or state:	1382
pecicion shari concarn or scace.	1302
(1) An allegation that the respondent engaged in domestic	1383
violence against a family or household member of the respondent,	1384
including a description of the nature and extent of the domestic	1385
violence;	1386
(2) The relationship of the respondent to the petitioner,	1387
and to the victim if other than the petitioner;	1388
	1000
(3) A request for relief under this section.	1389
(D)(1) If a person who files a petition pursuant to this	1390
section requests an ex parte order, the court shall hold an ex	1391
parte hearing on the same day that the petition is filed. The	1392
court, for good cause shown at the ex parte hearing, may enter	1393
any temporary orders, with or without bond, including, but not	1394
limited to, an order described in division (E)(1)(a), (b), or	1395
(c) of this section, that the court finds necessary to protect	1396
the family or household member from domestic violence. Immediate	1397
and present danger of domestic violence to the family or	1398
household member constitutes good cause for purposes of this	1399
section. Immediate and present danger includes, but is not	1400
limited to, situations in which the respondent has threatened	1401
	1 400

the family or household member with bodily harm, in which the

respondent has threatened the family or household member with a	1403
sexually oriented offense, or in which the respondent previously	1404
has been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or been adjudicated a	1405
delinquent child for an offense that constitutes domestic	1406
violence against the family or household member.	1407
(2)(a) If the court, after an ex parte hearing, issues an	1408
order described in division (E)(1)(b) or (c) of this section,	1409
the court shall schedule a full hearing for a date that is	1410
within seven court days after the ex parte hearing. If any other	1411
type of protection order that is authorized under division (E)	1412
of this section is issued by the court after an ex parte	1413
hearing, the court shall schedule a full hearing for a date that	1414
is within ten court days after the ex parte hearing. The court	1415
shall give the respondent notice of, and an opportunity to be	1416
heard at, the full hearing. The court shall hold the full	1417
hearing on the date scheduled under this division unless the	1418
court grants a continuance of the hearing in accordance with	1419
this division. Under any of the following circumstances or for	1420
any of the following reasons, the court may grant a continuance	1421
of the full hearing to a reasonable time determined by the	1422
court:	1423
(i) Prior to the date scheduled for the full hearing under	1424
this division, the respondent has not been served with the	1425
petition filed pursuant to this section and notice of the full	1426
hearing.	1427
(ii) The parties consent to the continuance.	1428
(iii) The continuance is needed to allow a party to obtain	1429
counsel.	1430

(iv) The continuance is needed for other good cause.

(b) An ex parte order issued under this section does not	1432
expire because of a failure to serve notice of the full hearing	1433
upon the respondent before the date set for the full hearing	1434
under division (D)(2)(a) of this section or because the court	1435
grants a continuance under that division.	1436
(3) If a person who files a petition pursuant to this	1437
section does not request an ex parte order, or if a person	1438
requests an ex parte order but the court does not issue an ex	1439
parte order after an ex parte hearing, the court shall proceed	1440
as in a normal civil action and grant a full hearing on the	1441
matter.	1442
(E)(1) After an ex parte or full hearing, the court may	1443
grant any protection order, with or without bond, or approve any	1444
consent agreement to bring about a cessation of domestic	1445
violence against the family or household members. The order or	1446
agreement may:	1447
(a) Direct the respondent to refrain from abusing or from	1448
committing sexually oriented offenses against the family or	1449
household members;	1450
(b) Grant possession of the residence or household to the	1451
petitioner or other family or household member, to the exclusion	1452
of the respondent, by evicting the respondent, when the	1453
residence or household is owned or leased solely by the	1454
petitioner or other family or household member, or by ordering	1455
the respondent to vacate the premises, when the residence or	1456
household is jointly owned or leased by the respondent, and the	1457
petitioner or other family or household member;	1458
(c) When the respondent has a duty to support the	1459

petitioner or other family or household member living in the

residence or household and the respondent is the sole owner or	1461
lessee of the residence or household, grant possession of the	1462
residence or household to the petitioner or other family or	1463
household member, to the exclusion of the respondent, by	1464
ordering the respondent to vacate the premises, or, in the case	1465
of a consent agreement, allow the respondent to provide	1466
suitable, alternative housing;	1467
(d) Temporarily allocate parental rights and	1468
responsibilities for the care of, or establish temporary	1469
parenting time rights with regard to, minor children, if no	1470
other court has determined, or is determining, the allocation of	1471
parental rights and responsibilities for the minor children or	1472
parenting time rights;	1473
(e) Require the respondent to maintain support, if the	1474
respondent customarily provides for or contributes to the	1475
support of the family or household member, or if the respondent	1476
has a duty to support the petitioner or family or household	1477
member;	1478
(f) Require the respondent, petitioner, victim of domestic	1479
violence, or any combination of those persons, to seek	1480
counseling;	1481
(g) Require the respondent to refrain from entering the	1482
residence, school, business, or place of employment of the	1483
petitioner or family or household member;	1484
(h) Grant other relief that the court considers equitable	1485
and fair, including, but not limited to, ordering the respondent	1486
to permit the use of a motor vehicle by the petitioner or other	1487
family or household member and the apportionment of household	1488
and family personal property;	1489

(i) Require that the respondent not remove, damage, hide,	1490
harm, or dispose of any companion animal owned or possessed by	1491
the petitioner;	1492
(j) Authorize the petitioner to remove a companion animal	1493
owned by the petitioner from the possession of the respondent;	1494

- (k) Require a wireless service transfer in accordance with 1495 sections 3113.45 to 3113.459 of the Revised Code. 1496
- 1497 (2) If a protection order has been issued pursuant to this section in a prior action involving the respondent and the 1498 petitioner or one or more of the family or household members or 1499 victims, the court may include in a protection order that it 1500 issues a prohibition against the respondent returning to the 1501 residence or household. If it includes a prohibition against the 1502 respondent returning to the residence or household in the order, 1503 it also shall include in the order provisions of the type 1504 described in division (E)(7) of this section. This division does 1505 not preclude the court from including in a protection order or 1506 consent agreement, in circumstances other than those described 1507 in this division, a requirement that the respondent be evicted 1508 from or vacate the residence or household or refrain from 1509 entering the residence, school, business, or place of employment 1510 of the petitioner or a family or household member, and, if the 1511 court includes any requirement of that type in an order or 1512 agreement, the court also shall include in the order provisions 1513 of the type described in division (E)(7) of this section. 1514
- (3) (a) Any protection order issued or consent agreement

  1515
  approved under this section shall be valid until a date certain,

  1516
  but not later than five years from the date of its issuance or

  1517
  approval, or not later than the date a respondent who is less

  1518
  than eighteen years of age attains nineteen years of age, unless

  1519

modified or terminated as provided in division (E)(8) of this	1520
section.	1521
(b) Subject to the limitation on the duration of an order	1522
or agreement set forth in division (E)(3)(a) of this section,	1523
any order under division (E)(1)(d) of this section shall	1524
terminate on the date that a court in an action for divorce,	1525
dissolution of marriage, or legal separation brought by the	1526
petitioner or respondent issues an order allocating parental	1527
rights and responsibilities for the care of children or on the	1528
date that a juvenile court in an action brought by the	1529
petitioner or respondent issues an order awarding legal custody	1530
of minor children. Subject to the limitation on the duration of	1531
an order or agreement set forth in division (E)(3)(a) of this	1532
section, any order under division (E)(1)(e) of this section	1533
shall terminate on the date that a court in an action for	1534
divorce, dissolution of marriage, or legal separation brought by	1535
the petitioner or respondent issues a support order or on the	1536
date that a juvenile court in an action brought by the	1537
petitioner or respondent issues a support order.	1538
(c) Any protection order issued or consent agreement	1539
approved pursuant to this section may be renewed in the same	1540
manner as the original order or agreement was issued or	1541
approved.	1542
(4) A court may not issue a protection order that requires	1543
a petitioner to do or to refrain from doing an act that the	1544
court may require a respondent to do or to refrain from doing	1545
under division (E)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (g), or (h) of	1546
this section unless all of the following apply:	1547
(a) The respondent files a separate petition for a	1548

protection order in accordance with this section.

- (b) The petitioner is served notice of the respondent's 1550 petition at least forty-eight hours before the court holds a 1551 hearing with respect to the respondent's petition, or the 1552 petitioner waives the right to receive this notice. 1553
- (c) If the petitioner has requested an ex parte order 1554 pursuant to division (D) of this section, the court does not 1555 delay any hearing required by that division beyond the time 1556 specified in that division in order to consolidate the hearing 1557 with a hearing on the petition filed by the respondent. 1558
- (d) After a full hearing at which the respondent presents 1559 evidence in support of the request for a protection order and 1560 the petitioner is afforded an opportunity to defend against that 1561 evidence, the court determines that the petitioner has committed 1562 an act of domestic violence or has violated a temporary 1563 protection order issued pursuant to section 2919.26 of the 1564 Revised Code, that both the petitioner and the respondent acted 1565 primarily as aggressors, and that neither the petitioner nor the 1566 respondent acted primarily in self-defense. 1567
- (5) No protection order issued or consent agreement 1568 approved under this section shall in any manner affect title to 1569 any real property.
- (6)(a) If a petitioner, or the child of a petitioner, who 1571 obtains a protection order or consent agreement pursuant to 1572 division (E)(1) of this section or a temporary protection order 1573 pursuant to section 2919.26 of the Revised Code and is the 1574 subject of a parenting time order issued pursuant to section 1575 3109.051 or 3109.12 of the Revised Code or a visitation or 1576 companionship order issued pursuant to section 3109.051, 1577 3109.11, or 3109.12 of the Revised Code or division (E)(1)(d) of 1578 this section granting parenting time rights to the respondent, 1579

1608

the court may require the public children services agency of the	1580
county in which the court is located to provide supervision of	1581
the respondent's exercise of parenting time or visitation or	1582
companionship rights with respect to the child for a period not	1583
to exceed nine months, if the court makes the following findings	1584
of fact:	1585
(i) The child is in danger from the respondent;	1586
(ii) No other person or agency is available to provide the	1587
supervision.	1588
(b) A court that requires an agency to provide supervision	1589
pursuant to division (E)(6)(a) of this section shall order the	1590
respondent to reimburse the agency for the cost of providing the	1591
supervision, if it determines that the respondent has sufficient	1592
income or resources to pay that cost.	1593
(7)(a) If a protection order issued or consent agreement	1594
approved under this section includes a requirement that the	1595
respondent be evicted from or vacate the residence or household	1596
or refrain from entering the residence, school, business, or	1597
place of employment of the petitioner or a family or household	1598
member, the order or agreement shall state clearly that the	1599
order or agreement cannot be waived or nullified by an	1600
invitation to the respondent from the petitioner or other family	1601
or household member to enter the residence, school, business, or	1602
place of employment or by the respondent's entry into one of	1603
those places otherwise upon the consent of the petitioner or	1604
other family or household member.	1605
(b) Division (E)(7)(a) of this section does not limit any	1606

discretion of a court to determine that a respondent charged

with a violation of section 2919.27 of the Revised Code, with a

violation of a municipal ordinance substantially equivalent to	1609
that section, or with contempt of court, which charge is based	1610
on an alleged violation of a protection order issued or consent	1611
agreement approved under this section, did not commit the	1612
violation or was not in contempt of court.	1613

- (8) (a) The court may modify or terminate as provided in

  1614
  division (E) (8) of this section a protection order or consent

  1615
  agreement that was issued after a full hearing under this

  1616
  section. The court that issued the protection order or approved

  1617
  the consent agreement shall hear a motion for modification or

  1618
  termination of the protection order or consent agreement

  1619
  pursuant to division (E) (8) of this section.
- (b) Either the petitioner or the respondent of the 1621 original protection order or consent agreement may bring a 1622 motion for modification or termination of a protection order or 1623 consent agreement that was issued or approved after a full 1624 hearing. The court shall require notice of the motion to be made 1625 as provided by the Rules of Civil Procedure. If the petitioner 1626 for the original protection order or consent agreement has 1627 requested that the petitioner's address be kept confidential, 1628 the court shall not disclose the address to the respondent of 1629 the original protection order or consent agreement or any other 1630 person, except as otherwise required by law. The moving party 1631 has the burden of proof to show, by a preponderance of the 1632 evidence, that modification or termination of the protection 1633 order or consent agreement is appropriate because either the 1634 protection order or consent agreement is no longer needed or 1635 because the terms of the original protection order or consent 1636 agreement are no longer appropriate. 1637
  - (c) In considering whether to modify or terminate a

protection order or consent agreement issued or approved under	1639
this section, the court shall consider all relevant factors,	1640
including, but not limited to, the following:	1641
(i) Whether the petitioner consents to modification or	1642
termination of the protection order or consent agreement;	1643
(ii) Whether the petitioner fears the respondent;	1644
(iii) The current nature of the relationship between the	1645
petitioner and the respondent;	1646
(iv) The circumstances of the petitioner and respondent,	1647
including the relative proximity of the petitioner's and	1648
respondent's workplaces and residences and whether the	1649
petitioner and respondent have minor children together;	1650
(v) Whether the respondent has complied with the terms and	1651
conditions of the original protection order or consent	1652
agreement;	1653
(vi) Whether the respondent has a continuing involvement	1654
with illegal drugs or alcohol;	1655
(vii) Whether the respondent has been convicted of,	1656
pleaded guilty to, or been adjudicated a delinquent child for an	1657
offense of violence since the issuance of the protection order	1658
or approval of the consent agreement;	1659
(viii) Whether any other protection orders, consent	1660
agreements, restraining orders, or no contact orders have been	1661
issued against the respondent pursuant to this section, section	1662
2919.26 of the Revised Code, any other provision of state law,	1663
or the law of any other state;	1664
(ix) Whether the respondent has participated in any	1665
domestic violence treatment, intervention program, or other	1666

counseling addressing domestic violence and whether the	1667
respondent has completed the treatment, program, or counseling;	1668
(x) The time that has elapsed since the protection order	1669
was issued or since the consent agreement was approved;	1670
(xi) The age and health of the respondent;	1671
(xii) When the last incident of abuse, threat of harm, or	1672
commission of a sexually oriented offense occurred or other	1673
relevant information concerning the safety and protection of the	1674
petitioner or other protected parties.	1675
(d) If a protection order or consent agreement is modified	1676
or terminated as provided in division (E)(8) of this section,	1677
the court shall issue copies of the modified or terminated order	1678
or agreement as provided in division (F) of this section. A	1679
petitioner may also provide notice of the modification or	1680
termination to the judicial and law enforcement officials in any	1681
county other than the county in which the order or agreement is	1682
modified or terminated as provided in division (N) of this	1683
section.	1684
(e) If the respondent moves for modification or	1685
termination of a protection order or consent agreement pursuant	1686
to this section and the court denies the motion, the court may	1687
assess costs against the respondent for the filing of the	1688
motion.	1689
(9) Any protection order issued or any consent agreement	1690
approved pursuant to this section shall include a provision that	1691
the court will automatically seal all of the records of the	1692
proceeding in which the order is issued or agreement approved on	1693
the date the respondent attains the age of nineteen years unless	1694
the petitioner provides the court with evidence that the	1695

respondent has not complied with all of the terms of the	1696
protection order or consent agreement. The protection order or	1697
consent agreement shall specify the date when the respondent	1698
attains the age of nineteen years.	1699

- (F)(1) A copy of any protection order, or consent 1700 agreement, that is issued, approved, modified, or terminated 1701 under this section shall be issued by the court to the 1702 petitioner, to the respondent, and to all law enforcement 1703 agencies that have jurisdiction to enforce the order or 1704 agreement. The court shall direct that a copy of an order be 1705 delivered to the respondent on the same day that the order is 1706 entered. 1707
- (2) Upon the issuance of a protection order or the 1708 approval of a consent agreement under this section, the court 1709 shall provide the parties to the order or agreement with the 1710 following notice orally or by form: 1711

## "NOTICE 1712

As a result of this order or consent agreement, it may be

1713
unlawful for you to possess or purchase a firearm, including a

1714
rifle, pistol, or revolver, or ammunition pursuant to federal

1715
law under 18 U.S.C. 922(g)(8) for the duration of this order or

1716
consent agreement. If you have any questions whether this law

1717
makes it illegal for you to possess or purchase a firearm or

1718
ammunition, you should consult an attorney."

(3) All law enforcement agencies shall establish and 1720 maintain an index for the protection orders and the approved 1721 consent agreements delivered to the agencies pursuant to 1722 division (F)(1) of this section. With respect to each order and 1723 consent agreement delivered, each agency shall note on the index 1724

the date and time that it received the order or consent 1725 agreement. 1726

- (4) Regardless of whether the petitioner has registered 1727 the order or agreement in the county in which the officer's 1728 agency has jurisdiction pursuant to division (N) of this 1729 section, any officer of a law enforcement agency shall enforce a 1730 protection order issued or consent agreement approved by any 1731 court in this state in accordance with the provisions of the 1732 order or agreement, including removing the respondent from the 1733 1734 premises, if appropriate.
- (G) Any proceeding under this section shall be conducted 1735 in accordance with the Rules of Civil Procedure, except that an 1736 order under this section may be obtained with or without bond. 1737 An order issued under this section, other than an ex parte 1738 order, that grants a protection order or approves a consent 1739 agreement, that refuses to grant a protection order or approve a 1740 consent agreement that modifies or terminates a protection order 1741 or consent agreement, or that refuses to modify or terminate a 1742 protection order or consent agreement, is a final, appealable 1743 order. The remedies and procedures provided in this section are 1744 in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other available civil or 1745 criminal remedies. 1746
- (H) The filing of proceedings under this section does not 1747 excuse a person from filing any report or giving any notice 1748 required by section 2151.421 of the Revised Code or by any other 1749 law. When a petition under this section alleges domestic 1750 violence against minor children, the court shall report the 1751 fact, or cause reports to be made, to a county, township, or 1752 municipal peace officer under section 2151.421 of the Revised 1753 Code. 1754

1778

(I) Any law enforcement agency that investigates a	1755
domestic dispute shall provide information to the family or	1756
household members involved regarding the relief available under	1757
this section and section 2919.26 of the Revised Code.	1758

- (J) (1) Subject to divisions (E) (8) (e) and (J) (2) of this 1759 section and regardless of whether a protection order is issued 1760 or a consent agreement is approved by a court of another county 1761 or a court of another state, no court or unit of state or local 1762 government shall charge the petitioner any fee, cost, deposit, 1763 or money in connection with the filing of a petition pursuant to 1764 this section or in connection with the filing, issuance, 1765 registration, modification, enforcement, dismissal, withdrawal, 1766 or service of a protection order, consent agreement, or witness 1767 subpoena or for obtaining a certified copy of a protection order 1768 or consent agreement. 1769
- (2) Regardless of whether a protection order is issued or

  a consent agreement is approved pursuant to this section, the

  1771
  court may assess costs against the respondent in connection with

  1772
  the filing, issuance, registration, modification, enforcement,

  dismissal, withdrawal, or service of a protection order, consent

  1774
  agreement, or witness subpoena or for obtaining a certified copy

  1775
  of a protection order or consent agreement.

  1776
- (K)(1) The court shall comply with Chapters 3119., 3121., 3123., and 3125. of the Revised Code when it makes or modifies an order for child support under this section.
- (2) If any person required to pay child support under an 1780 order made under this section on or after April 15, 1985, or 1781 modified under this section on or after December 31, 1986, is 1782 found in contempt of court for failure to make support payments 1783 under the order, the court that makes the finding, in addition 1784

to any other penalty or remedy imposed, shall assess all court	1785
costs arising out of the contempt proceeding against the person	1786
and require the person to pay any reasonable attorney's fees of	1787
any adverse party, as determined by the court, that arose in	1788
relation to the act of contempt.	1789
(L)(1) A person who violates a protection order issued or	1790
a consent agreement approved under this section is subject to	1791
the following sanctions:	1792
(a) Criminal prosecution or a delinquent child proceeding	1793
for a violation of section 2919.27 of the Revised Code, if the	1794
violation of the protection order or consent agreement	1795
constitutes a violation of that section;	1796
(b) Punishment for contempt of court.	1797
(2) The punishment of a person for contempt of court for	1798
violation of a protection order issued or a consent agreement	1799
approved under this section does not bar criminal prosecution of	1800
the person or a delinquent child proceeding concerning the	1801
person for a violation of section 2919.27 of the Revised Code.	1802
However, a person punished for contempt of court is entitled to	1803
credit for the punishment imposed upon conviction of or	1804
adjudication as a delinquent child for a violation of that	1805
section, and a person convicted of or adjudicated a delinquent	1806
child for a violation of that section shall not subsequently be	1807
punished for contempt of court arising out of the same activity.	1808
(M) In all stages of a proceeding under this section, a	1809
petitioner may be accompanied by a victim advocate.	1810
(N)(1) A petitioner who obtains a protection order or	1811
consent agreement under this section or a temporary protection	1812
and a second to a continuous continuous and a second c	1010

order under section 2919.26 of the Revised Code may provide

1829

1830

notice of the issuance or approval of the order or agreement to	1814
the judicial and law enforcement officials in any county other	1815
than the county in which the order is issued or the agreement is	1816
approved by registering that order or agreement in the other	1817
county pursuant to division (N)(2) of this section and filing a	1818
copy of the registered order or registered agreement with a law	1819
enforcement agency in the other county in accordance with that	1820
division. A person who obtains a protection order issued by a	1821
court of another state may provide notice of the issuance of the	1822
order to the judicial and law enforcement officials in any	1823
county of this state by registering the order in that county	1824
pursuant to section 2919.272 of the Revised Code and filing a	1825
copy of the registered order with a law enforcement agency in	1826
that county.	1827

- (2) A petitioner may register a temporary protection order, protection order, or consent agreement in a county other than the county in which the court that issued the order or approved the agreement is located in the following manner:
- (a) The petitioner shall obtain a certified copy of the 1832 order or agreement from the clerk of the court that issued the 1833 order or approved the agreement and present that certified copy 1834 to the clerk of the court of common pleas or the clerk of a 1835 municipal court or county court in the county in which the order 1836 or agreement is to be registered. 1837
- (b) Upon accepting the certified copy of the order or 1838 agreement for registration, the clerk of the court of common 1839 pleas, municipal court, or county court shall place an 1840 endorsement of registration on the order or agreement and give 1841 the petitioner a copy of the order or agreement that bears that 1842 proof of registration.

(3) The clerk of each court of common pleas, the clerk of	1844
each municipal court, and the clerk of each county court shall	1845
maintain a registry of certified copies of temporary protection	1846
orders, protection orders, or consent agreements that have been	1847
issued or approved by courts in other counties and that have	1848
been registered with the clerk.	1849
(O) Nothing in this section prohibits the domestic	1850
relations division of a court of common pleas in counties that	1851
have a domestic relations division or a court of common pleas in	1852
counties that do not have a domestic relations division from	1853
designating a minor child as a protected party on a protection	1854
order or consent agreement.	1855
Sec. 3113.311. (A) As used in this section:	1856
(1) "Dating violence" means the occurrence of one or more	1857
of the following acts against a petitioner alleging dating	1858
<pre>violence:</pre>	1859
(a) Attempting to cause or recklessly causing bodily	1860
<pre>injury;</pre>	1861
(b) Placing the petitioner alleging dating violence by the	1862
threat of force in fear of imminent serious physical harm or	1863
committing a violation of section 2903.211 or 2911.211 of the	1864
Revised Code;	1865
(c) Committing a sexually oriented offense.	1866
(2) "Court" means the domestic relations division of the	1867
court of common pleas in counties that have a domestic relations	1868
division and the court of common pleas in counties that do not	1869
have a domestic relations division.	1870
(3)(a) "Petitioner alleging dating violence" or "person_	1871

alleging dating violence" means a person who has or has had a	1872
dating relationship with the respondent within the twelve months	1873
preceding the date of the conduct in question that constitutes	1874
the alleged dating violence. "Petitioner alleging dating	1875
violence" or "person alleging dating violence" does not include,	1876
with respect to a specified respondent, another person who has	1877
only a casual relationship with the specified respondent or	1878
another person who has engaged solely in ordinary fraternization	1879
in a business or social context with the specified respondent.	1880
(b) The existence of a dating relationship between two	1881
persons shall be determined based on a consideration of either	1882
of the following factors:	1883
(i) The nature of the relationship must have been	1884
characterized by the expectation of affection between the two	1885
persons.	1886
(ii) The frequency and type of interaction between the two	1887
persons involved in the relationship must have included that the	1888
persons have been involved over time and on a continuous basis	1889
during the course of the relationship.	1890
(4) "Victim advocate" means a person who provides support	1891
and assistance for a person who files a petition under this	1892
section.	1893
(5) "Sexually oriented offense" has the same meaning as in	1894
section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.	1895
(6) "Companion animal" has the same meaning as in section	1896
959.131 of the Revised Code.	1897
(B) The court has jurisdiction over all proceedings under	1898
this section.	1899

(C) A petitioner alleging dating violence may seek relief	1900
under this section on the person's own behalf, or any parent or	1901
adult household member of a person alleging dating violence may	1902
seek relief under this section on behalf of that person, by	1903
filing a petition with the court. The petition shall contain or	1904
<pre>state:</pre>	1905
(1) An allegation that the respondent engaged in dating	1906
violence against the petitioner alleging dating violence or	1907
against the person alleging dating violence if other than the	1908
petitioner, including a description of the nature and extent of	1909
the dating violence;	1910
(2) The facts upon which the court may conclude that a_	1911
dating relationship existed between the petitioner alleging	1912
dating violence and the respondent, and if the person alleging	1913
dating violence is other than the petitioner filing the	1914
petition, an explanation of the relationship of the respondent	1915
to the person alleging dating violence;	1916
(3) A request for relief under this section.	1917
(D)(1) If a person who files a petition pursuant to this	1918
section requests an ex parte order, the court shall hold an ex	1919
parte hearing on the same day that the petition is filed. The	1920
court, for good cause shown at the ex parte hearing, may enter	1921
any temporary orders, with or without bond, including, but not	1922
	1722
limited to, an order described in division (E)(1)(a) of this	1923
limited to, an order described in division (E)(1)(a) of this section, that the court finds necessary to protect the	
	1923
section, that the court finds necessary to protect the	1923 1924
section, that the court finds necessary to protect the petitioner alleging dating violence from any dating violence.	1923 1924 1925
section, that the court finds necessary to protect the petitioner alleging dating violence from any dating violence.  Immediate and present danger of dating violence to the	1923 1924 1925 1926

threatened the petitioner alleging dating violence with bodily	1930
harm, in which the respondent has threatened that petitioner	1931
with a sexually oriented offense, or in which the respondent	1932
previously has been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or been	1933
adjudicated a delinquent child for an offense that constitutes	1934
dating violence against the petitioner alleging dating violence.	1935
(2)(a) If the court, after an ex parte hearing, issues any	1936
protection order that is authorized under division (E) of this	1937
section, the court shall schedule a full hearing for a date that	1938
is within ten court days after the ex parte hearing. The court	1939
shall give the respondent notice of, and an opportunity to be	1940
heard at, the full hearing. The court shall hold the full	1941
hearing on the date scheduled under this division unless the	1942
court grants a continuance of the hearing in accordance with	1943
this division. Under any of the following circumstances or for	1944
any of the following reasons, the court may grant a continuance	1945
of the full hearing to a reasonable time determined by the	1946
court:	1947
(i) Prior to the date scheduled for the full hearing under	1948
this division, the respondent has not been served with the	1949
petition filed pursuant to this section and notice of the full	1950
hearing.	1951
(ii) The parties consent to the continuance.	1952
(iii) The continuance is needed to allow a party to obtain	1953
counsel.	1954
(iv) The continuance is needed for other good cause.	1955
(b) An ex parte order issued under this section does not	1956
expire because of a failure to serve notice of the full hearing	1957
upon the respondent before the date set for the full hearing	1958

under division (D)(2)(a) of this section or because the court	1959
grants a continuance under that division.	1960
(3) If a person who files a petition pursuant to this	1961
section does not request an ex parte order, or if a person	1962
requests an ex parte order but the court does not issue an ex	1963
parte order after an ex parte hearing, the court shall proceed	1964
as in a normal civil action and grant a full hearing on the	1965
<pre>matter.</pre>	1966
(E) (1) After an ex parte or full hearing, the court may	1967
grant any protection order, with or without bond, or approve any	1968
consent agreement to bring about a cessation of dating violence	1969
against the petitioner alleging dating violence. The order or	1970
<pre>agreement may:</pre>	1971
(a) Direct the respondent to refrain from abusing or from	1972
committing sexually oriented offenses against the petitioner	1973
alleging dating violence;	1974
(b) Require the respondent, the petitioner alleging dating	1975
violence, the petitioner filing the petition if other than the	1976
person alleging dating violence, or any combination of those	1977
persons, to seek counseling;	1978
(c) Require the respondent to refrain from entering the	1979
residence, school, business, or place of employment of the	1980
petitioner alleging dating violence or the petitioner filing the	1981
petition if other than the person alleging dating violence;	1982
(d) Require that the respondent not remove, damage, hide,	1983
harm, or dispose of any companion animal owned or possessed by	1984
the petitioner alleging dating violence;	1985
(e) Authorize the petitioner alleging dating violence to	1986
remove a companion animal owned by that petitioner from the	1987

possession of the respondent;	1988
(f) Grant other relief that the court considers equitable	1989
and fair.	1990
(2) If a protection order has been issued pursuant to this	1991
section in a prior action involving the respondent and the	1992
petitioner alleging dating violence or the petitioner filing the	1993
petition if other than the person alleging dating violence, the	1994
court may include in a protection order that it issues a	1995
prohibition against the respondent returning to the residence,	1996
school, business, or place of employment.	1997
(3) (a) Any protection order issued or consent agreement	1998
approved under this section shall be valid until a date certain,	1999
but not later than five years from the date of its issuance or	2000
approval, or not later than the date a respondent who is less	2001
than eighteen years of age attains nineteen years of age, unless	2002
modified or terminated as provided in division (E)(6) of this	2003
section.	2004
(b) Any protection order issued or consent agreement	2005
approved pursuant to this section may be renewed in the same	2006
manner as the original order or agreement was issued or	2007
approved.	2008
(4) A court may not issue a protection order that requires	2009
a petitioner alleging dating violence to do or to refrain from	2010
doing an act that the court may require a respondent to do or to	2011
refrain from doing under division (E)(1)(a), (c), (d), (e), or	2012
(f) of this section unless all of the following apply:	2013
(a) The respondent files a separate petition for a	2014
protection order in accordance with this section.	2015
(b) The petitioner is served notice of the respondent's	2016

petition at least forty-eight hours before the court holds a	2017
hearing with respect to the respondent's petition, or the	2018
petitioner waives the right to receive this notice.	2019
(c) If the petitioner has requested an ex parte order	2020
pursuant to division (D) of this section, the court does not	2021
delay any hearing required by that division beyond the time	2022
specified in that division in order to consolidate the hearing	2023
with a hearing on the petition filed by the respondent.	2024
(d) After a full hearing at which the respondent presents	2025
evidence in support of the request for a protection order and	2026
the petitioner is afforded an opportunity to defend against that	2027
evidence, the court determines that the petitioner has committed	2028
an act of dating violence, that both the petitioner and the	2029
respondent acted primarily as aggressors, and that neither the	2030
petitioner nor the respondent acted primarily in self-defense.	2031
(5) (a) If a protection order issued or consent agreement	2032
approved under this section includes a requirement that the	2033
respondent refrain from entering the residence, school,	2034
business, or place of employment of the petitioner alleging	2035
dating violence or the petitioner filing the petition if other	2036
than the person alleging dating violence, the order or agreement	2037
shall state clearly that the order or agreement cannot be waived	2038
or nullified by an invitation to the respondent from the	2039
petitioner alleging dating violence or the petitioner filing the	2040
petition to enter the residence, school, business, or place of	2041
employment or by the respondent's entry into one of those places	2042
otherwise upon the consent of the applicable petitioner.	2043
(b) Division (E)(5)(a) of this section does not limit any	2044
discretion of a court to determine that a respondent charged	2045
with contempt of court, which charge is based on an alleged	2046

violation of a protection order issued or consent agreement	2047
approved under this section, did not commit the violation or was	2048
not in contempt of court.	2049
(6) (a) The court may modify or terminate as provided in	2050
division (E)(6) of this section a protection order or consent	2051
agreement that was issued after a full hearing under this	2052
section. The court that issued the protection order or approved	2053
the consent agreement shall hear a motion for modification or	2054
termination of the protection order or consent agreement	2055
pursuant to division (E)(6) of this section.	2056
(b) Either the petitioner alleging dating violence or the	2057
respondent of the original protection order or consent agreement	2058
may bring a motion for modification or termination of a	2059
protection order or consent agreement that was issued or	2060
approved after a full hearing. The court shall require notice of	2061
the motion to be made as provided by the Rules of Civil	2062
Procedure. If that petitioner for the original protection order	2063
or consent agreement has requested that the petitioner's address	2064
be kept confidential, the court shall not disclose the address	2065
to the respondent of the original protection order or consent	2066
agreement or any other person, except as otherwise required by	2067
law. The moving party has the burden of proof to show, by a	2068
preponderance of the evidence, that modification or termination	2069
of the protection order or consent agreement is appropriate	2070
because either the protection order or consent agreement is no	2071
longer needed or because the terms of the original protection	2072
order or consent agreement are no longer appropriate.	2073
(c) In considering whether to modify or terminate a	2074
protection order or consent agreement issued or approved under	2075
this section, the court shall consider all relevant factors,	2076

including, but not limited to, the following:	2077
(i) Whether the petitioner consents to modification or	2078
termination of the protection order or consent agreement;	2079
(ii) Whether the petitioner fears the respondent;	2080
(iii) The current nature of the relationship between the	2081
<pre>petitioner and the respondent;</pre>	2082
(iv) The circumstances of the petitioner and respondent,	2083
including the relative proximity of the petitioner's and	2084
respondent's workplaces and residences;	2085
(v) Whether the respondent has complied with the terms and	2086
conditions of the original protection order or consent	2087
<pre>agreement;</pre>	2088
(vi) Whether the respondent has a continuing involvement	2089
with illegal drugs or alcohol;	2090
(vii) Whether the respondent has been convicted of,	2091
pleaded guilty to, or been adjudicated a delinquent child for an	2092
offense of violence since the issuance of the protection order	2093
or approval of the consent agreement;	2094
(viii) Whether any other protection orders, consent	2095
agreements, restraining orders, or no contact orders have been	2096
issued against the respondent pursuant to this section, section	2097
2919.26 or 3113.31 of the Revised Code, any other provision of	2098
state law, or the law of any other state;	2099
(ix) Whether the respondent has participated in any dating	2100
violence treatment, intervention program, or other counseling	2101
addressing dating violence and whether the respondent has	2102
completed the treatment, program, or counseling;	2103

(x) The time that has elapsed since the protection order	2104
was issued or since the consent agreement was approved;	2105
(xi) The age and health of the respondent;	2106
(xii) When the last incident of abuse, threat of harm, or	2107
commission of a sexually oriented offense occurred or other	2108
relevant information concerning the safety and protection of the	2109
petitioner alleging dating violence, or the petitioner filing	2110
the petition if other than the person alleging dating violence.	2111
(d) If a protection order or consent agreement is modified	2112
or terminated as provided in division (E)(6) of this section,	2113
the court shall issue copies of the modified or terminated order	2114
or agreement as provided in division (F) of this section. A	2115
petitioner may also provide notice of the modification or	2116
termination to the judicial and law enforcement officials in any	2117
county other than the county in which the order or agreement is	2118
modified or terminated as provided in division (L) of this	2119
section.	2120
(e) If the respondent moves for modification or	2121
termination of a protection order or consent agreement pursuant	2122
to this section and the court denies the motion, the court may	2123
assess costs against the respondent for the filing of the	2124
<pre>motion.</pre>	2125
(7) Any protection order issued or any consent agreement	2126
approved pursuant to this section shall include a provision that	2127
the court will automatically seal all of the records of the	2128
proceeding in which the order is issued or agreement approved on	2129
the date the respondent attains the age of nineteen years unless	2130
the petitioner provides the court with evidence that the	2131
respondent has not complied with all of the terms of the	2132

protection order or consent agreement. The protection order or	2133
consent agreement shall specify the date when the respondent	2134
attains the age of nineteen years.	2135
(F)(1) A copy of any protection order, or consent	2136
agreement, that is issued, approved, modified, or terminated	2137
under this section shall be issued by the court to the	2138
petitioner, to the respondent, and to all law enforcement	2139
agencies that have jurisdiction to enforce the order or	2140
agreement. The court shall direct that a copy of an order be	2141
delivered to the respondent on the same day that the order is	2142
<pre>entered.</pre>	2143
(2) Upon the issuance of a protection order or the	2144
approval of a consent agreement under this section, the court	2145
shall provide the parties to the order or agreement with the	2146
following notice orally or by form:	2147
"NOTICE	2148
As a result of this order or consent agreement, it may be	2149
unlawful for you to possess or purchase a firearm, including a	2150
rifle, pistol, or revolver, or ammunition pursuant to federal	2151
<pre>law under 18 U.S.C. 922(g)(8) for the duration of this order or</pre>	2152
consent agreement. If you have any questions whether this law	2153
makes it illegal for you to possess or purchase a firearm or	2154
ammunition, you should consult an attorney."	2155
(3) All law enforcement agencies shall establish and	2156
maintain an index for the protection orders and the approved	2157
consent agreements delivered to the agencies pursuant to	2158
division (F)(1) of this section. With respect to each order and	2159
consent agreement delivered, each agency shall note on the index_	2160
the date and time that it received the order or consent	2161

agreement.	2102
(4) Regardless of whether the petitioner has registered	2163
the order or agreement in the county in which the officer's	2164
agency has jurisdiction pursuant to division (L) of this	2165
section, any officer of a law enforcement agency shall enforce a	2166
protection order issued or consent agreement approved by any	2167
court in this state in accordance with the provisions of the	2168
order or agreement, including removing the respondent from the	2169
<pre>premises, if appropriate.</pre>	2170
(G) Any proceeding under this section shall be conducted	2171
in accordance with the Rules of Civil Procedure, except that an	2172
order under this section may be obtained with or without bond.	2173
An order issued under this section, other than an ex parte	2174
order, that grants a protection order or approves a consent	2175
agreement, that refuses to grant a protection order or approve a	2176
consent agreement that modifies or terminates a protection order	2177
or consent agreement, or that refuses to modify or terminate a	2178
protection order or consent agreement, is a final, appealable	2179
order. The remedies and procedures provided in this section are	2180
in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other available civil or	2181
<pre>criminal remedies.</pre>	2182
(H) Any law enforcement agency that investigates a dispute	2183
involving persons in a dating relationship shall provide	2184
information to the potential petitioner alleging dating violence	2185
involved regarding the relief available under this section.	2186
(I)(1) Subject to divisions (E)(6)(e) and (I)(2) of this	2187
section and regardless of whether a protection order is issued	2188
or a consent agreement is approved by a court of another county	2189
or a court of another state, no court or unit of state or local	2190
government shall charge the petitioner any fee, cost, deposit,	2191

or money in connection with the filing of a petition pursuant to	2192
this section or in connection with the filing, issuance,	2193
registration, modification, enforcement, dismissal, withdrawal,	2194
or service of a protection order, consent agreement, or witness	2195
subpoena or for obtaining a certified copy of a protection order	2196
or consent agreement.	2197
(2) Regardless of whether a protection order is issued or	2198
a consent agreement is approved pursuant to this section, the	2199
court may assess costs against the respondent in connection with	2200
the filing, issuance, registration, modification, enforcement,	2201
dismissal, withdrawal, or service of a protection order, consent	2202
agreement, or witness subpoena or for obtaining a certified copy	2203
of a protection order or consent agreement.	2204
(J) A person who violates a protection order issued or a	2205
consent agreement approved under this section is guilty of a	2206
violation of section 2919.27 of the Revised Code.	2207
(K) In all stages of a proceeding under this section, a	2208
petitioner may be accompanied by a victim advocate.	2209
(L)(1) A petitioner who obtains a protection order or	2210
consent agreement under this section may provide notice of the	2211
issuance or approval of the order or agreement to the judicial	2212
and law enforcement officials in any county other than the	2213
county in which the order is issued or the agreement is approved	2214
by registering that order or agreement in the other county	2215
pursuant to division (L)(2) of this section and filing a copy of	2216
the registered order or registered agreement with a law	2217
enforcement agency in the other county in accordance with that	2218
division. A person who obtains a protection order issued by a	2219
court of another state may provide notice of the issuance of the	2220
order to the judicial and law enforcement officials in any	2221

county of this state by registering the order in that county	2222
pursuant to section 2919.272 of the Revised Code and filing a	2223
copy of the registered order with a law enforcement agency in	2224
that county.	2225
(2) A petitioner may register a temporary protection	2226
order, protection order, or consent agreement in a county other	2227
than the county in which the court that issued the order or	2228
approved the agreement is located in the following manner:	2229
(a) The petitioner shall obtain a certified copy of the	2230
order or agreement from the clerk of the court that issued the	2231
order or approved the agreement and present that certified copy	2232
to the clerk of the court of common pleas or the clerk of a	2233
municipal court or county court in the county in which the order	2234
or agreement is to be registered.	2235
(b) Upon accepting the certified copy of the order or	2236
agreement for registration, the clerk of the court of common	2237
pleas, municipal court, or county court shall place an	2238
endorsement of registration on the order or agreement and give	2239
the petitioner a copy of the order or agreement that bears that	2240
proof of registration.	2241
(3) The clerk of each court of common pleas, the clerk of	2242
each municipal court, and the clerk of each county court shall	2243
maintain a registry of certified copies of temporary protection	2244
orders, protection orders, or consent agreements that have been	2245
issued or approved by courts in other counties and that have	2246
been registered with the clerk.	2247
Sec. 3113.33. As used in sections 3113.33 to 3113.40 of	2248
the Revised Code:	2249
(A) "Domestic violence" means attempting to cause or	2250

causing bodily injury to a family or household member, or	2251
placing a family or household member by threat of force in fear	2252
of imminent physical harm. "Domestic violence" includes dating	2253
violence.	2254
(B) "Family or household member" means any of the	2255
following:	2256
(1) Any of the following who is residing or has resided	2257
with the person committing the domestic violence:	2258
(a) A spouse, a person living as a spouse, or a former	2259
spouse of the person committing the domestic violence;	2260
(b) A parent, foster parent, or child of the person	2261
committing the domestic violence, or another person related by	2262
consanguinity or affinity to the person committing the domestic	2263
violence;	2264
(c) A parent or a child of a spouse, person living as a	2265
spouse, or former spouse of the person committing the domestic	2266
violence, or another person related by consanguinity or affinity	2267
to a spouse, person living as a spouse, or former spouse of the	2268
person committing the domestic violence;	2269
(d) The dependents of any person listed in division (B)(1)	2270
(a), (b), or (c) of this section.	2271
(2) The natural parent of any child of whom the person	2272
committing the domestic violence is the other natural parent or	2273
is the putative other natural parent;	2274
(3) A person in a dating relationship with the person	2275
committing the dating violence and who is the victim of that	2276
dating violence.	2277
(C) "Shelter for victims of domestic violence" or	2278

"shelter" means a facility that provides temporary residential	2279
service or facilities to family or household members who are	2280
victims of domestic violence.	2281
(D) "Person living as a spouse" means a person who is	2282
living or has lived with the person committing the domestic	2283
violence in a common law marital relationship, who otherwise is	2284
cohabiting with the person committing the domestic violence, or	2285
who otherwise has cohabited with the person committing the	2286
domestic violence within five years prior to the date of the	2287
alleged occurrence of the act in question.	2288
(E) "Dating violence" has the same meaning as in section	2289
3113.311 of the Revised Code.	2290
Section 2. That existing sections 109.42, 2151.34,	2291
2903.214, 2919.26, 2919.27, 3113.31, and 3113.33 of the Revised	2292
Code are hereby repealed.	2293
Section 3. Section 2151.34 of the Revised Code is	2294
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	2295
by both Sub. H.B. 309 and Am. Sub. S.B. 177 of the 130th General	2296
Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in	2297
division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments	2298
are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous	2299
operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of	2300
the section in effect prior to the effective date of the section	2301
as presented in this act.	2302
Section 2903.214 of the Revised Code is presented in this	2303
act as a composite of the section as amended by both Sub. H.B.	2304
309 and Am. Sub. S.B. 177 of the 130th General Assembly. The	2305
General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B)	2306
of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	2307

Sub. H. B. No. 1	Page 80
As Reported by the House Civil Justice Committee	_

harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation,	2308
finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section	2309
in effect prior to the effective date of the section as	2310
presented in this act.	2311
Section 2919.26 of the Revised Code is presented in this	2312
act as a composite of the section as amended by both Sub. H.B.	2313
309 and Am. Sub. S.B. 177 of the 130th General Assembly. The	2314
General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B)	2315
of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	2316
harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation,	2317
finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section	2318
in effect prior to the effective date of the section as	2319
presented in this act.	2320