As Reported by Senate Transportation, Commerce and Workforce Committee

132nd General Assembly

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Am. Sub. H. B. No. 250

Representative Brinkman

Cosponsors: Representatives Becker, Seitz, Blessing, Green, Greenspan, Householder, Hughes, Johnson, Anielski, Antonio, Ashford, Barnes, Boccieri, Boggs, Boyd, Brown, Celebrezze, Craig, Dever, Galonski, Holmes, Hoops, Howse, Landis, LaTourette, Leland, Lepore-Hagan, Manning, Miller, O'Brien, Patterson, Patton, Ramos, Riedel, Rogers, Sheehy, Stein, Strahorn, West, Wiggam, Young

Senators LaRose, Brown, Tavares, Uecker

A BILL

То	amend sections 4501.01, 4509.01, 4511.01,	1
	4511.051, 4511.132, 4511.27, 4511.39, 4511.40,	2
	4511.52, 4511.53, 4511.54, 4511.55, 4511.56,	3
	4511.68, and 4511.711 and to enact section	4
	4511.522 of the Revised Code to establish	5
	requirements for the use of electric hicycles	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4501.01, 4509.01, 4511.01,	7
4511.051, 4511.132, 4511.27, 4511.39, 4511.40, 4511.52, 4511.53,	8
4511.54, 4511.55, 4511.56, 4511.68, and 4511.711 be amended and	9
section 4511.522 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as	10
follows:	11
Sec. 4501.01. As used in this chapter and Chapters 4503.,	12
4505 - 4507 - 4509 - 4510 - 4511 - 4513 - 4515 - and 4517 of	1 3

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the Revised Code, and in the penal laws, except as otherwise provided:

- (A) "Vehicles" means everything on wheels or runners, including motorized bicycles, but does not mean electric personal assistive mobility devices, vehicles that are operated exclusively on rails or tracks or from overhead electric trolley wires, and vehicles that belong to any police department, municipal fire department, or volunteer fire department, or that are used by such a department in the discharge of its functions.
- (B) "Motor vehicle" means any vehicle, including mobile homes and recreational vehicles, that is propelled or drawn by power other than muscular power or power collected from overhead electric trolley wires. "Motor vehicle" does not include utility vehicles as defined in division (VV) of this section, underspeed vehicles as defined in division (XX) of this section, mini-trucks as defined in division (BBB) of this section, motorized bicycles, <u>electric bicycles</u>, road rollers, traction engines, power shovels, power cranes, and other equipment used in construction work and not designed for or employed in general highway transportation, well-drilling machinery, ditch-digging machinery, farm machinery, and trailers that are designed and used exclusively to transport a boat between a place of storage and a marina, or in and around a marina, when drawn or towed on a public road or highway for a distance of no more than ten miles and at a speed of twenty-five miles per hour or less.
- (C) "Agricultural tractor" and "traction engine" mean any self-propelling vehicle that is designed or used for drawing other vehicles or wheeled machinery, but has no provisions for carrying loads independently of such other vehicles, and that is used principally for agricultural purposes.

- (D) "Commercial tractor," except as defined in division

 (C) of this section, means any motor vehicle that has motive power and either is designed or used for drawing other motor vehicles, or is designed or used for drawing another motor vehicle while carrying a portion of the other motor vehicle or its load, or both.
- (E) "Passenger car" means any motor vehicle that is designed and used for carrying not more than nine persons and includes any motor vehicle that is designed and used for carrying not more than fifteen persons in a ridesharing arrangement.
- (F) "Collector's vehicle" means any motor vehicle or agricultural tractor or traction engine that is of special interest, that has a fair market value of one hundred dollars or more, whether operable or not, and that is owned, operated, collected, preserved, restored, maintained, or used essentially as a collector's item, leisure pursuit, or investment, but not as the owner's principal means of transportation. "Licensed collector's vehicle" means a collector's vehicle, other than an agricultural tractor or traction engine, that displays current, valid license tags issued under section 4503.45 of the Revised Code, or a similar type of motor vehicle that displays current, valid license tags issued under substantially equivalent provisions in the laws of other states.
- (G) "Historical motor vehicle" means any motor vehicle that is over twenty-five years old and is owned solely as a collector's item and for participation in club activities, exhibitions, tours, parades, and similar uses, but that in no event is used for general transportation.
 - (H) "Noncommercial motor vehicle" means any motor vehicle,

combination of a semitrailer and a vehicle of the dolly type 103 such as that commonly known as a trailer dolly, a vehicle used 104 to transport agricultural produce or agricultural production 105 materials between a local place of storage or supply and the 106 farm when drawn or towed on a public road or highway at a speed 107 greater than twenty-five miles per hour, and a vehicle that is 108 designed and used exclusively to transport a boat between a 109 place of storage and a marina, or in and around a marina, when 110 drawn or towed on a public road or highway for a distance of 111 more than ten miles or at a speed of more than twenty-five miles 112 per hour. "Trailer" does not include a manufactured home or 113 travel trailer. 114

- (N) "Noncommercial trailer" means any trailer, except a 115 travel trailer or trailer that is used to transport a boat as 116 described in division (B) of this section, but, where 117 applicable, includes a vehicle that is used to transport a boat 118 as described in division (M) of this section, that has a gross 119 weight of no more than ten thousand pounds, and that is used 120 exclusively for purposes other than engaging in business for a 121 profit, such as the transportation of personal items for 122 personal or recreational purposes. 123
- 124 (O) "Mobile home" means a building unit or assembly of closed construction that is fabricated in an off-site facility, 125 is more than thirty-five body feet in length or, when erected on 126 site, is three hundred twenty or more square feet, is built on a 127 permanent chassis, is transportable in one or more sections, and 128 does not qualify as a manufactured home as defined in division 129 (C)(4) of section 3781.06 of the Revised Code or as an 130 industrialized unit as defined in division (C)(3) of section 131 3781.06 of the Revised Code. 132

(P) "Semitrailer" means any vehicle of the trailer type	133
that does not have motive power and is so designed or used with	134
another and separate motor vehicle that in operation a part of	135
its own weight or that of its load, or both, rests upon and is	136
carried by the other vehicle furnishing the motive power for	137
propelling itself and the vehicle referred to in this division,	138
and includes, for the purpose only of registration and taxation	139
under those chapters, any vehicle of the dolly type, such as a	140
trailer dolly, that is designed or used for the conversion of a	141
semitrailer into a trailer.	142
(Q) "Recreational vehicle" means a vehicular portable	143
structure that meets all of the following conditions:	144
(1) It is designed for the sole purpose of recreational	145
travel.	146
(2) It is not used for the purpose of engaging in business	147
for profit.	148
(3) It is not used for the purpose of engaging in	149
intrastate commerce.	150
Included Commerce.	130
(4) It is not used for the purpose of commerce as defined	151
in 49 C.F.R. 383.5, as amended.	152
(5) It is not regulated by the public utilities commission	153
pursuant to Chapter 4905., 4921., or 4923. of the Revised Code.	154
(C) The 'continue of the College Colle	1
(6) It is classed as one of the following:	155
(a) "Travel trailer" or "house vehicle" means a nonself-	156
propelled recreational vehicle that does not exceed an overall	157
length of forty feet, exclusive of bumper and tongue or	158
coupling. "Travel trailer" includes a tent-type fold-out camping	159

trailer as defined in section 4517.01 of the Revised Code.

- (b) "Motor home" means a self-propelled recreational

 vehicle that has no fifth wheel and is constructed with

 permanently installed facilities for cold storage, cooking and

 consuming of food, and for sleeping.

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- (c) "Truck camper" means a nonself-propelled recreational 165
 vehicle that does not have wheels for road use and is designed 166
 to be placed upon and attached to a motor vehicle. "Truck 167
 camper" does not include truck covers that consist of walls and 168
 a roof, but do not have floors and facilities enabling them to 169
 be used as a dwelling. 170
- (d) "Fifth wheel trailer" means a vehicle that is of such size and weight as to be movable without a special highway permit, that is constructed with a raised forward section that allows a bi-level floor plan, and that is designed to be towed by a vehicle equipped with a fifth-wheel hitch ordinarily installed in the bed of a truck.
- (e) "Park trailer" means a vehicle that is commonly known as a park model recreational vehicle, meets the American national standard institute standard A119.5 (1988) for park trailers, is built on a single chassis, has a gross trailer area of four hundred square feet or less when set up, is designed for seasonal or temporary living quarters, and may be connected to utilities necessary for the operation of installed features and appliances.
- (R) "Pneumatic tires" means tires of rubber and fabric or 185 tires of similar material, that are inflated with air. 186
- (S) "Solid tires" means tires of rubber or similar elastic 187 material that are not dependent upon confined air for support of 188 the load.

- (T) "Solid tire vehicle" means any vehicle that is equipped with two or more solid tires.
- (U) "Farm machinery" means all machines and tools that are 192 used in the production, harvesting, and care of farm products, 193 and includes trailers that are used to transport agricultural 194 produce or agricultural production materials between a local 195 place of storage or supply and the farm, agricultural tractors, 196 threshing machinery, hay-baling machinery, corn shellers, 197 hammermills, and machinery used in the production of 198 horticultural, agricultural, and vegetable products. 199
- (V) "Owner" includes any person or firm, other than a 200 manufacturer or dealer, that has title to a motor vehicle, 201 except that, in sections 4505.01 to 4505.19 of the Revised Code, 202 "owner" includes in addition manufacturers and dealers. 203
- (W) "Manufacturer" and "dealer" include all persons and 204 firms that are regularly engaged in the business of 205 manufacturing, selling, displaying, offering for sale, or 206 dealing in motor vehicles, at an established place of business 207 that is used exclusively for the purpose of manufacturing, 208 selling, displaying, offering for sale, or dealing in motor 209 vehicles. A place of business that is used for manufacturing, 210 selling, displaying, offering for sale, or dealing in motor 211 vehicles shall be deemed to be used exclusively for those 212 purposes even though snowmobiles or all-purpose vehicles are 213 sold or displayed for sale thereat, even though farm machinery 214 is sold or displayed for sale thereat, or even though repair, 215 accessory, gasoline and oil, storage, parts, service, or paint 216 departments are maintained thereat, or, in any county having a 217 population of less than seventy-five thousand at the last 218 federal census, even though a department in a place of business 219

is used to dismantle, salvage, or rebuild motor vehicles by	220
means of used parts, if such departments are operated for the	221
purpose of furthering and assisting in the business of	222
manufacturing, selling, displaying, offering for sale, or	223
dealing in motor vehicles. Places of business or departments in	224
a place of business used to dismantle, salvage, or rebuild motor	225
vehicles by means of using used parts are not considered as	226
being maintained for the purpose of assisting or furthering the	227
manufacturing, selling, displaying, and offering for sale or	228
dealing in motor vehicles.	229

- (X) "Operator" includes any person who drives or operates a motor vehicle upon the public highways.
- (Y) "Chauffeur" means any operator who operates a motor vehicle, other than a taxicab, as an employee for hire; or any operator whether or not the owner of a motor vehicle, other than a taxicab, who operates such vehicle for transporting, for gain, compensation, or profit, either persons or property owned by another. Any operator of a motor vehicle who is voluntarily involved in a ridesharing arrangement is not considered an employee for hire or operating such vehicle for gain, compensation, or profit.
- (Z) "State" includes the territories and federal districts of the United States, and the provinces of Canada.
- (AA) "Public roads and highways" for vehicles includes all 243 public thoroughfares, bridges, and culverts.
- (BB) "Manufacturer's number" means the manufacturer's

 original serial number that is affixed to or imprinted upon the

 chassis or other part of the motor vehicle.

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 - (CC) "Motor number" means the manufacturer's original

Code, means the unladen weight of the vehicle fully equipped

plus the maximum weight of the load to be carried on the

vehicle.

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(KK) "Combined gross vehicle weight" with regard to any 307 combination of a commercial car, trailer, and semitrailer, that 308 is taxed at the rates established under section 4503.042 or 309 4503.65 of the Revised Code, means the total unladen weight of 310 the combination of vehicles fully equipped plus the maximum 311 weight of the load to be carried on that combination of 312 vehicles. 313 (LL) "Chauffeured limousine" means a motor vehicle that is 314 designed to carry nine or fewer passengers and is operated for 315 hire pursuant to a prearranged contract for the transportation 316 of passengers on public roads and highways along a route under 317 the control of the person hiring the vehicle and not over a 318 defined and regular route. "Prearranged contract" means an 319 agreement, made in advance of boarding, to provide 320 transportation from a specific location in a chauffeured 321 limousine. "Chauffeured limousine" does not include any vehicle 322 that is used exclusively in the business of funeral directing. 323 (MM) "Manufactured home" has the same meaning as in 324 division (C)(4) of section 3781.06 of the Revised Code. 325 (NN) "Acquired situs," with respect to a manufactured home 326 or a mobile home, means to become located in this state by the 327 placement of the home on real property, but does not include the 328 placement of a manufactured home or a mobile home in the 329 inventory of a new motor vehicle dealer or the inventory of a 330 manufacturer, remanufacturer, or distributor of manufactured or 331 mobile homes. 332 (00) "Electronic" includes electrical, digital, magnetic, 333 optical, electromagnetic, or any other form of technology that 334

entails capabilities similar to these technologies.

(PP) "Electronic record" means a record generated, 336 communicated, received, or stored by electronic means for use in 337 an information system or for transmission from one information 338 339 system to another. (QQ) "Electronic signature" means a signature in 340 electronic form attached to or logically associated with an 341 electronic record. 342 (RR) "Financial transaction device" has the same meaning 343 as in division (A) of section 113.40 of the Revised Code. 344 (SS) "Electronic motor vehicle dealer" means a motor 345 vehicle dealer licensed under Chapter 4517. of the Revised Code 346 whom the registrar of motor vehicles determines meets the 347 criteria designated in section 4503.035 of the Revised Code for 348 electronic motor vehicle dealers and designates as an electronic 349 motor vehicle dealer under that section. 350 (TT) "Electric personal assistive mobility device" means a 351 self-balancing two non-tandem wheeled device that is designed to 352 transport only one person, has an electric propulsion system of 353 an average of seven hundred fifty watts, and when ridden on a 354 355 paved level surface by an operator who weighs one hundred seventy pounds has a maximum speed of less than twenty miles per 356 hour. 357 (UU) "Limited driving privileges" means the privilege to 358 operate a motor vehicle that a court grants under section 359 4510.021 of the Revised Code to a person whose driver's or 360 commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating 361 privilege has been suspended. 362 (VV) "Utility vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle 363

designed with a bed, principally for the purpose of transporting

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exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks, and except devices other than bicycles moved by human power.

- (I) "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle propelled by power 453 other than muscular power or power collected from overhead 454 electric trolley wires, except motorized bicycles, electric 455 bicycles, road rollers, traction engines, power shovels, power 456 cranes and other equipment used in construction work and not 457 designed for or employed in general highway transportation, 458 hole-digging machinery, well-drilling machinery, ditch-digging 459 460 machinery, farm machinery, threshing machinery, hay baling machinery, and agricultural tractors and machinery used in the 461 production of horticultural, floricultural, agricultural, and 462 463 vegetable products.
- (J) "Accident" or "motor vehicle accident" means any
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 accident involving a motor vehicle which results in bodily
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 injury to or death of any person, or damage to the property of
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 any person in excess of four hundred dollars.
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- (K) "Proof of financial responsibility" means proof of 468 ability to respond in damages for liability, on account of 469 accidents occurring subsequent to the effective date of such 470 proof, arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a 471 motor vehicle in the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars 472 because of bodily injury to or death of one person in any one 473 accident, in the amount of fifty thousand dollars because of 474 bodily injury to or death of two or more persons in any one 475 accident, and in the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars 476 because of injury to property of others in any one accident. 477
- (L) "Motor-vehicle liability policy" means an "owner's 478 policy" or an "operator's policy" of liability insurance, 479 certified as provided in section 4509.46 or 4509.47 of the 480

Revised Code as proof of financial responsibility, and issued,	481
except as provided in section 4509.47 of the Revised Code, by an	482
insurance carrier authorized to do business in this state, to or	483
for the benefit of the person named therein as insured.	484

Sec. 4511.01. As used in this chapter and in Chapter 4513. 485 of the Revised Code:

- (A) "Vehicle" means every device, including a motorized 487 bicycle and an electric bicycle, in, upon, or by which any 488 person or property may be transported or drawn upon a highway, 489 except that "vehicle" does not include any motorized wheelchair, 490 any electric personal assistive mobility device, any personal 491 delivery device as defined in section 4511.513 of the Revised 492 Code, any device that is moved by power collected from overhead 493 electric trolley wires or that is used exclusively upon 494 stationary rails or tracks, or any device, other than a bicycle, 495 that is moved by human power. 496
- (B) "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle propelled or drawn 497 by power other than muscular power or power collected from 498 overhead electric trolley wires, except motorized bicycles, 499 electric bicycles, road rollers, traction engines, power 500 shovels, power cranes, and other equipment used in construction 501 work and not designed for or employed in general highway 502 transportation, hole-digging machinery, well-drilling machinery, 503 ditch-digging machinery, farm machinery, and trailers designed 504 and used exclusively to transport a boat between a place of 505 storage and a marina, or in and around a marina, when drawn or 506 towed on a street or highway for a distance of no more than ten 507 miles and at a speed of twenty-five miles per hour or less. 508
- (C) "Motorcycle" means every motor vehicle, other than a 509 tractor, having a seat or saddle for the use of the operator and 510

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vehicles when used by volunteer fire fighters responding to emergency calls in the fire department service when identified as required by the director of public safety.

Any vehicle used to transport or provide emergency medical service to an ill or injured person, when certified as a public safety vehicle, shall be considered a public safety vehicle when transporting an ill or injured person to a hospital regardless of whether such vehicle has already passed a hospital.

- (5) Vehicles used by the motor carrier enforcement unit for the enforcement of orders and rules of the public utilities commission as specified in section 5503.34 of the Revised Code.
- (F) "School bus" means every bus designed for carrying 551 more than nine passengers that is owned by a public, private, or 552 governmental agency or institution of learning and operated for 553 the transportation of children to or from a school session or a 554 school function, or owned by a private person and operated for 555 compensation for the transportation of children to or from a 556 school session or a school function, provided "school bus" does 557 not include a bus operated by a municipally owned transportation 558 system, a mass transit company operating exclusively within the 559 territorial limits of a municipal corporation, or within such 560 limits and the territorial limits of municipal corporations 561 immediately contiguous to such municipal corporation, nor a 562 common passenger carrier certified by the public utilities 563 commission unless such bus is devoted exclusively to the 564 transportation of children to and from a school session or a 565 school function, and "school bus" does not include a van or bus 566 used by a licensed child day-care center or type A family day-567 care home to transport children from the child day-care center 568 or type A family day-care home to a school if the van or bus 569

does not have more than fifteen children in the van or bus at	570
any time.	571
(G) "Bicycle" means every device, other than a device that	572
is designed solely for use as a play vehicle by a child, that is	573
propelled solely by human power upon which a person may ride,	574
and that has two or more wheels, any of which is more than	575
fourteen inches in diameter.	576
(H) (1) Until January 1, 2017, "motorized bicycle" means	577
any vehicle having either two tandem wheels or one wheel in the	578
front and two wheels in the rear, that is capable of being-	579
pedaled and is equipped with a helper motor of not more than-	580
fifty cubic centimeters piston displacement that produces no	581
more than one brake horsepower and is capable of propelling the	582
vehicle at a speed of no greater than twenty miles per hour on a	583
level surface.	584
	584 585
level surface.	
<pre>level surface. (2) Effective January 1, 2017, "motorized "Motorized"</pre>	585
level surface. (2) Effective January 1, 2017, "motorized "Motorized bicycle" or "moped" means any vehicle having either two tandem	585 586
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other vehicles, or load thereon, or both.

- (J) "Agricultural tractor" means every self-propelling 599 vehicle designed or used for drawing other vehicles or wheeled 600 machinery but having no provision for carrying loads 601 independently of such other vehicles, and used principally for 602 agricultural purposes. 603
- (K) "Truck" means every motor vehicle, except trailers and semitrailers, designed and used to carry property.
- (L) "Bus" means every motor vehicle designed for carrying 606 more than nine passengers and used for the transportation of 607 persons other than in a ridesharing arrangement, and every motor 608 vehicle, automobile for hire, or funeral car, other than a 609 taxicab or motor vehicle used in a ridesharing arrangement, 610 designed and used for the transportation of persons for 611 compensation.
- (M) "Trailer" means every vehicle designed or used for 613 carrying persons or property wholly on its own structure and for 614 being drawn by a motor vehicle, including any such vehicle when 615 formed by or operated as a combination of a "semitrailer" and a 616 vehicle of the dolly type, such as that commonly known as a 617 "trailer dolly," a vehicle used to transport agricultural 618 produce or agricultural production materials between a local 619 place of storage or supply and the farm when drawn or towed on a 620 street or highway at a speed greater than twenty-five miles per 621 hour, and a vehicle designed and used exclusively to transport a 622 boat between a place of storage and a marina, or in and around a 623 marina, when drawn or towed on a street or highway for a 624 distance of more than ten miles or at a speed of more than 625 twenty-five miles per hour. 626
- (N) "Semitrailer" means every vehicle designed or used for 627 carrying persons or property with another and separate motor 628

vehicle so that in operation a part of its own weight or that of	629
its load, or both, rests upon and is carried by another vehicle.	630
(O) "Pole trailer" means every trailer or semitrailer	631
attached to the towing vehicle by means of a reach, pole, or by	632
being boomed or otherwise secured to the towing vehicle, and	633
ordinarily used for transporting long or irregular shaped loads	634
such as poles, pipes, or structural members capable, generally,	635
of sustaining themselves as beams between the supporting	636
connections.	637
(P) "Railroad" means a carrier of persons or property	638
operating upon rails placed principally on a private right-of-	639
way.	640
(Q) "Railroad train" means a steam engine or an electric	641
or other motor, with or without cars coupled thereto, operated	642
by a railroad.	643
(R) "Streetcar" means a car, other than a railroad train,	644
for transporting persons or property, operated upon rails	645
principally within a street or highway.	646
(S) "Trackless trolley" means every car that collects its	647
power from overhead electric trolley wires and that is not	648
operated upon rails or tracks.	649
(T) "Explosives" means any chemical compound or mechanical	650
mixture that is intended for the purpose of producing an	651
explosion that contains any oxidizing and combustible units or	652
other ingredients in such proportions, quantities, or packing	653
that an ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion, by	654
percussion, or by a detonator of any part of the compound or	655
mixture may cause such a sudden generation of highly heated	656

gases that the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of

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producing destructive effects on contiguous objects, or of	658
destroying life or limb. Manufactured articles shall not be held	659
to be explosives when the individual units contain explosives in	660
such limited quantities, of such nature, or in such packing,	661
that it is impossible to procure a simultaneous or a destructive	662
explosion of such units, to the injury of life, limb, or	663
property by fire, by friction, by concussion, by percussion, or	664
by a detonator, such as fixed ammunition for small arms,	665
firecrackers, or safety fuse matches.	666
(U) "Flammable liquid" means any liquid that has a flash	667
point of seventy degrees fahrenheit, or less, as determined by a	668
tagliabue or equivalent closed cup test device.	669
(V) "Gross weight" means the weight of a vehicle plus the	670
weight of any load thereon.	671
(W) "Person" means every natural person, firm, co-	672
partnership, association, or corporation.	673
(X) "Pedestrian" means any natural person afoot.	674
"Pedestrian" includes a personal delivery device as defined in	675
section 4511.513 of the Revised Code unless the context clearly	676
suggests otherwise.	677
(Y) "Driver or operator" means every person who drives or	678
is in actual physical control of a vehicle, trackless trolley,	679
or streetcar.	680
(Z) "Police officer" means every officer authorized to	681
direct or regulate traffic, or to make arrests for violations of	682
traffic regulations.	683
(AA) "Local authorities" means every county, municipal,	684

and other local board or body having authority to adopt police

regulations under the constitution and laws of this state.

(BB) "Street" or "highway" means the entire width between	687
the boundary lines of every way open to the use of the public as	688
a thoroughfare for purposes of vehicular travel.	689
(CC) "Controlled-access highway" means every street or	690
highway in respect to which owners or occupants of abutting	691
lands and other persons have no legal right of access to or from	692
the same except at such points only and in such manner as may be	693
determined by the public authority having jurisdiction over such	694
street or highway.	695
(DD) "Private road or driveway" means every way or place	696
in private ownership used for vehicular travel by the owner and	697
those having express or implied permission from the owner but	698
not by other persons.	699
(EE) "Roadway" means that portion of a highway improved,	700
designed, or ordinarily used for vehicular travel, except the	701
berm or shoulder. If a highway includes two or more separate	702
roadways the term "roadway" means any such roadway separately	703
but not all such roadways collectively.	704
(FF) "Sidewalk" means that portion of a street between the	705
curb lines, or the lateral lines of a roadway, and the adjacent	706
property lines, intended for the use of pedestrians.	707
(GG) "Laned highway" means a highway the roadway of which	708
is divided into two or more clearly marked lanes for vehicular	709
traffic.	710
(HH) "Through highway" means every street or highway as	711
provided in section 4511.65 of the Revised Code.	712
(II) "State highway" means a highway under the	713
jurisdiction of the department of transportation, outside the	714

limits of municipal corporations, provided that the authority

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conferred upon the director of transportation in section 5511.01	716
of the Revised Code to erect state highway route markers and	717
signs directing traffic shall not be modified by sections	718
4511.01 to 4511.79 and 4511.99 of the Revised Code.	719
(JJ) "State route" means every highway that is designated	720
with an official state route number and so marked.	721
(KK) "Intersection" means:	722
(1) The area embraced within the prolongation or	723
connection of the lateral curb lines, or, if none, the lateral	724
boundary lines of the roadways of two highways that join one	725
another at, or approximately at, right angles, or the area	726
within which vehicles traveling upon different highways that	727
join at any other angle might come into conflict. The junction	728
of an alley or driveway with a roadway or highway does not	729
constitute an intersection unless the roadway or highway at the	730
junction is controlled by a traffic control device.	731
(2) If a highway includes two roadways that are thirty	732
feet or more apart, then every crossing of each roadway of such	733
divided highway by an intersecting highway constitutes a	734
separate intersection. If both intersecting highways include two	735
roadways thirty feet or more apart, then every crossing of any	736
two roadways of such highways constitutes a separate	737
intersection.	738
(3) At a location controlled by a traffic control signal,	739
regardless of the distance between the separate intersections as	740
described in division (KK)(2) of this section:	741
(a) If a stop line, yield line, or crosswalk has not been	742

designated on the roadway within the median between the separate

intersections, the two intersections and the roadway and median

constitute one intersection.	745
(b) Where a stop line, yield line, or crosswalk line is	746
designated on the roadway on the intersection approach, the area	747
within the crosswalk and any area beyond the designated stop	748
line or yield line constitute part of the intersection.	749
(c) Where a crosswalk is designated on a roadway on the	750
departure from the intersection, the intersection includes the	751
area that extends to the far side of the crosswalk.	752
(LL) "Crosswalk" means:	753
(1) That part of a roadway at intersections ordinarily	754
included within the real or projected prolongation of property	755
lines and curb lines or, in the absence of curbs, the edges of	756
the traversable roadway;	757
(2) Any portion of a roadway at an intersection or	758
elsewhere, distinctly indicated for pedestrian crossing by lines	759
or other markings on the surface;	760
(3) Notwithstanding divisions (LL)(1) and (2) of this	761
section, there shall not be a crosswalk where local authorities	762
have placed signs indicating no crossing.	763
(MM) "Safety zone" means the area or space officially set	764
apart within a roadway for the exclusive use of pedestrians and	765
protected or marked or indicated by adequate signs as to be	766
plainly visible at all times.	767
(NN) "Business district" means the territory fronting upon	768
a street or highway, including the street or highway, between	769
successive intersections within municipal corporations where	770
fifty per cent or more of the frontage between such successive	771
intersections is occupied by buildings in use for business, or	772

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within or outside municipal corporations where fifty per cent or	773
more of the frontage for a distance of three hundred feet or	774
more is occupied by buildings in use for business, and the	775
character of such territory is indicated by official traffic	776
control devices.	777
(00) "Residence district" means the territory, not	778
comprising a business district, fronting on a street or highway,	779
including the street or highway, where, for a distance of three	780
hundred feet or more, the frontage is improved with residences	781
or residences and buildings in use for business.	782
(PP) "Urban district" means the territory contiguous to	783
and including any street or highway which is built up with	784
structures devoted to business, industry, or dwelling houses	785
situated at intervals of less than one hundred feet for a	786
distance of a quarter of a mile or more, and the character of	787
such territory is indicated by official traffic control devices.	788
(QQ) "Traffic control device" means a flagger, sign,	789
signal, marking, or other device used to regulate, warn, or	790
guide traffic, placed on, over, or adjacent to a street,	791
highway, private road open to public travel, pedestrian	792
facility, or shared-use path by authority of a public agency or	793
official having jurisdiction, or, in the case of a private road	794
open to public travel, by authority of the private owner or	795
private official having jurisdiction.	796

(RR) "Traffic control signal" means any highway traffic

(SS) "Railroad sign or signal" means any sign, signal, or

device erected by authority of a public body or official or by a

signal by which traffic is alternately directed to stop and

permitted to proceed.

access to the rear or side of lots or buildings in urban

districts and not intended for the purpose of through vehicular

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section 4511.74 of the Revised Code;

(3) A violation of any provision of sections 4511.01 to

area, or a private grade crossing.

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(NNN) "Median" means the area between two roadways of a	916
divided highway, measured from edge of traveled way to edge of	917
traveled way, but excluding turn lanes. The width of a median	918
may be different between intersections, between interchanges,	919
and at opposite approaches of the same intersection.	920
(000) "Private road open to public travel" means a private	921
toll road or road, including any adjacent sidewalks that	922
generally run parallel to the road, within a shopping center,	923
airport, sports arena, or other similar business or recreation	924
facility that is privately owned but where the public is allowed	925
to travel without access restrictions. "Private road open to	926
public travel" includes a gated toll road but does not include a	927
road within a private gated property where access is restricted	928
at all times, a parking area, a driving aisle within a parking	929

(PPP) "Shared-use path" means a bikeway outside the 931 traveled way and physically separated from motorized vehicular 932 traffic by an open space or barrier and either within the 933 highway right-of-way or within an independent alignment. A 934 shared-use path also may be used by pedestrians, including 935 skaters, joggers, users of manual and motorized wheelchairs, and 936 other authorized motorized and non-motorized users. A shared-use 937 path does not include any trail that is intended to be used 938 primarily for mountain biking, hiking, equestrian use, or other 939 similar uses, or any other single track or natural surface trail 940 that has historically been reserved for nonmotorized use. 941

(QQQ) "Highway maintenance vehicle" means a vehicle used in snow and ice removal or road surface maintenance, including a snow plow, traffic line striper, road sweeper, mowing machine, asphalt distributing vehicle, or other such vehicle designed for

result of an emergency caused by an accident or breakdown of a

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motor vehicle; or to obtain assistance;

- (2) Occupy any space within the limits of the right-of-way 976 of a freeway, with: an animal-drawn vehicle; a ridden or led 977 978 animal; herded animals; a pushcart; a bicycle, except on a facility that is separated from the roadway and shoulders of the 979 freeway and is designed and appropriately marked for bicycle 980 use; an electric bicycle; a bicycle with motor attached; a motor 981 driven cycle with a motor which produces not to exceed five 982 brake horsepower; an agricultural tractor; farm machinery; 983 except in the performance of public works or official duties. 984
- (B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.
- Sec. 4511.132. (A) The driver of a vehicle, streetcar, or 995 trackless trolley who approaches an intersection where traffic 996 is controlled by traffic control signals shall do all of the 997 following if the signal facing the driver exhibits no colored 998 lights or colored lighted arrows, exhibits a combination of such 999 lights or arrows that fails to clearly indicate the assignment 1000 of right-of-way, or, if the vehicle is a bicycle or an electric 1001 bicycle, the signals are otherwise malfunctioning due to the 1002 failure of a vehicle detector to detect the presence of the 1003 bicycle or electric bicycle: 1004

(1) Stop at a clearly marked stop line, but if none, stop	1005
before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the	1006
intersection, or, if none, stop before entering the	1007
intersection;	1008
(2) Yield the right-of-way to all vehicles, streetcars, or	1009
trackless trolleys in the intersection or approaching on an	1010
intersecting road, if the vehicles, streetcars, or trackless	1011
trolleys will constitute an immediate hazard during the time the	1012
driver is moving across or within the intersection or junction	1013
of roadways;	1014
(3) Exercise ordinary care while proceeding through the	1015
intersection.	1016
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1017
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1018
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1019
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1020
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1021
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1022
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1023
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1024
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1025
degree.	1026
Sec. 4511.27. (A) The following rules govern the	1027
overtaking and passing of vehicles or trackless trolleys	1028
proceeding in the same direction:	1029
(1) The operator of a vehicle or trackless trolley	1030
overtaking another vehicle or trackless trolley proceeding in	1031
the same direction shall, except as provided in division (A)(3)	1032
of this section, signal to the vehicle or trackless trolley to	1033

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be overtaken, shall pass to the left thereof at a safe distance,	1034
and shall not again drive to the right side of the roadway until	1035
safely clear of the overtaken vehicle or trackless trolley. When	1036
a motor vehicle or trackless trolley overtakes and passes a	1037
bicycle or electric bicycle, three feet or greater is considered	1038
a safe passing distance.	1039

- (2) Except when overtaking and passing on the right is permitted, the operator of an overtaken vehicle shall give way to the right in favor of the overtaking vehicle at the latter's audible signal, and the operator shall not increase the speed of the operator's vehicle until completely passed by the overtaking vehicle.
- (3) The operator of a vehicle or trackless trolley 1046 overtaking and passing another vehicle or trackless trolley 1047 proceeding in the same direction on a divided highway as defined 1048 in section 4511.35 of the Revised Code, a limited access highway 1049 as defined in section 5511.02 of the Revised Code, or a highway 1050 with four or more traffic lanes, is not required to signal 1051 audibly to the vehicle or trackless trolley being overtaken and 1052 1053 passed.
- (B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1054 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1055 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1056 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1057 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 1058 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1059 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1060 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1061 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1062 degree. 1063

Sec. 4511.39. (A) No person shall turn a vehicle or	1064
trackless trolley or move right or left upon a highway unless	1065
and until such person has exercised due care to ascertain that	1066
the movement can be made with reasonable safety nor without	1067
giving an appropriate signal in the manner hereinafter provided.	1068

When required, a signal of intention to turn or move right 1069 or left shall be given continuously during not less than the 1070 last one hundred feet traveled by the vehicle or trackless 1071 trolley before turning, except that in the case of a person 1072 operating a bicycle or electric bicycle, the signal shall be 1073 made not less than one time but is not required to be 1074 continuous. A bicycle or electric bicycle operator is not 1075 required to make a signal if the bicycle or electric bicycle is 1076 in a designated turn lane, and a signal shall not be given when 1077 the operator's hands are needed for the safe operation of the 1078 bicycle or electric bicycle. 1079

No person shall stop or suddenly decrease the speed of a 1080 vehicle or trackless trolley without first giving an appropriate 1081 signal in the manner provided herein to the driver of any 1082 vehicle or trackless trolley immediately to the rear when there 1083 is opportunity to give a signal.

Any stop or turn signal required by this section shall be 1085 given either by means of the hand and arm, or by signal lights 1086 that clearly indicate to both approaching and following traffic 1087 intention to turn or move right or left, except that any motor 1088 vehicle in use on a highway shall be equipped with, and the 1089 required signal shall be given by, signal lights when the 1090 distance from the center of the top of the steering post to the 1091 left outside limit of the body, cab, or load of such motor 1092 vehicle exceeds twenty-four inches, or when the distance from 1093

the center of the top of the steering post to the rear limit of	1094
the body or load thereof exceeds fourteen feet, whether a single	1095
vehicle or a combination of vehicles.	1096

The signal lights required by this section shall not be

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flashed on one side only on a disabled vehicle or trackless

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trolley, flashed as a courtesy or "do pass" signal to operators

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of other vehicles or trackless trolleys approaching from the

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rear, nor be flashed on one side only of a parked vehicle or

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trackless trolley except as may be necessary for compliance with

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this section.

- (B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1104 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1105 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1106 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1107 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 1108 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1109 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1110 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1111 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1112 1113 degree.
- Sec. 4511.40. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of 1114 this section, all signals required by sections 4511.01 to 1115 4511.78 of the Revised Code, when given by hand and arm, shall 1116 be given from the left side of the vehicle in the following 1117 manner, and such signals shall indicate as follows: 1118
 - (1) Left turn, hand and arm extended horizontally; 1119
 - (2) Right turn, hand and arm extended upward; 1120
- (3) Stop or decrease speed, hand and arm extended 1121 downward.

- (B) As an alternative to division (A)(2) of this section,

 a person operating a bicycle or electric bicycle may give a

 right turn signal by extending the right hand and arm

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 horizontally and to the right side of the bicycle or electric

 bicycle.

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- (C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1128 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1129 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1130 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1131 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 1132 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1133 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1134 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1135 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1136 1137 degree.
- Sec. 4511.52. (A) Sections 4511.01 to 4511.78, 4511.99,

 and 4513.01 to 4513.37 of the Revised Code that are applicable

 to bicycles and electric bicycles apply whenever a bicycle or

 electric bicycle is operated upon any highway or upon any path

 set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles.

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- (B) Except as provided in division (D) of this section, a 1143 bicycle operator or electric bicycle operator who violates any 1144 section of the Revised Code described in division (A) of this 1145 section that is applicable to bicycles or electric bicycles may 1146 be issued a ticket, citation, or summons by a law enforcement 1147 officer for the violation in the same manner as the operator of 1148 a motor vehicle would be cited for the same violation. A person 1149 who commits any such violation while operating a bicycle or 1150 electric bicycle shall not have any points assessed against the 1151 person's driver's license, commercial driver's license, 1152

temporary instruction permit, or probationary license under	1153
section 4510.036 of the Revised Code.	1154
(C) Except as provided in division (D) of this section, in	1155
the case of a violation of any section of the Revised Code	1156
described in division (A) of this section by a bicycle operator,	1157
electric bicycle operator, or by a motor vehicle operator when	1158
the trier of fact finds that the violation by the motor vehicle	1159
operator endangered the lives of bicycle riders or electric	1160
bicycle riders at the time of the violation, the court,	1161
notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to the	1162
contrary, may require the bicycle operator, electric bicycle	1163
operator, or motor vehicle operator to take and successfully	1164
complete a bicycling skills course approved by the court in	1165
addition to or in lieu of any penalty otherwise prescribed by	1166
the Revised Code for that violation.	1167
(D) Divisions (B) and (C) of this section do not apply to	1168
violations of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code.	1169
Sec. 4511.522. (A) (1) On and after January 1, 2018,	1170
manufacturers and distributors of electric bicycles shall	1171
permanently affix a label, in a prominent location, to each	1172
electric bicycle. The label shall specify whether the electric	1173
bicycle is a class 1, class 2, or class 3 electric bicycle, the	1174
top assisted speed that the electric bicycle is capable of	1175
reaching, and the motor wattage of the electric bicycle.	1176
(2) No person shall modify an electric bicycle in a manner	1177
that changes the top assisted speed that the electric bicycle is	1178
capable of reaching unless the person also modifies the label	1179
required under division (A)(1) of this section to reflect the	1180
modification.	1181

(B)(1) The manufacturer of an electric bicycle shall	1182
ensure that the electric bicycle complies with the equipment and	1183
manufacturing requirements for bicycles established by the	1184
consumer product safety commission under 16 C.F.R. 1512 et seq.	1185
(2) The manufacturer shall manufacture all class 1	1186
electric bicycles and class 3 electric bicycles so that when the	1187
rider ceases pedaling the electric motor ceases to provide	1188
assistance. The manufacturer shall manufacture all class 2	1189
electric bicycles so that when the rider applies the brakes or	1190
releases or activates a switch or similar mechanism the electric	1191
motor ceases to provide assistance.	1192
(3) All class 3 electric bicycles shall be equipped with a	1193
speedometer that displays the speed of the electric bicycle in	1194
miles per hour.	1195
(C)(1) The operation of a class 1 electric bicycle and a	1196
class 2 electric bicycle is permitted on a path set aside for	1197
the exclusive use of bicycles or on a shared-use path, unless	1198
the county, township, municipal corporation, other local	1199
authority, or state agency as defined in section 1.60 of the	1200
Revised Code with control over the path by resolution,	1201
ordinance, or rule prohibits the use of a class 1 electric	1202
bicycle or class 2 electric bicycle on such a path.	1203
(2) No person shall operate a class 3 electric bicycle on	1204
a path set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles or a shared-	1205
use path unless that path is within or adjacent to a highway or	1206
the county, township, municipal corporation, or local authority,	1207
or state agency as defined in section 1.60 of the Revised Code	1208
with control over the path by resolution, ordinance, or rule	1209
authorizes the use of a class 3 electric bicycle on such a path.	1210

(3) No person shall operate a class 1 electric bicycle, a	1211
class 2 electric bicycle, or a class 3 electric bicycle on a	1212
path that is intended to be used primarily for mountain biking,	1213
hiking, equestrian use, or other similar uses, or any other	1214
single track or natural surface trail that has historically been	1215
reserved for nonmotorized use, unless the county, township,	1216
municipal corporation, other local authority, or state agency as	1217
defined in section 1.60 of the Revised Code with control over	1218
the path by resolution, ordinance, or rule authorizes the use of	1219
a class 1 electric bicycle, a class 2 electric bicycle, or a	1220
class 3 electric bicycle on such a path.	1221
(D)(1) No person under sixteen years of age shall operate	1222
a class 3 electric bicycle; however, a person under sixteen	1223
years of age may ride as a passenger on a class 3 electric	1224
bicycle that is designed to accommodate passengers.	1225
(2) No person shall operate or be a passenger on a class 3	1226
electric bicycle unless the person is wearing a protective	1227
helmet that meets the standards established by the consumer	1228
product safety commission or the American society for testing	1229
and materials.	1230
(E)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this division,	1231
whoever operates an electric bicycle in a manner that is	1232
prohibited under division (C) of this section and whoever	1233
violates division (D) of this section is guilty of a minor	1234
misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender	1235
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one	1236
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates	1237
this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	1238
If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has	1239
been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic	1240

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with a seat other than while sitting upon the seat.

No person operating a bicycle <u>or electric bicycle</u> shall carry any package, bundle, or article that prevents the driver from keeping at least one hand upon the handlebars.

No bicycle, electric bicycle, or motorcycle shall be used to carry more persons at one time than the number for which it is designed and equipped. No motorcycle shall be operated on a highway when the handlebars rise higher than the shoulders of the operator when the operator is seated in the operator's seat or saddle.

- (C)(1) Except as provided in division (C)(2) of this section, no person shall operate or be a passenger on a snowmobile or motorcycle without using safety glasses or other protective eye device. Except as provided in division (C)(2) of this section, no person who is under the age of eighteen years, or who holds a motorcycle operator's endorsement or license bearing a "novice" designation that is currently in effect as provided in section 4507.13 of the Revised Code, shall operate a motorcycle on a highway, or be a passenger on a motorcycle, unless wearing a United States department of transportationapproved protective helmet on the person's head, and no other person shall be a passenger on a motorcycle operated by such a person unless similarly wearing a protective helmet. The helmet, safety glasses, or other protective eye device shall conform with rules adopted by the director of public safety. The provisions of this paragraph or a violation thereof shall not be used in the trial of any civil action.
- (2) Division (C)(1) of this section does not apply to a 1297 person operating an autocycle or cab-enclosed motorcycle when 1298 the occupant compartment top is in place enclosing the 1299

occupants.	1300
(3) (a) No person shall operate a motorcycle with a valid	1301
temporary instruction permit and temporary instruction permit	1302
identification card issued by the registrar of motor vehicles	1303
pursuant to section 4507.05 of the Revised Code unless the	1304
person, at the time of such operation, is wearing on the	1305
person's head a protective helmet that has been approved by the	1306
United States department of transportation that conforms with	1307
rules adopted by the director.	1308
(b) No person shall operate a motorcycle with a valid	1309
temporary instruction permit and temporary instruction permit	1310
identification card issued by the registrar pursuant to section	1311
4507.05 of the Revised Code in any of the following	1312
circumstances:	1313
(i) At any time when lighted lights are required by	1314
division (A)(1) of section 4513.03 of the Revised Code;	1315
(ii) While carrying a passenger;	1316
(iii) On any limited access highway or heavily congested	1317
roadway.	1318
(D) Nothing in this section shall be construed as	1319
prohibiting the carrying of a child in a seat or trailer that is	1320
designed for carrying children and is firmly attached to the	1321
bicycle or electric bicycle.	1322
(E) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1323
violates division (B) or (C)(1) or (3) of this section is guilty	1324
of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the	1325
offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to	1326
one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates	1327
division (B) or (C)(1) or (3) of this section is guilty of a	1328

motorcycles.

(B) Persons riding bicycles, electric bicycles, or

motorcycles upon a roadway shall ride not more than two abreast
in a single lane, except on paths or parts of roadways set aside

for the exclusive use of bicycles, electric bicycles, or

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(C) This section does not require a person operating a bicycle or electric bicycle to ride at the edge of the roadway when it is unreasonable or unsafe to do so. Conditions that may require riding away from the edge of the roadway include when necessary to avoid fixed or moving objects, parked or moving vehicles, surface hazards, or if it otherwise is unsafe or impracticable to do so, including if the lane is too narrow for the bicycle or electric bicycle and an overtaking vehicle to travel safely side by side within the lane.

(D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.

Sec. 4511.56. (A) Every bicycle or electric bicycle when in use at the times specified in section 4513.03 of the Revised Code, shall be equipped with the following:

(1) A lamp mounted on the front of either the bicycle or

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electric bicycle or the operator that shall emit a white light	1387
visible from a distance of at least five hundred feet to the	1388
front and three hundred feet to the sides. A generator-powered	1389
lamp that emits light only when the bicycle or electric bicycle	1390
is moving may be used to meet this requirement.	1391
(2) A red reflector on the rear that shall be visible from	1392
all distances from one hundred feet to six hundred feet to the	1393
rear when directly in front of lawful lower beams of head lamps	1394
on a motor vehicle;	1395
(3) A lamp emitting either flashing or steady red light	1396
visible from a distance of five hundred feet to the rear shall	1397
be used in addition to the red reflector. If the red lamp	1398
performs as a reflector in that it is visible as specified in	1399
division (A)(2) of this section, the red lamp may serve as the	1400
reflector and a separate reflector is not required.	1401
(B) Additional lamps and reflectors may be used in	1402
addition to those required under division (A) of this section,	1403
except that red lamps and red reflectors shall not be used on	1404
the front of the bicycle or electric bicycle and white lamps and	1405
white reflectors shall not be used on the rear of the bicycle <u>or</u>	1406
electric bicycle.	1407
(C) A bicycle or electric bicycle may be equipped with a	1408
device capable of giving an audible signal, except that a	1409
bicycle or electric bicycle shall not be equipped with nor shall	1410
any person use upon a bicycle or electric bicycle any siren or	1411
whistle.	1412

(D) Every bicycle and electric bicycle shall be equipped

(E) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever

with an adequate brake when used on a street or highway.

violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1416
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1417
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1418
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1419
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1420
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1421
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1422
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1423
degree.	1424
Sec. 4511.68. (A) No person shall stand or park a	1425
trackless trolley or vehicle, except when necessary to avoid	1426
conflict with other traffic or to comply with sections 4511.01	1427
to 4511.78, 4511.99, and 4513.01 to 4513.37 of the Revised Code,	1428
or while obeying the directions of a police officer or a traffic	1429
control device, in any of the following places:	1430
(1) On a sidewalk, except as provided in division (B) of	1431
this section;	1432
(2) In front of a public or private driveway;	1433
(3) Within an intersection;	1434
(4) Within ten feet of a fire hydrant;	1435
(5) On a crosswalk;	1436
(6) Within twenty feet of a crosswalk at an intersection;	1437
(7) Within thirty feet of, and upon the approach to, any	1438
flashing beacon, stop sign, or traffic control device;	1439
(8) Between a safety zone and the adjacent curb or within	1440
thirty feet of points on the curb immediately opposite the ends	1441
of a safety zone, unless a different length is indicated by a	1442
traffic control device;	1443

(9) Within fifty feet of the nearest rail of a railroad	1444
crossing;	1445
(10) Within twenty feet of a driveway entrance to any fire	1446
station and, on the side of the street opposite the entrance to	1447
any fire station, within seventy-five feet of the entrance when	1448
it is properly posted with signs;	1449
(11) Alongside or opposite any street excavation or	1450
obstruction when such standing or parking would obstruct	1451
traffic;	1452
(12) Alongside any vehicle stopped or parked at the edge	1453
or curb of a street;	1454
(13) Upon any bridge or elevated structure upon a highway,	1455
or within a highway tunnel;	1456
(14) At any place where signs prohibit stopping;	1457
(15) Within one foot of another parked vehicle;	1458
(16) On the roadway portion of a freeway, expressway, or	1459
thruway.	1460
(B) A person shall be permitted, without charge or	1461
restriction, to stand or park on a sidewalk a motor-driven cycle	1462
or motor scooter that has an engine not larger than one hundred	1463
and fifty cubic centimeters, or a bicycle or electric bicycle,	1464
provided that the motor-driven cycle, motor scooter, or bicycle,	1465
or electric bicycle does not impede the normal flow of	1466
pedestrian traffic. This division does not authorize any person	1467
to operate a vehicle in violation of section 4511.711 of the	1468
Revised Code.	1469
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1470
violates division (A) of this section is guilty of a minor	1471

misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender	1472
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one	1473
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates	1474
this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	1475
If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has	1476
been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic	1477
offenses, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1478
misdemeanor of the third degree.	1479

Sec. 4511.711. (A) No person shall drive any vehicle,

other than a bicycle or an electric bicycle if the motor is not

engaged, upon a sidewalk or sidewalk area except upon a

permanent or duly authorized temporary driveway.

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Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting 1484 local authorities from regulating the operation of bicycles or 1485 electric bicycles within their respective jurisdictions, except 1486 that no local authority may require that bicycles or electric 1487 bicycles be operated on sidewalks.

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1489 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1490 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1491 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1492 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 1493 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1494 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1495 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1496 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1497 degree. 1498

Section 2. That existing sections 4501.01, 4509.01, 1499
4511.01, 4511.051, 4511.132, 4511.27, 4511.39, 4511.40, 4511.52, 1500
4511.53, 4511.54, 4511.55, 4511.56, 4511.68, and 4511.711 of the 1501

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Revised Code are hereby repealed.

1502