As Reported by the House Civil Justice Committee

132nd General Assembly

Regular Session 2017-2018

Sub. H. B. No. 595

Representatives Cupp, Rezabek Cosponsors: Representatives Seitz, Riedel, Manning

A BILL

| То | amend sections 313.14, 2101.24, 2105.19, | 1 |
|----|--------------------------------------------------|----|
| | 2107.01, 2107.05, 2107.07, 2107.08, 2107.09, | 2 |
| | 2107.10, 2107.11, 2107.12, 2107.16, 2107.18, | 3 |
| | 2107.20, 2107.22, 2107.33, 2107.52, 2107.71, | 4 |
| | 2137.01, 2721.03, 5802.03, 5806.04, and 5808.19, | 5 |
| | to enact sections 2111.182, 2111.52, 2113.032, | 6 |
| | 5802.05, 5817.01, 5817.02, 5817.03, 5817.04, | 7 |
| | 5817.05, 5817.06, 5817.07, 5817.08, 5817.09, | 8 |
| | 5817.10, 5817.11, 5817.12, 5817.13, and 5817.14, | 9 |
| | and to repeal sections 2107.081, 2107.082, | 10 |
| | 2107.083, 2107.084, and 2107.085 of the Revised | 11 |
| | Code relative to procedures for a testator to | 12 |
| | file a declaratory judgment action to declare | 13 |
| | the validity of a will prior to death and the | 14 |
| | settlor of a trust to file such an action to | 15 |
| | declare its validity, exceptions to antilapse | 16 |
| | provisions in class gifts in wills and trusts, | 17 |
| | incorporation of a written trust into a will, | 18 |
| | trusts for a minor, arbitration of trust | 19 |
| | disputes, the creation of county and multicounty | 20 |
| | guardianship services boards, the coroner's | 21 |
| | disposition of person dying of suspicious or | 22 |
| | unusual death, an application for the release of | 23 |

| medical records and medical billing records, and | 24 |
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| adding involuntary manslaughter not resulting | 25 |
| from a felony vehicular homicide offense to the | 26 |
| list of offenses excluding an individual from | 27 |
| inheriting from a decedent. | 28 |

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

| Section 1. That sections 313.14, 2101.24, 2105.19, | 29 |
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| 2107.01, 2107.05, 2107.07, 2107.08, 2107.09, 2107.10, 2107.11, | 30 |
| 2107.12, 2107.16, 2107.18, 2107.20, 2107.22, 2107.33, 2107.52, | 31 |
| 2107.71, 2137.01, 2721.03, 5802.03, 5806.04, and 5808.19 be | 32 |
| amended and sections 2111.182, 2111.52, 2113.032, 5802.05, | 33 |
| 5817.01, 5817.02, 5817.03, 5817.04, 5817.05, 5817.06, 5817.07, | 34 |
| 5817.08, 5817.09, 5817.10, 5817.11, 5817.12, 5817.13, and | 35 |
| 5817.14 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows: | 36 |
| Sec. 313.14. (A) (1) The coroner shall make a reasonable | 37 |
| effort to notify any known relatives of a deceased person who | 38 |
| meets death in the manner described by section 313.12 of the | 39 |
| Revised Code by letter or otherwise. The next of kin, other | 40 |
| relatives, or friends of the deceased person, in the order | 41 |
| named, shall have prior right as to disposition of the body of | 42 |
| such deceased person. If relatives of the deceased are unknown, | 43 |
| the coroner shall make a diligent effort to ascertain the next- | 44 |
| of kin, other relatives, or friends of the deceased person- | 45 |
| coroner shall also make a reasonable effort to determine the | 46 |
| identity of the person who has been assigned the rights of | 47 |
| disposition for the deceased person under sections 2108.70 to | 48 |
| 2108.90 of the Revised Code and shall notify that person. After | 49 |
| the coroner has completed the performance of the coroner's legal | 50 |

| duties | with | respect | to t | the | body | of | the | deceased | l person, | the_ |
|---------|------|--------------|-------|------|------|------|-----|----------|-----------|------|
| • | | - | | | _ | | | | _ | |
| coroner | shal | ll returr | n the | e bo | dy t | o ti | hat | person. | | |

(2) The coroner shall take charge and possession of all moneys, clothing, and other valuable personal effects of such the deceased person, found in connection with or pertaining to such the body, and shall store such the possessions in the county coroner's office or such other suitable place as is provided for such that storage by the board of county commissioners. If the coroner considers it advisable, the coroner may, after taking adequate precautions for the security of such those possessions, store the possessions where the coroner finds them until other storage space becomes available. The person who has been assigned the rights of disposition for the deceased person under sections 2108.70 to 2108.90 of the Revised Code may request the coroner to give those possessions to that person.

(B) In cases in which the cost of the burial is paid by the county, after using such of the clothing as is necessary in the burial of the body, the coroner shall sell at public auction the valuable personal effects of such-the deceased persons, found in connection with or pertaining to the unclaimed dead body, except firearms, which shall be disposed of as provided in division (C) of this section. The coroner shall make a verified inventory of such-the effects and they shall be sold within eighteen months after burial, or after delivery of such-the body in accordance with section 1713.34 of the Revised Code. All moneys derived from such-the sale shall be deposited in the county treasury. A notice of such-the sale shall be given in one newspaper of general circulation in the county, for five days in succession, and the sale shall be held immediately thereafter. The cost of such advertisement and notices shall be paid by the

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| board | upon | the | submis | ssion | of | а | verified | statement- | therefor_ | for |
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| that o | cost, | cert | cified | to t | he | COI | roner. | | | |

(C) If a firearm is included in the personal effects of a deceased person who meets death in the manner described by section 313.12 of the Revised Code, the coroner shall deliver the firearm to the chief of police of the municipal corporation within which the body is found, or to the sheriff of the county if the body is not found within a municipal corporation. Upon delivery of the firearm to the chief of police or the sheriff, the chief of police or sheriff shall give the coroner a receipt for the firearm that states the date of delivery and an accurate description of the firearm. The firearm shall be used for evidentiary purposes only.

The person who has been assigned the rights of disposition 95 for the deceased person's next of kin or other relative person 96 under sections 2108.70 to 2108.90 of the Revised Code may 97 request that the firearm be given to the next of kin or other 98 relative that person once the firearm is no longer needed for 99 evidentiary purposes. The chief of police or the sheriff shall 100 qive the firearm to the next of kin or other relative that 101 person who requested the firearm only if the next of kin or 102 other relative person may lawfully possess the firearm under 103 applicable law of this state or the United States. The chief of 104 police or the sheriff shall keep a record identifying the next-105 of kin or other relative person to whom the firearm is given, 106 the date the firearm was given to the next of kin or other 107 relative that person, and an accurate description of the 108 firearm. 109

If a next of kin or other relative—the person who has been 110

assigned the rights of disposition for the deceased person under 111

(g) To make inquests respecting persons who are so

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| mentally impaired as a result of a mental or physical illness or | 140 |
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| | |
| disability, as a result of intellectual disability, or as a | 141 |
| result of chronic substance abuse, that they are unable to | 142 |
| manage their property and affairs effectively, subject to | 143 |
| guardianship; | 144 |
| (h) To qualify assignees, appoint and qualify trustees and | 145 |
| commissioners of insolvents, control their conduct, and settle | 146 |
| their accounts; | 147 |
| (i) To authorize the sale of lands, equitable estates, or | 148 |
| interests in lands or equitable estates, and the assignments of | 149 |
| inchoate dower in such cases of sale, on petition by executors, | 150 |
| administrators, and guardians; | 151 |
| (j) To authorize the completion of real property contracts | 152 |
| on petition of executors and administrators; | 153 |
| (k) To construe wills; | 154 |
| (1) To render declaratory judgments, including, but not | 155 |
| limited to, those rendered pursuant to section 2107.084 Chapter | 156 |
| 5817. of the Revised Code; | 157 |
| (m) To direct and control the conduct of fiduciaries and | 158 |
| settle their accounts; | 159 |
| (n) To authorize the sale or lease of any estate created | 160 |
| by will if the estate is held in trust, on petition by the | 161 |
| trustee; | 162 |
| (a) To terminate a testamentary trust in any sace in which | 162 |
| (o) To terminate a testamentary trust in any case in which | 163 |
| a court of equity may do so; | 164 |
| (p) To hear and determine actions to contest the validity | 165 |
| of wills; | 166 |

| (q) To make a determination of the presumption of death of | 167 |
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| missing persons and to adjudicate the property rights and | 168 |
| obligations of all parties affected by the presumption; | 169 |
| (r) To act for and issue orders regarding wards pursuant | 170 |
| to section 2111.50 of the Revised Code; | 171 |
| (s) To hear and determine actions against sureties on the | 172 |
| bonds of fiduciaries appointed by the probate court; | 173 |
| (t) To hear and determine actions involving informed | 174 |
| consent for medication of persons hospitalized pursuant to | 175 |
| section 5122.141 or 5122.15 of the Revised Code; | 176 |
| (u) To hear and determine actions relating to durable | 177 |
| powers of attorney for health care as described in division (D) | 178 |
| of section 1337.16 of the Revised Code; | 179 |
| (v) To hear and determine actions commenced by objecting | 180 |
| individuals, in accordance with section 2133.05 of the Revised | 181 |
| Code; | 182 |
| (w) To hear and determine complaints that pertain to the | 183 |
| use or continuation, or the withholding or withdrawal, of life- | 184 |
| sustaining treatment in connection with certain patients | 185 |
| allegedly in a terminal condition or in a permanently | 186 |
| unconscious state pursuant to division (E) of section 2133.08 of | 187 |
| the Revised Code, in accordance with that division; | 188 |
| (x) To hear and determine applications that pertain to the | 189 |
| withholding or withdrawal of nutrition and hydration from | 190 |
| certain patients allegedly in a permanently unconscious state | 191 |
| pursuant to section 2133.09 of the Revised Code, in accordance | 192 |
| with that section; | 193 |
| (y) To hear and determine applications of attending | 194 |

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| physicians in accordance with division (B) of section 2133.15 of | 195 |
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| the Revised Code; | 196 |
| (z) To hear and determine actions relative to the use or | 197 |
| continuation of comfort care in connection with certain | 198 |
| principals under durable powers of attorney for health care, | 199 |
| declarants under declarations, or patients in accordance with | 200 |
| division (E) of either section 1337.16 or 2133.12 of the Revised | 201 |
| Code; | 202 |
| (aa) To hear and determine applications for an order | 203 |
| relieving an estate from administration under section 2113.03 of | 204 |
| the Revised Code; | 205 |
| (bb) To hear and determine applications for an order | 206 |
| granting a summary release from administration under section | 207 |
| 2113.031 of the Revised Code; | 208 |
| (cc) To hear and determine actions relating to the | 209 |
| exercise of the right of disposition, in accordance with section | 210 |
| 2108.90 of the Revised Code; | 211 |
| (dd) To hear and determine actions relating to the | 212 |
| disinterment and reinterment of human remains under section | 213 |
| 517.23 of the Revised Code; | 214 |
| (ee) To hear and determine petitions for an order for | 215 |
| treatment of a person suffering from alcohol and other drug | 216 |
| abuse filed under section 5119.93 of the Revised Code and to | 217 |
| order treatment of that nature in accordance with, and take | 218 |
| other actions afforded to the court under, sections 5119.90 to | 219 |
| 5119.98 of the Revised Code. | 220 |
| (2) In addition to the exclusive jurisdiction conferred | 221 |
| upon the probate court by division (A)(1) of this section, the | 222 |
| probate court shall have exclusive jurisdiction over a | 223 |

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| result of a felony violation of section 2903.06 of the Revised | 280 |
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| Code, or of an existing or former law of any other state, the | 281 |
| United States, or a foreign nation, substantially equivalent to | 282 |
| a violation of or complicity in the violation of any of these | 283 |
| sections, no person who is indicted for a violation of or | 284 |
| complicity in the violation of any of those sections or laws and | 285 |
| subsequently is adjudicated incompetent to stand trial on that | 286 |
| charge, and no juvenile who is found to be a delinquent child by | 287 |
| reason of committing an act that, if committed by an adult, | 288 |
| would be a violation of or complicity in the violation of any of | 289 |
| those sections or laws, shall in any way benefit by the death. | 290 |
| All property of the decedent, and all money, insurance proceeds, | 291 |
| or other property or benefits payable or distributable in | 292 |
| respect of the decedent's death, shall pass or be paid or | 293 |
| distributed as if the person who caused the death of the | 294 |
| decedent had predeceased the decedent. | 295 |
| | |

- (B) A person prohibited by division (A) of this section 296 from benefiting by the death of another is a constructive 297 trustee for the benefit of those entitled to any property or 298 benefit that the person has obtained, or over which the person 299 has exerted control, because of the decedent's death. A person 300 who purchases any such property or benefit from the constructive 301 trustee, for value, in good faith, and without notice of the 302 constructive trustee's disability under division (A) of this 303 section, acquires good title, but the constructive trustee is 304 accountable to the beneficiaries for the proceeds or value of 305 the property or benefit. 306
- (C) A person who is prohibited from benefiting from a 307 death pursuant to division (A) of this section either because 308 the person was adjudicated incompetent to stand trial or was 309 found not guilty by reason of insanity, or the person's guardian 310

| appointed pursuant to Chapter 2111. of the Revised Code or other | 311 |
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| legal representative, may file a complaint to declare the | 312 |
| person's right to benefit from the death in the probate court in | 313 |
| which the decedent's estate is being administered or that | 314 |
| released the estate from administration. The complaint shall be | 315 |
| filed no later than sixty days after the person is adjudicated | 316 |
| incompetent to stand trial or found not guilty by reason of | 317 |
| insanity. The court shall notify each person who is a devisee or | 318 |
| legatee under the decedent's will, or if there is no will, each | 319 |
| person who is an heir of the decedent pursuant to section | 320 |
| 2105.06 of the Revised Code that a complaint of that nature has | 321 |
| oeen filed within ten days after the filing of the complaint. | 322 |
| The person who files the complaint, and each person who is | 323 |
| required to be notified of the filing of the complaint under | 324 |
| this division, is entitled to a jury trial in the action. To | 325 |
| assert the right, the person desiring a jury trial shall demand | 326 |
| a jury in the manner prescribed in the Civil Rules. | 327 |
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A person who files a complaint pursuant to this division 328 shall be restored to the person's right to benefit from the 329 death unless the court determines, by a preponderance of the 330 evidence, that the person would have been convicted of a 331 violation of, or complicity in the violation of, section 332 2903.01, 2903.02, or 2903.03 of the Revised Code or a violation 333 of division (A) of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code that is 334 not a proximate result of a felony violation of section 2903.06 335 of the Revised Code, or of a law of another state, the United 336 States, or a foreign nation that is substantially similar to any 337 of those sections, if the person had been brought to trial in 338 the case in which the person was adjudicated incompetent or if 339 the person were not insane at the time of the commission of the 340 offense. 341

| Sec. 2107.01. As used in Chapters 2101. to 2131. of the | 342 |
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| Revised Code: | 343 |
| (A) "Will" includes codicils to wills admitted to probate, | 344 |
| lost, spoliated, or destroyed wills, and instruments admitted to | 345 |
| probate declared valid under division (A)(1) of section 2107.081 | 346 |
| 5817.10 of the Revised Code, but "will" does not include inter | 347 |
| vivos trusts or other instruments that have not been admitted to | 348 |
| probate. | 349 |
| (B) "Testator" means any person who makes a will. | 350 |
| Sec. 2107.05. (A) An existing document, book, record, or | 351 |
| memorandum may be incorporated in a will by reference, if | 352 |
| referred to as being in existence at the time the will is | 353 |
| executed. That document, book, record, or memorandum shall be | 354 |
| deposited in the probate court when the will is probated or | 355 |
| within thirty days after the will is probated, unless the court | 356 |
| grants an extension of time for good cause shown. A copy may be | 357 |
| substituted for the original document, book, record, or | 358 |
| memorandum if the copy is certified to be correct by a person | 359 |
| authorized to take acknowledgments. | 360 |
| (B) Notwithstanding division (A) of this section, if a | 361 |
| will incorporates a trust instrument only in the event that a | 362 |
| bequest or devise to the trust is ineffective, the trust | 363 |
| instrument shall be deposited in the probate court not later | 364 |
| than thirty days after the final determination that such bequest | 365 |
| or devise is ineffective. | 366 |
| (C) If a testator intends to incorporate a trust | 367 |
| instrument in a will, the testator's will shall manifest that | 368 |
| intent through the use of the term "incorporate," "made a part | 369 |
| of," or similar language. In the absence of such clear and | 370 |

| express intent, a trust instrument shall not be incorporated | 371 |
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| into or made a part of the will. Any language in the testator's | 372 |
| will that only identifies a trust shall not be sufficient to | 373 |
| manifest an intent to incorporate that trust instrument by | 374 |
| reference in the will. | 375 |
| (D) The amendment of this section by adding divisions (B) | 376 |
| and (C) applies, and shall be construed as applying, to the | 377 |
| wills of testators who die on or after the effective date of | 378 |
| this amendment. | 379 |
| Sec. 2107.07. A will may be deposited by the testator, or | 380 |
| by some person for the testator, in the office of the judge of | 381 |
| the probate court in the county in which the testator lives, | 382 |
| before or after the death of the testator, and if deposited | 383 |
| after the death of the testator, with or without applying for | 384 |
| its probate. Upon the payment of the fee of twenty-five dollars | 385 |
| to the court, the judge shall receive, keep, and give a | 386 |
| certificate of deposit for the will. That will shall be safely | 387 |
| kept until delivered or disposed of as provided by section | 388 |
| 2107.08 of the Revised Code. If the will is not delivered or | 389 |
| disposed of as provided in that section within one hundred years | 390 |
| after the date the will was deposited, the judge may dispose of | 391 |
| the will in any manner the judge considers feasible. The judge | 392 |
| shall retain an electronic copy of the will prior to its | 393 |
| disposal after one hundred years under this section. | 394 |
| Every will that is so deposited shall be enclosed in a | 395 |
| sealed envelope that shall be indorsed with the name of the | 396 |
| testator. The judge shall indorse on the envelope the date of | 397 |
| delivery and the person by whom the will was delivered. The | 398 |
| envelope may be indorsed with the name of a person to whom it is | 399 |

to be delivered after the death of the testator. The will shall

| not be opened or read until delivered to a person entitled to | 401 |
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| receive it, until the testator files a complaint in the probate | 402 |
| court for a declaratory judgment of the validity of the will | 403 |
| pursuant to section $\frac{2107.081}{5817.02}$ of the Revised Code, or | 404 |
| until otherwise disposed of as provided in section 2107.08 of | 405 |
| the Revised Code. Subject to section 2107.08 of the Revised | 406 |
| Code, the deposited will shall not be a public record until the | 407 |
| time that an application is filed to probate it. | 408 |

Sec. 2107.08. During the lifetime of a testator, the 409 testator's will, deposited according to section 2107.07 of the 410 Revised Code, shall be delivered only to the testator, to some 411 person authorized by the testator by a written order, or to a 412 probate court for a determination of its validity when the 413 testator so requests. After the testator's death, the will shall 414 be delivered to the person named in the indorsement on the 415 envelope of the will, if there is a person named who demands it. 416 If the testator has filed a complaint in the probate court for a 417 judgment declaring the validity of the will pursuant to section 418 2107.081 5817.02 of the Revised Code and the court has rendered 419 the a judgment is rendered pursuant to division (A)(1) of 420 section 5817.10 of the Revised Code declaring the will valid, 421 the probate judge with possession of the court who rendered the 422 judgment shall deliver the will to the proper probate court as 423 determined under section 2107.11 of the Revised Code, upon the 424 death of the testator, for probate. 425

If no person named in the indorsement demands the will and

it is not one that has been declared valid pursuant to <u>division</u>

(A) (1) of section 2107.084 5817.10 of the Revised Code, it shall

be publicly opened in the probate court within one month after

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notice of the testator's death and retained in the office of the

probate judge until offered for probate. If the jurisdiction

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| belongs to any other probate court, the will shall be delivered | 432 |
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| to the person entitled to its custody, to be presented for | 433 |
| probate in the other court. If the probate judge who opens the | 434 |
| will has jurisdiction of it, the probate judge immediately shall | 435 |
| give notice of its existence to the executor named in the will | 436 |
| or, if any, to the persons holding a power to nominate an | 437 |
| executor as described in section 2107.65 of the Revised Code, | 438 |
| or, if it is the case, to the executor named in the will and to | 439 |
| the persons holding a power to nominate a coexecutor as | 440 |
| described in that section. If no executor is named and no | 441 |
| persons hold a power to nominate an executor as described in | 442 |
| that section, the probate judge shall give notice to other | 443 |
| persons immediately interested. | 444 |

Sec. 2107.09. (A) If real property is devised or personal 445 property is bequeathed by a will, the executor or any interested 446 person may cause the will to be brought before the probate court 447 of the county in which the decedent was domiciled. By judicial 448 order, the court may compel the person having the custody or 449 control of the will to produce it before the court for the 450 purpose of being proved.

If the person having the custody or control of the will intentionally conceals or withholds it or neglects or refuses to produce it for probate without reasonable cause, the person may be committed to the county jail and kept in custody until the will is produced. The person also shall be liable to any party aggrieved for the damages sustained by that neglect or refusal.

Any judicial order issued pursuant to this section may be issued into any county in the state and shall be served and returned by the officer to whom it is delivered.

The officer to whom the process is delivered shall be

| liable for neglect in its service or return in the same manner | 462 |
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| as sheriffs are liable for neglect in not serving or returning a | 463 |
| capias issued upon an indictment. | 464 |

- (B) In the case of a will that has been declared valid 465 pursuant to division (A)(1) of section 2107.084 5817.10 of the 466 Revised Code, the probate judge of the probate court or of the 467 general division of the court of common pleas to which the 468 proceeding was transferred pursuant to division (A) of section 469 5817.04 of the Revised Code who made the declaration or who has 470 possession of the will shall cause the will and the judgment 471 declaring validity the will valid to be brought before the 472 proper probate court as determined by section 2107.11 of the 473 Revised Code at a time after the death of the testator. If the 474 death of the testator is brought to the attention of the probate 475 applicable judge by an interested party, the judge shall cause 476 the judgment declaring the will valid to be brought before the 477 proper probate court at that time. 478
- Sec. 2107.10. (A) No property or right, testate or 479 intestate, shall pass to a beneficiary named in a will who knows 480 of the existence of the will for one year after the death of the 481 testator and has the power to control it and, without reasonable 482 cause, intentionally conceals or withholds it or neglects or 483 refuses within that one year to cause it to be offered for or 484 admitted to probate. The property devised or bequeathed to that 485 beneficiary shall pass as if the beneficiary had predeceased the 486 testator. 487
- (B) No property or right, testate or intestate, passes to

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 a beneficiary named in a will when the will was declared valid

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 and filed with a probate judge by a court pursuant to division

 (A) (1) of section 2107.084 5817.10 of the Revised Code, the

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where the debtor resides.

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| declaration and filing took place in a county different from the | 492 |
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| county in which the will of the testator would be probated under | 493 |
| section 2107.11 of the Revised Code, and the named beneficiary | 494 |
| knew of the declaration and filing and of the death of the | 495 |
| testator and did not notify the probate -judge with whom of the | 496 |
| court in which the will was filed declared valid. This division | 497 |
| does not preclude a named beneficiary from acquiring property or | 498 |
| rights from the estate of the testator for failing to notify a | 499 |
| probate-judge of that court if the named beneficiary reasonably | 500 |
| believes that the judge has previously been notified of the | 501 |
| testator's death. | 502 |
| Sec. 2107.11. (A) A will shall be admitted to probate: | 503 |
| (1) In the county in this state in which the testator was | 504 |
| domiciled at the time of the testator's death; | 505 |
| (2) In any county of this state where any real property or | 506 |
| personal property of the testator is located if, at the time of | 507 |
| the testator's death, the testator was not domiciled in this | 508 |
| state, and provided that the will has not previously been | 509 |
| admitted to probate in this state or in the state of the | 510 |
| testator's domicile; | 511 |
| (3) In the county of this state in which a probate court | 512 |
| rendered a judgment declaring that the will was valid and in | 513 |
| which the will was filed with the probate court pursuant to | 514 |
| division (A)(1) of section 5817.10 of the Revised Code. | 515 |
| (B) For the purpose of division (A)(2) of this section, | 516 |
| intangible personal property is located in the place where the | 517 |
| instrument evidencing a debt, obligation, stock, or chose in | 518 |
| action is located or if there is no instrument of that nature | 519 |

| Sec. 2107.12. When a will is presented for probate or for | 521 |
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| a declaratory judgment of its validity pursuant to section | 522 |
| 2107.081 Chapter 5817. of the Revised Code, persons interested | 523 |
| in its outcome may contest the jurisdiction of the court to | 524 |
| entertain the application. Preceding a hearing of a contest as | 525 |
| to jurisdiction, all parties named in such will as legatees, | 526 |
| devisees, trustees, or executors shall have notice thereof of | 527 |
| the hearing in such manner as may be ordered by the court. | 528 |
| When such that contest is made, the parties may call | 529 |
| witnesses and shall be heard upon the question involved. The | 530 |
| decision of the court as to its jurisdiction may be reviewed on | 531 |
| error. | 532 |
| Sec. 2107.16. (A) When offered for probate, a will may be | 533 |
| admitted to probate and allowed upon such proof as would be | 534 |
| satisfactory, and in like manner as if an absent or incompetent | 535 |
| witness were dead: | 536 |
| (1) If it appears to the probate court that a witness to | 537 |
| such will has gone to parts unknown; | 538 |
| (2) If the witness was competent at the time of attesting | 539 |
| its execution and afterward became incompetent; | 540 |
| (3) If testimony of a witness cannot be obtained within a | 541 |
| reasonable time. | 542 |
| (B) When offered for probate, a will shall be admitted to | 543 |
| probate and allowed when there has been a prior judgment by a | 544 |
| probate court declaring that the will is valid pursuant to | 545 |
| $\underline{\text{division (A) (1) of }}$ section $\underline{2107.084}$ $\underline{5817.10}$ of the Revised Code, | 546 |
| if the will has not been removed from the possession of the | 547 |
| <pre>probate judge and has not been modified or revoked under</pre> | 548 |
| division (C) or (D) of section 2107 084 of the Revised Code | 540 |

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| Sec. 2107.18. The probate court shall admit a will to | 550 |
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| probate if it appears from the face of the will, or if the | 551 |
| probate court requires, in its discretion, the testimony of the | 552 |
| witnesses to a will and it appears from that testimony, that the | 553 |
| execution of the will complies with the law in force at the time | 554 |
| of the execution of the will in the jurisdiction in which it was | 555 |
| executed, with the law in force in this state at the time of the | 556 |
| death of the testator, or with the law in force in the | 557 |
| jurisdiction in which the testator was domiciled at the time of | 558 |
| the testator's death. | 559 |

The probate court shall admit a will to probate when there has been a prior judgment by a probate court declaring that the will is valid, rendered pursuant to division (A)(1) of section 2107.084-5817.10 of the Revised Code, if the will has not been removed from the possession of the probate judge and has not been modified or revoked under division (C) or (D) of section 2107.084 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 2107.20. When admitted to probate every will shall be 567 filed in the office of the probate judge and recorded, together 568 with any testimony or prior judgment of a probate court 569 declaring the will valid pursuant to division (A)(1) of section 570 5817.10 of the Revised Code, by the judge or the clerk of the 571 probate court in a book to be kept for that purpose. 572

A copy of the recorded will, with a copy of the order of probate annexed to the copy of the recorded will, certified by the judge under seal of the judge's court, shall be as effectual in all cases as the original would be, if established by proof.

Sec. 2107.22. (A) (1) (a) When a will has been admitted to 577 probate by a probate court and another will of later date is 578 presented to the same court for probate, notice of the will of 579

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| later date shall be given to those persons required to be | 580 |
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| notified under section 2107.19 of the Revised Code, and to the | 581 |
| fiduciaries and beneficiaries under the will of earlier date. | 582 |
| The probate court may admit the will of later date to probate | 583 |
| the same as if no earlier will had been so admitted if it | 584 |
| appears from the face of the will of later date, or if an | 585 |
| interested person makes a demand as described in division (A)(1) | 586 |
| (b) of this section and it appears from the testimony of the | 587 |
| witnesses to the will given in accordance with that division, | 588 |
| that the execution of the will complies with the law in force at | 589 |
| the time of the execution of the will in the jurisdiction in | 590 |
| which it was executed, with the law in force in this state at | 591 |
| the time of the death of the testator, or with the law in force | 592 |
| in the jurisdiction in which the testator was domiciled at the | 593 |
| time of the testator's death. | 594 |

(b) Upon the demand of a person interested in having a 595 will of later date admitted to probate, the probate court shall 596 cause at least two of the witnesses to the will of later date, 597 and any other witnesses that the interested person desires to 598 have appear, to come before the probate court and provide 599 testimony. If the interested person so requests, the probate 600 court shall issue a subpoena to compel the presence of any such 601 witness before the probate court to provide testimony. 602

Witnesses before the probate court pursuant to this division shall be examined, and may be cross-examined, in open court, and their testimony shall be reduced to writing and then filed in the records of the probate court pertaining to the testator's estate.

(2) When an authenticated copy of a will has been admitted 608 to record by a probate court, and an authenticated copy of a 609

| will of later date that was executed and proved as required by | 610 |
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| law, is presented to the same court for record, it shall be | 611 |
| admitted to record in the same manner as if no authenticated | 612 |
| copy of the will of earlier date had been so admitted. | 613 |
| (3) If a probate court admits a will of later date to | 614 |
| probate, or an authenticated copy of a will of later date to | 615 |
| record, its order shall operate as a revocation of the order | 616 |
| admitting the will of earlier date to probate, or shall operate | 617 |
| as a revocation of the order admitting the authenticated copy of | 618 |
| the will of earlier date to record. The probate court shall | 619 |
| enter on the record of the earlier will a marginal note "later | 620 |
| will admitted to probate \dots " (giving the date admitted). | 621 |
| (B) When a will that has been declared valid pursuant to | 622 |
| division (A)(1) of section 2107.084 5817.10 of the Revised Code | 623 |
| has been admitted to probate by a probate court, and an | 624 |
| authenticated copy of another will of later date that was | 625 |
| executed and proved as required by law is presented to the same | 626 |
| court for record, the will of later date shall be admitted the | 627 |
| same as if no other will had been admitted and the proceedings | 628 |
| shall continue as provided in this section. | 629 |
| Sec. 2107.33. (A) A will shall be revoked in the following | 630 |
| manners: | 631 |
| (1) By the testator by tearing, canceling, obliterating, | 632 |
| or destroying it with the intention of revoking it; | 633 |
| (2) By some person, at the request of the testator and in | 634 |
| the testator's presence, by tearing, canceling, obliterating, or | 635 |
| destroying it with the intention of revoking it; | 636 |
| (3) By some person tearing, canceling, obliterating, or | 637 |

destroying it pursuant to the testator's express written

| direction; | 639 |
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| (4) By some other written will or codicil, executed as | 640 |
| prescribed by this chapter; | 641 |
| (5) By some other writing that is signed, attested, and | 642 |
| subscribed in the manner provided by this chapter. | 643 |
| (B) A will that has been declared valid and is in the | 644 |
| possession of a probate judge also may be revoked according to | 645 |
| division (C) of section 2107.084 of the Revised Code. | 646 |
| (C) If a testator removes a will that has been declared | 647 |
| valid and is in the possession of a probate judge pursuant to | 648 |
| section 2107.084 of the Revised Code from the possession of the | 649 |
| judge, the declaration of validity that was rendered no longer- | 650 |
| has any effect. | 651 |
| (D)—If after executing a will, a testator is divorced, | 652 |
| obtains a dissolution of marriage, has the testator's marriage | 653 |
| annulled, or, upon actual separation from the testator's spouse, | 654 |
| enters into a separation agreement pursuant to which the parties | 655 |
| intend to fully and finally settle their prospective property | 656 |
| rights in the property of the other, whether by expected | 657 |
| inheritance or otherwise, any disposition or appointment of | 658 |
| property made by the will to the former spouse or to a trust | 659 |
| with powers created by or available to the former spouse, any | 660 |
| provision in the will conferring a general or special power of | 661 |
| appointment on the former spouse, and any nomination in the will | 662 |
| of the former spouse as executor, trustee, or guardian shall be | 663 |
| revoked unless the will expressly provides otherwise. | 664 |
| (E) (C) Property prevented from passing to a former spouse | 665 |
| or to a trust with powers created by or available to the former | 666 |
| spouse because of revocation by this section shall pass as if | 667 |

| the former spouse failed to survive the decedent, and other | 668 |
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| provisions conferring some power or office on the former spouse | 669 |
| shall be interpreted as if the spouse failed to survive the | 670 |
| decedent. If provisions are revoked solely by this section, they | 671 |
| shall be deemed to be revived by the testator's remarriage with | 672 |
| the former spouse or upon the termination of a separation | 673 |
| agreement executed by them. | 674 |
| $\frac{(F)-(D)}{(D)}$ A bond, agreement, or covenant made by a testator, | 675 |
| for a valuable consideration, to convey property previously | 676 |
| devised or bequeathed in a will does not revoke the devise or | 677 |
| bequest. The property passes by the devise or bequest, subject | 678 |
| to the remedies on the bond, agreement, or covenant, for a | 679 |
| specific performance or otherwise, against the devisees or | 680 |
| legatees, that might be had by law against the heirs of the | 681 |
| testator, or the testator's next of kin, if the property had | 682 |
| descended to them. | 683 |
| (G) (E) A testator's revocation of a will shall be valid | 684 |
| only if the testator, at the time of the revocation, has the | 685 |
| same capacity as the law requires for the execution of a will. | 686 |
| (H) (F) As used in this section: | 687 |
| (1) "Trust with powers created by or available to the | 688 |
| former spouse" means a trust that is revocable by the former | 689 |
| spouse, with respect to which the former spouse has a power of | 690 |
| withdrawal, or with respect to which the former spouse may take | 691 |
| a distribution that is not subject to an ascertainable standard | 692 |
| but does not mean a trust in which those powers of the former | 693 |
| spouse are revoked by section 5815.31 of the Revised Code or | 694 |
| similar provisions in the law of another state. | 695 |

(2) "Ascertainable standard" means a standard that is

| related to a trust beneficiary's health, maintenance, support, | 697 |
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| or education. | 698 |
| Sec. 2107.52. (A) As used in this section: | 699 |
| (1) "Class member" means an individual who fails to | 700 |
| survive the testator but who would have taken under a devise in | 701 |
| the form of a class gift had the individual survived the | 702 |
| testator. | 703 |
| (2) "Descendant of a grandparent" means an individual who | 704 |
| qualifies as a descendant of a grandparent of the testator or of | 705 |
| the donor of a power of appointment under either of the | 706 |
| following: | 707 |
| (a) The rules of construction applicable to a class gift | 708 |
| created in the testator's will if the devise or the exercise of | 709 |
| the power of appointment is in the form of a class gift; | 710 |
| (b) The rules for intestate succession if the devise or | 711 |
| the exercise of the power of appointment is not in the form of a | 712 |
| class gift. | 713 |
| (3) "Devise" means an alternative devise, a devise in the | 714 |
| form of a class gift, or an exercise of a power of appointment. | 715 |
| (4) "Devisee" means any of the following: | 716 |
| (a) A class member if the devise is in the form of a class | 717 |
| gift; | 718 |
| (b) An individual or class member who was deceased at the | 719 |
| time the testator executed the testator's will or an individual | 720 |
| or class member who was then living but who failed to survive | 721 |
| the testator; | 722 |
| (c) An appointee under a power of appointment exercised by | 723 |

| the testator's will. | 724 |
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| (5) "Per stirpes" means that the shares of the descendants | 725 |
| of a devisee who does not survive the testator are determined in | 726 |
| the same way they would have been determined under division (A) | 727 |
| of section 2105.06 of the Revised Code if the devisee had died | 728 |
| intestate and unmarried on the date of the testator's death. | 729 |
| (6) "Stepchild" means a child of the surviving, deceased, | 730 |
| or former spouse of the testator or of the donor of a power of | 731 |
| appointment and not of the testator or donor. | 732 |
| (7) "Surviving devisee" or "surviving descendant" means a | 733 |
| devisee or descendant, whichever is applicable, who survives the | 734 |
| testator by at least one hundred twenty hours. | 735 |
| (8) "Testator" includes the donee of a power of | 736 |
| appointment if the power is exercised in the testator's will. | 737 |
| (B)(1) As used in "surviving descendants" in divisions (B) | 738 |
| (2)(a) and (b) of this section, "descendants" means the | 739 |
| descendants of a deceased devisee or class member under the | 740 |
| applicable division who would take under a class gift created in | 741 |
| the testator's will. | 742 |
| (2) Unless a contrary intent appears in the will, if a | 743 |
| devisee fails to survive the testator and is a grandparent, a | 744 |
| descendant of a grandparent, or a stepchild of either the | 745 |
| testator or the donor of a power of appointment exercised by the | 746 |
| testator's will, either of the following applies: | 747 |
| (a) If the devise is not in the form of a class gift and | 748 |
| the deceased devisee leaves surviving descendants, a substitute | 749 |
| gift is created in the devisee's surviving descendants. The | 750 |
| surviving descendants take, per stirpes, the property to which | 751 |

the devisee would have been entitled had the devisee survived

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the testator.

- (b) If the devise is in the form of a class gift, other 754 than a devise to "issue," "descendants," "heirs of the body," 755 "heirs," "next of kin," "relatives," or "family," or a class 756 described by language of similar import that includes more than 757 one generation, a substitute gift is created in the surviving 758 descendants of any deceased devisee. The property to which the 759 devisees would have been entitled had all of them survived the 760 testator passes to the surviving devisees and the surviving 761 762 descendants of the deceased devisees. Each surviving devisee takes the share to which the surviving devisee would have been 763 entitled had the deceased devisees survived the testator. Each 764 deceased devisee's surviving descendants who are substituted for 765 the deceased devisee take, per stirpes, the share to which the 766 deceased devisee would have been entitled had the deceased 767 devisee survived the testator. For purposes of division (B)(2) 768 (b) of this section, "deceased devisee" means a class member who 769 failed to survive the testator by at least one hundred twenty 770 hours and left one or more surviving descendants. 771
- (C) For purposes of this section, each of the following applies:
- (1) Attaching the word "surviving" or "living" to a devise, such as a gift "to my surviving (or living) children," is not, in the absence of other language in the will or other evidence to the contrary, a sufficient indication of an intent to negate the application of division (B) of this section.
- (2) Attaching other words of survivorship to a devise, such as "to my child, if my child survives me," is, in the absence of other language in the will or other evidence to the contrary, a sufficient indication of an intent to negate the

| application of division (B) of this section. | 783 |
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| (3) A residuary clause is not a sufficient indication of | 784 |
| an intent to negate the application of division (B) of this | 785 |
| section unless the will specifically provides that upon lapse or | 786 |
| failure the nonresiduary devise, or nonresiduary devises in | 787 |
| general, pass under the residuary clause. | 788 |
| (4) Unless the language creating a power of appointment | 789 |
| expressly excludes the substitution of the descendants of an | 790 |
| appointee for the appointee, a surviving descendant of a | 791 |
| deceased appointee of a power of appointment may be substituted | 792 |
| for the appointee under this section, whether or not the | 793 |
| descendant is an object of the power of appointment. | 794 |
| (D) Except as provided in division (A), (B), or (C) of | 795 |
| this section, each of the following applies: | 796 |
| (1) A devise, other than a residuary devise, that fails | 797 |
| for any reason becomes a part of the residue. | 798 |
| (2) If the residue is devised to two or more persons, the | 799 |
| share of a residuary devisee that fails for any reason passes to | 800 |
| the other residuary devisee, or to other residuary devisees in | 801 |
| proportion to the interest of each in the remaining part of the | 802 |
| residue. | 803 |
| (3) If a residuary devise fails for any reason in its | 804 |
| entirety, the residue passes by intestate succession. | 805 |
| (E) This section applies only to outright devises and | 806 |
| appointments. Devises and appointments in trust, including to a | 807 |
| testamentary trust, are subject to section 5808.19 of the | 808 |
| Revised Code. | 809 |
| (F) This section applies to wills of decedents who die on | 810 |

| or after the effective date of this section March 22, 2012. | 811 |
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| Sec. 2107.71. (A) A person interested in a will or codicil | 812 |
| admitted to probate in the probate court that has not been | 813 |
| declared valid by judgment of a probate court pursuant to | 814 |
| division (A)(1) of section $2107.084-5817.10$ of the Revised Code | 815 |
| or that has been declared valid by judgment of a probate court- | 816 |
| pursuant to section 2107.084 of the Revised Code but has been | 817 |
| removed from the possession of the probate judge, may contest | 818 |
| its validity by filing a complaint in the probate court in the | 819 |
| county in which the will or codicil was admitted to probate. | 820 |
| (B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, no | 821 |
| person may contest the validity of any will or codicil as to | 822 |
| facts decided if it was submitted to a probate court by the | 823 |
| testator during the testator's lifetime and declared valid by | 824 |
| judgment of the probate a court and filed with the judge of the | 825 |
| probate court pursuant to division (A)(1) of section 2107.084 | 826 |
| 5817.10 of the Revised Code and if the will was not removed from | 827 |
| the possession of the probate judge. A person may contest the | 828 |
| validity of that will, modification, or codicil as to those | 829 |
| facts if the person is one who should have been named a party | 830 |
| defendant in the action in which the will, modification, or | 831 |
| codicil was declared valid, pursuant to <u>division (A) of section</u> | 832 |
| $\frac{2107.081 \text{ or } 2107.084}{5817.05}$ of the Revised Code, and if the | 833 |
| person was not named a defendant and properly served in that | 834 |
| action. Upon the filing of a complaint contesting the validity | 835 |
| of a will or codicil that is authorized by this division, the | 836 |
| court shall proceed with the action in the same manner as if the | 837 |
| will, modification, or codicil had not been previously declared | 838 |
| valid under sections 2107.081 to 2107.085 of the Revised Code. | 839 |

(C) No person may introduce, as evidence in an action

| authorized by this section contesting the validity of a will, | 841 |
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| the fact that the testator of the will did not file a complaint | 842 |
| for a judgment declaring its validity under section 2107.081 | 843 |
| <u>Chapter 5817.</u> of the Revised Code. | 844 |
| Sec. 2111.182. If a minor is entitled to money or property | 845 |
| whether by settlement or judgment for personal injury or damage | 846 |
| to tangible or intangible property, inheritance or otherwise, | 847 |
| the probate court may order that all or a portion of the amount | 848 |
| received by the minor be deposited into a trust for the benefit | 849 |
| of that beneficiary until the beneficiary reaches twenty-five | 850 |
| years of age, and order the distribution of the amount in | 851 |
| accordance with the provisions of the trust. Prior to the | 852 |
| appointment as a trustee of a trust created pursuant to this | 853 |
| section, the person to be appointed shall be approved by a | 854 |
| parent or guardian of the minor beneficiary of the trust, unless | 855 |
| otherwise ordered by the probate court. | 856 |
| Sec. 2111.52. (A) A probate court may accept funds or | 857 |
| other program assistance from, or charge fees for services | 858 |
| described in division (C) of this section rendered to, | 859 |
| individuals, corporations, agencies, or organizations, | 860 |
| including, but not limited to, a county board of alcohol, drug | 861 |
| addiction, and mental health services or a county board of | 862 |
| developmental disabilities, unless a county board of alcohol, | 863 |
| drug addiction, and mental health services or a county board of | 864 |
| developmental disabilities does not agree to the payment of | 865 |
| those fees. Any funds or fees received by the probate court | 866 |
| under this division shall be paid into the county treasury and | 867 |
| credited to a fund to be known as the county probate court | 868 |
| guardianship services fund. | 869 |

(B) The probate courts of two or more counties may accept

| funds or other program assistance from, or charge fees for | 871 |
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| services described in division (C) of this section rendered to, | 872 |
| individuals, corporations, agencies, or organizations, | 873 |
| including, but not limited to, a county board of alcohol, drug | 874 |
| addiction, and mental health services or a county board of | 875 |
| developmental disabilities, unless a county board of alcohol, | 876 |
| drug addiction, and mental health services or a county board of | 877 |
| developmental disabilities does not agree to the payment of | 878 |
| those fees. Any funds or fees received by the probate courts of | 879 |
| two or more counties under this division shall be paid into the | 880 |
| county treasury of one or more of the counties and credited to a | 881 |
| fund to be known as the multicounty probate court guardianship | 882 |
| services fund. | 883 |
| (C) The moneys in a county or multicounty probate court | 884 |
| guardianship services fund shall be used for services to help | 885 |
| ensure the treatment of any person who is under the care of a | 886 |
| county board of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health | 887 |
| services or a county board of developmental disabilities, or any | 888 |
| other guardianships. These services include, but are not limited | 889 |
| to, involuntary commitment proceedings and the establishment and | 890 |
| management of adult guardianships, including all associated | 891 |
| expenses, for wards who are under the care of a county board of | 892 |
| alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services, a county | 893 |
| board of developmental disabilities, or any other guardianships. | 894 |
| (D) If a judge of a probate court determines that some of | 895 |
| the moneys in the county or multicounty probate court | 896 |
| guardianship services fund are needed for the efficient | 897 |
| operation of that probate court, the moneys may be used for the | 898 |
| acquisition of equipment, the hiring and training of staff, | 899 |
| community services programs, volunteer guardianship training | 900 |
| services, the employment of magistrates, and other related | 901 |

| services. | 902 |
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| (E) The moneys in the county or multicounty probate court | 903 |
| guardianship services fund that may be used in part for the | 904 |
| establishment and management of adult guardianships under | 905 |
| division (C) of this section may be utilized to establish a | 906 |
| county or multicounty guardianship service. | 907 |
| (F) (1) A county or multicounty guardianship service under | 908 |
| division (E) of this section is established by creating a county | 909 |
| or multicounty guardianship service board. The judge of the | 910 |
| probate court shall appoint one member. The board of directors | 911 |
| of a county board of developmental disabilities shall appoint | 912 |
| one member. The board of directors of a county board of alcohol, | 913 |
| drug addiction, and mental health services shall appoint one | 914 |
| member. The term of appointment of each member is four years. | 915 |
| (2) The county or multicounty guardianship services board | 916 |
| may appoint a director of the board. The board shall determine | 917 |
| the compensation of the director based on the availability of | 918 |
| funds contained in the county or multicounty probate court | 919 |
| guardianship services fund. | 920 |
| (3) The county or multicounty guardianship services board | 921 |
| may receive appointments from one or more county probate courts | 922 |
| to serve as guardians of both the person and estate of wards. | 923 |
| The director or any designee of a county or multicounty | 924 |
| guardianship services board may act on behalf of the board in | 925 |
| relation to all guardianship matters. | 926 |
| (4) The director of a county or multicounty guardianship | 927 |
| services board may hire employees subject to available funds in | 928 |
| the county or multicounty probate court quardianship services | 929 |
| fund. | 930 |

| (5) The county or multicounty guardianship services board | 931 |
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| may charge a reasonable fee for services provided to wards. A | 932 |
| probate judge shall approve any fees charged by the board under | 933 |
| division (F)(5) of this section. | 934 |
| (6) The county or multicounty guardianship services board | 935 |
| that is created under division (F)(1) of this section shall | 936 |
| promulgate all rules and regulations necessary for the efficient | 937 |
| operation of the board and the county or multicounty | 938 |
| guardianship services. | 939 |
| Sec. 2113.032. Any person who is entitled to be appointed | 940 |
| as a personal representative of a decedent may file an | 941 |
| application with the probate court in the county in which the | 942 |
| decedent resided seeking the release of the decedent's medical | 943 |
| records and medical billing records. The application shall | 944 |
| include a decedent's estate form listing the decedent's known | 945 |
| surviving spouse, children, next of kin, legatees, and devisees, | 946 |
| if any. The application may be filed prior to the filing of any | 947 |
| application for authority to administer the decedent's estate. | 948 |
| Upon the filing of the application and the payment of a filing | 949 |
| fee as determined by the court, the probate court may order that | 950 |
| release without a hearing and direct all medical providers that | 951 |
| provided medical care or treatment to the decedent to release | 952 |
| those medical records and medical billing records to the | 953 |
| applicant for the limited purpose of deciding whether or not to | 954 |
| file a wrongful death claim. The medical records and medical | 955 |
| billing records are confidential and shall not be made available | 956 |
| for public viewing. The probate court shall send copies of the | 957 |
| application and the judgment entry to anyone listed on the | 958 |
| decedent's estate form described in this section. Upon obtaining | 959 |
| the requested applicable records, the applicant shall file a | 960 |
| report with the court certifying that all requested medical | 961 |

| records and medical billing records have been received and shall | 962 |
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| indicate whether an administration of the decedent's estate will | 963 |
| be filed within the applicable statute of limitations filing | 964 |
| time. | 965 |
| Sec. 2137.01. As used in this chapter: | 966 |
| (A) "Account" means an arrangement under a terms-of- | 967 |
| service agreement in which a custodian carries, maintains, | 968 |
| processes, receives, or stores a digital asset of the user or | 969 |
| provides goods or services to the user. | 970 |
| (B) "Agent" means a person granted authority to act for a | 971 |
| principal under a power of attorney, whether denominated as | 972 |
| agent, attorney in fact, or otherwise. | 973 |
| (C) "Carries" means engages in the transmission of an | 974 |
| electronic communication. | 975 |
| (D) "Catalogue of electronic communications" means | 976 |
| information that identifies each person with which a user has | 977 |
| had an electronic communication, the time and date of the | 978 |
| communication, and the electronic address of the person. | 979 |
| (E) "Content of an electronic communication" means | 980 |
| information concerning the substance or meaning of the | 981 |
| communication that meets all of the following conditions: | 982 |
| (1) It has been sent or received by a user. | 983 |
| (2) It is in electronic storage by a custodian providing | 984 |
| an electronic-communication service to the public or is carried | 985 |
| or maintained by a custodian providing a remote-computing | 986 |
| service to the public. | 987 |
| (3) It is not readily accessible to the public. | 988 |

| (F) "Court" means the probate court for all matters in | 989 |
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| which the court has exclusive jurisdiction under section 2101.24 | 990 |
| of the Revised Code. "Court" also includes the probate court or | 991 |
| the general division of the court of common pleas for matters in | 992 |
| which such courts have concurrent jurisdiction under section | 993 |
| 2101.24 of the Revised Code. | 994 |
| (G) "Custodian" means a person that carries, maintains, | 995 |
| processes, receives, or stores a digital asset of a user. | 996 |
| (H) "Designated recipient" means a person chosen by a user | 997 |
| using an online tool to administer digital assets of the user. | 998 |
| (I) "Digital asset" means an electronic record in which an | 999 |
| individual has a right or interest. "Digital asset" does not | 1000 |
| include an underlying asset or liability unless the asset or | 1001 |
| liability is itself an electronic record. | 1002 |
| (J) "Electronic" means relating to technology having | 1003 |
| electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, | 1004 |
| electromagnetic, or similar capabilities. | 1005 |
| (K) "Electronic communication" has the same meaning as in | 1006 |
| 18 U.S.C. 2510(12), as amended. | 1007 |
| (L) "Electronic-communication service" means a custodian | 1008 |
| that provides to a user the ability to send or receive an | 1009 |
| electronic communication. | 1010 |
| (M) "Fiduciary" means an original, additional, or | 1011 |
| successor agent, guardian, personal representative, or trustee. | 1012 |
| (N)(1) "Guardian" means any person, association, or | 1013 |
| corporation appointed by the probate court to have the care and | 1014 |
| management of the person, the estate, or the person and the | 1015 |
| estate of an incompetent or minor. When applicable, "guardian" | 1016 |

| includes, but is not limited to, a limited guardian, an interim | 1017 |
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| guardian, a standby guardian, and an emergency guardian | 1018 |
| appointed pursuant to division (B) of section 2111.02 of the | 1019 |
| Revised Code. "Guardian" also includes both of the following: | 1020 |
| (a) An agency under contract with the department of | 1021 |
| developmental disabilities for the provision of protective | 1022 |
| service under sections 5123.55 to 5123.59 of the Revised Code | 1023 |
| when appointed by the probate court to have the care and | 1024 |
| management of the person of an incompetent; | 1025 |
| (b) A conservator appointed by the probate court in an | 1026 |
| order of conservatorship issued pursuant to section 2111.021 of | 1027 |
| the Revised Code. | 1028 |
| (2) "Guardian" does not include a guardian under sections | 1029 |
| 5905.01 to 5905.19 of the Revised Code. | 1030 |
| (O) "Information" means data, text, images, videos, | 1031 |
| sounds, codes, computer programs, software, databases, or the | 1032 |
| like. | 1033 |
| (P) "Online tool" means an electronic service provided by | 1034 |
| a custodian that allows the user, in an agreement distinct from | 1035 |
| the terms-of-service agreement between the custodian and user, | 1036 |
| to provide directions for disclosure or nondisclosure of digital | 1037 |
| assets to a third person. | 1038 |
| (Q) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business | 1039 |
| trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, | 1040 |
| association, joint venture, government, governmental agency or | 1041 |
| instrumentality, public corporation, or any other legal or | 1042 |
| commercial entity. | 1043 |
| (R) "Personal representative" means an executor, | 1044 |
| administrator, special administrator, or other person acting | 1045 |
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| under the authority of the probate court to perform | 1046 |
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| substantially the same function under the law of this state. | 1047 |
| "Personal representative" also includes a commissioner in a | 1048 |
| release of assets from administration under section 2113.03 of | 1049 |
| the Revised Code and an applicant for summary release from | 1050 |
| administration under section 2113.031 of the Revised Code. | 1051 |
| (S) "Power of attorney" means a writing or other record | 1052 |
| that grants authority to an agent to act in the place of the | 1053 |
| principal. | 1054 |
| (T) "Principal" means an individual who grants authority | 1055 |
| to an agent in a power of attorney. | 1056 |
| (U) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a | 1057 |
| tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other | 1058 |
| medium and is retrievable in perceivable form. | 1059 |
| (V) "Remote-computing service" means a custodian that | 1060 |
| provides to a user computer-processing services or the storage | 1061 |
| of digital assets by means of an electronic communications | 1062 |
| system, as defined in 18 U.S.C. 2510(14), as amended. | 1063 |
| (W) "Terms-of-service agreement" means an agreement that | 1064 |
| controls the relationship between a user and a custodian. | 1065 |
| (X) "Trustee" means a fiduciary with legal title to | 1066 |
| property pursuant to an agreement or declaration that creates a | 1067 |
| beneficial interest in another. "Trustee" includes an original, | 1068 |
| additional, and successor trustee and a cotrustee. | 1069 |
| (Y) "User" means a person that has an account with a | 1070 |
| custodian. | 1071 |
| (Z) "Ward" means any person for whom a guardian is acting | 1072 |

or for whom the probate court is acting pursuant to section

| 2111.50 of the Revised Code. "Ward" includes a person for whom a | 1074 |
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| conservator has been appointed by the probate court in an order | 1075 |
| of conservatorship issued pursuant to section 2111.021 of the | 1076 |
| Revised Code. | 1077 |
| (AA) "Will" includes codicils to wills admitted to | 1078 |
| probate, lost, spoliated, or destroyed wills, and instruments | 1079 |
| admitted to probate under section 2107.081 Chapter 5817. of the | 1080 |
| Revised Code. "Will" does not include inter vivos trusts or | 1081 |
| other instruments that have not been admitted to probate. | 1082 |
| Sec. 2721.03. Subject to division (B) of section 2721.02 | 1083 |
| of the Revised Code, any person interested under a deed, will, | 1084 |
| written contract, or other writing constituting a contract or | 1085 |
| any person whose rights, status, or other legal relations are | 1086 |
| affected by a constitutional provision, statute, rule as defined | 1087 |
| in section 119.01 of the Revised Code, municipal ordinance, | 1088 |
| township resolution, contract, or franchise may have determined | 1089 |
| any question of construction or validity arising under the | 1090 |
| instrument, constitutional provision, statute, rule, ordinance, | 1091 |
| resolution, contract, or franchise and obtain a declaration of | 1092 |
| rights, status, or other legal relations under it. | 1093 |
| The testator of a will may have the validity of the will | 1094 |
| determined at any time during the testator's lifetime pursuant | 1095 |
| to sections 2107.081 to 2107.085 Chapter 5817. of the Revised | 1096 |
| Code. The settlor of a trust may have the validity of the trust | 1097 |
| determined at any time during the settlor's lifetime pursuant to | 1098 |
| Chapter 5817. of the Revised Code. | 1099 |
| Sec. 5802.03. The (A) Except as otherwise provided in | 1100 |
| division (B) of this section, the probate division of the court | 1101 |
| of common pleas has concurrent jurisdiction with, and the same | 1102 |
| powers at law and in equity as, the general division of the | 1103 |
| | |

| court of common pleas to issue writs and orders and to hear and | 1104 |
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| determine any action that involves an inter vivos trust. | 1105 |
| (B) The probate division of the court of common pleas has | 1106 |
| exclusive jurisdiction to render declaratory judgments under | 1107 |
| Chapter 5817. of the Revised Code. However, the probate division | 1108 |
| of the court of common pleas may transfer a declaratory judgment | 1109 |
| proceeding under that chapter to the general division of the | 1110 |
| court of common pleas pursuant to division (A) of section | 1111 |
| 5817.04 of the Revised Code. | 1112 |
| Sec. 5802.05. (A) A provision in the terms of a trust, | 1113 |
| excluding a testamentary trust, that requires the arbitration of | 1114 |
| disputes, other than disputes of the validity of all or a part | 1115 |
| of a trust instrument, between or among the beneficiaries and a | 1116 |
| fiduciary under the trust, or a combination of those persons or | 1117 |
| entities, is enforceable. | 1118 |
| (B) Unless otherwise specified in the terms of the trust, | 1119 |
| a trust provision requiring arbitration as described in division | 1120 |
| (A) of this section shall be presumed to require binding | 1121 |
| arbitration under Chapter 2711. of the Revised Code. | 1122 |
| Sec. 5806.04. (A) Any Subject to division (E) of this | 1123 |
| section, any of the following actions pertaining to a revocable | 1124 |
| trust that is made irrevocable by the death of the settlor of | 1125 |
| the trust shall be commenced by the earlier of the date that is | 1126 |
| two years after the date of the death of the settlor of the | 1127 |
| trust or that is six months from the date on which the trustee | 1128 |
| sends the person bringing the action a copy of the trust | 1129 |
| instrument and a notice informing the person of the trust's | 1130 |
| existence, of the trustee's name and address, and of the time | 1131 |
| allowed under this division for commencing an action: | 1132 |

| (1) An action to contest the validity of the trust; | 1133 |
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| (2) An action to contest the validity of any amendment to | 1134 |
| the trust that was made during the lifetime of the settlor of | 1135 |
| the trust; | 1136 |
| (3) An action to contest the revocation of the trust | 1137 |
| during the lifetime of the settlor of the trust; | 1138 |
| (4) An action to contest the validity of any transfer made | 1139 |
| to the trust during the lifetime of the settlor of the trust. | 1140 |
| (B) Upon the death of the settlor of a revocable trust | 1141 |
| that was made irrevocable by the death of the settlor, the | 1142 |
| trustee, without liability, may proceed to distribute the trust | 1143 |
| property in accordance with the terms of the trust unless either | 1144 |
| of the following applies: | 1145 |
| (1) The trustee has actual knowledge of a pending action | 1146 |
| to contest the validity of the trust, any amendment to the | 1147 |
| trust, the revocation of the trust, or any transfer made to the | 1148 |
| trust during the lifetime of the settlor of the trust. | 1149 |
| (2) The trustee receives written notification from a | 1150 |
| potential contestant of a potential action to contest the | 1151 |
| validity of the trust, any amendment to the trust, the | 1152 |
| revocation of the trust, or any transfer made to the trust | 1153 |
| during the lifetime of the settlor of the trust, and the action | 1154 |
| is actually filed within ninety days after the written | 1155 |
| notification was given to the trustee. | 1156 |
| (C) If a distribution of trust property is made pursuant | 1157 |
| to division (B) of this section, a beneficiary of the trust | 1158 |
| shall return any distribution to the extent that it exceeds the | 1159 |
| distribution to which the beneficiary is entitled if the trust, | 1160 |
| an amendment to the trust, or a transfer made to the trust later | 1161 |

| is determined to be invalid. | 1162 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (D) This section applies only to revocable trusts that are | 1163 |
| made irrevocable by the death of the settlor of the trust if the | 1164 |
| grantor dies on or after July 23, 2002. | 1165 |
| (E) Except as otherwise provided in this division, no | 1166 |
| person may contest the validity of any trust as to facts decided | 1167 |
| if the trust was submitted to a probate court by the settlor | 1168 |
| during the settlor's lifetime and declared valid by the judgment | 1169 |
| of a court pursuant to division (B)(1) of section 5817.10 of the | 1170 |
| Revised Code. A person may contest the validity of that trust as | 1171 |
| to those facts if the person is one who should have been named a | 1172 |
| party defendant in the action in which the trust was declared | 1173 |
| valid, pursuant to division (A) of section 5817.06 of the | 1174 |
| Revised Code, and if the person was not named a defendant and | 1175 |
| properly served in that action. | 1176 |
| | |
| Sec. 5808.19. (A) As used in this section, unless | 1177 |
| Sec. 5808.19. (A) As used in this section, unless otherwise provided in any other provision in this section: | 1177 1178 |
| | |
| otherwise provided in any other provision in this section: | 1178 |
| otherwise provided in any other provision in this section: (1) "Beneficiary" means the beneficiary of a future | 1178 1179 |
| otherwise provided in any other provision in this section: (1) "Beneficiary" means the beneficiary of a future interest and includes a class member if the future interest is | 1178 1179 1180 |
| otherwise provided in any other provision in this section: (1) "Beneficiary" means the beneficiary of a future interest and includes a class member if the future interest is in the form of a class gift. | 1178 1179 1180 1181 |
| otherwise provided in any other provision in this section: (1) "Beneficiary" means the beneficiary of a future interest and includes a class member if the future interest is in the form of a class gift. (2) "Class member" means an individual who fails to | 1178 1179 1180 1181 |
| otherwise provided in any other provision in this section: (1) "Beneficiary" means the beneficiary of a future interest and includes a class member if the future interest is in the form of a class gift. (2) "Class member" means an individual who fails to survive the distribution date by at least one hundred twenty | 1178 1179 1180 1181 1182 1183 |
| otherwise provided in any other provision in this section: (1) "Beneficiary" means the beneficiary of a future interest and includes a class member if the future interest is in the form of a class gift. (2) "Class member" means an individual who fails to survive the distribution date by at least one hundred twenty hours but who would have taken under a future interest in the | 1178 1179 1180 1181 1182 1183 |
| otherwise provided in any other provision in this section: (1) "Beneficiary" means the beneficiary of a future interest and includes a class member if the future interest is in the form of a class gift. (2) "Class member" means an individual who fails to survive the distribution date by at least one hundred twenty hours but who would have taken under a future interest in the form of a class gift had the individual survived the | 1178 1179 1180 1181 1182 1183 1184 |
| otherwise provided in any other provision in this section: (1) "Beneficiary" means the beneficiary of a future interest and includes a class member if the future interest is in the form of a class gift. (2) "Class member" means an individual who fails to survive the distribution date by at least one hundred twenty hours but who would have taken under a future interest in the form of a class gift had the individual survived the distribution date by at least one hundred twenty hours. | 1178 1179 1180 1181 1182 1183 1184 1185 |
| otherwise provided in any other provision in this section: (1) "Beneficiary" means the beneficiary of a future interest and includes a class member if the future interest is in the form of a class gift. (2) "Class member" means an individual who fails to survive the distribution date by at least one hundred twenty hours but who would have taken under a future interest in the form of a class gift had the individual survived the distribution date by at least one hundred twenty hours. (3) "Descendant of a grandparent of the transferor" means | 1178 1179 1180 1181 1182 1183 1184 1185 1186 |

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descendants of the transferor's grandparent. 1191 (4) "Distribution date," with respect to a future 1192 interest, means the time when the future interest is to take 1193 effect in possession or enjoyment. The distribution date need 1194 not occur at the beginning or end of a calendar day but may 1195 occur at a time during the course of a day. 1196 (5) "Future interest" means an alternative future interest 1197 or a future interest in the form of a class gift. 1198 (6) "Future interest under the terms of a trust" means a 1199 future interest that was created by a transfer creating a trust 1200 or a transfer to an existing trust, or by an exercise of a power 1201 of appointment to an existing trust, that directs the 1202 continuance of an existing trust, designates a beneficiary of an 1203 existing trust, or creates a trust. 1204 (7) "Per stirpes" means that the shares of the descendants 1205 of a beneficiary who does not survive the distribution date by 1206 at least one hundred twenty hours are determined in the same way 1207 they would have been determined under division (A) of section 1208 2105.06 of the Revised Code if the beneficiary had died 1209 intestate and unmarried on the distribution date. 1210 (8) "Revocable trust" means a trust that was revocable 1211 immediately before the settlor's death by the settlor alone or 1212 1213 by the settlor with the consent of any person other than a person holding an adverse interest. A trust's characterization 1214 as revocable is not affected by the settlor's lack of capacity 1215 to exercise the power of revocation, regardless of whether an 1216 agent of the settlor under a power of attorney, or a guardian of 1217 the person or estate of the settlor, was serving. 1218

(9) "Stepchild" means a child of the surviving, deceased,

| or former spouse of the transferor and not of the transferor. | 1220 |
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| (10) "Transferor" means any of the following: | 1221 |
| (a) The donor and donee of a power of appointment, if the | 1222 |
| future interest was in property as a result of the exercise of a | 1223 |
| power of appointment; | 1224 |
| (b) The testator, if the future interest was devised by | 1225 |
| will; | 1226 |
| (c) The settlor, if the future interest was conveyed by | 1227 |
| inter vivos trust. | 1228 |
| (B)(1)(a) As used in "surviving descendants" in divisions | 1229 |
| (B)(2)(b)(i) and (ii) of this section, "descendants" means the | 1230 |
| descendants of a deceased beneficiary or class member who would | 1231 |
| take under a class gift created in the trust. | 1232 |
| (b) As used in divisions (B)(2)(b)(i) and (ii) of this | 1233 |
| section, "surviving beneficiaries" or "surviving descendants" | 1234 |
| means beneficiaries or descendants, whichever is applicable, who | 1235 |
| survive the distribution date by at least one hundred twenty | 1236 |
| hours. | 1237 |
| (2) Unless a contrary intent appears in the instrument | 1238 |
| creating a future interest under the terms of a trust, each of | 1239 |
| the following applies: | 1240 |
| (a) A future interest under the terms of a trust is | 1241 |
| contingent on the beneficiary's surviving the distribution date | 1242 |
| by at least one hundred twenty hours. | 1243 |
| (b) If a beneficiary of a future interest under the terms | 1244 |
| of a trust does not survive the distribution date by at least | 1245 |
| one hundred twenty hours and if the beneficiary is a grandparent | 1246 |
| of the transferor, a descendant of a grandparent of the | 1247 |

| transferor, | or a | stepchild | of th | e transferor, | either | of | the | 1248 |
|--------------|-------|-----------|-------|---------------|--------|----|-----|------|
| following ap | pplie | s: | | | | | | 1249 |

- (i) If the future interest is not in the form of a class

 gift and the deceased beneficiary leaves surviving descendants,

 a substitute gift is created in the beneficiary's surviving

 descendants. The surviving descendants take, per stirpes, the

 property to which the beneficiary would have been entitled had

 the beneficiary survived the distribution date by at least one

 hundred twenty hours.

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- (ii) If the future interest is in the form of a class 1257 gift, other than a future interest to "issue," "descendants," 1258 "heirs of the body," "heirs," "next of kin," "relatives," or 1259 "family," or a class described by language of similar import 1260 that includes more than one generation, a substitute gift is 1261 created in the surviving descendants of the deceased beneficiary 1262 or beneficiaries. The property to which the beneficiaries would 1263 have been entitled had all of them survived the distribution 1264 date by at least one hundred twenty hours passes to the 1265 surviving beneficiaries and the surviving descendants of the 1266 1267 deceased beneficiaries. Each surviving beneficiary takes the share to which the surviving beneficiary would have been 1268 entitled had the deceased beneficiaries survived the 1269 distribution date by at least one hundred twenty hours. Each 1270 deceased beneficiary's surviving descendants who are substituted 1271 for the deceased beneficiary take, per stirpes, the share to 1272 which the deceased beneficiary would have been entitled had the 1273 deceased beneficiary survived the distribution date by at least 1274 one hundred twenty hours. For purposes of division (B) (2) (b) (ii) 1275 of this section, "deceased beneficiary" means a class member who 1276 failed to survive the distribution date by at least one hundred 1277 twenty hours and left one or more surviving descendants. 1278

- (C) For purposes of this section, each of the following 1279 applies:
- (1) Describing a class of beneficiaries as "surviving" or 1281
 "living," without specifying when the beneficiaries must be 1282
 surviving or living, such as a gift "for my spouse for life, 1283
 then to my surviving (or living) children," is not, in the 1284
 absence of other language in the trust instrument or other 1285
 evidence to the contrary, a sufficient indication of an intent 1286
 to negate the application of division (B)(2)(b) of this section. 1287
- (2) Subject to division (C)(1) of this section, attaching 1288 words of survivorship to a future interest under the terms of a 1289 trust, such as "for my spouse for life, then to my children who 1290 survive my spouse" or "for my spouse for life, then to my then-1291 living children" is, in the absence of other language in the 1292 trust instrument or other evidence to the contrary, a sufficient 1293 indication of an intent to negate the application of division 1294 (B)(2)(b) of this section. Words of survivorship under division 1295 (C)(2) of this section include words of survivorship that relate 1296 to the distribution date or to an earlier or an unspecified 1297 time, whether those words of survivorship are expressed as 1298 condition-precedent, condition-subsequent, or in any other form. 1299
- (3) A residuary clause in a will is not a sufficient 1300 indication of an intent that is contrary to the application of 1301 this section, whether or not the will specifically provides that 1302 lapsed or failed devises are to pass under the residuary clause. 1303 A residuary clause in a revocable trust instrument is not a 1304 sufficient indication of an intent that is contrary to the 1305 application of this section unless the distribution date is the 1306 date of the settlor's death and the revocable trust instrument 1307 specifically provides that upon lapse or failure the 1308

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| nonresiduary devise, or nonresiduary devises in general, pass | 1309 |
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| under the residuary clause. | 1310 |
| (D) If, after the application of divisions (B) and (C) of | 1311 |
| this section there is no surviving taker of the property, and a | 1312 |
| contrary intent does not appear in the instrument creating the | 1313 |
| future interest, the property passes in the following order: | 1314 |
| (1) If the future interest was created by the exercise of | 1315 |
| a power of appointment, the property passes under the donor's | 1316 |
| gift-in-default clause, if any, which clause is treated as | 1317 |
| creating a future interest under the terms of a trust. | 1318 |
| (2) If no taker is produced under division (D)(1) of this | 1319 |
| section and the trust was created in a nonresiduary devise in | 1320 |
| the transferor's will or in a codicil to the transferor's will, | 1321 |
| the property passes under the residuary clause in the | 1322 |
| transferor's will. For purposes of division (D)(2) of this | 1323 |
| section, the residuary clause is treated as creating a future | 1324 |
| interest under the terms of a trust. | 1325 |
| (3) If no taker is produced under divisions (D)(1) and (2) | 1326 |
| of this section, the transferor is deceased, and the trust was | 1327 |
| created in a nonresiduary gift under the terms of a revocable | 1328 |
| trust of the transferor, the property passes under the residuary | 1329 |
| clause in the transferor's revocable trust instrument. For | 1330 |
| purposes of division (D)(3) of this section, the residuary | 1331 |
| clause in the transferor's revocable trust instrument is treated | 1332 |
| as creating a future interest under the terms of a trust. | 1333 |
| (4) If no taker is produced under divisions (D)(1), (2), | 1334 |
| and (3) of this section, the property passes to those persons | 1335 |
| who would succeed to the transferor's intestate estate and in | 1336 |

the shares as provided in the intestate succession law of the

| transferor's domicile if the transferor died on the distribution | 1338 |
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| date. Notwithstanding division (A)(10) of this section, for | 1339 |
| purposes of division (D)(4) of this section, if the future | 1340 |
| interest was created by the exercise of a power of appointment, | 1341 |
| "transferor" means the donor if the power is a nongeneral power, | 1342 |
| or the donee if the power is a general power. | 1343 |
| (E) This section applies to all trusts that become | 1344 |
| irrevocable on or after the effective date of this section March | 1345 |
| 22, 2012. This section does not apply to any trust that was | 1346 |
| irrevocable before the effective date of this section March 22, | 1347 |
| 2012, even if property was added to the trust on or after that | 1348 |
| effective date March 22, 2012. | 1349 |
| Sec. 5817.01. As used in this chapter: | 1350 |
| (A) (1) "Beneficiary under a trust" means either of the | 1351 |
| <pre>following:</pre> | 1352 |
| (a) Any person that has a present or future beneficial | 1353 |
| interest in a trust, whether vested or contingent; | 1354 |
| (b) Any person that, in a capacity other than that of | 1355 |
| trustee, holds a power of appointment over trust property, but | 1356 |
| does not include the class of permitted appointees among whom | 1357 |
| the power holder may appoint. | 1358 |
| (2) "Beneficiary under a trust" includes a charitable | 1359 |
| organization that is expressly designated in the terms of the | 1360 |
| trust to receive distributions, but does not include any | 1361 |
| charitable organization that is not expressly designated in the | 1362 |
| terms of the trust to receive distributions, but to whom the | 1363 |
| trustee may in its discretion make distributions. | 1364 |
| (B)(1) "Beneficiary under a will" means either of the | 1365 |
| following: | 1366 |

| (a) Any person designated in a will to receive a | 1367 |
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| testamentary disposition of real or personal property; | 1368 |
| (b) Any person that, in a capacity other than that of | 1369 |
| executor, holds a power of appointment over estate assets, but | 1370 |
| does not include the class of permitted appointees among whom | 1371 |
| the power holder may appoint. | 1372 |
| (2) "Beneficiary under a will" includes a charitable | 1373 |
| organization that is expressly designated in the terms of the | 1374 |
| will to receive testamentary distributions, but does not include | 1375 |
| any charitable organization that is not expressly designated in | 1376 |
| the terms of the will to receive distributions, but to whom the | 1377 |
| executor may in its discretion make distributions. | 1378 |
| (C) "Court" means the probate court of the county in which | 1379 |
| the complaint under section 5817.02 or 5817.03 of the Revised | 1380 |
| Code is filed or the general division of the court of common | 1381 |
| pleas to which the probate court transfers the proceeding under | 1382 |
| division (A) of section 5817.04 of the Revised Code. | 1383 |
| (D) "Related trust" means a trust for which both of the | 1384 |
| <pre>following apply:</pre> | 1385 |
| (1) The testator is the settlor of the trust. | 1386 |
| (2) The trust is named as a beneficiary in the will in | 1387 |
| accordance with section 2107.63 of the Revised Code. | 1388 |
| (E) "Related will" means a will for which both of the | 1389 |
| <pre>following apply:</pre> | 1390 |
| (1) The testator is the settlor of a trust. | 1391 |
| (2) The will names the trust as a beneficiary in | 1392 |
| accordance with section 2107 63 of the Revised Code | 1393 |

| (F) "Trust" means an inter vivos revocable or irrevocable | 1394 |
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| trust instrument to which, at the time the complaint for | 1395 |
| declaration of validity is filed under section 5817.03 of the | 1396 |
| Revised Code, either of the following applies: | 1397 |
| (1) The settlor resides in, or is domiciled in, this | 1398 |
| state. | 1399 |
| (2) The trust's principal place of administration is in | 1400 |
| this state. | 1401 |
| Sec. 5817.02. (A) A testator may file a complaint with the | 1402 |
| probate court to determine before the testator's death that the | 1403 |
| testator's will is a valid will subject only to subsequent | 1404 |
| revocation or modification of the will. The right to file a | 1405 |
| complaint for a determination of the validity of a testator's | 1406 |
| will under this chapter, or to voluntarily dismiss a complaint | 1407 |
| once filed, is personal to the testator and may not be exercised | 1408 |
| by the testator's guardian or an agent under the testator's | 1409 |
| <pre>power of attorney.</pre> | 1410 |
| (B) A testator who desires to obtain a validity | 1411 |
| determination as to the testator's will shall file a complaint | 1412 |
| to determine the validity of both the will and any related | 1413 |
| trust. | 1414 |
| (C) The failure of a testator to file a complaint for a | 1415 |
| judgment declaring the validity of a will shall not be construed | 1416 |
| as evidence or an admission that the will is not valid. | 1417 |
| (D) A complaint for a determination of the validity of a | 1418 |
| testator's will shall be accompanied by an express written | 1419 |
| waiver of the testator's physician-patient privilege provided in | 1420 |
| division (B) of section 2317.02 of the Revised Code. | 1421 |
| Sec. 5817.03. (A) A settlor may file a complaint with the | 1422 |

| probate court to determine before the settlor's death that the | 1423 |
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| settlor's trust is valid and enforceable under its terms, | 1424 |
| subject only to a subsequent revocation or modification of the | 1425 |
| trust. The right to file a complaint for a determination of the | 1426 |
| validity of a settlor's trust under this chapter, or to | 1427 |
| voluntarily dismiss a complaint once filed, is personal to the | 1428 |
| settlor and may not be exercised by the settlor's guardian or an | 1429 |
| agent under the settlor's power of attorney. | 1430 |
| (B) A settlor who desires to obtain a validity | 1431 |
| determination as to the settlor's trust shall file a complaint | 1432 |
| to determine the validity of both the trust and the related | 1433 |
| will. | 1434 |
| (C) The failure of a settlor to file a complaint for a | 1435 |
| judgment declaring the validity of a trust shall not be | 1436 |
| construed as evidence or an admission that the trust is not | 1437 |
| valid. | 1438 |
| (D) A complaint for a determination of the validity of a | 1439 |
| settlor's trust shall be accompanied by an express written | 1440 |
| waiver of the settlor's physician-patient privilege provided in | 1441 |
| division (B) of section 2317.02 of the Revised Code. | 1442 |
| Sec. 5817.04. (A) A complaint to determine the validity of | 1443 |
| a will or a trust shall be filed with the probate court. The | 1444 |
| probate judge, upon the motion of a party or the judge's own | 1445 |
| motion, may transfer the proceeding to the general division of | 1446 |
| the court of common pleas. | 1447 |
| (B) The venue for a complaint under section 5817.02 of the | 1448 |
| Revised Code is either of the following: | 1449 |
| (1) The probate court of the county in this state where | 1450 |
| the testator is domiciled; | 1451 |

| (2) If the testator is not domiciled in this state, the | 1452 |
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| probate court of any county in this state where any real | 1453 |
| property or personal property of the testator is located or, if | 1454 |
| there is no such property, the probate court of any county in | 1455 |
| this state. | 1456 |
| (C) The venue for a complaint under section 5817.03 of the | 1457 |
| Revised Code is either of the following: | 1458 |
| (1) The probate court of the county in this state where | 1459 |
| the settlor resides or is domiciled; | 1460 |
| (2) If the settlor does not reside or is not domiciled in | 1461 |
| this state, the probate court of the county in this state in | 1462 |
| which the trust's principal place of administration is located. | 1463 |
| Sec. 5817.05. (A) A complaint under section 5817.02 of the | 1464 |
| Revised Code shall name as party defendants all of the | 1465 |
| following, as applicable: | 1466 |
| (1) The testator's spouse; | 1467 |
| (2) The testator's children; | 1468 |
| (3) The testator's heirs who would take property pursuant | 1469 |
| to section 2105.06 of the Revised Code had the testator died | 1470 |
| intestate at the time the complaint is filed; | 1471 |
| (4) The testator's beneficiaries under the will; | 1472 |
| (5) Any beneficiary under the testator's most recent prior | 1473 |
| will. | 1474 |
| (B) A complaint under section 5817.02 of the Revised Code | 1475 |
| may name as a party defendant any other person that the testator | 1476 |
| believes may have a pecuniary interest in the determination of | 1477 |
| the validity of the testator's will. | 1478 |

| (C) A complaint under section 5817.02 of the Revised Code | 1479 |
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| may contain all or any of the following: | 1480 |
| (1) A statement that a copy of the will has been filed | 1481 |
| with the court; | 1482 |
| (2) A statement that the will is in writing; | 1483 |
| (3) A statement that the will was signed by the testator, | 1484 |
| or was signed in the testator's name by another person in the | 1485 |
| testator's conscious presence and at the testator's express | 1486 |
| direction; | 1487 |
| (4) A statement that the will was signed in the conscious | 1488 |
| presence of the testator by two or more competent individuals, | 1489 |
| each of whom either witnessed the testator sign the will, or | 1490 |
| heard the testator acknowledge signing the will; | 1491 |
| (5) A statement that the will was executed with the | 1492 |
| <pre>testator's testamentary intent;</pre> | 1493 |
| (6) A statement that the testator had testamentary | 1494 |
| <pre>capacity;</pre> | 1495 |
| (7) A statement that the testator executed the will free | 1496 |
| from undue influence, not under restraint or duress, and in the | 1497 |
| <pre>exercise of the testator's free will;</pre> | 1498 |
| (8) A statement that the execution of the will was not the | 1499 |
| result of fraud or mistake; | 1500 |
| (9) The names and addresses of the testator and all of the | 1501 |
| defendants and, if any of the defendants are minors, their ages; | 1502 |
| (10) A statement that the will has not been revoked or | 1503 |
| modified; | 1504 |
| (11) A statement that the testator is familiar with the | 1505 |

| contents of the will. | 1506 |
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| Sec. 5817.06. (A) A complaint under section 5817.03 of the | 1507 |
| Revised Code shall name as party defendants the following, as | 1508 |
| applicable: | 1509 |
| (1) The settlor's spouse; | 1510 |
| (2) The settlor's children; | 1511 |
| (3) The settlor's heirs who would take property pursuant | 1512 |
| to section 2105.06 of the Revised Code had the settlor died | 1513 |
| intestate at the time the complaint is filed; | 1514 |
| (4) The trustee or trustees under the trust; | 1515 |
| (5) The beneficiaries under the trust; | 1516 |
| (6) If the trust amends, amends and restates, or replaces | 1517 |
| a prior trust, any beneficiary under the settlor's most recent | 1518 |
| prior trust. | 1519 |
| (B) A complaint under section 5817.03 of the Revised Code | 1520 |
| may name as a party defendant any other person that the settlor | 1521 |
| believes may have a pecuniary interest in the determination of | 1522 |
| the validity of the settlor's trust. | 1523 |
| (C) A complaint under section 5817.03 of the Revised Code | 1524 |
| may contain all or any of the following: | 1525 |
| (1) A statement that a copy of the trust has been filed | 1526 |
| with the court; | 1527 |
| (2) A statement that the trust is in writing and was | 1528 |
| signed by the settlor; | 1529 |
| (3) A statement that the trust was executed with the | 1530 |
| <pre>intent to create a trust;</pre> | 1531 |

| (4) A statement that the settlor had the legal capacity to | 1532 |
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| <pre>enter into and establish the trust;</pre> | 1533 |
| (5) A statement that the trust has a definite beneficiary | 1534 |
| or is one of the following: | 1535 |
| (a) A charitable trust; | 1536 |
| (b) A trust for the care of an animal as provided in | 1537 |
| section 5804.08 of the Revised Code; | 1538 |
| (c) A trust for a noncharitable purpose as provided in | 1539 |
| section 5804.09 of the Revised Code. | 1540 |
| (6) A statement that the trustee of the trust has duties | 1541 |
| to perform; | 1542 |
| (7) A statement that the same person is not the sole | 1543 |
| trustee and sole beneficiary of the trust; | 1544 |
| (8) A statement that the settlor executed the trust free | 1545 |
| from undue influence, not under restraint or duress, and in the | 1546 |
| <pre>exercise of the settlor's free will;</pre> | 1547 |
| (9) A statement that execution of the trust was not the | 1548 |
| result of fraud or mistake; | 1549 |
| (10) The names and addresses of the settlor and all of the | 1550 |
| defendants and, if any of the defendants are minors, their ages; | 1551 |
| (11) A statement that the trust has not been revoked or | 1552 |
| <pre>modified;</pre> | 1553 |
| (12) A statement that the settlor is familiar with the | 1554 |
| contents of the trust. | 1555 |
| Sec. 5817.07. (A) Service of process, with a copy of the | 1556 |
| complaint and the will, and a copy of the related trust, if | 1557 |
| applicable, shall be made on every party defendant named in the | 1558 |

| <pre>complaint filed under section 5817.02 of the Revised Code, as</pre> | 1559 |
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| provided in the applicable Rules of Civil Procedure. | 1560 |
| (B) Service of process, with a copy of the complaint and | 1561 |
| the trust, and a copy of the related will, if applicable, shall | 1562 |
| be made on every party defendant named in the complaint filed | 1563 |
| under section 5817.03 of the Revised Code, as provided in the | 1564 |
| applicable Rules of Civil Procedure. | 1565 |
| Sec. 5817.08. (A) After a complaint is filed under section | 1566 |
| 5817.02 or 5817.03 of the Revised Code, the court shall fix a | 1567 |
| time and place for a hearing. | 1568 |
| (B) Notice of the hearing shall be given to the testator | 1569 |
| or settlor, as applicable, and to all party defendants, as | 1570 |
| provided in the applicable Rules of Civil Procedure. | 1571 |
| (C) The hearing shall be adversarial in nature and shall | 1572 |
| be conducted pursuant to sections 2101.31 and 2721.10 of the | 1573 |
| Revised Code, except as otherwise provided in this chapter. | 1574 |
| Sec. 5817.09. (A) The testator or settlor has the burden | 1575 |
| of establishing prima facie proof of the execution of the will | 1576 |
| or trust, as applicable. A person who opposes the complaint has | 1577 |
| the burden of establishing one or more of the following: | 1578 |
| (1) The lack of testamentary intent or the intent to | 1579 |
| <pre>create a trust, as the case may be;</pre> | 1580 |
| (2) The lack of the testator's testamentary capacity, or | 1581 |
| the settlor's legal capacity to enter into and establish the | 1582 |
| trust; | 1583 |
| (3) Undue influence, restraint, or duress on the testator | 1584 |
| or settlor; | 1585 |
| (4) Fraud or mistake in the execution of the will or | 1586 |

| <u>trust;</u> | 1587 |
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| (5) Revocation of the will or trust. | 1588 |
| (B) A party to the proceeding has the ultimate burden of | 1589 |
| persuasion as to the matters for which the party has the initial | 1590 |
| <pre>burden of proof.</pre> | 1591 |
| Sec. 5817.10. (A) (1) The court shall declare the will | 1592 |
| valid if it finds all of the following: | 1593 |
| (a) The will was properly executed pursuant to section | 1594 |
| 2107.03 of the Revised Code or under any prior law of this state | 1595 |
| that was in effect at the time of execution. | 1596 |
| (b) The testator had the requisite testamentary capacity, | 1597 |
| was free from undue influence, and was not under restraint or | 1598 |
| duress. | 1599 |
| (c) The execution of the will was not the result of fraud | 1600 |
| or mistake. | 1601 |
| (2) After the testator's death, unless the will is | 1602 |
| <pre>modified or revoked after the court's declaration under division</pre> | 1603 |
| (A) (1) of this section, the will has full legal effect as the | 1604 |
| instrument of the disposition of the testator's estate and shall | 1605 |
| be admitted to probate upon request. | 1606 |
| (B)(1) The court shall declare the trust valid if it finds | 1607 |
| all of the following: | 1608 |
| (a) The trust meets the requirements of section 5804.02 of | 1609 |
| the Revised Code. | 1610 |
| (b) The settlor had the legal capacity to enter into and | 1611 |
| establish the trust, was free from undue influence, and was not | 1612 |
| under restraint or duress. | 1613 |

| (c) The execution of the trust was not the result of fraud | 1614 |
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| or mistake. | 1615 |
| (2) Unless the trust is modified or revoked after the | 1616 |
| court's declaration, the trust has full legal effect. | 1617 |
| (C) The court may, if it finds the will or trust to be | 1618 |
| valid, attach a copy of the valid document to the court's | 1619 |
| judgment entry, but failure to do so shall not affect the | 1620 |
| determination of validity of the will or trust. | 1621 |
| Sec. 5817.11. (A) Unless the will or trust is modified or | 1622 |
| revoked, and except as otherwise provided in this section, no | 1623 |
| person may contest the validity of a will or trust that is | 1624 |
| declared valid in a proceeding pursuant to this chapter. | 1625 |
| (B) The failure to name a necessary defendant under | 1626 |
| division (A) of section 5817.05 of the Revised Code is not | 1627 |
| jurisdictional. A declaration of a will's validity under this | 1628 |
| chapter shall be binding upon all defendants who were named or | 1629 |
| represented, and properly served pursuant to division (A) of | 1630 |
| section 5817.07 of the Revised Code, notwithstanding the failure | 1631 |
| to name a necessary defendant. However, if a person is one who | 1632 |
| should have been named a party defendant in the action in which | 1633 |
| the will was declared valid and if the person was not named a | 1634 |
| defendant and properly served in that action, that person, after | 1635 |
| the testator's death, may contest the validity of a will | 1636 |
| declared valid. | 1637 |
| (C) The failure to name a necessary defendant under | 1638 |
| division (A) of section 5817.06 of the Revised Code is not | 1639 |
| jurisdictional. A declaration of a trust's validity under this | 1640 |
| chapter shall be binding upon all defendants who were named or | 1641 |
| represented, and properly served pursuant to division (B) of | 1642 |

| section 5817.07 of the Revised Code, notwithstanding the failure | 1643 |
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| to name a necessary defendant. However, if a person is one who | 1644 |
| should have been named a party defendant in the action in which | 1645 |
| the trust was declared valid and if the person was not named a | 1646 |
| defendant and properly served in that action, that person may | 1647 |
| contest the validity of a trust declared valid. | 1648 |
| (D) In determining whether a person was a party defendant | 1649 |
| and properly served in an action to declare a will or trust | 1650 |
| valid under this chapter, the representation rules of Chapter | 1651 |
| 5803. of the Revised Code shall be applied, and a person | 1652 |
| represented in the action under those rules is bound by the | 1653 |
| declaration of validity even if, by the time of the testator's | 1654 |
| death, or the challenge to the trust, the representing person | 1655 |
| has died or would no longer be able to represent the person to | 1656 |
| be represented in the proceeding under this chapter. | 1657 |
| Sec. 5817.12. (A) After a declaration of a will's validity | 1658 |
| under division (A)(1) of section 5817.10 of the Revised Code, | 1659 |
| the will may be modified by a later will or codicil executed | 1660 |
| according to the laws of this state or another state, and the | 1661 |
| will may be revoked under section 2107.33 of the Revised Code or | 1662 |
| other applicable law. | 1663 |
| (B) The revocation by a later will, or other document | 1664 |
| under section 2107.33 of the Revised Code, of a will that has | 1665 |
| been declared valid under division (A)(1) of section 5817.10 of | 1666 |
| the Revised Code does not affect the will or the prior | 1667 |
| declaration of its validity if the later will or other document | 1668 |
| is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid due_ | 1669 |
| to the testator's lack of testamentary capacity, or undue | 1670 |
| influence, restraint, or duress on the testator, or otherwise. | 1671 |
| (C) The amendment by a later codicil of a will that has | 1672 |

| been declared valid under division (A)(1) of section 5817.10 of | 1673 |
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| the Revised Code does not affect the will or the prior | 1674 |
| declaration of its validity except as provided by the codicil. | 1675 |
| However, the codicil is not considered validated under this | 1676 |
| chapter unless its validity is also declared as provided in this | 1677 |
| <pre>chapter.</pre> | 1678 |
| Sec. 5817.13. (A) After a declaration of a trust's | 1679 |
| validity under division (B)(1) of section 5817.10 of the Revised | 1680 |
| Code, the trust may be modified, terminated, revoked, or | 1681 |
| reformed under sections 5804.10 to 5804.16 of the Revised Code, | 1682 |
| or other applicable law. | 1683 |
| (B) The modification, termination, revocation, or | 1684 |
| reformation by a new trust or other document of a trust that has | 1685 |
| been declared valid under division (B)(1) of section 5817.10 of | 1686 |
| the Revised Code does not affect the trust or the prior | 1687 |
| declaration of its validity if the later trust or other document | 1688 |
| is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid due | 1689 |
| to the settlor's lack of capacity, or undue influence, | 1690 |
| restraint, or duress on the settlor, or otherwise. | 1691 |
| (C) An amendment of a trust that has been declared valid | 1692 |
| under division (B)(1) of section 5817.10 of the Revised Code | 1693 |
| does not affect the trust or the prior declaration of its | 1694 |
| validity except as provided by the amendment. However, the | 1695 |
| amendment is not considered validated under this chapter unless | 1696 |
| its validity is also declared as provided in this chapter. | 1697 |
| Sec. 5817.14. (A) The finding of facts by a court in a | 1698 |
| proceeding brought under this chapter is not admissible as | 1699 |
| evidence in any proceeding other than a proceeding brought to | 1700 |
| determine the validity of a will or trust. | 1701 |

| (B) The determination or judgment rendered in a proceeding | 1702 |
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| under this chapter is not binding upon the parties to that | 1703 |
| proceeding in any action that is not brought to determine the | 1704 |
| validity of a will or trust. | 1705 |
| (C) The failure of a testator to file a complaint for a | 1706 |
| judgment declaring the validity of a will that the testator has | 1707 |
| executed is not admissible as evidence in any proceeding to | 1708 |
| determine the validity of that will or any other will executed | 1709 |
| by the testator. | 1710 |
| (D) The failure of a settlor to file a complaint for a | 1711 |
| judgment declaring the validity of a trust that the settlor has | 1712 |
| executed is not admissible as evidence in any proceeding to | 1713 |
| determine the validity of that trust or any other trust executed | 1714 |
| by the settlor. | 1715 |
| Section 2. That existing sections 313.14, 2101.24, | 1716 |
| 2105.19, 2107.01, 2107.05, 2107.07, 2107.08, 2107.09, 2107.10, | 1717 |
| 2107.11, 2107.12, 2107.16, 2107.18, 2107.20, 2107.22, 2107.33, | 1718 |
| 2107.52, 2107.71, 2137.01, 2721.03, 5802.03, 5806.04, and | 1719 |
| 5808.19 and sections 2107.081, 2107.082, 2107.083, 2107.084, and | 1720 |
| 2107.085 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. | 1721 |
| Section 3. This act's amendment of section 2107.05 of the | 1722 |
| Revised Code is intended to abrogate the holdings of the Ohio | 1723 |
| Supreme Court in Hageman v. Cleveland Trust Company, 45 Ohio | 1724 |
| St.2d 178 (1976) and the Ohio Second District Court of Appeals | 1725 |
| in <i>Gehrke v. Senkiw</i> , 2016 Ohio 2657 (2016). | 1726 |
| Section 4. Section 2101.24 of the Revised Code is | 1727 |
| presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended | 1728 |
| by both Sub. S.B. 23 of the 130th General Assembly and Sub. H.B. | 1729 |
| 158 of the 131st General Assembly. The General Assembly, | 1730 |

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| applying the principle stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of | 1731 |
| the Revised Code that amendments are to be harmonized if | 1732 |
| reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds that the | 1733 |
| composite is the resulting version of the section in effect | 1734 |
| prior to the effective date of the section as presented in this | 1735 |
| act. | 1736 |