As Passed by the House

132nd General Assembly

Regular Session 2017-2018

provided:

Sub. H. B. No. 250

15

Representative Brinkman

Cosponsors: Representatives Becker, Seitz, Blessing, Green, Greenspan, Householder, Hughes, Johnson, Anielski, Antonio, Ashford, Barnes, Boccieri, Boggs, Boyd, Brown, Celebrezze, Craig, Dever, Galonski, Holmes, Hoops, Howse, Landis, LaTourette, Leland, Lepore-Hagan, Manning, Miller, O'Brien, Patterson, Patton, Ramos, Riedel, Rogers, Sheehy, Stein, Strahorn, West, Wiggam, Young

A BILL

Τc	amend sections 4501.01, 4509.01, 4511.01,	1
	4511.051, 4511.132, 4511.27, 4511.39, 4511.40,	2
	4511.52, 4511.53, 4511.54, 4511.55, 4511.56,	3
	4511.68, and 4511.711 and to enact section	4
	4511.522 of the Revised Code to establish	5
	requirements for the use of electric bicycles.	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

	_
Section 1. That sections 4501.01, 4509.01, 4511.01,	7
4511.051, 4511.132, 4511.27, 4511.39, 4511.40, 4511.52, 4511.53,	8
4511.54, 4511.55, 4511.56, 4511.68, and 4511.711 be amended and	9
section 4511.522 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as	10
follows:	11
Sec. 4501.01. As used in this chapter and Chapters 4503.,	12
4505., 4507., 4509., 4510., 4511., 4513., 4515., and 4517. of	13
the Revised Code, and in the penal laws, except as otherwise	14

(A) "Vehicles" means everything on wheels or runners,
16
including motorized bicycles, but does not mean electric
17
personal assistive mobility devices, vehicles that are operated
18
exclusively on rails or tracks or from overhead electric trolley
19
wires, and vehicles that belong to any police department,
20
municipal fire department, or volunteer fire department, or that
21
are used by such a department in the discharge of its functions.

(B) "Motor vehicle" means any vehicle, including mobile 23 homes and recreational vehicles, that is propelled or drawn by 24 25 power other than muscular power or power collected from overhead electric trolley wires. "Motor vehicle" does not include utility 26 vehicles as defined in division (VV) of this section, under-27 speed vehicles as defined in division (XX) of this section, 28 mini-trucks as defined in division (BBB) of this section, 29 motorized bicycles, electric bicycles, road rollers, traction 30 engines, power shovels, power cranes, and other equipment used 31 in construction work and not designed for or employed in general 32 highway transportation, well-drilling machinery, ditch-digging 33 machinery, farm machinery, and trailers that are designed and 34 used exclusively to transport a boat between a place of storage 35 and a marina, or in and around a marina, when drawn or towed on 36 a public road or highway for a distance of no more than ten 37 miles and at a speed of twenty-five miles per hour or less. 38

(C) "Agricultural tractor" and "traction engine" mean any
39
self-propelling vehicle that is designed or used for drawing
40
other vehicles or wheeled machinery, but has no provisions for
41
carrying loads independently of such other vehicles, and that is
42
used principally for agricultural purposes.
43

(D) "Commercial tractor," except as defined in division(C) of this section, means any motor vehicle that has motive45

power and either is designed or used for drawing other motor vehicles, or is designed or used for drawing another motor vehicle while carrying a portion of the other motor vehicle or its load, or both.

(E) "Passenger car" means any motor vehicle that is
designed and used for carrying not more than nine persons and
includes any motor vehicle that is designed and used for
carrying not more than fifteen persons in a ridesharing
arrangement.

(F) "Collector's vehicle" means any motor vehicle or 55 agricultural tractor or traction engine that is of special 56 interest, that has a fair market value of one hundred dollars or 57 more, whether operable or not, and that is owned, operated, 58 collected, preserved, restored, maintained, or used essentially 59 as a collector's item, leisure pursuit, or investment, but not 60 as the owner's principal means of transportation. "Licensed 61 collector's vehicle" means a collector's vehicle, other than an 62 agricultural tractor or traction engine, that displays current, 63 valid license tags issued under section 4503.45 of the Revised 64 Code, or a similar type of motor vehicle that displays current, 65 valid license tags issued under substantially equivalent 66 provisions in the laws of other states. 67

(G) "Historical motor vehicle" means any motor vehicle that is over twenty-five years old and is owned solely as a collector's item and for participation in club activities, exhibitions, tours, parades, and similar uses, but that in no event is used for general transportation.

(H) "Noncommercial motor vehicle" means any motor vehicle,
including a farm truck as defined in section 4503.04 of the
Revised Code, that is designed by the manufacturer to carry a
75

46

47

48

49

68

69

70

71

76 load of no more than one ton and is used exclusively for purposes other than engaging in business for profit. 77

(I) "Bus" means any motor vehicle that has motor power and 78 is designed and used for carrying more than nine passengers, 79 except any motor vehicle that is designed and used for carrying 80 not more than fifteen passengers in a ridesharing arrangement. 81

(J) "Commercial car" or "truck" means any motor vehicle 82 that has motor power and is designed and used for carrying 83 merchandise or freight, or that is used as a commercial tractor. 84

(K) "Bicycle" means every device, other than a device that 85 is designed solely for use as a play vehicle by a child, that is propelled solely by human power upon which a person may ride, and that has two or more wheels, any of which is more than fourteen inches in diameter.

(L) "Motorized bicycle" or "moped" means any vehicle that either has two tandem wheels or one wheel in the front and two wheels in the rear, that may be pedaled, and that is equipped with a helper motor of not more than fifty cubic centimeters piston displacement that produces no more than one brake horsepower and is capable of propelling the vehicle at a speed of no greater than twenty miles per hour on a level surface. "Motorized bicycle" or "moped" does not include an electric bicycle.

(M) "Trailer" means any vehicle without motive power that 99 is designed or used for carrying property or persons wholly on 100 its own structure and for being drawn by a motor vehicle, and 101 includes any such vehicle that is formed by or operated as a 102 combination of a semitrailer and a vehicle of the dolly type 103 such as that commonly known as a trailer dolly, a vehicle used 104

86

87

88

89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

to transport agricultural produce or agricultural production 105 materials between a local place of storage or supply and the 106 farm when drawn or towed on a public road or highway at a speed 107 greater than twenty-five miles per hour, and a vehicle that is 108 designed and used exclusively to transport a boat between a 109 place of storage and a marina, or in and around a marina, when 110 drawn or towed on a public road or highway for a distance of 111 more than ten miles or at a speed of more than twenty-five miles 112 per hour. "Trailer" does not include a manufactured home or 113 travel trailer. 114

(N) "Noncommercial trailer" means any trailer, except a 115 travel trailer or trailer that is used to transport a boat as 116 described in division (B) of this section, but, where 117 applicable, includes a vehicle that is used to transport a boat 118 as described in division (M) of this section, that has a gross 119 weight of no more than ten thousand pounds, and that is used 120 exclusively for purposes other than engaging in business for a 121 profit, such as the transportation of personal items for 122 personal or recreational purposes. 123

(O) "Mobile home" means a building unit or assembly of 124 closed construction that is fabricated in an off-site facility, 125 is more than thirty-five body feet in length or, when erected on 126 site, is three hundred twenty or more square feet, is built on a 127 permanent chassis, is transportable in one or more sections, and 128 does not qualify as a manufactured home as defined in division 129 (C)(4) of section 3781.06 of the Revised Code or as an 130 industrialized unit as defined in division (C)(3) of section 131 3781.06 of the Revised Code. 132

(P) "Semitrailer" means any vehicle of the trailer type133that does not have motive power and is so designed or used with134

another and separate motor vehicle that in operation a part of 135 its own weight or that of its load, or both, rests upon and is 136 carried by the other vehicle furnishing the motive power for 137 propelling itself and the vehicle referred to in this division, 138 and includes, for the purpose only of registration and taxation 139 under those chapters, any vehicle of the dolly type, such as a 140 trailer dolly, that is designed or used for the conversion of a 141 semitrailer into a trailer. 142

(Q) "Recreational vehicle" means a vehicular portable143structure that meets all of the following conditions:144

	(1)	It	is	designed	for	the	sole	purpose	of	recreational	145
trave	1.										146

(2) It is not used for the purpose of engaging in business for profit.

(3) It is not used for the purpose of engaging in intrastate commerce.

(4) It is not used for the purpose of commerce as defined151in 49 C.F.R. 383.5, as amended.152

(5) It is not regulated by the public utilities commissionpursuant to Chapter 4905., 4921., or 4923. of the Revised Code.154

(6) It is classed as one of the following:

(a) "Travel trailer" or "house vehicle" means a nonselfpropelled recreational vehicle that does not exceed an overall
length of forty feet, exclusive of bumper and tongue or
coupling. "Travel trailer" includes a tent-type fold-out camping
trailer as defined in section 4517.01 of the Revised Code.

(b) "Motor home" means a self-propelled recreational161vehicle that has no fifth wheel and is constructed with162

Page 6

147

148

149

150

permanently installed facilities for cold storage, cooking and 163 consuming of food, and for sleeping. 164

(c) "Truck camper" means a nonself-propelled recreational 165 vehicle that does not have wheels for road use and is designed 166 to be placed upon and attached to a motor vehicle. "Truck 167 camper" does not include truck covers that consist of walls and 168 a roof, but do not have floors and facilities enabling them to 169 be used as a dwelling. 170

(d) "Fifth wheel trailer" means a vehicle that is of such
171
size and weight as to be movable without a special highway
172
permit, that is constructed with a raised forward section that
173
allows a bi-level floor plan, and that is designed to be towed
174
by a vehicle equipped with a fifth-wheel hitch ordinarily
175
installed in the bed of a truck.

(e) "Park trailer" means a vehicle that is commonly known 177 as a park model recreational vehicle, meets the American 178 national standard institute standard A119.5 (1988) for park 179 trailers, is built on a single chassis, has a gross trailer area 180 of four hundred square feet or less when set up, is designed for 181 seasonal or temporary living quarters, and may be connected to 182 utilities necessary for the operation of installed features and 183 appliances. 184

(R) "Pneumatic tires" means tires of rubber and fabric or185tires of similar material, that are inflated with air.186

(S) "Solid tires" means tires of rubber or similar elastic
 187
 material that are not dependent upon confined air for support of
 188
 the load.

(T) "Solid tire vehicle" means any vehicle that isequipped with two or more solid tires.

(U) "Farm machinery" means all machines and tools that are 192 used in the production, harvesting, and care of farm products, 193 and includes trailers that are used to transport agricultural 194 produce or agricultural production materials between a local 195 place of storage or supply and the farm, agricultural tractors, 196 threshing machinery, hay-baling machinery, corn shellers, 197 hammermills, and machinery used in the production of 198 horticultural, agricultural, and vegetable products. 199

(V) "Owner" includes any person or firm, other than a
200
manufacturer or dealer, that has title to a motor vehicle,
except that, in sections 4505.01 to 4505.19 of the Revised Code,
"owner" includes in addition manufacturers and dealers.
203

(W) "Manufacturer" and "dealer" include all persons and 204 firms that are regularly engaged in the business of 205 manufacturing, selling, displaying, offering for sale, or 206 dealing in motor vehicles, at an established place of business 207 that is used exclusively for the purpose of manufacturing, 208 selling, displaying, offering for sale, or dealing in motor 209 vehicles. A place of business that is used for manufacturing, 210 selling, displaying, offering for sale, or dealing in motor 211 vehicles shall be deemed to be used exclusively for those 212 purposes even though snowmobiles or all-purpose vehicles are 213 sold or displayed for sale thereat, even though farm machinery 214 is sold or displayed for sale thereat, or even though repair, 215 accessory, gasoline and oil, storage, parts, service, or paint 216 departments are maintained thereat, or, in any county having a 217 population of less than seventy-five thousand at the last 218 federal census, even though a department in a place of business 219 is used to dismantle, salvage, or rebuild motor vehicles by 220 means of used parts, if such departments are operated for the 221 purpose of furthering and assisting in the business of 222

Page 8

manufacturing, selling, displaying, offering for sale, or 223
dealing in motor vehicles. Places of business or departments in 224
a place of business used to dismantle, salvage, or rebuild motor 225
vehicles by means of using used parts are not considered as 226
being maintained for the purpose of assisting or furthering the 227
manufacturing, selling, displaying, and offering for sale or 228
dealing in motor vehicles. 229

(X) "Operator" includes any person who drives or operatesa motor vehicle upon the public highways.231

(Y) "Chauffeur" means any operator who operates a motor 232 vehicle, other than a taxicab, as an employee for hire; or any 233 operator whether or not the owner of a motor vehicle, other than 234 a taxicab, who operates such vehicle for transporting, for gain, 235 compensation, or profit, either persons or property owned by 236 another. Any operator of a motor vehicle who is voluntarily 237 involved in a ridesharing arrangement is not considered an 238 employee for hire or operating such vehicle for gain, 239 compensation, or profit. 240

(Z) "State" includes the territories and federal districtsof the United States, and the provinces of Canada.242

(AA) "Public roads and highways" for vehicles includes allpublic thoroughfares, bridges, and culverts.244

(BB) "Manufacturer's number" means the manufacturer's 245original serial number that is affixed to or imprinted upon the 246chassis or other part of the motor vehicle. 247

(CC) "Motor number" means the manufacturer's original 248
number that is affixed to or imprinted upon the engine or motor 249
of the vehicle. 250

(DD) "Distributor" means any person who is authorized by a 251

motor vehicle manufacturer to distribute new motor vehicles to252licensed motor vehicle dealers at an established place of253business that is used exclusively for the purpose of254distributing new motor vehicles to licensed motor vehicle255dealers, except when the distributor also is a new motor vehicle256dealer, in which case the distributor may distribute at the257location of the distributor's licensed dealership.258

(EE) "Ridesharing arrangement" means the transportation of 259
persons in a motor vehicle where the transportation is 260
incidental to another purpose of a volunteer driver and includes 261
ridesharing arrangements known as carpools, vanpools, and 262
buspools. 263

(FF) "Apportionable vehicle" means any vehicle that is 264 used or intended for use in two or more international 265 registration plan member jurisdictions that allocate or 266 proportionally register vehicles, that is used for the 267 transportation of persons for hire or designed, used, or 268 maintained primarily for the transportation of property, and 269 that meets any of the following qualifications: 270

(1) Is a power unit having a gross vehicle weight inexcess of twenty-six thousand pounds;272

(2) Is a power unit having three or more axles, regardless 273of the gross vehicle weight; 274

(3) Is a combination vehicle with a gross vehicle weight 275in excess of twenty-six thousand pounds. 276

"Apportionable vehicle" does not include recreational 277 vehicles, vehicles displaying restricted plates, city pick-up 278 and delivery vehicles, or vehicles owned and operated by the 279 United States, this state, or any political subdivisions 280

Page 11

thereof	•

297

298

299

300

(GG) "Chartered party" means a group of persons who	282
contract as a group to acquire the exclusive use of a passenger-	283
carrying motor vehicle at a fixed charge for the vehicle in	284
accordance with the carrier's tariff, lawfully on file with the	285
United States department of transportation, for the purpose of	286
group travel to a specified destination or for a particular	287
itinerary, either agreed upon in advance or modified by the	288
chartered group after having left the place of origin.	289

(HH) "International registration plan" means a reciprocal 290 agreement of member jurisdictions that is endorsed by the 291 American association of motor vehicle administrators, and that 292 promotes and encourages the fullest possible use of the highway 293 system by authorizing apportioned registration of fleets of 294 vehicles and recognizing registration of vehicles apportioned in 295 member jurisdictions. 296

(II) "Restricted plate" means a license plate that has a restriction of time, geographic area, mileage, or commodity, and includes license plates issued to farm trucks under division (J) of section 4503.04 of the Revised Code.

(JJ) "Gross vehicle weight," with regard to any commercial301car, trailer, semitrailer, or bus that is taxed at the rates302established under section 4503.042 or 4503.65 of the Revised303Code, means the unladen weight of the vehicle fully equipped304plus the maximum weight of the load to be carried on the305vehicle.306

(KK) "Combined gross vehicle weight" with regard to any
307
combination of a commercial car, trailer, and semitrailer, that
308
is taxed at the rates established under section 4503.042 or
309

4503.65 of the Revised Code, means the total unladen weight of310the combination of vehicles fully equipped plus the maximum311weight of the load to be carried on that combination of312vehicles.313

(LL) "Chauffeured limousine" means a motor vehicle that is 314 designed to carry nine or fewer passengers and is operated for 315 hire pursuant to a prearranged contract for the transportation 316 of passengers on public roads and highways along a route under 317 the control of the person hiring the vehicle and not over a 318 319 defined and regular route. "Prearranged contract" means an agreement, made in advance of boarding, to provide 320 transportation from a specific location in a chauffeured 321 limousine. "Chauffeured limousine" does not include any vehicle 322 that is used exclusively in the business of funeral directing. 323

(MM) "Manufactured home" has the same meaning as in 324 division (C)(4) of section 3781.06 of the Revised Code. 325

(NN) "Acquired situs," with respect to a manufactured home 326 or a mobile home, means to become located in this state by the 327 placement of the home on real property, but does not include the 328 placement of a manufactured home or a mobile home in the 329 inventory of a new motor vehicle dealer or the inventory of a 330 manufacturer, remanufacturer, or distributor of manufactured or 331 mobile homes. 332

(PP) "Electronic record" means a record generated,
 communicated, received, or stored by electronic means for use in
 an information system or for transmission from one information
 338

system to another. 339 (QQ) "Electronic signature" means a signature in 340 electronic form attached to or logically associated with an 341 electronic record. 342 (RR) "Financial transaction device" has the same meaning 343 as in division (A) of section 113.40 of the Revised Code. 344 (SS) "Electronic motor vehicle dealer" means a motor 345 vehicle dealer licensed under Chapter 4517. of the Revised Code 346 whom the registrar of motor vehicles determines meets the 347 criteria designated in section 4503.035 of the Revised Code for 348 electronic motor vehicle dealers and designates as an electronic 349 motor vehicle dealer under that section. 350 (TT) "Electric personal assistive mobility device" means a 351 self-balancing two non-tandem wheeled device that is designed to 352 transport only one person, has an electric propulsion system of 353 an average of seven hundred fifty watts, and when ridden on a 354

paved level surface by an operator who weighs one hundred355seventy pounds has a maximum speed of less than twenty miles per356hour.357

(UU) "Limited driving privileges" means the privilege to
operate a motor vehicle that a court grants under section
4510.021 of the Revised Code to a person whose driver's or
commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating
grivilege has been suspended.

(VV) "Utility vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle
designed with a bed, principally for the purpose of transporting
af4
material or cargo in connection with construction, agricultural,
forestry, grounds maintenance, lawn and garden, materials
af6
handling, or similar activities.

(WW) "Low-speed vehicle" means a three- or four-wheeled 368 motor vehicle with an attainable speed in one mile on a paved 369 level surface of more than twenty miles per hour but not more 370 than twenty-five miles per hour and with a gross vehicle weight 371 rating less than three thousand pounds. 372

(XX) "Under-speed vehicle" means a three- or four-wheeled vehicle, including a vehicle commonly known as a golf cart, with an attainable speed on a paved level surface of not more than twenty miles per hour and with a gross vehicle weight rating less than three thousand pounds.

(YY) "Motor-driven cycle or motor scooter" means any 378 vehicle designed to travel on not more than three wheels in 379 contact with the ground, with a seat for the driver and floor 380 pad for the driver's feet, and is equipped with a motor with a 381 piston displacement between fifty and one hundred cubic 382 383 centimeters piston displacement that produces not more than five brake horsepower and is capable of propelling the vehicle at a 384 speed greater than twenty miles per hour on a level surface. 385

(ZZ) "Motorcycle" means a motor vehicle with motive power 386 having a seat or saddle for the use of the operator, designed to 387 travel on not more than three wheels in contact with the ground, 388 and having no occupant compartment top or occupant compartment 389 top that can be installed or removed by the user. 390

(AAA) "Cab-enclosed motorcycle" means a motor vehicle with 391 motive power having a seat or saddle for the use of the 392 operator, designed to travel on not more than three wheels in 393 contact with the ground, and having an occupant compartment top 394 or an occupant compartment top that is installed. 395

(BBB) "Mini-truck" means a vehicle that has four wheels, 396

Page 14

373

374

375

376

is propelled by an electric motor with a rated power of seven 397 thousand five hundred watts or less or an internal combustion 398 engine with a piston displacement capacity of six hundred sixty 399 cubic centimeters or less, has a total dry weight of nine 400 hundred to two thousand two hundred pounds, contains an enclosed 401 cabin and a seat for the vehicle operator, resembles a pickup 402 truck or van with a cargo area or bed located at the rear of the 403 vehicle, and was not originally manufactured to meet federal 404 motor vehicle safety standards. 405 (CCC) "Autocycle" means a three-wheeled motorcycle that is 406 manufactured to comply with federal safety requirements for 407 motorcycles and that is equipped with safety belts, a steering 408 wheel, and seating that does not require the operator to 409 straddle or sit astride to ride the motorcycle. 410 Sec. 4509.01. As used in sections 4509.01 to 4509.78 of 411 the Revised Code: 412 413 (A) "Person" includes every natural person, firm, partnership, association, or corporation. 414 (B) "Driver" means every person who drives or is in actual 415 physical control of a motor vehicle. 416 (C) "License" includes any license, permit, or privilege 417 to operate a motor vehicle issued under the laws of this state 418 including: 419 (1) Any temporary instruction permit or examiner's driving 420 permit; 421 (2) The privilege of any person to drive a motor vehicle 422 whether or not such person holds a valid license; 423 (3) Any nonresident's operating privilege. 424

motor vehicle. If a motor vehicle is the subject of a lease with 426 an immediate right of possession vested in the lessee, the 427 lessee is the owner. A person listed as the owner on a 428 certificate of title on which there is a notation of a security 429 interest is the owner. A buyer or other transferee of a motor 430 vehicle who receives the certificate of title from the seller or 431 transferor listing the seller or transferor thereon as the owner 432 with an assignment of title to the buyer or transferee 433 nonetheless is the owner even though a subsequent certificate of 434 title has not been issued listing the buyer or transferee as the 435 owner. 436 (E) "Registration" means registration certificates and 437 registration plates issued under the laws of this state 438 pertaining to the registration of motor vehicles. 439 (F) "Nonresident" means every person who is not a resident 440 of this state. 441 (G) "Nonresident's operating privilege" means the 442 privilege conferred upon a nonresident by the laws of this state 443 pertaining to the operation by such person of a motor vehicle, 444 or the use of a motor vehicle owned by such person, in this 445 state. 446 (H) "Vehicle" means every device by which any person or 447 property may be transported upon a highway, except electric 448 personal assistive mobility devices, devices moved by power 449 collected from overhead electric trolley wires, or used 450 exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks, and except devices 451 other than bicycles moved by human power. 452

(D) "Owner" means a person who holds the legal title of a

(I) "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle propelled by power 453

other than muscular power or power collected from overhead 454 electric trolley wires, except motorized bicycles, electric 455 bicycles, road rollers, traction engines, power shovels, power 456 cranes and other equipment used in construction work and not 457 designed for or employed in general highway transportation, 4.5.8 hole-digging machinery, well-drilling machinery, ditch-digging 459 machinery, farm machinery, threshing machinery, hay baling 460 machinery, and agricultural tractors and machinery used in the 461 production of horticultural, floricultural, agricultural, and 462 463 vegetable products.

(J) "Accident" or "motor vehicle accident" means any
accident involving a motor vehicle which results in bodily
injury to or death of any person, or damage to the property of
any person in excess of four hundred dollars.

(K) "Proof of financial responsibility" means proof of 468 ability to respond in damages for liability, on account of 469 accidents occurring subsequent to the effective date of such 470 proof, arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a 471 motor vehicle in the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars 472 because of bodily injury to or death of one person in any one 473 accident, in the amount of fifty thousand dollars because of 474 bodily injury to or death of two or more persons in any one 475 accident, and in the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars 476 because of injury to property of others in any one accident. 477

(L) "Motor-vehicle liability policy" means an "owner's 478
policy" or an "operator's policy" of liability insurance, 479
certified as provided in section 4509.46 or 4509.47 of the 480
Revised Code as proof of financial responsibility, and issued, 481
except as provided in section 4509.47 of the Revised Code, by an 482
insurance carrier authorized to do business in this state, to or 483

for the benefit of the person named therein as insured. 484

Sec. 4511.01. As used in this chapter and in Chapter 4513. 485 of the Revised Code: 486

(A) "Vehicle" means every device, including a motorized 487 bicycle and an electric bicycle, in, upon, or by which any 488 person or property may be transported or drawn upon a highway, 489 except that "vehicle" does not include any motorized wheelchair, 490 any electric personal assistive mobility device, any personal 491 delivery device as defined in section 4511.513 of the Revised 492 Code, any device that is moved by power collected from overhead 493 electric trolley wires or that is used exclusively upon 494 stationary rails or tracks, or any device, other than a bicycle, 495 that is moved by human power. 496

(B) "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle propelled or drawn 497 by power other than muscular power or power collected from 498 overhead electric trolley wires, except motorized bicycles, 499 electric bicycles, road rollers, traction engines, power 500 shovels, power cranes, and other equipment used in construction 501 work and not designed for or employed in general highway 502 transportation, hole-digging machinery, well-drilling machinery, 503 ditch-digging machinery, farm machinery, and trailers designed 504 and used exclusively to transport a boat between a place of 505 storage and a marina, or in and around a marina, when drawn or 506 towed on a street or highway for a distance of no more than ten 507 miles and at a speed of twenty-five miles per hour or less. 508

(C) "Motorcycle" means every motor vehicle, other than a 509 tractor, having a seat or saddle for the use of the operator and 510 designed to travel on not more than three wheels in contact with 511 the ground, including, but not limited to, motor vehicles known 512 as "motor-driven cycle," "motor scooter," "autocycle," "cab- 513

enclosed motorcycle," or "motorcycle" without regard to weight 514 or brake horsepower. 515 (D) "Emergency vehicle" means emergency vehicles of 516 municipal, township, or county departments or public utility 517 corporations when identified as such as required by law, the 518 director of public safety, or local authorities, and motor 519 vehicles when commandeered by a police officer. 520 (E) "Public safety vehicle" means any of the following: 521 (1) Ambulances, including private ambulance companies 522 under contract to a municipal corporation, township, or county, 523 and private ambulances and nontransport vehicles bearing license 524 plates issued under section 4503.49 of the Revised Code; 525 (2) Motor vehicles used by public law enforcement officers 526 or other persons sworn to enforce the criminal and traffic laws 527 of the state; 528 (3) Any motor vehicle when properly identified as required 529 by the director of public safety, when used in response to fire 530 emergency calls or to provide emergency medical service to ill 531 or injured persons, and when operated by a duly qualified person 532 who is a member of a volunteer rescue service or a volunteer 533 fire department, and who is on duty pursuant to the rules or 534 directives of that service. The state fire marshal shall be 535 designated by the director of public safety as the certifying 536 agency for all public safety vehicles described in division (E) 537 (3) of this section. 538

(4) Vehicles used by fire departments, including motor
vehicles when used by volunteer fire fighters responding to
semergency calls in the fire department service when identified
state of public safety.

Any vehicle used to transport or provide emergency medical543service to an ill or injured person, when certified as a public544safety vehicle, shall be considered a public safety vehicle when545transporting an ill or injured person to a hospital regardless546of whether such vehicle has already passed a hospital.547

(5) Vehicles used by the motor carrier enforcement unit for the enforcement of orders and rules of the public utilities commission as specified in section 5503.34 of the Revised Code.

(F) "School bus" means every bus designed for carrying 551 more than nine passengers that is owned by a public, private, or 552 governmental agency or institution of learning and operated for 553 the transportation of children to or from a school session or a 554 school function, or owned by a private person and operated for 555 compensation for the transportation of children to or from a 556 school session or a school function, provided "school bus" does 557 not include a bus operated by a municipally owned transportation 558 system, a mass transit company operating exclusively within the 559 territorial limits of a municipal corporation, or within such 560 limits and the territorial limits of municipal corporations 561 immediately contiguous to such municipal corporation, nor a 562 common passenger carrier certified by the public utilities 563 commission unless such bus is devoted exclusively to the 564 transportation of children to and from a school session or a 565 school function, and "school bus" does not include a van or bus 566 used by a licensed child day-care center or type A family day-567 care home to transport children from the child day-care center 568 or type A family day-care home to a school if the van or bus 569 does not have more than fifteen children in the van or bus at 570 any time. 571

(G) "Bicycle" means every device, other than a device that

Page 20

548

549

550

is designed solely for use as a play vehicle by a child, that is 573
propelled solely by human power upon which a person may ride, 574
and that has two or more wheels, any of which is more than 575
fourteen inches in diameter. 576

(H) (1) Until January 1, 2017, "motorized bicycle" means-577 any vehicle having either two tandem wheels or one wheel in the 578 front and two wheels in the rear, that is capable of being-579 pedaled and is equipped with a helper motor of not more than 580 fifty cubic centimeters piston displacement that produces no 581 more than one brake horsepower and is capable of propelling the 582 vehicle at a speed of no greater than twenty miles per hour on a 583 level surface. 584

(2) Effective January 1, 2017, "motorized "Motorized 585 bicycle" or "moped" means any vehicle having either two tandem 586 wheels or one wheel in the front and two wheels in the rear, 587 588 that may be pedaled, and that is equipped with a helper motor of not more than fifty cubic centimeters piston displacement that 589 produces not more than one brake horsepower and is capable of 590 propelling the vehicle at a speed of not greater than twenty 591 miles per hour on a level surface. <u>"Motorized bicyc</u>le" or 592 "moped" does not include an electric bicycle. 593

(I) "Commercial tractor" means every motor vehicle having motive power designed or used for drawing other vehicles and not so constructed as to carry any load thereon, or designed or used for drawing other vehicles while carrying a portion of such other vehicles, or load thereon, or both.

(J) "Agricultural tractor" means every self-propelling
vehicle designed or used for drawing other vehicles or wheeled
machinery but having no provision for carrying loads
independently of such other vehicles, and used principally for
602

594

595

596

597

agricultural purposes.

(K) "Truck" means every motor vehicle, except trailers and604semitrailers, designed and used to carry property.605

(L) "Bus" means every motor vehicle designed for carrying
606
more than nine passengers and used for the transportation of
persons other than in a ridesharing arrangement, and every motor
608
vehicle, automobile for hire, or funeral car, other than a
609
taxicab or motor vehicle used in a ridesharing arrangement,
610
designed and used for the transportation of persons for
611
compensation.

(M) "Trailer" means every vehicle designed or used for 613 carrying persons or property wholly on its own structure and for 614 being drawn by a motor vehicle, including any such vehicle when 615 formed by or operated as a combination of a "semitrailer" and a 616 vehicle of the dolly type, such as that commonly known as a 617 "trailer dolly," a vehicle used to transport agricultural 618 produce or agricultural production materials between a local 619 place of storage or supply and the farm when drawn or towed on a 620 street or highway at a speed greater than twenty-five miles per 621 hour, and a vehicle designed and used exclusively to transport a 622 boat between a place of storage and a marina, or in and around a 623 marina, when drawn or towed on a street or highway for a 624 distance of more than ten miles or at a speed of more than 625 twenty-five miles per hour. 626

(N) "Semitrailer" means every vehicle designed or used for
carrying persons or property with another and separate motor
vehicle so that in operation a part of its own weight or that of
629
its load, or both, rests upon and is carried by another vehicle.
630

(O) "Pole trailer" means every trailer or semitrailer

603

attached to the towing vehicle by means of a reach, pole, or by632being boomed or otherwise secured to the towing vehicle, and633ordinarily used for transporting long or irregular shaped loads634such as poles, pipes, or structural members capable, generally,635of sustaining themselves as beams between the supporting636connections.637

(P) "Railroad" means a carrier of persons or property
 638
 operating upon rails placed principally on a private right-of 639
 way.

(Q) "Railroad train" means a steam engine or an electricor other motor, with or without cars coupled thereto, operatedby a railroad.

(R) "Streetcar" means a car, other than a railroad train,
644
for transporting persons or property, operated upon rails
645
principally within a street or highway.
646

(S) "Trackless trolley" means every car that collects its
power from overhead electric trolley wires and that is not
operated upon rails or tracks.

(T) "Explosives" means any chemical compound or mechanical 650 mixture that is intended for the purpose of producing an 651 explosion that contains any oxidizing and combustible units or 652 other ingredients in such proportions, quantities, or packing 653 that an ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion, by 654 percussion, or by a detonator of any part of the compound or 655 mixture may cause such a sudden generation of highly heated 656 gases that the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of 657 producing destructive effects on contiguous objects, or of 658 destroying life or limb. Manufactured articles shall not be held 659 to be explosives when the individual units contain explosives in 660

such limited quantities, of such nature, or in such packing, 661 that it is impossible to procure a simultaneous or a destructive 662 explosion of such units, to the injury of life, limb, or 663 property by fire, by friction, by concussion, by percussion, or 664 by a detonator, such as fixed ammunition for small arms, 665 firecrackers, or safety fuse matches. 666 (U) "Flammable liquid" means any liquid that has a flash 667 point of seventy degrees fahrenheit, or less, as determined by a 668 tagliabue or equivalent closed cup test device. 669 (V) "Gross weight" means the weight of a vehicle plus the 670 weight of any load thereon. 671 (W) "Person" means every natural person, firm, co-672 partnership, association, or corporation. 673 (X) "Pedestrian" means any natural person afoot. 674 "Pedestrian" includes a personal delivery device as defined in 675 section 4511.513 of the Revised Code unless the context clearly 676 suggests otherwise. 677 (Y) "Driver or operator" means every person who drives or 678 is in actual physical control of a vehicle, trackless trolley, 679 or streetcar. 680 (Z) "Police officer" means every officer authorized to 681 direct or regulate traffic, or to make arrests for violations of 682 traffic regulations. 683 (AA) "Local authorities" means every county, municipal, 684 and other local board or body having authority to adopt police 685

(BB) "Street" or "highway" means the entire width between687the boundary lines of every way open to the use of the public as688

regulations under the constitution and laws of this state.

a thoroughfare for purposes of vehicular travel. 689

(CC) "Controlled-access highway" means every street or 690 highway in respect to which owners or occupants of abutting 691 lands and other persons have no legal right of access to or from 692 the same except at such points only and in such manner as may be 693 determined by the public authority having jurisdiction over such 694 street or highway. 695

(DD) "Private road or driveway" means every way or place 696 in private ownership used for vehicular travel by the owner and 697 those having express or implied permission from the owner but 698 not by other persons. 699

(EE) "Roadway" means that portion of a highway improved, 700 designed, or ordinarily used for vehicular travel, except the 701 berm or shoulder. If a highway includes two or more separate 702 roadways the term "roadway" means any such roadway separately 703 but not all such roadways collectively. 704

(FF) "Sidewalk" means that portion of a street between the 705 curb lines, or the lateral lines of a roadway, and the adjacent 706 property lines, intended for the use of pedestrians. 707

(GG) "Laned highway" means a highway the roadway of which 708 is divided into two or more clearly marked lanes for vehicular 709 traffic. 710

(HH) "Through highway" means every street or highway as 711 provided in section 4511.65 of the Revised Code. 712

(II) "State highway" means a highway under the 713 jurisdiction of the department of transportation, outside the 714 limits of municipal corporations, provided that the authority 715 conferred upon the director of transportation in section 5511.01 716 717 of the Revised Code to erect state highway route markers and

signs directing traffic shall not be modified by sections 718 4511.01 to 4511.79 and 4511.99 of the Revised Code. 719 (JJ) "State route" means every highway that is designated 720 with an official state route number and so marked. 721 (KK) "Intersection" means: 722 (1) The area embraced within the prolongation or 723 connection of the lateral curb lines, or, if none, the lateral 724 boundary lines of the roadways of two highways that join one 725 another at, or approximately at, right angles, or the area 726 within which vehicles traveling upon different highways that 727 728 join at any other angle might come into conflict. The junction of an alley or driveway with a roadway or highway does not 729 constitute an intersection unless the roadway or highway at the 730 junction is controlled by a traffic control device. 731

(2) If a highway includes two roadways that are thirty
feet or more apart, then every crossing of each roadway of such
divided highway by an intersecting highway constitutes a
separate intersection. If both intersecting highways include two
roadways thirty feet or more apart, then every crossing of any
two roadways of such highways constitutes a separate
intersection.

(3) At a location controlled by a traffic control signal,
regardless of the distance between the separate intersections as
740
described in division (KK) (2) of this section:
741

(a) If a stop line, yield line, or crosswalk has not been
 742
 designated on the roadway within the median between the separate
 743
 intersections, the two intersections and the roadway and median
 744
 constitute one intersection.

(b) Where a stop line, yield line, or crosswalk line is

Page 26

designated on the roadway on the intersection approach, the area 747 within the crosswalk and any area beyond the designated stop 748 line or yield line constitute part of the intersection. 749 (c) Where a crosswalk is designated on a roadway on the 750 departure from the intersection, the intersection includes the 751 area that extends to the far side of the crosswalk. 752 (LL) "Crosswalk" means: 753 (1) That part of a roadway at intersections ordinarily 754 included within the real or projected prolongation of property 755 lines and curb lines or, in the absence of curbs, the edges of 756 757 the traversable roadway; (2) Any portion of a roadway at an intersection or 758 elsewhere, distinctly indicated for pedestrian crossing by lines 759 or other markings on the surface; 760 (3) Notwithstanding divisions (LL) (1) and (2) of this 761 section, there shall not be a crosswalk where local authorities 762 have placed signs indicating no crossing. 763 (MM) "Safety zone" means the area or space officially set 764 apart within a roadway for the exclusive use of pedestrians and 765 protected or marked or indicated by adequate signs as to be 766 767 plainly visible at all times. (NN) "Business district" means the territory fronting upon 768 a street or highway, including the street or highway, between 769 successive intersections within municipal corporations where 770 fifty per cent or more of the frontage between such successive 771

intersections is occupied by buildings in use for business, or 772 within or outside municipal corporations where fifty per cent or 773 more of the frontage for a distance of three hundred feet or 774 more is occupied by buildings in use for business, and the 775

character of such territory is indicated by official traffic 776 control devices. 777 (00) "Residence district" means the territory, not 778 comprising a business district, fronting on a street or highway, 779 including the street or highway, where, for a distance of three 780 hundred feet or more, the frontage is improved with residences 781 or residences and buildings in use for business. 782 (PP) "Urban district" means the territory contiguous to 783 and including any street or highway which is built up with 784 structures devoted to business, industry, or dwelling houses 785 situated at intervals of less than one hundred feet for a 786 distance of a guarter of a mile or more, and the character of 787 such territory is indicated by official traffic control devices. 788 (QQ) "Traffic control device" means a flagger, sign, 789 signal, marking, or other device used to regulate, warn, or 790 791 guide traffic, placed on, over, or adjacent to a street, highway, private road open to public travel, pedestrian 792 facility, or shared-use path by authority of a public agency or 793 794 official having jurisdiction, or, in the case of a private road open to public travel, by authority of the private owner or 795 private official having jurisdiction. 796 (RR) "Traffic control signal" means any highway traffic 797 798

signal by which traffic is alternately directed to stop and 798 permitted to proceed. 799

(SS) "Railroad sign or signal" means any sign, signal, or 800 device erected by authority of a public body or official or by a 801 railroad and intended to give notice of the presence of railroad 802 tracks or the approach of a railroad train. 803

(TT) "Traffic" means pedestrians, ridden or herded

animals, vehicles, streetcars, trackless trolleys, and other 805 devices, either singly or together, while using for purposes of 806 travel any highway or private road open to public travel. 807

(UU) "Right-of-way" means either of the following, as the 808 context requires: 809

(1) The right of a vehicle, streetcar, trackless trolley,
or pedestrian to proceed uninterruptedly in a lawful manner in
the direction in which it or the individual is moving in
preference to another vehicle, streetcar, trackless trolley, or
pedestrian approaching from a different direction into its or
the individual's path;

(2) A general term denoting land, property, or the
816
interest therein, usually in the configuration of a strip,
acquired for or devoted to transportation purposes. When used in
818
this context, right-of-way includes the roadway, shoulders or
819
berm, ditch, and slopes extending to the right-of-way limits
820
under the control of the state or local authority.

(VV) "Rural mail delivery vehicle" means every vehicle822used to deliver United States mail on a rural mail delivery823route.824

(WW) "Funeral escort vehicle" means any motor vehicle,
including a funeral hearse, while used to facilitate the
movement of a funeral procession.
827

(XX) "Alley" means a street or highway intended to provide 828 access to the rear or side of lots or buildings in urban 829 districts and not intended for the purpose of through vehicular 830 traffic, and includes any street or highway that has been 831 declared an "alley" by the legislative authority of the 832 municipal corporation in which such street or highway is 833

Page 29

located. 834 (YY) "Freeway" means a divided multi-lane highway for 835 through traffic with all crossroads separated in grade and with 836 full control of access. 837 (ZZ) "Expressway" means a divided arterial highway for 838 through traffic with full or partial control of access with an 839 excess of fifty per cent of all crossroads separated in grade. 840 (AAA) "Thruway" means a through highway whose entire 841 roadway is reserved for through traffic and on which roadway 842 parking is prohibited. 843 (BBB) "Stop intersection" means any intersection at one or 844 more entrances of which stop signs are erected. 845 (CCC) "Arterial street" means any United States or state 846 numbered route, controlled access highway, or other major radial 847 or circumferential street or highway designated by local 848 authorities within their respective jurisdictions as part of a 849 major arterial system of streets or highways. 850 (DDD) "Ridesharing arrangement" means the transportation 851 of persons in a motor vehicle where such transportation is 852 incidental to another purpose of a volunteer driver and includes 853 ridesharing arrangements known as carpools, vanpools, and 854 855 buspools.

(EEE) "Motorized wheelchair" means any self-propelled 856 vehicle designed for, and used by, a handicapped person and that 857 is incapable of a speed in excess of eight miles per hour. 858

(FFF) "Child day-care center" and "type A family day-care 859
home" have the same meanings as in section 5104.01 of the 860
Revised Code. 861

(GGG) "Multi-wheel agricultural tractor" means a type of	862
agricultural tractor that has two or more wheels or tires on	863
each side of one axle at the rear of the tractor, is designed or	864
used for drawing other vehicles or wheeled machinery, has no	865
provision for carrying loads independently of the drawn vehicles	866
or machinery, and is used principally for agricultural purposes.	867
(HHH) "Operate" means to cause or have caused movement of	868
a vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley.	869
(III) "Predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense" means	870
any of the following:	871
(1) A violation of section 4511.03, 4511.051, 4511.12,	872
4511.132, 4511.16, 4511.20, 4511.201, 4511.21, 4511.211,	873
4511.213, 4511.22, 4511.23, 4511.25, 4511.26, 4511.27, 4511.28,	874
4511.29, 4511.30, 4511.31, 4511.32, 4511.33, 4511.34, 4511.35,	875
4511.36, 4511.37, 4511.38, 4511.39, 4511.40, 4511.41, 4511.42,	876
4511.43, 4511.431, 4511.432, 4511.44, 4511.441, 4511.451,	877
4511.452, 4511.46, 4511.47, 4511.48, 4511.481, 4511.49, 4511.50,	878
4511.511, <u>4511.522,</u> 4511.53, 4511.54, 4511.55, 4511.56, 4511.57,	879
4511.58, 4511.59, 4511.60, 4511.61, 4511.64, 4511.66, 4511.661,	880
4511.68, 4511.70, 4511.701, 4511.71, 4511.711, 4511.712,	881
4511.713, 4511.72, 4511.73, 4511.763, 4511.771, 4511.78, or	882
4511.84 of the Revised Code;	883
(2) A violation of division (A)(2) of section 4511.17,	884
divisions (A) to (D) of section 4511.51, or division (A) of	885
section 4511.74 of the Revised Code;	886
(3) A violation of any provision of sections 4511.01 to	887
4511.76 of the Revised Code for which no penalty otherwise is	888
provided in the section that contains the provision violated;	889
(4) Until January 1, 2017, a violation of a municipal-	890

ordinance that is substantially similar to any section or-				
provision set forth or described in division (III)(1), (2), or-				
(3) of this section;	893			
(5) Effective January 1, 2017, a A violation of section	894			
4511.214 of the Revised Code;	895			
(6) Effective January 1, 2017, a (5) A violation of a	896			
municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any section	897			
or provision set forth or described in division (III)(1), (2),	898			
(3), or (5) <u>(4)</u> of this section.	899			
(JJJ) "Road service vehicle" means wreckers, utility	900			
repair vehicles, and state, county, and municipal service	901			
vehicles equipped with visual signals by means of flashing,	902			
rotating, or oscillating lights.	903			
(KKK) "Beacon" means a highway traffic signal with one or	904			
more signal sections that operate in a flashing mode.	905			
(LLL) "Hybrid beacon" means a type of beacon that is	906			
intentionally placed in a dark mode between periods of operation	907			
where no indications are displayed and, when in operation,	908			
displays both steady and flashing traffic control signal	909			
indications.	910			
(MMM) "Highway traffic signal" means a power-operated	911			
traffic control device by which traffic is warned or directed to	912			
take some specific action. "Highway traffic signal" does not	913			
include a power-operated sign, steadily illuminated pavement	914			
marker, warning light, or steady burning electric lamp.	915			
(NNN) "Median" means the area between two roadways of a	916			
divided highway, measured from edge of traveled way to edge of	917			
traveled way, but excluding turn lanes. The width of a median	918			
may be different between intersections, between interchanges,	919			

and at opposite approaches of the same intersection.

(000) "Private road open to public travel" means a private 921 toll road or road, including any adjacent sidewalks that 922 923 generally run parallel to the road, within a shopping center, airport, sports arena, or other similar business or recreation 924 facility that is privately owned but where the public is allowed 925 to travel without access restrictions. "Private road open to 926 public travel" includes a gated toll road but does not include a 927 road within a private gated property where access is restricted 928 929 at all times, a parking area, a driving aisle within a parking area, or a private grade crossing. 930

(PPP) "Shared-use path" means a bikeway outside the 931 traveled way and physically separated from motorized vehicular 932 traffic by an open space or barrier and either within the 933 highway right-of-way or within an independent alignment. A 934 shared-use path also may be used by pedestrians, including 935 skaters, joggers, users of manual and motorized wheelchairs, and 936 other authorized motorized and non-motorized users. <u>A shared-use</u> 937 path does not include any trail that is intended to be used 938 primarily for mountain biking, hiking, equestrian use, or other 939 similar uses, or any other single track or natural surface trail 940 that has historically been reserved for nonmotorized use. 941

(QQQ) "Highway maintenance vehicle" means a vehicle used 942 in snow and ice removal or road surface maintenance, including a 943 snow plow, traffic line striper, road sweeper, mowing machine, 944 asphalt distributing vehicle, or other such vehicle designed for 945 use in specific highway maintenance activities. 946

(RRR) "Electric bicycle" means a "class 1 electric947bicycle," a "class 2 electric bicycle," or a "class 3 electric948bicycle" as defined in this section.949

(SSS) "Class 1 electric bicycle" means a bicycle that is	950
equipped with fully operable pedals and an electric motor of	951
less than seven hundred fifty watts that provides assistance	952
only when the rider is pedaling and ceases to provide assistance	953
when the bicycle reaches the speed of twenty miles per hour.	954
(TTT) "Class 2 electric bicycle" means a bicycle that is	955
equipped with fully operable pedals and an electric motor of	956
less than seven hundred fifty watts that may provide assistance	957
regardless of whether the rider is pedaling and is not capable	958
of providing assistance when the bicycle reaches the speed of	959
<u>twenty miles per hour.</u>	960
(UUU) "Class 3 electric bicycle" means a bicycle that is	961
equipped with fully operable pedals and an electric motor of	962
less than seven hundred fifty watts that provides assistance	963
only when the rider is pedaling and ceases to provide assistance	964
when the bicycle reaches the speed of twenty-eight miles per	965
hour.	966
Sec. 4511.051. (A) No person, unless otherwise directed by	967
a police officer, shall:	968
(1) As a pedestrian, occupy any space within the limits of	969
the right-of-way of a freeway, except: in a rest area; on a	970
facility that is separated from the roadway and shoulders of the	971
freeway and is designed and appropriately marked for pedestrian	972
use; in the performance of public works or official duties; as a	973
result of an emergency caused by an accident or breakdown of a	974
motor vehicle; or to obtain assistance;	975
(2) Occupy any space within the limits of the right-of-way	976
of a freeway, with: an animal-drawn vehicle; a ridden or led	977
animal; herded animals; a pushcart; a bicycle, except on a	978

facility that is separated from the roadway and shoulders of the 979 freeway and is designed and appropriately marked for bicycle 980 use; <u>an electric bicycle;</u> a bicycle with motor attached; a motor 981 driven cycle with a motor which produces not to exceed five 982 brake horsepower; an agricultural tractor; farm machinery; 983 except in the performance of public works or official duties. 984

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 985 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 986 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 987 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 988 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 989 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 990 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 991 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 992 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 993 994 degree.

Sec. 4511.132. (A) The driver of a vehicle, streetcar, or 995 trackless trolley who approaches an intersection where traffic 996 is controlled by traffic control signals shall do all of the 997 following if the signal facing the driver exhibits no colored 998 lights or colored lighted arrows, exhibits a combination of such 999 lights or arrows that fails to clearly indicate the assignment 1000 of right-of-way, or, if the vehicle is a bicycle<u>or an electric</u> 1001 bicycle, the signals are otherwise malfunctioning due to the 1002 failure of a vehicle detector to detect the presence of the 1003 bicycle or electric bicycle: 1004

(1) Stop at a clearly marked stop line, but if none, stop
before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the
intersection, or, if none, stop before entering the
1007
intersection;

(2) Yield the right-of-way to all vehicles, streetcars, or 1009 trackless trolleys in the intersection or approaching on an 1010 intersecting road, if the vehicles, streetcars, or trackless 1011 trolleys will constitute an immediate hazard during the time the 1012 driver is moving across or within the intersection or junction 1013 of roadways; 1014

(3) Exercise ordinary care while proceeding through the intersection.

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1017 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1018 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1019 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1020 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 1021 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1022 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1023 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1024 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1025 degree. 1026

Sec. 4511.27. (A) The following rules govern the1027overtaking and passing of vehicles or trackless trolleys1028proceeding in the same direction:1029

(1) The operator of a vehicle or trackless trolley 1030 overtaking another vehicle or trackless trolley proceeding in 1031 the same direction shall, except as provided in division (A)(3) 1032 of this section, signal to the vehicle or trackless trolley to 1033 be overtaken, shall pass to the left thereof at a safe distance, 1034 and shall not again drive to the right side of the roadway until 1035 safely clear of the overtaken vehicle or trackless trolley. When 1036 a motor vehicle or trackless trolley overtakes and passes a 1037 bicycle or electric bicycle, three feet or greater is considered 1038

1015

a safe passing distance.

(2) Except when overtaking and passing on the right is 1040 permitted, the operator of an overtaken vehicle shall give way 1041 to the right in favor of the overtaking vehicle at the latter's 1042 audible signal, and the operator shall not increase the speed of 1043 the operator's vehicle until completely passed by the overtaking 1044 vehicle. 1045

(3) The operator of a vehicle or trackless trolley 1046 overtaking and passing another vehicle or trackless trolley 1047 proceeding in the same direction on a divided highway as defined 1048 in section 4511.35 of the Revised Code, a limited access highway 1049 as defined in section 5511.02 of the Revised Code, or a highway 1050 with four or more traffic lanes, is not required to signal 1051 audibly to the vehicle or trackless trolley being overtaken and 1052 1053 passed.

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1054 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1055 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1056 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1057 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 1058 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1059 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1060 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1061 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1062 1063 degree.

Sec. 4511.39. (A) No person shall turn a vehicle or 1064 trackless trolley or move right or left upon a highway unless 1065 and until such person has exercised due care to ascertain that 1066 the movement can be made with reasonable safety nor without 1067 giving an appropriate signal in the manner hereinafter provided. 1068

Page 37

When required, a signal of intention to turn or move right 1069 or left shall be given continuously during not less than the 1070 last one hundred feet traveled by the vehicle or trackless 1071 trolley before turning, except that in the case of a person 1072 operating a bicycle or electric bicycle, the signal shall be 1073 made not less than one time but is not required to be 1074 continuous. A bicycle or electric bicycle operator is not 1075 required to make a signal if the bicycle or electric bicycle is 1076 in a designated turn lane, and a signal shall not be given when 1077 the operator's hands are needed for the safe operation of the 1078 bicycle or electric bicycle. 1079

No person shall stop or suddenly decrease the speed of a 1080 vehicle or trackless trolley without first giving an appropriate 1081 signal in the manner provided herein to the driver of any 1082 vehicle or trackless trolley immediately to the rear when there 1083 is opportunity to give a signal. 1084

Any stop or turn signal required by this section shall be 1085 given either by means of the hand and arm, or by signal lights 1086 that clearly indicate to both approaching and following traffic 1087 intention to turn or move right or left, except that any motor 1088 vehicle in use on a highway shall be equipped with, and the 1089 required signal shall be given by, signal lights when the 1090 distance from the center of the top of the steering post to the 1091 left outside limit of the body, cab, or load of such motor 1092 vehicle exceeds twenty-four inches, or when the distance from 1093 the center of the top of the steering post to the rear limit of 1094 the body or load thereof exceeds fourteen feet, whether a single 1095 vehicle or a combination of vehicles. 1096

The signal lights required by this section shall not be 1097 flashed on one side only on a disabled vehicle or trackless 1098

Page 38

trolley, flashed as a courtesy or "do pass" signal to operators1099of other vehicles or trackless trolleys approaching from the1100rear, nor be flashed on one side only of a parked vehicle or1101trackless trolley except as may be necessary for compliance with1102this section.1103

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1104 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1105 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1106 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1107 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 1108 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1109 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1110 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1111 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1112 1113 degree.

Sec. 4511.40. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of 1114 this section, all signals required by sections 4511.01 to 1115 4511.78 of the Revised Code, when given by hand and arm, shall 1116 be given from the left side of the vehicle in the following 1117 manner, and such signals shall indicate as follows: 1118

(1) Left turn, hand and arm extended horizontally; 1119

(2) Right turn, hand and arm extended upward;

(3) Stop or decrease speed, hand and arm extendeddownward.

(B) As an alternative to division (A) (2) of this section,
a person operating a bicycle or electric bicycle may give a
right turn signal by extending the right hand and arm
horizontally and to the right side of the bicycle or electric
bicycle.

Page 39

(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1128 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1129 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1130 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1131 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 1132 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1133 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1134 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1135 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1136 1137 degree.

Sec. 4511.52. (A) Sections 4511.01 to 4511.78, 4511.99,1138and 4513.01 to 4513.37 of the Revised Code that are applicable1139to bicycles and electric bicycles apply whenever a bicycle or1140electric bicycle is operated upon any highway or upon any path1141set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles.1142

(B) Except as provided in division (D) of this section, a 1143 bicycle operator or electric bicycle operator who violates any 1144 section of the Revised Code described in division (A) of this 1145 section that is applicable to bicycles or electric bicycles may 1146 be issued a ticket, citation, or summons by a law enforcement 1147 officer for the violation in the same manner as the operator of 1148 a motor vehicle would be cited for the same violation. A person 1149 who commits any such violation while operating a bicycle or 1150 electric bicycle shall not have any points assessed against the 1151 person's driver's license, commercial driver's license, 1152 temporary instruction permit, or probationary license under 1153 section 4510.036 of the Revised Code. 1154

(C) Except as provided in division (D) of this section, in
the case of a violation of any section of the Revised Code
described in division (A) of this section by a bicycle operator,
1157

electric bicycle operator, or by a motor vehicle operator when 1158 the trier of fact finds that the violation by the motor vehicle 1159 operator endangered the lives of bicycle riders or electric 1160 bicycle riders at the time of the violation, the court, 1161 notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to the 1162 contrary, may require the bicycle operator, <u>electric bicycle</u> 1163 operator, or motor vehicle operator to take and successfully 1164 complete a bicycling skills course approved by the court in 1165 addition to or in lieu of any penalty otherwise prescribed by 1166 the Revised Code for that violation. 1167 (D) Divisions (B) and (C) of this section do not apply to 1168 violations of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. 1169 Sec. 4511.522. (A) (1) On and after January 1, 2018, 1170 manufacturers and distributors of electric bicycles shall 1171 permanently affix a label, in a prominent location, to each 1172 electric bicycle. The label shall specify whether the electric 1173 bicycle is a class 1, class 2, or class 3 electric bicycle, the 1174 top assisted speed that the electric bicycle is capable of 1175 reaching, and the motor wattage of the electric bicycle. 1176 (2) No person shall modify an electric bicycle in a manner 1177 that changes the top assisted speed that the electric bicycle is 1178 capable of reaching unless the person also modifies the label 1179 required under division (A)(1) of this section to reflect the 1180 modification. 1181 (B) (1) The manufacturer of an electric bicycle shall 1182 ensure that the electric bicycle complies with the equipment and 1183 manufacturing requirements for bicycles established by the 1184 consumer product<u>safety commission under 16 C.F.R. 1512 et seq.</u> 1185 (2) The manufacturer shall manufacture all class 1 1186

Page 41

electric bicycles and class 3 electric bicycles so that when the	1187
rider ceases pedaling the electric motor ceases to provide	1188
assistance. The manufacturer shall manufacture all class 2	1189
electric bicycles so that when the rider applies the brakes the	1190
electric motor ceases to provide assistance.	1191
(3) All class 3 electric bicycles shall be equipped with a	1192
speedometer that displays the speed of the electric bicycle in	1192
miles per hour.	1194
<u>miles per nour.</u>	1194
(C)(1) The operation of a class 1 electric bicycle and a	1195
class 2 electric bicycle is permitted on a path set aside for	1196
the exclusive use of bicycles or on a shared-use path, unless	1197
the county, township, municipal corporation, other local	1198
authority, or state agency as defined in section 1.60 of the	1199
Revised Code with control over the path by resolution,	1200
ordinance, or rule prohibits the use of a class 1 electric	1201
bicycle or class 2 electric bicycle on such a path.	1202
(2) No person shall operate a class 3 electric bicycle on	1203
a path set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles or a shared-	1204
use path unless that path is within or adjacent to a highway or	1205
the county, township, municipal corporation, or local authority,	1206
or state agency as defined in section 1.60 of the Revised Code	1207
with control over the path by resolution, ordinance, or rule	1208
authorizes the use of a class 3 electric bicycle on such a path.	1209
(3) No person shall operate a class 1 electric bicycle, a	1210
<u>class 2 electric bicycle, or a class 3 electric bicycle on a</u>	1211
path that is intended to be used primarily for mountain biking,	1212
hiking, equestrian use, or other similar uses, or any other	1213
single track or natural surface trail that has historically been	1214
reserved for nonmotorized use, unless the county, township,	1215
municipal corporation, other local authority, or state agency as	1216
a a a a a a a a a a a	

defined in section 1.60 of the Revised Code with control over	1217
the path by resolution, ordinance, or rule authorizes the use of	1218
<u>a class 1 electric bicycle, a class 2 electric bicycle, or a</u>	1219
class 3 electric bicycle on such a path.	1220
(D)(1) No person under sixteen years of age shall operate	1221
a class 3 electric bicycle; however, a person under sixteen	1222
years of age may ride as a passenger on a class 3 electric	1223
bicycle that is designed to accommodate passengers.	1224
(2) No person shall operate or be a passenger on a class 3	1225
electric bicycle unless the person is wearing a protective	1226
helmet that meets the standards established by the consumer	1227
product safety commission or the American society for testing	1228
and materials.	1229
(T) (1) There is a structure manifold in this district	1000
(E)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this division,	1230
whoever operates an electric bicycle in a manner that is	1231
prohibited under division (C) of this section and whoever	1232
violates division (D) of this section is guilty of a minor	1233
misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender	1234
previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to one	1235
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates	1236
this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	1237
If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has	1238
been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic	1239
offenses, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1240
misdemeanor of the third degree.	1241
(2) The offenses established under division (E)(1) of this	1242
section are strict liability offenses and strict liability is a	1243
culpable mental state for purposes of section 2901.20 of the	1244
Revised Code. The designation of these offenses as strict	1245
	1245
liability offenses shall not be construed to imply that any	1240

other offense, for which there is no specified degree of 1247 culpability, is not a strict liability offense. 1248 Sec. 4511.53. (A) For purposes of this section, 1249 "snowmobile" has the same meaning as given that term in section 1250 4519.01 of the Revised Code. 1251 (B) No person operating a bicycle or electric bicycle 1252 shall ride other than upon or astride the permanent and regular 1253 1254 seat attached thereto or carry any other person upon such bicycle or electric bicycle other than upon a firmly attached 1255 and regular seat thereon, and no person shall ride upon a 1256 bicycle or electric bicycle other than upon such a firmly 1257 attached and regular seat. 1258 No person operating a motorcycle shall ride other than 1259 upon or astride the permanent and regular seat or saddle 1260 attached thereto, or carry any other person upon such motorcycle 1261 other than upon a firmly attached and regular seat or saddle 1262 thereon, and no person shall ride upon a motorcycle other than 1263 upon such a firmly attached and regular seat or saddle. 1264 No person shall ride upon a motorcycle that is equipped 1265 with a saddle other than while sitting astride the saddle, 1266 facing forward, with one leg on each side of the motorcycle. 1267 No person shall ride upon a motorcycle that is equipped 1268 with a seat other than while sitting upon the seat. 1269 No person operating a bicycle or electric bicycle shall 1270 carry any package, bundle, or article that prevents the driver 1271 from keeping at least one hand upon the handlebars. 1272

No bicycle, electric bicycle, or motorcycle shall be used1273to carry more persons at one time than the number for which it1274is designed and equipped. No motorcycle shall be operated on a1275

highway when the handlebars rise higher than the shoulders of 1276 the operator when the operator is seated in the operator's seat 1277 or saddle. 1278

(C)(1) Except as provided in division (C)(2) of this 1279 section, no person shall operate or be a passenger on a 1280 snowmobile or motorcycle without using safety glasses or other 1281 protective eye device. Except as provided in division (C)(2) of 1282 this section, no person who is under the age of eighteen years, 1283 or who holds a motorcycle operator's endorsement or license 1284 bearing a "novice" designation that is currently in effect as 1285 provided in section 4507.13 of the Revised Code, shall operate a 1286 motorcycle on a highway, or be a passenger on a motorcycle, 1287 unless wearing a United States department of transportation-1288 approved protective helmet on the person's head, and no other 1289 person shall be a passenger on a motorcycle operated by such a 1290 person unless similarly wearing a protective helmet. The helmet, 1291 safety glasses, or other protective eye device shall conform 1292 with rules adopted by the director of public safety. The 1293 provisions of this paragraph or a violation thereof shall not be 1294 used in the trial of any civil action. 1295

(2) Division (C) (1) of this section does not apply to a
 person operating an autocycle or cab-enclosed motorcycle when
 the occupant compartment top is in place enclosing the
 occupants.

(3) (a) No person shall operate a motorcycle with a valid
temporary instruction permit and temporary instruction permit
identification card issued by the registrar of motor vehicles
pursuant to section 4507.05 of the Revised Code unless the
person, at the time of such operation, is wearing on the
person's head a protective helmet that has been approved by the

rules adopted by the director. 1307 (b) No person shall operate a motorcycle with a valid 1308 temporary instruction permit and temporary instruction permit 1309 identification card issued by the registrar pursuant to section 1310 4507.05 of the Revised Code in any of the following 1311 circumstances: 1312 1313 (i) At any time when lighted lights are required by division (A)(1) of section 4513.03 of the Revised Code; 1314 (ii) While carrying a passenger; 1315 (iii) On any limited access highway or heavily congested 1316 roadway. 1317 (D) Nothing in this section shall be construed as 1318 prohibiting the carrying of a child in a seat or trailer that is 1319 designed for carrying children and is firmly attached to the 1320 bicycle or electric bicycle. 1321 (E) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1322 violates division (B) or (C)(1) or (3) of this section is quilty 1323 of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the 1324 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to 1325 one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates 1326 division (B) or (C)(1) or (3) of this section is guilty of a 1327 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1328 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1329 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1330

United States department of transportation that conforms with

Sec. 4511.54. (A) No person riding upon any bicycle, 1333 electric bicycle, coaster, roller skates, sled, or toy vehicle 1334

violates division (B) or (C)(1) or (3) of this section is guilty

of a misdemeanor of the third degree.

Page 46

1306

1331

shall attach the same or self to any streetcar, trackless1335trolley, or vehicle upon a roadway.1336No operator shall knowingly permit any person riding upon1337any bicycle, electric bicycle, coaster, roller skates, sled, or1338toy vehicle to attach the same or self to any streetcar,1339

This section does not apply to the towing of a disabled 1341 vehicle.

trackless trolley, or vehicle while it is moving upon a roadway.

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1343 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1344 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1345 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1346 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 1347 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1348 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1349 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1350 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1351 degree. 1352

Sec. 4511.55. (A) Every person operating a bicycle or1353electric bicycle upon a roadway shall ride as near to the right1354side of the roadway as practicable obeying all traffic rules1355applicable to vehicles and exercising due care when passing a1356standing vehicle or one proceeding in the same direction.1357

(B) Persons riding bicycles, electric bicycles, or
motorcycles upon a roadway shall ride not more than two abreast
in a single lane, except on paths or parts of roadways set aside
for the exclusive use of bicycles, electric bicycles, or
motorcycles.

(C) This section does not require a person operating a 1363

bicycle or electric bicycle to ride at the edge of the roadway 1364 when it is unreasonable or unsafe to do so. Conditions that may 1365 require riding away from the edge of the roadway include when 1366 necessary to avoid fixed or moving objects, parked or moving 1367 vehicles, surface hazards, or if it otherwise is unsafe or 1368 impracticable to do so, including if the lane is too narrow for 1369 the bicycle or electric bicycle and an overtaking vehicle to 1370 travel safely side by side within the lane. 1371

(D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1372 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1373 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1374 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1375 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 1376 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1377 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1378 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1379 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1380 1381 degree.

Sec. 4511.56. (A) Every bicycle <u>or electric bicycle</u> when in use at the times specified in section 4513.03 of the Revised Code, shall be equipped with the following:

(1) A lamp mounted on the front of either the bicycle or1385electric bicycle or the operator that shall emit a white light1386visible from a distance of at least five hundred feet to the1387front and three hundred feet to the sides. A generator-powered1388lamp that emits light only when the bicycle or electric bicycle1389is moving may be used to meet this requirement.1390

(2) A red reflector on the rear that shall be visible from
1391
all distances from one hundred feet to six hundred feet to the
rear when directly in front of lawful lower beams of head lamps
1393

Page 48

1382

1383

on a motor vehicle;

(3) A lamp emitting either flashing or steady red light
visible from a distance of five hundred feet to the rear shall
be used in addition to the red reflector. If the red lamp
performs as a reflector in that it is visible as specified in
division (A) (2) of this section, the red lamp may serve as the
reflector and a separate reflector is not required.

(B) Additional lamps and reflectors may be used in
1401
addition to those required under division (A) of this section,
except that red lamps and red reflectors shall not be used on
the front of the bicycle or electric bicycle and white lamps and
1403
white reflectors shall not be used on the rear of the bicycle or
1405
electric bicycle.

(C) A bicycle <u>or electric bicycle</u> may be equipped with a 1407 device capable of giving an audible signal, except that a 1408 bicycle <u>or electric bicycle</u> shall not be equipped with nor shall 1409 any person use upon a bicycle <u>or electric bicycle</u> any siren or 1410 whistle. 1411

(D) Every bicycle <u>and electric bicycle</u> shall be equipped1412with an adequate brake when used on a street or highway.1413

(E) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1414 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1415 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1416 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1417 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 1418 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1419 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1420 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1421 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1422

Page 49

Page 50

degree.	1423
Sec. 4511.68. (A) No person shall stand or park a	1424
trackless trolley or vehicle, except when necessary to avoid	1425
conflict with other traffic or to comply with sections 4511.01	1426
to 4511.78, 4511.99, and 4513.01 to 4513.37 of the Revised Code,	1427
or while obeying the directions of a police officer or a traffic	1428
control device, in any of the following places:	1429
(1) On a sidewalk, except as provided in division (B) of	1430
this section;	1431
(2) In front of a public or private driveway;	1432
(3) Within an intersection;	1433
(4) Within ten feet of a fire hydrant;	1434
(5) On a crosswalk;	1435
(6) Within twenty feet of a crosswalk at an intersection;	1436
(7) Within thirty feet of, and upon the approach to, any	1437
flashing beacon, stop sign, or traffic control device;	1438
(8) Between a safety zone and the adjacent curb or within	1439
thirty feet of points on the curb immediately opposite the ends	1440
of a safety zone, unless a different length is indicated by a	1441
traffic control device;	1442
(9) Within fifty feet of the nearest rail of a railroad	1443
crossing;	1444
(10) Within twenty feet of a driveway entrance to any fire	1445
station and, on the side of the street opposite the entrance to	1446

any fire station, within seventy-five feet of the entrance when 1447 it is properly posted with signs; 1448

(11) Alongside or opposite any street excavation or 1449

obstruction when such standing or parking would obstruct

<pre>traffic;</pre>	1451
(12) Alongside any vehicle stopped or parked at the edge	1452
or curb of a street;	1453
(13) Upon any bridge or elevated structure upon a highway,	1454
or within a highway tunnel;	1455
(14) At any place where signs prohibit stopping;	1456
(15) Within one foot of another parked vehicle;	1457
(16) On the roadway portion of a freeway, expressway, or	1458
thruway.	1459
(B) A person shall be permitted, without charge or	1460
restriction, to stand or park on a sidewalk a motor-driven cycle	1461
or motor scooter that has an engine not larger than one hundred	1462
and fifty cubic centimeters, or a bicycle or electric bicycle,	1463
provided that the motor-driven cycle, motor scooter, or bicycle <u>,</u>	1464
or electric bicycle does not impede the normal flow of	1465
pedestrian traffic. This division does not authorize any person	1466
to operate a vehicle in violation of section 4511.711 of the	1467
Revised Code.	1468
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1469
violates division (A) of this section is guilty of a minor	1470
misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender	1471
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one	1472
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates	1473
this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	1474
If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has	1475
been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic	1476
offenses, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1477

misdemeanor of the third degree.

Page 51

1450

Sec. 4511.711. (A) No person shall drive any vehicle,	1479
other than a bicycle or an electric bicycle if the motor is not	1480
engaged, upon a sidewalk or sidewalk area except upon a	1481
permanent or duly authorized temporary driveway.	1482
pormanono or ant, anonorroa comporting arrowage	1101
Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting	1483
local authorities from regulating the operation of bicycles <u>or</u>	1484
electric bicycles within their respective jurisdictions, except	1485
that no local authority may require that bicycles or electric	1486
bicycles be operated on sidewalks.	1487
(D) Except on otherwise previded in this division whenever	1 4 0 0
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1488
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1489
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1490
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1491
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1492
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1493
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1494
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1495
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1496
degree.	1497
Section 2. That existing sections 4501.01, 4509.01,	1498
4511.01, 4511.051, 4511.132, 4511.27, 4511.39, 4511.40, 4511.52,	1499
4511.53, 4511.54, 4511.55, 4511.56, 4511.68, and 4511.711 of the	1500

Revised Code are hereby repealed.