As Passed by the Senate

132nd General Assembly

Regular Session 2017-2018

Am. H. B. No. 405

Representative Perales

Cosponsors: Representatives Butler, Boccieri, Dever, Fedor, Miller, Schaffer, Sheehy, Slaby, Smith, K., Sweeney, Vitale, Manning, Rezabek, Celebrezze, Galonski, Rogers, Seitz, Anielski, Antonio, Arndt, Ashford, Barnes, Boyd, Brown, Craig, Cupp, Faber, Gavarone, Ginter, Green, Greenspan, Hagan, Hambley, Henne, Holmes, Hoops, Huffman, Hughes, Kick, Landis, Lanese, Lang, Leland, Lepore-Hagan, O'Brien, Patmon, Patterson, Riedel, Romanchuk, Ryan, Schuring, Sprague, Stein, Strahorn, Young, Zeltwanger

Senators Bacon, Coley, Burke, Eklund, Gardner, Hackett, Hoagland, Huffman, Kunze, LaRose, McColley, Obhof, O'Brien, Oelslager, Schiavoni, Thomas, Uecker, Wilson

A BILL

То	amend section 2923.31 and to enact section	1
	2913.30 of the Revised Code to create the	2
	offense of counterfeiting and to include	3
	counterfeiting within the definition of "corrupt	4
	activity" under the Corrupt Activities Law	

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 2923.31 be amended and section	6
2913.30 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	7
Sec. 2913.30. (A) As used in this section:	8
(1) "Access device" means any debit or credit card	9
representing a monetary security or retail amount by any	10
financial institution including a bank savings bank savings	1 1

and loan association, credit union, or business entity.	12
(2) "Obligation or other security" means an instrument	13
recognized as currency or legal tender or that is issued by the	14
United States treasury, including bills, coins, bonds, or	15
checks.	16
(B) No person, with purpose to defraud or knowing that the	17
person is facilitating a fraud, shall do any of the following:	18
(1) Falsely make, forge, counterfeit, or alter any	19
obligation or other security of the United States;	20
(2) Pass, utter, sell, purchase, conceal, or transfer any	21
<pre>counterfeit obligation or other security of the United States;</pre>	22
(3) Possess with the purpose to utter any obligation or	23
other security of the United States, knowing that the obligation	24
or other security has been counterfeited;	25
(4) Without authorization of the issuer, falsely make,	26
forge, counterfeit, alter, or knowingly possess any access	27
<u>device.</u>	28
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of	29
counterfeiting. Except as otherwise provided in this division,	30
counterfeiting is a felony of the fourth degree, and in	31
addition, the court shall impose on the offender a fine from the	32
range of fines for a felony of the fourth degree that is not	33
<u>less than five hundred dollars.</u>	34
(1) If the value of the counterfeited obligations or other	35
securities or access devices is five thousand dollars or more	36
and is less than one hundred thousand dollars, or if the offense	37
involves five or more access devices, counterfeiting is a felony	38
of the third degree.	39

(2) If the value of the counterfeited obligations or other	40
securities or access devices is one hundred thousand dollars or	41
more and is less than one million dollars, counterfeiting is a	42
felony of the second degree.	43
(3) If the value of the counterfeited obligations or other	44
securities or access devices is one million dollars or more,	45
counterfeiting is a felony of the first degree.	46
sounderforcing to a recent, or one rerest degree.	
(D) A prosecution for a violation of this section does not	47
preclude a prosecution for a violation of section 2913.02,	48
2913.31, or 2913.32 of the Revised Code based on the same	49
<pre>conduct. However, if an offender is convicted of or pleads</pre>	50
guilty to a violation of this section and is also convicted of	51
or pleads guilty to a violation of section 2913.02, 2913.31, or	52
2913.32 of the Revised Code based on the same conduct involving	53
the same victim that was the basis of the violation of this	54
section, the two or more offenses are allied offenses of similar	55
import under section 2941.25 of the Revised Code.	56
Sec. 2923.31. As used in sections 2923.31 to 2923.36 of	57
the Revised Code:	58
the Nevised Code.	50
(A) "Beneficial interest" means any of the following:	59
(1) The interest of a person as a beneficiary under a	60
trust in which the trustee holds title to personal or real	61
property;	62
(2) The interest of a person as a beneficiary under any	63
other trust arrangement under which any other person holds title	64
to personal or real property for the benefit of such person;	65
(3) The interest of a person under any other form of	66
express fiduciary arrangement under which any other person holds	67
title to personal or real property for the benefit of such	68

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person.	69
"Beneficial interest" does not include the interest of a	70
stockholder in a corporation or the interest of a partner in	71
either a general or limited partnership.	72
(B) "Costs of investigation and prosecution" and "costs of	73
investigation and litigation" mean all of the costs incurred by	74
the state or a county or municipal corporation under sections	75
2923.31 to 2923.36 of the Revised Code in the prosecution and	76
investigation of any criminal action or in the litigation and	77
investigation of any civil action, and includes, but is not	78
limited to, the costs of resources and personnel.	79
(C) "Enterprise" includes any individual, sole	80
proprietorship, partnership, limited partnership, corporation,	81
trust, union, government agency, or other legal entity, or any	82
organization, association, or group of persons associated in	83
fact although not a legal entity. "Enterprise" includes illicit	84
as well as licit enterprises.	85
(D) "Innocent person" includes any bona fide purchaser of	86
property that is allegedly involved in a violation of section	87
2923.32 of the Revised Code, including any person who	88
establishes a valid claim to or interest in the property in	89
accordance with division (E) of section 2981.04 of the Revised	90
Code, and any victim of an alleged violation of that section or	91
of any underlying offense involved in an alleged violation of	92
that section.	93
(E) "Pattern of corrupt activity" means two or more	94
incidents of corrupt activity, whether or not there has been a	95

prior conviction, that are related to the affairs of the same

enterprise, are not isolated, and are not so closely related to

each	other	and	connected	in	time	and	place	that	they	constitute	98
a sir	ngle e	vent.									9:

At least one of the incidents forming the pattern shall

occur on or after January 1, 1986. Unless any incident was an

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aggravated murder or murder, the last of the incidents forming

the pattern shall occur within six years after the commission of

any prior incident forming the pattern, excluding any period of

imprisonment served by any person engaging in the corrupt

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activity.

For the purposes of the criminal penalties that may be imposed pursuant to section 2923.32 of the Revised Code, at least one of the incidents forming the pattern shall constitute a felony under the laws of this state in existence at the time it was committed or, if committed in violation of the laws of the United States or of any other state, shall constitute a felony under the law of the United States or the other state and would be a criminal offense under the law of this state if committed in this state.

- (F) "Pecuniary value" means money, a negotiable instrument, a commercial interest, or anything of value, as defined in section 1.03 of the Revised Code, or any other property or service that has a value in excess of one hundred dollars.
- (G) "Person" means any person, as defined in section 1.59 of the Revised Code, and any governmental officer, employee, or entity.
- (H) "Personal property" means any personal property, any124interest in personal property, or any right, including, but notlimited to, bank accounts, debts, corporate stocks, patents, or126

copyrights. Personal property and any beneficial interest in	127
personal property are deemed to be located where the trustee of	128
the property, the personal property, or the instrument	129
evidencing the right is located.	130
(I) "Corrupt activity" means engaging in, attempting to	131
engage in, conspiring to engage in, or soliciting, coercing, or	132
intimidating another person to engage in any of the following:	133
(1) Conduct defined as "racketeering activity" under the	134
"Organized Crime Control Act of 1970," 84 Stat. 941, 18 U.S.C.	135
1961(1)(B), (1)(C), (1)(D), and (1)(E), as amended;	136
(2) Conduct constituting any of the following:	137
(a) A violation of section 1315.55, 1322.02, 2903.01,	138
2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2905.01, 2905.02,	139
2905.11, 2905.22, 2905.32 as specified in division (I)(2)(g) of	140
this section, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2909.02, 2909.03,	141
2909.22, 2909.23, 2909.24, 2909.26, 2909.27, 2909.28, 2909.29,	142
2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2911.31, 2913.05,	143
2913.06, <u>2913.30</u> , <u>2921.02</u> , <u>2921.03</u> , <u>2921.04</u> , <u>2921.11</u> , <u>2921.12</u> ,	144
2921.32, 2921.41, 2921.42, 2921.43, 2923.12, or 2923.17;	145
division (F)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of section 1315.53; division (A)	146
(1) or (2) of section 1707.042; division (B), (C)(4), (D), (E),	147
or (F) of section 1707.44; division (A)(1) or (2) of section	148
2923.20; division (E) or (G) of section 3772.99; division (J)(1)	149
of section 4712.02; section 4719.02, 4719.05, or 4719.06;	150
division (C), (D), or (E) of section 4719.07; section 4719.08;	151
or division (A) of section 4719.09 of the Revised Code.	152
(b) Any violation of section 3769.11, 3769.15, 3769.16, or	153
3769.19 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996,	154
any violation of section 2915.02 of the Revised Code that occurs	155

on or after July 1, 1996, and that, had it occurred prior to 156 that date, would have been a violation of section 3769.11 of the 157 Revised Code as it existed prior to that date, or any violation 158 of section 2915.05 of the Revised Code that occurs on or after 159 July 1, 1996, and that, had it occurred prior to that date, 160 would have been a violation of section 3769.15, 3769.16, or 161 3769.19 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to that date. 162 (c) Any violation of section 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.31, 163 2913.02, 2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.32, 2913.34, 2913.42, 164 2913.47, 2913.51, 2915.03, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, or 2925.37 165 of the Revised Code, any violation of section 2925.11 of the 166 Revised Code that is a felony of the first, second, third, or 167 fourth degree and that occurs on or after July 1, 1996, any 168 violation of section 2915.02 of the Revised Code that occurred 169 prior to July 1, 1996, any violation of section 2915.02 of the 170 Revised Code that occurs on or after July 1, 1996, and that, had 171 it occurred prior to that date, would not have been a violation 172 of section 3769.11 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to 173 that date, any violation of section 2915.06 of the Revised Code 174 as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, or any violation of 175 division (B) of section 2915.05 of the Revised Code as it exists 176 on and after July 1, 1996, when the proceeds of the violation, 177 the payments made in the violation, the amount of a claim for 178 payment or for any other benefit that is false or deceptive and 179 that is involved in the violation, or the value of the 180 contraband or other property illegally possessed, sold, or 181 purchased in the violation exceeds one thousand dollars, or any 182 combination of violations described in division (I)(2)(c) of 183 this section when the total proceeds of the combination of 184 violations, payments made in the combination of violations, 185

amount of the claims for payment or for other benefits that is

false or deceptive and that is involved in the combination of	187
violations, or value of the contraband or other property	188
illegally possessed, sold, or purchased in the combination of	189
violations exceeds one thousand dollars;	190
(d) Any violation of section 5743.112 of the Revised Code	191
when the amount of unpaid tax exceeds one hundred dollars;	192

- (e) Any violation or combination of violations of section 193 2907.32 of the Revised Code involving any material or 194 performance containing a display of bestiality or of sexual 195 conduct, as defined in section 2907.01 of the Revised Code, that 196 is explicit and depicted with clearly visible penetration of the 197 genitals or clearly visible penetration by the penis of any 198 orifice when the total proceeds of the violation or combination 199 of violations, the payments made in the violation or combination 200 of violations, or the value of the contraband or other property 201 illegally possessed, sold, or purchased in the violation or 202 combination of violations exceeds one thousand dollars; 203
- (f) Any combination of violations described in division 204 (I)(2)(c) of this section and violations of section 2907.32 of 205 206 the Revised Code involving any material or performance containing a display of bestiality or of sexual conduct, as 207 defined in section 2907.01 of the Revised Code, that is explicit 208 and depicted with clearly visible penetration of the genitals or 209 clearly visible penetration by the penis of any orifice when the 210 total proceeds of the combination of violations, payments made 211 in the combination of violations, amount of the claims for 212 payment or for other benefits that is false or deceptive and 213 that is involved in the combination of violations, or value of 214 the contraband or other property illegally possessed, sold, or 215 purchased in the combination of violations exceeds one thousand 216

dollars;	217
(g) Any violation of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code	218
to the extent the violation is not based solely on the same	219
conduct that constitutes corrupt activity pursuant to division	220
(I)(2)(c) of this section due to the conduct being in violation	221
of section 2907.21 of the Revised Code.	222
(3) Conduct constituting a violation of any law of any	223
state other than this state that is substantially similar to the	224
conduct described in division (I)(2) of this section, provided	225
the defendant was convicted of the conduct in a criminal	226
proceeding in the other state;	227
(4) Animal or ecological terrorism;	228
(5)(a) Conduct constituting any of the following:	229
(i) Organized retail theft;	230
(ii) Conduct that constitutes one or more violations of	231
any law of any state other than this state, that is	232
substantially similar to organized retail theft, and that if	233
committed in this state would be organized retail theft, if the	234
defendant was convicted of or pleaded guilty to the conduct in a	235
criminal proceeding in the other state.	236
(b) By enacting division (I)(5)(a) of this section, it is	237
the intent of the general assembly to add organized retail theft	238
and the conduct described in division (I)(5)(a)(ii) of this	239
section as conduct constituting corrupt activity. The enactment	240
of division (I)(5)(a) of this section and the addition by	241
division (I)(5)(a) of this section of organized retail theft and	242
the conduct described in division (I)(5)(a)(ii) of this section	243
as conduct constituting corrupt activity does not limit or	244
preclude, and shall not be construed as limiting or precluding.	245

any prosecution for a violation of section 2923.32 of the	246
Revised Code that is based on one or more violations of section	247
2913.02 or 2913.51 of the Revised Code, one or more similar	248
offenses under the laws of this state or any other state, or any	249
combination of any of those violations or similar offenses, even	250
though the conduct constituting the basis for those violations	251
or offenses could be construed as also constituting organized	252
retail theft or conduct of the type described in division (I)(5)	253
(a) (ii) of this section.	254
(J) "Real property" means any real property or any	255
interest in real property, including, but not limited to, any	256
lease of, or mortgage upon, real property. Real property and any	257
beneficial interest in it is deemed to be located where the real	258
property is located.	259
(K) "Trustee" means any of the following:	260
(1) Any person acting as trustee under a trust in which	261
the trustee holds title to personal or real property;	262
(2) Any person who holds title to personal or real	263
property for which any other person has a beneficial interest;	264
(3) Any successor trustee.	265
"Trustee" does not include an assignee or trustee for an	266
insolvent debtor or an executor, administrator, administrator	267
with the will annexed, testamentary trustee, guardian, or	268
committee, appointed by, under the control of, or accountable to	269
a court.	270
(L) "Unlawful debt" means any money or other thing of	271
value constituting principal or interest of a debt that is	272
legally unenforceable in this state in whole or in part because	273

the debt was incurred or contracted in violation of any federal

or state law relating to the business of gambling activity or	275
relating to the business of lending money at an usurious rate	276
unless the creditor proves, by a preponderance of the evidence,	277
that the usurious rate was not intentionally set and that it	278
resulted from a good faith error by the creditor,	279
notwithstanding the maintenance of procedures that were adopted	280
by the creditor to avoid an error of that nature.	281

- (M) "Animal activity" means any activity that involves the 282 use of animals or animal parts, including, but not limited to, 283 hunting, fishing, trapping, traveling, camping, the production, 284 preparation, or processing of food or food products, clothing or 285 garment manufacturing, medical research, other research, 286 entertainment, recreation, agriculture, biotechnology, or 287 service activity that involves the use of animals or animal 288 289 parts.
- (N) "Animal facility" means a vehicle, building,

 structure, nature preserve, or other premises in which an animal

 is lawfully kept, handled, housed, exhibited, bred, or offered

 for sale, including, but not limited to, a zoo, rodeo, circus,

 amusement park, hunting preserve, or premises in which a horse

 or dog event is held.
- (O) "Animal or ecological terrorism" means the commission 296 of any felony that involves causing or creating a substantial 297 risk of physical harm to any property of another, the use of a 298 deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance, or purposely, knowingly, or 299 recklessly causing serious physical harm to property and that 300 involves an intent to obstruct, impede, or deter any person from 301 participating in a lawful animal activity, from mining, 302 foresting, harvesting, gathering, or processing natural 303 resources, or from being lawfully present in or on an animal 304

facility or research facility.	305
(P) "Research facility" means a place, laboratory,	306
institution, medical care facility, government facility, or	307
public or private educational institution in which a scientific	308
test, experiment, or investigation involving the use of animals	309
or other living organisms is lawfully carried out, conducted, or	310
attempted.	311
(Q) "Organized retail theft" means the theft of retail	312
property with a retail value of one thousand dollars or more	313
from one or more retail establishments with the intent to sell,	314
deliver, or transfer that property to a retail property fence.	315
(R) "Retail property" means any tangible personal property	316
displayed, held, stored, or offered for sale in or by a retail	317
establishment.	318
(S) "Retail property fence" means a person who possesses,	319
procures, receives, or conceals retail property that was	320
represented to the person as being stolen or that the person	321
knows or believes to be stolen.	322
(T) "Retail value" means the full retail value of the	323
retail property. In determining whether the retail value of	324
retail property equals or exceeds one thousand dollars, the	325
value of all retail property stolen from the retail	326
establishment or retail establishments by the same person or	327
persons within any one-hundred-eighty-day period shall be	328
aggregated.	329
Section 2. That existing section 2923.31 of the Revised	330
Code is hereby repealed.	331
Section 3. Section 2923.31 of the Revised Code is	332

presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended

Am. H. B. No. 405 As Passed by the Senate	Page 13
by both Am. Sub. H.B. 386 and Am. Sub. H.B. 262 of the 129th	334
General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle	335
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	336
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	337
simultaneous operation, finds that the composite is the	338
resulting version of the section in effect prior to the	339
effective date of the section as presented in this act.	340